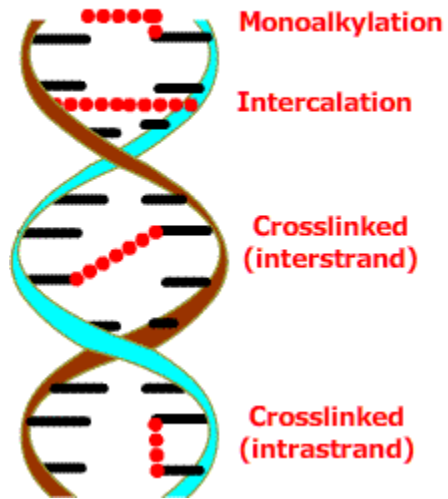
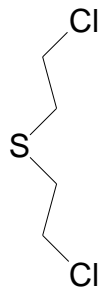


Αλκυλιωτικοί παράγοντες

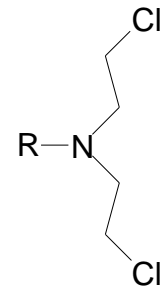
Alkylated DNA

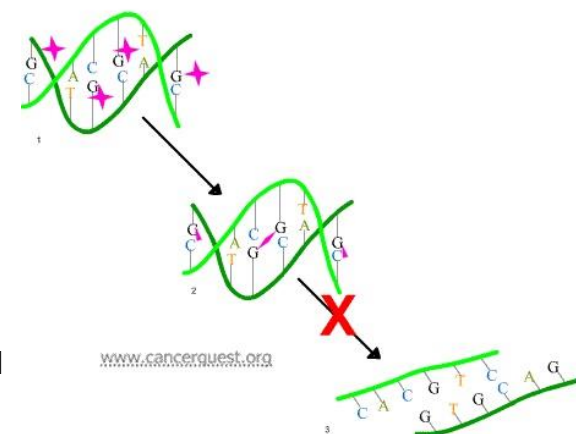
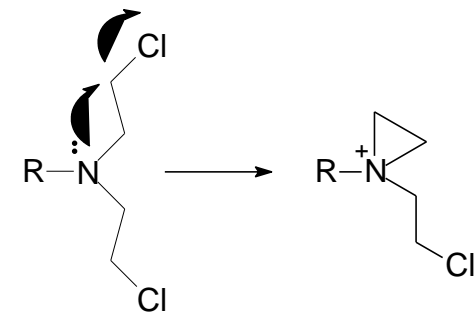
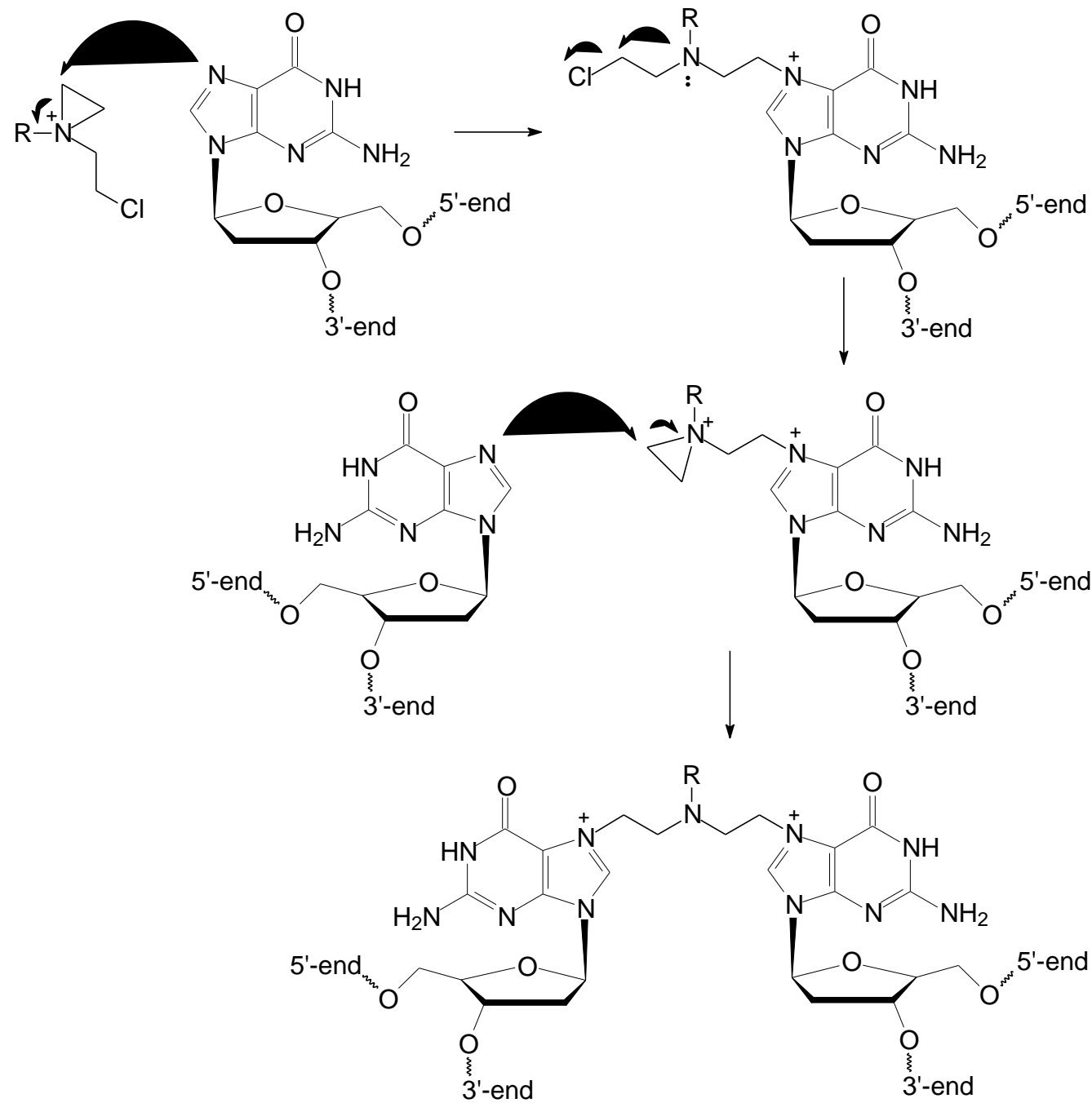


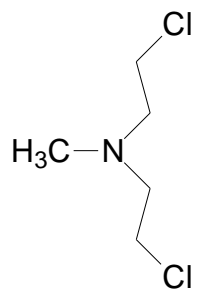
Sulfur mustards



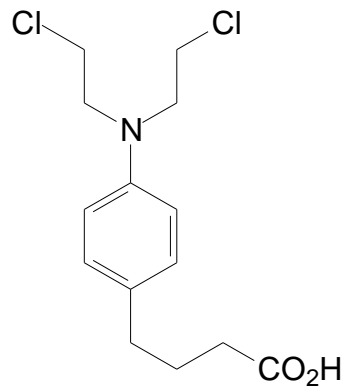
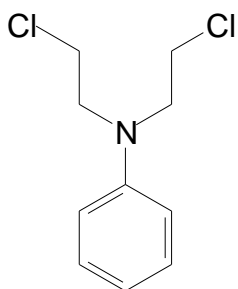
Nitrogen mustards



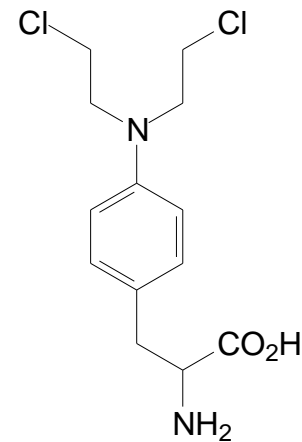
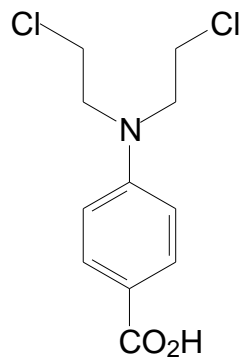




