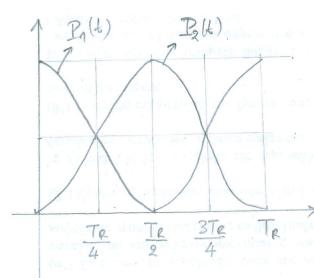
$$\Delta \Sigma \Delta = 0$$
 dexines our finer $G_1(\phi) = 1$, $G_2(\phi) = 0$ sy =

$$P_1(t) = |C_1(t)|^2 = \cos^2(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\cos(\Omega e t)$$

$$P_{2}(t) = |G_{2}(t)|^{2} = \sin^{2}(\frac{\Omega_{e}t}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\cos(\Omega_{e}t)$$



$$T_R = \frac{2\Pi}{\Omega_0}$$

συχνότητα Pabi δρίβεται θετική

$$\langle P_{\alpha}(t) \rangle = \langle |C_{\alpha}(t)|^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2}$$

 $\langle P_{\alpha}(t) \rangle = \langle |C_{\alpha}(t)|^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2}$

μεση πιθανότητα παρουσίαι στη στάθμη 2

maximum transfer rate)

tempari= 8 xporor, o snotor anantinar wert in Pe(t) va niet in apope

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\Omega_{R} t_{2mean}) = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos(\Omega_{R} t_{2mean}) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Omega_{R} t_{2mean} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow t_{2mean} = \frac{1}{2\Omega_{R}}$$

mean transfer rate)

$$k:=\frac{\left\langle |C_{R}(t)|^{2}\right\rangle -\frac{1}{2}}{t_{2}mean} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Omega_{R}}{\Pi} \Rightarrow k=2\frac{A_{R}}{T_{R}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} G_{\Lambda}(t) \\ G_{2}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{1} & \frac{\Omega_{2}t}{2} + \frac{\sigma_{2}}{2} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\Omega_{2}t}{2}} \\ \frac{\sigma_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\Omega_{2}t}{2}} - \frac{\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\Omega_{2}t}{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$C_{1}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\theta} \times C_{2}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\phi} = 0$$

$$|C_{1}(\phi)|^{2} = \frac{1}{2} = |C_{2}(\phi)|^{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\theta} = \frac{\sigma_1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sigma_2}{\sqrt{2}} \implies \sigma_1 + \sigma_2 = e^{i\theta}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{i\theta}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\varphi} = \frac{\sigma_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_{1} - \sigma_{2} = e^{i\varphi}}{(2\sigma_{1} - e^{i\varphi} + e^{i\varphi})}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\varphi} = \frac{\sigma_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_{1} - \sigma_{2} = e^{i\varphi}}{(2\sigma_{1} - e^{i\varphi} + e^{i\varphi})}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\varphi} = \frac{\sigma_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_{1} - \sigma_{2} = e^{i\varphi}}{(2\sigma_{1} - e^{i\varphi} + e^{i\varphi})}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\varphi} = \frac{\sigma_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_{1} - \sigma_{2} = e^{i\varphi}}{(2\sigma_{1} - e^{i\varphi} + e^{i\varphi})}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{e^{i\sigma} - e^{i\varphi}}{2}$$

$$O(C_2(t)) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{i\varphi}}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

•
$$C_{1}(t) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{i\varphi}}{2\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega e^{t}}{2}} + \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{i\varphi}}{2\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega e^{t}}{2}} = 0$$
• $C_{2}(t) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{i\varphi}}{2\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega e^{t}}{2}} + \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{i\varphi}}{2\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega e^{t}}{2}} = 0$

•
$$2\sqrt{2}C_{2}(t) = e^{i\frac{\Omega t}{2}} + e^{i\varphi}e^{i\frac{\Omega t}{2}} + e^{i\varphi}e^{-i\frac{\Omega t}{$$

$$2\sqrt{2}C_{2}(t) = e^{i\theta}2i\sin\left(\frac{\Omega et}{2}\right) + e^{i\phi}2\cos\left(\frac{\Omega et}{2}\right)$$

• 8
$$|C_1(t)|^2 = 4\cos^2(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}) + 4\sin^2(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}) + e^{i\theta} 2\cos(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}) = 2(-i)\sin(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2})$$

