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Q1	I like to visit other countries but I find the of travel is too high.					
	(a) money	(b) cost	(c) expenses	(d) currency		
Q2	She is very happy because she starts her new today.					
	(a) job	(b) work	(c) labour	(d) post		
Q3	One day I hope I shall	the lottery.				
	(a) gain	(b) collect	(c) reach	(d) win		
Q4	He must have a lot of mon	ey because this summer he	is going on a cruise the	world.		
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) across	(d) through		
Q5	Have you read that book	the life of Van Gogh?				
	(a) about	(b) of	(c) over	(d) in		
Q6	Do you want sugar in	your coffee?				
	(a) some	(b) much	(c) any	(d) little		
Q7	They do not cheques in that restaurant.					
	(a) accept	(b) agree	(c) allow	(d) admit		
Q8	I cannot work today becau	se I have very bad tooth				
	(a) pain	(b) hurt	(c) damage	(d) ache		
Q9	Children are not in the	at public house.				
	(a) aloud	(b) allowed	(c) accepted	(d) agreed		
Q10	You can see the abou	it the sale in the local paper.				
	(a) announcement	(b) warning	(c) notice	(d) advertisement		

Q1	How are you getting on	your new computer?			
	(a) at	(b) with	(c) by	(d) for	
Q2	Not too bad but sometimes	s I just can't get the of it			
	(a) drop	(b) fall	(c) hang	(d) low	
Q3	Do you mean it drives you	up the?			
	(a) wall	(b) ceiling	(c) floor	(d) roof	
Q4	Well, not that often but the	re are things that completely	me.		
	(a) mysterious	(b) mystery	(c) mysteriously	(d) mystify	
Q5	What sort of things do you	have in?			
	(a) thought	(b) mind	(c) idea	(d) think	
Q6	Well, take the times when	everything			
	(a) frozen	(b) freezing	(c) freezes	(d) frees	
Q7	Yes, I know what you mean that's when you'd like to smash it to				
	(a) pieces	(b) piece	(c) peace	(d) peaces	
Q8	Never mind, most of the tir	ne it behaves like a little			
	(a) angle	(b) angel	(c) angelic	(d) angles	
Q9	And just think of all the	you get from having one.			
	(a) beneficiaries	(b) benefit	(c) benefits	(d) benefited	
Q10	Personally I'm looking forw	ard to my holidays when I'll	be of it for two weeks!		
	(a) free	(b) freer	(c) freedom	(d) freed	

Q1	Welcome back in this 2.	session — we're going to ta	ke a look at some of the voc	abulary we used in session	
	(a) somebody	(b) everybody	(c) anybody	(d) nobody	
Q2	To start with, can you	what session 2 was all about	ıt?		
	(a) retain	(b) remain	(c) remind	(d) remember	
Q3	Yes, that's right. It was all a a financial advisor.	about the job I do every day.	I expect you recall that I wo	rk for a financial company	
	(a) at	(b) as	(c) on	(d) of	
Q4	In other words I help peopl	e with their money.			
	(a) inviting	(b) inventing	(c) investing	(d) involving	
Q5	My clients contact our offic	e via email or phone and the	en we an appointment.		
	(a) make	(b) take	(c) give	(d) do	
Q6	You arrange an appointme	nt with another person beca	use you want to or see	them.	
	(a) encounter	(b) greet	(c) meet	(d) talk	
Q7	The two things that are important for an appointment are the time and the place. You say for example: Let's meet next Monday 10 o'clock.				
	(a) on	(b) at	(c) in	(d) for	
Q8	Another word that is very s meeting with person.	imilar in meaning to appoint	ment is the word date. A date	e is usually a private	
	(a) different	(b) second	(c) other	(d) another	
Q9	So, when you say: I've got	a date with my boss, it mear	ns you see your boss p	rivately.	
	(a) are going to	(b) will not be	(c) will be	(d) would be	
Q10	Possibly you also know the before and you are meeting	e expression 'blind date', whi g them the first time.	ch is a rendezvous with a pe	erson you have never seen	
			(a) for	(d) frame	

(a) at (b) in (c) for (d) from

Q1	Do you know time it is?				
	(a) which	(b) when	(c) what	(d) how	
Q2	No, I have idea.				
	(a) any	(b) no	(c) not	(d) some	
Q3	It's time you got				
	(a) on	(b) in	(c) over	(d) up	
Q4	I don't believe you. You ca	n't be			
	(a) right	(b) accurate	(c) precise	(d) definite	
Q5	I'm telling that you must	up or			
	(a) haste	(b) hasten	(c) hurry	(d) quick	
Q6	Or what? on, tell me.				
	(a) Get	(b) Come	(c) Take	(d) Put	
Q7	Simply that you're going to be for work.				
	(a) late	(b) later	(c) lately	(d) latest	
Q8	I think there's something years	ou've			
	(a) forgiven	(b) forbidden	(c) forsaken	(d) forgotten	
Q9	Now, it's your to tell m	ne.			
	(a) bend	(b) turn	(c) corner	(d) curve	
Q10	Remember that there's no	work today it's Sunday.			
	(a) for	(b) while	(c) because	(d) however	

Q1	The trouble is I haven't ma	de a	The trouble is I haven't made a				
	(a) detail	(b) note	(c) sheet	(d) list			
Q2	you must know what we need?						
	(a) Certainly	(b) Surely	(c) Definitely	(d) Absolutely			
Q3	Well, yes I do have a	good idea?					
	(a) pretty	(b) fine	(c) beautiful	(d) nice			
Q4	Do we need any dairy	.?					
	(a) producers	(b) produced	(c) products	(d) producing			
Q5	Yes, we've almost run out	cheese, butter, milk.					
	(a) through	(b) of	(c) by	(d) with			
Q6	Right, we'd get on with it.						
	(a) better	(b) sooner	(c) quicker	(d) faster			
Q7	Oh and we'll also need some washing						
	(a) dust	(b) flakes	(c) powder	(d) grains			
Q8	I assume there's nothing	I said it would be quick.	Oh dear.				
	(a) included	(b) excluded	(c) either	(d) else			
Q9	What's the?						
	(a) thing	(b) matter	(c) material	(d) stuff			
Q10	Just look at the size of tho	se huge at the checkou	ts.				
	(a) tails	(b) lines	(c) queues	(d) rows			

Answers	Index
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Q1	Hello — I'm just out my new mobile.				
	(a) testing	(b) probing	(c) finding	(d) trying	
Q2	Oh yes. Are you awa	y?			
	(a) distant	(b) long	(c) far	(d) quite	
Q3	Not really. I'm quite				
	(a) nearer	(b) near	(c) next	(d) nearly	
Q4	You very clear.				
	(a) sound	(b) ring	(c) hear	(d) noise	
Q5	Well, I did a lot of mo	ney on it.			
	(a) dispense	(b) pass	(c) spend	(d) dispose	
Q6	Tell me, where are you at	the?			
	(a) time	(b) second	(c) hour	(d) moment	
Q7	I've already told you I'm in the				
	(a) place	(b) area	(c) spot	(d) location	
Q8	Well, this is very interesting	g but I am very			
	(a) busy	(b) occupied	(c) hurried	(d) active	
Q9	Don't — I'll see you v	ery soon.			
	(a) concern	(b) care	(c) worry	(d) mind	
Q10	Oh there goes the front door bell — oh it's you! I might have				
	(a) thought	(b) believed	(c) considered	(d) guessed	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 7 Basic Business English

Q1	The water in the refrigerate				
	(a) warm	(b) hot	(c) cold	(d) frozen	
Q2	I will come home early	у.			
	(a) Today at night	(b) This night	(c) Tonight	(d) The night	
Q3	Do you the bus to wo	rk?			
	(a) take	(b) drive	(c) bring	(d) walk	
Q4	Have you?				
	(a) turned skinny	(b) lost weight	(c) no more fat	(d) weighted less	
Q5	She is a member the	gym.			
	(a) for	(b) from	(c) by	(d) of	
Q6	He executive.				
	(a) is	(b) is an	(c) is a	(d) an	
Q7	My friend likes work on extra projects.				
	(a) to	(b) of	(c) from	(d) the	
Q8	Please a message on	the answering machine.			
	(a) make	(b) do	(c) leave	(d) report	
Q9	Yesterday they very well in their class.				
	(a) do	(b) does	(c) will do	(d) did	
Q10	At work we get a 30-minute	e lunch			
	(a) rest	(b) break	(c) vacation	(d) holiday	

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 8 Business dialogue on the phone

Q1	Bob: Do you if I use your phone to call my wife?				
	(a) value	(b) worry	(c) mind	(d) allow	
Q2	Bill: Sure. Would you	use my cell phone or the one	e in my office?		
	(a) rather	(b) prefer	(c) like	(d) assume	
Q3	Bob: The one in your office	e is fine. Do I need to ar	nything special to get out of t	he building?	
	(a) tighten	(b) press	(c) compress	(d) dial	
Q4	Bill: Yes. You dial 9 a	nd then your number.			
	(a) should	(b) could	(c) would	(d) shall	
Q5	Bob: If another call comes	in while I'm on the phone, sh	nould I put my wife on a	and take it?	
	(a) wait	(b) hold	(c) hope	(d) the side	
Q6	Bill: No, that's alright. If you	u don't answer, it will just go	through to my and I car	n call them back later.	
	(a) answering machine	(b) voicemail	(c) voice-recorder	(d) e-mail	
Q7	Bob picked up the and	d dialed 9 then his home nur	nber.		
	(a) handle	(b) cord	(c) thingamajig	(d) receiver	
Q8	Bill straightened up the offi	ce, pretending not to listen to	o Bob's of the conversa	tion with his wife.	
	(a) end	(b) part	(c) words	(d) half	
Q9	Finally Bob				
	(a) hanged up	(b) hang over	(c) hung up	(d) hung over	
Q10	Bill: I couldn't help but	. you're having chicken for di	inner tonight. Can I come ov	er?	
	(a) overhear	(b) eavesdrop	(c) listen	(d) comprehend	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Elementary level # 9 Chit Chat: At the garage

Q1	Customer: Have you had a chance to at my car yet?				
	(a) see	(b) examine	(c) view	(d) look	
Q2	Mechanic: Yes, we've give	n it a examination.			
	(a) complete	(b) utter	(c) absolute	(d) actual	
Q3	Customer: And what do yo	ou think is with it?			
	(a) incorrect	(b) wrong	(c) false	(d) faulty	
Q4	Mechanic: That's a of	a difficult answer to give in	a few words.		
	(a) part	(b) lot	(c) bit	(d) section	
Q5	Customer: Well, just give r	ne the picture.			
	(a) casual	(b) general	(c) uncertain	(d) simple	
Q6	Mechanic: To start It's losing a lot of oil.				
	(a) at	(b) for	(c) in	(d) with	
Q7	Customer: I see. Anything?				
	(a) else	(b) ever	(c) over	(d) indeed	
Q8	Mechanic: Well, there's a l	ot more. I mean the petrol ta	ink has a in it.		
	(a) gap	(b) hole	(c) space	(d) opening	
Q9	Customer: Why don't you t	ell me the What should	d I do?		
	(a) picture	(b) scene	(c) truth	(d) rightness	
Q10	Mechanic: Okay — I'll com	e straight to the — buy	a new car!		
	(a) angle	(b) conclusion	(c) end	(d) point	

Q1	In order for you to buy a house in the United States, it is important that you have a good report.			
	(a) school	(b) medical	(c) credit	(d) dental
Q2	If you have pets, it is often necessary to pay a pet when you rent an apartment.			
	(a) deposit	(b) vaccination	(c) leash	(d) walker
Q3	When you are interested in buying or renting a place, you have to fill out, which is a type of written request for an apartment or house.			
	(a) a police report	(b) an application	(c) an IRS form	(d) a parking ticket
Q4	Sometimes when you rent a studio apartment, it comes already			
	(a) with pets	(b) with a pool	(c) with a backyard	(d) furnished
Q5	The is the person who is renting the apartment or house.			
	(a) landlord	(b) tenant	(c) houseguest	(d) host
Q6	The is the person who owns and runs an apartment building, a house or land.			
	(a) tenant	(b) ranger	(c) landlord	(d) seller
Q7	If you wish to temporarily rent your apartment to someone else, you your apartment to that person.			
	(a) sublet	(b) buy	(c) employ	(d) hire
Q8	It is always good to provide letter to the landlord to prove that you have a good character.			
	(a) an accredited	(b) a touching	(c) an anonymous	(d) a reference
Q9	A is a contract that indicates how long you can stay at the place you are renting and how much you have to pay.			
	(a) document	(b) lease	(c) Ioan	(d) license
Q10	Application fees are usually, which means you don't get your money back.			
	(a) restituted	(b) reimbursed	(c) non-refundable	(d) inexpensive

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 1 Applying for that Job

Q1	I would be very interested	in for that job.		
	(a) entering	(b) working	(c) applying	(d) writing
Q2	Do you want to as a c	andidate in the local election	าร?	
	(a) stand	(b) sit	(c) go	(d) try
Q3	They are completely	up with all the noise in the ce	entre of town.	
	(a) tired	(b) fed	(c) sick	(d) ill
Q4	The reason there are no be	uses is because the drivers a	are on	
	(a) hit	(b) stop	(c) strike	(d) leave
Q5	The government has chang	ged its policy and had a com	plete change of	
	(a) view	(b) opinion	(c) mind	(d) heart
Q6	This supermarket is trying	to young shoppers by c	offering fashionable clothes.	
	(a) target	(b) persuade	(c) encourage	(d) trap
Q7	You should have thos	e shares when they were ch	eap.	
	(a) taken out	(b) sold off	(c) bought up	(d) taken over
Q8	You must try and hurry up	because my patience is	. out.	
	(a) running	(b) racing	(c) pacing	(d) turning
Q9	Have you ever tried your	at running a business?		
	(a) arm	(b) finger	(c) hand	(d) leg
Q10	After all these years she ha	as decided to take early		
	(a) leave	(b) finishing	(c) departure	(d) retirement

Q1	In order to check all the te	ephone calls made during the	ne month I want the account	to be
	(a) detailed	(b) particular	(c) specialized	(d) itemized
Q2	All the representatives are	allowed to spend money for	entertaining with their	account.
	(a) expensive	(b) expending	(c) expense	(d) expenses
Q3	To spread the cost of sper	nding on articles you buy ma	ny big departments let you o	pen a
	(a) credible	(b) credit	(c) credited	(d) credulous
Q4	Once you are earning mor	ney and you want to keep it s	safe, you can always ar	account with a bank.
	(a) open	(b) start	(c) begin	(d) commence
Q5	At the end of thirty days th	e company will ask you to	the account.	
	(a) arrange	(b) finish	(c) end	(d) settle
Q6	The finance director is res	ponsible for the accoun	ts for the business.	
	(a) holding	(b) keeping	(c) taking	(d) finding
Q7	At the end of the financial	year it is the responsibility of	the chief finance officer to	the accounts.
	(a) print	(b) edit	(c) publish	(d) direct
Q8	Before they got married, the	ney decided to open a a	iccount.	
	(a) united	(b) joint	(c) unified	(d) combined
Q9	If you have saved some m	oney, it is a good idea to put	t the money into a acco	unt.
	(a) heap	(b) pile	(c) lump	(d) deposit
Q10	However hard I try, I find it	impossible to account	this missing sum of money.	
	(a) with	(b) to	(c) for	(d) by

Q1	I think it would be a good i	dea to in your letter that	t you have worked in that typ	pe of business previously.
	(a) describe	(b) mention	(c) show	(d) demonstrate
Q2	You need to improve the	of this letter because on	e or two things are in the wro	ong place.
	(a) description	(b) indication	(c) layout	(d) picture
Q3	Before you put the letter in	the envelope, make sure yo	ou it in the right way.	
	(a) fold	(b) double	(c) treble	(d) hold
Q4	If you want this letter to rea	ach the bank tomorrow, you	have no choice but to send i	t by <b></b> mail.
	(a) speed	(b) express	(c) excess	(d) fast
Q5	When you are going to wri first.	te an important letter like tha	t, it is absolutely essential th	at you all the facts
	(a) connect	(b) join	(c) deliver	(d) assemble
Q6	When you read something always read it first.	you've written on the compu	uter screen, it often looks all	right although you should
	(a) check	(b) prove	(c) proof	(d) proven
Q7	I advise you to check wasted journey.	with a letter or a phone call	if you intend to pay them a v	isit in order to save a
	(a) previously	(b) prior	(c) ante	(d) beforehand
Q8	Since that package contain	ns valuable items, you must	send it by post.	
	(a) required	(b) resigned	(c) registered	(d) repeated
Q9	Quite honestly I cannot tru deliver it for me.	st this particular letter to be s	sent by post and so I am usi	ng the services of a to
	(a) courier	(b) runner	(c) traveller	(d) carrier
Q10	I'm sure that computer pro	gram you use creates a very	good letter design but it's fa	ar too for me.
	(a) comprehensive	(b) complicated	(c) concentrated	(d) composite

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 4 Flying on a Plane

Q1	The worst thing about flying	g is when you take		
	(a) up	(b) in	(c) off	(d) over
Q2	Landing is also a rather	experience, too.		
	(a) frightening	(b) frightened	(c) frights	(d) frightful
Q3	Come to think of it the bit b	etween leaving the ground a	and coming down again can	also on the nerves.
	(a) strike	(b) play	(c) hit	(d) fall
Q4	Of course during the flight	the airline staff try to keep yo	our mind	
	(a) concentrated	(b) dedicated	(c) concerned	(d) occupied
Q5	They ask you if you want to	o buy things you don't in all .	want.	
	(a) truth	(b) honesty	(c) honestly	(d) truly
Q6	The captain, whose voice i	s so you feel as if you'r	e sitting at home watching te	elevision, starts chatting to
	you.			
	(a) retired	(b) relaxed	(c) relapsed	(d) replete
Q7	He tries to give you the	that you're out in your car	watching the countryside rol	ll by.
	(a) opinion	(b) thought	(c) impression	(d) interpretation
Q8	Then you start to eat your	meal and discover that the k	nives and forks are made of	plastic and snap under
	(a) pushing	(b) pulling	(c) pressing	(d) pressure
Q9	As you've probably, I'	m not really keen on flying.		
	(a) collected	(b) gathered	(c) assembled	(d) accumulated
Q10	Mind you, once you've land	ded and you're saying goodb	oye to the smiling hostess, it	s great to know you've
	······			
	(a) survived	(b) surmounted	(c) surveyed	(d) surmised

Q1	It is essential before startir	ng a business to work on a p	lan to problems later or	۱.
	(a) escape	(b) endure	(c) avoid	(d) enter
Q2	The biggest in busine	ss can be eliminated if you h	nave sufficient capital to star	t with.
	(a) scene	(b) risk	(c) encounter	(d) harm
Q3	Even when the economic s	situation is, there is alw	ays present the need for pla	nning in a new business.
	(a) mighty	(b) huge	(c) hefty	(d) strong
Q4	Whatever happens in the f product.	uture there is absolutely no .	for good market researd	ch before you launch a new
	(a) consideration	(b) criterion	(c) substitute	(d) contemplation
Q5	Your concern is natur	ally the plan but don't forget	your capital or your premise	S.
	(a) firstly	(b) primary	(c) primarily	(d) initially
Q6	When people are consider your potential.	ing whether to loan your nev	v business a substantial sum	n, they are going to
	(a) encompass	(b) evolve	(c) evaluate	(d) enquire
Q7	It is worthwhile as mu	ch market research informat	tion as possible before you v	vork out your plan.
	(a) including	(b) snatching	(c) grabbing	(d) gathering
Q8	Her next task was to have warrant a loan.	a meeting with the bank ma	nager to that she had a	secure enough plan to
	(a) declare	(b) demonstrate	(c) state	(d) announce
Q9	There are certain weaknes	ses in your plan that need to	be urgently if you are	to succeed.
	(a) affixed	(b) acquired	(c) addressed	(d) attended
Q10	Since the start of the busin	ess many new ideas have	out of the original plan.	
	(a) developed	(b) shown	(c) gained	(d) built

Q1	My computer is not capabl	e of saving material on a se	parate because it has n	o floppy drive.
	(a) space	(b) compact	(c) disc	(d) place
Q2	I understand that I can ma	ke it possible for both my co	mputers to share the same p	programs by means of
	(a) joining	(b) connecting	(c) linking	(d) networking
Q3	I had only had my compute	er for three weeks when I ha	d to have the hard drive	
	(a) replaced	(b) restored	(c) retaken	(d) revived
Q4	Laptop computers are bec	oming more and more i	in the business world.	
	(a) famous	(b) popular	(c) sought	(d) wished
Q5	You have to have a really	mind in order to get you	ur head round some of today	's computing technology.
	(a) acute	(b) cut	(c) razor	(d) sharp
Q6	The great advantage of ha	wing an external zip drive is	that you can use it as an ext	ra means of
	(a) hoarding	(b) keeping	(c) holding	(d) storage
Q7	They tried very hard to install the new components on the computer but the language in the manual was too for them to understand.			
	(a) technical	(b) technique	(c) technician	(d) technically
Q8	When you look at the mod industrial in the 19th o	ern office today you could co century.	ompare the changes with the	ese that took place in the
	(a) revolt	(b) revolution	(c) revolting	(d) revolving
Q9	In order to the method	d by which staff pay is calcul	ated the company has boug	ht a new software package.
	(a) facile	(b) facility	(c) factual	(d) facilitate
Q10	Obviously a computer can	take all the hard work out of	a large mass of data.	
	(a) proceeding	(b) procedure	(c) processing	(d) processes

Q1	I heard of a new company	today with which we should	co-operate and busine	ss with.
	(a) make	(b) create	(c) have	(d) do
Q2	Shortly after he was dismis	ssed from the firm he decide	d to himself up in his o	wn business.
	(a) put	(b) set	(c) place	(d) hold
Q3	They went business	shortly after their children ha	d left home and got married.	
	(a) out	(b) in	(c) into	(d) on
Q4	As soon as they heard wh	at had happened, they	it their business to find out th	ne truth.
	(a) made	(b) tried	(c) managed	(d) called
Q5	I would ask you kindly not	to interfere with what I'm doi	ing as in all honesty it's	of your business.
	(a) no	(b) nothing	(c) none	(d) nor
Q6	Despite all the alterations was business as	that are taking place in the d	epartment store, the manag	ement wanted to explain it
	(a) common	(b) practical	(c) frequent	(d) usual
Q7	She knew that there was s	ome kind of business g	joing on because strange thi	ngs were happening.
	(a) weird	(b) unusual	(c) funny	(d) stupid
Q8	We really can't delay any i	more with our plans and mus	st down to business as	soon as possible.
	(a) set	(b) get	(c) cut	(d) find
Q9	When the bomb went off, i	most of the injured were just	ordinary people going	their business.
	(a) about	(b) along	(c) across	(d) through
Q10	Although they had high ho	pes that they would be succ	essful, they out of busir	ness within six months.
	(a) turned	(b) came	(c) went	(d) fell

Q1	I've warned you before that	t you shouldn't get involved	in this matter and you have	business discussing it.	
	(a) some	(b) little	(c) no	(d) not	
Q2	That's really not my conce	rn at all and I'm certainly not	the business of telling	others what to do.	
	(a) in	(b) out	(c) of	(d) by	
Q3	She was very enthusiastic	about her new job and was	making rapid progress	nobody's business.	
	(a) as	(b) with	(c) similar	(d) like	
Q4	I really wouldn't joke about	t it because these people are	e deadly serious and bu	isiness.	
	(a) signify	(b) mean	(c) require	(d) need	
Q5	He didn't hesitate to tell me	e that I wasn't wanted and ju	st told me to my own b	usiness.	
	(a) concern	(b) look after	(c) tend to	(d) mind	
Q6	I'm afraid it won't be possib	ole to talk to the boss today b	because he's away bus	iness till Tuesday.	
	(a) off	(b) on	(c) for	(d) to	
Q7	He was very keen that we kept in touch and for that reason he handed me his business				
	(a) ticket	(b) paper	(c) card	(d) notice	
Q8	This is the really important	part of the machine and tha	t's why we call it the busines	SS	
	(a) centre	(b) end	(c) area	(d) point	
Q9	The whole site has nothing	but offices and administrati	on centres and that's why w	e call it a business	
	(a) place	(b) situation	(c) field	(d) park	
Q10	All the famous film stars, a business.	ctors, directors and writers v	vere at the festival represent	ting the world of	
	(a) play	(b) drama	(c) show	(d) performance	

Q1	You can be absolutely sur	e I'm on your		
	(a) road	(b) corner	(c) route	(d) side
Q2	You can on me for yo	our support.		
	(a) show	(b) rely	(c) try	(d) test
Q3	Our views clearly at t	his point I'm pleased to say.		
	(a) convert	(b) concert	(c) conduct	(d) coincide
Q4	Fortunately the leader and	all her members were singi	ng from the same sheet	t.
	(a) hymn	(b) prayer	(c) lyric	(d) sermon
Q5	It's good that we both have	e the same way of at thi	ings.	
	(a) seeing	(b) peeping	(c) looking	(d) viewing
Q6	I'm pleased to say that we	speak on this matter with or	ne	
	(a) sound	(b) tone	(c) harmony	(d) voice
Q7	I certainly won't any c	bjection when you make you	ur proposal.	
	(a) rise	(b) raise	(c) lift	(d) arise
Q8	I'm you all the way as	far as that's concerned.		
	(a) with	(b) by	(c) at	(d) across
Q9	I'm happy to those se	ntiments and wish you every	/ success.	
	(a) encompass	(b) enthuse	(c) endorse	(d) endure
Q10	When it comes to the vote	I'm willing to put my up	and support you.	
	(a) head	(b) chin	(c) arm	(d) hand

Q1	Please me for interrupting you, I didn't realize you were busy with someone else.				
	(a) forget	(b) forfeit	(c) forbid	(d) forgive	
Q2	I'm very that I'm late b	out there is a train strike on a	at the moment.		
	(a) sore	(b) sorry	(c) sorrow	(d) sorrowful	
Q3	Please send my to th	e meeting as I shan't be able	e to attend.		
	(a) apologies	(b) apologize	(c) apologized	(d) apologizing	
Q4	There's really no for r	ny behaviour last night. I car	n only think that I'd had too n	nuch to drink.	
	(a) exception	(b) escape	(c) excuse	(d) exclusion	
Q5	l know I shouldn't have ma what I said.	de those remarks about you	ir work and I hope you now I	know how deeply I	
	(a) review	(b) regret	(c) respect	(d) restore	
Q6	I must your pardon, I	mistook you for somebody e	lse.		
	(a) bid	(b) bide	(c) beggar	(d) beg	
Q7	If it helps to put things righ	t, please let me take ev	verything I said earlier.		
	(a) again	(b) back	(c) in	(d) across	
Q8	Please accept this small p	resent as my way of making	for all the trouble I've c	aused.	
	(a) attempts	(b) attention	(c) amends	(d) arrears	
Q9	All I can do now is simply I	beg your and hope that	in time we can get back to v	vhere we used to be.	
	(a) interest	(b) interpretation	(c) inclination	(d) indulgence	
Q10	In their religion as long as	they, they will be forgiv	en their sins.		
	(a) repent	(b) restore	(c) repeat	(d) request	

Q1	Am I going in the right	for the post office?			
	(a) route	(b) way	(c) sign	(d) direction	
Q2	Can you tell me please ho	w I to the cinema from I	nere?		
	(a) come	(b) get	(c) take	(d) fetch	
Q3	Could you please me	in the direction of the motor	way?		
	(a) show	(b) indicate	(c) point	(d) deliver	
Q4	I'm making for the M25 mc	otorway — is this road the mo	ost route?		
	(a) straight	(b) clear	(c) obvious	(d) direct	
Q5	Could you tell me please h	ow I am from the town	centre?		
	(a) near	(b) far	(c) close	(d) away	
Q6	Can you help please beca	use I've lost my way and	to get to the shops before	closing time?	
	(a) need	(b) require	(c) request	(d) must	
Q7	I'm for the town hall -	- am I anywhere near?			
	(a) seeking	(b) making	(c) seeing	(d) trying	
Q8	I took the wrong at th	e last road junction, can you	tell me how I get back on th	e motorway?	
	(a) turn	(b) turner	(c) turned	(d) turning	
Q9	to this map I should be near the church. Is it near?				
	(a) Following	(b) After	(c) According	(d) considering	
Q10	Is this for the railway	station?			
	(a) correct	(b) clear	(c) fine	(d) right	

Q1	I'm really not satisfied with	the way you have the	situation.		
	(a) dealt	(b) handled	(c) done	(d) fingered	
Q2	I've really had enough of a	Il your excuses, what I want	is some		
	(a) action	(b) acting	(c) acted	(d) active	
Q3	You've refused to help me	now for six months and so I	shall now have to take the r	natter	
	(a) on	(b) longer	(c) far	(d) further	
Q4	I must you do someth	ing immediately as I've beer	n patient long enough.		
	(a) persist	(b) desist	(c) insist	(d) consist	
Q5	I now want some kind of c	ompensation for the total	of service I've experienced	J.	
	(a) lack	(b) fail	(c) failing	(d) missing	
Q6	I'm obviously not getting a	nywhere with my complaint,	please let me talk to someor	ne to you.	
	(a) older	(b) above	(c) over	(d) senior	
Q7	I'm very unhappy with the	way I've been No one	seems at all interested in my	case.	
	(a) considered	(b) treated	(c) placed	(d) pushed	
Q8	I believe I have very good	for suing your company	/ for negligence.		
	(a) lands	(b) terrains	(c) grounds	(d) areas	
Q9	If you don't do something t	If you don't do something today, I shall be to take legal action.			
	(a) held	(b) ordered	(c) commanded	(d) forced	
Q10	You're the tenth person I'v	e been put through to and I'n	m on the point of losing my .		
	(a) mood	(b) temper	(c) state	(d) feeling	

Q1	Quite honestly I didn't thin	k of the standard of acti	ng in the play.	
	(a) lot	(b) few	(c) little	(d) much
Q2	If you want my opinio	n, I thought the food tasted r	evolting.	
	(a) honoured	(b) honourable	(c) honest	(d) honour
Q3	To come straight to the	I think the management to	eam needs replacing.	
	(a) summit	(b) top	(c) topic	(d) point
Q4	There are several matters	on which I should like to tak	e concerning your repo	rt.
	(a) outcome	(b) outlook	(c) issue	(d) outing
Q5	There's really no virtue in r	me pussy around becau	se I might as well tell you it's	s awful.
	(a) treading	(b) footing	(c) walking	(d) tripping
Q6	I have a long of thing	s I think are wrong, where sh	nall I start?	
	(a) story	(b) description	(c) file	(d) list
Q7	I'm afraid to tell you that your standard of work has fallen well below what we think is			
	(a) considerable	(b) believable	(c) acceptable	(d) available
Q8	In all honesty if I said that	everything was all right, I'd s	imply be	
	(a) lying	(b) laying	(c) loading	(d) letting
Q9	If you can't improve your le	evel of work, I'm afraid you'll	have to look for anothe	r job.
	(a) anywhere	(b) elsewhere	(c) nowhere	(d) somewhere
Q10	I'm sick and of always	s having to put right your mis	stakes.	
	(a) weary	(b) exhausted	(c) fatigued	(d) tired

Q1	I'm sorry but I can't yo	our opinion on that.		
	(a) take	(b) share	(c) give	(d) find
Q2	I very much regret that we	must company on that	issue.	
	(a) divide	(b) devise	(c) part	(d) leave
Q3	Let's be honest about it we	e'll never agree on that becau	use our views are diametrica	lly <b></b>
	(a) apposed	(b) imposed	(c) supposed	(d) opposed
Q4	We'll never agree, that's cl	ear so let's to differ.		
	(a) ask	(b) bid	(c) beg	(d) try
Q5	You can argue with me till	the cows come but I ca	n't accept that.	
	(a) away	(b) along	(c) back	(d) home
Q6	I really see no point in con	tinuing this argument becaus	se we have no ground.	
	(a) basic	(b) own	(c) common	(d) similar
Q7	There's absolutely no way	I can you on that matte	er.	
	(a) meet	(b) hold	(c) take	(d) find
Q8	Nothing in the world will ev	ver make me change my	. on that subject.	
	(a) thought	(b) mind	(c) idea	(d) heart
Q9	I would love to meet you h	alf way but I'm afraid I can't I	because with me it's a matte	r of
	(a) principal	(b) principles	(c) principally	(d) principle
Q10	Let's it, you and I will	never see eye to eye on this		
	(a) look	(b) take	(c) face	(d) see

Q1	Well! This is a very good piece of work.				
	(a) made	(b) done	(c) finished	(d) taken	
Q2	I must congratulate you on your efforts it up!				
	(a) Continue	(b) Take	(c) Keep	(d) Hold	
Q3	Don't give up whatever yo	u do. I'm sure you'll it in	the end.		
	(a) acquire	(b) get	(c) put	(d) make	
Q4	I'll by you no matter w	vhat happens.			
	(a) stand	(b) keep	(c) lean	(d) support	
Q5	I'm sure if you, you'll	succeed.			
	(a) pursue	(b) proceed	(c) propel	(d) persevere	
Q6	You've clearly got and	d it's obvious that you'll get to	o the top.		
	(a) control	(b) power	(c) talent	(d) strength	
Q7	I've watched a lot of young people try to make a success of it, but you're the only one I really in.				
	(a) think	(b) trust	(c) hold	(d) believe	
Q8	I see no why you sho	uldn't be accepted as an em	ployee.		
	(a) cause	(b) sense	(c) reason	(d) doubt	
Q9	Never up. That's a go	od philosophy.			
	(a) give	(b) do	(c) take	(d) try	
Q10	You mustn't ever be	off by a few setbacks.			
	(a) taken	(b) held	(c) put	(d) pushed	

Q1	She was going to discuss t	he matter with her colle	eagues or her family.	
	(a) but	(b) yet	(c) neither	(d) either
Q2	Our project team tried hard	I to think all the possible	e alternatives before making	a decision.
	(a) of	(b) at	(c) by	(d) as
Q3	Timing can be crucial	when you're considering lau	inching a new online market	ing campaign.
	(a) strongly	(b) greatly	(c) extremely	(d) already
Q4	Are you able to our co	onditions of delivery in line w	ith our recent invoice?	
	(a) except	(b) expect	(c) accept	(d) access
Q5	Fortunately for us we're fin	ding our new internet divisio	n is showing an increased	
	(a) prophet	(b) profit	(c) profitably	(d) profits
Q6	Following some recent res	earch our engineers tha	at our index system has scop	pe for fast improvement.
	(a) fined	(b) finding	(c) found	(d) finds
Q7	In our line of business it is	vital to host our website on o	our own server of gettin	g someone else to do it.
	(a) except	(b) but	(c) besides	(d) instead
Q8	Before you employ new sta professional experience.	aff you should carry out a	examination of their perso	onal qualities and
	(a) careful	(b) caring	(c) carefulness	(d) carefully
Q9	Thanks to the high standar	ds of service we offer our cu	istomers, we have been able	e to establish an excellent
	(a) repute	(b) reputable	(c) reputation	(d) reputedly
Q10	An interactive website can spent on correspondence.	save your organisation	amounts of time and money	/ that would otherwise be
	(a) signify	(b) significant	(c) significance	(d) signification

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 17 Adverbially Speaking

Q1	They had to drive up	the hill because the car was	very old.		
	(a) easily	(b) intently	(c) slowly	(d) fairly	
Q2	Please listen because	e this is important.			
	(a) quietly	(b) quickly	(c) nicely	(d) carefully	
Q3	Sorry we're late but we go	t here as as we could.			
	(a) recently	(b) quickly	(c) well	(d) nearly	
Q4	He mumbled throughout h	is speech so I could und	derstand a single word.		
	(a) really	(b) fully	(c) hardly	(d) hard	
Q5	I trust his judgement — he	makes a mistake.			
	(a) never	(b) always	(c) quite	(d) simply	
Q6	You've ruined my new	v carpet with your filthy shoe	S.		
	(a) rarely	(b) sometimes	(c) usually	(d) completely	
Q7	You haven't written that letter, have you?				
	(a) clearly	(b) truly	(c) actually	(d) blankly	
Q8	I have told her not to	do that and yet she always o	loes.		
	(a) admittedly	(b) repeatedly	(c) wholeheartedly	(d) frankly	
Q9	It was a very long day but we arrived in time for tea.				
	(a) eventfully	(b) unusually	(c) dully	(d) eventually	
Q10	He didn't want me to enter	and disputed my reaso	on for being there.		
	(a) hotly	(b) terribly	(c) horribly	(d) awfully	

Q1	I am writing this letter to you as a sort of last since all my attempts to phone you				
	(a) result	(b) return	(c) report	(d) resort	
Q2	and to try and make an	to meet you and discuss r	my problem with you have be	een unsuccessful.	
	(a) appoint	(b) appointee	(c) appointment	(d) appointing	
Q3	I would like to tell you the	story from the beginning	g.		
	(a) simple	(b) same	(c) extreme	(d) very	
Q4	In January this year I boug	ht a washing machine from	you for which I paid		
	(a) cash	(b) money	(c) cheque	(d) pounds	
Q5	and made for it to be	delivered to my home in Sou	uthcote on the following Tues	sday.	
	(a) instigations	(b) arrangements	(c) alterations	(d) confirmations	
Q6	I stayed in all day on machine would arrive.	as you had informed me tha	t you could not be sure at wh	nat time of day the washing	
	(a) intention	(b) regard	(c) purpose	(d) plan	
Q7	In the end nobody came the	at day. When I phoned, I wa	as told it come the follow	ving Tuesday.	
	(a) will	(b) shall	(c) ought	(d) would	
Q8	Again I stayed in all day in	and there was no deliv	ery.		
	(a) vain	(b) fault	(c) vanity	(d) error	
Q9	After six more phone calls	I succeeded in settling	on a date		
	(a) eventfully	(b) event	(c) eventually	(d) events	
Q10	and the machine came on	Tuesday February 20th — a	almost 5 weeks after the	delivery date.	
	(a) promising	(b) promised	(c) promises	(d) promise	

Q1	I had the washing machine fitted by a plumber but he was unable to make the thing work.				
	(a) renowned	(b) remarkable	(c) reputable	(d) respectable	
Q2	one of the component could be fitted.	ts was faulty and he recomm	nended that I got back to you	so that a replacement	
	(a) Appearing	(b) Appearance	(c) Apparition	(d) Apparently	
Q3	When I telephoned your st	ore and explained the t	o your receptionist,		
	(a) criterion	(b) situation	(c) place	(d) happening	
Q4	I was with the comme	ent, 'Oh not you again'			
	(a) told	(b) remarked	(c) said	(d) greeted	
Q5	which I found most es	specially since throughout the	e protracted period of waiting	g for the machine	
	(a) offended	(b) offending	(c) offensive	(d) offends	
Q6	I remained calm although I	believe I have every reasor	for up a fuss.		
	(a) hitting	(b) kicking	(c) knocking	(d) striking	
Q7	I eventually got put to	the technical department			
	(a) through	(b) over	(c) in	(d) across	
Q8	who were most hand				
	(a) to	(b) in	(c) by	(d) off	
Q9	and told me there was	. that could be done immedi	ately		
	(a) less	(b) little	(c) least	(d) few	
Q10	since there were a number	of people sick.			
	(a) through	(b) for	(c) off	(d) under	

Q1	We now move on to late March when I imagine that the sick employees were fully				
	(a) restored	(b) returned	(c) retired	(d) recovered	
Q2	and one of your technical	staff came out to see me with	n the intention of replacing th	ne part.	
	(a) defective	(b) deficient	(c) defining	(d) defeating	
Q3	Unfortunately he had	the wrong part with him			
	(a) delivered	(b) fetched	(c) brought	(d) picked	
Q4	and was very as to w	nen he would be able to find	the right part and get it back	to me.	
	(a) unable	(b) unsure	(c) unskilled	(d) untrained	
Q5	Another visit took in la make the washing machine	ate April but the engineer, alt e work.	hough he had got the right p	part with him, was unable to	
	(a) position	(b) spot	(c) time	(d) place	
Q6	It was at this stage that I w	as seriously considering get	ting of the machine		
	(a) rid	(b) riddance	(c) hold	(d) loose	
Q7	and asking for a				
	(a) repeat	(b) refund	(c) replace	(d) return	
Q8	When I this matter with	h one of your staff			
	(a) rose	(b) risen	(c) arose	(d) raised	
Q9	I was informed that this wa	s out of the			
	(a) problem	(b) concern	(c) question	(d) hand	
Q10	and they would send some	eone in the ' future'.			
	(a) near	(b) next	(c) soon	(d) coming	

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 21 Letter of Complaint (4)

Q1	At the beginning of May I d	lecided that the only course	of action was to a visit	to your store	
	(a) charge	(b) settle	(c) pay	(d) owe	
Q2	and meet you face to face	so that the matter could be s	settled once and for		
	(a) everything	(b) now	(c) then	(d) all	
Q3	I should have checked day.	d first since when I reached t	the shop I was led to believe	that you were out for the	
	(a) Admittedly	(b) Admitting	(c) Confessing	(d) Allowing	
Q4	Throughout this time of cou	urse I have been without the	of a washing machine		
	(a) faculty	(b) facility	(c) ability	(d) control	
Q5	and have had to use the lo	cal			
	(a) launder	(b) laundering	(c) launderette	(d) launderer	
Q6	From the end of May until	August I have been away on	business and was surprised	d that that period	
	(a) while	(b) attending	(c) from	(d) during	
Q7	no effort has been made to write to me and keep me to date.				
	(a) on	(b) up	(c) in	(d) over	
Q8	Since returning in Septemb end of my	per I have made at least a do	ozen phone calls and quite fr	ankly I have reached the	
	(a) tether	(b) line	(c) string	(d) cord	
Q9	and must that you do	something immediately to pu	ut the matter right.		
	(a) persist	(b) resist	(c) insist	(d) desist	
Q10	If I do not hear from you by	the end of this week I shall	be forced to legal advid	ce.	
	(a) search	(b) find	(c) look	(d) seek	

Q1	When Dad turned 50 we g	pave him a(n)the-hill pa	arty.	
	(a) after	(b) top-of	(c) under	(d) over
Q2	Young workers should be	gin now in preparation f	or retirement.	
	(a) investing	(b) anticipating	(c) funding	(d) spending
Q3	, we have more than e	enough volunteers for the jol	Э.	
	(a) Serious	(b) Thankful	(c) Fortunately	(d) Scrumptiously
Q4	He threw away the yogurt	because it was of date		
	(a) past	(b) terrible	(c) more	(d) out
Q5	Talk to your insurance age	ency about the your pla	n provides.	
	(a) coverage	(b) information	(c) premium	(d) equity
Q6	Consumers are constantly	with pleas to buy prod	ucts that they 'can't live with	out'.
Q6	Consumers are constantly (a) bombed	<ul><li>with pleas to buy prod</li><li>(b) bombarded</li></ul>	ucts that they 'can't live with (c) bombarding	out'. (d) bombards
Q6 Q7	-	(b) bombarded	-	
	(a) bombed	(b) bombarded	-	
	(a) bombed She is very in everyth	<ul><li>(b) bombarded</li><li>ning she does.</li><li>(b) engagement</li></ul>	(c) bombarding	(d) bombards
Q7	<ul><li>(a) bombed</li><li>She is very in everyth</li><li>(a) cultivate</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) bombarded</li><li>ning she does.</li><li>(b) engagement</li></ul>	(c) bombarding	(d) bombards
Q7	<ul><li>(a) bombed</li><li>She is very in everyth</li><li>(a) cultivate</li><li>Gas prices are at an all-tir</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) bombarded</li> <li>ning she does.</li> <li>(b) engagement</li> <li>ne</li> <li>(b) high</li> </ul>	(c) bombarding (c) inspire	(d) bombards (d) meticulous
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) bombed</li> <li>She is very in everyth</li> <li>(a) cultivate</li> <li>Gas prices are at an all-time</li> <li>(a) interest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) bombarded</li> <li>ning she does.</li> <li>(b) engagement</li> <li>ne</li> <li>(b) high</li> </ul>	(c) bombarding (c) inspire	(d) bombards (d) meticulous
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) bombed</li> <li>She is very in everyth</li> <li>(a) cultivate</li> <li>Gas prices are at an all-tim</li> <li>(a) interest</li> <li>Analysts said the acquisitie</li> <li>(a) boost</li> </ul>	(b) bombarded hing she does. (b) engagement ne (b) high on would earnings. (b) gain	<ul><li>(c) bombarding</li><li>(c) inspire</li><li>(c) expensive</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(d) bombards</li> <li>(d) meticulous</li> <li>(d) rise</li> <li>(d) rise</li> </ul>