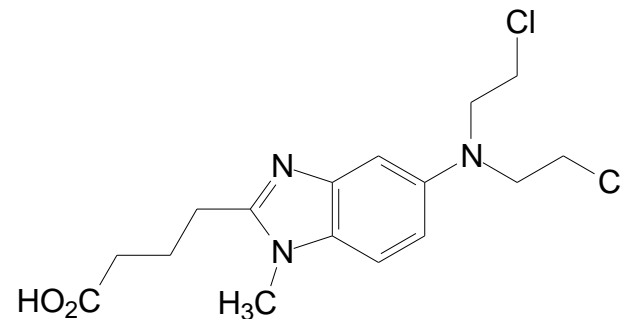
mechlorethamine



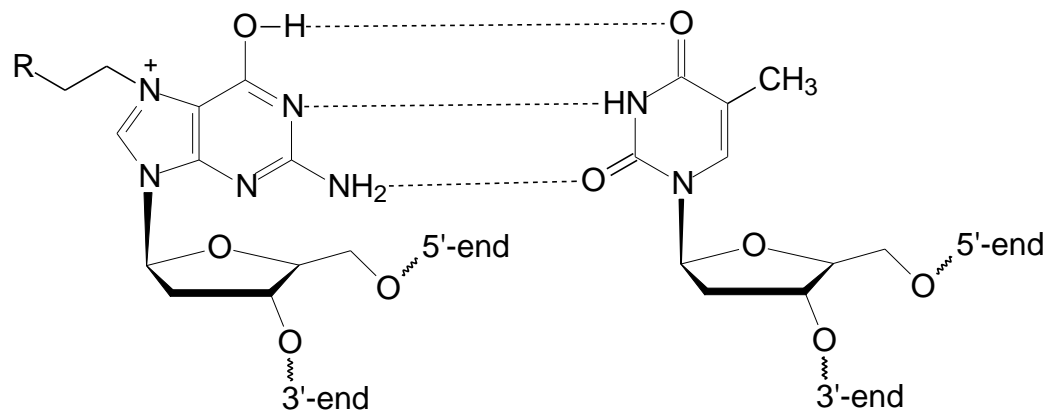
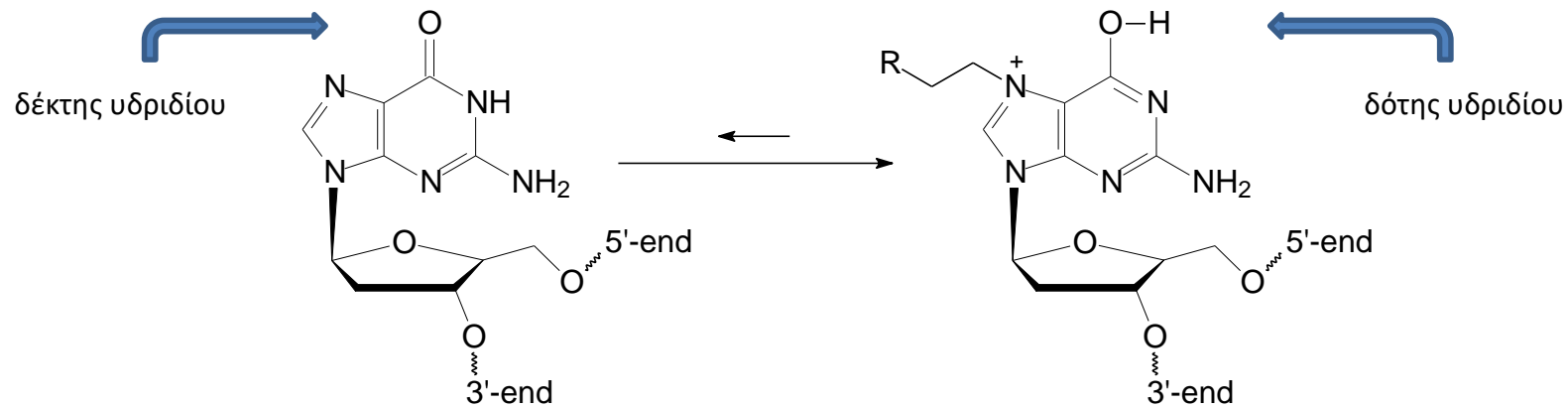
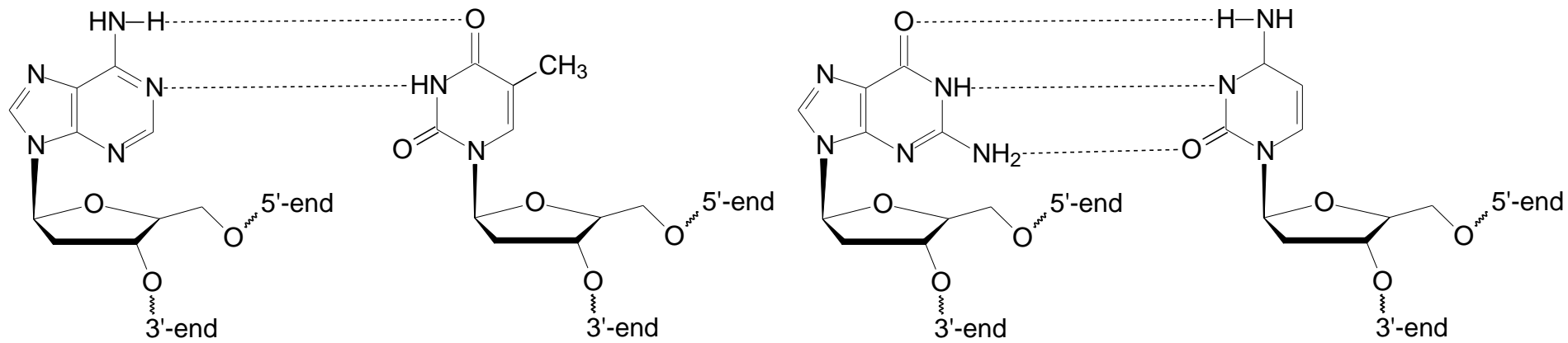
chlorambucil

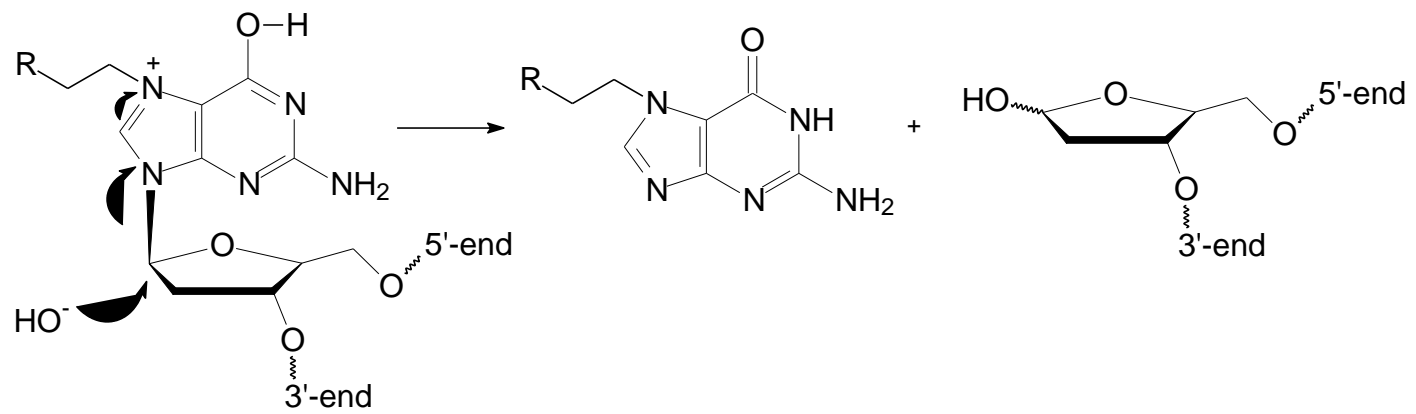


melphalan

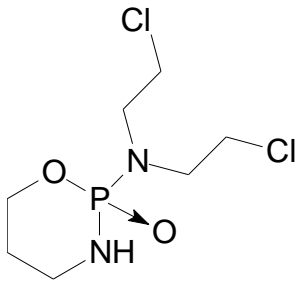


bendamustine

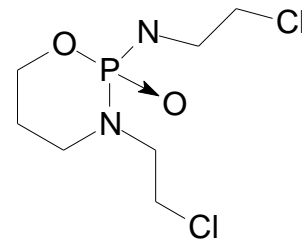




Oxazaphosphorines

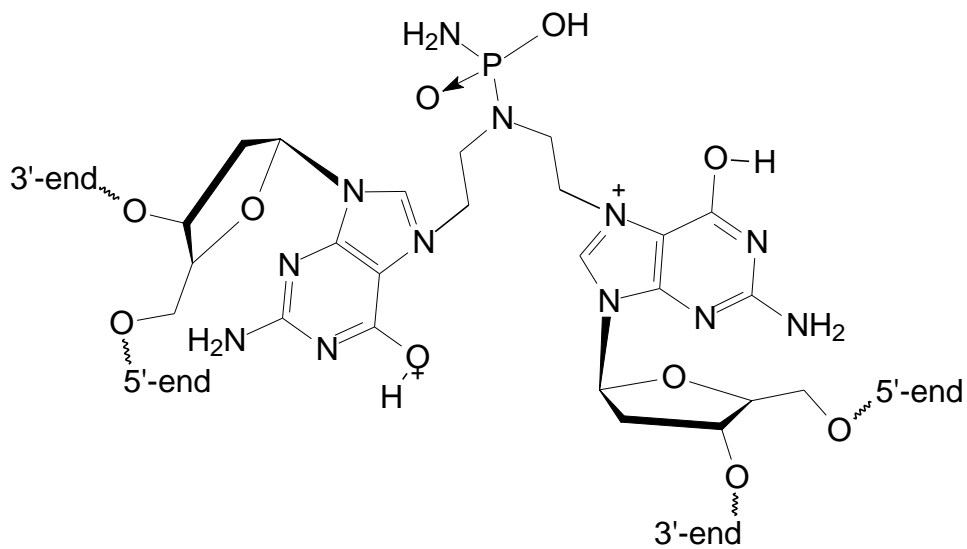
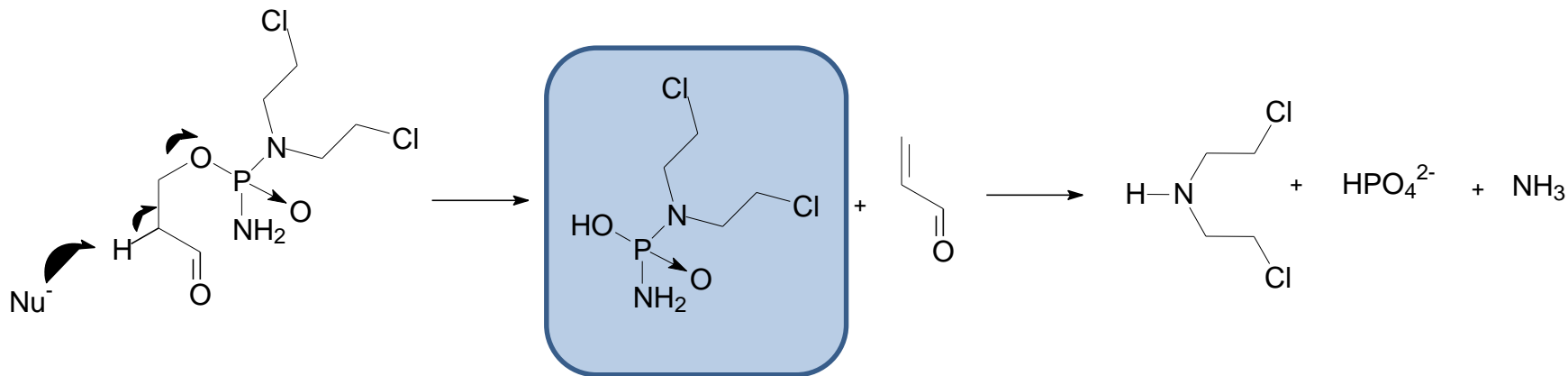
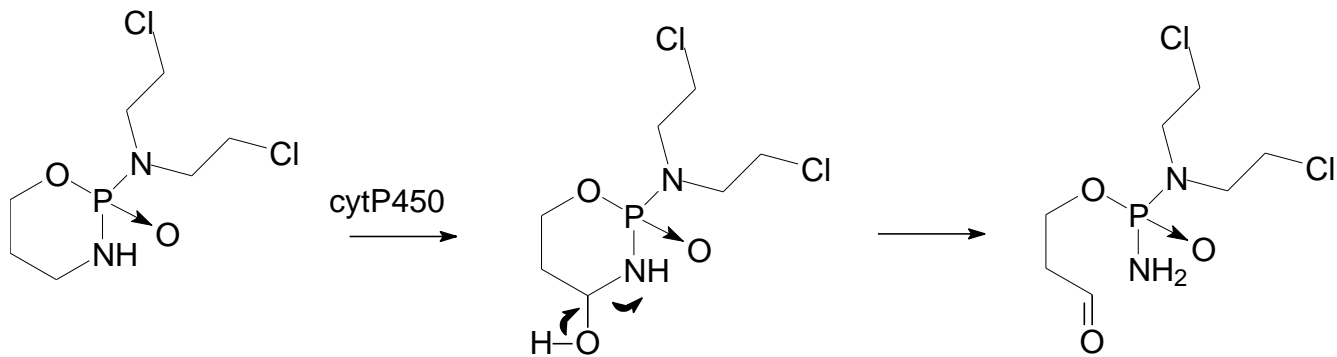