 $e^{i\theta} 2i\sin(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}) = 2e^{-i\theta}\cos(\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}) \Rightarrow$

$$2|C_1(t)|^2 = \cos^2\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) - ie^{i\theta}e^{-i\theta}\cos\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right)$$

$$+ie^{i\theta}e^{-i\theta}\cos\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right)$$

$$e^2 = \frac{i}{2} \sin(\Omega Rt) 2i$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\sin(\Omega_R t)i\left\{\begin{array}{cc}i(\phi-\theta)&-i(\phi-\theta)\\ &=& i\sin(\Omega_R t)\,\text{ & sin}(\Omega_R t)\,\text{$$

revikus, 3 rajdriwou

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial \mu v_s} \theta = \varphi \implies \left| C_1(t) \right|^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$
 5 \nexists Tajo'rimon

 $2 \sin A \sin B = \cos (A - B) - \cos (A + B)$

Ar
$$\theta \in \mathbb{N}$$
 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(\Omega \cdot e^{\pm}) \sin(\theta - \phi) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\Omega \cdot e^{\pm} + \frac{\Gamma}{2}) \Rightarrow$

$$\sin(\Omega \cdot e^{\pm}) \sin(\theta - \phi) = -\sin(\Omega \cdot e^{\pm}) \Rightarrow$$

$$\sin(\theta - \phi) = -1 \Rightarrow \theta - \phi = -\frac{\Gamma}{2} \Rightarrow \theta - \phi - \frac{\Gamma}{2}$$

$$8 |C_{2}(t)|^{2} = 4 \sin^{2}\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) + 4 \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) + e^{i\theta} 2i \sin\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) \cdot e^{i\theta} 2\cos\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right)$$

$$e^{i\theta} 2\cos\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) \cdot e^{i\theta} 2(-i) \sin\left(\frac{\Omega e t}{2}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$2 |C_{2}(t)|^{2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\Omega e t\right) i \left\{e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} - e^{i\phi} e^{-i\theta}\right\}$$

$$e^{i(\theta-\phi)} - e^{i(\theta-\phi)}$$

JEVIKWI, Fralarzwon

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y_{\text{twi}}} \theta = \varphi \Rightarrow \left| C_{2}(t) \right|^{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 5 # rajdyrwon

$$SIN(\theta-\varphi) = -1 \Rightarrow \theta-\varphi = -\frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \theta = \varphi - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Na Judis to Applying 1=0 ut dextun ovrdum Ga (0)=0, Ge (0)=1

Snj. 20 njekrpovio Beloutian Apxillie

om AND ITGOMA

Eixame ppri $G_1(t) = G_1 e + G_2 e$ $G_2(t) = G_1 e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} - i\frac{2\pi}{2}t$ $G_2(t) = G_1 e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} - G_2 e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t}$

ut apxing ovolum $C_1(0)=0$, $C_2(0)=1=$

 $0 = \frac{c_1 + c_2}{\sqrt{2}} \implies c_2 = -c_1 := -c$ $1 = \frac{c_1 - c_2}{\sqrt{2}} \implies \sqrt{2} = c + c \implies 2c - \sqrt{2} \implies c = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

 $G_{2}(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} - \frac{1}{2}e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} = i\sin(\frac{2\pi}{2}t)$ $G_{2}(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}t} = \frac{1}{2}\cos(\frac{2\pi}{2}t) = \cos(\frac{2\pi}{2}t)$

Na 2006 70 np3plnya $\Delta=0$ kar apxilly ovolvien

$$C_{1}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = C_{2}(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow |C_{1}(0)|^{2} = \frac{1}{2} = |C_{2}(0)|^{2}$$

Sul. To is feropsivio Reicutian is i'cou
(TIS SUS GIE'S YER TO XPOVIUS OTIZING O

Elixage Bpri
$$C_1(t)$$
 = $\begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^{i\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}} + \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}} \\ \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}} - \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{2}}e^{i\frac{\Omega_R t}{2}} \end{bmatrix}$

$$u \in ap \times luin \quad condition \quad C_{1}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = C_{2}(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{C_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{C_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 0 \quad 1 = C_{1} + C_{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{C_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{C_{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 0 \quad 1 = C_{1} - C_{2}$$

$$2 = 2C_{1} = 0 \quad C_{2} = 0$$

$$C_1(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega_0}{2}t}$$
 $\Rightarrow |C_1(t)|^2 = \frac{1}{2} = 67a \theta \epsilon p \delta$
 $C_2(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\frac{\Omega_0}{2}t}$ $\Rightarrow |C_2(t)|^2 = \frac{1}{2} = 67a \theta \epsilon p \delta$

Aylasy ser snapxer rajarrimen doprion..