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 23 Daily Business Activities

Q1	My went very well. I the	nink I will get the job.		
	(a) interview	(b) interstate	(c) invitation	(d) inspection
Q2	She likes your of writi	ng.		
	(a) jester	(b) paper	(c) test	(d) style
Q3	There is a water in the	e hallway next to the bathroc	om.	
	(a) tube	(b) spout	(c) hole	(d) fountain
Q4	This report is next we	ek.		
	(a) give	(b) due	(c) expect	(d) date
Q5	I cannot print the flyers bee	cause the is out of pape	er.	
	(a) printer	(b) impression	(c) vending	(d) impersonator
Q6	We normally serve five hur	ndred every day.		
	(a) customs	(b) customers	(c) consumers	(d) commuters
Q7	At the annual picnic we will be hotdogs and chicken.			
	(a) serving	(b) picketing	(c) holding	(d) rendering
Q8	From time time the inst	spector comes to make sure	that everything meets health	n standards.
	(a) in	(b) and	(c) to	(d) for
Q9	The bigger they are the ha	rder they		
	(a) cry	(b) hit	(c) drop	(d) fall
Q10	Do you keep your files in y	our desk?		
	(a) envelope	(b) drawer	(c) pocket	(d) leg

Q1	Our fax machine is; co	ould you please mail us a co	py instead?	
	(a) under	(b) over	(c) down	(d) downward
Q2	Did you receive the fax I	you this morning?		
	(a) mailed	(b) sent	(c) e-mailed	(d) gave
Q3	I did not receive your fax. A	Are you sure you the rig	ht number?	
	(a) typed	(b) pushed	(c) touched	(d) dialed
Q4	The should note who is regarding.	the fax is to, who it is from, t	he fax number, the number	of pages and what the fax
	(a) cover sheet	(b) item page	(c) message page	(d) blank sheet
Q5	Load all documents to be f	axed up in the fax tray.		
	(a) face	(b) top	(c) head	(d) foot
Q6	Always write a short to	o explain what the fax is for a	and who it should go to.	
	(a) memory	(b) memo	(c) observation	(d) announcement
Q7	I prefer e-mail fax mae	chines because it is so much	n less complicated.	
	(a) instead	(b) than	(c) to	(d) of
Q8	I would rather just send e-r	nails because it is easi	er.	
	<ul><li>(a) from now after</li><li>(c) from now and later</li></ul>		(b) from now and forward (d) from now on	
Q9	If you want to submit a doc	ument that contains a,	a fax might be better than a	n e-mail.
	(a) sign	(b) signature	(c) handwriting	(d) signet
Q10	Push the start button to set crumpled up.	nd the fax, then watch to ma	ke sure the paper throu	ugh right and does not get
	(a) slides	(b) moves	(c) feeds	(d) passes

Q1	Receptionist 1: Thank you	for calling ABC Inc., this is N	/lary. How may I your c	all?
	(a) send	(b) drive	(c) pass	(d) direct
Q2	Phil: Could you to acc	counting, please?		
	(a) put me through	(b) put me on	(c) put me out	(d) put me in
Q3	Receptionist 1: One,	olease.		
	(a) instant	(b) jiffy	(c) flash	(d) moment
Q4	Receptionist 2: Thank you	for calling Friendly Neighbor	s! can I help you today	?
	(a) Who	(b) Why	(c) What	(d) How
Q5	Fred: May I with the s	upervisor of international aff	airs please?	
	(a) talk	(b) speak	(c) chat	(d) holler
Q6	Receptionist 2: I'm sorry, s	ir, he's unavailable right now	v. Would you like me to	you to his voicemail?
	(a) shift	(b) relocate	(c) transfer	(d) pass
Q7	Fred: No thank you. I'll	again later.		
	(a) be	(b) try	(c) come	(d) attempt
Q8	To-go specialist: Thank yo	u for calling Motzeralla's 'To-	-go' Amy. How can I he	elp you?
	(a) I am	(b) Here is	(c) My name is	(d) This is
Q9	Nick: I'd like to a to-go	o order.		
	(a) make	(b) do	(c) place	(d) deliver
Q10	To-go specialist: What can	I for you today, sir?		
	(a) get	(b) buy	(c) make	(d) order

Q1	A will is a legal docun situations.	nent that informs the doctor o	of what care you would like t	o receive in specific
	(a) legal	(b) dying	(c) living	(d) final
Q2	A(n) is a legal declara death.	ation that states how people	want their belongings to be o	disposed of after their
	(a) will	(b) living will	(c) estate insurance	(d) contract
Q3	•	between "will" and "living ed health care directive" for "		pted the names "health
	(a) mistakes	(b) confusion	(c) tidiness	(d) lucidity
Q4	planning is the generation taxes after his death.	al planning of an individual's	wealth, along with the arran	gements for his will and
	(a) Life	(b) Will	(c) State	(d) Estate
Q5	Neither will or living will can documents.	n be replaced by the other. A	A(n) estate plan will cor	tain both of these
	(a) incomplete	(b) thorough	(c) deficient	(d) inadequate
Q6		health protection, they get ment for an illness or preserv		
	(a) mortgage	(b) obituary	(c) health	(d) retirement
Q7	If you don't have a will and a troublesome dispute ove	you die, your estate will be r your belongings.	according to a strict leg	al formula that may cause
	(a) disposed	(b) accumulated	(c) displaced	(d) disarranged
Q8	-	advisable for couples to wri annot be changed when one		: it is only effective after
	(a) joint	(b) separate	(c) single	(d) widowed
Q9	It is necessary for two with	esses who are not of th	e will to be present when ar	n individual signs his will.
	(a) relatives	(b) donors	(c) predecessors	(d) beneficiaries
Q10	For a will to be properly	it must be signed.		
	(a) unfulfilled	(b) executed	(c) sketchy	(d) read

Q1	If you want my honest opi	nion, I thought the play was .	·····	
	(a) litter	(b) dust	(c) waste	(d) rubbish
Q2	It was quite a good film bu	t I thought the characters we	ere a bit like	
	(a) paper	(b) cardboard	(c) plastic	(d) material
Q3	It's quite a nice car but the	re was not very much i	n the back.	
	(a) area	(b) limit	(c) room	(d) fullness
Q4	She's pleasant enough bu	t not very pretty. In fact I'd sa	ay she was rather	
	(a) plain	(b) straight	(c) simple	(d) casual
Q5	The first time you see the	view you can't believe it. It a	Imost takes your breath	
	(a) out	(b) over	(c) under	(d) away
~~	Last through the concert f	aling really bared and aloon	y and had to stop myself fro	m soveral times
Q6	i sat through the concert is	eeling really bored and sleep	y and had to stop mysell no	
QG	(a) gaping	(b) yawning	(c) stretching	(d) crying
Q6 Q7	(a) gaping		(c) stretching	(d) crying
	(a) gaping It was one of the most em	(b) yawning	(c) stretching	(d) crying
	<ul><li>(a) gaping</li><li>It was one of the most em me.</li><li>(a) ease</li></ul>	(b) yawning barrassing moments of my li	(c) stretching fe and I just wanted the grou (c) open	(d) crying and to up and swallow (d) crack
Q7	<ul><li>(a) gaping</li><li>It was one of the most em me.</li><li>(a) ease</li></ul>	(b) yawning barrassing moments of my li (b) throe	(c) stretching fe and I just wanted the grou (c) open	(d) crying and to up and swallow (d) crack
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) gaping</li> <li>It was one of the most emme.</li> <li>(a) ease</li> <li>In my opinion no one in the (a) as</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>barrassing moments of my li</li> <li>(b) throe</li> <li>eir right mind would ever go</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stretching</li> <li>fe and I just wanted the grou</li> <li>(c) open</li> <li>and pay to see a play t</li> <li>(c) more</li> </ul>	(d) crying and to up and swallow (d) crack hat. (d) like
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) gaping</li> <li>It was one of the most emme.</li> <li>(a) ease</li> <li>In my opinion no one in the (a) as</li> <li>The room was good, the boundary of the room was good was goo</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) throe</li> <li>eir right mind would ever go</li> <li>(b) same</li> <li>ed was comfortable and the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stretching</li> <li>fe and I just wanted the grou</li> <li>(c) open</li> <li>and pay to see a play t</li> <li>(c) more</li> <li>service was excellent but th</li> </ul>	(d) crying and to up and swallow (d) crack hat. (d) like e hotel food left a lot to be
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) gaping</li> <li>It was one of the most emme.</li> <li>(a) ease</li> <li>In my opinion no one in the (a) as</li> <li>The room was good, the become (a) required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) throe</li> <li>(c) throe</li> <li></li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stretching</li> <li>fe and I just wanted the grou</li> <li>(c) open</li> <li>and pay to see a play t</li> <li>(c) more</li> <li>service was excellent but th</li> <li>(c) demanded</li> </ul>	(d) crying (d) crack (d) crack hat. (d) like e hotel food left a lot to be (d) included
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) gaping</li> <li>It was one of the most emme.</li> <li>(a) ease</li> <li>In my opinion no one in the (a) as</li> <li>The room was good, the become (a) required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) yawning</li> <li>(b) throe</li> <li>eir right mind would ever go</li> <li>(b) same</li> <li>ed was comfortable and the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stretching</li> <li>fe and I just wanted the grou</li> <li>(c) open</li> <li>and pay to see a play t</li> <li>(c) more</li> <li>service was excellent but th</li> <li>(c) demanded</li> </ul>	(d) crying (d) crack (d) crack hat. (d) like e hotel food left a lot to be (d) included

Q1	There is no way that I can	agree to you early toda	ay.			
	(a) submitting	(b) renouncing	(c) leaving	(d) departing		
Q2	I must object and make it of scheme.	clear that I am totally ar	ny measures that suggest ch	anges to the original		
	(a) up	(b) without	(c) against	(d) off		
Q3	He has the of always	rejecting any idea that will c	hange the current arrangem	ents.		
	(a) habit	(b) custom	(c) task	(d) job		
Q4	I cannot condone that sort	of in my establishment	and would ask you to reme	mber that in future.		
	(a) routine	(b) manners	(c) going	(d) behaviour		
Q5	I have no choice really but	to turn your recent pro	posal because it is complete	ly unworkable.		
	(a) off	(b) over	(c) down	(d) across		
Q6	They can't possibly go	with your suggestions beca	ause it will involve too much	expenditure.		
	(a) over	(b) along	(c) in	(d) above		
Q7	Quite honestly I'd have to	Quite honestly I'd have to be out of my to sanction what is a crazy proposition.				
	(a) sense	(b) balance	(c) thought	(d) mind		
Q8	When her father discovere their way to prevent the ma	ed that his daughter wanted t arriage.	to marry a pop singer, he de	cided to put every in		
	(a) obstacle	(b) burden	(c) impediment	(d) problem		
Q9	He told me there was defin	nitely no that I would pa	ss my examination until I did	d some work.		
	(a) occasion	(b) chance	(c) opportunity	(d) time		
Q10	You could tell by the	he refused to smile that he d	lidn't like the story.			
	(a) method	(b) plan	(c) way	(d) path		

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 29 Ways of greeting

Q1	Great to see you again. I haven't seen you ages.			
	(a) by	(b) from	(c) of	(d) for
Q2	Welcome to our house. Co	ome in and make yourself		
	(a) comfortable	(b) easy	(c) relaxing	(d) comforting
Q3	How do you do? I don't thi	nk we've met		
	(a) after	(b) since	(c) then	(d) before
Q4	Hi Mary. Where have you	been yourself all this tir	ne?	
	(a) discovering	(b) hiding	(c) finding	(d) looking
Q5	Good morning, sir. I hope	you will have an enjoyable	in our hotel.	
	(a) stay	(b) halt	(c) stop	(d) sojourn
Q6	Good evening to you all. L	et me find you a(n) nea	r the window.	
	(a) corner	(b) angle	(c) table	(d) part
Q7	How are you, David? I mu	st you're looking very w	ell.	
	(a) declare	(b) recite	(c) state	(d) admit
Q8	Hello there. I just don't bel	ieve it. You haven't changed	a since we last met.	
	(a) bit	(b) piece	(c) little	(d) section
Q9	Ah, you must be Mary's husband. Do come in and everyone.			
	(a) see	(b) look	(c) find	(d) meet
Q10	Here you are at last! I hop	e your here wasn't too l	norrible.	
	(a) travel	(b) journey	(c) trip	(d) voyage

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 30 Ways of saying goodbye

Q1	I'm afraid it's we left.			
	(a) occasion	(b) time	(c) opportunity	(d) hour
Q2	If you don't, I think we	ll be cutting along.		
	(a) care	(b) think	(c) believe	(d) mind
Q3	I'll be seeing you then in de	ue		
	(a) path	(b) direction	(c) course	(d) route
Q4	Well, as they say all good	things come to an		
	(a) end	(b) conclusion	(c) finale	(d) finality
Q5	Thank you so much for	us you must come to us n	ext time.	
	(a) taking	(b) getting	(c) making	(d) having
Q6	Good bye then and m	e to all your family.		
	(a) remind	(b) remember	(c) recall	(d) repeat
Q7	If we don't leave now I'm a	fraid we'll the last train.		
	(a) forget	(b) fail	(c) miss	(d) turn
Q8	It's been great meeting up	again and we mustn't it	t so long next time.	
	(a) leave	(b) take	(c) wait	(d) lose
Q9	Looks we ought to be going really as it's got so late.			
	(a) as	(b) like	(c) when	(d) for
Q10	Well, there's for it but	simply to wish you well and	say goodbye.	
	(a) something	(b) everything	(c) anything	(d) nothing

Q1	I'm quite happy to support	you in your for a loan.		
	(a) subscription	(b) indication	(c) application	(d) abdication
Q2	I must admit I think your ide	ea is well considering.		
	(a) valuable	(b) worthy	(c) value	(d) worth
Q3	I shall certainly recommend	d your for improving saf	fety in the work place.	
	(a) proposal	(b) preference	(c) preferment	(d) proponent
Q4	You can on me for su	pport when the next election	comes up.	
	(a) number	(b) count	(c) account	(d) detail
Q5	I would like to endorse	e your scheme for saving wa	iter.	
	(a) full heartedly	(b) open heartedly	(c) wholeheartedly	(d) complete heartedly
Q6	The local council has appre	oved the plans for their	house.	
	(a) developing	(b) lengthening	(c) widening	(d) extending
Q7	You can on me to sup	port you when the matter is	discussed at the next meeting	ng.
	(a) rely	(b) trust	(c) believe	(d) follow
Q8	His choice of a new wife	with his parents' approva	I.	
	(a) struck	(b) met	(c) hit	(d) fell
Q9	They all promised they wo	uld stand him when he	put forward the idea of a stri	ke.
	(a) on	(b) to	(c) by	(d) through
Q10	The meeting unanimously	supported the chairman whe	en he suggested that they	the meeting.
	(a) shut	(b) finalise	(c) stop	(d) close

Q1	Now that's what I call abso	lutely		
	(a) perfect	(b) finished	(c) completed	(d) ended
Q2	You couldn't have made th	at drink better if you'd		
	(a) tested	(b) trailed	(c) required	(d) tried
Q3	What a delightful those	se flowers give off when you	touch them.	
	(a) bloom	(b) colour	(c) scent	(d) smell
Q4	Words just me when	I try to say how happy I am.		
	(a) fail	(b) miss	(c) pass	(d) fool
Q5	I can say that I don't t	hink I've ever enjoyed myse	lf so much before.	
	(a) surely	(b) safely	(c) clearly	(d) notably
Q6	There's really nothing like	it, is there, when you find yo	u've all the answers to t	he test right?
	(a) found	(b) seen	(c) acquired	(d) got
Q7	The only problem with you	r cooking is that the more I e	eat, the more I want mo	re.
	(a) any	(b) all	(c) some	(d) no
Q8	I must be because it's	all too good to be true.		
	(a) thinking	(b) dreaming	(c) sleeping	(d) dozing
Q9	Just let me try one more o	f your delicious chocolates a	nd then I'll not to take a	ny more.
	(a) promise	(b) assure	(c) confirm	(d) affirm
Q10	It's absolute here. I th	ink I'll stay at this hotel one	more week.	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 33 Ways of showing anger

Q1	I've had just as much as I	can from you.		
	(a) find	(b) lean	(c) stomach	(d) point
Q2	You do that again and I'll .	your head off.		
	(a) consume	(b) devour	(c) munch	(d) bite
Q3	I'm sorry but I can't take a	ny more. I'm afraid I've reach	ned point.	
	(a) screaming	(b) crying	(c) howling	(d) shouting
Q4	You just touch that pi	ece of paper and I'll kill you.		
	(a) attempt	(b) dare	(c) try	(d) endeavour
Q5	How many more times do	I have to it to you, stupi	d?	
	(a) restrain	(b) render	(c) repeat	(d) resign
Q6	I know you find this highly	amusing but to me it's no	matter.	
	(a) chortling	(b) chuckling	(c) grinning	(d) laughing
Q7	I'm warning you. I can take	e just that much and mc	ore.	
	(a) any	(b) no	(c) some	(d) enough
Q8	Everybody just get of	my way and leave me alone	).	
	(a) out	(b) off	(c) with	(d) over
Q9	Not another word from either of you. That's			
	(a) conclusive	(b) final	(c) ending	(d) concluded
Q10	Right. I'm leaving. You car	n do whatever you like. I cou	ldn't care	
	(a) more	(b) lesser	(c) least	(d) less

Q1	Words can't possibly how grateful I am for what you have done.				
	(a) detail	(b) delineate	(c) underline	(d) express	
Q2	Thank you so much for he	lping me. I really it.			
	(a) accept	(b) agree	(c) appreciate	(d) deserve	
Q3	A thousand thanks for all y	our hard work. I shall never	it.		
	(a) forego	(b) forget	(c) foretell	(d) forbid	
Q4	They showed their great g	ratitude by sending us a larg	e of money.		
	(a) sum	(b) packet	(c) box	(d) bundle	
Q5	Thank you for all you've do	one from the of my hear	·t.		
	(a) base	(b) foundation	(c) end	(d) bottom	
Q6	I'm sending this bunch of f	lowers as a small of my	thanks and appreciation.		
	(a) piece	(b) token	(c) counter	(d) emblem	
Q7	How can I thank you	enough for all you've done?			
	(a) entirely	(b) probably	(c) possibly	(d) exactly	
Q8	On the watch they gave hi	m were the words: grati	tude for 40 years loyal servi	ce.	
	(a) at	(b) of	(c) by	(d) in	
Q9	It's very difficult for children	It's very difficult for children to their gratitude for what their parents have done for them.			
	(a) show	(b) initiate	(c) enclose	(d) refer	
Q10	Look upon this as a o	f thank you present for all yo	our endeavours on our behal	f.	
	(a) type	(b) sort	(c) sign	(d) species	

Q1	If I've you once, I've o	lone it a hundred times. Don	't do it!	
	(a) spoken	(b) said	(c) told	(d) mentioned
Q2	I'll give you just one more	and after that, you'll be	in real trouble.	
	(a) go	(b) occasion	(c) time	(d) chance
Q3	I'm telling you loud and	that you really must get it	right this time.	
	(a) bright	(b) clear	(c) simple	(d) obvious
Q4	She told him that if his man	nners didn't, he would b	be sent home.	
	(a) approve	(b) disprove	(c) disapprove	(d) improve
Q5	He agreed because he sai	d it was like having a gun he	eld to his	
	(a) nose	(b) eye	(c) head	(d) foot
Q6	I'll lend you money for the	very last time because after	that you're on your	
	(a) own	(b) self	(c) side	(d) back
Q7	I can't tell you how lucky y	ou've been this time but just	till next time.	
	(a) attend	(b) wait	(c) expect	(d) delay
Q8	I'm prepared to your r	nistake on this occasion but	I can't ever do it again.	
	(a) oversee	(b) overtake	(c) overhear	(d) overlook
Q9	If you leave me now, you o	don't to come back.		
	(a) need	(b) require	(c) demand	(d) order
Q10	Let me put it simply one m	ore incident like that and you	u're out on your!	
	(a) eye	(b) nose	(c) ear	(d) head

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 36 How to make exclamations

Q1	What a wonderful day to se	ee the mountains!		
	(a) off	(b) by	(c) on	(d) in
Q2	How stupid can I get! I	my keys in the door overni	ght.	
	(a) forgot	(b) deserted	(c) traced	(d) left
Q3	For goodness sake stop	about the weather! It'll st	op raining soon.	
	(a) criticizing	(b) telling	(c) complaining	(d) calling
Q4	What on earth are you talk	ing about? I can't make hea	d or of it.	
	(a) tail	(b) end	(c) finish	(d) part
Q5	How nice of you to come a	Il this just to wish me a	happy birthday.	
	(a) path	(b) journey	(c) route	(d) way
Q6	What a disaster! I don't be	lieve anything else could go	now.	
	(a) off	(b) wrong	(c) incorrect	(d) false
Q7	Wow! You've certainly made	de a good of decorating	this room.	
	(a) job	(b) work	(c) task	(d) duty
Q8	Well blow me down! I just	can't believe I've actually	my exam.	
	(a) succeeded	(b) passed	(c) caught	(d) tackled
Q9	You could have knocked me down with a feather! You mean to say he's cleaned my car.			
	(a) certainly	(b) surely	(c) naturally	(d) actually
Q10	I'll go to the foot of my stai	rs! It must be at 20 yea	rs since we last met.	
	(a) last	(b) length	(c) least	(d) end

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 37 Ways of agreeing

Q1	I'm certainly you on th	nat.		
	(a) on	(b) with	(c) by	(d) to
Q2	I'm of a mind on that,	too.		
	(a) same	(b) identical	(c) parallel	(d) like
Q3	Yes, we definitely see eye	eye on that one.		
	(a) for	(b) over	(c) to	(d) of
Q4	In that respect we are of	mind on that.		
	(a) one	(b) single	(c) target	(d) absolute
Q5	I can't with that.			
	(a) question	(b) talk	(c) speak	(d) argue
Q6	Let's on that.			
	(a) control	(b) shake	(c) handle	(d) wave
Q7	There's only one word I ca	n use now to show my agree	ement and that's —	
	(a) follow	(b) execute	(c) deal	(d) hold
Q8	I'll that in writing to sh	ow my acceptance.		
	(a) confirm	(b) establish	(c) ground	(d) found
Q9	There's absolutely no doub	ot that you're right.		
	(a) howsoever	(b) whatsoever	(c) whosoever	(d) whichever
Q10	The seem eminently	suitable to me.		
	(a) tendencies	(b) actualities	(c) events	(d) terms

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 38 Ways of disagreeing

Q1	I'll have to company w	vith you there, I'm afraid.		
	(a) separate	(b) divide	(c) part	(d) leave
Q2	There's no way I can	that.		
	(a) incline	(b) consume	(c) indicate	(d) accept
Q3	We'll have to agree to	over that.		
	(a) differ	(b) differentiate	(c) deny	(d) decide
Q4	Don't even think about it! I	can't possibly take that on		
	(a) deck	(b) place	(c) board	(d) position
Q5	No matter how you an	re, I won't change my mind.		
	(a) perceptive	(b) perverse	(c) pernicious	(d) persuasive
Q6	You can't talk until the	. come home. I won't accept	that scheme.	
	(a) dogs	(b) cows	(c) cats	(d) hens
Q7	Sorry the subject is now	<b></b> .		
	(a) closed	(b) locked	(c) done	(d) completed
Q8	I regret I have no choice b	ut to reject the plan out of	<b></b> .	
	(a) power	(b) court	(c) hand	(d) grip
Q9	No matter how much you o	object, I am I am right a	nd you're wrong.	
	(a) convicted	(b) convinced	(c) conduced	(d) concerned
Q10	You might as well admit it!	You haven't a to stand	on.	
	(a) foot	(b) arm	(c) hand	(d) leg

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 39 Expressions and phrases about money

Q1	My grandfather keeps all h	is money in a under his	s bed.	
	(a) cash dispenser	(b) cash machine	(c) cash box	(d) cashier
Q2	What's the of India?			
	(a) coin	(b) cash	(c) currency	(d) money
Q3	The president stated in the	e press conference that the .	situation was very serior	JS.
	(a) economical	(b) economy	(c) economic	(d) economist
Q4	I like horse racing, but I ne	ver any money. I think	gambling is stupid.	
	(a) bet	(b) win	(c) lose	(d) earn
Q5	There's a at the bank	if you need some money.		
	(a) credit card	(b) cheque	(c) cash machine	(d) currency
Q6	Alan's parents must be	They've just bought him a	a new car.	
	(a) penniless	(b) wealthy	(c) millionaire	(d) bankrupt
Q7	As my uncle's a(n), h	e helps me manage my finar	nces.	
	(a) actuary	(b) underwriter	(c) accountant	(d) millionaire
Q8	When my grandfather diec	l, I discovered that he had le	ft me some money in his	
	(a) savings	(b) credit card	(c) will	(d) cash machine
Q9	At the end of each month,	my employer pays my	into the bank.	
	(a) savings	(b) funds	(c) salary	(d) finances
Q10	I'm at the moment. Ca	an you lend me ten pounds (	until the weekend?	
	(a) bankrupt	(b) broke	(c) ruined	(d) insolvent

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 40 Poverty in the US: living standards expressions

Q1	Poverty is a relative measu	ure that depends on prices, t	he standard of living, and the	e that others earn.
	(a) amounts	(b) incomes	(c) monies	(d) pays
Q2	Poverty is a major problem	n in America, and one that is	extremely difficult to	
	(a) decide	(b) resolve	(c) determine	(d) restore
Q3	Families and individuals an	e defined as living in if	their incomes fall below cert	ain levels.
	(a) poor	(b) poverty	(c) scarcity	(d) dearth
Q4	Poverty in the United State	es is more than most pe	eople realize.	
	(a) wide	(b) ample	(c) broad	(d) extensive
Q5	One reason for the continu	ed high poverty numbers is	the growing gap in the	of income.
	(a) distribution	(b) exchange	(c) transmission	(d) movement
Q6	Weekly tend to be low	ver for people employed in s	ervice industries.	
	(a) pay cuts	(b) paychecks	(c) payoffs	(d) paycards
Q7	During the 1990s, salaries remained about the same.	for highly skilled employees	, while wages for those	who are less skilled
	(a) soared	(b) flew	(c) skimmed	(d) took to the air
Q8	The decline of unions mea	ns that lower skilled workers	have to work for less p	bay.
	(a) somewhere	(b) everywhere	(c) elsewhere	(d) nowhere
Q9	The shift from two-parent f average family income.	amilies to single-parent fami	lies and other non-family arr	angements tends to
	(a) slighter	(b) smaller	(c) lesser	(d) lower
Q10	According to recent, r	nearly 35 million Americans I	ive in poverty.	
	(a) quantities	(b) statistics	(c) numerals	(d) amounts

Q1	We choose to wear different smartly for formal even		ons, putting on jumpers and	scarves when it is cold and
	(a) dressing down	(b) dressing gown	(c) dressing up	(d) dressing room
Q2	To French people, the Amonthe laundromat.	erican idea of looks like	a homeless person who jus	t finished his annual trip to
	(a) dressing down	(b) dressing up	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q3	The New York Islanders'	sustained severe damag	ge when a sewage pipe burs	t at Nassau Coliseum.
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing up	(c) dressing table	(d) dressing room
Q4	My mother put on her	and made herself some cof	fee.	
	(a) dressing up	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q5		e screaming at her manager an employee in a public pl	r in a store, another worker s ace.	tomping out of a
	(a) dressing up	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing room
Q6	The is approximately door.	4 feet wide by 6 feet deep, a	and has a full length mirror a	ttached to the inside of the
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing table	(c) dressing room	(d) dressing down
Q7	The door opened a few inc	ches to reveal a beautiful wo	man wearing a red	
	(a) dressing room	(b) dressing down	(c) dressing gown	(d) dressing up
Q8		e you more productive on the les your image in the eyes o	e job — but it does make you f others.	look and act more
	(a) Dressing down	(b) Dressing gown	(c) Dressing up	(d) Dressing room
Q9	The Intelligent Dressing particular item of clothing v	•	nents and display on a projec	tion screen how a
	(a) Room	(b) Table	(c) Gown	(d) Down
Q10			ring area with two king-sized doors that open onto a priva	
	(a) dressing gown	(b) dressing table	(c) dressing up	(d) dressing down

Q1	Which of the following pers	sons does not work at a shop	)? <b></b>		
	(a) A cashier	(b) A shop-assistant	(c) A window shopper	(d) A sales clerk	
Q2	Which of the following phra	ases is not a good way to gre	eet a customer?		
	(a) Hi, what's going on toda (c) Good morning. What w	•	(b) Good afternoon, sir. Ma (d) Good morning. What ca		
Q3	Customer: "Excuse me. Co opposite the bread."	ould you tell me where the co	offee is?" Sales clerk: "Certa	inly, it's in the next aisle	
	(a) at	(b) to	(c) from	(d) (none)	
Q4	Customer: "Good morning.	I need some tissues." Sales	s clerk: "Of course, how	packets would you like?"	
	(a) many	(b) lots of	(c) much	(d) plenty of	
Q5	If you think this is too big, we have a size too.				
	(a) lesser	(b) bigger	(c) smaller	(d) larger	
Q6	You will find meat and sau	sages next door.			
	(a) by the butcher's	(b) at the butcher's	(c) for the butcher's	(d) in the baker's	
Q7	Which of the following phrases should NOT be used to say that a product is not available at the moment?				
	<ul><li>(a) I'm afraid it's currently out of stock.</li><li>(c) We can re-order it for you.</li></ul>		<ul><li>(b) We don't have this.</li><li>(d) I'm sorry. It's not availabe right now.</li></ul>		
Q8	Customer: "Excuse me. W	hen do you close today?" Sa	ales clerk: "We close 10	) o'clock."	
	(a) for	(b) to	(c) at	(d) on	
Q9	Would you like to pay cash	or credit card?			
	(a) by	(b) on	(c) to	(d) for	
Q10	Thank you, here is your ch	ange and your			
	(a) recipe	(b) receipt	(c) recheck	(d) recline	

Q1	The company had its own	code of in these matter	S.	
	(a) behaviour	(b) practice	(c) dealing	(d) attitude
Q2	This is a example of	what not to do.		
	(a) critical	(b) pure	(c) simple	(d) prime
Q3	Plans have already been of	drawn to deal with such	situations.	
	(a) over	(b) through	(c) up	(d) into
Q4	Thousands of are alre	eady signing up for this new	telephone service.	
	(a) individuals	(b) subscribers	(c) applicants	(d) interviewees
Q5	Job losses are mainly in th	ne sectors of the industr	у.	
	(a) blue-collar	(b) red-collar	(c) stiff-collar	(d) high-collar
Q6	The circular will contain	financial information to he	elp investors.	
	(a) key	(b) obvious	(c) intelligent	(d) noted
Q7	The report is to show	better than expected results	).	
	(a) necessary	(b) possibly	(c) clearly	(d) likely
Q8	So many of these animals	have been shot over the year	ars that they are now classed	d as species.
	(a) dangerous	(b) endangered	(c) unwanted	(d) limited
Q9	Some people are to le	earn a foreign language.		
	(a) unaccustomed	(b) shy	(c) reluctant	(d) inhibited
Q10	It was a big for her to	give up her acting career to	look after her family.	
	(a) trial	(b) sacrifice	(c) endeavour	(d) test

Q1	Most of the money wa	as donated to charity.		
	(a) raised	(b) gathered	(c) risen	(d) found
Q2	They are showing a c	f a 1930's musical at the Th	eatre Royal.	
	(a) resurrection	(b) revival	(c) retake	(d) repeat
Q3	When they had both retire	d, they in a small village	e by the sea.	
	(a) stop	(b) trial	(c) stopped	(d) settled
Q4	The students at this univer	sity are in blocks of flat	s on the campus.	
	(a) housed	(b) domiciled	(c) resident	(d) placed
Q5	I have no wish to have any	with a firm like that.		
	(a) openings	(b) handling	(c) dealings	(d) contacts
Q6	Voters find it difficult to bel	ieve politicians because the	latter use so many doc	tors.
	(a) twist	(b) spin	(c) turn	(d) spinning
Q7	We are told there will be lit	tle economic this year.		
	(a) progress	(b) forwards	(c) movements	(d) progression
Q8	Unfortunately she has bee	n given an task.		
	(a) insurmountable	(b) undeveloped	(c) inoperable	(d) unsolved
Q9	It is essential to have air	in your car when you driv	ve in a hot climate.	
	(a) control	(b) blowing	(c) conditioning	(d) cooling
Q10	Manufacturers are bringing	g a new range of compu	uters this year.	
	(a) up	(b) out	(c) through	(d) across

Q1	The stock market has hit r	new this year.		
	(a) lows	(b) bottoms	(c) depths	(d) ends
Q2	The government has decid	ded to hold an into the l	atest financial scandal.	
	(a) examination	(b) enquiry	(c) evaluation	(d) interpretation
Q3	The animal rights organisa	ation has a new campai	gn to make people aware of	cruelty to animals.
	(a) launched	(b) pursued	(c) offered	(d) ejected
Q4	I was totally of the inc	creased taxes.		
	(a) unknowing	(b) unclear	(c) incredulous	(d) unaware
Q5	The price of petrol has	again.		
	(a) raised	(b) risen	(c) escalated	(d) ascended
Q6	The ordinary person is aga	ain being asked to to pa	ay for dental treatment.	
	(a) stump up	(b) throw up	(c) cheer up	(d) bring up
Q7	This car is intended for the	e market only.		
	(a) internal	(b) external	(c) export	(d) outside
Q8	Credit card holders strugg	le very hard to the amo	unt they owe.	
	(a) reduce	(b) deduct	(c) curtail	(d) shorten
Q9	This charity was set up to	money for the poor.		
	(a) collect	(b) gather	(c) assemble	(d) convene
Q10	Everything all right in	the end.		
	(a) happened	(b) occurred	(c) turned up	(d) turned out

Q1	Tell us something about yo	our in the engineering ir	ndustry?	
	(a) foreground	(b) background	(c) knowledge	(d) history
Q2	I see from your form t	hat you have had three diffe	rent jobs in the last 5 years.	
	(a) apply	(b) applying	(c) applied	(d) application
Q3	What sort of of time w	vould you stay with us if we c	offered you the job?	
	(a) span	(b) duration	(c) period	(d) long
Q4	Describe how you would d	escribe in five years' tir	ne.	
	(a) you	(b) your	(c) yours	(d) yourself
Q5	Give us some idea of what	t you believe are your a	nd weaknesses.	
	(a) strength	(b) strengths	(c) force	(d) forces
Q6	As this is a managerial posemployee.	st, we must ask you how you	deal with bad keeping	or unpunctuality in an
	(a) house	(b) space	(c) time	(d) record
Q7	Imagine one of your staff le	oses her temper and shouts	at you in front of others, how	would you with this?
	(a) take	(b) do	(c) handle	(d) deal
Q8	What would you say to a n	nember of your staff who alw	ays his work in late?	
	(a) delivered	(b) handed	(c) produced	(d) completed
Q9	I should explain that we we	ould naturally any previ	ous holiday arrangements yo	ou have made.
	(a) believe	(b) show	(c) decide	(d) honour
Q10	Finally now that we've ask	ed you several questions, do	you want to any to us?	?
	(a) place	(b) put	(c) offer	(d) consider

Q1	I was pleased to receive yo	our response to my proposal	but there are one or two po	ints that need
	(a) notification	(b) certification	(c) clarification	(d) signification
Q2	A report has just been sector.	. that gives details of the cau	uses of this trend towards inf	ormality in the business
	(a) published	(b) directed	(c) opened	(d) held
Q3	According to the in the work.	e report it is clear that emplo	yees under the age of 35 pr	efer to dress casually at
	(a) seeking	(b) searching	(c) findings	(d) probing
Q4	Thirty years ago this kind o	of informality would not have	been	
	(a) withheld	(b) endured	(c) suffered	(d) tolerated
Q5	All employees are kindly re	equested to from smoki	ng in the presence of custon	ners.
	(a) stop	(b) restrain	(c) refrain	(d) restrict
Q6	The meeting went on for th	ree hours and as a result th	ere was no time left to discu	ss all the topics on the
	(a) list	(b) index	(c) contents	(d) agenda
Q7	There's really no point in h any other	oping to add important topic	s right at the end of the mee	ting under the heading of
	(a) business	(b) work	(c) activity	(d) tasks
Q8	The chairman was obliged	to bring the meeting to a	because a fire broke out i	n the adjoining room.
	(a) cessation	(b) standstill	(c) stopping	(d) halt
Q9	It is absolutely essential the meeting.	at the clerk takes care to	any decisions that have be	een reached during the
	(a) time	(b) minute	(c) detail	(d) measure
Q10	As so few members had tu	rned up at the meeting, it wa	as decided to it until fur	ther notice.
	(a) delay	(b) wait	(c) postpone	(d) hold

Q1	The one big fear of all wor	d economies is that of		
	(a) regression	(b) repression	(c) recession	(d) receding
Q2	You are never too young to	o start some money in a	a savings account.	
	(a) inputting	(b) interesting	(c) infusing	(d) investing
Q3	If ever you find you have a	n unexpected expense, you	can always some mone	ey from your savings.
	(a) extract	(b) exit	(c) withhold	(d) withdraw
Q4	At certain times of the year down in value.	r your shares will a good	d profit but you must also be	prepared for them to go
	(a) yield	(b) take up	(c) increase	(d) throw up
Q5	You can the cost of in	suring your car if you keep it	t in a garage.	
	(a) refine	(b) drop	(c) cut	(d) slice
Q6	We got a very good w	hen we bought that three pie	ece suite for half its usual pr	ice.
	(a) deal	(b) dealing	(c) dealer	(d) dealt
Q7	. ,	(b) dealing started, big department store	. ,	
Q7	. ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. ,	
Q7 Q8	Now that the summer has (a) take on	started, big department store	es are hoping that sales of h (c) take off	oliday items will (d) take to
	Now that the summer has (a) take on The two companies have o	started, big department store (b) take up	es are hoping that sales of h (c) take off	oliday items will (d) take to
	Now that the summer has (a) take on The two companies have of greater profits. (a) merge	started, big department store (b) take up lecided to because they	es are hoping that sales of h (c) take off / believe that their combined (c) mix	oliday items will (d) take to I resources will produce (d) blend
Q8	Now that the summer has (a) take on The two companies have of greater profits. (a) merge	started, big department store (b) take up decided to because they (b) double	es are hoping that sales of h (c) take off / believe that their combined (c) mix	oliday items will (d) take to I resources will produce (d) blend
Q8	Now that the summer has (a) take on The two companies have of greater profits. (a) merge When someone dies and t (a) profits	started, big department store (b) take up decided to because they (b) double heir reach a certain figu	es are hoping that sales of h (c) take off / believe that their combined (c) mix re, their family has to pay ar (c) assets	oliday items will (d) take to I resources will produce (d) blend n additional tax.