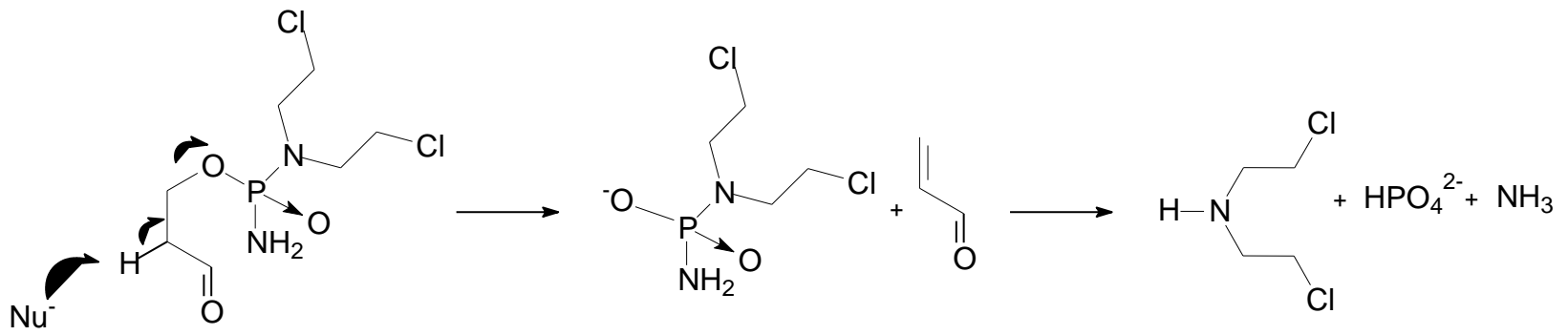
cyclophosphamide



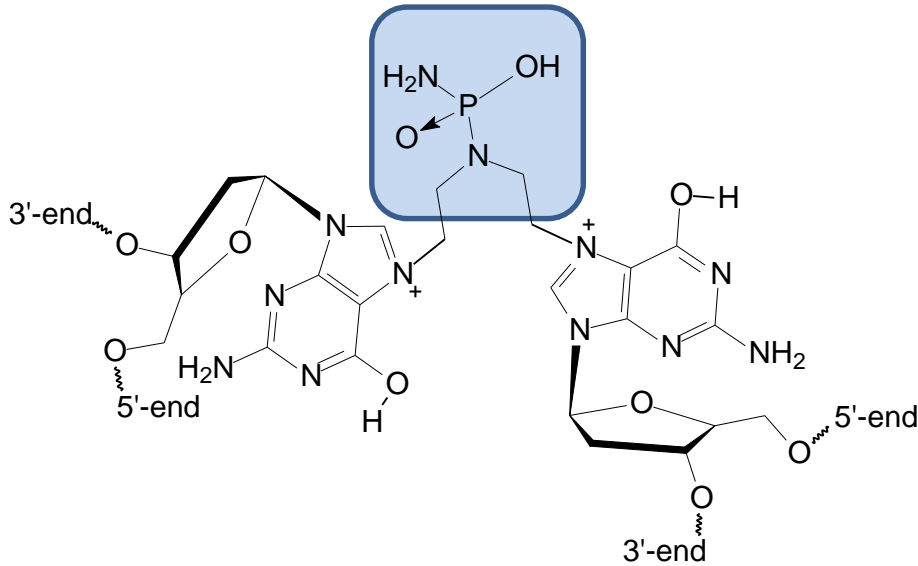
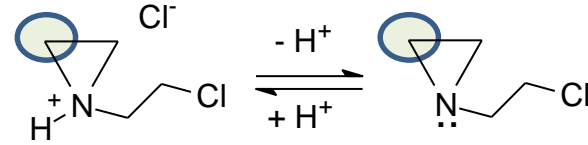
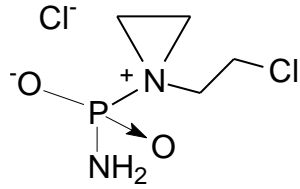
ifosfamide

Στα καρκινικά κύτταρα, σε αντίθεση με τα φυσιολογικά, υπερεκφράζονται οι φωσφοραμιδάσες.

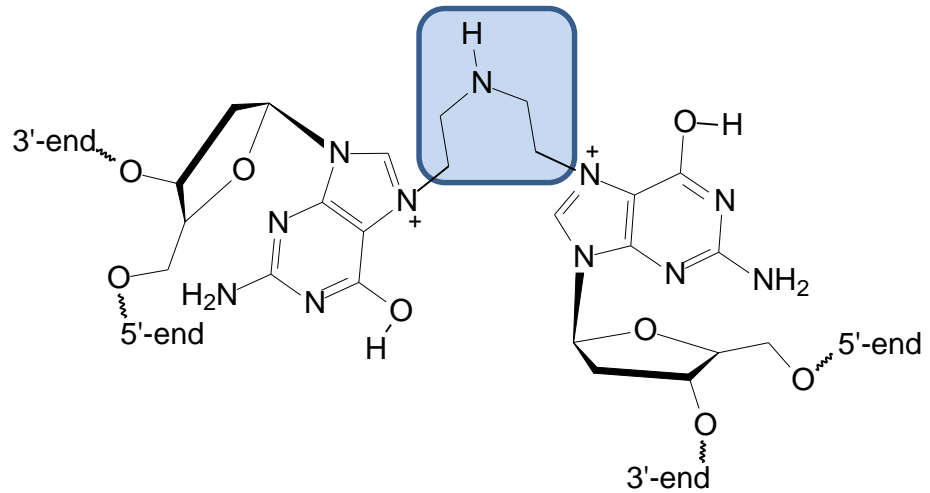




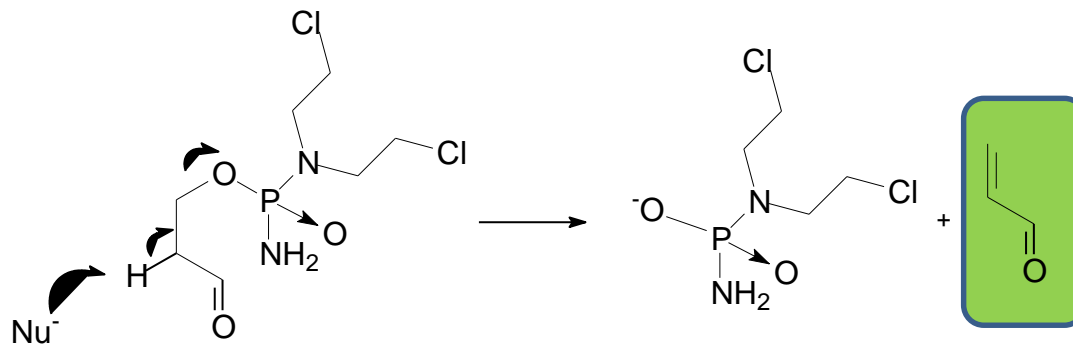
Φωσφοραμιδο-μουστάρδα
 $\text{pK}_a = 4.75$, συσσώρευση εντός κυττάρων



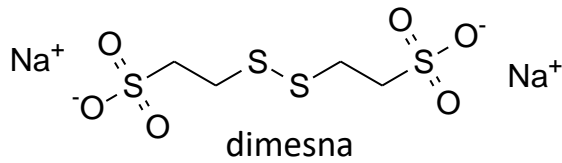
Πρωτεύων μηχανισμός (λόγω
 αζιριδινικού κατιόντος)



Δευτερεύων μηχανισμός, λόγω μειωμένου
 ηλεκτρονιόφιλου χαρακτήρα του αζιριδινικού C

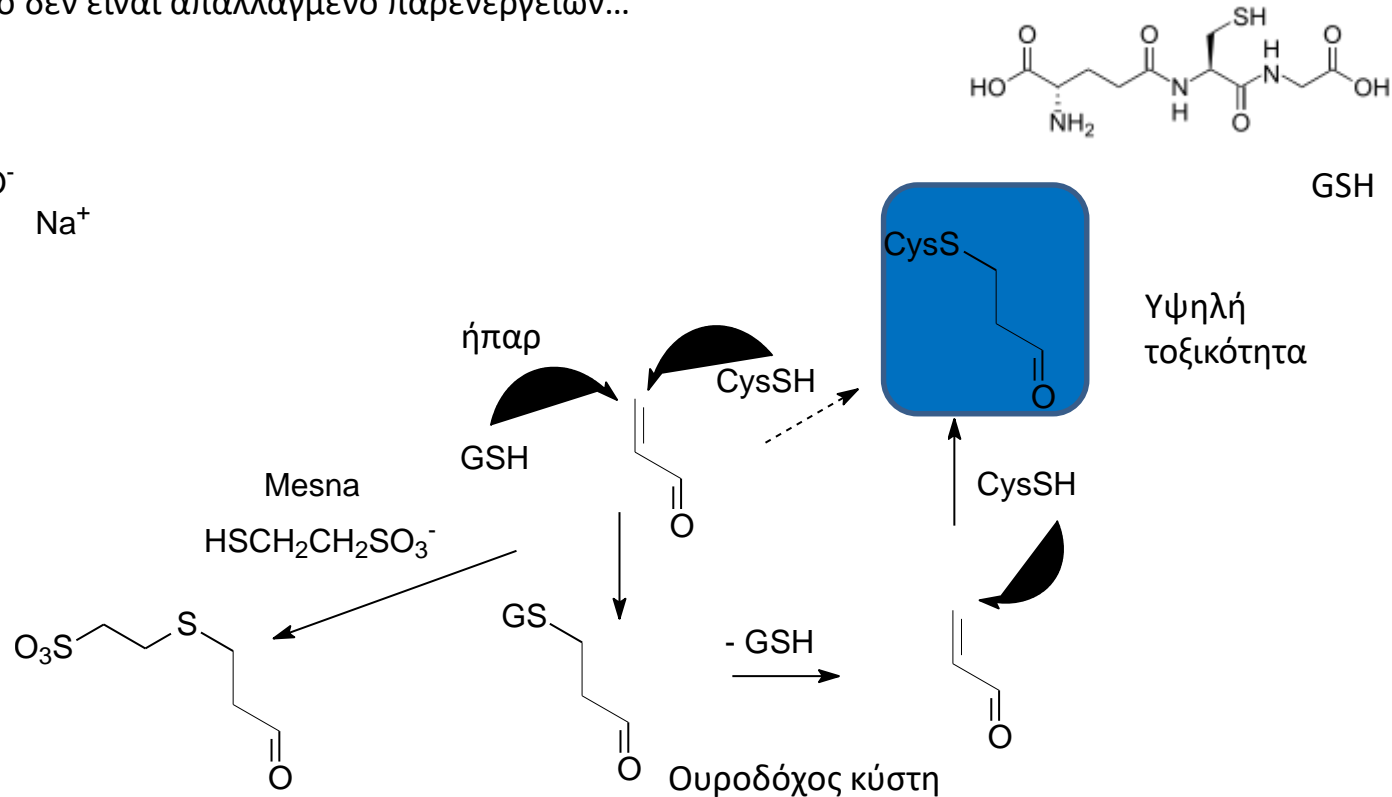
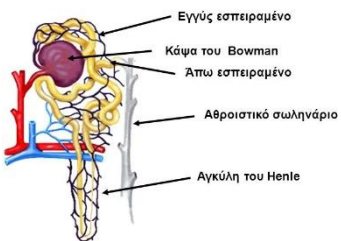


Η ηπατική μεταβολική ενεργοποίηση, συνεπάγεται χαμηλότερη τοξικότητα στο γαστρεντερικό και σχετικά πιο εκλεκτική κυτταροτοξικότητα.
 Παρόλα αυτά το φάρμακο δεν είναι απαλλαγμένο παρενεργειών...