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
\frac{\Delta}{2} & +\frac{\Omega e}{2} \\
+\frac{\Omega e}{2} & -\frac{\Delta}{2}
\end{array}
\begin{bmatrix}
\upsilon_1 \\
\upsilon_2
\end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix}
\upsilon_1 \\
\upsilon_2
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_{21} = \pm \sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2} = \pm \lambda$$

$$\overrightarrow{V}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{1 + \alpha^{2}} \\ \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1 + \alpha^{2}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{U}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^{2}}} \\ \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^{2}}} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \alpha = \frac{\frac{\Delta}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\Omega^{2}_{0} + \Delta^{2}}}{2}}{\frac{\Omega^{2}_{0}}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^{2}}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{V_2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha'^2}} \\ \frac{\alpha'}{\sqrt{1+\alpha'^2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{V_2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha'^2}} \\ \frac{\alpha'}{\sqrt{1+\alpha'^2}} \end{bmatrix} \quad \alpha' = \frac{\Delta}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\Omega_e^2 + \lambda^2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\alpha'}{\sqrt{1+\alpha'^2}} \quad \alpha' = \frac{\Omega_e}{2}$$

of npager unapxour GTO BIBLIO

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{$$

$$= c_1 \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} - i\lambda_1 t - i\lambda_2 t - i\lambda_2 t \right]$$

$$= c_1 \left[\frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} - i\lambda_2 t - i\lambda_2 t - i\lambda_2 t - i\lambda_2 t \right]$$

$$= c_1 \left[\frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} - i\lambda_2 t - i\lambda_2$$

"Ectway

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 \\
0
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
\frac{c_1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} + \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} \\
\frac{c_1\alpha}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} + \frac{c_2\alpha'}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}}
\end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \dots \qquad c_2 = \frac{\alpha'\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}}{\alpha'-\alpha}$$

$$c_2 = \frac{\alpha'\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}}{\alpha'-\alpha}$$

$$c_2 = \frac{\alpha'\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}}{\alpha'-\alpha}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\alpha' \sqrt{1 + \alpha'^2}}{\alpha' - \alpha}$$
; Apa...
 $C_2 = -\frac{\alpha \sqrt{1 + \alpha'^2}}{\alpha' - \alpha}$

$$C_{q(t)}e = \frac{a'\sqrt{1+a^2}}{\alpha'-\alpha} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+a^2}} - i\lambda_1 t - a\sqrt{1+a'^2} \right] = \frac{a'\sqrt{1+a'^2}}{\alpha'-\alpha} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+a'^2}} - i\lambda_2 t - a\sqrt{1+a'^2} \right] = \frac{a'\sqrt{1+a'^2}}{\sqrt{1+a'^2}}$$

$$C_{1}(t)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} = \frac{\alpha'}{\alpha'-\alpha}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} - \frac{\alpha}{\alpha'-\alpha}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$C_{2}(t)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} = \frac{\alpha'}{\alpha'-\alpha}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} - \frac{\alpha}{\alpha'-\alpha}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$\frac{\alpha'}{\alpha'-\alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Lambda^{2}} - \Lambda}{2\sqrt{\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Lambda^{2}}} = \delta_{1} \quad \frac{\alpha\alpha'}{\alpha'-\alpha} = \frac{\Omega_{e}}{2\sqrt{\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Lambda^{2}}} = \delta_{2}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha'-\alpha} = -\frac{\sqrt{\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Lambda^{2}} + \Lambda^{2}}{2\sqrt{\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Lambda^{2}}} = \delta_{2}$$

$$C_{1}(t)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} = \delta_{1}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} = C_{1}(t) = \left(\delta_{1} + \delta_{2} + \delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$C_{2}(t)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} = \delta_{2}\left(e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right) = C_{2}(t) = \delta_{2}\left(e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right)e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{1}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{1}^{2} + \delta_{2}^{2} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{1}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{2}^{2}\left[1 + 1 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{1}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{1}^{2}\left[2 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{2}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{2}^{2}\left[2 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{2}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{2}^{2}\left[2 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{2}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{2}^{2}\left[2 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t} + \delta_{1}\delta_{2}e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{2}(t)|^{2} = \delta_{2}^{2}\left[2 - e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}\right]e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}t}$$

$$|C_{2}$$

 $|C_1(t)| = 1 - 20182 + 28182 \cos(21t) = 1 + 28182 \cos(21t) - 1$

$$|(1|t)|^{2} = 1 + \frac{\Omega R^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})}$$
 $(-2) \sin^{2}(\lambda t)$
 $|(1|t)|^{2} = 1 - \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2}}$ $\sin^{2}(\lambda t)$ $\sin^{2}(\lambda t)$ $\sin^{2}(\lambda t)$ $\sin^{2}(\lambda t)$
Siou $|(1|t)|^{2} + |(2|t)|^{2} = 1$