Q1	When you go to an auctior	and you want to buy a part	icular item, you can simply n	nake a for it.
	(a) try	(b) test	(c) go	(d) bid
Q2	The larger company did no	ot really want to join with the	smaller one because it was	more interested in a
	(a) turn over	(b) turn up	(c) overtaker	(d) takeover
Q3	on the stockmarket ju	st before Christmas is usual	ly very slow.	
	(a) Working	(b) Trading	(c) Pricing	(d) Adding
Q4	This sport centre has large	ely been by money that	has come from the national	lottery.
	(a) founded	(b) found	(c) fined	(d) funded
Q5	The reason for the in	the economy is because the	ere is a great deal of uncertain	inty at the moment.
	(a) slowness	(b) slowly	(c) slowdown	(d) slow
Q6	The in the market wa	s seen as a positive sign tha	t the recession was over.	
	(a) upturn	(b) upstart	(c) uptake	(d) upward
Q7	The books for manufa	acturers of small cars are no	w full following the rise in pe	trol.
	(a) exercise	(b) order	(c) place	(d) trade
Q8	The future of his job was a	t when he made the de	cision to invest in new mach	inery.
	(a) steak	(b) state	(c) stake	(d) stress
Q9	After their house had been	, they decided to sell it	and buy a bigger one.	
	(a) valued	(b) priced	(c) cost	(d) prized
Q10	Fifty people were made	when the company suffer	ed a severe financial shock.	
	(a) useless	(b) unwanted	(c) unneeded	(d) redundant

Q1	If you cannot get a job and	remain for a long perio	od, you can claim some mon	ey from the state.
	(a) unengaged	(b) unattached	(c) unemployed	(d) unused
Q2	The great thing about this generated the great thing about this generated back.	guarantee is that there is nev	ver any doubt and there is no	o about getting your
	(a) squabble	(b) argument	(c) quibble	(d) quarrel
Q3	There is a substantial	between the money you have	ve available and the amount	you need to spend.
	(a) shortdrop	(b) shortfall	(c) shortdown	(d) shortslide
Q4	When you retire, you shou	d get a pension and a	sum from your employers.	
	(a) lump	(b) block	(c) pile	(d) heap
Q5	are people who put m	oney into a business in the h	nope of making a profit.	
	(a) Spenders	(b) Borrowers	(c) Lenders	(d) Investors
Q6	When you take out a large	loan over many years, you d	don't start paying off the	for some time.
	(a) main	(b) chief	(c) capital	(d) bulk
Q7	We will make no for the	ne catalogue, which you can	take with our compliments.	
	(a) cost	(b) debt	(c) charge	(d) payment
Q8	It may seem a long way int	o the future but in the end yo	ou will get some from y	our investment.
	(a) produce	(b) benefit	(c) products	(d) price
Q9	There is still an outstanding on that account, which must be paid in 30 days.			
	(a) balance	(b) scale	(c) difference	(d) cost
Q10	Interest are at their lo	west level since the 1950's.		
	(a) figures	(b) rates	(c) numbers	(d) standards

Q1	It's useful when you go to a	an auction if you're ready wit	h cash in	
	(a) pocket	(b) purse	(c) case	(d) hand
Q2	I prefer to deal in casl	n rather than cheques.		
	(a) solid	(b) hard	(c) real	(d) actual
Q3	Every office has a certain a	amount of cash to pay f	or things like tea, coffee or s	tamps.
	(a) small	(b) little	(c) tiny	(d) petty
Q4	At the moment we are exp	eriencing some cash pr	oblems because little mone	y is coming in.
	(a) fly	(b) stream	(c) flow	(d) run
Q5	At the casino you can cash	a your chips at the desk		
	(a) off	(b) out	(c) up	(d) in
Q6	Whatever she does, she ju	st can't help money.		
	(a) doing	(b) making	(c) massing	(d) creating
Q7	There doesn't seem to be a money.	anyone working really hard f	or the business and yet they	all seem to earn
	(a) facile	(b) simple	(c) easy	(d) quick
Q8	If you don't want to use a c	heque or postal order, you c	an always use a money	<b></b> .
	(a) order	(b) command	(c) instruction	(d) directive
Q9	That new invention has be	en very successful and has	proved to be a money f	or its creator.
	(a) driver	(b) worker	(c) spinner	(d) turner
Q10	This machine is obviously	useless and if I were you I'd	get your money	
	(a) back	(b) again	(c) return	(d) up

Q1	In order to make a sensible research.	e among the different va	acuum cleaners available, it	is important to do some
	(a) comparing	(b) comparison	(c) compares	(d) comparative
Q2	The local department store summer clothing.	has to make a sustained ef	fort at this time of the year to	o customer demand for
	(a) satisfy	(b) satisfaction	(c) satisfies	(d) satisfying
Q3	A good team leader must l	be able to his colleague	s to face the challenge of a	downturn in business.
	(a) inspiring	(b) inspiration	(c) inspires	(d) inspire
Q4	The trend in children's	s desire to wear designer lat	pel clothes should be exploit	ed.
	(a) currant	(b) current	(c) occuring	(d) occured
Q5	You have to the publi	c that it is in their own intere	st to read the instructions or	all our medicines.
	(a) convict	(b) conviction	(c) convince	(d) convincing
Q6	In order to survive in this b	usiness you must adopt a	stance.	
	(a) competition	(b) competing	(c) competitor	(d) competitive
Q7	The of alcohol is not a	allowed in any of the compar	ny's premises in order to pre	sent a clean image.
	(a) consumer	(b) consumption	(c) consuming	(d) consumes
Q8	When you are setting out t	o new customers in an	advertisement, choose the r	ight words.
	(a) attraction	(b) attractive	(c) attract	(d) attracts
Q9	The really effective televisi	on commercial is the one the	at you of its authenticity	Ι.
	(a) persuades	(b) persuasion	(c) persuasive	(d) persuading
Q10	I can strongly recommend	this as the best availab	le on the market today.	
	(a) producer	(b) product	(c) production	(d) produce

Q1	We got there early so that	we could get the best in	n the sale before anyone els	e.
	(a) objects	(b) products	(c) bargains	(d) offerings
Q2	If you with me, I'll go	and see whether we have th	at in your size.	
	(a) hold	(b) stay	(c) bear	(d) wait
Q3	The trouble with these hug times.	e superstores is that they do	on't have enough to dea	al with customers at busy
	(a) barriers	(b) sales points	(c) exits	(d) checkouts
Q4	It started off as a small strostore.	eet corner shop over 30 yea	rs ago but it has now in	to a massive department
	(a) expanded	(b) extended	(c) explored	(d) enlarged
Q5	Take a good look at the re	ceipt when you leave so tha	t you can see that all the	. have been listed.
	(a) proceeds	(b) items	(c) products	(d) produce
Q6	Whenever I go to the old p	part of a city, I like to all	the shops selling antiques.	
	(a) examine	(b) search	(c) check	(d) explore
Q7	Are you aware of the lates	t in children's clothing?		
	(a) tendency	(b) trend	(c) custom	(d) habit
Q8	They're quite in their	policy of not giving refunds v	vithout a receipt in this store	
	(a) severe	(b) strong	(c) strict	(d) hard
Q9	They have a restriction one time.	on in the shop with regard to	the number of items of cloth	ing that you can try on at
	(a) legal	(b) reasonable	(c) required	(d) mandatory
Q10	The extent of the ava	ilable in this one store is mo	re than you can possibly ima	agine.
	(a) merchandise	(b) objects	(c) produce	(d) articles

Q1 Without the right software I'm afraid you can't that particular program.				
	(a) reach	(b) access	(c) obtain	(d) find
Q2	The aim of the office mana space for a personal comp	iger is to enough room outer.	on the building plans so that	each employee can have
	(a) arrange	(b) accord	(c) allocate	(d) organize
Q3	Remember that before you	I leave your workstation, alw	ays your computer.	
	(a) shut out	(b) shut up	(c) shut in	(d) shut down
Q4	It's quite easy if you want t starts	o find folders and files on the	e computer, all you do is clic	k here and it immediately
	(a) seeking	(b) searching	(c) looking	(d) checking
Q5	I have tried and tried agair wrong.	and again and no matter wh	nat I do it still shows "error" -	— I just can't what's
	(a) look out	(b) check out	(c) figure out	(d) bring out
Q6	I spent hours writing that repressed the button.	eport and checking all the inf	ormation was correct and th	en without thinking I
	(a) 'destroy'	(b) 'delete'	(c) 'deface'	(d) 'deny'
07				
Q7	It's a really clever piece of columns.	software because it enables	you to on your screen	all the information in
QT		software because it enables (b) depict	you to on your screen (c) display	all the information in (d) delineate
Q7 Q8	columns. (a) illustrate		(c) display	
	columns. (a) illustrate	(b) depict	(c) display	
	columns. (a) illustrate Unfortunately this program (a) amicable	(b) depict is not with the operatin	<ul><li>(c) display</li><li>ng system on my computer.</li><li>(c) adaptable</li></ul>	(d) delineate (d) amenable
Q8	columns. (a) illustrate Unfortunately this program (a) amicable	(b) depict is not with the operatin (b) compatible	<ul><li>(c) display</li><li>ng system on my computer.</li><li>(c) adaptable</li></ul>	(d) delineate (d) amenable
Q8	columns. (a) illustrate Unfortunately this program (a) amicable When you see that particu (a) indicating	<ul> <li>(b) depict</li> <li>is not with the operation</li> <li>(b) compatible</li> <li>lar symbol on the screen, yo</li> <li>(b) checking</li> <li>always check your spelling a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) display</li> <li>ig system on my computer.</li> <li>(c) adaptable</li> <li>u have to take that as a</li> <li>(c) briefing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) delineate</li> <li>(d) amenable</li> <li>that something is wrong.</li> <li>(d) warning</li> </ul>

Q1	Even after their recent her	vy expenses, they still found	there was a healthy in	their bank account
QI				
	(a) rest	(b) remainder	(c) balance	(d) basis
Q2	As the builder wanted cash herself.	n for the work he had done, s	she had to go to the bank pe	ersonally to the money
	(a) take off	(b) take out	(c) take over	(d) take in
Q3	It was considered a very g	ood time to apply for a	to buy the house because in	terest rates were very low.
	(a) pledge	(b) promise	(c) mortgage	(d) borrowing
Q4	Before they could borrow a money to be able to make	a large sum of money to buy a payment.	the house, they had to mak	e sure they had enough
	(a) down	(b) through	(c) low	(d) base
Q5	All the you make on y	our internet account are rec	orded so that you can check	the details at any time.
	(a) movements	(b) deals	(c) activities	(d) transactions
Q6	I'm afraid this cheque will b	be of no value until you have	put your on it.	
	(a) signature	(b) signs	(c) signing	(d) signed
Q7	The bank refused to t	he money order because the	e customer had no proof of i	dentity.
	(a) receive	(b) take	(c) accept	(d) enter
Q8	Under the rules laid down machine in any one day.	by the bank there is a c	on the amount of money you	can get out from a cash
	(a) limiting	(b) restriction	(c) restricting	(d) limitation
Q9		ter did not know the custom aying out the sum on the ch	•	mount of money involved
	(a) concerned	(b) careful	(c) conscious	(d) cautious
Q10	The bank will simply not le employment for at least the	t you any money unless ree years.	s you can prove that you hav	/e been in regular
	(a) lend	(b) loan	(c) borrow	(d) remove

Q1	Good procedures are	very important if you want to	o run a business profitably a	nd successfully.
	(a) accounted	(b) accounting	(c) accounts	(d) accountants
Q2	The company fell heavily in	nto when it took on too	many customers and offered	them all cheap warranties.
	(a) debt	(b) debts	(c) owing	(d) owes
Q3	Once you have built up yo	ur company, you must reme	mber to keep in touch with y	our original
	(a) people	(b) contributors	(c) clients	(d) members
Q4	Each department within th	e organisation is given a	within which it has to rema	in for the whole year.
	(a) sum	(b) money	(c) dividend	(d) budget
Q5	When the time came to clo could be paid off.	ose the business down, its er	ntire had to be calculate	ed so that the creditors
	(a) earnings	(b) assets	(c) accumulation	(d) asset
Q6	The manager called in her	chief clerk because she cou	Ild not the figures on the	e monthly spreadsheet.
	(a) acquaint	(b) resolve	(c) reconcile	(d) recognize
Q7	Every year the college fina the accounts.	nce officer did not look forwa	ard to the visit from the gove	rnment official who came to
	(a) order	(b) regulate	(c) control	(d) audit
Q8	It was a great relief to Cha and there was only one	rlie when he realized that he payment left.	had come to the end of his	agreement with the bank
	(a) extraordinary	(b) upstanding	(c) outstanding	(d) standing
Q9	The building society sent a	e letter to all its savers and	that there would be a rec	duction in the interest rate.
	(a) lenders	(b) borrowers	(c) loans	(d) takers
Q10	Shortly after the couple ha	d bought their first house, th	ey saw the number of bills	rapidly.
	(a) accentuate	(b) aggravate	(c) accumulate	(d) access

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 15 Money Matters (3)

Q1	The representative of the f	inancial consultants assured	her that the policy of the firm	n was that of complete
	(a) destiny	(b) devotion	(c) commitment	(d) attention
Q2	There is no need to worry a sponsoring us.	about the money side of the	project because are av	ailable from the charity
	(a) foundations	(b) funds	(c) findings	(d) finds
Q3	The present finance minist cautious policy.	er has adopted a very a	approach towards change ar	nd always follows a very
	(a) concerned	(b) considering	(c) concerning	(d) conservative
Q4	As all advisers always do, commitment over at least ?	she stressed that investing i 10 years.	n this particular market had	to be considered as a
	(a) elongated	(b) lengthy	(c) long-term	(d) longing
Q5	The best way to develop a up a	n income for the future is to	invest in a series of compan	ies and in that way to build
	(a) suitcase	(b) portfolio	(c) folder	(d) briefcase
Q6	I strongly recommend inve	sting in these shares becaus	se you will get a very good	after only a few years.
	(a) reward	(b) reprise	(c) return	(d) response
Q7	The question is whether it is next year.	is to sell up all your sha	res at this stage rather than	wait to see how the market
	(a) wisdom	(b) wise	(c) wisely	(d) wisest
Q8	There is no question that the	he most important in the	at company is its youthful en	thusiasm.
	(a) resort	(b) resorted	(c) resource	(d) resorting
Q9	If you want to make a good approach.	d job of selling shares to the	public, you must have an ele	ement of in your
	(a) attacking	(b) aggression	(c) fighting	(d) invasion
Q10	It's a personal matter whet of mind.	her you choose stock from tl	his company or from that be	cause in the end it's an
	(a) advance	(b) approach	(c) attitude	(d) angle

Q1	There is one date you mus	stn't forget and that's the	. for sending in details of yo	ur earnings to the tax office.
	(a) headline	(b) deadline	(c) mainline	(d) offline
Q2	If you are self-employed, y	ou must make sure that you	the form indicating how	v much you have earned.
	(a) fill up	(b) fill through	(c) fill out	(d) fill on
Q3	If the department agrees the	nat you have paid too much	tax in the year, you will recei	ive a in due course.
	(a) return	(b) reply	(c) response	(d) refund
Q4	Each month when you rec	eive your pay, the employer	a certain amount to pay	y towards your pension.
	(a) withholds	(b) withstands	(c) withdraws	(d) without
Q5	When you take out a loan,	you have to pay interest on	the amount you	
	(a) own	(b) lend	(c) owe	(d) take
Q6	In the tax office there will b	be a that holds all the do	ocuments and papers conne	cted with you.
	(a) file	(b) box	(c) book	(d) container
Q7	There is quite a heavy fina	ncial attached to any a	ction that involves late paym	ent of taxes.
	(a) punishment	(b) pain	(c) restriction	(d) penalty
Q8	Under the new regulations previous year.	you can agree yourself to	the tax you have to pay o	on the income over the
	(a) figure	(b) calculate	(c) add	(d) amount
Q9	As the couple had a a	account, the money to pay th	e mortgage was taken from	there.
	(a) joint	(b) united	(c) unified	(d) joined
Q10	You can decide, if you so	wish, to your right to tak	e your pension at an earlier	date.
	(a) give in	(b) give up	(c) give out	(d) give off

Q1	The reason why I always b	buy my clothes at this store is	s because all the they s	ell are of very high quality.
	(a) types	(b) species	(c) brands	(d) standards
Q2	Before these articles leave	the factory to be forwarded	to the retailer, each one is th	noroughly
	(a) seen	(b) looked at	(c) appraised	(d) inspected
Q3	The advantages of working	g for this company is that all	employees themselves	as a member of the team.
	(a) believe	(b) think	(c) perceive	(d) hold
Q4	If for any reason customer	s do not like the item they ha	ave bought, they always	and get a refund.
	(a) hold it back	(b) take it back	(c) keep it back	(d) give it back
Q5	The great thing about this	particular material is that how	wever much you screw it up,	it never
	(a) wrinkles	(b) twists	(c) turns	(d) folds
Q6	The company insists that a	all their products are in	respect of their quality, spec	ification and look.
	(a) actual	(b) identity	(c) typical	(d) uniform
Q7	This is the department for	children's clothes and each .	is marked with the reco	mmended age range.
	(a) cloth	(b) garment	(c) clothing	(d) clothe
Q8	The sole purpose of this ja	cket is to water and if y	ou wear it in the rain and stil	ll get wet, it's useless.
	(a) reject	(b) repulse	(c) repel	(d) return
Q9	The whole look of the shop	o front is by the introduc	ction of bright colours.	
	(a) engrossed	(b) enlarged	(c) enveloped	(d) enhanced
Q10	These pots are being sold	as seconds because each o	ne has a slight in the g	laze.
	(a) defect	(b) mistake	(c) error	(d) faulting

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 18 *Product Improvement*

Q1	Before the product is put o	n the market, the company r	nust whether it complie	s with safety standards.
	(a) ask	(b) calculate	(c) ascertain	(d) argue
Q2	It is absolutely essential to market.	do some thorough befo	pre you even think of putting	a new product on the
	(a) revision	(b) research	(c) repeat	(d) return
Q3	You have a to the put	lic to ensure your toy produc	cts are suitable for children t	o play with.
	(a) responsibility	(b) concern	(c) attitude	(d) behaviour
Q4	The company is busy trying products.	g to the problems arisin	g from the sudden drop in sa	ales of their cosmetic
	(a) answer	(b) solve	(c) discover	(d) dissolve
Q5	The job of the of this p the public.	particular section is to train th	ne members to deal politely	with any complaints from
	(a) controller	(b) organizer	(c) supervisor	(d) governor
Q6	Inspiration has its place in some kind of approac	any form of product develop h.	ment but at the same time y	ou also need to adopt
	(a) systematic	(b) thematic	(c) automatic	(d) emblematic
Q7	A approach to new ide	eas is to be welcomed but yo	ou do need a strong element	t of imagination as well.
	(a) physical	(b) fundamental	(c) judgmental	(d) logical
Q8	Since 1993 or if you like wi marketing.	thin the last, there have	e been many products that h	ave failed because of poor
	(a) period	(b) decade	(c) scale	(d) time
Q9	We would definitely like to range of products.	the proposal you have	presented to us with a view	to including it in our current
	(a) discover	(b) uncover	(c) examine	(d) reflect
Q10	As we have enough money	/ in our present budget, we a	are happy to launch this new	product in the nature of an
	(a) enterprise	(b) experiment	(c) undertaking	(d) exception

Q1	We're paying for a stand a employees in our company	t the new industrial exhibition	n with a view to interest	among potential
	(a) generalizing	(b) generating	(c) germinating	(d) gesticulating
Q2	For the first three months of	of your employment with the	firm you will be under the ca	are of a
	(a) minor	(b) monitor	(c) mender	(d) mentor
Q3	Although she was very ten salary would have been in:	npted to accept the job she v sufficient.	vas offered, she had to	the offer because the
	(a) return	(b) reject	(c) refuse	(d) repeat
Q4	A university education is o	f course important but it is es	ssential that all employees u	ndergo a period of intensive
	(a) preparation	(b) concentration	(c) training	(d) learning
Q5	A newsletter is sent out ev appointments.	ery ten days to all the staff s	o that they receive a regular	on recent
	(a) update	(b) dating	(c) dates	(d) dated
Q6	Part of the ongoing training their staff.	g is to ensure that a regular t	ime and place are for d	lepartment heads to meet
	(a) placed by	(b) put on	(c) set up	(d) set off
Q7	The head of department as staff.	cknowledged that the o	f the section was largely due	to high quality support
	(a) success	(b) progress	(c) business	(d) future
Q8	The pace of change in that	t industry is so fast that staff	find it hard to the latest	developments.
	(a) hold on to	(b) keep on to	(c) hold up with	(d) keep up with
Q9	It is the policy of the compared	any to all interviews for	new recruits with a member	of the trade union present.
	(a) control	(b) conduct	(c) convene	(d) confirm
Q10	In view of the excessive we days.	orkload you have at the mon	nent I won't expect you to ke	ep during the next few
	(a) on line	(b) on road	(c) on track	(d) on path

Q1 The contract was signed by the three partners who thus agreed to by terms and c	
it.	conditions contained in
(a) follow (b) adhere (c) abide (d	d) stick
Q2 There was nothing in the contract that who would be responsible in the event that became seriously ill.	t one of the partners
(a) pointed (b) specified (c) printed (d	d) developed
Q3 An independent adviser was called in after the collapse of the company to some on not clear.	of the issues that were
(a) result (b) retake (c) restrain (d	d) resolve
Q4 One of the mentioned in the original agreement has decided that she does not wa profit-sharing scheme.	ant to continue with the
(a) partakers (b) participants (c) particles (d	d) parties
Q5 In view of the serious problems associated with the takeover the newspaper company offer of financial help.	has decided to its
(a) throw (b) reject (c) cancel (d	d) deter
Q6 The main problem was that the newly formed organisation was not attracting enough v decided to the services of a public relations expert.	work and so they
(a) call (b) engage (c) enter (d	d) register
Q7 That company has been in business for over 100 years and in fact was in 1899.	
(a) grounded (b) established (c) found (d	d) invented
Q8 After the complaint had been received from the customer about poor service, she was the matter would be put right.	given a written that
(a) paper (b) insurance (c) assurance (d	d) conviction
Q9 They were very careful to make sure in the original agreement that would be mad redundancies.	de to pay for staff
redundancies.	de to pay for staff d) provision
redundancies.	d) provision

Q1	If you ask someone for the replies.	ir on supermarkets as o	opposed to the small corner	shop, you will get varying
	(a) standing	(b) stand	(c) stance	(d) status
Q2	The first question you have	e to ask is who are the custo	mers that they are each tryir	ng to
	(a) target	(b) hit	(c) aim	(d) deliver
Q3	When you tell the inhabita	nts of a small village that the	little local store is going to c	lose, many will express
	(a) dispute	(b) disdain	(c) dislike	(d) dismay
Q4	There will naturally be losing the little store.	. in the various sections of th	ne community as to the bene	fits or disadvantages of
	(a) cuts	(b) splits	(c) slices	(d) pieces
Q5	Of course we all get	with endless leaflets through	the door telling us of bargain	ns at the local supermarket.
	(a) plagued	(b) attacked	(c) stormed	(d) bothered
Q6	Big discussions take place outcome can be quite	in the area as to whether a for the small shop owner.	supermarket will come to the	e area and waiting for the
	(a) nerve killing	(b) nerve hurting	(c) nerve racking	(d) nerve splitting
Q7		(b) nerve hurting eem to go on forever and you		
Q7				
Q7 Q8	Inquiries are held which se (a) speeded through	eem to go on forever and you	u only wish that the procedur (c) speeded up	e could be (d) speeded in
	Inquiries are held which se (a) speeded through	eem to go on forever and you (b) speeded along	u only wish that the procedur (c) speeded up	e could be (d) speeded in
	Inquiries are held which se (a) speeded through Protest meetings are held (a) disgrace	eem to go on forever and you (b) speeded along but invariably they end in a . (b) shambles	(c) speeded up because they are not or (c) chaos	e could be (d) speeded in ganized properly. (d) fall
Q8	Inquiries are held which set (a) speeded through Protest meetings are held (a) disgrace Then the final result is and	eem to go on forever and you (b) speeded along but invariably they end in a . (b) shambles	(c) speeded up because they are not or (c) chaos	e could be (d) speeded in ganized properly. (d) fall
Q8	Inquiries are held which set (a) speeded through Protest meetings are held (a) disgrace Then the final result is and then become a super super (a) joiner	eem to go on forever and you (b) speeded along but invariably they end in a (b) shambles ounced that there is to be a ermarket. (b) combine now in a terrible becau	<ul> <li>a only wish that the procedur</li> <li>(c) speeded up</li> <li> because they are not or</li> <li>(c) chaos</li> <li> between EASISHOP and</li> <li>(c) link</li> </ul>	e could be (d) speeded in ganized properly. (d) fall nd GOSHOP, which will (d) merger

<ul> <li>Q1 Going on a spending with your credit card and no concern about how you pay back the borrow, is a growing habit these days.</li> <li>(a) burst (b) spree (c) flight (d) day</li> </ul>	e money you
(a) burst (b) spree (c) flight (d) day	
	,
Q2 There is a popular demand for the system that allows credit companies to offer unlimited creptople to be	edit to young
(a) overhauled (b) overseen (c) overlooked (d) over	rtaken
Q3 It has been by a government agency that the percentage of under 25 year olds owing companies is on the increase.	large sums to
(a) distinguished (b) deciphered (c) dissolved (d) disc	closed
Q4 One director of a major credit company has already been forced to because of the bac company has attracted.	I publicity his
(a) step over (b) step through (c) step down (d) step	o out
Q5 One solution that has been suggested to control credit is to the regulations to make it is credit in the first place.	nore difficult to get
(a) step under (b) step up (c) step by (d) step	p across
Q6 The main problem is that a debt has developed recently believing that it is cool to owe money.	large sums of
(a) cultivation (b) cult (c) cultivate (d) cult	ure
Q7 Recent reports have that being in debt is not now looked upon as a disgrace but rathe way of life.	r as an attractive
(a) revealed (b) restored (c) replied (d) resp	ponded
Q8 In reality it's a very long to get from owing to paying off all your debts.	
(a) hail (b) halt (c) haul (d) help	C
Q9 There are frequently in the family home between parents and children about whether y into credit agreements.	ou should enter
	ahaa
(a) collisions (b) clashes (c) claims (d) cras	snes
(a) collisions(b) clashes(c) claims(d) crassQ10What concerns people most are the mounting among governments that it will take at least for us to be rid of excessive debt.	

Q1	If you go to an unauthorize	ed garage to have your car s	erviced, the is that your	warranty will be invalid.
	(a) consequence	(b) conduct	(c) convenience	(d) consideration
Q2	The guarantee, as I under	stood it, that everything	was covered.	
	(a) inferred	(b) implied	(c) imputed	(d) involved
Q3	I regret to inform you that a	as your guarantee last v	week, we can't help you.	
	(a) died	(b) deceased	(c) expired	(d) extinguished
Q4	A warranty is to be looked	on as a sort of betweer	n the manufacturer and you.	
	(a) privilege	(b) practice	(c) printout	(d) promise
Q5	Sometimes people don't be	other about guarantees beca	ause the of the manufac	cturer is enough for them.
	(a) repute	(b) reputed	(c) reputedly	(d) reputation
Q6	Certain warranties the	e purchaser to have the item	serviced at regular intervals	).
	(a) remand	(b) repeat	(c) require	(d) retain
Q7	You will find that such war expense.	ranties are not worth buying	because the cover provided	is not worth the extra
	(a) famously	(b) frequently	(c) fervently	(d) freely
Q8	This kind of legislation is in	existence to the custo	mer from worthless warranti	es.
	(a) provide	(b) protect	(c) please	(d) pacify
Q9	You sometimes have to	very seriously whether to	buy a second hand car whic	ch has no guarantee.
	(a) consider	(b) contend	(c) contain	(d) convince
Q10	Sometimes you get a one	year warranty, a two year or	e or even a six month one -	– they all
	(a) various	(b) variable	(c) variety	(d) vary

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 24 At the Office (1)

Q1	Concern was expressed by	y the office manager that the	company would buy an	. financial package.
	(a) agreeable	(b) affordable	(c) absolute	(d) actual
Q2	The main of stationer prices.	y for the office suddenly ann	ounced there would be an o	verall increase in their
	(a) provision	(b) producer	(c) provisional	(d) provider
Q3	The chief administrative of	ficer disliked lack of attention	n to detail and insisted that s	uch mistakes should never
	(a) recur	(b) repeat	(c) retake	(d) refer
Q4	Once again the company h	has had to make a in the	e number of office staff to try	and recoup their losses.
	(a) reducing	(b) reduction	(c) reduce	(d) reduces
Q5	The of zip discs in the	e office is running dangerous	ly low.	
	(a) share	(b) state	(c) stock	(d) selection
Q6	If the managers want to sta	ay employed, they will have	to learn how to stay on	of their jobs.
	(a) summit	(b) top	(c) head	(d) line
Q7	It's not worth paying for an	annual service when you ca	an simply call the supplier on	an as basis.
	(a) needed	(b) noted	(c) called	(d) told
Q8	The new office manager w	ill be in of all the IT req	uirements that the company	uses.
	(a) use	(b) mind	(c) case	(d) charge
Q9	Currently there is a shortag	ge of clerical staff but it is ho	ped that by the end of the ye	ear they will be up to full
	(a) capability	(b) capacity	(c) control	(d) capable
Q10	Staff are always encourage own	ed to work by themselves an	nd whenever they meet a pro	blem, they should use their
	(a) initiative	(b) interest	(c) involvement	(d) initial

Q1	On her retirement she was years.	s given a substantial cheque	in of all the work she ha	ad done over the last 20
	(a) respect	(b) thought	(c) appreciation	(d) belief
Q2	Having attended the office introduce it into their daily	procedures course all emple routine.	byees were expected to	what they had learned and
	(a) reinforce	(b) respond	(c) react	(d) resource
Q3	Visiting clients had comme	ented on the casual dress	of most of the clerical stat	f.
	(a) manner	(b) method	(c) feature	(d) code
Q4	The of staff doing phy companies.	vsical exercises before the st	art of the day is well establis	shed in Japanese
	(a) practical	(b) practicality	(c) practice	(d) practically
Q5	There is a lengthy procedu	re used in this office for staf	f who have produced shodd	y work and it begins with a
	(a) wordy	(b) verbal	(c) worded	(d) verbose
Q6	There was no fixed agend	a for that particular day as it	was to be regarded simply a	is a meeting.
Q6	There was no fixed agenda (a) possible	. ,	was to be regarded simply a (c) unplanned	is a meeting. (d) casual
Q6 Q7	(a) possible	a for that particular day as it	(c) unplanned	(d) casual
	<ul><li>(a) possible</li><li>At the interview all the can</li></ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable	(c) unplanned	(d) casual
	<ul><li>(a) possible</li><li>At the interview all the can of work being carried out.</li><li>(a) look</li></ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable didates were shown round th	<ul><li>(c) unplanned</li><li>ne building but could only read</li><li>(c) glimpse</li></ul>	(d) casual ally catch a of the sort (d) picture
Q7	<ul><li>(a) possible</li><li>At the interview all the can of work being carried out.</li><li>(a) look</li></ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable didates were shown round th (b) view	<ul><li>(c) unplanned</li><li>ne building but could only read</li><li>(c) glimpse</li></ul>	(d) casual ally catch a of the sort (d) picture
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) possible</li> <li>At the interview all the can of work being carried out.</li> <li>(a) look</li> <li>They really need to keep at (a) in to</li> </ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable didates were shown round th (b) view	<ul> <li>(c) unplanned</li> <li>ne building but could only read</li> <li>(c) glimpse</li> <li>oplies as they've run A4</li> <li>(c) out of</li> </ul>	(d) casual ally catch a of the sort (d) picture paper once again. (d) up to
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) possible</li> <li>At the interview all the can of work being carried out.</li> <li>(a) look</li> <li>They really need to keep at (a) in to</li> </ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable didates were shown round th (b) view a check on the stationery sup (b) up for	<ul> <li>(c) unplanned</li> <li>ne building but could only read</li> <li>(c) glimpse</li> <li>oplies as they've run A4</li> <li>(c) out of</li> </ul>	(d) casual ally catch a of the sort (d) picture paper once again. (d) up to
Q7 Q8 Q9	<ul> <li>(a) possible</li> <li>At the interview all the can of work being carried out.</li> <li>(a) look</li> <li>They really need to keep at (a) in to</li> <li>Managers prefer to select (a) devoted</li> </ul>	a for that particular day as it (b) probable didates were shown round th (b) view a check on the stationery sup (b) up for people who have been	<ul> <li>(c) unplanned</li> <li>ne building but could only reading</li> <li>(c) glimpse</li> <li>(c) out of</li> <li>to many different types of of</li> <li>(c) opened</li> </ul>	(d) casual ally catch a of the sort (d) picture paper once again. (d) up to fice environments. (d) experienced

Q1	If you drive faster than the	stated speed limit, you are s	simply the law.	
	(a) turning	(b) snapping	(c) holding	(d) breaking
Q2	However angry you may g law into your own	et at what someone has don	e to you, the police always a	advise you not to take the
	(a) fingers	(b) hands	(c) mind	(d) control
Q3	In London in any undergro	und station it is the law	to smoke.	
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) through	(d) against
Q4	Even if you think you may	have got away with a crime,	in most cases the long	of the law will catch you.
	(a) arm	(b) feel	(c) stretch	(d) reach
Q5	In that particular industry e	everyone has to look after the	emselves because the law of	f the rules.
	(a) animals	(b) zoo	(c) jungle	(d) forest
Q6	They have no respect for r themselves.	nodern conventions and do e	exactly what they want — the	ey are a law
	(a) unto	(b) into	(c) outside	(d) across
Q7	Her parents are very strict	and frequently down th	e law about the way she bel	naves.
	(a) lie	(b) lies	(c) lay	(d) lays
Q8	Although technically his jud was right to let the man go	dgement was not according t free.	to the of the law, most p	people thought the judge
	(a) print	(b) number	(c) point	(d) letter
Q9	I get the impression somet law.	imes that she thinks she car	n never do anything wrong a	most as if she is the
	(a) above	(b) over	(c) superior	(d) higher
Q10	All governments want peop	ple to live in peace and comf	ort and so they try to promo	te a sense of law and
	(a) ease	(b) order	(c) correct	(d) structure

Q1	There is an additional	added to the price of the pro	oduct if you want to have it c	delivered to your house.
	(a) figure	(b) charge	(c) number	(d) charging
Q2	You should have read the	of payment as soon as	you received the invoice for	the goods.
	(a) reasons	(b) types	(c) lists	(d) terms
Q3	In order to cut down the exadministrator.	penses of compiling and ser	nding out the invoices, you n	need to employ an
	(a) officious	(b) effecting	(c) efficient	(d) affected
Q4	It's always a good idea to g doormat.	get an of what the cost	of the work will be before the	e invoice lands on your
	(a) interest	(b) estimate	(c) esteem	(d) actual
Q5	I do like to get a reply supposed to be paying.	to my letters especially whe	n they are referring to the a	mount of money I'm
	(a) prompt	(b) private	(c) promoted	(d) prominent
Q6	Just as we were about to I in the bill.	eave the restaurant, the wait	er came running up to apolo	gize there had been a
	(a) error	(b) trip	(c) mistake	(d) damage
Q7	The company were very qui it immediately.	uick to point out it was their f	ault we had been sent the w	rrong invoice and they
	(a) correct	(b) rectified	(c) stamped	(d) righted
Q8	In view of our previous ord	ers over the last year we we	re offered a 10% on an	y future dealings.
	(a) discord	(b) dispute	(c) dislike	(d) discount
Q9	He appreciated the additio all been a longstanding	nal welcome and help he rec	ceived from the department	store staff as he had after
	(a) customer	(b) courier	(c) courtier	(d) custom
Q10	She got quite angry about the value added tax.	the size of the invoice until it	t was pointed out that it was	the government who
	(a) insisted	(b) imposed	(c) inserted	(d) indented

Q1	If you are self-employed, it	is your responsibility to	. how much tax you should I	egally pay.
	(a) consider	(b) complete	(c) correct	(d) calculate
Q2	I had a letter from the offic over the last 3 years.	e of the Collector of Taxes te	elling me that I had to pay ba	ack all the money I
	(a) due	(b) indebted	(c) owed	(d) owned
Q3	The arrangement they hav their	e is that all the money that h	has to be paid in tax out of th	eir earnings comes from
	(a) joined	(b) conjoined	(c) joined up	(d) joint
Q4	Under the current legislation	on if you are late in paying yo	our taxes, then you have to f	ace a financial
	(a) penalty	(b) punishment	(c) pain	(d) penalize
Q5	He is in a terrible rush to c	omplete his tax returns by T	uesday otherwise he won't b	e able to reach the
	(a) dead end	(b) deadline	(c) dead date	(d) dead stop
Q6	It doesn't happen very ofte treat myself.	n but I actually got some mo	oney from the tax office and	with the I'm going to
	(a) remake	(b) repeat	(c) refund	(d) respite
Q7	Before you can claim any	money back on overpaymen	t of tax, you have to an	application form.
	(a) fill for	(b) fill out	(c) fill through	(d) fill with
Q8	You can elect, if you want,	to transfer your tax free allo	wance to your	
	(a) spouse	(b) sponsor	(c) spook	(d) spokesperson
Q9	Until it's clearly established of your pay.	d which tax group you are in,	, your employer will be asked	d to a certain amount
	(a) withstand	(b) without	(c) withhold	(d) withal
Q10	There have been so many in the office.	queries about his tax situati	on that there is now a huge	containing the details
	(a) full	(b) filled	(c) filling	(d) file

Q1	It's a gamble at the moment the aim. (a) wanted	nt whether the company will (b) wished	make profit in its second yea (c) desired	ar but that nevertheless is (d) needed
Q2	Each year the Chancellor seen as the economic out	of the Exchequer stands up ook for the country.	in the House of Commons a	nd gives a of what is
	(a) forecast	(b) foretell	(c) foresee	(d) forego
Q3	I think that your financial o	ptimism is not really justified	and you should adopt a mo	re attitude.
	(a) really	(b) realize	(c) reality	(d) realistic
Q4	If you want to increase sal	es of a particular product, yo	ou must be sure that you are	the right customers.
	(a) aiming	(b) directing	(c) targeting	(d) guiding
Q5	The idea caught on very q investment	uickly and people were queu al profits.	iing up to buy the goods so t	hat year the company's
	(a) confirmed	(b) yielded	(c) harvested	(d) maintained
Q6	it has not been a bad	year as our costs are well d	own on last year's.	
Q6	it has not been a bad (a) Overall	year as our costs are well d (b) Largely	own on last year's. (c) Mainly	(d) Quite
Q6 Q7	(a) Overall		(c) Mainly	
	(a) Overall Managers complained bitte	(b) Largely	(c) Mainly	
	<ul><li>(a) Overall</li><li>Managers complained bitter</li><li>time low.</li><li>(a) signs</li></ul>	(b) Largely erly at the Annual General M	(c) Mainly leeting that of production (c) types	on had dropped to an all (d) levels
Q7	<ul><li>(a) Overall</li><li>Managers complained bitter</li><li>time low.</li><li>(a) signs</li></ul>	(b) Largely erly at the Annual General M (b) indications	(c) Mainly leeting that of production (c) types	on had dropped to an all (d) levels
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) Overall</li> <li>Managers complained bitter time low.</li> <li>(a) signs</li> <li>You have to accept that the (a) general</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Largely</li> <li>erly at the Annual General M</li> <li>(b) indications</li> <li>is kind of expenditure is quite</li> <li>(b) typical</li> <li>been published by the comp</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Mainly</li> <li>leeting that of production</li> <li>(c) types</li> <li>e in an enterprise of this</li> <li>(c) formal</li> </ul>	n had dropped to an all (d) levels s kind. (d) correct
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Overall</li> <li>Managers complained bitter time low.</li> <li>(a) signs</li> <li>You have to accept that the (a) general</li> <li>The figures that have just</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Largely</li> <li>erly at the Annual General M</li> <li>(b) indications</li> <li>is kind of expenditure is quite</li> <li>(b) typical</li> <li>been published by the comp</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Mainly</li> <li>leeting that of production</li> <li>(c) types</li> <li>e in an enterprise of this</li> <li>(c) formal</li> </ul>	n had dropped to an all (d) levels s kind. (d) correct
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Overall</li> <li>Managers complained bitter time low.</li> <li>(a) signs</li> <li>You have to accept that the (a) general</li> <li>The figures that have just a sign on how sales are goint (a) prospective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Largely</li> <li>erly at the Annual General M</li> <li>(b) indications</li> <li>is kind of expenditure is quite</li> <li>(b) typical</li> <li>been published by the compong.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Mainly</li> <li>leeting that of production</li> <li>(c) types</li> <li>e in an enterprise of this</li> <li>(c) formal</li> <li>any's accountants will give r</li> <li>(c) perusal</li> </ul>	(d) levels s kind. (d) correct nanagement some kind of (d) perspective

Q1	One of the most important others.	qualities which the panel is	looking for in a candidate is	the to work with
	(a) ease	(b) case	(c) power	(d) ability
Q2	Once the applications hav those candidates who hav		rocedure for the panel is to	follow the references of
	(a) across	(b) in	(c) up	(d) along
Q3	They were so impressed w	vith the way she reacted to th	neir questions that they didn	't to offer her the job.
	(a) delay	(b) hesitate	(c) waiver	(d) dither
Q4	As this job was of a very s	pecialist nature an was	invited to join the interview	panel.
	(a) expert	(b) exponent	(c) exhibitor	(d) expedient
Q5	After the interview one of t	the candidates phoned	the office to see whether he	had been successful.
	(a) always	(b) ever	(c) constantly	(d) competently
Q6	She was in such a state of	f extreme nervousness wher	she was for the intervi	ew that she burst into tears.
	(a) called on	(b) called in	(c) called over	(d) called off
Q7	From the point of view of r	elevant she was the ide	eal candidate at least on pap	per.
	(a) reference	(b) history	(c) family	(d) background
Q8	It is absolutely essential in	an interview to give the imp	ression at least that you are	full of
	(a) concern	(b) continuity	(c) confidence	(d) confirmation
Q9	One of the most popular q	uestions asked of interviewe	es is to explain their strengt	hs and
	(a) weaknesses	(b) varieties	(c) virtues	(d) variables
Q10	Each candidate was asked	d to a short account of h	now they saw the future of th	ne company.
	(a) display	(b) present	(c) show	(d) demonstrate

Q1	The boss was appointed in	the hope that she would be	The boss was appointed in the hope that she would be able to results.				
	(a) find	(b) seek	(c) achieve	(d) manage			
Q2	In the very beginning she h	had a meeting with all the sta	aff, which turned out to be ex	tremely			
	(a) productive	(b) producing	(c) produced	(d) production			
Q3	Although many people war managment.	nted to remain to her pr	edecessor, they soon started	d to respect her style of			
	(a) trusting	(b) believing	(c) attached	(d) loyal			
Q4	At the first series of intervie	ews the question was wheth	er to appoint a newcomer or	a current employee.			
	(a) project	(b) promote	(c) proffer	(d) protect			
Q5	The decision was finally ta	ken that appointments shoul	d be based purely and simp	ly on			
	(a) marvel	(b) mandate	(c) merit	(d) mastery			
Q6	There was a new spirit in t	he company and for the first	time in ages staff at last felt	they were being			
	(a) valued	(b) valuable	(c) valuing	(d) valid			
Q7	Employees were beginning to receive for the hard work that they had been doing.						
	(a) respect	(b) referral	(c) recognized	(d) recognition			
Q8	It soon became apparent to the company.	hat under the new managem	nent people were also startin	g to some of their free			
	(a) donate	(b) deliver	(c) contribute	(d) convert			
Q9	Some of the longest servin	g staff actually looked t	to coming into work.				
	(a) on	(b) about	(c) through	(d) forward			
Q10	At the end of her first year	it was to everyone that	as the new boss she had be	een totally accepted.			
	(a) obvious	(b) granted	(c) taken	(d) thought			

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 32 Pay and Allowances

Q1 (a) base(b) basis(c) ground(d) foundationQ2 (a) base(b) basis(c) ground(d) foundationQ2 (a) sincere(b) fragile(c) breakable(d) delicateQ3 (a) negotiate(b) demonstrate(c) apply(d) disputeQ4 (a) malleable(b) shaped(c) flexible(d) bendingQ5 (a) allowed(b) shaped(c) selectable(d) eliciteQ6 (a) allowed(b) lilegible(c) selectable(d) eliciteQ6 (a) allowed(b) lilegible(c) selectable(d) eligibleQ6 (a) allowed(b) illegible(c) arise(d) eligibleQ6 (a) allowed(b) confirmation(c) arise(d) eligibleQ6 (a) coperation(b) confirmation(c) arise(d) eligibleQ6 (a) coperation(b) confirmation(c) compensation(d) considerationQ7 (a) coperation(b) confirmation(c) compensation(d) considerationQ8 (a) coperation(b) confirmation(c) compensation(d) considerationQ8 (a) increase(b) benefit(c) grow(d) developQ9 (a) increase(b) validity(c) crecompense(d) valueQ9 (a) wage(b) validity(c) crecompense(d) valueQ9 (a) return(b) value(c) receive the company-pursus(d) valueQ9 (a) return(b) value(c) grow(d) valueQ9 (a) return(b) pursus(c) grow(d) valueQ9 (a) return <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>					
Q2       Although he knew it was a sensitive subject, his boss had to ask him the question about his drink problem.         (a) sincere       (b) fragile       (c) breakable       (d) delicate         Q3       At the interview each applicant was able to the level of remuneration they would be expecting to receive.       (a) negotiate       (b) demonstrate       (c) apply       (d) dispute         Q4       Under the new arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish.       (a) malleable       (b) shaped       (c) flexible       (d) bending         Q5       According to the contract you are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.       (a) allowed       (b) illegible       (c) arise       (d) raze         Q6       The only way you can be to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.       (a) raze       (d) consideration         Q7       She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.       (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) compensation       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.       (a) dowedo       (b) validity       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.	Q1	On the of her ten year	rs' service she immediately o	qualified for the extended an	nual leave of six weeks.
problem.(a) sincere(b) fragile(c) breakable(d) delicateG3At the interview each applicant was able to the level of remuneration they would be expecting to receive.(a) negotiate(b) demonstrate(c) apply(d) disputeG4Under the new arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish.(d) bending(a) malleable(b) shaped(c) flexible(d) bendingG5According to the contract your are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.(a) allowed(b) raise(c) selectable(d) eligibleG4The only way you can bee to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.(d) raze(d) considerationG6The only way you can bee to the new up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.(c) compensation(d) considerationG6Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you willfrom the inner city allowance.(d) developG8Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you willfrom the receive law since 2000.(d) developG9The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has you will for clerical ecolor and the compense of the orden part with source.(d) valueG9Remember when you sub or what you will be attract at the clerical assistant share you will for clerical ecolor and the orden part with source.(d) valueG9Net hourly for all part time clerical assistant share you will be clerice the compense of the clerical ecolor and the or		(a) base	(b) basis	(c) ground	(d) foundation
Q3       At the interview each applicant was able to the level of remuneration they would be expecting to receive.         (a) negotiate       (b) demonstrate       (c) apply       (d) dispute         Q4       Under the new arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish.       (a) malleable       (b) shaped       (c) flexible       (d) bending         Q5       According to the contract you are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.       (a) allowed       (b) illegible       (c) selectable       (d) eligible         Q6       The only way you can hope to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.       (a) rise       (b) raise       (c) arise       (d) raze         Q7       She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.       (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) grow       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.       (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000       (d) value         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000       (d) value       (d) value <td>Q2</td> <td>•</td> <td>sensitive subject, his boss h</td> <td>ad to ask him the ques</td> <td>tion about his drink</td>	Q2	•	sensitive subject, his boss h	ad to ask him the ques	tion about his drink
(a) negotiate(b) demonstrate(c) apply(d) disputeQ4Under the new arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish. (a) malleable(b) shaped(c) flexible(d) bendingQ5According to the contract year not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year. (a) allowed(b) illegible(c) selectable(d) eligibleQ6The only way you can been to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility. (a) rise(b) raise(c) arise(d) razeQ7She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions what to put up with for all those years. (a) cooperation(b) confirmation(c) compensation(d) considerationQ8Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will, from the recity allowance. (a) increase(b) benefit(c) grow(d) developQ9The hourly, for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000. (a) wage(b) validity(c) recompense(d) valueQ7Remember when you shore what and, you will be receive the company.(d) value(d) value		(a) sincere	(b) fragile	(c) breakable	(d) delicate
Q4       Under the new arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish. <ul> <li>(a) malleable</li> <li>(b) shaped</li> <li>(c) flexible</li> <li>(d) bending</li> </ul> Q5         According to the contract you are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year. <ul> <li>(a) allowed</li> <li>(b) illegible</li> <li>(c) selectable</li> <li>(d) eligible</li> <li>(e) arise</li> <li>(f) raze</li> <li>(f) raze</li> <li>(g) raze</li> <li>(g) cooperation</li> <li>(b) confirmation</li> <li>(c) orompensation</li> <li>(f) consideration</li> <li>(g) raze</li> <li>(g) cooperation</li> <li>(g) confirmation</li> <li>(g) grow</li> <li>(g) do develop</li> <li>(g) increase</li> <li>(g) validity</li> <li>(g) grow</li> <li>(g) value</li> </ul> <td>Q3</td> <td>At the interview each appli</td> <td>cant was able to the lev</td> <td>vel of remuneration they wou</td> <td>Id be expecting to receive.</td>	Q3	At the interview each appli	cant was able to the lev	vel of remuneration they wou	Id be expecting to receive.
when to finish.(a) malleable(b) shaped(c) flexible(d) bendingQ5According to the contract you are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.(a) allowed(b) illegible(c) selectable(d) eligibleQ6The only way you can be to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.(a) rise(b) raise(c) arise(d) razeQ7She is trying to get some for to make up for the poor working conditions with those years.(d) cooperation(b) confirmation(c) compensation(d) considerationQ8Of course there is a little with added to your salary because you will from the response to the course of the benefit(c) grow(d) developQ9The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has you up you you good increase(b) validity(c) recompense(d) valueQ1Remember when you with and, you will with the clericely et up with for all part time clerical assistants has you up you you will with you you you will with you		(a) negotiate	(b) demonstrate	(c) apply	(d) dispute
Q5       According to the contract you are not for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.         (a) allowed       (b) illegible       (c) selectable       (d) eligible         Q6       The only way you can hope to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.       (a) rise       (b) raise       (c) arise       (d) raze         Q7       She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions whe had to put up with for all those years.       (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) compensation       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the rot yallowance.       (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 200U-       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you sind (b) validity       (c) recompense       (d) value	Q4	-	ements coming into force so	oon all employees can decid	e what time to start and
year.(a) allowed(b) illegible(c) selectable(d) eligibleQ6The only way you can hope to the level of your paster responsibility. (a) rise(d) raze(a) rise(b) raise(c) arise(d) razeQ7She is trying to get some for the level of your paster responsibility. (a) cooperation(b) confirmation(c) compensationQ8Of course there is a little that added to your salary between you will the paster of the hourly the for all benefit(c) grow(d) developQ9The hourly the for all past the clerical assistants have you will be validity(c) recompense(d) valueQ10Remember when you suble the receive the compasiton.(d) value		(a) malleable	(b) shaped	(c) flexible	(d) bending
Q6       The only way you can hope to the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.         (a) rise       (b) raise       (c) arise       (d) raze         Q7       She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.       (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) compensation       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.       (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you stork and, you will be to receive the company.       (d) value	Q5	•	rou are not for the new a	allowance until you have bee	en with the company one
(a) rise(b) raise(c) arise(d) razeQ7She is trying to get some trying trying to get some trying trying to get some trying tr		(a) allowed	(b) illegible	(c) selectable	(d) eligible
Q7       She is trying to get some form of to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.         (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) compensation       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.       (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company ension.	Q6	The only way you can hop	e to the level of your pa	y is to take on greater respo	nsibility.
those years.       (a) cooperation       (b) confirmation       (c) compensation       (d) consideration         Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.       (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.		(a) rise	(b) raise	(c) arise	(d) raze
Q8       Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will from the inner city allowance.         (a) increase       (b) benefit       (c) grow       (d) develop         Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.	Q7	, , ,	orm of to make up for th	ne poor working conditions s	he had to put up with for all
(a) increase(b) benefit(c) grow(d) developQ9The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000. (a) wage(b) validity(c) recompense(d) valueQ10Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.(d) value		(a) cooperation	(b) confirmation	(c) compensation	(d) consideration
Q9       The hourly for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.         (a) wage       (b) validity       (c) recompense       (d) value         Q10       Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.	Q8	Of course there is a little ex	xtra added to your salary be	cause you will from the	inner city allowance.
(a) wage(b) validity(c) recompense(d) valueQ10Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.		(a) increase	(b) benefit	(c) grow	(d) develop
Q10 Remember when you stop work and, you will be able to receive the company pension.	Q9	The hourly for all part	time clerical assistants has	gone up by 40% since 2000	
		(a) wage	(b) validity	(c) recompense	(d) value
(a) return (b) retreat (c) respite (d) retire	Q10	Remember when you stop	work and, you will be a	ble to receive the company	pension.
		(a) return	(b) retreat	(c) respite	(d) retire