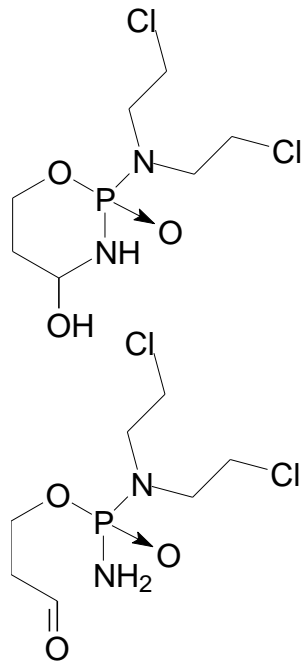


Εκλεκτική αναγωγή στα εγγύς σωληνάρια

ΝΕΦΡΙΚΑ ΣΩΛΗΝΑΡΙΑ



Οι σημαντικότερες συγκεντρώσεις mesna είναι στην ουροδόχο κύστη



alcohol dehydrogenase

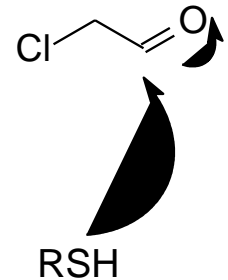
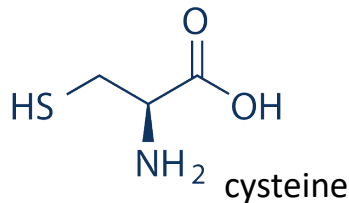
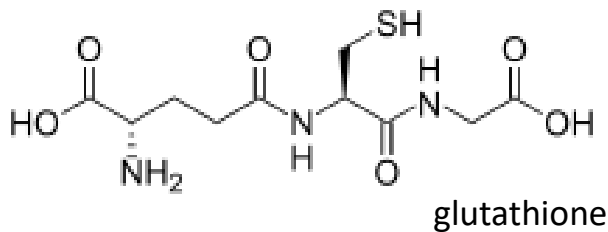
aldehyde dehydrogenase

Αδρανή

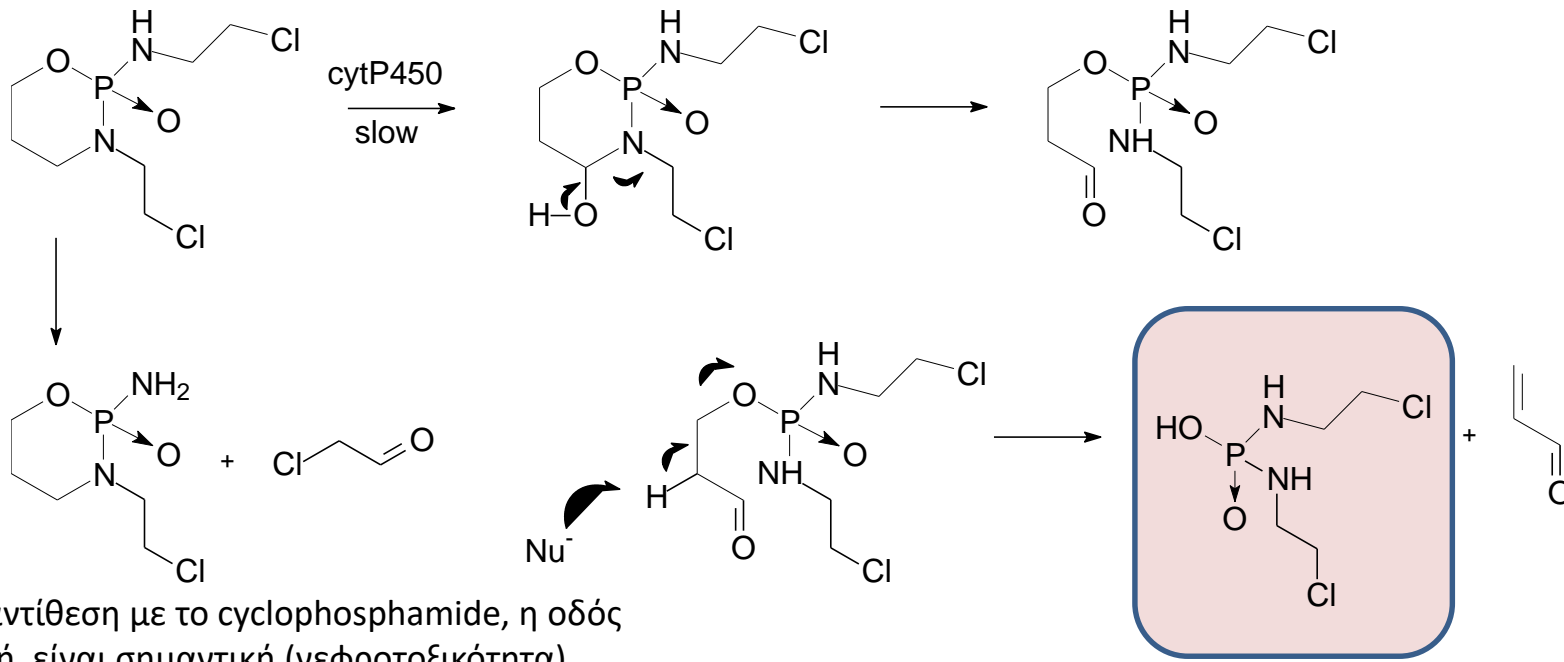
Αδρανή

cytP450

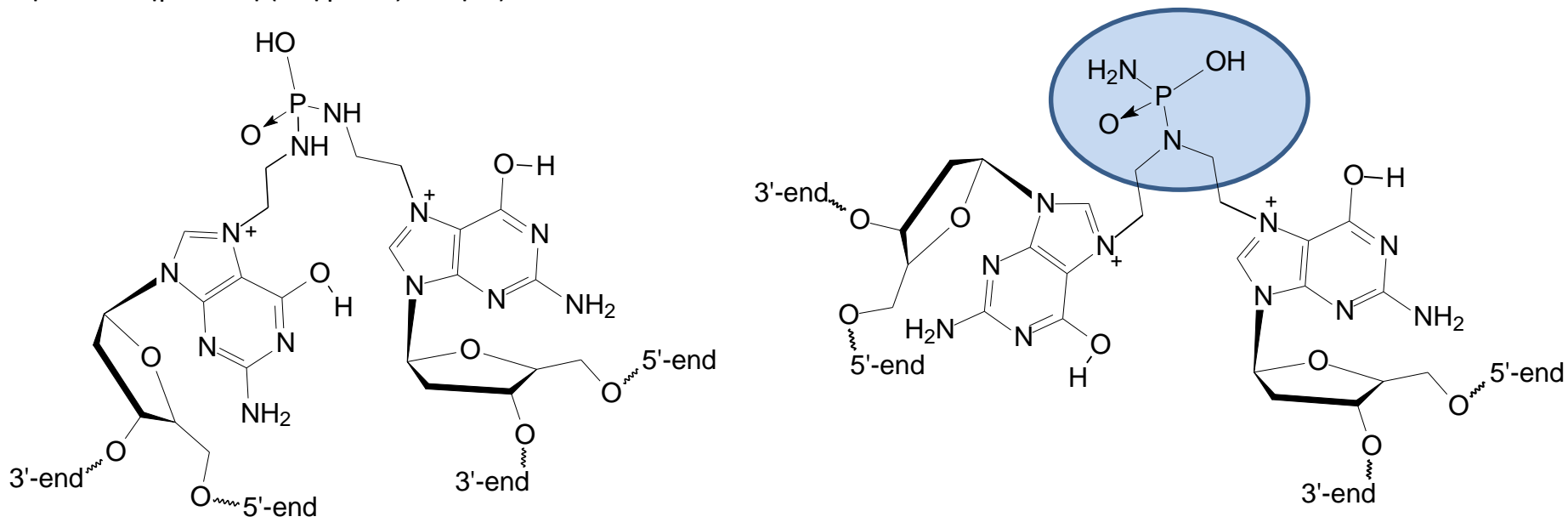
10% του συνολικού
μεταβολισμού του
cyclophosphamide



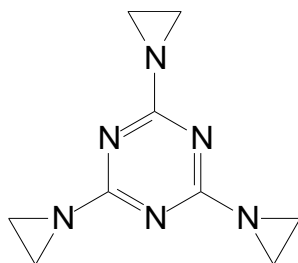
Νεφροτοξικότητα και νευροτοξικότητα,
το mesna δεν είναι αποτελεσματικό



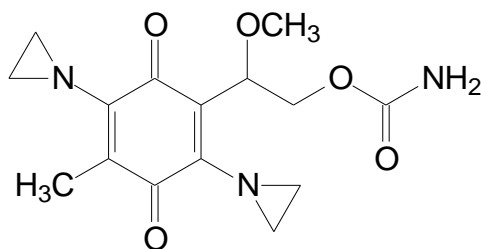
Σε αντίθεση με το cyclophosphamide, η οδός αυτή είναι σημαντική (νεφροτοξικότητα)



