

Attention S. 12

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} y_\varepsilon(x) = \delta(x) \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

Aussi va se trouver que $\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) \varphi(x) dx = \varphi(0) \quad \forall \varphi \in C_c(\mathbb{R})$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) dx = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1-e^{-\frac{x}{\varepsilon}}} \left(e^{-\frac{x}{\varepsilon}} - e^{-\frac{2x}{\varepsilon}} \right) dx \quad \text{avec } u = \frac{x}{\varepsilon} \quad du = dx \varepsilon^{-1}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} \frac{1}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u}} \left[e^{-u} - e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right] du = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left[-e^{-u} - e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right]_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} =$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left[-e^{-\varepsilon^{-1}} - e^{-2} + 1 + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) \varphi(x) dx - \varphi(0) \right| = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \left| \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) \varphi(x) dx - \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) dx \cdot \varphi(0) \right|$$

$$= \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) (\varphi(x) - \varphi(0)) dx \right| \quad u = \frac{x}{\varepsilon} \Rightarrow$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \left| \int_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} \frac{1}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u}} \left[e^{-u} - e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right] (\varphi(\varepsilon u) - \varphi(0)) du \right|, \text{MT: } f'(c) \cdot (\varepsilon u) = \varphi(\varepsilon u) - \varphi(0)$$

$$\leq \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varepsilon \|\varphi'\|_0}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left| \int_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} u \left[e^{-u} + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right] du \right| = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varepsilon \|\varphi'\|_0}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left| \int_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} u \left[e^{-u} + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right] du - \int_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} e^{-u} + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} du \right|$$

$$= \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varepsilon \|\varphi'\|_0}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left| 0 - \left[-e^{-u} + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}u} \right]_0^{\varepsilon^{-1}} \right| = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varepsilon \|\varphi'\|_0}{1-e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}}} \left| e^{-\varepsilon^{-1}} - e^{-2} - 1 + e^{-2\varepsilon^{-1}} \right| = 0$$

$$\text{donc } \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^1 y_\varepsilon(x) \varphi(x) dx = \varphi(0)$$