Q1	One of the great advantage	es of using the Internet is that	at people can more qui	ckly.
	(a) interfere	(b) interrupt	(c) intervene	(d) interact
Q2	It's no good spending a sm	nall fortune on new IT equipn	nent as it's more cost to	o hire it.
	(a) affective	(b) addictive	(c) effective	(d) reductive
Q3	One of the fashionable way you've still lost your job.	ys of saying you've been sad	cked is to say that your comp	pany issizing but
	(a) down	(b) cut	(c) out	(d) through
Q4	The important thing to real company areconnected	ise is that your service is not ed.	t a little island on its own bed	cause all the services in this
	(a) in	(b) inter	(c) out	(d) across
Q5	Whereas ten years ago we all over the world.	e only dealt with customers ir	n this country nowadays we	are truly with branches
	(a) worldly	(b) mondial	(c) globular	(d) global
Q6	One of the most successfu going on.	Il tools in your organisation is	s that of good because	everybody knows what's
	(a) communication	(b) concentration	(c) contemplation	(d) consideration
Q7	Let me just what we h	nave agreed in the agenda so	o far if nobody minds me go	ing over it all again.
	(a) restore	(b) retake	(c) recap	(d) redo
Q8	You have to realise that no	ot all your clients can reach y	ou online because they don	't have to a computer.
	(a) address	(b) access	(c) acceptance	(d) approach
Q9	There are times when you	have to force yourself to imp	prove your performance and	that's simply called self-
	(a) movement	(b) mastery	(c) manifestation	(d) motivation
Q10	You must think big in this b	ousiness and not just think sl	hort but what you hope	to do in ten years' time.
	(a) term	(b) period	(c) length	(d) time

Q1	It's all very well having a di	ream or an idea but you mus	t know where you're going a	and what your is.
	(a) terminus	(b) terminal	(c) goal	(d) tendency
Q2	Her job in the company wa material was sent to her di	s to sort out the relevant info rectors.	ormation thereby it so th	nat only appropriate
	(a) draining	(b) filtering	(c) cleaning	(d) dredging
Q3	She told him to stop wastin the	ng time by coming up with trie	ed and tested ideas and in th	nis way simply re-inventing
	(a) circle	(b) round	(c) curve	(d) wheel
Q4	The product had been on t of a face lift or	he market for some years ar	nd was selling well but some	how the image was in need
	(a) enhancement	(b) enthusiasm	(c) endeavour	(d) enticement
Q5	In the hope of finding fresh discover.	ideas he used the internet t	o help him by using as many	/ search as he could
	(a) gangways	(b) portals	(c) doorways	(d) passages
Q6	You must increase the sale society.	e of this commodity by trying	to interest a different age ra	inge and by into their
	(a) dripping	(b) floating	(c) tapping	(d) sailing
Q7	You'll never make any mor	e money or new income	e if you keep using that unim	naginative marketing logo.
	(a) generate	(b) generalize	(c) germinate	(d) engender
Q8	Now that you've explained project.	the scope and of the m	arket, we are very keen to ir	nject some money into your
	(a) measurement	(b) distance	(c) width	(d) dimension
Q9	There is always a risk in ar	ny business when your	scheme is based on an entir	ely new concept.
	(a) venture	(b) journey	(c) adventure	(d) voyage
Q10	Get in there first and don't	hesitate to act as the boss a	nd take the	
	(a) place	(b) lead	(c) leading	(d) leader

Q1	Remember that this happe	ened first and was to the	e episode that happened afte	erwards.
	(a) before	(b) since	(c) prior	(d) previous
Q2	As the police saw the accid	dent themselves, the driver a	avoided the of having to	give a detailed report.
	(a) need	(b) requirement	(c) indictment	(d) necessity
Q3	It's a complete waste of tin next.	ne over who was to bla	me, the main thing we have	to do is decide what to do
	(a) arguing	(b) discussing	(c) repeating	(d) considering
Q4	It was easy to realise why it.	the machine had stopped we	orking since it was a direct	of his failure to maintain
	(a) complement	(b) concern	(c) consequence	(d) conviction
Q5	I am completely confused too.	as to why she did it and so it	's not to imagine why o	ther people are mystified,
	(a) definite	(b) difficult	(c) debatable	(d) decided
Q6	If you want to try and influe argue from the	ence that political party it's b	est to become a member yo	urself and then you can
	(a) entrance	(b) beginning	(c) side	(d) inside
Q7	I have great for them	at this time because I have I	nad a similar experience.	
	(a) sincerity	(b) sympathy	(c) sorrow	(d) sadness
Q8	Feel free to visit anything of available.	of interest to you in the exhib	ition and also you can	of any of the refreshments
	(a) retake	(b) undertake	(c) partake	(d) intake
Q9	Many of the people in the crowd were visibly crying because they all with those who had lost relatives in the disaster.			
	(a) resented	(b) regretted	(c) rejoined	(d) sympathized
Q10	I assure you that you will h	ave no problem with the tas	k because it's as easy (	can be.
	(a) as	(b) than	(c) and	(d) it

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 36 Corporate Policy (1)

Q1	Since last year my workloa	d has increased		
	(a) considerable	(b) considerably	(c) considered	(d) consider
Q2	The ability to present your	thoughts in an organized	is critical.	
	(a) box	(b) time	(c) manner	(d) concentration
Q3	The company has sev	veral new policies recently.		
	(a) implemented	(b) driven	(c) overtaken	(d) understood
Q4	She provided the judge wit	h evidence in support o	f the case.	
	(a) concrete	(b) wooden	(c) athletic	(d) doomed
Q5	He is paid a rather that	an by the hour.		
	(a) degree	(b) percent	(c) wage	(d) salary
Q6	The job seems to be i	mproving.		
	(a) fence	(b) allowance	(c) market	(d) cruise
Q7	Your resume needs w	vork.		
	(a) many	(b) lot	(c) a	(d) some
Q8	The operation is currently.	some vast changes.		
	(a) undergoing	(b) under coming	(c) over going	(d) overcome
Q9	Working as a team will better enable the company to its goals.			
	(a) stretch	(b) remove	(c) reach	(d) take
Q10	Who is in charge nego	otiations?		
	(a) from	(b) of	(c) to	(d) with

Q1	She is with having to	do 2 people's jobs.			
	(a) tired	(b) tiring	(c) feel down	(d) fed up	
Q2	Being a mother 3 and	l working full-time was too m	uch.		
	(a) with	(b) at	(c) of	(d) for	
Q3	He works 6 days wee	k.			
	(a) a	(b) to	(c) of	(d) from	
Q4	It's the of a lifetime.				
	(a) opportunity	(b) compensation	(c) immersion	(d) details	
Q5	The left-overs each night a	are donated to a organiz	zation that feeds the homeles	SS.	
	(a) no money	(b) unprofitable	(c) profitless	(d) nonprofit	
Q6	It is very important that the	e review is turned by the	e deadline.		
	(a) over	(b) up	(c) in	(d) through	
Q7	Beginning in October we w	/ill each employee's pa	st performance.		
	(a) evaluate	(b) elevate	(c) educate	(d) integrate	
Q8	People tend to gravitate	others who are the most	like themselves.		
	(a) over	(b) with	(c) toward	(d) like	
Q9	The owners are discussing how they can cut costs without lowering salaries or off employees.				
	(a) cutting	(b) laying	(c) dumping	(d) firing	
Q10	You are the helpful pe	erson I have met.			
	(a) greater	(b) better	(c) biggest	(d) most	

Q1	A suck-up is someone who	o is their superior in an	attempt to gain favor.	
	(a) willing to cheat	(b) overly nice to	(c) mean to	(d) always avoiding
Q2	Another name similar to a	suck-up is anoser.		
	(a) stiff	(b) big	(c) brown	(d) green
Q3	Our income is at leas	t six-digits.		
	(a) annual	(b) allocated	(c) proverbial	(d) year
Q4	You should solicit and utiliz	ze feedback on all of your	<b></b> .	
	(a) encasements	(b) emulision	(c) elation	(d) endeavors
Q5	He must master an of	technical skills.		
	(a) array	(b) arrow	(c) accord	(d) aridity
Q6	It is crucial that we do not	the momentum of the u	p-and-coming generation of	workforce.
	(a) strive	(b) stifle	(c) stockade	(d) suture
Q7	Let your creative juices			
	(a) run	(b) collaborate	(c) solidify	(d) flow
Q8	You may need to som	ne of your phrasing because	some of these sentences ar	e redundant.
	(a) altar	(b) alter	(c) alternate	(d) allocate
Q9	She implied her notable	for her opponent by wrink	kling her nose upon his arriva	al.
	(a) un-tastiness	(b) tastelessness	(c) distaste	(d) distress
Q10	The new supervisor has	the company with some e	exceptionally enlightening ne	ew ways of thinking.
	(a) furnished	(b) attained	(c) undergone	(d) retired

Q1	Your reputation you.			
	(a) processes	(b) precedes	(c) protrudes	(d) predicates
Q2	Their vast efforts were	in the end.		
	(a) predilections	(b) penchant	(c) biased	(d) thwarted
Q3	The corporate disorganiza	tion was really only a o	f the director's indecisivenes	S.
	(a) by-product	(b) anti-progression	(c) sensation	(d) co-operative
Q4	She strode through the	ne crowd.		
	(a) chaotic	(b) hastily	(c) confusion	(d) bewilderment
Q5	The condescending manne	er in which he addresses his	employees is incredibly	<b>.</b>
	(a) demonstrative	(b) disclaiming	(c) degrading	(d) demoting
Q6	If an employee's performation of the change may be necessary		same is either unable or unv	villing to change, a
	(a) personnel	(b) personal	(c) personified	(d) person's
Q7	No one can liking her	because she is so warm an	d pleasant.	
	(a) stand	(b) anticipate	(c) aid	(d) help
Q8	Engaging in gossip is a hig	ghly act.		
	(a) distasteful	(b) untasty	(c) tasteless	(d) bland
Q9	All loitering is strictly prohibited on the			
	(a) possessions	(b) pertinence	(c) promises	(d) premises
Q10	We must start from 'ground	d'.		
	(a) 3	(b) 0	(c) 100	(d) 1

Q1	His was entirely amb	guous.		
	(a) dilapidation	(b) denoting	(c) depiction	(d) defamation
Q2	Giving extravagantly to ca	uses in which you believe is	remarkably	
	(a) commending	(b) commendable	(c) convenient	(d) conventional
Q3	Diversity is as importa	ant as continuity.		
	(a) just	(b) equal	(c) like	(d) similar
Q4	Our office is a bustling	of activity.		
	(a) hull	(b) hood	(c) hag	(d) hub
Q5	He gave us little to no indi	cation his whereabouts		
	(a) as of	(b) so as to	(c) as to	(d) as from
Q6	The athletic abilities of the	circus performers was nothi	ng short of	
	(a) emphatic	(b) phenomenal	(c) exegetical	(d) documental
Q7	Virtually every assignment	will require an of creat	ivity.	
	(a) ailment	(b) element	(c) alignment	(d) eliminate
Q8	He was contemplating	. a new technique.		
	(a) devising	(b) deviding	(c) despising	(d) deviating
Q9	The industry is on the	of a colossal expansion.		
	(a) verse	(b) vermin	(c) volition	(d) verge
Q10	While certain tasks may be	e somewhat, neverthele	ess the genuine exchange of	information can occur.
	(a) concocted	(b) conceived	(c) contrived	(d) conceeded

Q1	Mary: Did you know there	are of slang words for n	noney, like bread for exampl	e?		
	(a) many	(b) piles	(c) loads	(d) buckets		
Q2	John: I suppose there are	when you to think abou	t it — like dough, which is si	milar to your word bread.		
	(a) go	(b) follow	(c) take	(d) come		
Q3	Mary: One of my is do	osh. I like the sound of it.				
	(a) favourites	(b) collections	(c) favourable	(d) specials		
Q4	John: Well if you're to	sound. What about spondul	icks?			
	(a) attending	(b) referring	(c) resorting	(d) trying		
Q5	Mary: Yes, that's excellent	. Another short sound that	to me is brass.			
	(a) attracts	(b) adheres	(c) appeals	(d) attains		
Q6	John: Another one that	with jolly is the word lolly.				
	(a) sounds	(b) strikes	(c) hits	(d) rhymes		
Q7	Mary: An expression which	n sounds very of course	is filthy lucre.			
	(a) decadent	(b) down	(c) deep	(d) divisive		
Q8	John: That's true and then loot.	there's that word that also h	as the same as someth	ing that's been stolen —		
	(a) intention	(b) signification	(c) meaning	(d) sense		
Q9	Mary: The one that sounds wherewithal.	s very grand because it in a v	way the fact that it mea	ns money and that's the		
	(a) protects	(b) hides	(c) places	(d) holds		
Q10	-	John: Actually, I'm a little about this but I haven't any money to pay for the bus home. Do you think you could lend me some readies?				
	(a) awkward	(b) backward	(c) unused	(d) embarrassed		

Q1	The customary manner in journal.	which a business analyzes a	and records its is by firs	t entering them into a	
	(a) transactions	(b) communications	(c) dealings	(d) ventures	
Q2	Journal entries are entered	d in order, meaning by o	date, with the earliest date find	rst.	
	(a) sequential	(b) numerical	(c) chronological	(d) successional	
Q3	Once the transactions hav General Ledger accounts.	e been entered into the jourr	nal they are or transferr	ed into their individual	
	(a) noted	(b) lifted	(c) allocated	(d) posted	
Q4	All increase with a de	bit entry and decrease with a	a credit entry.		
	(a) advantages	(b) associates	(c) assets	(d) assurances	
Q5	Liabilities either have a cre	edit or no at all.			
	(a) scale	(b) balance	(c) debit	(d) debut	
Q6	Capital accounts represent	t the owner's worth in th	ne business.		
	(a) equity	(b) value	(c) hammock	(d) net	
Q7	accounts are accounts for your sources of business-generated income.				
	(a) liability	(b) revenue	(c) balance	(d) drawing	
Q8	The is the difference for retail.	between what a business pa	ys for an item wholesale and	d what the business sells it	
	(a) markup	(b) makeup	(c) makeshift	(d) moreover	
Q9	An accounts payable	shows how much you owe e	each of your vendors.		
	(a) lecture	(b) leeway	(c) ledger	(d) manual	
Q10	Accounts shows how	much money your customer	s owe you.		
	(a) incoming	(b) receivable	(c) obtainable	(d) collectable	

Q1	pay is what an emplo	yee earns before deductions	S.	
	(a) Net	(b) Full	(c) Gross	(d) Complete
Q2	pay is what an emplo	yee actually receives after d	eductions.	
	(a) Net	(b) Reduced	(c) Final	(d) Gross
Q3	An employee who is paid o work.	on receives the same pa	ay each pay period no matte	er how many hours they
	(a) commission	(b) salary	(c) overtime	(d) wage
Q4	In the USA working over 4 receive your hourly m	0 hours per week is conside aultiplied time 1 1/2.	red overtime. For each hour	of overtime in the USA you
	(a) money	(b) dollars	(c) wage	(d) salary
Q5	The rates for overtime in the	ne USA are generally known	as	
	(a) pay-plus-one-half	(b) an hour and a half	(c) hour plus half	(d) time-and-a-half
Q6	Federal taxes and Social S	Security are both examples o	of standard from your pa	aycheck.
	(a) reduction	(b) deductions	(c) withdrawals	(d) removals
Q7	In order to cash a check ye	ou must it, or in other w	ords sign the back.	
	(a) endorse	(b) stamp	(c) write	(d) balance
Q8	You record how much eac	h of your employees should	be paid in the account.	
	(a) employee pay	(b) standard deductions	(c) net pay	(d) payroll
Q9	An check is one that cleared the bank.	you have written and deduct	ed from your checkbook bal	ance but has not yet
	(a) intermediate	(b) overdue	(c) outstanding	(d) overdrawn
Q10	Books are all closed at the period.	end of an accounting period	d. A more common term for a	an accounting period is a
	(a) physical	(b) fiscal	(c) focal	(d) foreclosed

Q1				
Q /	When you go to a job inter	view, it is really important to	dress	
	(a) unequally	(b) appropriately	(c) sparingly	(d) meagerly
Q2	When filling out an applica	tion, make sure you write yo	ur answers	
	(a) mumbled	(b) tongue-tied	(c) intelligibly	(d) hazily
Q3	Make sure you list your sk	ills and experience that you	believe will meet the of	the employer.
	(a) expectations	(b) attention	(c) carelessness	(d) abstraction
Q4	In your job interview, don't	complain about previous job	os or former	
	(a) mayors	(b) visitors	(c) activists	(d) employers
Q5	When answering question	s to the employer, be confide	ent and your words real	ly well.
	(a) stutter	(b) articulate	(c) dribble	(d) mix up
Q6	Avoid clothing such a	s jeans, flip flops, sneakers,	t-shirts, caps, etc.	
	(-)			
	(a) casual	(b) dressy	(c) formal	(d) stylish
Q7	Bring as much information	.,	need. On your make s	· · ·
Q7	Bring as much information	about yourself as you might	need. On your make s	· · ·
Q7 Q8	Bring as much information volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript	about yourself as you might that you've done that may p	r need. On your make s pertain to that job. (c) resume	ure you include hobbies,
	Bring as much information volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript	about yourself as you might that you've done that may p (b) college degree	r need. On your make s pertain to that job. (c) resume	ure you include hobbies,
	Bring as much information volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript It is usually really handy to (a) demotion	about yourself as you might that you've done that may p (b) college degree have letters of from pr (b) recommendation	r need. On your make s pertain to that job. (c) resume evious employers.	ure you include hobbies, (d) journal (d) declination
Q8	Bring as much information volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript It is usually really handy to (a) demotion	about yourself as you might that you've done that may p (b) college degree have letters of from pr (b) recommendation	r need. On your make s pertain to that job. (c) resume evious employers. (c) dismissal	ure you include hobbies, (d) journal (d) declination
Q8	Bring as much information volunteer work or anything (a) school transcript It is usually really handy to (a) demotion Hint: Fill out the job applica (a) white out If you don't remember som	about yourself as you might that you've done that may p (b) college degree have letters of from pr (b) recommendation ation first with a pencil then y (b) eraser	r need. On your make s pertain to that job. (c) resume evious employers. (c) dismissal with a pen, so you don't have (c) ruler ut jobs you had in the past, f	ure you include hobbies, (d) journal (d) declination e to use (d) marker

Q1	Most dentists are prac staff.	ctitioners, which means they	own their own business and	d work alone or with a small
	(a) lone	(b) employed	(c) solo	(d) unemployed
Q2	Dentists sometimes perfor	m corrective on gums a	and supporting bones to trea	t gum diseases.
	(a) brushing	(b) surgery	(c) replacement	(d) flossing
Q3	Dentists wear masks, glov	es, and safety glasses to pro	otect themselves and their pa	atients from
	(a) infectious diseases	(b) bad breath	(c) bites	(d) cavities
Q4	Orthodontists use braces of	or retainers to apply pressure	e to teeth in order them	
	(a) to pluck	(b) to misplace	(c) to fill	(d) to straighten
Q5	•	ol, some people work togeth ce and save money to equip	er with established dentists a an office of their own.	as for a couple of
	(a) receptionists	(b) nurses	(c) associates	(d) members
Q6	As dental technology impro	oves, dentists will be able to	offer more treatment to	o their patients.
	(a) destructive	(b) effective	(c) eruptive	(d) affective
Q7	When dentists extract all o	f your teeth, they replace the	e missing teeth with	
	(a) fillings	(b) cavities	(c) braces	(d) dentures
Q8	Dentists use an assortmen	t of like mouth mirrors,	probes, forceps, brushes, a	nd scalpels in their work.
	(a) instruments	(b) jumbles	(c) retainers	(d) performances
Q9	When decay or injuries	the blood or nerve supply	of your tooth, you need a Ro	oot Canal.
	(a) brake	(b) infect	(c) sterilize	(d) purify
Q10	Wisdom teeth are always t	he last to They commo	only appear around the ages	i 17 to 25.
	(a) be born	(b) increase	(c) develop	(d) conglomerate

Q1	I took out a life insurance.	with State Ranch Insura	nce Company last week.	
	(a) contract	(b) policy	(c) agreement	(d) deal
Q2	My insurance are only	y \$70 per month.		
	(a) receipts	(b) fees	(c) premiums	(d) payings
Q3	In the event of my death, t	he will be my widow.		
	(a) recipient	(b) widow	(c) donor	(d) beneficiary
Q4	My insurance does not	me if I commit suicide.		
	(a) collect	(b) cover	(c) console	(d) contribute
Q5	The amount of money that	my wife will get has already	been calculated by State Ra	anch's
	(a) manager	(b) archivist	(c) actuary	(d) agent
Q6	If I decide that I no longer	need my insurance, I can ca	sh it in for the amount of its .	value.
	(a) rebate	(b) surrender	(c) discount	(d) return
Q7	Before I got the insurance,	I had to receive a complete	physical	
	(a) investigation	(b) injection	(c) therapy	(d) examination
Q8	I am feeling great, because	e the doctor told me that I ha	ve a life of 82 years!	
	(a) length	(b) line	(c) expectancy	(d) experience
Q9	Even if I am late in paying,	the insurance remains in eff	fect for a period of 30 d	ays.
	(a) grace	(b) satisfaction	(c) long	(d) latent
Q10	The insurance is pretty exp	pensive though: I am a police	eman, so there are a lot of o	ccupational
		(b) involvements	(c) hazards	(d) duties

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 47 Contracts and agreements

Q1	A contract is a agreen	nent that is reached betweer	n two individuals or parties.	
	(a) bound	(b) bounded	(c) binding	(d) boundary
Q2	A contract between an indi getting	vidual and his or her employ	ver is for the services s/he w	ill provide in exchange for
	(a) paid	(b) serviced	(c) employed	(d) accrued
Q3	a rental agreement to	live in an apartment for one	year is a kind of contract.	
	(a) Writing	(b) Sketching	(c) Signing	(d) Stamping
Q4	The tenant promises to pay accommodation.	y a amount of rent, and	in return, the realty agent p	romises to supply the
	(a) large	(b) certain	(c) sum	(d) leased
Q5	A customer into a con	tract each time s/he makes	a purchase.	
	(a) goes	(b) joins	(c) becomes	(d) enters
Q6	A contract is initiated when	a person makes an offer to	buy something and the selle	er his or her offer.
	(a) agrees	(b) includes	(c) accepts	(d) signs
Q7	In order for a contract to be	e completed, something of	needs to be exchanged.	
	(a) worth	(b) value	(c) goods	(d) interest
Q8	A contract has been create	ed when both the buyer and	the seller have agreed that t	here will be some kind of
	(a) consideration	(b) service	(c) application	(d) business
Q9	Any contract that is made t	o buy or sell something that	is is not enforceable u	nder law.
	(a) illogical	(b) illegible	(c) illegal	(d) illegitimate
Q10	A contract is required to be	e made by those who are leg	ally capable, a condition cal	led
	(a) capaciousness	(b) capacity	(c) credence	(d) credibility

Q1	The initial responsibility of	a business plan is to help to	develop a business str	ategy.
	(a) strict	(b) hidden	(c) regional	(d) solid
Q2	First, you should describe	your products and services	and discuss the market that	you are
	(a) goaling	(b) aiming	(c) targeting	(d) goading
Q3	If you wish to interest invest	stors, you need to emphasiz	e the company's profit	
	(a) potential	(b) chance	(c) taking	(d) deal
Q4	You should be particularly	careful to adequately the	he risks in the business.	
	(a) launch	(b) bare	(c) disclose	(d) unleash
Q5	You should examine custo	mer and the benefits of	f your products and services	
	(a) pockets	(b) files	(c) needs	(d) returns
Q6	the strong and weak	points of any firms in compe	tition with yours and look for	marketplace opportunities.
	(a) Equate	(b) Evaluate	(c) Erase	(d) Eliminate
Q7	If you can find a particular	market to focus on, you	u should investigate this furth	ner.
	(a) location	(b) corner	(c) industry	(d) niche
Q8	It may also be possible for	you to your products d	ifferently in the marketplace	to attract new customers.
	(a) position	(b) set	(c) spread	(d) situate
Q9	It is not a good idea to exa	ggerate sales projections, a	nd it is just as poor an idea t	o operating costs.
	(a) overtake	(b) undertake	(c) overestimate	(d) underestimate
Q10	If you forecast conservativ	ely, you will be more likely to	o maintain an extra of c	ash.
	(a) pillow	(b) comforter	(c) pillar	(d) cushion

Q1	Being a delegate at confer	ences and other gatherings	is a valuable opportunity wh	ether or not you present a
	(a) gift	(b) negotiation	(c) paper	(d) presentation
Q2	At such events, you will ge	t an accurate of the cur	rrent direction of the industry	·.
	(a) opinion	(b) rationale	(c) sense	(d) thought
Q3	And if you are scheduled to	o give a talk, you will gain ind	creased	
	(a) action	(b) activity	(c) honorarium	(d) visibility
Q4	Actually, it is not very impo	ortant for you to attend any o	f the exhibitions.	
	(a) vended	(b) vending	(c) vendor	(d) vent
Q5	In order for you to be	into your industry and its ma	arket, it is important for you to	o go to such events.
	(a) plugged	(b) posted	(c) presented	(d) proven
Q6	The importance of confere the bar after the day is	nces is not the seminars or v	workshops, but the refreshm	ent breaks and chatting at
	(a) accumulated	(b) cancelled	(c) discussed	(d) done
Q7	The key feature of a confe	rence is the chance to meet	those whom you would not .	have met.
	(a) elsewhere	(b) ever	(c) otherwise	(d) outside
Q8	Be sure to carry your busin	ness cards, and do not hesita	ate to cards with anyon	e you meet.
	(a) change	(b) charge	(c) except	(d) exchange
Q9	And finally: do not forget to attractions and sightseeing	o enjoy your host city: confer g opportunities.	ence information packages of	often nearby
	(a) delight	(b) enlighten	(c) limelight	(d) spotlight
Q10	Well ahead of time, howev your needs.	er, you should plan a balanc	e of scheduled conference a	activities and events that
	(a) align	(b) extend	(c) measure	(d) suit

Q1	Computer advisors recomminimize the chances of a	mend that you consider corre n injury.	ect workstation and per	sonal posture in order to
	(a) layout	(b) outsourcing	(c) overreach	(d) pullover
Q2	The symptoms of such inju	ries may include in the	fingers, painful hands or wr	ists, or eye problems.
	(a) dampness	(b) dumbells	(c) dumbness	(d) numbness
Q3	A(n) workstation pern and eyes.	nits you to work in a natural p	position while minimizing the	e strain on your arms, back
	(a) allowed	(b) ideal	(c) imaginary	(d) luxurious
Q4	On the other hand, a poorl	y designed workstation will f	orce you into uncomfortable	postures like over.
	(a) bunching	(b) hunching	(c) lunching	(d) punching
Q5	Experienced computer ope	erators know that a good cha	air to their bodies.	
	(a) adapts	(b) adepts	(c) adheres	(d) adopts
Q6	Use a chair that has a bac	krest supporting the of	your back.	
	(a) carapace	(b) carpals	(c) curb	(d) curves
Q7	Ensure that you have enou	ugh below the table top	to fit your knees comfortably	/.
	(a) inches	(b) location	(c) room	(d) volume
Q8	Select a mouse that fits yo	ur hand; be sure that it is as	flat as possible in order to n	ninimize wrist
	(a) position	(b) strain	(c) tendons	(d) watch
Q9	The computer monitor nee	ds to be separate from the k	eyboard, and it should be	directly in front of you.
	(a) centered	(b) concentrated	(c) focussed	(d) gathered
Q10	A person's body is not inte get up and stretch!	nded to remain motionless, o	even in a comfortable positio	on, for long of time; so
	(a) hours	(b) lengths	(c) periods	(d) sections

Q1	The first step most manag	ers to grow their busine	ss is to increase the number	of customers.
	(a) climb	(b) do	(c) take	(d) plant
Q2	Losses are usually suffere	d if inexperienced sales staf	are given the task of a	marketing scheme.
	(a) engineering	(b) exaggerating	(c) implementing	(d) tooling
Q3	Fundamental marketing st	rategy is to create prospectiv	ve customers who are ready	, and able to buy.
	(a) flocking	(b) steady	(c) wealthy	(d) willing
Q4	The primary goal of a such	a strategy is to present sale	es staff with prospects to	into paying customers.
	(a) connect	(b) connive	(c) convert	(d) convey
Q5	One thing that managers of	an do to increase their busir	ness is to reward existing cu	stomers for new ones.
	(a) referring	(b) renewing	(c) replying	(d) returning
Q6	Established customers are they are all too often taker	e seldom asked whether they a for	are interested in more or ne	ew products or services;
	(a) gifts	(b) granite	(c) given	(d) granted
Q7	It can be the of a bus solicited to buy more.	iness to expect regular custo	omers to purchase standard	quantities without being
	(a) undersizing	(b) undoing	(c) unravelling	(d) untying
Q8	Sharing news, information	and offers with customers in	creases their of repurc	hase.
	(a) affiliation	(b) frequency	(c) notification	(d) number
Q9	Customers should be offer	ed more value through com	plementary products and ser	vices at the of sale.
	(a) area	(b) bill	(c) counter	(d) point
Q10		(b) bill the company that gives the		(d) point

Q1	One definition of a warrant the purchaser.	y is that it is a promise of	which is given by the selle	er or the manufacturer to
	(a) qualification	(b) quality	(c) quantification	(d) quantity
Q2	The purchaser must be give	ven the to see the warra	anty before s/he makes the p	ourchase.
	(a) invoice	(b) opportunity	(c) paper	(d) return
Q3	Unfortunately, shoppers do	o not usually pay attention to	the until a problem wit	h the purchase arises.
	(a) coverage	(b) damage	(c) leverage	(d) overage
Q4	Many retailers view warrar	nties as a technique.		
	(a) preferable	(b) procedural	(c) professional	(d) promotional
Q5	The use of warranties grad	dually developed as part of the	ne process between se	llers and customers.
	(a) bargaining	(b) gaining	(c) ingratiating	(d) regaining
Q6	An implied warranty is lega	ally in effect even if it is not ir	n form.	
	(a) outline	(b) spoken	(c) stated	(d) written
Q7	Any respectable manufact	urer will an implied war	ranty.	
	(a) discard	(b) honor	(c) receive	(d) suspect
Q8	Clear is an affirmation	n that the product has not be	en stolen and is not otherwis	se illegal.
	(a) byline	(b) caption	(c) headline	(d) title
Q9	A warranty of for purp it was designed.	bose assures the purchaser t	hat the item will perform pro	perly the function for which
	(a) ability	(b) design	(c) fitness	(d) strength
Q10	Merchantability warrants th	nat the item will up to re	asonable expectations of the	e purchaser.
	(a) grow	(b) level	(c) live	(d) seem

Q1	The of technology in t	the office increases the aver	age work day in the US by o	ver an hour and a half.
	(a) disuse	(b) misuse	(c) overuse	(d) reuse
Q2	One research project reve	aled that phone and email ha	abits can actually reduce	rather than improve it.
	(a) procedure	(b) processing	(c) productivity	(d) progress
Q3	At work, male employees a	are the greater time wasters	when it to surreptitious	non-work activities.
	(a) comes	(b) evaluates	(c) generates	(d) reverts
Q4	Improperly dealing with ph working habits, and th	one calls and emails hinders ne work day.	s workers from getting their j	obs done, creates poor
	(a) brightens	(b) broadens	(c) lengthens	(d) lightens
Q5	Too much reliance on voic	e mail when making or	phone calls was also spotlig	hted in the study.
	(a) cancelling	(b) dialing	(c) returning	(d) unmaking
Q6	The delay that is caused b caused time every da	y the necessity of waiting for	r critical responses to emails	was another problem that
	,	· ) -		
	(a) cartage	(b) garbage	(c) passage	(d) wastage
Q7	(a) cartage The average total time lost	-	two hours, of which an hou	
Q7	(a) cartage The average total time lost	(b) garbage t at work every day was over	two hours, of which an hou	
Q7 Q8	<ul><li>(a) cartage</li><li>The average total time lost communication technology</li><li>(a) condition</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>t at work every day was over v was not used to good</li> <li>(b) effect</li> <li>were wasted managing tele</li> </ul>	two hours, of which an hou (c) management	r and a half was because (d) timing
	<ul> <li>(a) cartage</li> <li>The average total time loss communication technology</li> <li>(a) condition</li> <li>On average, thirty minutes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>t at work every day was over v was not used to good</li> <li>(b) effect</li> <li>were wasted managing tele</li> </ul>	two hours, of which an hou (c) management	r and a half was because (d) timing
	<ul> <li>(a) cartage</li> <li>The average total time loss communication technology</li> <li>(a) condition</li> <li>On average, thirty minutes wasted attempting to locate</li> <li>(a) coffee</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>t at work every day was over v was not used to good</li> <li>(b) effect</li> <li>were wasted managing tele</li> <li>e</li> </ul>	two hours, of which an hou (c) management phone communications, whi (c) colleagues	r and a half was because (d) timing le ten more minutes were (d) cosmetics
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) cartage</li> <li>The average total time loss communication technology</li> <li>(a) condition</li> <li>On average, thirty minutes wasted attempting to locate</li> <li>(a) coffee</li> <li>The communications</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>(c) garbage</li> <li></li></ul>	two hours, of which an hou (c) management phone communications, whi (c) colleagues	r and a half was because (d) timing le ten more minutes were (d) cosmetics
Q8 Q9	<ul> <li>(a) cartage</li> <li>The average total time loss communication technology</li> <li>(a) condition</li> <li>On average, thirty minutes wasted attempting to locate</li> <li>(a) coffee</li> <li>The communications</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>(b) garbage</li> <li>(c) garbage</li> <li>(c) garbage</li> <li>(c) effect</li> <li>(c) effect</li> <li>(c) were wasted managing tele</li> <li>(c) collations</li> <li>(c) collations</li> <li>(c) pieces</li> <li>(c) pieces</li> <li>(c) ficiency is that employees ar</li> </ul>	two hours, of which an hou (c) management phone communications, whi (c) colleagues contribution to efficiency ha (c) tools	r and a half was because (d) timing le ten more minutes were (d) cosmetics ve now begun to become a (d) utensils

Q1	Modern technology contin	ues to proliferate in offices e	verywhere, and the secretar	y's role has greatly
	(a) evolved	(b) mutated	(c) transmogrified	(d) transposed
Q2	Operational restructuring a responsibilities formerly	and automated procedures h for managerial levels.	ave presented secretaries w	ith a broad range of new
	(a) assigned	(b) maintained	(c) reserved	(d) restricted
Q3	Nevertheless, amid these	changes their duties ha	ve remained almost unchan	ged.
	(a) center	(b) core	(c) interior	(d) special
Q4	A secretary is responsible operation of a business.	for a range of administrative	and duties that are es	sential to the efficient
	(a) clerical	(b) equitable	(c) menial	(d) stationary
Q5	A secretary serves as an i files, and generates corres	nformation for an office spondence.	, organizes and maintains ha	ard copy and electronic
	(a) clearinghouse	(b) household	(c) outhouse	(d) warehouse
Q6	Many secretaries also	. travel arrangements and co	ontact clients.	
Q6	Many secretaries also	. travel arrangements and co (b) craft	ontact clients. (c) handle	(d) manipulate
Q6 Q7	(a) apportion	-	(c) handle	
	<ul><li>(a) apportion</li><li>A large part of a secretary</li></ul>	(b) craft	(c) handle	
	<ul><li>(a) apportion</li><li>A large part of a secretary many are to attend.</li><li>(a) administrative</li></ul>	(b) craft 's day is involved with negoti	<ul><li>(c) handle</li><li>ating meeting times, which i</li><li>(c) thankless</li></ul>	s a(n) job, especially if (d) unmanageable
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) apportion</li> <li>A large part of a secretary many are to attend.</li> <li>(a) administrative</li> <li>Today, more and more set</li> </ul>	(b) craft 's day is involved with negoti (b) cumbersome	<ul><li>(c) handle</li><li>ating meeting times, which i</li><li>(c) thankless</li></ul>	s a(n) job, especially if (d) unmanageable
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) apportion</li> <li>A large part of a secretary many are to attend.</li> <li>(a) administrative</li> <li>Today, more and more segraphics software.</li> <li>(a) desktop</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) craft</li> <li>'s day is involved with negotion</li> <li>(b) cumbersome</li> <li>(cretarial staff use PCs to run</li> <li>(b) keyboard</li> <li>often from old-fashione</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) handle</li> <li>ating meeting times, which i</li> <li>(c) thankless</li> <li>database management,</li> <li>(c) virtual</li> </ul>	s a(n) job, especially if (d) unmanageable publishing, and computer (d) workstation
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) apportion</li> <li>A large part of a secretary many are to attend.</li> <li>(a) administrative</li> <li>Today, more and more segraphics software.</li> <li>(a) desktop</li> <li>Secretaries nowadays are</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) craft</li> <li>'s day is involved with negotion</li> <li>(b) cumbersome</li> <li>(cretarial staff use PCs to run</li> <li>(b) keyboard</li> <li>often from old-fashione</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) handle</li> <li>ating meeting times, which i</li> <li>(c) thankless</li> <li>database management,</li> <li>(c) virtual</li> </ul>	s a(n) job, especially if (d) unmanageable publishing, and computer (d) workstation
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) apportion</li> <li>A large part of a secretary many are to attend.</li> <li>(a) administrative</li> <li>Today, more and more set graphics software.</li> <li>(a) desktop</li> <li>Secretaries nowadays are more than one executive set (a) eliminated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) craft</li> <li>'s day is involved with negotion</li> <li>(b) cumbersome</li> <li>(cretarial staff use PCs to run</li> <li>(b) keyboard</li> <li>often from old-fashione</li> <li>staff member.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) handle</li> <li>ating meeting times, which i</li> <li>(c) thankless</li> <li>database management,</li> <li>(c) virtual</li> <li>ed typing and dictation; there</li> <li>(c) relieved</li> </ul>	s a(n) job, especially if (d) unmanageable publishing, and computer (d) workstation efore, they can now support (d) retired

Q1	Electronics is the study and semiconductors.	d utilization of systems that f	unction by guiding electron	flow in such as
	(a) contrivances	(b) devices	(c) pieces	(d) servers
Q2	Designing and building ele	ctronic circuits to solve	problems is the mandate of	electronics engineering.
	(a) parallel	(b) practical	(c) partial	(d) production
Q3	Research into innovative s	emiconductor technology an	d applications is considered	a of physics.
	(a) branch	(b) responsibility	(c) segment	(d) subsidiary
Q4	Electronic circuits are main distribution of electric power	nly used to control, process a er.	and distribute information, ar	nd for the and
	(a) commutation	(b) contamination	(c) conversation	(d) conversion
Q5	These two purposes rely o	n the creation and detection	of electromagnetic and	d electrical currents.
	(a) fields	(b) floors	(c) grounds	(d) surfaces
Q6	The rapid modern advance	ement of electronics began ir	n with the introduction o	of the radio.
	(a) earnest	(b) enthusiasm	(c) secret	(d) sincerity
Q7	There are three divisions to	o an electronics system, an e	example of which is a televis	sion
	(a) box	(b) case	(c) kit	(d) set
Q8	First, the input is a broadca	ast signal either received by	its antenna or in throug	h a cable.
	(a) cued	(b) fed	(c) led	(d) sped
Q9	Second, processing circuit	s inside the TV the brig	htness, colour and audio da	ta from this signal.
	(a) contract	(b) detract	(c) extract	(d) retract
Q10	Third and last, its output ap screen.	oparatus, a cathode ray tube	e, changes the electronic sig	nals into a image on its
	(a) vague	(b) valuable	(c) viable	(d) visible