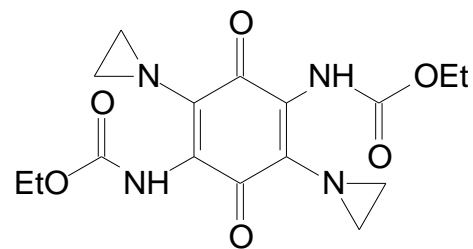
ethylenimines



triethylenemelamine

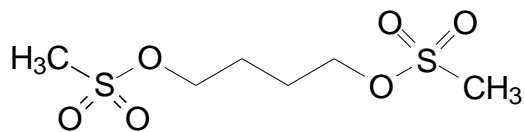


carboquone

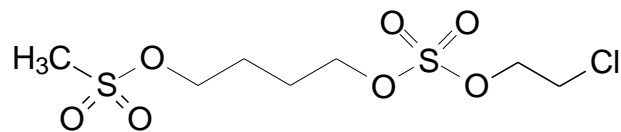


diazoquone

methanesulfonates



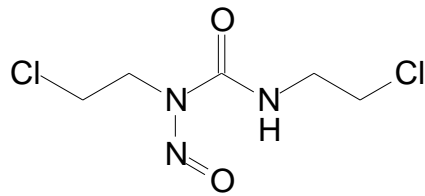
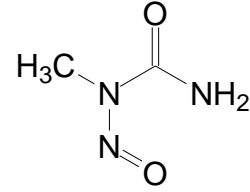
busulfan



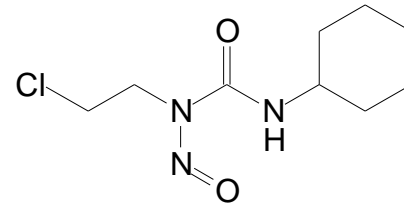
clomesone

nitrosoureas

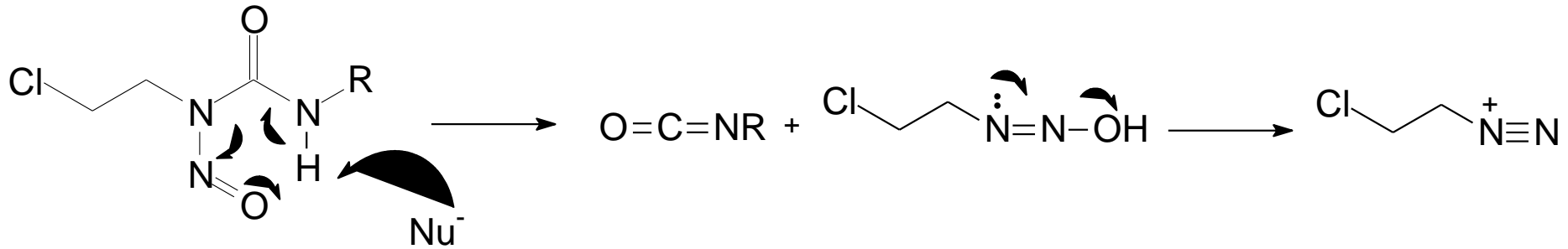
Ένωση-οδηγός,
Χαμηλής δραστηκότητας

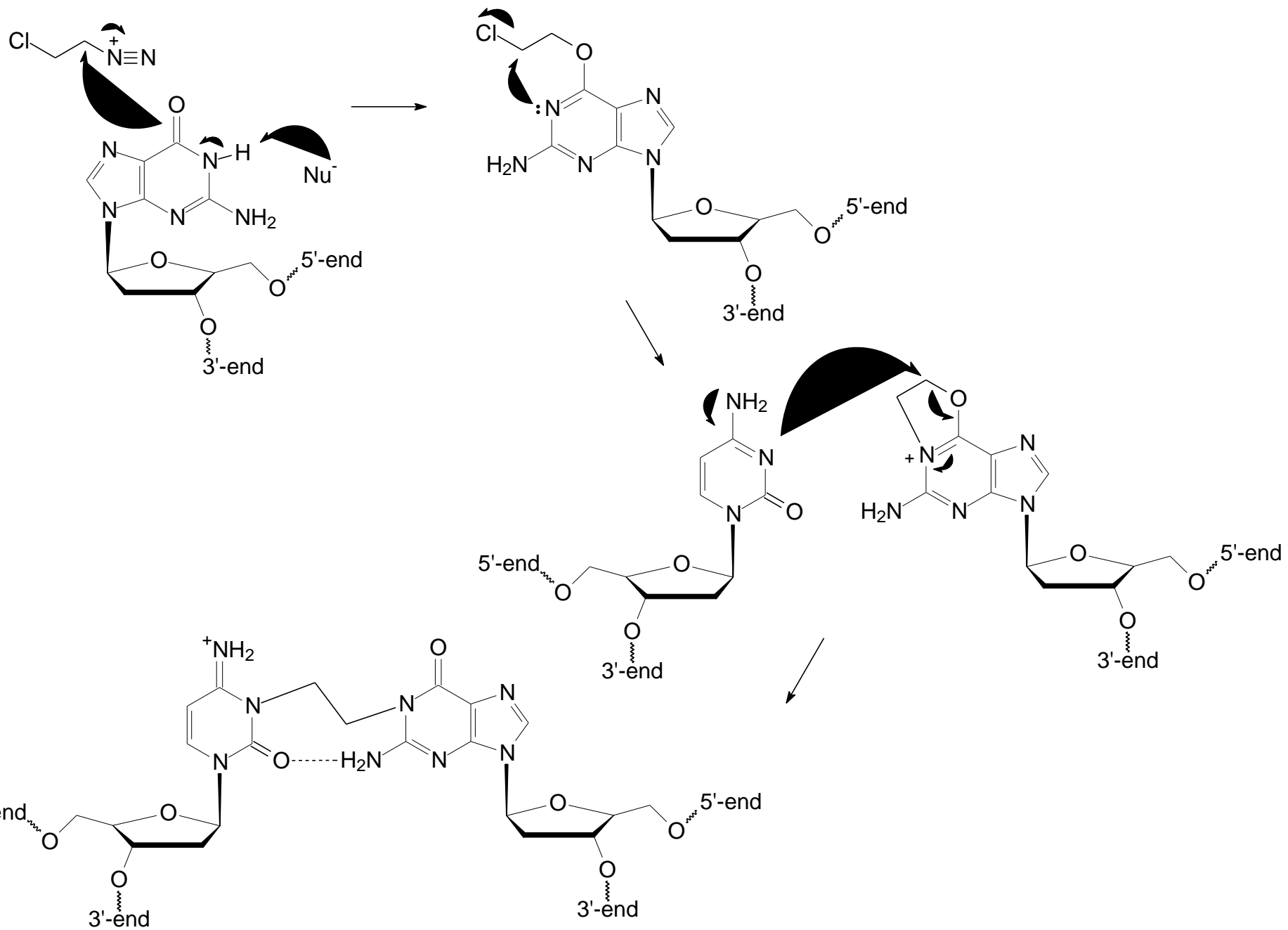


carmustine

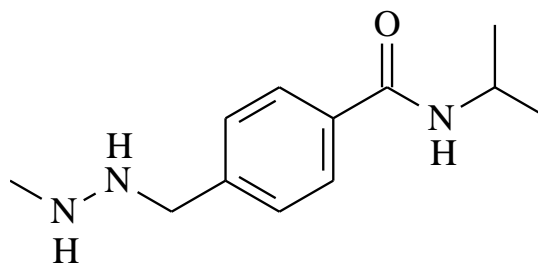


lomustine

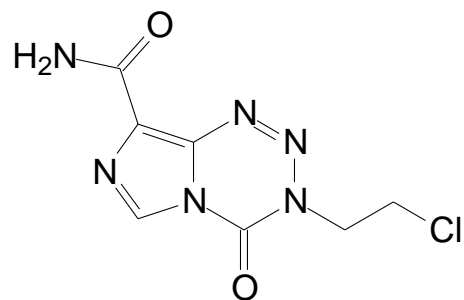




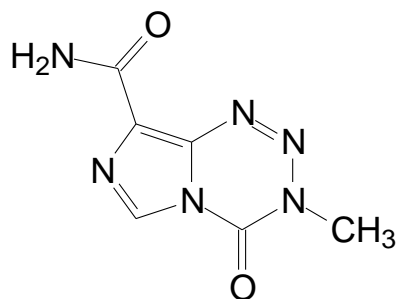
procarbazine



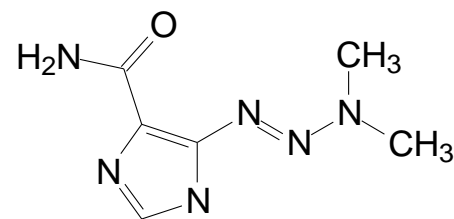
triazenes



mitozolomide

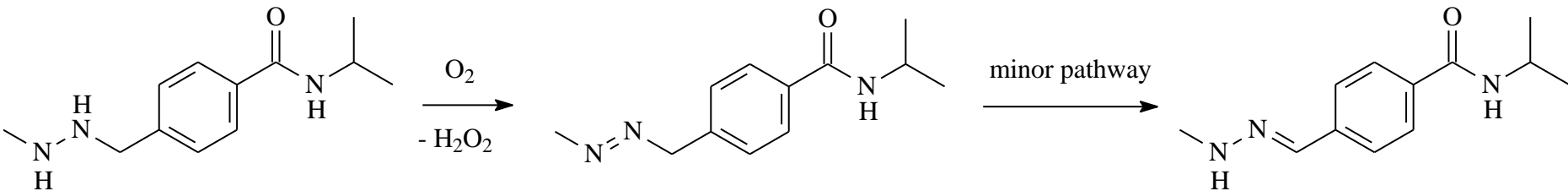


temozolomide (TMZ)