ZUMONTIKUS:

$$\left|C_{n}(t)\right|^{2} = 1 - \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2}} \cdot \sin^{2}(\lambda t)$$

$$\left|C_{n}(t)\right|^{2} = \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2}} \cdot \sin^{2}(\lambda t)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left| C_{1}(t) \right|^{2} &= 1 - \frac{\Omega R^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} + \frac{\Omega R^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} \cdot \cos(2\lambda t) \\ \left| C_{1}(t) \right|^{2} &= \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2} + 2\Delta^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} + \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} \cdot \cos(2\lambda t) = P_{1}(t) \\ \left| C_{2}(t) \right|^{2} &= \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} - \frac{\Omega_{R}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{R}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} \cdot \cos(2\lambda t) = P_{2}(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{R} = \frac{2\Pi}{2\lambda} = \frac{2\Pi}{\sqrt{2R^{2} + \Delta^{2}}} = \frac{1}{V_{R}}$$

$$\Delta 1 \Rightarrow cd_R \vee kou \vee_R \wedge (T_R \vee)$$

$$\Delta = 0 \Rightarrow cd_R = 1 \quad kou \quad T_R = \frac{R\Pi}{RR}$$

$$\langle P_1(t) \rangle = \langle |C_1(t)|^2 \rangle = \frac{\Omega_R^2 + 2\Delta^2}{2(\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2)}$$

$$\langle P_2(t) \rangle = \langle |G_2(t)|^2 \rangle = \frac{\Omega_R^2}{2(\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2)}$$
 Mééh Mééh Megarina naprobial au arélyn 2

μέση πιθανότησε παρουσίαι στη στοθμη 1

μεχισιοι ρυθμόν μεταβιβοίστων
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\Omega_R^2 \sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}}{\sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}} = \frac{\Omega_R^2}{\sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}}$$
(maximum transfer rate) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\Omega_R^2 \sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}}{\sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}} = \frac{\Omega_R^2}{\sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}}$

tempani = 8 xporos, & Snoros anountinau wort in P, (t) va nieste In Gope

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Omega_{e}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} = \frac{\Omega_{e}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Delta^{2})} \cdot \cos(2\lambda t_{2mean}) = \frac{\Omega_{e}^{2}}{2(\Omega_{e}^{2} + \Delta^{2})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos(2\lambda t_{2mean}) = 0 \Rightarrow 2\lambda t_{2mean} = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow t_{2mean} = \frac{\pi}{4\lambda}$$

(mean transfer rate)

k:=
$$\frac{\langle |C_2(t)|^2 \rangle}{\langle |C_2(t)|^2 \rangle} = \frac{\Omega_R^2 + \Lambda^2}{2(\Omega_R^2 + \Lambda^2) \Pi 2} = \frac{\Omega_R^2}{\Pi \sqrt{\Omega_R^2 + \Lambda^2}}$$

* Grav 1017 (Sul Enoyaupuroyaste and to surrovieys) = Ae

En) to pairoyers giveral no pirps kai no prisopo

* Orav Speck Al (HIMPIN Starapaxis of oxton HEZIN and LUTH TIGHT TON

$$P_{2}(t) = |C_{2}(t)|^{2} = \frac{\Omega \rho^{2}}{\Omega \rho^{2} + \Delta^{2}} sin^{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\Omega \rho^{2} + \Delta^{2}}}{2} t \right)$$

$$\approx \frac{\Omega \rho^{2}}{\Lambda^{2}} sin^{2} \left(\frac{|\Delta|}{2} t \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left| \frac{1}{2}(t) - \left| \left(\frac{1}{2}(t) \right|^2 - \frac{\Omega_R^2}{2(\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2)} - \frac{\Omega_R^2}{2(\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2)} \cdot \omega_r \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Omega_R^2 + \Delta^2}{2} \right) \right|$$

$$\approx \frac{\Omega_e^2}{2\Delta^2} - \frac{\Omega_R^2}{2\Delta^2} cor(|\Delta| \cdot t)$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{R} \approx \frac{2\Pi}{|\Delta|} \qquad \mathcal{A}_{R} \approx \frac{\Omega_{e}^{2}}{\Delta^{2}}$$