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 56 Business Letter Basics

Q1	The first goal in writing a be	usiness letter is to get the re	cipient's	
	(a) address	(b) attention	(c) services	(d) trade
Q2	One fundamental of e	ffective writing is to put the k	key information at the beginr	ing.
	(a) case	(b) example	(c) principle	(d) situation
Q3	Avoid down the begin however.	ning of the letter with abunda	ant information of which the	reader is already aware,
	(a) gearing	(b) setting	(c) weighing	(d) writing
Q4	Effective writing is rea	ding that makes the recipier	nt want to read further.	
	(a) affected	(b) effortless	(c) effusive	(d) offensive
Q5	In writing commercial corre	spondence, it is important to	employ a friendly yet efficie	ent
	(a) feeling	(b) mood	(c) tense	(d) tone
Q6	Try to aim for a style,	but without employing bad g	rammar, slang, or otherwise	questionable English.
	(a) controversial	(b) convenient	(c) conventional	(d) conversational
Q7	Be merciless in eliminating or her patience.	the that most people p	ut into letters: it wastes the r	ecipient's time and tries his
	(a) backing	(b) clouding	(c) complaining	(d) padding
Q8	A good business letter is si	mple and straightforward with	thout being simplistic or	
	(a) panoramic	(b) paternal	(c) patriotic	(d) patronizing
Q9	The conclusion or ending p	paragraph should bring the c	ommunication to a polite and	d close.
	(a) businesslike	(b) interminable	(c) measurable	(d) subtle
Q10	Unfortunately, the ending p phrases that detract from the	paragraphs in much commer he letter's	cial correspondence employ	wordy and overused
	(a) contact	(b) contract	(c) extract	(d) impact

Q1	Our annual report was	. to the shareholders on 31	March.	
	(a) submerged	(b) submitted	(c) subordinated	(d) subtracted
Q2	Turnover remained consta	nt through the year.		
	(a) annual	(b) fiscal	(c) physical	(d) revenue
Q3	Profits declined sharply with	th the devaluation of the		
	(a) banknotes	(b) change	(c) currency	(d) money
Q4	Sales fell gradually in the f	irst two quarters, but in	the second half of the year.	
	(a) realigned	(b) recalled	(c) recovered	(d) resisted
Q5	Costs reached in Apri	1.		
	(a) an acme	(b) an apex	(c) a climax	(d) a peak
Q6	Demand rose sharply after	our major competitor went i	nto	
	(a) bankruptcy	(b) export	(c) receiver	(d) difficulty
Q7	Overhead levelled off when	n utility charges were b	y the government.	
	(a) cancelled	(b) frozen	(c) given	(d) tapped
Q8	Prices were raised with the	e introduction of our new	. of widgets.	
	(a) batch	(b) line	(c) manager	(d) team
Q9	Output up with deman	nd.		
	(a) followed	(b) kept	(c) made	(d) put
Q10	Although the company's ov	/erall was weak, its bot	om line was still in the black	
	(a) action	(b) activity	(c) performance	(d) progress

Q1	In the first step of the impo dryers.	prtation process, the purchas	er makes his selection from	the supplier's of hair
	(a) atlas	(b) catalogue	(c) directory	(d) encyclopedia
Q2	Next, he sends an email to	check the availability of		
	(a) wares	(b) selection	(c) stock	(d) suppliers
Q3	Thereupon, he the ha	air dryers.		
	(a) commands	(b) demands	(c) orders	(d) requires
Q4	Soon, he receives a o	of the order from the supplier	<i>.</i> .	
	(a) confirmation	(b) delegate	(c) message	(d) waybill
Q5	Afterward, he receives a p	ro invoice.		
	(a) active	(b) bono	(c) forma	(d) tempore
Q6	Subsequently, his bank iss	sues a of credit for the a	amount of the invoice.	
	(a) debit	(b) letter	(c) missive	(d) receipt
Q7	Then, he receives the sup	plier's invoice for the hair dry	vers FOB of departure.	
	(a) date	(b) dock	(c) point	(d) wharf
Q8	After that, he receives the	of lading from the trans	porter.	
	(a) bill	(b) fee	(c) form	(d) list
Q9	Thereafter, he pays the tra	ansporter for costs.		
	(a) boxing	(b) buying	(c) carrying	(d) shipping
Q10	Finally, he receives the ha	ir dryers with a declarat	tion form.	
	(a) costume	(b) customary	(c) customer	(d) customs

Q1	All the world, cellular	telephones are being used r	nore and more.	
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) in	(d) past
Q2	Cell phones are hand	. devices; they are also calle	ed wireless or mobile phones	5.
	(a) carried	(b) crafted	(c) held	(d) made
Q3	Cell phones are with	users because they are sma	II, light and easily transporte	d.
	(a) common	(b) famous	(c) popular	(d) well-liked
Q4	Cellular telephones are ac	tually little different than two-	· radios.	
	(a) channel	(b) party	(c) path	(d) way
Q5	A caller speaks into a cell	phone, and it picks his o	or her voice, transforming the	e sound into radio waves.
	(a) at	(b) out	(c) over	(d) up
Q6	Then these radio waves an	e transmitted through the at	mosphere until they meet a .	base station.
	(a) near	(b) nearby	(c) nearly	(d) neighborhood
Q7	The station sends your phoreceiver.	one call the standard te	lephone network, where it ev	ventually reaches the
	(a) among	(b) around	(c) at	(d) through
Q8	Cell phones provide a vast	array of these days, ar	nd new ones are being adde	d all the time.
	(a) buttons	(b) customers	(c) duties	(d) functions
Q9	When someone calls you,	your cell phone receiver	radio waves sent out by th	e base station.
	(a) collects	(b) detects	(c) elects	(d) selects
Q10	Inside your cell phone, the	se waves are converted	into the sound of the caller	's voice.
	(a) back	(b) backward	(c) forth	(d) forward

Q1	Industry, or niche, err personnel.	ployment websites are proli	ferating as places for compa	nies to locate qualified
	(a) controlled	(b) only	(c) particular	(d) specific
Q2	Niche sites present a large	of qualified job-seeker	S.	
	(a) pane	(b) pod	(c) pool	(d) porch
Q3	The internet, in comparison	n to other advertising media,	gives its users a broader	·····
	(a) reach	(b) reaction	(c) reality	(d) reason
Q4	The internet produces resu	ults faster and more cheaply	than other advertising	media.
	(a) aging	(b) old-fashioned	(c) redundant	(d) traditional
Q5	Companies these days loo	k at internet job advertising	as an part of their staffi	ng efforts.
	(a) innate	(b) insignificant	(c) integral	(d) intelligent
Q6	Advertising positions on er	nployment websites can gen	erate a lot of from pote	ntial candidates.
	(a) electricity	(b) practice	(c) static	(d) traffic
Q7	But general sites often pro time for the results se	duce an insufficient number en.	of qualified applicants, maki	ng the process relatively
	(a) consuming	(b) devoting	(c) devouring	(d) wasting
Q8	Niche site marketing targe	ts executives and profession	als of the industry	
	(a) desired	(b) employed	(c) presented	(d) served
Q9	Advertisements both on nic campaign.	che sites and using more co	nventional methods are a pa	rt of a well staffing
	(a) centered	(b) loaded	(c) rounded	(d) stated
Q10	Niche sites often include jo	b postings, comparative sale	ary scales, curriculum vitae	databases, and
	(a) all	(b) other	(c) forth	(d) more

Q1	The application form is use	ed by companies as a mean	s of basic information fr	om all applicants.
	(a) acquiring	(b) distributing	(c) manipulating	(d) standardizing
Q2	The application is a key m	arketing tool for the applicar	t in the job process.	
	(a) advertising	(b) gathering	(c) seeking	(d) wanted
Q3	Companies utilize the appl	lication as a for decidin	g whether to interview the ap	oplicant.
	(a) background	(b) basis	(c) blueline	(d) bottomline
Q4	The application form shoul	d be considered the applica	nt's first test in directior	IS.
	(a) examining	(b) following	(c) indicating	(d) reading
Q5	The application form shoul	d be filled out as as po	ssible; it reflects the applicar	nt's nature.
	(a) cleanly	(b) freshly	(c) neatly	(d) nicely
Q6	On the form, answers show	uld be to the specific po	osition for which the person is	s applying.
	(a) measured	(b) modified	(c) presented	(d) tailored
Q7	No should be left on t	he form; for questions that a	are irrelevant, write "not appli	cable" ("n/a").
	(a) answers	(b) blanks	(c) empties	(d) notes
Q8	The goal of the application	is to obtain a personal inter	view, so do not provide any	information.
	(a) affirmative	(b) negative	(c) objective	(d) positive
Q9	Questions should be answ	vered, but complete ans	swers need not necessarily b	e given.
	(a) briefly	(b) comprehensively	(c) earnestly	(d) truthfully
Q10	Specific salary limits shoul	d never be indicated on the	application; just write "open"	or " ".

Q1	The first interview for the c position's minimum qualific	andidate is the intervier cations.	w, which is used to ascertair	whether s/he matches the
	(a) initializing	(b) reviewing	(c) screening	(d) standing
Q2	The interviewer(s) will have	e the applicant's resume in .	and attempt to confirm t	he information it contains.
	(a) control	(b) hand	(c) office	(d) person
Q3		worrisome for most candidat whether they have the perso	• • •	
	(a) fit	(b) join	(c) match	(d) work
Q4	A candidate who does not whole section.	interact positively with super	rvisors and co-workers may	the operations of a
	(a) corrupt	(b) disrupt	(c) erupt	(d) interrupt
Q5	A group interview is one in	which the interviewer(s) atte	empt to distinguish the	from the followers.
	(a) bosses	(b) chiefs	(c) heads	(d) leaders
Q6	When a panel interview is	, the candidate is intervi	ewed by several people at t	ne same time.
	(a) established	(b) held	(c) positioned	(d) thrown
Q7	The candidate should mak	e eye with each member	er of the panel as s/he answ	ers the panelist's question.
	(a) arrows	(b) avoidance	(c) contact	(d) sight
Q8		nt should be aware of is the eal with adverse situations.	stress interview, which is oc	casionally used to out
	(a) cast	(b) toss	(c) weed	(d) wrench
Q9	Stress may be introduced candidate's responses with	into this kind of interview by ז	asking strange questions or	by reacting to the
	(a) queries	(b) quietness	(c) silence	(d) snores
Q10		(b) quietness andidate has only two choice		

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 63 *Hiring the Right Person*

Q1	In order to take on the righ necessarily in that	t candidate, the employer m	ust examine both abilities ar	d personality, although not
	(a) interview	(b) order	(c) resume	(d) time
Q2	The first step to hiring	is being aware of the abilitie	es that the ideal candidate sl	nould have.
	(a) congress	(b) process	(c) progress	(d) success
Q3	Before proceeding to adve to each skill.	rtisement and interviews, cre	eate a list of skills needed fo	r the job and assign a
	(a) rate	(b) rating	(c) time	(d) timing
Q4	Placing a on education	n and experience is only cor	mmon sense in the hiring pro	ocess.
	(a) premier	(b) premium	(c) preview	(d) prime
Q5	If the applicant seems to b someone very adept at inte	e over-qualified for the positi erviews.	ion, you have found either a	diamond in the or
	(a) coal	(b) mine	(c) rough	(d) shop
Q6	If this applicant does not h is the latter.	ave extensive practical expe	rience in a similar position, y	ou may rest that s/he
	(a) assured	(b) ensured	(c) insured	(d) secured
Q7	Nevertheless, occasionally which he or she is overqua	v a talented candidate is four alified.	nd who is willing to accept a	position and pay for
	(a) back	(b) cheque	(c) envelope	(d) scale
Q8	How successful the candic part of.	late will be is determined in t	he end by the team of t	he group s/he becomes a
	(a) biology	(b) chemistry	(c) physics	(d) sociology
Q9	The manager's goal is to e team.	mploy individuals who are te	echnically and also have	e personalities that suit their
	(a) decent	(b) deficient	(c) proficient	(d) prolific
Q10	Should questions remain of his or her	concerning the candidate follo	owing the traditional intervie	w, it is then time to consult

Q1		aining program, the trainer s	hould sit down and prepare a	a lesson for each day
	Well before beginning a tra	anning program, the trainer s	incula on donn and propare (	
	(a) itinerary	(b) plan	(c) plot	(d) scale
Q2	The course needs to be w	ell prepared in advance so th	nat all important points will b	e
	(a) covered	(b) exercised	(c) plotted	(d) protected
Q3	Before or during the first c	lass, it is important, if possib	le, to take time to to kn	ow the individual students.
	(a) get	(b) have	(c) learn	(d) study
Q4	An effective trainer knows	his or her		
	(a) audience	(b) directions	(c) spectators	(d) teachers
Q5	Put questions to the traine	es and encourage them to	in return.	
		(b) listen	(c) question	(d) quote
	(a) follow			(4) 40010
Q6		d what his or her studer		
Q6	Early on, the trainer should	d what his or her studer		
Q6 Q7	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare	d what his or her studer have encountered.	nts already know, what previ (c) depict	ous experience they have, (d) determine
	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand	nts already know, what previ (c) depict	ous experience they have, (d) determine
	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc information. (a) bring	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand covers where to empha	nts already know, what previ (c) depict sis and where to move more (c) place	ous experience they have, (d) determine e quickly through the (d) strike
Q7	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc information. (a) bring	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand covers where to empha (b) list	nts already know, what previ (c) depict sis and where to move more (c) place	ous experience they have, (d) determine e quickly through the (d) strike
Q7	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc information. (a) bring Training is a dynamic, two (a) catalogue	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand covers where to empha (b) list -way process; it should alwa (b) dialogue	nts already know, what previ (c) depict sis and where to move more (c) place ys be a rather than a sp (c) monologue	ous experience they have, (d) determine e quickly through the (d) strike peech or presentation. (d) travelogue
Q7 Q8	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc information. (a) bring Training is a dynamic, two (a) catalogue The trainer should not forg	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand covers where to empha (b) list -way process; it should alwa (b) dialogue	nts already know, what previ (c) depict sis and where to move more (c) place ys be a rather than a sp (c) monologue	ous experience they have, (d) determine e quickly through the (d) strike peech or presentation. (d) travelogue
Q7 Q8	Early on, the trainer should and what difficulties they h (a) declare In this way, the trainer disc information. (a) bring Training is a dynamic, two (a) catalogue The trainer should not forg well be to a recent his (a) exciting	d what his or her studer have encountered. (b) demand covers where to empha (b) list -way process; it should alwa (b) dialogue get to cover the minor tasks t ree. (b) foreign I is the list; remember that th	ts already know, what previ (c) depict sis and where to move more (c) place ys be a rather than a sp (c) monologue hat are familiar to a longer-to (c) impossible	<ul> <li>ous experience they have,</li> <li>(d) determine</li> <li>quickly through the</li> <li>(d) strike</li> <li>peech or presentation.</li> <li>(d) travelogue</li> <li>erm employee; these could</li> <li>(d) lost</li> </ul>

Q1	Company benefits are ofte	en a significant portion of the	employee's compensation .	
	(a) package	(b) parcel	(c) salary	(d) set
Q2	When considering an offer	, the candidate should exam	nine any benefits offered by t	the employer.
	(a) preferred	(b) prescriptive	(c) progressive	(d) prospective
Q3	Generous benefits can cor	ntribute up to 35 or 40 perce	nt to the compensation	for a job.
	(a) overage	(b) overall	(c) overpaid	(d) overseen
Q4	Health insurance is an imp taking it out on one's own.	portant benefit; it is less expe	ensive through the employer	at rates than when
	(a) department	(b) division	(c) group	(d) team
Q5	Should the employee becc	ome ill or have an accident, h	nis or her medical is ad	equately covered.
	(a) bandage	(b) injury	(c) repair	(d) treatment
Q6	Many US employers now h	nelp cover the expense of	facilities in their commun	ities.
	(a) childcare	(b) childhood	(c) childish	(d) childlike
Q7	Another important benefit hours, within, each da	now often offered is flextime ay.	, which allows the employee	to vary his or her working
	(a) hours	(b) limits	(c) ranges	(d) reasons
Q8	On the other hand, fewer of	companies are offering pensi	ion plans that guarantee a fi	xed monthly sum to
	(a) employees	(b) layoffs	(c) retirees	(d) seniors
Q9	Another benefit, the stock subsidized prices.	ownership plan, permits the	employee to buy of the	company's stock at
	(a) sections	(b) segments	(c) shares	(d) slices
Q10	is a work plan that pe	rmits the employee to work	from his or her home.	
	(a) Telecommunicating	(b) Telecommuting	(c) Teleconferring	(d) Telejobbing

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 66 Starting Salary Expectations

Q1	If a well-qualified person is	assiduous in his or her job s	search, s/he may receive mo	ore than one job
	(a) advertisement	(b) chance	(c) offer	(d) site
Q2	Location and cost of living	play a big in determinin	ig salary.	
	(a) part	(b) percentage	(c) place	(d) portion
Q3	Both salary and cost of livit	ng vary among urban, suburl	ban, and areas.	
	(a) countryside	(b) hamlet	(c) rural	(d) wilderness
Q4	Salaries in an urban area w may be similar.	vill likely be higher than in th	e suburbs, while the purcha	sing of each salary
	(a) amount	(b) power	(c) rate	(d) result
Q5	The costs of living in a on the internet.	. of geographical locations c	an be compared by using sa	alary calculators available
	(a) center	(b) number	(c) percent	(d) quantity
Q6	and demand are big f	actors in the starting salary a	a company may offer.	
	(a) Offer	(b) Plea	(c) Request	(d) Supply
Q7	In a field with a large numb	per of candidates, there will b	be lower salaries and co	ompetition.
	(a) some	(b) steep	(c) stiff	(d) stout
Q8	· ·	eed workers so badly that th	. ,	· ·
Q8	Contrariwise, other fields n	eed workers so badly that th	. ,	· ·
Q8 Q9	Contrariwise, other fields n many of whom will offer (a) maximum	eed workers so badly that th dollar.	ne candidate will have his or (c) silver	her choice of employers, (d) top
	Contrariwise, other fields n many of whom will offer (a) maximum	eed workers so badly that th dollar. (b) multiple	ne candidate will have his or (c) silver	her choice of employers, (d) top
	Contrariwise, other fields n many of whom will offer (a) maximum Even so, within fields a ran (a) affect	eed workers so badly that th dollar. (b) multiple age of salaries is offered, and (b) effect one-of-a-kind: his or her spec	he candidate will have his or (c) silver d industry and specific emplo (c) infect	her choice of employers, (d) top over usually salary. (d) reflect

Q1	Employees with ambition a	are often eager to into n	nanagement.	
	(a) climb	(b) level up	(c) move	(d) raise
Q2	is the ability to make	decisions that will affect the	company's future in a non-e	motional way.
	(a) Magnitude	(b) Majority	(c) Maturity	(d) Modesty
Q3	Such employees will have decisions on these re	formed friendships in the co lationships.	mpany, and co-workers will	be expecting them to make
	(a) affected	(b) based	(c) centered	(d) controlled
Q4	An employee's ability to co for it.	ome up with ideas is a b	enefit to a company, and the	e employee will be noticed
	(a) sound	(b) stable	(c) strict	(d) subtle
Q5	-	he needs to get done each d plan thought out ahead		t the end of the previous
	(a) drawn	(b) form	(c) game	(d) morning
Q6	Promotions go to the employer recommendation, those he	loyees who are the most hel elpful employees will	o to their bosses; when the b	ooss is asked for a
	(a) come to mind	(b) know their place	(c) step right up	(d) wait it out
Q7	Management hopefuls sho	ould watch what their boss do	pes and gain some into	the responsibilities of the
	(a) foresight	(b) hindsight	(c) insight	(d) oversight
Q8	The proverb "familiarity	contempt" is quite applica	ble to working in a position o	of authority.
	(a) breeds	(b) exceeds	(c) needs	(d) precedes
Q9	A manager cannot make o	lose friends at the office; s/h	e should make instead	
	(a) acquaintances	(b) allies	(c) employees	(d) enemies
Q10	Good managers know how	v to remain friendly but		

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 68 The Balance Sheet

Q1	A balance sheet shows the	e financial that a compa	ny has at a point in time and	I where they came from.
	(a) records	(b) resources	(c) returns	(d) revenues
Q2	It is an instant photograph or year.	that displays the company's	financial at the end of a	a business month, quarter
	(a) explanation	(b) position	(c) publication	(d) station
Q3	The organization of a bala	nce sheet reflects this basic	: assets equal debts plu	s equity.
	(a) arrangement	(b) assessment	(c) equation	(d) question
Q4	The of accounts is a l	isting of the accounts that ar	e reflected in the financial st	atements.
	(a) book	(b) chart	(c) table	(d) outline
Q5	Assets are often listed in the into cash.	ne order of their — whic	ch means how easy it would	be to convert each asset
	(a) complexity	(b) liquidity	(c) security	(d) simplicity
Q6	Assets are divided into three	ee categories: Current Asset	s, Fixed Assets, and As	ssets.
	(a) Current fixed	(b) Different	(c) Fixed current	(d) Other
Q7	Current assets will likely be	e turned into cash or convert	ed into a(n) within a ye	ar.
	(a) bonus	(b) expense	(c) option	(d) stock
Q8	Fixed assets are saleable,	but are not expected to be o	converted to cash in the	course of business.
	(a) average	(b) equal	(c) final	(d) normal
Q9	Liabilities are debts or	stemming from goods or se	ervices received by the comp	bany.
	(a) obligations	(b) others	(c) outstandings	(d) owed
Q10	If the assets of a company between the two numbers.	-	s, then the equity of the busi	ness is the positive
	(a) calculation	(b) difference	(c) dividend	(d) sum

Q1       The statement of income and expenses reports the company's income and expenses for the time period also called aand-loss statement.         (a) earnings       (b) gain       (c) profit       (d) win         Q2       The first item on the statement is the total amount of sales of products or services; this is often referred sales.       (a) gross       (b) mass       (c) overall       (d) whole         Q3       The main deduction from this revenue is called of sales, the amount of money the company spent produce the same goods or services.       (a) cost       (b) discount       (c) expense       (d) reduction         Q4       The next deduction is expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which vary directly with production.       (a) fixed       (b) operating       (c) standard       (d) unproductive         Q5       Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.       (a) age       (b) change       (c) repair       (d) tear         Q6       The depreciation charge for using these assets during the accounting period is a of their original comparison of the sales of the same period is a       (c) repair       (d) tear
Q2       The first item on the statement is the total amount of sales of products or services; this is often referred sales.         (a) gross       (b) mass       (c) overall       (d) whole         Q3       The main deduction from this revenue is called of sales, the amount of money the company spent produce the same goods or services.       (d) reduction         (a) cost       (b) discount       (c) expense       (d) reduction         Q4       The next deduction is expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which vary directly with production.       (d) unproductive         (a) fixed       (b) operating       (c) standard       (d) unproductive         Q5       Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.       (d) tear
Image: Service
Q3       The main deduction from this revenue is called of sales, the amount of money the company spent produce the same goods or services.         (a) cost       (b) discount       (c) expense       (d) reduction         Q4       The next deduction is expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which vary directly with production.         (a) fixed       (b) operating       (c) standard       (d) unproductive         Q5       Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.       (d) tear
produce the same goods or services.(a) cost(b) discount(c) expense(d) reductionQ4The next deduction is expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which vary directly with production.(a) fixed(b) operating(c) standardQ5Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.(d) tear
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vary directly with production.         (a) fixed       (b) operating       (c) standard       (d) unproductive         Q5       Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.       (a) age       (b) change       (c) repair       (d) tear
Q5Depreciation expenses the wear and on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings.(a) age(b) change(c) repair(d) tear
(a) age (b) change (c) repair (d) tear
Q6 The depreciation charge for using these assets during the accounting period is a of their original c
(a) foundation (b) fractile (c) fragment (d) function
Q7 income is the money that the company earns by keeping its cash in savings accounts, term depos
(a) Illicit (b) Inactive (c) Interest (d) Internal
Q8 Finally, tax is deducted.
(a) business (b) commercial (c) income (d) value-added
Q9 The final entry is the line, which represents net earnings of the company during the accounting pe
Q9The final entry is the line, which represents net earnings of the company during the accounting per(a) balance(b) base(c) black(d) bottom

Q1	or cost accounting sy and allocations to judge or	stems are part of a company perational efficiency.	's information system and a	re used for tracking costs
	(a) Corporate	(b) Domestic	(c) Management	(d) Monitoring
Q2	This is an accounting	system, rather than one for	outside reporting.	
	(a) inner	(b) inside	(c) interior	(d) internal
Q3	There are no rules go purposes.	overning how a company sho	uld keep track of cash flows	for cost accounting
	(a) amended	(b) fixed	(c) required	(d) restricted
Q4	budgeting is a form o	f forecasted cost accounting	for long-term projects or exp	penditures.
	(a) Capital	(b) Major	(c) Overhead	(d) Terminal
Q5	Cost accounting application	ns are major financial ii	n everyday corporate decisio	on-making.
	(a) distractors	(b) drivers	(c) fetters	(d) operators
Q6	Cost accounting is importa	ant for estimating the of	current and future activities.	
	(a) foreseeability	(b) profitability	(c) sensibility	(d) variability
Q7	When good cost accountin non-profitable product or s	ng procedures are, the c service.	company may find out that th	ney have been producing a
	(a) contracted	(b) discarded	(c) implemented	(d) suggested
Q8	Cost accounting man	agers toward company goals	5.	
	(a) aggravates	(b) gravitates	(c) insulates	(d) motivates
Q9	It also measures the	of managers and departmen	ts in the company.	
	(a) acceleration	(b) doings	(c) performance	(d) seniority
Q10	costs change in prop	ortion to the level of producti	on activity, while fixed costs	remain unchanged.
	(a) Varicose	(b) Various	(c) Variable	(d) Versatile

Q1	The purpose of an audit is company's financial staten	to gather and evaluate evidenents.	ence in order to form an opir	nion on the of a
	(a) rationality	(b) realization	(c) reliability	(d) responsibility
Q2	The audit is usually n	o more than a page in length	n and is attached to the finar	cial statements.
	(a) report	(b) response	(c) result	(d) review
Q3	Auditors are not responsib	le for the of the financia	al statements of an company	
	(a) evaluation	(b) examination	(c) position	(d) preparation
Q4	In the financial statements valid, complete and a	, the company implicitly state ccurate.	es that all items, account bal	ances and transactions are
	(a) essentially	(b) generally	(c) materially	(d) precisely
Q5	An error in is committ	ed when the financial statem	nents include an item that sh	ould not be included.
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q6	An error in is committ	ed when the financial statem	nents do not include an item	which should be included.
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q7	An error in is committ should be included.	ed when the financial statem	nents include incorrect inform	nation about an item that
	(a) accuracy	(b) auditing	(c) completeness	(d) validity
Q8	One of the principal goals	of the auditor is to add	to this assertion.	
	(a) credentials	(b) credibility	(c) creditworthiness	(d) credulity
Q9	Audit risk is the risk that th are significantly	e auditor expresses an inap	propriate audit opinion when	the financial statements
	(a) misstated	(b) overstated	(c) restated	(d) understated
Q10	In addition to the financial effectiveness.	statements, the auditor also	examines the company's int	ernal procedures for
	(a) coherence	(b) command	(c) control	(d) correspondence

Q1	Budgeting is a combination less clear.	n of mathematics and guess	work: some are precise	ly known, while others are
	(a) factions	(b) factors	(c) fallacies	(d) fractions
Q2	Every company should pre	epare a complete budget and	constantly its perform	ance against that budget.
	(a) match	(b) merge	(c) mirror	(d) monitor
Q3	Any variation from a budge any problems.	et should be investigated and	d explained, and action	should be taken to correct
	(a) planned	(b) potential	(c) practiced	(d) prompt
Q4	When you have set a budg	get, you should to it as r	nuch as possible, but revise	it when necessary.
	(a) stand	(b) start	(c) stick	(d) stretch
Q5	Budgeting itself can help a	company reduce costs, bec	ause every item in it must b	e beforehand.
	(a) certified	(b) justified	(c) ratified	(d) rectified
Q6	The wrong way to prepare	a budget is to simply include	e everything at last year's lev	vel plus annual
	(a) accrual	(b) increment	(c) inflation	(d) investment
Q7	Focus first on the largest c	osts, since they should have	e the greatest for reduct	tion.
	(a) potency	(b) potential	(c) prediction	(d) projection
Q8	Do not overestimate the	sales for the budget perio	od.	
	(a) conjectural	(b) considered	(c) determined	(d) projected
Q9	Creating a(n) forecast against the likely monthly i	t requires estimating the exp ncome.	ected monthly expenditures	and matching those
	(a) cash flow	(b) current account	(c) operating	(d) turnover
Q10	Many companies maintain	a budget, so that they	are continually budgeting for	this time next year.
	(a) floating	(b) moving	(c) rolling	(d) shifting

Q1	•	quite straightforward; for ins loses a certain amount of va		
	(a) irreparable	(b) irreplaceable	(c) unrecognizable	(d) unreliable
Q2	Calculating and for the	s loss in value of such an as	set is called depreciation.	
	(a) accounting	(b) applying	(c) disposing	(d) subtracting
Q3	Almost all companies inves than one year are consider	st in vehicles, furniture, mach ed assets.	ninery or buildings, and those	e that will be used for more
	(a) capital	(b) durable	(c) permanent	(d) sizeable
Q4	However, the entire cost of	such an asset cannot be	in the year it is acquired.	
	(a) deduced	(b) deducted	(c) reduced	(d) remaindered
Q5		gle year's income by the tota r and a profit overstatement		ould result in a profit
	(a) consequent	(b) continuous	(c) previous	(d) succeeding
Q6	For assets that have a use	ful life of more than one year	r. the cost must be off c	over at least two years.
		, <b>,</b>	,	,
	(a) carried	(b) reduced	(c) stated	(d) written
Q7	(a) carried	(b) reduced an asset is calculated using	(c) stated	(d) written
	(a) carried The yearly depreciation for	(b) reduced an asset is calculated using	(c) stated	(d) written
	<ul> <li>(a) carried</li> <li>The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some value</li> <li>(a) formal</li> <li>At the end of each year, the</li> </ul>	(b) reduced an asset is calculated using alue.	<ul> <li>(c) stated</li> <li>its cost and the number</li> <li>(c) initial</li> <li>tracted from the asset's cost</li> </ul>	(d) written er of years that it will (d) list
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) carried</li> <li>The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some value</li> <li>(a) formal</li> <li>At the end of each year, the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) reduced</li> <li>an asset is calculated using alue.</li> <li>(b) gross</li> <li>e annual depreciation is sub-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stated</li> <li>its cost and the number</li> <li>(c) initial</li> <li>tracted from the asset's cost</li> </ul>	(d) written er of years that it will (d) list
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) carried</li> <li>The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some value, of a formal</li> <li>At the end of each year, the value, which presumably is (a) account</li> <li>Straight depreciation, and a formal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) reduced</li> <li>an asset is calculated using alue.</li> <li>(b) gross</li> <li>e annual depreciation is substate the same as its market value.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stated</li> <li>its cost and the number</li> <li>(c) initial</li> <li>tracted from the asset's cost ie.</li> <li>(c) book</li> <li>f depreciating assets, simply</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) written</li> <li>er of years that it will</li> <li>(d) list</li> <li>; this determines its</li> <li>(d) operational</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) carried</li> <li>The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some value, of a formal</li> <li>At the end of each year, the value, which presumably is (a) account</li> <li>Straight depreciation, and a formal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) reduced</li> <li>an asset is calculated using alue.</li> <li>(b) gross</li> <li>e annual depreciation is substated the same as its market value.</li> <li>(b) actual</li> <li>the most common method of the same as the same</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stated</li> <li>its cost and the number</li> <li>(c) initial</li> <li>tracted from the asset's cost ie.</li> <li>(c) book</li> <li>f depreciating assets, simply</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) written</li> <li>er of years that it will</li> <li>(d) list</li> <li>; this determines its</li> <li>(d) operational</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) carried</li> <li>The yearly depreciation for presumably retain some value, and of each year, the value, which presumably is (a) account</li> <li>Straight depreciation, an asset by the number of (a) ahead</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) reduced</li> <li>an asset is calculated using alue.</li> <li>(b) gross</li> <li>e annual depreciation is substate the same as its market value.</li> <li>(b) actual</li> <li>the most common method of years that it will presumably</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) stated</li> <li>its cost and the number</li> <li>(c) initial</li> <li>tracted from the asset's cost ine.</li> <li>(c) book</li> <li>f depreciating assets, simply be of use.</li> <li>(c) line</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) written</li> <li>er of years that it will</li> <li>(d) list</li> <li>(d) operational</li> <li>(d) operational</li> <li>(d) measure</li> </ul>

Q1	Inventory accounting starts	s with the inventory on		
	(a) deck	(b) hand	(c) record	(d) stock
Q2	Inventories cannot be	until sold, and meanwhile th	ney are considered an asset	
	(a) depleted	(b) eliminated	(c) expensed	(d) recorded
Q3	There are four generally a	ccepted approaches to inver	tory valuation based on	. cost.
	(a) basic	(b) historical	(c) physical	(d) presumed
Q4	The identification met for.	hod records actual cost flow	: each individual item and its	s cost must be accounted
	(a) positive	(b) product	(c) specific	(d) total
Q5	The average method accounting period.	divides the total cost of inver	ntory items by their total nun	nber at the end of any
	(a) adjustable	(b) overall	(c) standard	(d) weighted
Q6	The moving average meth of each sale.	od uses an average cost for	inventory items that is calcu	lated and at the time
	(a) added	(b) applied	(c) decided	(d) depicted
Q7		ory evaluation is based on th ory before they sell the newe	• •	mpanies normally sell the
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q8	The method is based items sold.	on the presumption that the	most recent stock items pur	chased will be the initial
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q9	The method presume	s that the company will conti	nue to keep their oldest iten	ns in inventory.
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO
Q10	The method attempts	to ensure that perishable pr	oducts are sold while they a	re still in good condition.
	(a) FEFO	(b) FIFO	(c) LIFO	(d) FILO

Q1	Generally Accepted Accou accounting industry.	inting Principles are a set of	accounting approved b	y the professional
	(a) standards	(b) suggestions	(c) syllabuses	(d) systems
Q2	GAAP are a combination of reporting financial information		ards and the commonly acce	epted ways of recording and
	(a) authoritative	(b) guideline	(c) optional	(d) overriding
Q3	They can become accepte	d either as a result of due	or as a result of long tern	n practice.
	(a) placement	(b) polling	(c) procedure	(d) process
Q4	•	ss the opinion that financial ich information includes any	statements are "in conformity from these principles.	y with generally accepted
	(a) departures	(b) duplications	(c) projections	(d) quotations
Q5		of 1929, the American Inst n fairly general acceptance.	itute of Accountants introduc	ced five broad principles of
	(a) Bubble	(b) Bust	(c) Crash	(d) Plunge
Q6	It is relatively unimportant assured that it is followed		nethod is used by a company	y, so long as they are
	(a) conclusively	(b) consistently	(c) constantly	(d) cooperatively
Q7	-	s created the Securities and ed in preparing financial state	Commission (SEC), give ements.	ving it the authority to
	(a) Earnings	(b) Economic	(c) Evaluation	(d) Exchange
Q8	In 1938, Congress permitt	ed companies to use a new	method, lifo, for income	tax purposes.
	(a) inclusive	(b) introductory	(c) inventory	(d) investment
Q9	In 1939, the AIA recomme principles" in the standard		fairly in conformity with gene	erally accepted accounting
	(a) auditor's	(b) financial	(c) management	(d) stockholders'
Q10		940 promulgated the " p vith the revenues that they p	principle", which places prima roduce.	ary emphasis on the

Q1	Most accounting positions education and experience.	require a bachelor's degree	in accounting or a related fie	eld or combination of
	(a) an attained	(b) a calculated	(c) a curricular	(d) an equivalent
Q2	Many companies want gra administration with in	duates with a master's degre accounting.	ee in accounting, or a maste	r's degree in business
	(a) a concentration	(b) an expertise	(c) a focus	(d) a specialty
Q3	Some schools offer studer commercial firms.	ts a chance for hands-on ex	perience with part-time	programs in accounting or
	(a) internship	(b) practice	(c) study	(d) tutorial
Q4	Accountants help make su taxes are paid properly and		y, that its records are mainta	ined accurately, and that its
	(a) controlled	(b) courteous	(c) formal	(d) timely
Q5	Nowadays, accountants an consulting.	e the services they offe	er with budget analysis, inves	stment planning, and IT
	(a) broadening	(b) lengthening	(c) opening	(d) reformatting
Q6	accountants, many of firms.	whom are CPAs, generally	have their own companies o	r work for major accounting
	(a) Graduate	(b) Professional	(c) Public	(d) Senior
Q7	Some accountants special and embezzlement.	ize in accounting — inv	estigating white-collar crime	s such as securities fraud
	(a) criminal	(b) forensic	(c) police	(d) undercover
Q8	Many work closely with lav witnesses during trials.	v enforcement officers and la	awyers during investigations	and often appear as
	(a) expected	(b) expert	(c) known	(d) respected
Q9	accountants record a	nd analyze the financial infor	mation of the firms in which	they are employed.
	(a) Business	(b) Internal	(c) Licensed	(d) Management
Q10	Government accountants of government departments a	work in the public, main and agencies.	taining and monitoring the re	ecordkeeping of
	(a) arena	(b) domain	(c) quarter	(d) sector

Q1	The relationship between w	worker pensions and retirem	ent is of interest to mar	agement and economists.
	(a) considerable	(b) enough	(c) plentiful	(d) sufficient
Q2	The reduction in retiremen governmental and private.	t age since World War II is u	sually to greater pension	on benefits, both
	(a) aligned	(b) alleged	(c) assigned	(d) attributed
Q3	The anticipated difficulties retirement.	in financing current public pe	ensions could be by ch	anges that delayed worker
	(a) instigated	(b) investigated	(c) mitigated	(d) relegated
Q4	Private pensions a la	ge percentage of individual	wealth in most of the develo	ped nations.
	(a) compare	(b) compile	(c) compost	(d) comprise
Q5	As a worker ages, both his	productivity and the of	working another wage perio	od will change.
	(a) difficulty	(b) disability	(c) disinterest	(d) disutility
Q6	In a perfect labor market, e indifferent to the age of ret	employers, who always pay v irement.	workers the value of their	at any one time, will be
	(a) contract	(b) output	(c) pension	(d) salary
Q7	The most obvious reason f to accumulate untaxed unt	or the existence of pensions il retirement.	s is the tax advantage, since	pension are permitted
	(a) benefits	(b) calculations	(c) contributions	(d) payouts
Q8		oyees benefit from a paymen e young and more than the a		
	(a) avenue	(b) envelope	(c) gap	(d) stream
Q9	This system reduces work	er incentives for and ch	eating and thereby raises th	eir lifetime wealth.
	(a) kiting	(b) lurking	(c) lying	(d) shirking
Q10	Conoral oconomic conditio	ons also help determine actu	al retirement age: higher infl	ation and greater
Q / O		of his career causes the wor	• •	

Q1	The goal of the state of Ca banks.	lifornia is to maintain a soun	d banking system without	limiting the entry of new
	(a) unduly	(b) unreally	(c) unruly	(d) unusually
Q2	A competitive financial env and efficiency.	rironment provides choi	ce to the public and stimulat	es economic development
	(a) critical	(b) optimal	(c) maximal	(d) radical
Q3	The state chartering agend to serve the public's r	cy makes sure that a new ba needs.	nk possesses the needed ca	apital and management
	(a) expertise	(b) labour	(c) practices	(d) recruitment
Q4	This agency is the bank's p	primary, with the duty to	protect the public from que	stionable banking practices.
	(a) administrator	(b) moderator	(c) originator	(d) regulator
Q5	The term "dual banking sys	stem" means that both the C	alifornia and the US govern	ments bank charters.
	(a) certify	(b) issue	(c) license	(d) publish
Q6	The word "State" or "Natio type of charter it has.	nal" as part of a bank's name	e has nothing where it o	operates; this refers to the
	(a) in common with	(b) in comparison to	(c) to do with	(d) to understand by
Q7	Joining the Federal Reserv	ve System is required for nat	ional banks, but for sta	te banks.
	(a) obligated	(b) obvious	(c) optimal	(d) optional
Q8	•	panks at a discount rate to he t for banks suffering liqu	•	sh requirements, and is
	(a) chance	(b) legs	(c) request	(d) resort
Q9	The minimum amount of stock.	capital for a newly charte	ered bank should total at lea	st \$2,500,000 in capital
	(a) collected	(b) direct	(c) fixed	(d) startup
Q10		rage a broad and share nber due to tax or other cons		although the organizers
	(a) based	(b) diversified	(c) lengthy	(d) shallow

Q1				
	The Internet an excel	llent tool for both investors a	nd fraudsters.	
	(a) becomes	(b) equals	(c) has	(d) makes
Q2	online newsletters ca	n certainly help investors ga	ther valuable information.	
	(a) Legal	(b) Legible	(c) Legitimate	(d) Literary
Q3	However, some companie	s pay online newsletters to.	their stocks.	
	(a) tally	(b) tongue	(c) tout	(d) treat
Q4	These newsletters will pro	fit if they convince inves	stors to buy specific stocks.	
	(a) attractively	(b) beautifully	(c) handsomely	(d) prettily
Q5	The most egregious scalp own holdings at an inordin	the stocks they hype, t ate profit.	he price with recommendation	ons and then selling their
	(a) clinging to	(b) driving up	(c) nailing down	(d) standing by
Q6	Internet bulletin boards	threads made up of nume	rous messages on investme	nt opportunities.
	(a) capture	(b) censure	(c) feature	(d) stature
Q7	A single individual can mir	nic widespread interest in ar	unknown stock with a serie	s of posts under various
Q7	-	nic widespread interest in ar (b) addresses	unknown stock with a serie (c) aliases	s of posts under various (d) antonyms
Q7 Q8	(a) actors	·	(c) aliases	(d) antonyms
	(a) actors Because spam is so easy	(b) addresses	(c) aliases	(d) antonyms
	(a) actors Because spam is so easy investment deals. (a) bogus Many investment program	(b) addresses and cheap to produce, frauc	<ul> <li>(c) aliases</li> <li>sters frequently use it to find</li> <li>(c) sub rosa</li> <li>of the classic scheme</li> </ul>	(d) antonyms i investors for (d) surplus
Q8	(a) actors Because spam is so easy investment deals. (a) bogus Many investment program	<ul> <li>(b) addresses</li> <li>and cheap to produce, frauc</li> <li>(b) bonus</li> <li>s are just an internet version</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) aliases</li> <li>sters frequently use it to find</li> <li>(c) sub rosa</li> <li>of the classic scheme</li> </ul>	(d) antonyms i investors for (d) surplus
Q8 Q9	<ul> <li>(a) actors</li> <li>Because spam is so easy investment deals.</li> <li>(a) bogus</li> <li>Many investment program attempt to make money si (a) escalation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) addresses</li> <li>and cheap to produce, frauce</li> <li>(b) bonus</li> <li>s are just an internet version mply by recruiting new partice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) aliases</li> <li>(sters frequently use it to find</li> <li>(c) sub rosa</li> <li>of the classic scheme</li> <li>ipants.</li> <li>(c) level up</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) antonyms</li> <li>investors for</li> <li>(d) surplus</li> <li>in which participants</li> <li>(d) pyramid</li> </ul>

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 80 Evolution of the Stock Exchange