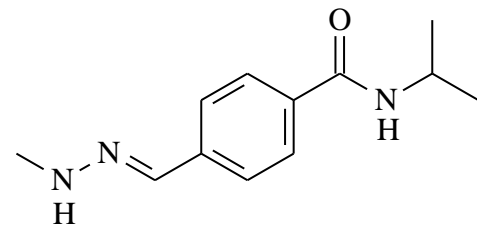
dacarbazine

procarbazine

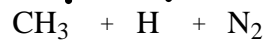
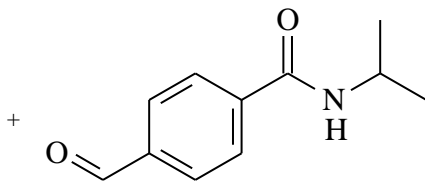
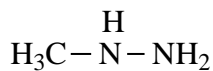
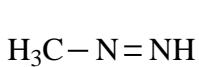


azoprocarbazine

minor pathway

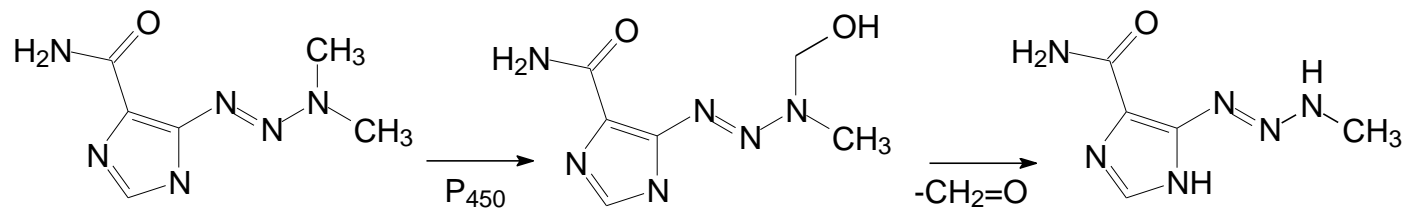
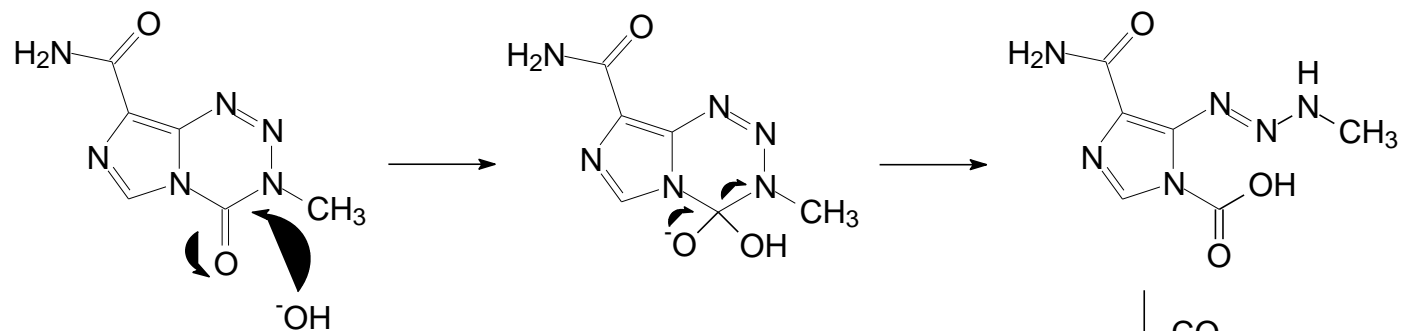


cytP₄₅₀ major pathway

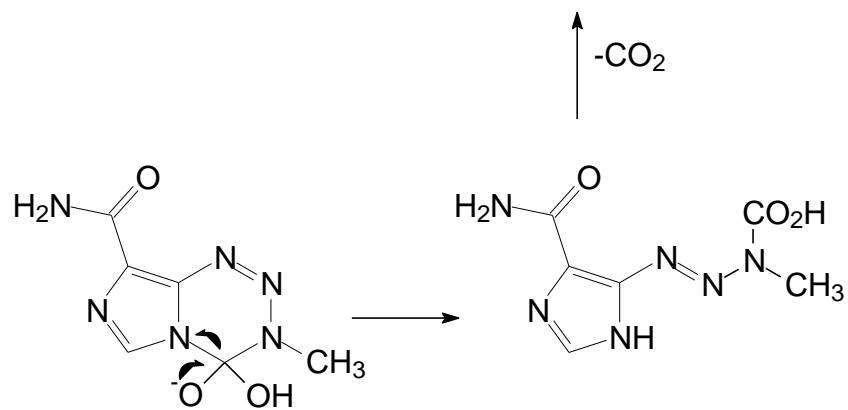


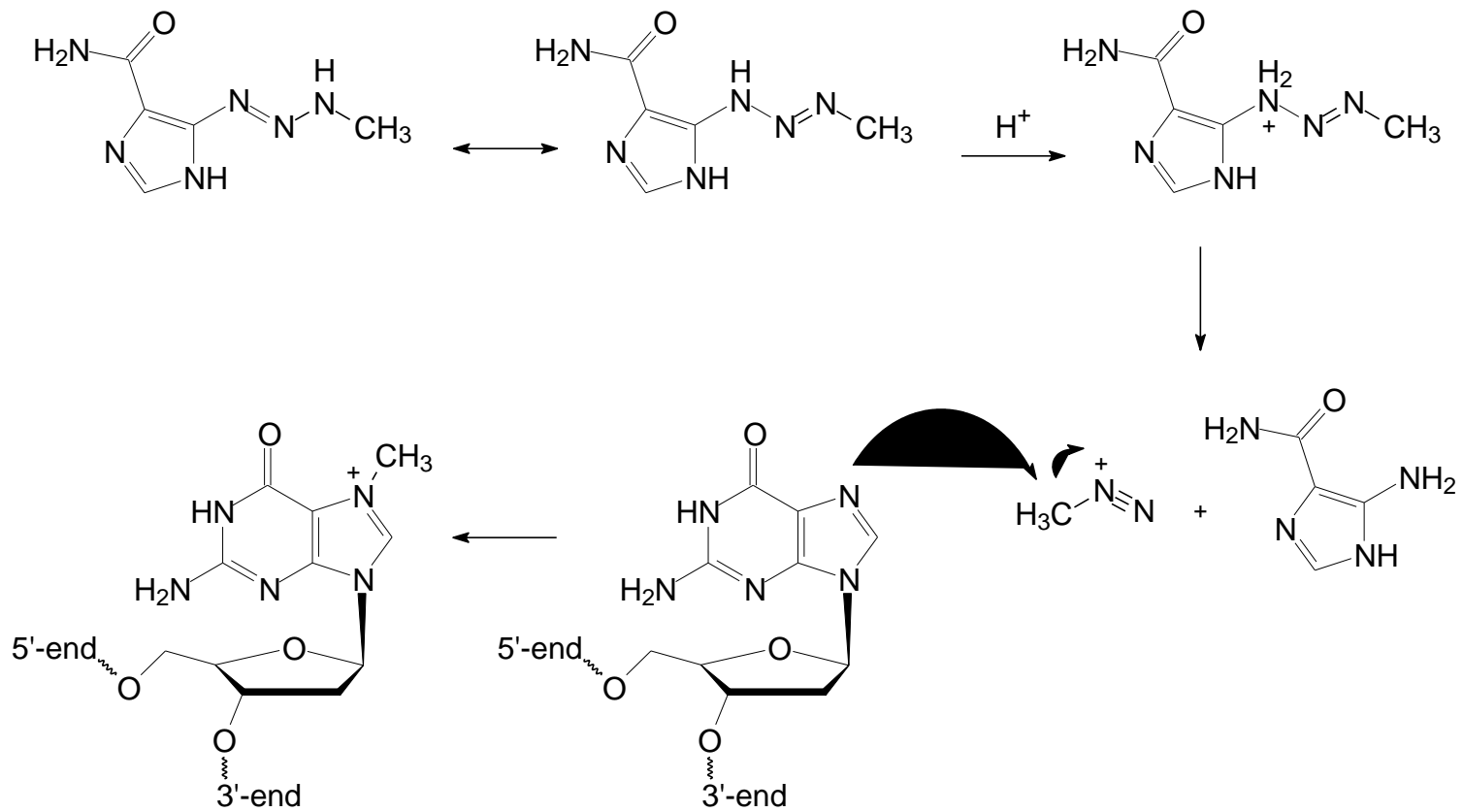
guanine O⁶, or N⁷

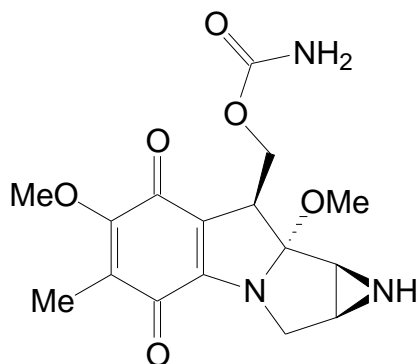
temozolomide (TMZ)



dacarbazine





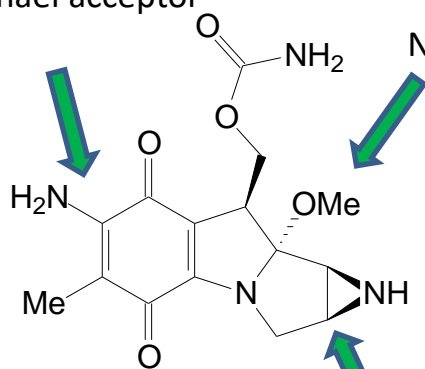


mitomycin A

Απομονώθηκε το 1956 από *Streptomyces caespitosus*.
Διευκρινίστηκε η δομή το 1962.

Είναι γνωστά 17 παράγωγα, 16 από τα οποία βιολογικώς
δραστικά (αντιβιοτική, αντικαρκινική δράση).

Michael acceptor



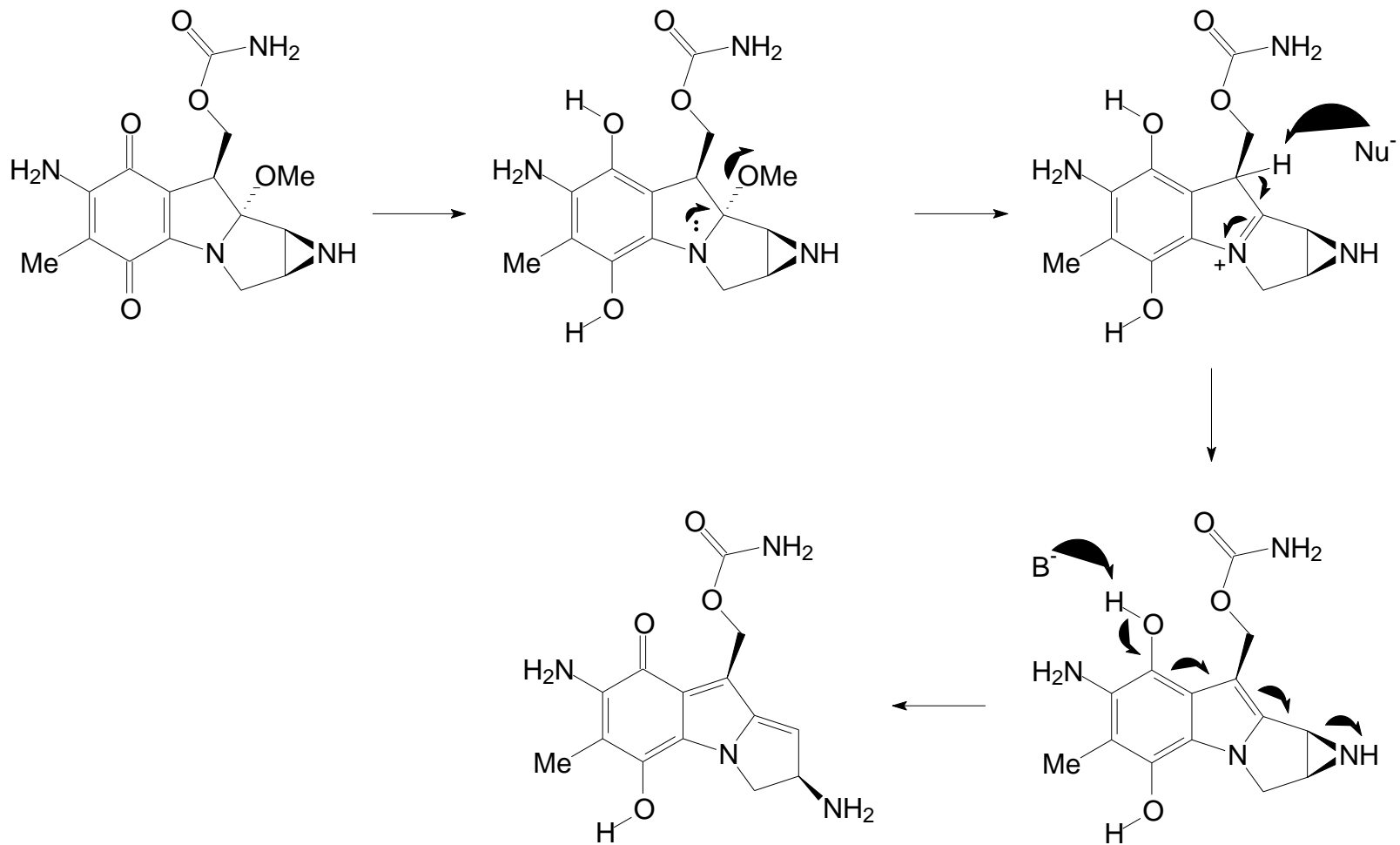
mitomycin C

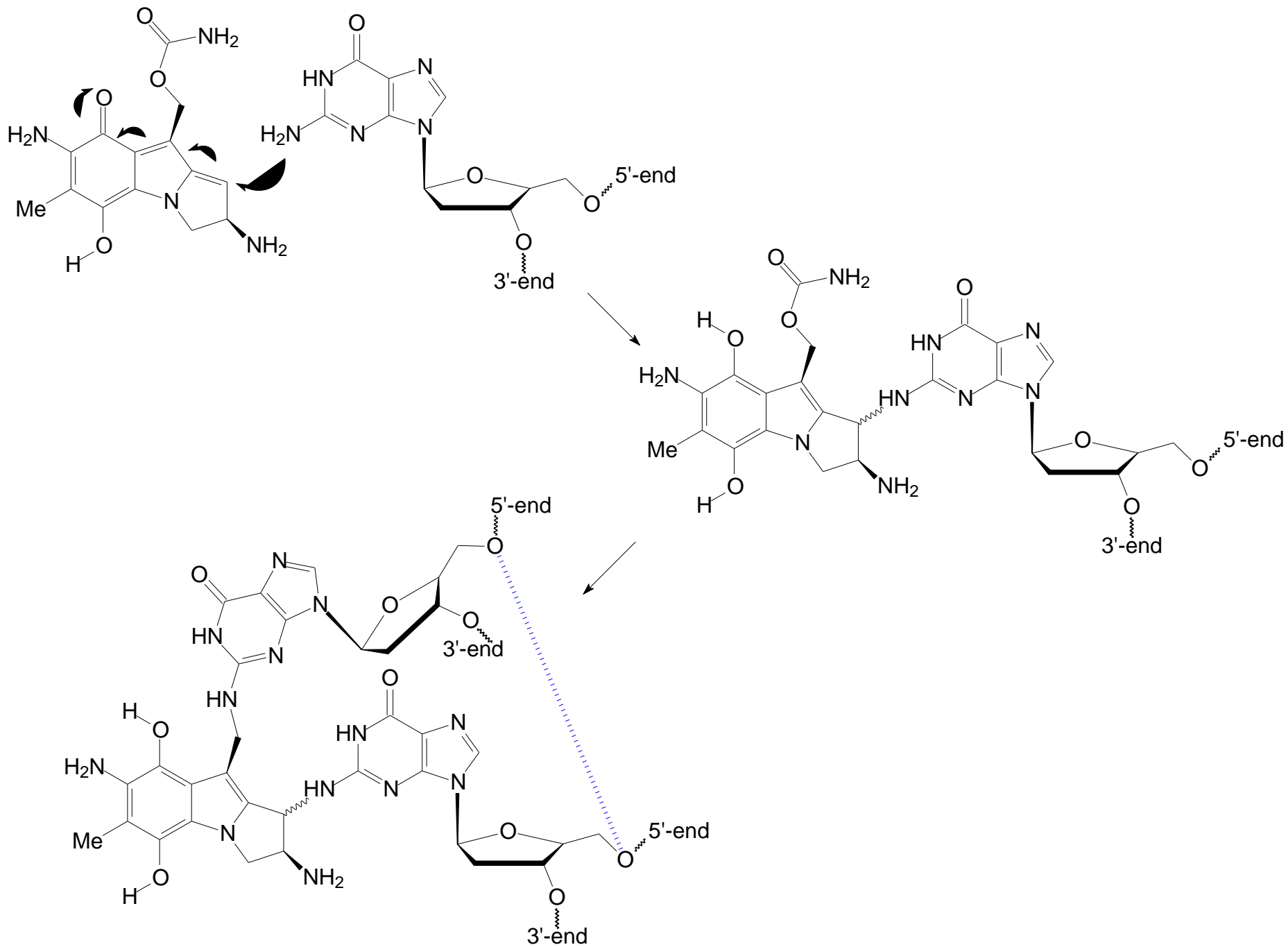
N,O-ακετάλη: εύκολη απόσπαση

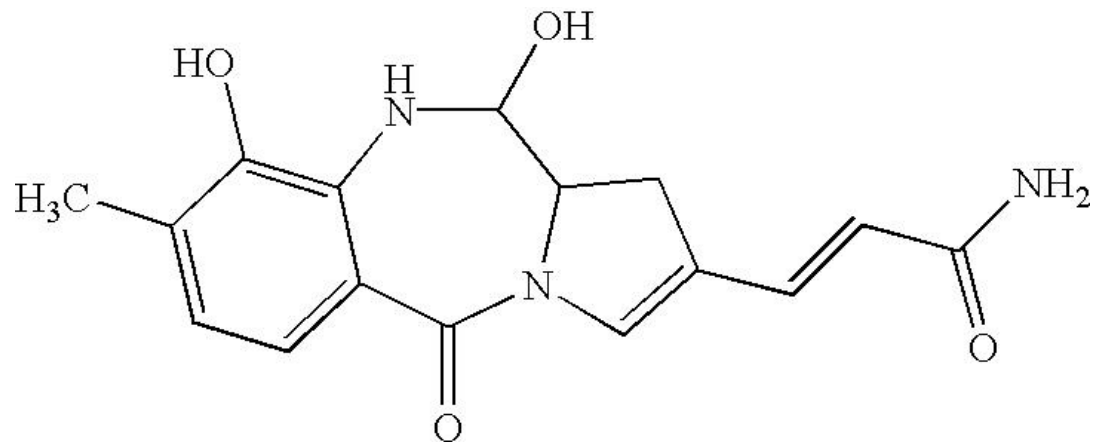
Κυκλοφορεί για χρήση σε καρκίνους οισοφάγου, μαστού,
παγκρέατος, ουροδόχου κύστεως.

Απομονώνεται από βακτήρια – δεν υπάρχει εμπορικά
διαθέσιμη συνθετική μέθοδος.