Q1	•		uropean Securities Exchang this question him: "Wh	-
	(a) asked to	(b) put to	(c) said to	(d) set to
Q2	The New York Stock Exch of their business by its me		o exchange rooms for t	he convenient transaction
	(a) furnish	(b) reform	(c) refurbish	(d) renovate
Q3	•	e in the world, the Amsterda from ships were registered.	m Exchange, started in a Pc	ost Office in 1598 where
	(a) backdated	(b) outgoing	(c) outstanding	(d) overseas
Q4	-		ading the first tradable share vn Exchange in the of a	•
	(a) facade	(b) nature	(c) sense	(d) stead
Q5		s", by Joseph de la Vega, pu . unless moderated by regul	ublished in 1688, shows us q ation.	uite precisely what an
	(a) lions	(b) scouts	(c) thieves	(d) wolves
Q6		-	g place in a physical sense, nany floors of the Exchange	
	(a) forbidden	(b) foregone	(c) forestalled	(d) forgotten
Q7	In order to define what a S of technology.	tock Exchange is today, you	I have to understand the uns	toppable progress, or,
	(a) barrage	(b) bombardment	(c) juggernaut	(d) ramrod
Q8	•	vay with the physical limitation ness, and it gave rise to	on of the Exchange within on	e single city or region, the
	(a) competition	(b) correlation	(c) jurisdiction	(d) justification
Q9	-	has been international equit equity investment, even	y investors, who have showr the dot com bubble.	a ferocious appetite for
	(a) aboveboard	(b) nevertheless	(c) notwithstanding	(d) thereabouts
Q10	The fourth factor is the info	ormation availability explosio	n that gave all investors nea	rly access to nearly

Q1	Rob Norton, of eCompany are among the least efficie	•	s, notes in the article quoted	below that corporate taxes
	(a) avoidable	(b) defeatable	(c) defensible	(d) reprehensible
Q2	The tax is popular with the	man, who believes, inc	correctly, that it is paid by co	rporations.
	(a) in the shop	(b) in the street	(c) on the block	(d) on the job
Q3	The federal corporate inco not to partnerships or	me tax applies only to some proprietorships.	businesses — those charte	red as corporations — and
	(a) simple	(b) single	(c) sole	(d) strict
Q4		three different rates on different rates on different rates on income between \$50,00		
	(a) brackets	(b) components	(c) portions	(d) segments
Q5	A good reason that state a out of states that imposed	nd local corporate income ta unusually high taxes.	exes remain low is that corpo	prations could easily
	(a) reinstate	(b) relegate	(c) relocate	(d) replace
Q6	Except for emergency taxe percent tax on corporation	es in wartime, corporate prof income.	its were first taxed in 1909, v	when Congress a 1
	(a) decided	(b) enacted	(c) proscribed	(d) retracted
Q7		36 was designed to increase to decrease the share from t		es collected via the
	(a) individual	(b) personnel	(c) private	(d) single
Q8		k rate was cut, deductions fo for many corporations rose.		severely, and as a
	(a) amended	(b) curtailed	(c) examined	(d) extended
Q9	The central problem with the can pay taxes.	ne corporate income tax from	n an economic point of view	is that, ultimately, only
	(a) entities	(b) companies	(c) people	(d) some
Q10	•	ry, Sir William Petty, one of t nmodities would eventually b s.		-
	(a) planners	(b) precursors	(c) predecessors	(d) progenitors

Q1	-	ngmann and Taube, 2001), p at their current market value:		
	(a) comparative	(b) previous	(c) projected	(d) theoretical
Q2	Much of the fair value deba market values	ate has had a technical focu	s on how to place fair values	on assets for which no
	(a) apply	(b) compare	(c) exist	(d) obtain
Q3	While the technical issues statements.	are important, the real drive	r should be improving f	or users of financial
	(a) opacity	(b) redundancy	(c) translucency	(d) transparency
Q4	A single global standard w	ill increase the of finance	cial presentations, which cur	rently vary considerably.
	(a) completeness	(b) comprehension	(c) consistency	(d) control
Q5	A comprehensive standard	d comparability across a	all types of financial institutio	ns.
	(a) correlates	(b) facilitates	(c) initiates	(d) legislates
Q6	-	or assets from their unc tect accounting performance		e managements take
	(a) detract	(b) distract	(c) diverge	(d) divide
Q7		.S. savings and loan crisis in ntinued to hold assets with b	-	s assets with market
	(a) sold off	(b) sold out	(c) underwrote	(d) wrote off
Q8	In hindsight, users of their time.	financial statements were no	ot well served by the accoun	ting system at the
	(a) at hand	(b) in place	(c) on hold	(d) underway
Q9	Fair value argue that values removes these perv	measuring financial assets a verse incentives.	as close as possible to their	true underlying economic
	(a) presentations	(b) proponents	(c) propositions	(d) protocols
Q10	Users would also benefit fr	rom a clearer picture of the e	economic of the enterpr	ise.
	(a) breath	(b) health	(c) heart	(d) scene

Q1		ontrol problems, Tom Murphy more culpable than the auto	•	
	(a) exploding	(b) rising	(c) rolling	(d) spinning
Q2	The Firestone tire go broader ailment afflicting t	t the most attention, but in m he No. 2 auto maker.	any respects it was merely a	a symptom of a much
	(a) debacle	(b) debut	(c) detachment	(d) deterrent
Q3	A Ford executive contender mistakes.	ed that suppliers deserved a	trip to the for a number	r of costly, boneheaded
	(a) dentist	(b) market	(c) outhouse	(d) woodshed
Q4	By last fall, however, the te	one had softened; instead of	berating parts makers, Forc	was openly
	(a) conciliatory	(b) congratulatory	(c) consolatory	(d) convivial
Q5	Caught up in the industry- engineering.	wide trend toward, Forc	I may have relied too heavily	on suppliers for
	(a) outsiders	(b) outsourcing	(c) overhead	(d) oversight
Q6		EMs run the risk of becoming ly purchase, rather than eng	•	ilities — or liabilities — of
Q6		-	•	ilities — or liabilities — of (d) subservient
Q6 Q7	their suppliers if they mere (a) subcontracted	ely purchase, rather than eng	ineer. (c) subordinate	
	their suppliers if they mere (a) subcontracted	ely purchase, rather than eng	ineer. (c) subordinate	
	their suppliers if they mere (a) subcontracted To the problem, Ford (a) ramify	ely purchase, rather than eng (b) subjected reclaimed some engineering (b) realign philosophy will be felt for ye	ineer. (c) subordinate g responsibility. (c) rectify	(d) subservient (d) register
Q7	their suppliers if they mere (a) subcontracted To the problem, Ford (a) ramify The effect of the new	ely purchase, rather than eng (b) subjected reclaimed some engineering (b) realign philosophy will be felt for ye	ineer. (c) subordinate g responsibility. (c) rectify	(d) subservient (d) register
Q7	their suppliers if they mere (a) subcontracted To the problem, Ford (a) ramify The effect of the new Ford taps for parts every of (a) rapid	ely purchase, rather than eng (b) subjected reclaimed some engineering (b) realign philosophy will be felt for ye day.	(c) subordinate g responsibility. (c) rectify ars to come by many of the (c) side	<ul> <li>(d) subservient</li> <li>(d) register</li> <li>2,000 production suppliers</li> <li>(d) special</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	their suppliers if they mere(a) subcontractedTo the problem, Ford(a) ramifyThe effect of the newFord taps for parts every of(a) rapidMany suppliers are reserved	ely purchase, rather than eng (b) subjected reclaimed some engineering (b) realign philosophy will be felt for ye lay. (b) ripple	(c) subordinate g responsibility. (c) rectify ars to come by many of the (c) side	<ul> <li>(d) subservient</li> <li>(d) register</li> <li>2,000 production suppliers</li> <li>(d) special</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	their suppliers if they mere(a) subcontractedTo the problem, Ford(a) ramifyThe effect of the newFord taps for parts every of(a) rapidMany suppliers are reserved(a) opticalIt is humbling for the comp	ely purchase, rather than eng (b) subjected reclaimed some engineering (b) realign philosophy will be felt for ye lay. (b) ripple ing judgment until the strateg	(c) subordinate (c) subordinate (c) rectify ars to come by many of the (c) side (c) side (c) optimistic (c) optimistic	(d) subservient (d) register 2,000 production suppliers (d) special the next two years, but (d) optional admit nearly 100 years

Q1		nerican Productivity & Qualit , with representation from gineering, and research.		
	(a) bilateral	(b) cosmopolitan	(c) metropolitan	(d) multifunctional
Q2	•	nvironment enables team me d facilitate brainstorming ses		I the group, receive
	(a) balance	(b) better	(c) bounce	(d) bring
Q3		to the success of the group; atest value is a critical step.	program managers to s	select those individuals they
	(a) demanding	(b) empowering	(c) inducting	(d) suggesting
Q4	In addition, teams are beir project.	ng given greater authority and	d held more for the suc	cess or failure of the
	(a) accessible	(b) accountable	(c) actionable	(d) advisable
Q5	The use of various team re opposed to monetary	eward and recognition structo	ures is mixed, with a trend to	oward more recognition as
	(a) conceptions	(b) considerations	(c) incentives	(d) incitements
Q6	Several best-practice com	panies have specific compar	nywide awards for work "	the call of duty".
Q6	Several best-practice com (a) above and beyond	panies have specific compar (b) inside and outside	nywide awards for work " (c) through and through	the call of duty". (d) up to and including
Q6 Q7	(a) above and beyond	(b) inside and outside ss needs a "champion", who	(c) through and through	(d) up to and including
	(a) above and beyond In addition, the NPD proce	(b) inside and outside ss needs a "champion", who	(c) through and through	(d) up to and including
	<ul><li>(a) above and beyond</li><li>In addition, the NPD proce new experiences, good or</li><li>(a) assigned</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(b) inside a "champion", who bad, present themselves.</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(b) into four general catego</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(c) through and through</li><li>is with monitoring and</li><li>(c) lumbered</li></ul>	<ul><li>(d) up to and including</li><li>adjusting the process as</li><li>(d) tasked</li></ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) above and beyond</li> <li>In addition, the NPD process</li> <li>new experiences, good or</li> <li>(a) assigned</li> <li>The NPD process can be a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(b) inside a "champion", who bad, present themselves.</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(b) into four general catego</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(c) through and through</li><li>is with monitoring and</li><li>(c) lumbered</li></ul>	<ul><li>(d) up to and including</li><li>adjusting the process as</li><li>(d) tasked</li></ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) above and beyond</li> <li>In addition, the NPD process new experiences, good or</li> <li>(a) assigned</li> <li>The NPD process can be and process design, and process design,</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(c) inside a "champion", who bad, present themselves.</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(c) into four general category or duction and delivery.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) through and through</li> <li>is with monitoring and</li> <li>(c) lumbered</li> <li>ries: idea generation, conce</li> <li>(c) gathered up</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) up to and including</li> <li>adjusting the process as</li> <li>(d) tasked</li> <li>pt development, product</li> <li>(d) sorted out</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) above and beyond</li> <li>In addition, the NPD process new experiences, good or</li> <li>(a) assigned</li> <li>The NPD process can be and process design, and process design,</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(c) inside a "champion", who bad, present themselves.</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(c) into four general categorization and delivery.</li> <li>(b) cut up</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) through and through</li> <li>is with monitoring and</li> <li>(c) lumbered</li> <li>ries: idea generation, conce</li> <li>(c) gathered up</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) up to and including</li> <li>adjusting the process as</li> <li>(d) tasked</li> <li>pt development, product</li> <li>(d) sorted out</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) above and beyond</li> <li>In addition, the NPD process new experiences, good or (a) assigned</li> <li>The NPD process can be and and process design, and process design, and</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(b) inside and outside</li> <li>(c) inside a "champion", who bad, present themselves.</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(b) chored</li> <li>(c) into four general categoreduction and delivery.</li> <li>(b) cut up</li> <li>(c) ideas in a database and region</li> <li>(b) deleted</li> <li>(c) ideas in they must be further departed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) through and through</li> <li>is with monitoring and</li> <li>(c) lumbered</li> <li>ries: idea generation, conce</li> <li>(c) gathered up</li> <li>visits them until they are</li> <li>(c) determined</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) up to and including</li> <li>adjusting the process as</li> <li>(d) tasked</li> <li>(d) tasked</li> <li>pt development, product</li> <li>(d) sorted out</li> <li>useless.</li> <li>(d) discarded</li> </ul>

Q1	•	Y & Quality Center study iden , including market research,	•	•
	(a) constructors	(b) containers	(c) generators	(d) guarantors
Q2	• •	phase requires a more form easible, will make a proc		
	(a) fashionable	(b) reasonable	(c) seasonable	(d) sustainable
Q3	At this point, an executive	review generally approves the	ne product for design and ad	ditional resource
	(a) acquisition	(b) advisement	(c) allocation	(d) attachment
Q4	The product and process of transforming that design in	design stage involves turning nto prototype or pilot.	the concept into a tangible	product design and
	(a) an active	(b) an actual	(c) a working	(d) a solid
Q5	Prototypes or pilots allow t originally expected.	the designers to test and	the ability of the product or	r service to perform as
	(a) approve	(b) guarantee	(c) satisfy	(d) verify
Q6	At this stage, to change th	e original product, som	e form of approval is required	d.
	(a) classification	(b) generation	(c) identification	(d) specification
Q7	This approval can range fr	om upper management revie	ew to individual functional ar	ea review to team
	(a) ballot	(b) consensus	(c) hindsight	(d) poll
Q8	Once the final design is fin	alized and approved, the pro	oduct is into production.	
	(a) admitted	(b) advanced	(c) launched	(d) projected
Q9	Aup period normally	is required before full produc	ction can begin.	
	(a) level	(b) round	(c) scale	(d) speed
Q10	A quality assurance group manufacturing site meets	within each business unit is the required	responsible for verifying tha	t the product and each

Q1		Al Hearn explains that automover vehicle's value depreciates		
	(a) concept	(b) design	(c) image	(d) observation
Q2		nce between a vehicle's orig ermines the cost of leasing.	inal value and its value at lea	ase-end ( value), and is
	(a) remnant	(b) reserve	(c) residual	(d) retained
Q3	Generally, European and	Japanese automobile h	ave lower depreciation than	American brands.
	(a) cars	(b) logos	(c) makes	(d) trademarks
Q4		I Price (MSRP) is the full prices and destination charges.	e for a vehicle as displayed	on its window sticker,
	(a) Sales	(b) Standard	(c) Stated	(d) Suggested
Q5	When you and your deale cost".	r sit down and agree on a lea	ase price for a car, this beco	mes the cost, or "cap
	(a) capitalized	(b) car and package	(c) cash projected	(d) contract approved
Q6	Cap cost can be reduced these are known as cap c	by rebates, factory-to-dealer ost reductions.	incentives, trade-in credit, o	r a cash payment;
	(a) down	(b) first	(c) key	(d) prior
Q7	When you lease, you're the leasing company's money while you're driving their car and they rightfully expect you to pay interest on that money, the same as with a loan.			
			with a loan.	
	(a) binding over	(b) nailing down	(c) running through	(d) tying up
Q8			(c) running through	
Q8	This interest is expressed	(b) nailing down	(c) running through	
Q8 Q9	This interest is expressed number such as.00297. (a) decimal	<ul> <li>(b) nailing down</li> <li>as a money factor, sometim</li> <li>(b) denominator</li> <li>e money factors, converted to</li> </ul>	(c) running through es called lease factor, and is (c) percentile	specified as a small
	This interest is expressed number such as.00297. (a) decimal A good rule of: Lease	<ul> <li>(b) nailing down</li> <li>as a money factor, sometim</li> <li>(b) denominator</li> <li>e money factors, converted to</li> </ul>	(c) running through es called lease factor, and is (c) percentile	specified as a small
	This interest is expressed number such as.00297. (a) decimal A good rule of: Lease lower than local new-car lo (a) calculation	<ul> <li>(b) nailing down</li> <li>as a money factor, sometim</li> <li>(b) denominator</li> <li>e money factors, converted to oan interest rates.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) running through</li> <li>es called lease factor, and is</li> <li>(c) percentile</li> <li>c an annual interest rate, sho</li> <li>(c) measure</li> </ul>	a specified as a small (d) unrounded build be comparable to, if not (d) thumb

Q1		eo Burnett, observes that Ma nt, "Advertising is the greates	•	Ŭ
	(a) foot in his mouth (c) nose to the grindstone		(b) hat on backwards (d) tongue in his cheek	
Q2	You can dispute whether of	or not advertising is art, but the	here is no that advertisi	ng is big business.
	(a) betting	(b) denying	(c) discussing	(d) speculating
Q3	Advertising's global landso achieve international clout	cape is changing constantly, and economies of	as agencies and holding cor	npanies consolidate to
	(a) scale	(b) size	(c) state	(d) success
Q4		s and electronics are conver merger between AOL and T		dustry, illustrated by
	(a) alliances	(b) antagonists	(c) competitors	(d) cooperatives
Q5		problems for advertisers, but targeting individuals, rather t		
	(a) broadside	(b) bulletproof	(c) scattergun	(d) sharpshooter
Q6	Of the three central roles - relationship with the client	<ul> <li>account manager, planner</li> <li>on a basis.</li> </ul>	and creative — only the acc	count handlers manage the
	(a) day-in-and-day-out	(b) day-to-day	(c) from-time-to-time	(d) time-after-time
Q7	The account manager is the managers, planners and c	ne of the wheel — some reatives.	eone who organises the age	ncy team of account
	(a) axle	(b) hub	(c) rim	(d) spoke
Q8	The planner's role is to find relationship between the b	d the most communicati rand and the consumer.	ion strategy and develop a re	eal insight into the
	(a) compelling	(b) complementary	(c) convenient	(d) convivial
Q9	The creatives are the brilli		king in teams made up of a	copywriter and an art
Q9	The creatives are the brilli	(b) complementary ant executional thinkers, wor	king in teams made up of a	copywriter and an art
Q9 Q10	The creatives are the brillia director to develop the pla (a) ability	(b) complementary ant executional thinkers, wor nners' ideas and think up ada	king in teams made up of a s s which will give brands a str (c) ambience	copywriter and an art rong competitive (d) assonance

Q1	Cathy Smart and the invest the different asset classes	stment analysts at 401k Foru	im help you get down to the	with this article about
	(a) baseline	(b) basement	(c) basics	(d) basis
Q2	Asset classes are the cate stocks, small-cap stocks, a	egories that your different inv and international stocks.	restments into — such a	as cash, bonds, large-cap
	(a) fall	(b) fan	(c) sift	(d) sort
Q3	Studies have shown that t	he key to successful investir	ng is to your wealth amo	ong different asset classes.
	(a) diverge	(b) expand	(c) range	(d) spread
Q4		ket cap) is a measure of the r of the company's sha		
	(a) corporate	(b) individual	(c) open market	(d) outstanding
Q5		portant because history has ly in terms of return and risk		companies with different
	(a) behave	(b) comply	(c) gain	(d) operate
Q6	Cap-size shift: mid-cap sto	ocks may have once been de	efined as large cap, but fell c	out of with investors.
	(a) concern	(b) favor	(c) line	(d) satisfaction
Q7	Mid-cap stock performanc	e usually falls somewhere in	between the returns of their	r large- and small-cap
	(a) companions	(b) counterparts	(c) replicas	(d) surrogates
Q8	However, mid- and small-	cap stock returns tend to be	more than the returns of	of large-cap stocks.
	(a) vaporous	(b) volatile	(c) voluminous	(d) voracious
Q9		s a few key executives, or if a ause the stock to drop drast	-	or the worse, it only takes a
	(a) dive	(b) path	(c) step	(d) turn
Q10	-	and help protect your investmat another asset class within		
	(a) Departmentalization	(b) Differentiation	(c) Distribution	(d) Diversification

(a) Departmentalization (b) Differentiation (c) Distribution (d) Diversification

Q1		pean Contract Law recognize opean and commercial	<b>v</b> ,	ere is great interest in
	(a) civil	(b) corporate	(c) individual	(d) personal
Q2	The efforts and money wh	ich it will cost to unify the pri	vate law will be repaid	when it is there.
	(a) amply	(b) annually	(c) entirely	(d) mainly
Q3		ssion began to prepare rules s plurality of creditors and de	•	
	(a) advisement	(b) alignment	(c) arrangement	(d) assignment
Q4	With a few exceptions the many of the academics are	members of the Commission e also lawyers.	n of European Contract Law	have been academics, but
	(a) practical	(b) practiced	(c) practicing	(d) practicum
Q5		en representatives of specifi e, to draft the most appropri		•
	(a) interests	(b) liaisons	(c) platforms	(d) wings
Q6	The Principles may be cor non-binding rules, or "	npared with the American Re	estatement of the Law of Co	ntract, which consists of
	(a) by law	(b) false law	(c) near law	(d) soft law
Q7	Some of the Principles of I	European Contract Law refle	ct ideas which have not yet	in the law of any state.
	(a) adopted	(b) approached	(c) materialised	(d) realised
<u> </u>			(-)	(d) realised
Q8	The Commission has mad which may the trade.	e an effort to deal with those		ce business life of today and
Q8		e an effort to deal with those (b) advance		. ,
Q8 Q9	which may the trade. (a) adhere The Council and the Comr		e issues in contract which fac (c) advertise invited to prepare new proc	ce business life of today and (d) advise redural legislation in
	which may the trade. (a) adhere The Council and the Comr	(b) advance nission of the EU have been	e issues in contract which fac (c) advertise invited to prepare new proc	ce business life of today and (d) advise redural legislation in
	which may the trade. (a) adhere The Council and the Comr border cases, in particular (a) beyond	<ul> <li>(b) advance</li> <li>nission of the EU have been on those elements which are</li> <li>(b) both</li> <li>neral principles of the law of</li> </ul>	e issues in contract which fac (c) advertise invited to prepare new proc e instrumental to a smooth ju (c) cross	ce business life of today and (d) advise redural legislation in udicial co-operation.

Q1	Joan Lloyd, of Joan Lloyd convenience.	& Associates, writes that em	ail is a medium of communio	cation for sheer
	(a) uncompared	(b) undivided	(c) unequal	(d) unparalleled
Q2	However, she warns that it	also carries many and	even dangers in the office e	nvironment.
	(a) deadfalls	(b) freefalls	(c) pitfalls	(d) pratfalls
Q3	Delivering a negative mess when it's received by emai	sage is difficult, even when it I.	t is spoken face-to-face;	. is almost guaranteed
	(a) decisiveness	(b) defensiveness	(c) derisiveness	(d) discursiveness
Q4	What's worse, email can b how the other party has	e printed and saved: both pa them.	arties will often haul out their	"documentation" to prove
	(a) decried	(b) missed	(c) reviled	(d) wronged
Q5	If you receive an email tha hours before you respond.	t you off, and your first	reaction is to counterattack,	don't; close it and wait 24
	(a) checks	(b) fires	(c) seizes	(d) ticks
Q6	Because the tone and and carefully chosen word	. are missing, it is more impo s.	ortant to use friendly languag	ge, descriptive adjectives
	(a) inflection	(b) intention	(c) reflection	(d) retraction
Q7	If you don't consider how it understood, you could be o	will sound on the other end doing control later.	and take steps to shape the	delivery so the meaning is
	(a) communication	(b) courtesy	(c) damage	(d) passion
Q8	<b>o</b> 117	with poor punctuation, miss that what and how they write	•	
	(a) denies	(b) exaggerates	(c) telegraphs	(d) underlines
Q9	Email feels private, but it's	anything		
	(a) at all	(b) available	(c) but	(d) public
Q10	Write every email for your	boss's eyes: it's a great way	to keep you honest and	sensitive.
	(a) politically	(b) positively	(c) practically	(d) probably

Q1	•	f School for Champions, son they paid attention to the bas		successful, but they could
	(a) casually	(b) mildly	(c) scarcely	(d) willfully
Q2	Good organization results	in reducing losses due to	work or unclear objectives	S.
	(a) duplicate	(b) little	(c) over	(d) unplanned
Q3	All personnel do better wo of things.	rk, because they know what	they should be doing and w	hat their place is in the
	(a) host	(b) plan	(c) process	(d) scheme
Q4	In order to improve, you m	ust have a vision or goal of v	where you want to end	
	(a) it	(b) result	(c) point	(d) up
Q5	The primary purpose or re	ason to start a business	is to earn profits for its own	ers or stockholders.
	(a) energy	(b) entity	(c) strategy	(d) synergy
Q6	For the of public relat	ions, such a stated purpose	is kept private.	
	(a) cause	(b) comfort	(c) matter	(d) sake
Q7	You should also be aware	of your core: what are	you good at?	
	(a) comparisons	(b) competencies	(c) competitors	(d) complements
Q8	Often companies become compete.	diluted and start to get into a	a field that they think is,	but in which they cannot
	(a) lucent	(b) lucrative	(c) ludicrous	(d) lugubrious
Q9	A good statement acc future.	curately explains why your co	ompany exists and what it he	opes to achieve in the
	(a) corporate	(b) foundation	(c) mission	(d) public
Q10		ze your business is by follow out you can still use them as	-	

(a) BBB (b) ISO (c) POP (d) QC

Q1		ct's stock-keeping Units (SK del, etc, and the product nan		he specific quality, price,
	(a) deviant	(b) discreet	(c) peculiar	(d) unique
Q2	SKUs are what manufactu advertised.	rers produce, what retailers	sell, and what consumers bu	uy; are what are
	(a) brands	(b) images	(c) items	(d) wares
Q3	A large of SKUs for c	onsumer products has led to	myriad choices for custome	ers.
	(a) prepackaging	(b) preponderance	(c) proliferation	(d) proportion
Q4	This has led to complicate margins.	d supply and demand logisti	cs, of brand loyalty and	more pressure on profit
	(a) eradication	(b) erasure	(c) erosion	(d) eruption
Q5	Buyers have become muc	h more in recent years,	forcing retailers to respond	more quickly and efficiently.
	(a) decrying	(b) demanding	(c) dismaying	(d) distracting
Q6	Many stores use a psycho \$19.95.	logical pricing strategy called	d odd pricing, prices en	d in odd numbers, such as
	(a) whenever	(b) whereby	(c) while	(d) whither
Q7	Presumably, customers se	ee odd prices as being I	pelow even prices, and cons	equently a bargain.
	(a) seriously	(b) slimly	(c) substantially	(d) surprisingly
Q8	On the other hand, luxury \$10.00 or \$50.00.	boutiques, to project a	image for their products, use	even pricing such as
	(a) preponderant	(b) prepossessive	(c) prestigious	(d) prodigious
Q9	Multiple unit pricing is a str	rategy in which the customer	r perceives buying as ir	volving more savings.
	(a) frequent	(b) quantity	(c) repetitive	(d) wholesale
Q10	Multiple unit pricing is usua consumption.	ally effective in increasing	sales of a product, but it	may not increase the rate of
	(a) customer	(b) immediate	(c) overall	(d) retail

Q1		Economics at SUNY, explain ourses of action or options in	-	-
	(a) alternate	(b) alternative	(c) opposing	(d) opposite
Q2	is the process by white	ch a desired outcome is ach	ieved through the most effici	ent course of action.
	(a) Operations	(b) Opportunism	(c) Optimism	(d) Optimization
Q3	In consumption, a consum her with the greatest level	er with a amount of inc of satisfaction or utility.	ome purchases the mix of g	oods that provides him or
	(a) given	(b) limited	(c) predetermined	(d) standard
Q4	Often managerial decision	s have to be made subject to	o some	
	(a) considerations	(b) constraints	(c) constrictions	(d) contradictions
Q5	For instance, a manager th off workers.	hat is trying to cut his labor c	osts may be under a union .	limiting his ability to lay
	(a) contract	(b) house	(c) strike	(d) negotiation
Q6	A farmer who wants to tak by the amount of land that	e advantage of good market he has available.	conditions and increase the	size of his is limited
	(a) crop	(b) cultivar	(c) field	(d) produce
Q7	-	not made in a: economi accordance with the dynamic		
	(a) committee	(b) hermitage	(c) rush	(d) vacuum
Q8		l problems may appear, ofter at is why managerial econor		be fitted into
	<ul><li>(a) applied microeconomic</li><li>(c) theoretical microeconomic</li></ul>		(b) objective microeconom (d) virtual microeconomics	
Q9	The manager's internal en control.	vironment is made up of tho	se factors over which he has	s at least some of
	(a) angle	(b) degree	(c) measurement	(d) power
Q10		o managers, as managers ar economic measures such as		g the state of the economy
	(a) related	(b) relegated	(c) relevant	(d) requisite

Q1       Some claim that management should exist only to support employees' efforts to be fully productive metal of the organization — therefore, any form of control is completely to management and employees. Carter McNamara of Authenticity Consulting, LLC.         (a) conducive       (b) congenial       (c) copacetic       (d) counterproduct         Q2       The phrase "management control" itself can have a negative connotation, e.g. it can sound dominating coercive andhanded.       (a) double       (b) heavy       (c) rough       (d) under         Q3       Organizations often use documents to ensure complete and consistent information is gathered.       (a) photocopied       (b) prefabricated       (c) standardized       (d) stored         Q4       Documents include titles and dates to detect different of the document.       (a) copies       (b) signatories       (c) sources       (d) versions         Q5       Organizations typically require a wide range of reports, e.g. financial reports, status reports, project reports, etc, to what's being done, by when and how.       (a) administer       (b) archive       (c) mandate       (d) monitor         Q6       Computers have administrative controls through use of integrated management information system project management software, human resource information systems, office automation software, etc.       (a) categorized       (b) evolved       (c) instituted       (d) revolutionized
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project management software, human resource information systems, office automation software, etc. (a) categorized (b) evolved (c) instituted (d) revolutionized
Q7 Delegation is an approach to getting things done in with other employees.
(a) concordance (b) conjunction (c) preparation (d) proposition
Q8 Delegation generally includes assigning responsibility to an employee to complete a task, granting the employee authority to gain the resources to do the task and letting the employee decide how that task carried
(a) off (b) on (c) out (d) over
(a) off (b) on (c) out (d) over
(a) off(b) on(c) out(d) overQ9Typically, the person assigning the task shares with the employee for ensuring the task is complete

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 95 Human Resources Management

Q1	Dr. John Sullivan, Head and Professor of Human Resource Management at San Francisco State University stresses the necessity of establishing a set of assessment tools that will let you know in advance where count and overhead costs are excessive.				
	(a) body	(b) hand	(c) head	(d) nose	
Q2	•••		rkets to open (and close) rap from areas of low to areas o		
	(a) competition	(b) impact	(c) return	(d) traffic	
Q3		nd metrics known as "" t egies to either avoid the prot	hat indicate potential proble blem or minimize its impact.	ms gives us sufficient time	
	(a) fire detectors	(b) fog detectors	(c) lie detectors	(d) smoke detectors	
Q4	-		n planning in that it only cove consible for developing at lea		
	(a) bench	(b) desk	(c) full	(d) industrial	
Q5			s is due to a lack of challeng vidual "Challenge Plans" for	•	
	(a) recidivism	(b) remaining	(c) retention	(d) return	
Q6		kers, so they need to develo	agement positions, there are op transfer and job rotat		
	(a) holiday	(b) horizontal	(c) subsidiary	(d) supervised	
Q7	New hires, as well as our o options like job sharing an		ling an increasing array of be	enefits and work life	
	(a) balance	(b) equality	(c) offset	(d) release	
Q8	In order to rapidly res competency inventories.	ources and fill unexpected v	acancies HR must develop o	computerized skill or	
	(a) reaffirm	(b) redeploy	(c) redesign	(d) redress	
Q9	One of the primary reason supervisor.	s that employees quit their jo	obs are the bad managemer	nt of their direct	
	(a) activities	(b) exercises	(c) habits	(d) practices	
Q10	A strong economy with labor increasingly difficult.	th large swings in the health	of world economies makes	predicting the supply of	
	(a) compared	(b) contrasted	(c) coordinated	(d) coupled	

Q1	Millions of new enterprises	are begun each year in spit	e of a more than 50% r	ate.
	(a) failure	(b) initial	(c) interest	(d) return
Q2	There is increasing researce by the media.	ch on the subject, more and	more courses in entreprene	urship, and heightened
	(a) coverage	(b) distribution	(c) journalism	(d) publication
Q3	Initiating a new business ir innovative ideas.	volves considerable risk, as	well as an effort to overcom	ne all the against
	(a) attitude	(b) inertia	(c) pressure	(d) protest
Q4	The French word "entrepre	eneur", translated, mear	ns simply "undertaker".	
	(a) accurately	(b) actually	(c) fully	(d) literally
Q5	•	tion with risk evolved in the the government to perform	•	•
	(a) simulated	(b) stimulated	(c) stippled	(d) stipulated
Q6	Since the contract price was better he performed, the m	as fixed, any resulting profits ore profit he made.	or losses the efforts of	the entrepreneur — the
	(a) affected	(b) deflected	(c) effected	(d) reflected
Q7		rson with capital was from shed from the capital provide		ital; in other words, the
	(a) differentiated	(b) divided	(c) segregated	(d) separated
Q8		eur, a venture capitalist is a capital to obtain a high rate		er who makes risk
	(a) pool	(b) portfolio	(c) stock	(d) stream
Q9	In the mid-20th century, the	e of an entrepreneur as	an innovator was establishe	ed.
	(a) action	(b) notion	(c) occupation	(d) position
Q10	The concept of innovation	and newness is now an	part of entrepreneurship.	
	(a) intangible	(b) integral	(c) integrated	(d) intelligible

Q1       When the of the U.S. Constitution created a new severnment for their untried Republic, they realized the contract system.       (a) foliers       (c) founders       (d) framers         Q2       Soon after the Constitution's, Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton.       (d) restitution         (a) ratification       (b) rationalization       (c) realization       (d) restitution         Q3       On April 2, 1792, Congress passed The Act, which created the Mint and autorist construction of a Mint.       (d) Stamp         Q4       On April 2, 1792, Congress passed The						
Q2       Soon after the Constitution's, Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton personally prepared plans for a national Mint. <ul> <li>(a) ratification</li> <li>(b) rationalization</li> <li>(c) realization</li> <li>(d) restitution</li> </ul> Q3         On April 2, 1792, Congress passed The Act, which created the Mint and authors         (d) restitution of a Mint           (a) Coinage         (b) Money         (c) Species         (d) Stamp           Q4         President George Washington appointed Philadelphia. <ul> <li>(a) famous</li> <li>(b) leading</li> <li>(c) notrious</li> <li>(d) popular</li> </ul> Q4         President George Washington appointed Philadelphia. <ul> <li>(a) famous</li> <li>(b) leading</li> <li>(c) notrious</li> <li>(d) popular</li> </ul> Q5         When the United States government began minting chavy-handed <li>(d) spearheaded</li> <li>(d) hand-picked</li> <li>(b) hard-pressed</li> <li>(c) printed</li> <li>(d) alloy</li> <li>(d) circulating</li> <li>(c) printed</li> <li>(d) duile</li> Q7         In addition to produces prof and water set with sits to procession           (a) alloy         (b) control           (a) conduct         (b) contr	Q1			government for their untried	Republic, they realized the	
for a national Mint.       (a) ratification       (b) rationalization       (c) realization       (d) restitution         Ga       On April 2, 1792, Congress passed The Act, whick created the Mint and autorise construction of a Mint building in the nation's capitod philadelphila.       (a) Coinage       (b) Money       (c) Species       (d) Stamp         Ga       President George Washington appointed Philadelphila.       (a) famous       (b) leading       (c) notorious       (d) popular         Ga       first Director of the Mint.       (b) leading       (c) notorious       (d) popular         Ga       famous       (b) hard-pressed       (c) heavy-handed       (d) spearheaded         Ga       luder Rittenhouse, the Mint produced its firstcoins: 11,178 copper cents, which were delivered in March 1793.       (a) conduct       (b) control       (c) printed       (d) du anage <t< td=""><td></td><td>(a) foilers</td><td>(b) formers</td><td>(c) founders</td><td>(d) framers</td></t<>		(a) foilers	(b) formers	(c) founders	(d) framers	
Q3       On April 2, 1792, Congress pased The Act, which created the Mint and authorities construction of a Mint building in the nation's capitol, Philadelphia.         (a) Coinage       (b) Money       (c) Species       (d) Stamp         Q4       President George Washington appointed Philadelphian David Rittenhouse, a American scientist, as the first Director of the Mint.       (a) famous       (b) leading       (c) notorious       (d) popular         Q5       When the United States government began minting coins in 1792, the original facility in Philadelphia was       (a) popular       (b) hard-pressed       (c) heavy-handed       (d) spearheaded         Q6       Under Rittenhouse, the Mint produced its first coins: 11,178 copper cents, where delivered in March 1793.       (a) alloy       (b) circulating       (c) printed       (d) utile         Q7       The primary mission of the United States Mint is to produce an adequate volume of coins for the nation to       (a) conduct       (b) control       (c) lead       (d) manage         Q8       In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint is to prospersion illities, incluing maintaining physical	Q2		's, Secretary of the Tre	asury Alexander Hamilton p	ersonally prepared plans	
building in the nation's capitol, Philadelphia.(a) Coinage(b) Money(c) Species(d) StampCap are stated and comage(b) Money(c) Species(d) PopularCap are stated and comage(b) leading(c) notorious(d) popularCap are stated and comage(b) leading(c) notorious(d) popularCap are stated and comage(b) hard-pressed(c) heavy-handed(d) spearheadedCap are stated and comage(b) hard-pressed(c) printed(d) statesCap are stated and commerce(c) printed(d) utileCap are are and commerce(c) printed(d) utileCap are are and commerce(c) lead(d) manageCap are are and commerce(c) lead(d) manageCap are are and commerce(c) possession(d) staregeCap are are and protection of the twitor's \$100 billion of U.S. gold and silver assets.(d) starageCap are		(a) ratification	(b) rationalization	(c) realization	(d) restitution	
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Q5When the United States government began minting coins in 1792, the original facility in Philadelphia was to produce enough curre-ry for the small country. (a) hand-picked (b) hard-pressed (c) heavy-handed (d) spearheadedQ6Under Rittenhouse, the Mint produced its first coins: 11,178 copper cents, which were delivered in March 1793. (a) alloy (b) circulating (c) printed (d) utileQ7The primary mission of the United States Mint is to produce an adequate volume of coins for the nation to its trade and commerce. (a) conduct (b) control (c) lead (d) manageQ8In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint is to the responsibilities, including maintaining physical and protection of the Nation's \$100 billion of U.S. gold and silver assets. (a) custody (b) ownership (c) possession (d) storageQ9It also produces proof and uncirculated coins,	Q4		gton appointed Philadelphiar	David Rittenhouse, a	American scientist, as the	
to produce enough currency       (a) hand-picked       (b) hard-pressed       (c) heavy-handed       (d) spearheaded         Q6       Under Rittenhouse, the Mirrency       (c) heavy-handed       (d) spearheaded         1793.       (a) alloy       (b) circulating       (c) printed       (d) utile         Q7       The primary mission of the United States Mint is to protection and commerce.       (c) lead       (d) manage         Q8       In addition to producing commerces, the United States Mint States Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to number states Mint is to protection of the nation to protection of the nation's \$100 billion of U S isolation to protection of the number states Mint is to protection of the nation is \$100 billion of U S isolation to protection of the number states Mint is to protection of the number states mint isolation to protection of the number state states Mint isolatisolation to protection of the number state s		(a) famous	(b) leading	(c) notorious	(d) popular	
Q6       Under Rittenhouse, the Mint produced its first coins: 11,178 copper cents, which were delivered in March 1793.         (a) alloy       (b) circulating       (c) printed       (d) utile         Q7       The primary mission of the United States Mint is to produce an adequate volume of coins for the nation to       (a) conduct       (b) control       (c) lead       (d) manage         Q8       In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint is of U.S. gold and silver assets.       (a) conduct       (b) ownership       (c) possession       (d) storage         Q9       It also produces proof and tirculated coins, coins silver assets.       (a) commemorative       (b) commissioned       (c) memento       (d) memorabilia.         Q10       In addition. the mint is receiving, receiving, receiving, and protects proof and the mint is silver assets.       (a) conduct       (b) commissioned       (c) possession       (d) storage         Q2       It also produces proof and the United States Coins, coins and medals for sale to the general public.       (a) memorabilia       (d) memorabilia         Q3       In addition. the mint is receiving, receiving, receiving, and protection of the coins and pr	Q5					
1793.(a) alloy(b) circulating(c) printed(d) utileQ7The primary mission of the value of the primary mission of the prime of the prim of the		(a) hand-picked	(b) hard-pressed	(c) heavy-handed	(d) spearheaded	
Q7The primary mission of the United States Mint is to produce an adequate volume of coins for the nation to its trade and commerce.(a) conduct(b) control(c) lead(d) manageQ8In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint has other responsibilities, including maintaining physical and protection of the Nation's \$100 billion of U.S. gold and silver assets. (a) custody(b) ownership(c) possessionQ9It also produces proof and uncirculated coins, coins, and medals for sale to the general public. (a) commemorative(b) commissioned(c) mementoQ10In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing(d) memorabilia	Q6		nt produced its first coir	ns: 11,178 copper cents, whi	ch were delivered in March	
its trade and commerce.(a) conduct(b) control(c) lead(d) manageQ8In addition to producing construction's \$100 billion of U.S. gold and silver assets. (a) custody(b) ownership(c) possession(d) storageQ9It also produces proof active (a) commemorative(b) commissioned(c) memento(d) memorabiliaQ10In addition. the mint is reserver, sible for receiving, redeversion groups and processing active site site site site site site site sit		(a) alloy	(b) circulating	(c) printed	(d) utile	
Q8       In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint has other responsibilities, including maintaining physical inclusion.         (a) custody       (b) ownership       (c) possession       (d) storage         Q9       It also produces proof and uncirculated coins, coins, and medals for sale to the general public. (a) commemorative       (b) commissioned       (c) memento       (d) memorabilia         Q10       In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing	Q7		United States Mint is to pro	duce an adequate volume o	f coins for the nation to	
Image: Second structure       Image: Second structure         (a) custody       (b) ownership       (c) possession       (d) storage         (a) custody       (b) ownership       (c) possession       (d) storage         (a) custody       (b) commissioned       (c) memento       (d) memorabilia         (a) commemorative       (b) commissioned       (c) memento       (d) memorabilia         Q10       In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing coins.		(a) conduct	(b) control	(c) lead	(d) manage	
Q9       It also produces proof and uncirculated coins, coins, and medals for sale to the general public.         (a) commemorative       (b) commissioned       (c) memento       (d) memorabilia         Q10       In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing coins.	Q8			·	luding maintaining physical	
(a) commemorative(b) commissioned(c) memento(d) memorabiliaQ10In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing coins.		(a) custody	(b) ownership	(c) possession	(d) storage	
Q10 In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing coins.	Q9	It also produces proof and	uncirculated coins, coir	ns, and medals for sale to th	e general public.	
		(a) commemorative	(b) commissioned	(c) memento	(d) memorabilia	
(a) counterfeit (b) foreign (c) mutilated (d) previous	Q10	In addition. the mint is resp	oonsible for receiving, redeer	ning, and processing c	oins.	
		(a) counterfeit	(b) foreign	(c) mutilated	(d) previous	

Q1	Findlaw for Small Business customers.	s has prepared the following	introductory information on	credit to a business's
	(a) extending	(b) placing	(c) proffering	(d) submitting
Q2	-	late how you advertise inter w you can be when atte	•	u have to respond to claims
	(a) aggressive	(b) argumentative	(c) bellicose	(d) belligerent
Q3		en's exist in most states g materials used to improve	•	n rights to those who
	(a) laws	(b) leases	(c) liens	(d) licenses
Q4	If the debt is not paid, the	property can be and sol	d to pay the obligation.	
	(a) foreclosed	(b) foreshortened	(c) recalled	(d) reclaimed
Q5		of an 'automatic' imme y further action to try to colle		
	(a) halt	(b) hold	(c) stay	(d) stop
Q6	The Truth in Lending Act h credit terms to applicants.	elps customers know what t	hey're, requiring the cre	editor to disclose the exact
	(a) getting into	(b) going through	(c) settling for	(d) taking up
Q7	Among the items you must annual interest rate.	t to a consumer who bu	ys on credit are the monthly	finance charge and the
	(a) disclose	(b) display	(c) uncover	(d) underwrite
Q8	The Credit Practices Rule Commission has found to I	prohibits creditors from using be unfair to consumers.	g certain contract that th	he Federal Trade
	(a) decisions	(b) divisions	(c) provisions	(d) revisions
Q9	This Rule applies to all cre	ditors subject the jurisd	iction of the Federal Trade C	Commission.
	(a) of	(b) to	(c) under	(d) within
Q10	Interest charged on late pa be charged.	ayments may be limited by st	ate laws controlling the	amount of interest that can
	(a) ulterior	(b) uptake	(c) usury	(d) utility

Q1       The Bank of America offers asset-based loans, which are by a company's accounts receivable, inventory, equipment, and/or real estate.       (a) assured       (b) covered       (c) obtained       (d) secured         Q2       Asset-based loans are an alternative to traditional bank lending because they serve borrowers with risk characteristics typically outside a bank's level.       (a) collateral       (b) comfort       (c) confidence       (d) control         Q3       Abank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral, while an asset-based lender looks to collateral first.       (a) deposits       (b) flow       (c) on hand       (d) option         Q4       Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial       (d) covenants       (d) covenants         Q5       Eansk typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial       (d) covenants       (d) covenants         Q6       Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection-provisions penury prosecution       (d) provisions         Q7       In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral or debt, and its cash flow is sust to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.       (d) retrie         Q7       In a leveraged ESOP (Emptoyee Stock Ownership Plan) allows	equipment, and/or real estate.(a) assured(b) covered(c) obtained(d) secured(a) assured(b) covered(c) obtained(d) secured(a) collateral(b) comfort(c) confidence(d) control(a) collateral(b) comfort(c) confidence(d) control(a) collateral(b) comfort(c) confidence(d) control(a) deposits(b) flow(c) on hand(d) option(a) deposits(b) flow(c) on hand(d) option(a) commitments(b) contracts(c) conversions(d) covenants(a) commitments(b) contracts(c) conversions(d) covenants(a) Remedial(b) Reversal(c) Touchstone(d) Turnaround(b) Reversal(c) Touchstone(d) Turnaround(c) Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecutior (a) penury(b) prosecution(c) restructure(a) absolve(b) assume(c) restructure(d) retrie(a) absolve(b) assume(c) restructure(d) retrie(a) absolve(b) percentage(c) ratio(d) stance(a) advantage(b) percentage(c) ratio(d) stance(b) responses(c) ratio(d) stance(d) stance(c)the rendencies(b) responses(c) ervices(d) solutions(a) the level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based					
Q2       Asset-based loans are an atternative to traditional bank tending because they serve borrowers with risk characteristics typically outside a bank's level.       (a) collateral       (b) comfort       (c) confidence       (d) control         Q3       A bank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral will an asset-based lender looks to collateral first.       (a) deposits       (b) flow       (c) on hand       (d) option         Q4       Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial       (a) commitments       (b) contracts       (c) conversions       (d) covenants         Q5	Q2       Asset-based loans are an alternative to traditional bank lending because they serve borrowers with risk characteristics typically outside a bank's level. <ul> <li>(a) collateral</li> <li>(b) comfort</li> <li>(c) confidence</li> <li>(d) control</li> </ul> Q3         A bank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral, while an asset-based lender looks to collateral first. <ul> <li>(a) deposits</li> <li>(b) flow</li> <li>(c) on hand</li> <li>(d) option</li> </ul> Q4         Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial	Q1			are by a company's acc	counts receivable, inventory,
characteristics typically outside a bank's level.   (a) collateral (b) comfort (c) confidence (d) control   (a) collateral (b) comfort (c) confidence (d) option   (a) deposits (b) flow (c) on hand (d) option   (a) deposits (b) flow (c) on hand (d) option   (a) deposits (b) flow (c) on hand (d) option   (a) deposits (b) flow (c) on hand (d) option   (a) commitments (b) contracts (c) conversions (d) covenants   (a) commitments (b) contracts (c) Touchstone (d) Turnaround   (a) Remedial (b) Reversal (c) Touchstone (d) Turnaround   (a) Remedial (b) prosecution (c) protection (d) provisions   (a) penury (b) prosecution (c) protection (d) provisions   (a) absolve (b) assume (c) restructure (d) critire   (a) absolve (b) assume (c) ratio (d) stance   (a) advantage (b) percentage (c) ratio (d) stance   (a) advantage (b) percentage (c) ratio (d) stance   (a) remedies (b) response (c) ratio (d) stance	characteristics typically outside a bank's level. (a) collateral (b) comfort (c) confidence (d) control A bank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral. While an asset-based lender looks to collateral first. (a) deposits (b) flow (c) on hand (d) option A banks typically require less collateral controls and montoring but more financial (a) commitments (b) contracts (c) conversions (d) covenants (a) commitments (b) contracts (c) conversions (d) covenants (a) commitments (b) Reversal (c) Touchstone (d) Turnaround (d) Turnaround A Banks typically require less char are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent. (a) Remedial (b) Reversal (c) Touchstone (d) Turnaround A Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its offect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution (a) penury (b) prosecution (c) protection (d) provisions Puny (b) prosecution (c) protection (d) provisions Puny (b) prosecution (c) restructure (d) retire (a) absolve (b) assume (c) restructure (d) retire (a) absolve (b) assume (c) restructure (d) retire A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset, by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based lond. (a) advantage (b) percentage (c) ratio (d) stance 24 A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and, for both parties. (a) remedies (b) responses (c) services (d) solutions 24 A topical loan agreement with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties. (a) remedies (b) responses (c) services is directly related to the credit for both parties. (a) remedies (b) responses (c) services (d) solutions		(a) assured	(b) covered	(c) obtained	(d) secured
Q3       A bank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral, while an asset-based lender looks to collateral first. <ul> <li>(a) deposits</li> <li>(b) flow</li> <li>(c) on hand</li> <li>(d) option</li> </ul> <li>Q4</li> <li>Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial</li> <li>(a) commitments</li> <li>(b) contracts</li> <li>(c) conversions</li> <li>(d) covenants</li> Q5         financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent. <ul> <li>(a) Remedial</li> <li>(b) Reversal</li> <li>(c) Touchstone</li> <li>(d) Turnaround</li> </ul> <li>Q6</li> <li>Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for, under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its offect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution</li>	Q3       A bank will look first to the cash for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral, while an asset-based lender looks to collateral first. <ul> <li>(a) deposits</li> <li>(b) flow</li> <li>(c) on hand</li> <li>(d) option</li> </ul> Q4         Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial <li>(a) commitments</li> <li>(b) contracts</li> <li>(c) conversions</li> <li>(d) covenants</li> Q5         financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent. <ul> <li>(a) Remedial</li> <li>(b) Reversal</li> <li>(c) Touchstone</li> <li>(d) Turnaround</li> </ul> Q6         Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution	Q2			k lending because they serve	e borrowers with risk
Iender looks to collateral first.(c) on hand(d) option(a) deposits(b) flow(c) on hand(d) optionQ4Banks typically require less collateral controls and montroing but more financial(d) covenants(a) commitments(b) contracts(c) conversions(d) covenantsQ5 financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving insolvent.(d) Turnaround(a) Remedial(b) Reversal(c) Touchstone(d) TurnaroundQ6Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the FederalBankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operation. protection provisions penury prosecution(d) provisionsQ6Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the FederalBankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operation. protection provisions penury prosecution(d) provisionsQ7In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral of debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrue by the buyer to acquire the company.(d) retireQ8A Leveraged ESOP (Empresse Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise transaction asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9A typical loan agreement transact-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9A typical loan agreement transact-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9The level of controls and troining by the asset-based lender	Iender looks to collateral first.(a) deposits(b) flow(c) on hand(d) optionQ4Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial(d) covenants(a) commitments(b) contracts(c) conversions(d) covenantsQ5 financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent.(a) TurnaroundQ6Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its perfusions to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution(d) provisionsQ7In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for d) ettic a domention is used to debt accrued by the buser to acquire the company.(d) retrieQ8A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9Na typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.Q9A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender is directly related to the credit for both parties.		(a) collateral	(b) comfort	(c) confidence	(d) control
Q4       Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial	Q4       Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial	Q3			t of a loan, then to collateral,	, while an asset-based
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Q5       financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent. <ul> <li>(a) Remedial</li> <li>(b) Reversal</li> <li>(c) Touchstone</li> <li>(d) Turnaround</li> </ul> <li>Q6</li> <li>Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution             <ul> <li>(a) penury</li> <li>(b) prosecution</li> <li>(c) rotection</li> <li>(d) provisions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q7</li> <li>In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.                  <ul></ul></li>	Q5       financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent.         (a) Remedial       (b) Reversal       (c) Touchstone       (d) Turnaround         Q6       Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution         (a) penury       (b) prosecution       (c) protection       (d) provisions         Q7       In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.       (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) restructure       (d) retire         Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.       (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.       (d) solutions </td <td>Q4</td> <td>Banks typically require les</td> <td>s collateral controls and mor</td> <td>nitoring but more financial</td> <td></td>	Q4	Banks typically require les	s collateral controls and mor	nitoring but more financial	
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Q6       Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution	Q6       Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution <ul> <li>(a) penury</li> <li>(b) prosecution</li> <li>(c) protection</li> <li>(d) provisions</li> </ul> <li>Q7</li> <li>In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.</li>	Q5	-		-	•
Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution       (a) penury       (b) prosecution       (c) protection       (d) provisions         (a) penury       (b) prosecution       (c) protection       (d) provisions         (a) a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.       (d) retire         (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) restructure       (d) retire         (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) ratio       (d) stance         (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions	Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution       (d) provisions         (a) penury       (b) prosecution       (c) protection       (d) provisions         Q7       In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.       (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) restructure       (d) retire         Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.       (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.       Image: Services		(a) Remedial	(b) Reversal	(c) Touchstone	(d) Turnaround
Q7In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company. (a) absolve(d) retireQ8A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan. (a) advantage(b) percentage(c) ratio(d) stanceQ9A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and the standard is company to raise its capital company. (d) solutions(d) solutionsQ10The level of controls and the provides by the asset-based lender provides to be protection to the credit of the standard is company.	<ul> <li>Q7 In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.</li> <li>(a) absolve</li> <li>(b) assume</li> <li>(c) restructure</li> <li>(d) retire</li> <li>Q8 A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.</li> <li>(a) advantage</li> <li>(b) percentage</li> <li>(c) ratio</li> <li>(d) stance</li> <li>Q9 A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.</li> <li>(a) remedies</li> <li>(b) responses</li> <li>(c) services</li> <li>(d) solutions</li> </ul>	Q6	Bankruptcy Code and has	been permitted by the bank	ruptcy court to continue its o	
used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.         (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) restructure       (d) retire         Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Emplore Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise is capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.       (a) advantage         (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender protections, rights, and the parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and the total bust with the asset-based lender bust with the asset bu	used to debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.       (a) absolve       (b) assume       (c) restructure       (d) retire         Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.       (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.       (c) services       (c) services       (c) services		(a) penury	(b) prosecution	(c) protection	(d) provisions
Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.         (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and routing by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the	Q8       A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.         (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.       (d) solutions	Q7		, , ,		r debt, and its cash flow is
issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan.       (a) advantage       (b) percentage       (c) ratio       (d) stance         Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.       (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the	issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan. (a) advantage (b) percentage (c) ratio (d) stance Q9 A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties. (a) remedies (b) responses (c) services (d) solutions Q10 The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.		(a) absolve	(b) assume	(c) restructure	(d) retire
Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.         (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the	Q9       A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and for both parties.         (a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.	Q8	• • •	• • • •		
(a) remedies(b) responses(c) services(d) solutionsQ10The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the	(a) remedies       (b) responses       (c) services       (d) solutions         Q10       The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.		(a) advantage	(b) percentage	(c) ratio	(d) stance
Q10 The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the	Q10 The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit of the borrower.	Q9	A typical loan agreement w	vith an asset-based lender p	rovides protections, rights, a	nd for both parties.
	borrower.		(a) remedies	(b) responses	(c) services	(d) solutions
	(a) condition (b) position (c) value (d) worthiness	Q10		nonitoring by the asset-base	d lender is directly related to	the credit of the
(a) condition (b) position (c) value (d) worthiness			(a) condition	(b) position	(c) value	(d) worthiness

Q1				
	antitrust laws and protect	mmission has prepared the consumer — the freedod d quality that fit the consume	om to choose goods and ser	
	(a) dignity	(b) impartiality	(c) individuality	(d) sovereignty
Q2	A agreement on price business operations — is	e among competitors — whe illegal.	re the agreement is not reas	sonably related to the firms'
	(a) guarded	(b) naked	(c) stated	(d) suspected
Q3	Price similarities also can prices down to a common	result from normal economic level.	c conditions: for example,	competition can drive
	(a) fictitious	(b) uncontrolled	(c) unfair	(d) vigorous
Q4		uniformly high prices, m and for a product is particula		
	(a) coexistence	(b) collusion	(c) competition	(d) cooperation
	(a) coexistence			
Q5		roduction or output is illegal	because reducing the suppl	y of a product or service
Q5	An agreement to restrict p	roduction or output is illegal (b) irrevocably	because reducing the suppl (c) readily	y of a product or service (d) steadily
Q5 Q6	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen		(c) readily to deal with another person	(d) steadily
	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen	(b) irrevocably ment among competitors not	(c) readily to deal with another person	(d) steadily
	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban	(b) irrevocably ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prio	(c) readily to deal with another person ces. (c) bluff	(d) steadily or business — violates the (d) boycott
Q6	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban Market division — agreem	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not</li> <li>other party to pay higher prior</li> <li>(b) barricade</li> </ul>	(c) readily to deal with another person ces. (c) bluff	(d) steadily or business — violates the (d) boycott
Q6	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban Market division — agreem presumed to be illegal. (a) alleviate	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prior</li> <li>(b) barricade</li> <li>ments among competitors to other party to pay higher prior</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) readily</li> <li>to deal with another person</li> <li>ces.</li> <li>(c) bluff</li> <li>divide sales territories or</li> <li>(c) deploy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) steadily</li> <li>or business — violates the</li> <li>(d) boycott</li> <li> customers — are</li> <li>(d) deviate</li> </ul>
Q6 Q7	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban Market division — agreem presumed to be illegal. (a) alleviate	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prior</li> <li>(b) barricade</li> <li>ments among competitors to other</li> <li>(b) allocate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) readily</li> <li>to deal with another person</li> <li>ces.</li> <li>(c) bluff</li> <li>divide sales territories or</li> <li>(c) deploy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) steadily</li> <li>or business — violates the</li> <li>(d) boycott</li> <li> customers — are</li> <li>(d) deviate</li> </ul>
Q6 Q7	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban Market division — agreem presumed to be illegal. (a) alleviate Restrictions on price adver (a) deny	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prior</li> <li>(b) barricade</li> <li>ments among competitors to of</li> <li>(b) allocate</li> <li>rtising can be illegal if they .</li> <li>(b) deplete</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) readily</li> <li>to deal with another person ces.</li> <li>(c) bluff</li> <li>divide sales territories or</li> <li>(c) deploy</li> <li> consumers of important</li> <li>(c) deprive</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) steadily</li> <li>or business — violates the</li> <li>(d) boycott</li> <li> customers — are</li> <li>(d) deviate</li> <li>information.</li> </ul>
Q6 Q7 Q8	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force an (a) ban Market division — agreem presumed to be illegal. (a) alleviate Restrictions on price adver (a) deny	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prior</li> <li>(b) barricade</li> <li>ments among competitors to of</li> <li>(b) allocate</li> <li>rtising can be illegal if they .</li> <li>(b) deplete</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) readily</li> <li>to deal with another person ces.</li> <li>(c) bluff</li> <li>divide sales territories or</li> <li>(c) deploy</li> <li> consumers of important</li> <li>(c) deprive</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) steadily</li> <li>or business — violates the</li> <li>(d) boycott</li> <li> customers — are</li> <li>(d) deviate</li> <li>information.</li> <li>(d) detract</li> </ul>
Q6 Q7 Q8	An agreement to restrict p drives up its price. (a) inevitably A group — an agreen law if it is used to force and (a) ban Market division — agreem presumed to be illegal. (a) alleviate Restrictions on price adver (a) deny A professional of eth (a) assertion	<ul> <li>(b) irrevocably</li> <li>ment among competitors not other party to pay higher prior (b) barricade</li> <li>ments among competitors to de</li> <li>(b) allocate</li> <li>(c) allocate</li> <li>(b) deplete</li> <li>ics may be unlawful if it unres</li> <li>(b) code</li> <li>agreement between a supplication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) readily</li> <li>to deal with another person ces.</li> <li>(c) bluff</li> <li>divide sales territories or</li> <li>(c) deploy</li> <li> consumers of important</li> <li>(c) deprive</li> <li>asonably restricts the ways</li> <li>(c) promise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) steadily</li> <li>or business — violates the</li> <li>(d) boycott</li> <li> customers — are</li> <li>(d) deviate</li> <li>information.</li> <li>(d) detract</li> <li>professionals may compete.</li> <li>(d) vow</li> </ul>

Q1	In the current article, Profe efficient capital markets.	essors Steven L. Jones and	Jeffry M. Netter offer their de	etailed on the nature of
	(a) insights	(b) outlooks	(c) overviews	(d) prevues
Q2	Congress at face value	itution went into effect, Secr ue securities that had been is ere then selling for much less	ssued by the states and the	
	(a) reclaim	(b) recover	(c) redeem	(d) reissue
Q3		was made public, however, o eir agents into the countrysic he plan.	-	·
	(a) degraded	(b) depressed	(c) discounted	(d) discredited
Q4	Contrast this with sec information about their val	curity markets today, in whicl ue.	n the prices of securities rea	ct very quickly to new
	(a) scenario	(b) scene	(c) scenery	(d) scenography
Q5	·	re commonly thought of as n e about the value of the	• •	es fully reflect all relevant
	(a) conceptual	(b) fundamental	(c) perceptual	(d) structural
Q6	Because a security is a cla that the owner of the secu	aim on future cash flows, its rity expects to receive.	current value is the valu	ue of the future cash flows
	(a) perceived	(b) potential	(c) present	(d) projected
Q7	Future cash flows are disc riskier the cash flows, the	counted by an interest rate th higher is the rate used.	at is a of the riskiness of	of those cash flows; the
	(a) compensation	(b) function	(c) reaction	(d) reversal
Q8	The study of capital market is into security prices	•	nuch, how fast, and how acc	urately available information
	(a) included	(b) incorporated	(c) installed	(d) intercalated
Q9		unds from savers to firms, w unds, allocated through the c		. ,
	(a) carry	(b) channel	(c) flow	(d) handle
Q10	Management compensation management's interests w	on packages tied to stock ith their own.	are one way in which stoc	kholders align
	(a) activity	(b) options	(c) performance	(d) prices

Q1	Common shareholders have any assets of the com	•	, to vote on certain corporate	e matters, and to share in
	(a) reclaimed	(b) released	(c) relevant	(d) residual
Q2	Common shareholders are	the last to claim assets in c	ases of	
	(a) dissolution	(b) insolvency	(c) insurgency	(d) resolution
Q3	Preferred shareholders ma shares into common share		special features on redempt	ion or of preferred
	(a) conversion	(b) merging	(c) morphing	(d) transformation
Q4	U.S. Savings Bonds are ba	acked by the general credit a	and taxation powers of the fe	deral government, so there
	(a) bankruptcy	(b) default	(c) depression	(d) retraction
Q5	•	•	company, which generally p value of the bond, at maturi	
	(a) base	(b) face	(c) initial	(d) official
Q6	• •	,	earing savings certificates is ey can be issued in any	•
	(a) condition	(b) denomination	(c) jurisdiction	(d) nation
Q7	Money-market mutual fund investments, such as T-Bill	· , · ·	large numbers of investors	and use it to buy short-term
	(a) blocks	(b) contracts	(c) paper	(d) stock
Q8	The returns on mutual function in achieving them.	ds depend on the fund's inve	stment objectives, described	d in its, and its success
	<ul><li>(a) articles of incorporation</li><li>(c) prospectus</li></ul>		(b) leaflets (d) submissions	
Q9			not issued or redeemed on a hange for trade among investion	
	(a) Closed-end	(b) Finite	(c) Limited	(d) Short-line
Q10	Options give the holder the specific period of time.	e right to buy ('call' option) or	sell ('' option) a security	/ at a specific price for a
	(a) offer	(b) place	(c) put	(d) vend

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 103 Agricultural Market Development

Q1	-	fication, providing better price		quate marketing system is a ailability of competitively
	(a) precondition	(b) precursor	(c) predecessor	(d) preference
Q2	Physical improvement is u urban and rural) and by im	sually addressed in two way proving rural roads.	s: by providing improved ma	rket infrastructure (both
	(a) access	(b) paved	(c) portage	(d) state
Q3		a trade network; they are no ed at a central place in a vill	, ,	asis on specific weekdays
	(a) ad hoc	(b) casual	(c) irregular	(d) periodic
Q4	<b>5</b>	embly markets') are found wl or by traders, and are norma	<b>e</b> 1 1	•
	(a) axles	(b) cores	(c) nodes	(d) rims
Q5	wholesale and semi-vector wholesale and semi-vector wholesale and semi-vector willion).	vholesale markets are locate	ed within or near major cities	(usually with populations
	(a) Seasonal	(b) Subsidized	(c) Temporary	(d) Terminal
Q6	-	ve consumers in main urban particularly if they allow proc	• • •	
	(a) direct	(b) farmers'	(c) open-air	(d) produce
Q7	•	include increasing volumes erns; and the of profess		
	(a) convergence	(b) conveyance	(c) emergence	(d) reliance
Q8		for change are factors, /th, population shifts within c <places.< td=""><td>• • •</td><td>-</td></places.<>	• • •	-
	(a) democratic	(b) demographic	(c) geocentric	(d) geographic
Q9	A common problem at both	n wholesale and retail levels marketing of local produce:	is that the markets are view	ed as tax rather than
Q9	A common problem at both as means of facilitating the	n wholesale and retail levels marketing of local produce:	is that the markets are view	ed as tax rather than
Q9 Q10	A common problem at both as means of facilitating the with the sole purpose of co (a) cattle	n wholesale and retail levels e marketing of local produce: ollecting taxes.	is that the markets are view the marketing system is 'kic (c) utensils	ed as tax rather than Inapped' by municipalities, (d) wells

Q1					
	The Direct Selling Association is the national trade association of the firms that manufacture and distribute goods and services sold directly to consumers.				
	(a) establishment	(b) famous	(c) leading	(d) prestigious	
Q2	Direct selling is the sale of	a consumer product or serv	ice, person-to-person, away	from a retail location.	
	(a) fixed	(b) listed	(c) local	(d) stable	
Q3	Products are sold primarily	through in-home product de	emonstrations, parties and	selling.	
	(a) man-to-man	(b) one-on-one	(c) on-location	(d) out-of-pocket	
Q4	Data from surveys indicate loyalty among its represen	-	a marketing method tha	t engenders considerable	
	(a) veritable	(b) versatile	(c) vibrant	(d) virulent	
Q5			merchants and caravans — ge goods and to communica		
	(a) indigenous	(b) indigent	(c) invasive	(d) itinerant	
Q6	The development and use direct selling.	of roads and water routes fo	or commercial activity were .	points in the history of	
	(a) elemental	(b) essential	(c) pivotal	(d) potential	
Q7	As early as 2000 B.C., the of Hammurabi, a monument of Babylonian law, protected the general welfare and integrity of the Babylonian direct seller, stating that 'the peddler shall swear the oath of God' if any enemy caused him trouble in the travels.				
		raveis.			
	(a) Code	(b) Pact	(c) Seal	(d) Stone	
Q8	(a) Code The of the renowned	(b) Pact Yankee Peddler in the early	(c) Seal American territories of the 1 combs, small hardware and	8th and 19th centuries	
Q8	(a) Code The of the renowned	(b) Pact Yankee Peddler in the early	American territories of the 1	8th and 19th centuries	
Q8 Q9	<ul> <li>(a) Code</li> <li>The of the renowned consisted of items like pins</li> <li>(a) ideas</li> <li>he advent of the home part</li> </ul>	(b) Pact Yankee Peddler in the early s, needles, hooks, scissors, o (b) notions	American territories of the 1 combs, small hardware and (c) possessions	8th and 19th centuries perfume. (d) produce	
	<ul> <li>(a) Code</li> <li>The of the renowned consisted of items like pins</li> <li>(a) ideas</li> <li>he advent of the home part</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Pact</li> <li>Yankee Peddler in the early</li> <li>a, needles, hooks, scissors, of</li> <li>(b) notions</li> <li>ty in the 1950s added a new</li> </ul>	American territories of the 1 combs, small hardware and (c) possessions	8th and 19th centuries perfume. (d) produce	
Q9	<ul> <li>(a) Code</li> <li>The of the renowned consisted of items like pins</li> <li>(a) ideas</li> <li>he advent of the home part home of hostesses to see (a) appearance</li> <li>Today, at the beginning of the beginning</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Pact</li> <li>Yankee Peddler in the early</li> <li>s, needles, hooks, scissors, o</li> <li>(b) notions</li> <li>ty in the 1950s added a new</li> <li>product demonstrations and</li> <li>(b) dimension</li> </ul>	American territories of the 1 combs, small hardware and (c) possessions to direct selling as cus socialize with friends. (c) invention et has become an important	8th and 19th centuries perfume. (d) produce tomers gathered at the (d) perspective	

Q1	Melissa Campanelli, a mar open a physical store to ex	keting and technology writer tend their life	in Brooklyn, comments on t	he reasons for dotcoms to	
	(a) lengths	(b) lines	(c) spans	(d) streams	
Q2		usiness, you open a retail st urviving dotcoms that skippe			
	(a) brick-and-mortar	(b) plaster-of-paris	(c) rock-solid	(d) set-in-stone	
Q3	Anyone that has a businest reality.	s plan with a goal of e-comm	nerce needs to that bus	iness plan with a retail	
	(a) augment	(b) engineer	(c) generate	(d) offset	
Q4		t we could not exist purely a restrial link, some reality othe	•		
	(a) belay	(b) belie	(c) bolster	(d) brook	
Q5		ustomers a more convenien missing from Net stores.	t way to return goods and tr	y out products — two	
	(a) rashly	(b) roughly	(c) sorely	(d) stiffly	
Q6	Owning a store offers a natural flow into and out of the store, which allows an entrepreneur to gather names and begin direct-to-consumer marketing programs.				
	(a) goods	(b) pedestrian	(c) physical	(d) traffic	
Q7	However, opening a retail s	store is an expensive			
	(a) exploration	(b) exposition	(c) imposition	(d) proposition	
Q8	For those of you who lack t shopping mall.	he funding needed to open a	a retail store right now, try re	enting a in a local	
	(a) barrow	(b) hut	(c) kiosk	(d) table	
Q9	If you do want to set up traditional retail business b	, you should do whatever y efore you do so.	vou can to learn about launc	hing and running a	
	(a) business	(b) operation	(c) shop	(d) store	
Q10	Your best is to determ	ine ahead of time whether a	multichannel strategy is a g	good move for your dotcom.	
	(a) bet	(b) chance	(c) effort	(d) thought	

Q1		•	ow products are purchased, problems result from the lat	
	(a) disposal	(b) disturbance	(c) perusal	(d) reuse
Q2	Consumer behavior involv	es services and ideas as we	Il as products.	
	(a) durable	(b) malleable	(c) marketable	(d) tangible
Q3	Product use is often of gre how we can encourage inc		because this may influence h	now a product is best or
	(a) inventoried	(b) manufactured	(c) positioned	(d) stationed
Q4		nding that consumers are mo dvertisements late in the afte	ore to food advertising v ernoon.	when they are hungry, we
	(a) attendant	(b) attractive	(c) receptive	(d) related
Q5	·	ehavior on society is also of s for the national health	relevance; for example, agg	ressive marketing of high
	(a) affectations	(b) aftereffects	(c) repercussions	(d) retributions
Q6	the rest of the population,		ew consumers and only spre ew products must be well fina s.	• ,
	(a) aboard	(b) abreast	(c) afloat	(d) aloft
Q7	It is important to please ini	tial customers, since they wi	ill in turn influence many	. customers' brand choices.
	(a) consecutive	(b) consequent	(c) subsequent	(d) subservient
Q8			ottle of laundry detergent, yc tice, however, you often pay	
	(a) discount	(b) increase	(c) percentile	(d) premium
Q9	Consumer surveys, as any the outcome a great deal.	/ kind of research, are vulne	rable to: the wording of	a question can influence
	(a) ambiguity	(b) bias	(c) bigotry	(d) weighting
Q10	measures are occasi	onally used to examine cons	umer response; for example	e, advertisers may want to
	measure a consumer's lev	el of arousal during various	parts of an advertisement.	

Q1	The Discount Store News	offers some tips for effe	ective in-store partnerships.	
	(a) casting	(b) forging	(c) sealing	(d) welding
Q2	•	oing experience where there to pull out for a closer look.	's no through the confu	sing tangle of options or
	(a) sailing	(b) striding	(c) sailing	(d) wading
Q3	-	d sales that could be genera planogram makes merchan	ted when shoppers are direc dise almost irresistible.	cted by quality to
	(a) postage	(b) posters	(c) signage	(d) staff
Q4		re than a, as vendors a y from stores' back doors int	re now working with retailers o patrons' hands.	in creating displays that
	(a) lick and a promise	(b) pencil sketch	(c) pipe dream	(d) planner's nightmare
Q5	•	keeping an eye on the botto turers' merchandise on the .	m line, continually search for	r ways to speed up the rate
	(a) aisle	(b) display	(c) floor	(d) pallet
Q6	Cooperation from vendors faster turnover.	in repositioning merchandis	e closer to the of sale p	ushes the envelope toward
	(a) counter	(b) direction	(c) edge	(d) point
Q7	Melanie McIntosh adds tha merchandising as a	at in today's competitive reta	il environment a retailer can	not afford to consider
	(a) bonus	(b) frill	(c) gift	(d) necessity
Q8	Merchandising and display allocated, even for a retailed		e marketing plan and should	have a reasonable budget
	(a) corner	(b) dime	(c) limit	(d) shoestring
Q9			as merchandise, location, sta t if your store doesn't up	
	(a) level	(b) measure	(c) reach	(d) stretch
Q10	If your store looks like a ba conclusion that your produ	-	xpect those kinds of prices a	ind may draw the
	(a) attic	(b) basement	(c) cellar	(d) corner

Q1	•		ble to relationships in wi pal) and subject to that perso	,
	(a) collateral	(b) collegial	(c) conducive	(d) consensual
Q2	• •		and principal, of the agent's p as between the agent and	
	(a) advocates	(b) dictates	(c) governs	(d) monitors
Q3	Agency is a common-law s	subject of wide that inte	rsects with a number of othe	er subjects.
	(a) scale	(b) scope	(c) sense	(d) series
Q4		•	etween officers and corporate corporate corporate agents and their clience corporate corpo	
	(a) Parenthetical	(b) Pragmatic	(c) Prototypical	(d) Proverbial
Q5		-	of those agency relationships ion across diverse legal cont	
	(a) free-standing	(b) free-wheeling	(c) long-awaited	(d) long-lasting
Q6	• • • •	•	spapers—Enron in partions in partions in partions and employment relations and employment relations and employment relations are supply as the second sec	
	(a) adamant	(b) evident	(c) permanent	(d) relevant
Q7		cterized by businesspeople v tions for which they worked.	who 'should have known', an	d who appear to have
	(a) adroitly	(b) adversely	(c) aggressively	(d) ambitiously
Q8	Courts responding to case agents, and third part	-	ive focused on the legal rela	tionships among principals,
	(a) affected	(b) affective	(c) effected	(d) effective
Q9	• •		te statutory developments, ir kground that includes basic o	
	(a) intuit	(b) presuppose	(c) suggest	(d) supplant
Q10	The law of agency is based through another is deemed		per alium, facit per se', whic	h means 'he who acts
	(a) axiom	(b) epigram	(c) maxim	(d) utterance

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 109 The Law of Contracts

Q1	-	also known as the classical a law rejected the moral theo		
	(a) eloquence	(b) epitome	(c) heyday	(d) highlight
Q2	Contracts are promises that	at the law will		
	(a) enact	(b) enforce	(c) enhance	(d) espouse
Q3	The law provides remedies	s if a promise is and rec	ognizes the performance of	a promise as a duty.
	(a) bent	(b) bestowed	(c) betrayed	(d) breached
Q4	Contracts when a dut parties.	y does or may come into exi	stence, because of a promis	se made by one of the
	(a) activate	(b) appear	(c) apply	(d) arise
Q5	The Law of Contracts deal	s with self duties, that is	s, agreements voluntarily co	ncluded between parties.
	(a) delineated	(b) designated	(c) implanted	(d) imposed
Q6	To be legally as a cor	ntract, a promise must be ex	changed for adequate consi	deration.
	(a) based	(b) biased	(c) binding	(d) bound
Q7	Adequate consideration is promise/contract.	a benefit which a party rece	ives which reasonably and fa	airly them to make the
	(a) conduces	(b) educes	(c) induces	(d) seduces
Q8		are not considered enfor rom the act is normally not co		-
	(a) gifts	(b) givens	(c) gratuities	(d) gratuitous
Q9	•	not considered contracts ma surances of the other party.	y, in limited circumstances, l	be enforced if one party has
	(a) deference	(b) detraction	(c) detriment	(d) distress
Q10		sually broadly classified eithe ch contracts, property a		ations or as part of the
	(a) circumscribes	(b) delineates	(c) encompasses	(d) subtends

Q1	Real estate agents and bro	okers act as in price neg	gotiations between buyers a	nd sellers.
	(a) intermediaries	(b) mediators	(c) mediums	(d) moderators
Q2	-	•	ches and for meetings betwe upon and the new owners ta	•
	(a) ahold	(b) assessment	(c) control	(d) possession
Q3	Brokers spend a significan with the firm.	t amount of time obtaining	agreements by owners t	o place properties for sale
	(a) acknowledgements	(b) listings	(c) promises	(d) signatures
Q4		ge favorable financing from ccess and failure in a sa	a lender for the prospective ale.	buyer; often, this makes
	(a) closing	(b) doing	(c) ending	(d) wrapping
Q5	In the prequalifying phase,	the agent determines how r	nuch the buyers can to	spend.
	(a) afford	(b) ensure	(c) intend	(d) manage
Q6	In addition, the agent and to show houses to buyers.	he buyer usually sign c	contract which states that the	e agent will be the only one
	(a) an individual	(b) an ironbound	(c) a loyalty	(d) a solidarity
Q7	Agents identify and empha	size the most selling po	pints.	
	(a) perennial	(b) permanent	(c) perquisite	(d) pertinent
Q8	To a young family looking trate, and the to school		asize the convenient floor pl	an, the area's low crime
	(a) directions	(b) juxtaposition	(c) proximity	(d) vicinity
Q9	If bargaining over price becomes necessary, agents must follow their client's instructions carefully and may have to present in order to get the best possible price.			
	(a) arguments	(b) conditions	(c) counteroffers	(d) documents
Q10		ned the contract, the real es before the closing date.	state broker or agent must m	ake sure that all special
	(a) defined	(b) filled	(c) met	(d) pending

Q1	Founded over 30 years ago, Winoker Realty Company is a privately second-generation commercial real estate firm serving the diverse real estate needs of a highly prestigious list of tenants, owners, large corporations and growing businesses.				
	(a) classified	(b) converted	(c) held	(d) positioned	
Q2	We are committed to provi	ding you with value-added, t	imely solutions — and we		
	(a) can	(b) deliver	(c) do	(d) swear	
Q3		s vast experience allows us t s and quality solutions to eve		development services, with	
	(a) appear	(b) arise	(c) emerge	(d) exist	
Q4	Winoker Realty Company a cash-flow,, and speed	also provides superior leasin I to market is critical.	g services; for building own	ers seeking to increase	
	(a) money has wings	(b) money talks	(c) time flies	(d) time is money	
Q5	We take in our ability objectives.	to rapidly gain a comprehen	sive understanding of an ow	ner's specific needs and	
	(a) care	(b) pride	(c) skill	(d) time	
Q6	Winoker Realty Company relationship.	has a commitment to se	enior level involvement in ev	ery aspect of customer	
	(a) stalwart	(b) staunch	(c) steadfast	(d) stubborn	
Q7		ng strategy approved by you houses with full attention		spects, creating and	
	(a) dwelling	(b) model	(c) open	(d) rental	
Q8		real estate experience from very real estate niche and ge		sides help us provide	
	(a) housekeeper	(b) landlord	(c) leaseholder	(d) proprietor	
Q9	Winoker's hands-on approx years.	ach and roll-up-your att	itude has benefited building	owners for more than 30	
	(a) carpet	(b) sleeves	(c) socks	(d) windows	
Q10	Our true depth and breadth	n of expertise is simply	in the greater New York real	estate marketplace.	
	(a) insurmountable	(b) superabundant	(c) surreal	(d) unsurpassed	

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 112 A good real estate rental market

Q1	Ray Alcorn of Park Real Estate Inc remarks that real estate is a capital-intensive industry, and its health rises and falls with capital availability; currently the capital markets are so with cash, they can't find a place for it all.				
	(a) flood	(b) fluid	(c) flush	(d) full	
Q2		nder oversupply of product, odity prices, which has	•	•	
	(a) ameliorated	(b) mollified	(c) tempered	(d) transformed	
Q3	Rising consumer interest r produce the desired soft	ates will further slow consun	ner purchasing and the hous	ing market, and may	
	(a) dealing	(b) ending	(c) landing	(d) spending	
Q4	•	n capital have a negative effe commercial banks' real estate		0	
	(a) groundings	(b) grumblings	(c) ramblings	(d) rumblings	
Q5	-	awash in capital, all of it se in if banks are constrained th	• • •	-	
	(a) cache	(b) niche	(c) surfeit	(d) surplus	
Q6	Construction costs have ge commodity prices.	one through the in the p	past year due to natural disa	sters and increased	
	(a) budget	(b) gauntlet	(c) roof	(d) stock	
Q7	-	d condo conversions have re so owners can now flex their et the		• •	
	(a) brush off	(b) cat's meow	(c) door prize	(d) last laugh	
Q8	<b>o</b> 1	oyment and population will ex in such markets without goo	•		
	(a) off chance	(b) offer	(c) offering	(d) offing	
Q9	Potail proportion will suffer				
		as owners rediscover risk a private equity groups that ca	•	most of these assets are	
			•	most of these assets are (d) wriggle out of	
Q10	owned by well-capitalized (a) keep up with	private equity groups that ca	n easily the storm. (c) sail into	(d) wriggle out of	

Q1	The amount of purchasing undertaken in the business market easily the total spending by consumers; because the business market is so large it draws the interest of millions of companies that market exclusively to business customers.				
	(a) belittles	(b) diminishes	(c) dwarfs	(d) shrinks	
Q2	In certain business market competitors offering simila	s purchase decisions o r products and services.	n the outcome of a bidding p	process between	
	(a) fold	(b) hinge	(c) lean	(d) stand	
Q3	In these cases the decisio	n to buy is often down t	o one concern who has the l	owest price.	
	(a) arrowed	(b) ratcheted	(c) sized	(d) whittled	
Q4	Consumer and business n	narkets differ in that business	s markets are more likely to	be price than brand	
	(a) controlled	(b) defined	(c) driven	(d) limited	
Q5	The demand by businesse demand.	s for products and services i	s affected by consumer pure	chases; this is called	
	(a) delayed	(b) derived	(c) distal	(d) distance	
Q6		ations may have a part in cre anges in business purchasin	• ·	a small in consumer	
	(a) skip	(b) slant	(c) swath	(d) swing	
Q7		s is a significant difference be		ess purchasing; while a	
	consumer will probably no cars or trucks certainly will		nts a gallon on gas, a compa	any that has a large of	
			nts a gallon on gas, a compa (c) fleet	any that has a large of (d) flotilla	
Q8	cars or trucks certainly will (a) caravan In more advanced purchas	(b) corps se situations, members of the at by the buyer, and each fea	(c) fleet Buying Center may evalua	(d) flotilla te each option using a	
Q8	cars or trucks certainly will (a) caravan In more advanced purchas checklist of features sough	(b) corps se situations, members of the at by the buyer, and each fea	(c) fleet Buying Center may evalua	(d) flotilla te each option using a	
Q8 Q9	cars or trucks certainly will (a) caravan In more advanced purchas checklist of features sough importance to the purchas (a) consideration	(b) corps se situations, members of the nt by the buyer, and each fea e decision. (b) number ved, it may end up moving to	<ul> <li>(c) fleet</li> <li>Buying Center may evaluant</li> <li>ture is assigned a that</li> <li>(c) position</li> </ul>	(d) flotilla te each option using a corresponds to its (d) weight	
	cars or trucks certainly will (a) caravan In more advanced purchas checklist of features sough importance to the purchas (a) consideration If the product is recei	(b) corps se situations, members of the nt by the buyer, and each fea e decision. (b) number ved, it may end up moving to	<ul> <li>(c) fleet</li> <li>Buying Center may evaluant</li> <li>ture is assigned a that</li> <li>(c) position</li> </ul>	(d) flotilla te each option using a corresponds to its (d) weight	
	cars or trucks certainly will (a) caravan In more advanced purchas checklist of features sough importance to the purchas (a) consideration If the product is recein the evaluation process on (a) soon Business purchase decision	(b) corps se situations, members of the at by the buyer, and each fea e decision. (b) number ved, it may end up moving to future purchases. (b) then ons can for an extensive e number of people involved	<ul> <li>(c) fleet</li> <li>Buying Center may evaluation</li> <li>a straight re-purchase state</li> <li>(c) timely</li> <li>period; unlike consumer mage</li> </ul>	(d) flotilla te each option using a corresponds to its (d) weight us, thus eliminating much of (d) well arkets where impulse	

Q1	T. Fuller states that, histor	ically, all business operated	at a small scale and were ce	entred on the individual
	(a) art form	(b) artifact	(c) artisan	(d) artistry
Q2	Even now there are strong	cultural to individual e	nterprise.	
	(a) affinities	(b) attachments	(c) tentacles	(d) touchstones
Q3		ess has emerged, legitimised free trade, competition, prop	by reflexive social of e erty rights and usury.	ntrepreneurship and fuelled
	(a) actions	(b) distinctions	(c) mentions	(d) notions
Q4	In this, small busines	ses are increasingly importa	nt but relatively powerless.	
	(a) foreground	(b) landscape	(c) perspective	(d) scenery
Q5	The overall thesis is that s	mall businesses, once,	have been systematically ot	hered, then homogenised.
	(a) anonymous	(b) precarious	(c) ubiquitous	(d) victorious
Q6	The article traces a brief h to the day.	istory of small business from	n post-medieval times, throug	gh the Industrial Revolution
	(a) contemporary	(b) current	(c) modern	(d) present
Q7	-	per of principles upon which as these principles evolved.	small business in the UK is f	ounded, and illustrates how
	(a) bares	(b) disseminates	(c) publicizes	(d) uncovers
Q8	Small business is as	being in a weak position rela	ative to corporate business b	ut co-dependent upon it.
	(a) conceived	(b) concerned	(c) received	(d) referred
Q9		epreneurial individuals and ir e by corporate ecologie	nnovation is discussed, outlir s.	ning a view that
	(a) construed	(b) contracted	(c) served	(d) subsumed
Q10	The future trajectory of sm	all business in the UK and E	urope is by certain.	
	(a) all means	(b) any means	(c) no means	(d) some means