Καλό ηλεκτρονιόφιλο
Διάνοιξη σε όξινο pH

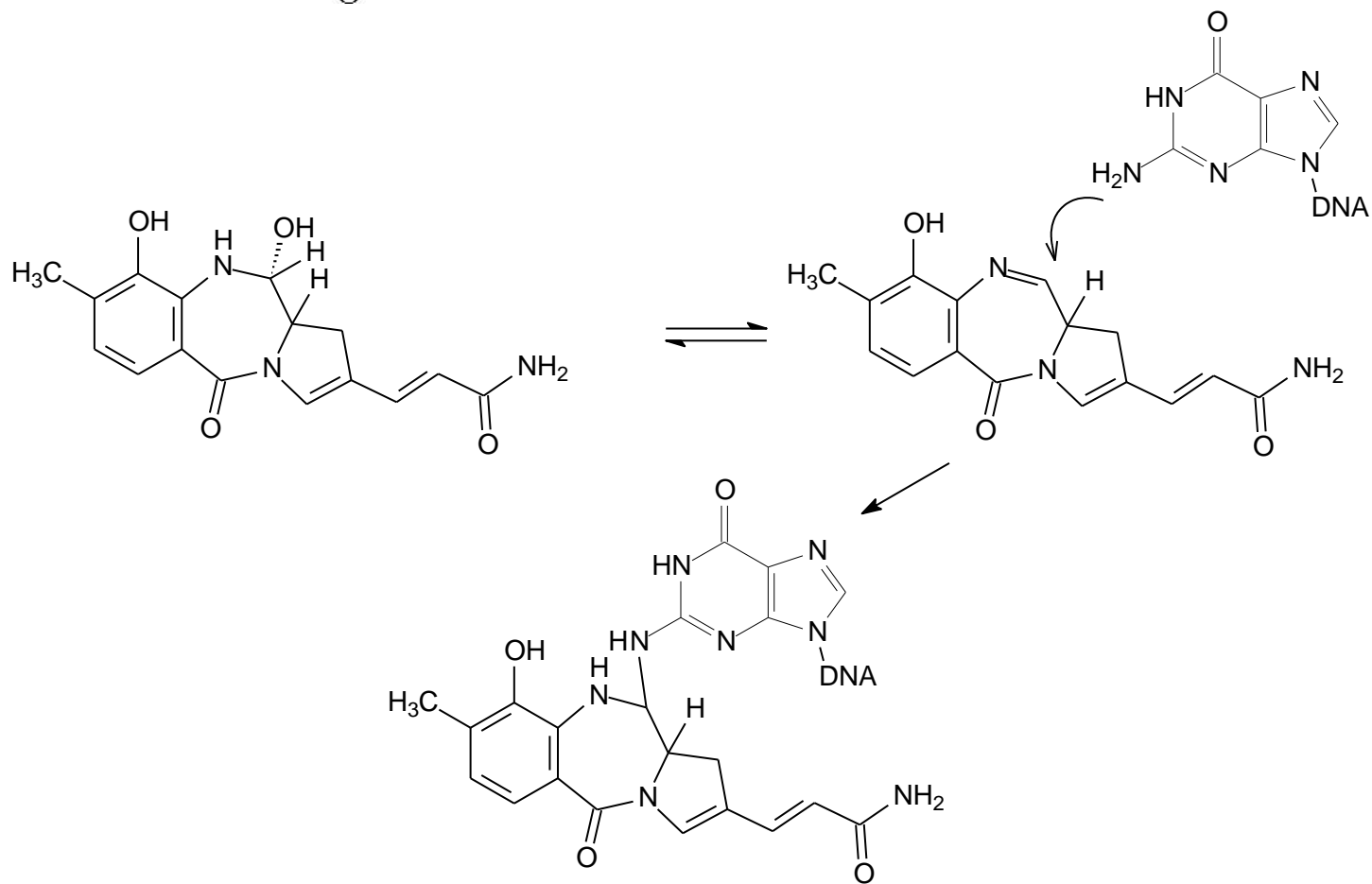


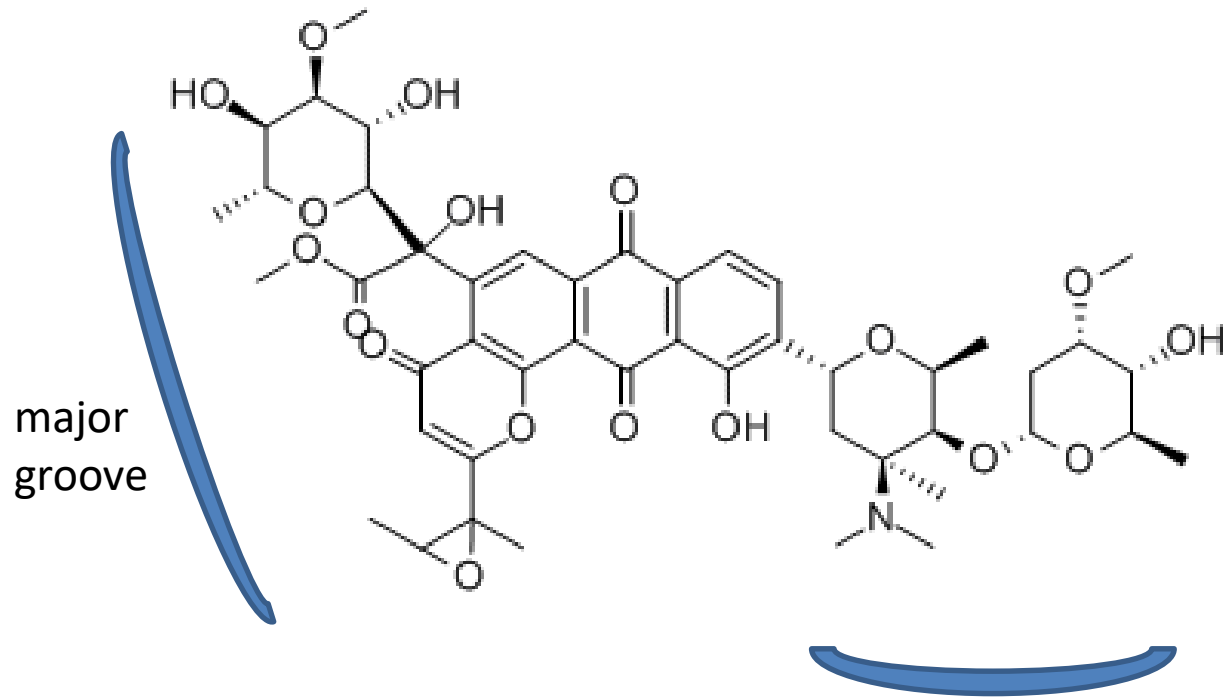




anthramycin

Sequence selectivity: 5'-PuGPu-3'



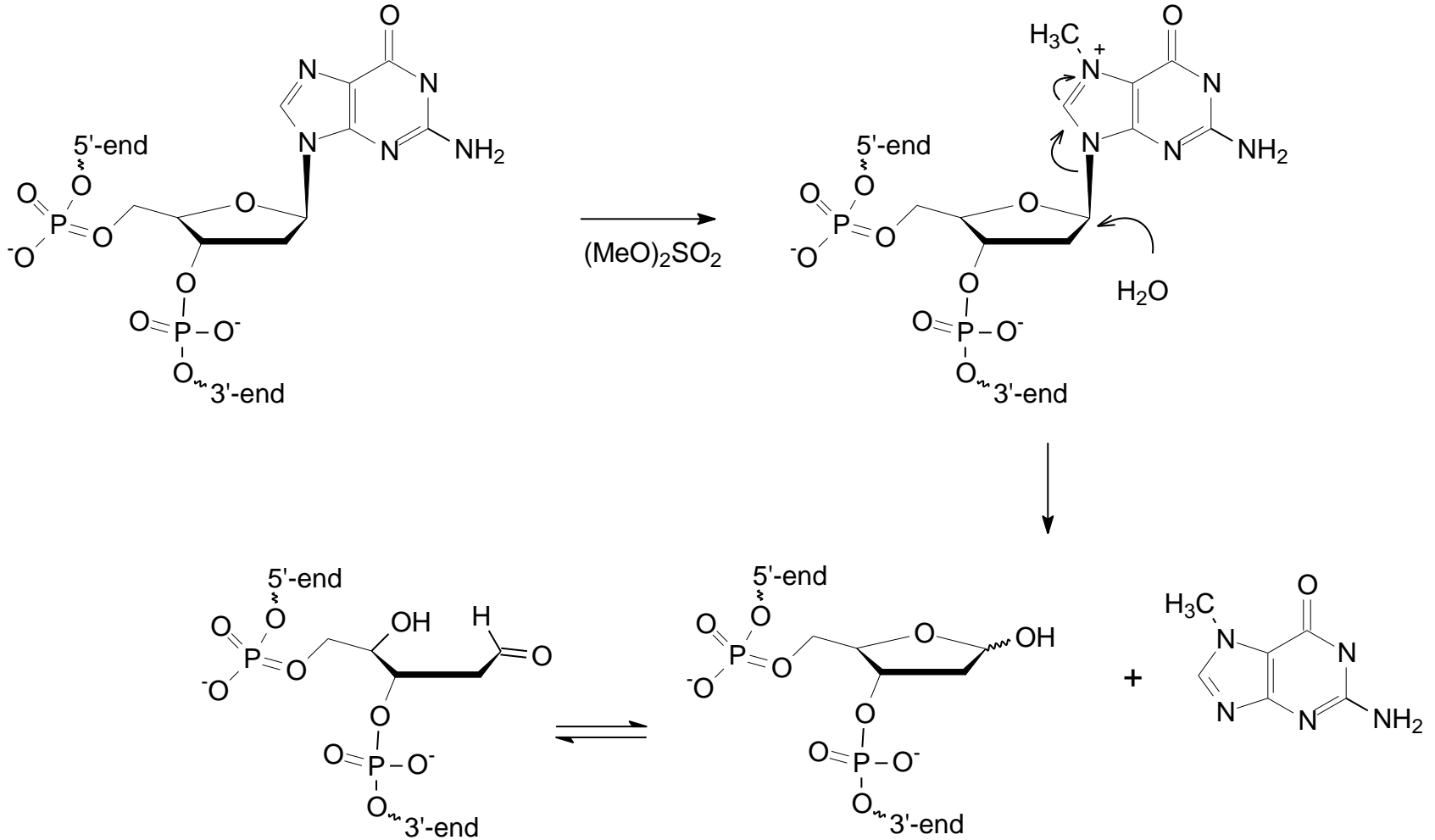


major groove

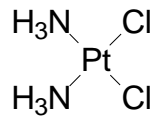
altromycin B

minor groove

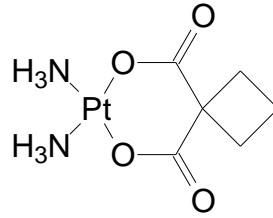
Αλκυλιωτικά αντιδραστήρια!!



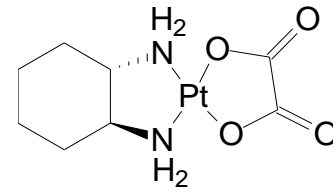
Platinum complexes



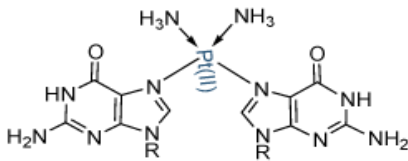
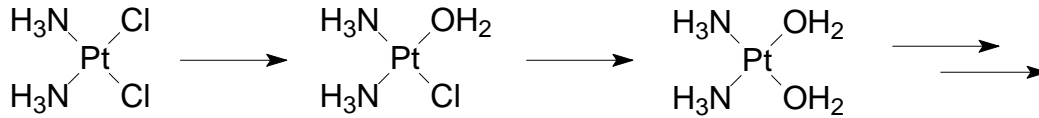
cisplatin



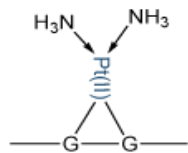
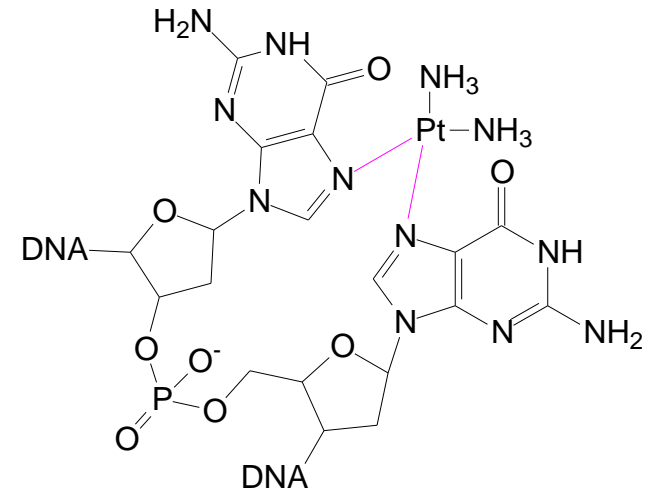
carboplatin



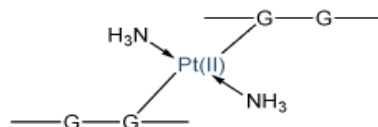
oxaliplatin



cisplatin reacts with *N*(7) of guanine



cisplatin forms *intra-strand* crosslinks: poorly repaired



trans-platin forms *inter-strand* crosslinks: repaired more efficiently