Q1       Multilateral trade agreements serve the interests of today's global production system in a way that the alternative — a system of bilateral agreements — does not. <ul> <li>(a) factional</li> <li>(b) fractional</li> <li>(c) fragmentary</li> <li>(d) fragmented</li> </ul> C2         Victor K. Fung gives his point of view as a businessman on what is at stake and why WTO negotiators have an interest in finding common						
Q2       Victor K. Fung gives his point of view as a businessman on what is at stake and why WTO negotiators have an interest in finding common	Q1					
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Q3       Global rules global production.       (a) all       (b) ease       (c) stress       (d) through         Q4       In the old days, manufacturing would be done "in-house", but manufacturing carries a completely different meaning today: products are no longer made       (a) all at once       (b) in one basket       (c) under one roof       (d) within the pale         Q5       Increasingly, production is across different factories in different countries — it is becoming globalized.       (a) disbursed       (b) discharged       (c) dismembered       (d) dispersed         Q6       Information technology and logistics help dissect the value-added process into parts, with factories, locations and countries assigned for each stage according to their competitive advantage.       (a) connective         Q7       Over the past several years, we have seen in seattle and Cancn, with what appears to be a widening divergence of views between developed and developing countries, and a rise in bilateral trade agreements.       (a) conscrite         Q8       Bilateralism distorts the flow of goods: it barriers, creates friction, reduces flexibility, raises prices and hinders companies' ability to bring new countries into the global production systemtrows up breaks down bowls over stands on       (d) throws up         Q9       Of particular concern are 'rules of origin', which define where a product is made and determine what kind of market it will have.       (a) access       (b) activity       (c) life       (d) share         Q9 </td <td>Q2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>n on what is at stake and wh</td> <td>ny WTO negotiators have</td>	Q2			n on what is at stake and wh	ny WTO negotiators have	
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Q4       In the old days, manufacturing would be done "in-house", but manufacturing carries a completely different meaning today: products are no longer made	Q3	Global rules global pr	oduction.			
meaning today: products are no longer made         (a) all at once       (b) in one basket       (c) under one roof       (d) within the pale         Q5       Increasingly, production is across different factories in different countries — it is becoming globalized.       (a) disbursed       (b) discharged       (c) dismembered       (d) dispersed         Q6       Information technology and logistics help dissect the value-added process into parts, with factories, locations and countries assigned for each stage according to their competitive advantage.       (d) connective         Q6       Information technology and logistics help dissect the value-added process into parts, with factories, locations and countries assigned for each stage according to their competitive advantage.       (a) complementary       (b) component       (c) composite       (d) connective         Q7       Over the past several years, we have seen in Seattle and Canon, with what appears to be a widening divergence of views between developed and developing countries, and a rise in bilateral trade agreements.       (a) doisnary         Q8       Bilateralism distorts the flow of goods: it barriers, creates friction, reduces flexibility, raises prices and hinders companies' ability to bring new countries into the global production system. throws up breaks down bowls over stands on       (d) throws up         Q9       Of particular concern are 'rules of origin', which define where a product is made and determine what kind of market it will have.       (b) activity       (c) life <td< td=""><td></td><td>(a) all</td><td>(b) ease</td><td>(c) stress</td><td>(d) through</td></td<>		(a) all	(b) ease	(c) stress	(d) through	
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Q8       Bilateralism distorts the flow of goods: it barriers, creates friction, reduces flexibility, raises prices and hinders companies' ability bring new countries into the global production system. throws up breaks down bowls over stands on <ul> <li>(a) bowls over</li> <li>(b) breaks down</li> <li>(c) stands on</li> <li>(d) throws up</li> </ul> <li>Q9</li> <li>Of particular concern are trules of origin', which define where a product is made and determine what kind of market it will have.         <ul> <li>(a) access</li> <li>(b) activity</li> <li>(c) life</li> <li>(d) share</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q10</li> <li>With each new bilateral streement, considerations relating to rules of origin multiply and become more complex in the trade experts call 'the spaghetti burget'.</li>	Q7					
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complex in the trade experts call 'the spaghetti bowl effect'.		(a) access	(b) activity	(c) life	(d) share	
(a) illusion (b) paradox (c) phenomenon (d) spectre	Q10	•			y and become more	
		(a) illusion	(b) paradox	(c) phenomenon	(d) spectre	

Q1		evaluate the export of y to examine the success of y		n overseas markets; the	
	(a) credentials	(b) credibility	(c) potency	(d) potential	
Q2	-	nining the unique or importar y that you will be successful		those features are hard to	
	(a) appropriate	(b) duplicate	(c) plagiarize	(d) simulate	
Q3		till exist, especially if the pro nically advanced products.	duct once did well in the Un	ited States but is now losing	
	(a) Retrograde	(b) Sizeable	(c) Third-estate	(d) Vestigial	
Q4	Other countries may not ne expensive products.	eed state-of-the-art technolo	gy and/or may be unable to	afford the most and	
	(a) cosmopolitan	(b) obsolescent	(c) reliable	(d) sophisticated	
Q5	Such markets may have a U.S. market standards.	surprisingly demand fo	r U.S. products that are olde	er or considered dated by	
	(a) acquisitive	(b) determined	(c) far-reaching	(d) healthy	
Q6	All aspects of an export plan should be agreed upon by the personnel involved in the exporting process, as they will ultimately the export plan.				
	(a) actuate	(b) deliver	(c) execute	(d) undergo	
Q7	From the start, the plan should be viewed and written as a management tool, not as a document.				
	(a) dormant	(b) erratic	(c) static	(d) vacuous	
Q8	Many companies begin ex	port activities, without c	arefully screening markets of	or options for market entry.	
	(a) haphazardly	(b) randomly	(c) systematically	(d) unconsciously	
Q9	While these companies ma opportunities.	ay or may not have a of	success, they may overlool	k better export	
	(a) dollop	(b) measure	(c) satisfaction	(d) windfall	
Q10	If early export efforts are u exporting altogether.	nsuccessful because of poo	r planning, your company m	ay be into abandoning	
	(a) lured	(b) misguided	(c) misled	(d) reconciled	

Q1	When deciding on which form of business will best serve your purposes, you should take into account the time necessary to handle regulations and formalities.				
	(a) commitment	(b) conditions	(c) constraints	(d) coordination	
Q2	•	e of the first concerns for an family or your bank, you wil		you have the personal	
	(a) talk to	(b) tap into	(c) touch upon	(d) trade with	
Q3		ype of business you are start ttract them should also be			
	(a) considered	(b) factored	(c) included	(d) involved	
Q4	The potential for liability fro	om customer relationships or	r interaction heavily on	your liability risk.	
	(a) impacts	(b) incurs	(c) intrudes	(d) involves	
Q5	•	h a business that sells good he who owns physical store l	-	-	
	(a) garner	(b) garnish	(c) incite	(d) inculcate	
Q6	It will also be assumed that a professional business such as a law firm or accounting practice will have greater assets, making them greater targets in a society.				
	(a) illicit	(b) legalistic	(c) legislative	(d) litigious	
Q7	Someone who has already had previous business success and has significant assets from a previous business venture would also want to protect those assets				
	(a) closely	(b) narrowly	(c) severely	(d) strictly	
Q8	Apathy can come back to .	a successful entreprene	eur; plan ahead.		
	(a) haunt	(b) hound	(c) hunt	(d) hype	
Q9	It is wise to with both an attorney and an accountant and discuss the details of the business that you are planning to start and where you see it going in five or ten years.				
	(a) hole up	(b) hunker down	(c) set up	(d) sit down	
Q10	all the bases, includin your decision.	ig liabilities, taxes, employee	e benefits and the need for ir	ovestors, before making	
	(a) Cover	(b) Lay	(c) Run	(d) Spike	

Q1	Tourism is one of the world's largest and fastest growing industries; it can contribute to economic development and substantial employment generation in Australia in the coming years.				
	(a) full	(b) partial	(c) potential	(d) sound	
Q2	-	ith other industries, such as to economic growth, partic	•	nd telecommunications, and	
	(a) incitement	(b) increment	(c) stigma	(d) stimulus	
Q3	-	n industry will remain an imp reign exchange earnings wil		ed employment growth, and item in Australia's of	
	(a) balance	(b) credit	(c) flow	(d) record	
Q4	Ecologically sustainable de ability of future generation	evelopment has as its basic s to meet their needs.	aim to meet the needs of the	e present without the	
	(a) affecting	(b) compromising	(c) considering	(d) eliminating	
Q5		ustry Commission found that nmodation in appropriate loc		•	
	(a) far-flung	(b) off-road	(c) sought-after	(d) well-worn	
Q6		nmodation provision should es to both the original siting	-		
	(a) accidents	(b) changes	(c) impacts	(d) improvements	
Q7	The construction of accommodation and service and associated transport and service links can cause changes in vegetation, soil compaction and erosion, siltation of rivers and estuaries, and generation of waste.				
			Itation of rivers and estuaries		
			Itation of rivers and estuaries (c) assemblies		
Q8	changes in vegetation, soi (a) amenities These changes can affect modification of habitats, a	l compaction and erosion, si	(c) assemblies ips in ecosystems and may d dvantage of species, and in s	s, and generation of waste. (d) attractions contribute to the	
Q8	changes in vegetation, soi (a) amenities These changes can affect modification of habitats, a	l compaction and erosion, si (b) arrangements the balances and relationsh change in the competitive ad	(c) assemblies ips in ecosystems and may d dvantage of species, and in s	s, and generation of waste. (d) attractions contribute to the	
Q8 Q9	changes in vegetation, soi (a) amenities These changes can affect modification of habitats, a representative habitats an (a) differences	I compaction and erosion, si (b) arrangements the balances and relationsh change in the competitive ac d species or a reduction in g	(c) assemblies ips in ecosystems and may d dvantage of species, and in s enetic (c) dispersal	s, and generation of waste. (d) attractions contribute to the some cases loss of (d) diversity	
	<ul> <li>changes in vegetation, soit</li> <li>(a) amenities</li> <li>These changes can affect modification of habitats, a representative habitats and</li> <li>(a) differences</li> <li>The report also says that t</li> </ul>	I compaction and erosion, si (b) arrangements the balances and relationsh change in the competitive ac d species or a reduction in g (b) diffusion	(c) assemblies ips in ecosystems and may d dvantage of species, and in s enetic (c) dispersal	s, and generation of waste. (d) attractions contribute to the some cases loss of (d) diversity	
Q9	<ul> <li>changes in vegetation, soit</li> <li>(a) amenities</li> <li>These changes can affect modification of habitats, a representative habitats and</li> <li>(a) differences</li> <li>The report also says that to of people.</li> <li>(a) emigrant</li> <li>As the market for environmentation of a statementation of a stat</li></ul>	I compaction and erosion, si (b) arrangements the balances and relationsh change in the competitive ad d species or a reduction in g (b) diffusion ourism development should	<ul> <li>(c) assemblies</li> <li>ips in ecosystems and may of dvantage of species, and in senetic</li> <li>(c) dispersal</li> <li>recognise and support the id</li> <li>(c) indigenous</li> <li>s continues to expand, it is value</li> </ul>	s, and generation of waste. (d) attractions contribute to the some cases loss of (d) diversity dentity, culture and interests (d) residential	

Q1		nfronted with a major decision of the second structure	•	: should they spend more	
	(a) goad	(b) goose	(c) nudge	(d) spur	
Q2	Meanwhile, corporations c	ut their budgets, reduci	ng the volume of business tr	avel.	
	(a) across	(b) back	(c) into	(d) off	
Q3	On an annual basis, trends	s varied industry.			
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) in	(d) with	
Q4	Airlines decreased the	eir advertising spending, as	they normally do after a crisi	s or an accident.	
	(a) apprehensively	(b) comprehensibly	(c) comprehensively	(d) understandably	
Q5		s the on network and s their outlay for outdoor adve		al spot radio — although	
	(a) board	(b) field	(c) media	(d) table	
Q6	In contrast to the airlin	nes, hotel companies spent i	more on advertising in 2001.		
	(a) bothered	(b) depressed	(c) troubled	(d) worried	
Q7	Holiday Inn remained on to percent.	op of the domestic spending	, laying out \$38.3 million	n in 2001, an increase of 25	
	(a) heap	(b) hill	(c) pile	(d) world	
Q8	The car rental industry has been plagued by financial problems, so it is no surprise that the companies cut back on their ad spending.				
	(a) cash-challenged	(b) cash-conscious	(c) cash-laden	(d) cash-strapped	
Q9	After a brief downturn in la advertising.	te 2001, the cruise industry's	s sales quickly, thanks t	to discounting and steady	
	(a) rejuvenated	(b) responded	(c) returned	(d) revived	
Q10	The industry as a whole la 2000.	id \$237 million on adve	rtising for the year, a slight g	ain of 2.7 percent over	

Q1	The Economist explains th win customers.	at the internet has trave	el agents against travel prov	iders in an intense battle to	
	(a) baited	(b) brandished	(c) pitted	(d) promoted	
Q2	This year's travel season,	now to a close, has bee	en busier than ever, despite	strikes and terrorist threats.	
	(a) drawing	(b) getting	(c) settling	(d) winding	
Q3		busy call centres or queue at s, car rentals and other trave		-	
	(a) crowds	(b) droves	(c) flocks	(d) masses	
Q4	By designing websites that and price transparency at	t ordinary people could use, their customers'	online travel agents were ab	le to put product availability	
	(a) beckoning	(b) fingertips	(c) keyboard	(d) service	
Q5		errorist attacks on America, naking bargains more visible	• ·		
	(a) skimp	(b) sloth	(c) slump	(d) stump	
Q6	These websites work like s bookings to the websites of	shopping comparison service of agents and suppliers.	es: matching users' with	offers and then directing	
	(a) agendas	(b) itineraries	(c) schedules	(d) timetables	
Q7	In America, suppliers and a chunk of the travel ind	distributors currently each ta dustry.	ke about half of all online bo	okings; that adds up to a	
	(a) feasible	(b) marketable	(c) sizeable	(d) weighable	
Q8	Most analysts about o	one-third of America's \$200 I	oillion travel market will be b	ooked online this year.	
	(a) appraise	(b) determine	(c) fancy	(d) reckon	
Q9	The travel market can be broken down into two parts: leisure combined with 'unmanaged' business travel (this is because individuals booking business trips can be from leisure travellers) and managed corporate travel.				
	(a) extrapolated	(b) indistinguishable	(c) irreplaceable	(d) reconstituted	
Q10		now presented with a range remiums, because custome		<b>U</b>	
	(a) salient	(b) sated	(c) shrewd	(d) stolid	

Q1	Health experts from throughout the world are meeting in the U.S. to the tobacco industry's marketing efforts in developing countries, Reuters reported August 5th.				
	(a) address	(b) control	(c) impede	(d) lambast	
Q2	•••	tobacco-control community roduction by the tobacco ind	•		
	(a) dam	(b) plug	(c) span	(d) stem	
Q3	The tobacco industry views officials.	s developing countries as an	a market, which causes	concern among health	
	(a) unawed	(b) unslaked	(c) untapped	(d) unwary	
Q4		ation estimates that 70 percents of the stimates that 70 percents of the stimates that 70 percents of the stimates the sti	-	-	
	(a) inherited	(b) instilled	(c) posed	(d) promulgated	
Q5	"It will be a huge tragedy for	or developing countries and	will their health-care sy	stems," Houston said.	
	(a) consume	(b) overwhelm	(c) subsume	(d) underwhelm	
Q6	WHO officials noted that th worldwide.	ne tobacco industry is dealing	g with legal in the U.S.	by marketing their products	
	(a) cases	(b) challenges	(c) setbacks	(d) settlements	
Q7	In addition, the tobacco industry is working towards developing countries from levying taxes on cigarettes or enacting western-style laws that ban smoking in office buildings and other public places.				
	(a) detracting	(b) dissuading	(c) enticing	(d) persuading	
Q8	"Most people in the developing world believe cancer is a communicable disease," Houston said, "The warnings are and not particularly clear."				
	(a) innocuous	(b) nebulous	(c) nefarious	(d) noxious	
Q9	"The companies have found loopholes in the law, and we have not them," said H.J. Sallehudin, an assistant director of Malaysia's Department of Public Health, which enforces Malaysia's tobacco ad bans.				
	(a) patched	(b) plugged	(c) tautened	(d) tightened	
Q10	An international tobacco-co tobacco-related deaths wo	ontrol treaty sponsored by th rldwide.	ne United Nations is aimed a	t the increase in	
	(a) constraining	(b) cornering	(c) corraling	(d) curbing	

Q1	In financial accounting, fina cash.	ancial assets are cash and o	ther assets that convert dire	ctly into amounts of	
	(a) discovered	(b) estimated	(c) known	(d) significant	
Q2	In the balance sheet, finan	cial assets are listed at the c	current value: for cash, this n	neans the amount.	
	(a) dollar	(b) face	(c) stated	(d) total	
Q3	Marketable securities are I	isted at current market value	, while receivables are listed	l at net value.	
	(a) real	(b) realistic	(c) realizable	(d) realized	
Q4	•	nagement are accurate acco ning adequate cash balances	•	, the prevention of losses	
	(a) burglary	(b) robbery	(c) stealth	(d) theft	
Q5	One major step in achievin accounting function.	ig control over cash trai	nsactions is separating cash	handling from the	
	(a) crucial	(b) financial	(c) internal	(d) managerial	
Q6		on the month-end bank state his is a result of such items a	•		
	(a) extraordinary	(b) outstanding	(c) preeminent	(d) preprocessed	
Q7	The bank adjusts the cash balance per the books and the cash balance per the bank statement for any unrecorded items and thus produces the correct amount of cash to be included in the balance sheet at the end of the month.				
	(a) concordance	(b) endorsement	(c) reconciliation	(d) summary	
Q8	Under the allowance method, the portion of each period's credit sales expected to prove uncollectible is written by debiting Allowance for Doubtful Accounts and crediting Accounts Receivable.				
	(a) down	(b) off	(c) out	(d) over	
Q9	The most financial asset is cash, followed by cash equivalents, marketable securities, and receivables.				
	(a) accessible	(b) fluid	(c) liquid	(d) valuable	
	Interest is a contractual amount that accumulates day by day; the amount of interest over a time period may be computed by the formula Principal x Rate x Time.				
Q10		•		st over a time period	

will be eliminated in the next several decades in the of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences.(a) aftermath(b) result(c) swath(d) wake	Q1	•	has been brought by the	ne combination of the compu	uter and the automated self-	
Q2       This results in a system of almost unlimited productive capacity which requires less human labor.         (a) permissably       (b) positively       (c) potentially       (d) progressively         Q3       Cybernation is already reorganizing the economic and social system to its own needs.       (a) form       (b) meet       (c) reach       (d) solve         Q4       In the past, when new technologies have replaced workers in a given sector, new sectors have always emerged to absorb the laborers.       (a) disassociated       (b) dispersed       (c) displaced       (d) dissatisfied         Q5       Today, all three of the traditional sectors of the economy — agriculture, manufacturing, and service — are experiencing this, forcing millions onto the unemployment       (a) ines       (b) lists       (c) ranks       (d) rolls         Q6       The only new sector is the knowledge sector, made up of elite entrepreneurs, scientists, technicians, computer programmers, professionals, educators, and consultants.       (a) arriving       (b) ascending       (c) emerging       (d) establishing         Q7       While this sector is growing, it is not expected to absorb more than a fraction of the hundreds of millions w will be eliminated in the next several decades in the of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences.       (a) aftermath       (b) result       (c) swath       (d) wake         Q8       The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor;						
(a) permissably       (b) positively       (c) potentially       (d) progressively         Q3       Cybernation is already reorganizing the economic and social system to its own needs.       (a) form       (b) meet       (c) reach       (d) solve         Q4       In the past, when new technologies have replaced workers in a given sector, new sectors have always emerged to absorb the laborers.       (a) disassociated       (b) dispersed       (c) displaced       (d) dissatisfied         Q5       Today, all three of the traditional sectors of the economy — agriculture, manufacturing, and service — are experiencing this, forcing millions onto the unemployment       (d) rolls         Q6       The only new sector is the knowledge sector, made up of elite entrepreneurs, scientists, technicians, computer programmers, professionals, educators, and consultants.       (d) establishing         Q7       While this sector is growing, it is not expected to absorb more than a fraction of the hundreds of millions will be eliminated in the next several decades in the of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences.       (d) wake         Q8       The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor; on the contrary, they will require tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians.       (d) useless		(a) about	(b) along	(c) forward	(d) out	
Q3       Cybernation is already reorganizing the economic and social system to its own needs. <ul> <li>(a) form</li> <li>(b) meet</li> <li>(c) reach</li> <li>(d) solve</li> </ul> Q4         In the past, when new technologies have replaced workers in a given sector, new sectors have always emerged to absorb the laborers. <ul> <li>(a) disassociated</li> <li>(b) dispersed</li> <li>(c) displaced</li> <li>(d) dissatisfied</li> </ul> Q5         Today, all three of the traditional sectors of the economy — agriculture, manufacturing, and service — are experiencing this, forcing millions onto the unemployment         (a) lines         (b) lists         (c) ranks         (d) rolls           Q6         The only new sector is the knowledge sector, made up of elite entrepreneurs, scientists, technicians, computer programmers, professionals, educators, and consultants. <ul> <li>(a) arriving</li> <li>(b) ascending</li> <li>(c) emerging</li> <li>(d) establishing</li> </ul> Q7         While this sector is growing, it is not expected to absorb more than a fraction of the hundreds of millions w will be eliminated in the next several decades in the of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences. <ul> <li>(a) aftermath</li> <li>(b) result</li> <li>(c) swath</li> <li>(d) wake</li> </ul> Q8         The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor; on the contrary, they will require t	Q2	This results in a system of	almost unlimited productive	capacity which requires	less human labor.	
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experiencing this, forcing millions onto the unemployment		(a) disassociated	(b) dispersed	(c) displaced	(d) dissatisfied	
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will be eliminated in the next several decades in the of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences.         (a) aftermath       (b) result       (c) swath       (d) wake         Q8       The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor; on the contrary, they will require tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians.       (d) useless         (a) effortless       (b) extinct       (c) superfluous       (d) useless		(a) arriving	(b) ascending	(c) emerging	(d) establishing	
Q8       The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor; on the contrary, they will require tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians.         (a) effortless       (b) extinct       (c) superfluous       (d) useless	Q7					
tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians. (a) effortless (b) extinct (c) superfluous (d) useless		(a) aftermath	(b) result	(c) swath	(d) wake	
	Q8	The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor; on the contrary, they will require tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians.				
Q9 In the entire occupied population, a larger fraction of members than at present will be in occupations		(a) effortless	(b) extinct	(c) superfluous	(d) useless	
where 'personal service' involving face-to-face human interaction is an important part of the job.	Q9					
(a) concerned (b) engaged (c) included (d) installed		(a) concerned	(b) engaged	(c) included	(d) installed	
	Q10	I am confident of stating th	is conclusion, but far less co	nfident in what these o	ccupations will be.	
Q10 I am confident of stating this conclusion, but far less confident in what these occupations will be.		(a) conjecturing	(b) conjuring	(c) prescribing	(d) pursuing	

Q1	Estienne de Beer, author of Boosting Your Career, warns that sooner or later you will report to a micromanager who controls and manipulates you to the point of desperation.				
	(a) obscenely	(b) obsessively	(c) obviously	(d) overtly	
Q2	Harry Chambers explains	that micromanagers always	have their up, trying to	detect violations.	
	(a) antennae	(b) dander	(c) hackles	(d) temper	
Q3	If you get frustrated and te team player.	ll the boss to back, you	get accused of having a bac	d attitude and not being a	
	(a) away	(b) down	(c) off	(d) up	
Q4	It feels as if you are contro	lled like a robot and eve	ery step of the way.		
	(a) control-guessed	(b) counter-guessed	(c) double-guessed	(d) second-guessed	
Q5	Everything needs to get ap	proved beforehand and	. afterwards.		
	(a) control-checked	(b) counter-checked	(c) double-checked	(d) second-checked	
Q6	It is important to understan	d what motivates a microma	anager to command and con	trol, even if it is	
	(a) unacknowledged	(b) unknowingly	(c) unknowledgeably	(d) unknown	
Q7	Most micromanagers tend to have a controlling tendency and simply don't believe that outstanding work will be done without their constant				
	(a) intercession	(b) intermittance	(c) interpretation	(d) intervention	
Q8	skills and effective communication are the keys to successfully managing your micromanager.				
	(a) Coping	(b) Forming	(c) Lasting	(d) Speaking	
Q9	One of the best lines of de that you have done.	fence is your diligence in cla	rifying expectations and kee	eping a(n) of everything	
	(a) grocery list	(b) open book	(c) paper trail	(d) road map	
Q10	Micromanagers need to leaders your opini		elves into leaders; microman	agers just twist your arm,	
	(a) claim	(b) clinch	(c) seize	(d) sway	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 125 The Southeastern European Economies

Q1	In an address to the Second International Banking Forum, Panayotis Thomopoulos states that the southeastern economies are turning the and can now start enjoying the benefits of stability and growth within the European Union.				
	(a) corner	(b) leaf	(c) pages	(d) tables	
Q2		ake a positive contribution to Greece is now surrounded b	-		
	(a) draws	(b) feels	(c) finds	(d) has	
Q3	The recent of the eur	o is an indication of the mar	kets' confidence in our econo	omies.	
	(a) appreciation	(b) ascendance	(c) attainment	(d) attrition	
Q4		e problems, especially in the cial institutions have manage		, by natural	
	(a) enhanced	(b) enlivened	(c) exacerbated	(d) excruciated	
Q5		ms, whenever they surfaced acroeconomic stability of our		systemic repercussions	
	(a) constrained	(b) contained	(c) restrained	(d) retained	
Q6	-	policies, the significant loss y absorbed by the banking s		rance companies in the last	
	(a) proven	(b) provident	(c) prudent	(d) prudish	
Q7	The banking sector in some countries has unwillingly assumed the responsibility for the well-being of the financial sector as a whole, because it understands the danger of systemic risks, which can havoc.				
	(a) wreak	(b) wreck	(c) wrench	(d) wring	
Q8	With the help of the centra	(b) wreck al banks, the private sector h from the mistakes of the pas	as become more in dea	ling with risks and the	
Q8	With the help of the centra	al banks, the private sector h	as become more in dea	ling with risks and the	
Q8 Q9	With the help of the centra supervisors have learned (a) adept	al banks, the private sector h from the mistakes of the pas (b) affable htroduced will further improve	as become more in dea at and improved their vigilanc (c) agile	aling with risks and the e. (d) askew	
	With the help of the central supervisors have learned (a) adept The new practices to be in	al banks, the private sector h from the mistakes of the pas (b) affable htroduced will further improve	as become more in dea at and improved their vigilanc (c) agile	aling with risks and the e. (d) askew	
	With the help of the central supervisors have learned (a) adept The new practices to be in our requirements to each (a) align Looking at the development	al banks, the private sector h from the mistakes of the pas (b) affable htroduced will further improve market's special needs.	as become more in dea at and improved their vigilance (c) agile e our ability to deal with finar (c) draw ans themselves, the present	aling with risks and the e. (d) askew ncial risks and better (d) tailor	

Q1       The World Wide Web consists of a vast network of Web 'sites'. i.e., graphical presentations of information that is controlled by the site-holder; sites can contain pictures, text and sound in or moving form. <ul> <li>(a) stable</li> <li>(b) stagnant</li> <li>(c) static</li> <li>(d) stationery</li> </ul> <li>Q2</li> <li>The World Wide Web creates a(n) new environment for both investors and companies issuing securities.         <ul> <li>(a) decidedly</li> <li>(b) dramatically</li> <li>(c) incredibly</li> <li>(d) intrinsically</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q3 Web sites, bulletin boards, e-mail and push technology can all be used in advertising, offering and selling securities, and for investment advice.                 <ul> <li>(a) discriminating</li> <li>(b) disseminating</li> <li>(c) divesting</li> <li>(d) divulging</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q4 In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to</li>	is controlled by the site-holder; sites can contain pictures, text and sound in or woving form. (a) stable (b) stagnant (c) static (d) stationery The World Wide Web creates a(n) new environment for both investors and companies issuing securities. (a) decidedly (b) dramatically (c) incredibly (d) intrinsically Web sites, bulletin boards, e-mail and push technology can all be used in advertising securities, and for investment advice. (a) discriminating (b) disseminating (c) divesting (d) divulging the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to (a) add up (b) set out (c) surge over (d) take off (a) arose (b) enlarged (c) filled (d) swelled the visual securities on the visual securities. (a) accelerated (b) detonated (c) exploded (d) swelled (c) exploded (d) inflated (d) avelled the visual securities and push technology. (a) accelerated (b) detonated (c) exploded (d) expose (a) expand (b) explain (c) export (d) expose sumbers of prospective investors at very low cost. (a) expand (b) explain (c) export (d) expose Since 1995, the SEC has sught by rule and interpretive release to the Securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology. (a) bypass (b) circumscribe (c) sidestep (d) undercut (a) meet (b) meld (c) mesh (d) meld						
Q2       The World Wide Web creates a(n) new environment for both investors and companies issuing securities.         (a) decidedly       (b) dramatically       (c) incredibly       (d) intrinsically         Q3       Web sites, bulletin boards, e-mail and push technology can all be used in advertising, offering and selling securities, and for investment advice.       (d) divulging         (a) discriminating       (b) disseminating       (c) divesting       (d) divulging         Q4       In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to       (a) add up       (b) set out       (c) surge over       (d) take off         Q5       A number of small discount brokers started online secondary trading in 1995 and the number gradually	Q2       The World Wide Web creates a(n) new environment for both investors and companies issuing securities.         (a) decidedly       (b) dramatically       (c) incredibly       (d) intrinsically         Q3       Web sites, bulletin boards, e-mail and push technology can all be used in advertising, offering and selling securities, and for investment advice.       (a) discriminating       (b) disseminating       (c) divesting       (d) divulging         Q4       In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to	Q1			• • •		
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Q4       In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to       (a) add up       (b) set out       (c) surge over       (d) take off         Q5       A number of small discount brokers started online secondary trading in 1995 and the number gradually       (a) arose       (b) enlarged       (c) filled       (d) swelled         Q6       Developments in cyberfinance have virtually since these early entries.       (a) accelerated       (b) detonated       (c) exploded       (d) inflated         Q7       Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.       (a) expand       (b) explain       (c) export       (d) expose         Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.       (a) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (a) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors,       (d) mold	Q4       In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to	Q3		, ,	v can all be used in advertisin	ng, offering and selling	
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Q5       A number of small discount brokers started online secondary trading in 1995 and the number gradually         (a) arose       (b) enlarged       (c) filled       (d) swelled         Q6       Developments in cyberfinance have virtually since these early entries.       (a) accelerated       (b) detonated       (c) exploded       (d) inflated         Q7       Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.       (d) expose         Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective	Q5       A number of small discount brokers started online secondary trading in 1995 and the number gradually         (a) arose       (b) enlarged       (c) filled       (d) swelled         Q6       Developments in cyberfinance have virtually since these early entries.       (a) accelerated       (b) detonated       (c) exploded       (d) inflated         Q7       Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.       (d) expose         (a) expand       (b) explain       (c) export       (d) expose         Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOS') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective access to the information, and give reasonable assurace that the information in act bas been delivered.	Q4	In the mid-1990's, the mar	keting of securities on the In	ternet began to		
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Q6       Developments in cyberfinance have virtually since these early entries.         (a) accelerated       (b) detonated       (c) exploded       (d) inflated         Q7       Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.       (d) expose         (a) expand       (b) explain       (c) export       (d) expose         Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.       (d) undercut         (a) bypass       (b) circumscribe       (c) sidestep       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective	Q6       Developments in cyberfinance have virtually since these early entries.       (a) accelerated       (b) detonated       (c) exploded       (d) inflated         Q7       Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.       (a) expand       (b) explain       (c) export       (d) expose         Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.       (d) undercut         (a) bypass       (b) circumscribe       (c) sidestep       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective access to the information access to the information access to the information access to the information is give reasonable assurable assurable assurable assurable is access to the information is diverted.	Q5		t brokers started online seco	ondary trading in 1995 and th	ne number gradually	
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Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.         (a) bypass       (b) circumscribe       (c) sidestep       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (a) meet       (b) meld       (c) mesh       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective	Q8       Issuers can traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.         (a) bypass       (b) circumscribe       (c) sidestep       (d) undercut         Q9       Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.       (a) meet       (b) meld       (c) mesh       (d) mold         Q10       Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective access to the information, and give reasonable assurance that the information in fact has been delivered.	Q7					
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Q10 Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective	Q10 Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, effective access to the information, and give reasonable assurance that the information in fact has been delivered.	Q9		• • •		ties Acts of 1933 and 1934	
	access to the information, and give reasonable assurance that the information in fact has been delivered.		(a) meet	(b) meld	(c) mesh	(d) mold	
	(a) advise (b) afford (c) apply (d) attain	Q10			•		
(a) advise (b) afford (c) apply (d) attain			(a) advise	(b) afford	(c) apply	(d) attain	

Q1	A mortgage involves the tra	ansfer of an interest in land a	as security for a loan or othe	r	
	(a) demand	(b) obligation	(c) purchase	(d) responsibility	
Q2	Normally, a mortgage is pa borrowed.	aid in that include both i	nterest and a payment on th	e principle amount that was	
	(a) increments	(b) installments	(c) premiums	(d) portions	
Q3	Failure to make payments	results in the of the mo	rtgage.		
	(a) foreclosure	(b) invalidation	(c) reclamation	(d) voiding	
Q4		to declare that the entire mo acceleration in the mort		able immediately,	
	(a) clause	(b) passage	(c) phrase	(d) section	
Q5		y the debt, the most commor tgagee to sell the property.	n processes to effect seizure	and sale are court or	
	(a) cases	(b) hearings	(c) opinions	(d) proceedings	
Q6	Under the title theory, title	to the security interest	with the mortgagee.		
	(a) goes	(b) lies	(c) rests	(d) sits	
Q7	Most states, however, follow the lien theory, under which the legal title with the mortgagor.				
	(a) comes	(b) remains	(c) stands	(d) tends	
Q8	Finally, the intermediate th title theory applies.	eory applies the lien theory a	until there is a on the m	ortgage, whereupon the	
	(a) defalcation	(b) default	(c) defection	(d) deficit	
Q9	If the mortgage is not the c interests.	only lien on the property, the	n state law determines the	of the property	
	(a) preference	(b) preponderance	(c) priority	(d) propriety	
Q10		Code governs conflicts betweed to a piece of real estate).	een mortgages on real prope	erty and liens on	
	(a) amenities	(b) facilities	(c) fixtures	(d) furniture	

Q1	A concept in understa people.	anding microeconomics is the	at of utility: utility is how muc	h a product pleases
	(a) casual	(b) causal	(c) correlative	(d) crucial
Q2	Marginal utility is how muc product consumed increas	h every quantity of a pr es.	oduct pleases; it tends to dro	op as the numbers of a
	(a) detrimental	(b) discontinuous	(c) incidental	(d) incremental
Q3	Consumers choose what p	products they want to buy by	comparing something's	and its utility.
	(a) availability	(b) price	(c) value	(d) worth
Q4	They will pick the product t greatest satisfaction for ev	hat gives them the biggest . ery unit of money spent.	for the buck, the produc	t that gives them the
	(a) bang	(b) bash	(c) bite	(d) boff
Q5	Based on the law of demai	nd, quantity demanded is inv	versely to price.	
	(a) associated	(b) correlated	(c) related	(d) supplied
Q6	'Perfect competition' is def	ined as economic forces	, uninterrupted by any othe	r force.
	(a) at play	(b) at work	(c) on top	(d) on track
Q7	In reality, no thing as a true perfectly competitive market exists; there are other types of market structures, however — monopoly, oligopoly, and monopolistic competition.			
	(a) said	(b) same	(c) such	(d) sure
Q8	In monopolistic competition	n, there are many firms	for control of one market.	
	(a) forging	(b) jostling	(c) sidling	(d) vying
Q9	Oligopoly is a small numbe strategic planning.	er of competing firms, so the	key property of oligopolies i	s that all firms
	(a) ensure	(b) eschew	(c) estimate	(d) execute
Q10	Some oligopolies act as ca	artels, in which many firms a	ct	
	(a) as one	(b) in secret	(c) in tandem	(d) the same

Q1	Recent World Bank resear flexibility of their investmer	rch suggests that countries s nt and labor markets.	should complement trade op	enness with greater	
	(a) climate	(b) geography	(c) geometry	(d) weather	
Q2	•	ble economies, but its positi gulated economies," says C	•		
	(a) boosts	(b) forces	(c) spurts	(d) steels	
Q3	Trade stimulates growth by	y directing resources into the	eir most productive uses bot	n within and industries.	
	(a) across	(b) among	(c) between	(d) without	
Q4	An excessive regulatory for trade-generated growth	will prevent this reallocat n.	ion of resources from occurr	ing, reducing the prospects	
	(a) burden	(b) package	(c) pressure	(d) weight	
Q5	However, complications ca	an arise because of interest	groups that to lose in a	more flexible environment.	
	(a) bear	(b) grow	(c) stand	(d) think	
Q6	Some of the steps that regulated economies need to take are easy and inexpensive; for example, it does not cost much to reduce excess procedures for registering a new business.				
	(a) broadly	(b) heavily	(c) stridently	(d) tautly	
Q7	New technologies can also deregulation, such as implementing online registration systems.				
	(a) fabricate	(b) facilitate	(c) initiate	(d) instigate	
Q8	The success of openness international competition.	depends on whether firms c	an adjust quickly to the new	conditions by	
	(a) imposed	(b) impressed	(c) influenced	(d) informed	
Q9	-	public infrastructure, governa wth, suggesting that countrie om trade openness.	-	-	
	(a) underlay	(b) underpin	(c) undertake	(d) underwrite	
Q10	An analysis to help identify country, as opposed to a(r	y the areas requiring reform n) '' approach.	helps design a policy packa	ge tailored for a particular	
	(a) all-for-one	(b) once-and-for-all	(c) one-at-a-time	(d) one-size-fits-all	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 130 A Quick History of Advertising

Q1	Encarta's History of Advert BC, among the Babyloniar	tising notes that have fons.	ound evidence of advertising	dating back to the 3000s
	(a) anthropologists	(b) archaeologists	(c) paleontologists	(d) prehistorians
Q2	One of the first known met wall of a building.	hods of advertising was the	outdoor display, usually an .	sign painted on the
	(a) eye-arresting	(b) eye-catching	(c) eye-stopping	(d) eye-taking
Q3	An outdoor advertisement calls the attention of travel	in Rome offers property ers to a tavern.	/ for rent, and one found pai	nted on a wall in Pompeii
	(a) excavated	(b) exhumed	(c) extracted	(d) extricated
Q4	In medieval times word-of- use of so-called town	mouth praise of products ga	ve rise to a simple but effect	ive form of advertising, the
	(a) announcers	(b) criers	(c) heralds	(d) plaintiffs
Q5	These were citizens who re their wares.	ead public notices aloud and	were also employed by me	rchants to shout the of
	(a) places	(b) portions	(c) praises	(d) prices
Q6		advertising appeared early in pe printing press by Germa		
	(a) coverage	(b) headway	(c) impression	(d) profit
Q7	In the United States, the advertising profession began in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1841, when Volney B. Palmer up shop as an advertising agent, the forerunner of the advertising agency.			
	(a) opened	(b) set	(c) started	(d) took
Q8		reated a new opportunity and that advertisers were pr	•	•
	(a) amount	(b) extent	(c) range	(d) volume
Q9	The early 1930s in do sponsored by soap compa	ozens of radio dramatic serie nies.	s that were known as soap o	operas because they were
	(a) escorted	(b) showed	(c) ushered	(d) welcomed
Q10	Television had been introd it was not immediately	uced in 1940, but because c	of the high cost of TV sets ar	d the lack of programming,
	,			

Q1	-	t sells some stocks short, an selling balances out, therek		·	
	(a) gambles	(b) glitches	(c) shares	(d) swings	
Q2	0	s to the practice of balancing g, which distinguishes them entury.		•	
	(a) shoal	(b) spate	(c) spell	(d) stint	
Q3	Profit gains in a hedge fun moment.	d rely on the choosing of app	propriate stocks and acting o	on them at the most	
	(a) convenient	(b) fortunate	(c) opportune	(d) precise	
Q4	•	ow Jones used borrowed mo ee to his customers to place	•	dditional capital (leverage),	
	(a) buffer	(b) complement	(c) inject	(d) support	
Q5	For the most part, the term investing.	hedge fund now refers to a	ny mostly unregulated fund	using methods of	
	(a) noncommissioned	(b) noncommittal	(c) uncontrollable	(d) unconventional	
Q6	Some common hedge fund undervalued securities, an	d strategies include trading s d	tock options and bonds, the	purchase or sale of highly	
	(a) acceptance	(b) aggregation	(c) allocation	(d) arbitrage	
Q7	Unlike mutual funds, hedge	e funds are very regula	ted, and so can keep their a	ctions relatively secret.	
	(a) casually	(b) legally	(c) lightly	(d) vaguely	
Q8	This secrecy makes it difficult to predict actual numbers for hedge funds, but estimates for 2003 were over US \$650 billion hedge fund management.				
	(a) by	(b) of	(c) under	(d) within	
Q9	-	o the same prohibitions agair		t participants, and their	
	(a) ethical	(b) fiduciary	(c) fiscal	(d) moral	
<ul> <li>Q10 Only accredited investors and qualified purchasers</li> <li>\$200,000 per year or a net of over \$1 million, or investments.</li> </ul>			•		
	(a) profit	(b) value	(c) wealth	(d) worth	

Q1	From 'The Dictionary of Daily Wants', 1858-1859: 'Apprentice' signifies a person who is bound by to serve a master for a certain term, and receives in return for his services instruction in his master's profession, art, or occupation.					
	(a) custom	(b) indenture	(c) legalities	(d) tradition		
Q2		are equally bound to perform h the apprentice his busines	•			
	(a) arrested	(b) incarcerated	(c) sued	(d) summoned		
Q3	A master cannot legally	his apprentice to work an	unreasonable length of time	9.		
	(a) compel	(b) demand	(c) expect	(d) impose		
Q4	There is no specific duration marked out by law, but doubtless the habitual employment of an apprentice for more than twelve hours daily (exclusive of meal times) would be unreasonable.					
	(a) claimed	(b) counted	(c) deemed	(d) rated		
Q5		When an assignment is made of a trader's, the apprentice may form part of the assignment and he is bound to serve him to whom he is transferred in all respects the same as his original master.				
	(a) effects	(b) inheritance	(c) remains	(d) wherewithal		
Q6	In cases of of partner though the partnership ren	ship, the apprentice is bound nained intact.	d to serve the remaining me	mbers of the firm, just as		
	(a) depletion	(b) devolution	(c) dissipation	(d) dissolution		
Q7	When the master dies the master and servant.	apprenticeship is end,	for the contract is held to be	a personal one between		
	(a) at an	(b) at the	(c) in an	(d) in the		
Q8	-	intenance in the contract, th far as the assets will allow.	e executor of the deceased	master is bound to make		
	(a) codicil	(b) consideration	(c) covenant	(d) coverage		
Q9	A master may reason	able corporal chastisement	to his apprentice, but he car	not discharge him.		
	(a) administer	(b) advocate	(c) invest	(d) invoke		
Q10	If an apprentice anoth action against the persons	ner person's service, his mas who enticed him away.	ster is entitled to his earning	s, and he may bring an		
	(a) aids	(b) enters	(c) gives	(d) joins		

Q1	•	aily Wants', 1858-1859: As a be exercised by parents and			
	(a) immaterial	(b) insidious	(c) meretricious	(d) scrupulous	
Q2		is not alone sufficient that he that the trade selected shou sity.			
	(a) comfortable	(b) conformable	(c) conspicuous	(d) convenient	
Q3		loes not his own mind, a ne better qualified to judge.	and that it is consequently ic	lle to consult him upon a	
	(a) interpret	(b) know	(c) realize	(d) state	
Q4		s, a boy will be found to give is mind is most and for			
	(a) bent	(b) directed	(c) focussed	(d) sure	
Q5		a trade of a totally opposite lesire and constrained duty v			
	(a) delectation	(b) discernment	(c) precocity	(d) predilection	
Q6	Equally necessary is it that	t the mental and bodily	should be considered before	e apprenticeship.	
	(a) facilities	(b) faculties	(c) strictures	(d) structures	
Q7	And it is also a species of cruelty to select for a youth of a weak and delicate constitution such a trade as is only adapted for the and hardy.				
	(a) effective	(b) effete	(c) robust	(d) rotund	
Q8	The premiums for apprenti to the wages which the tra	iceship are governed by no s de	stated tariff, but as a general	rule they are proportioned	
	(a) admits	(b) affords	(c) remits	(d) rewards	
Q9	The amount of the premiu	m, therefore, is a secondary	consideration to the advanta	ages which its outlay	
	(a) attaches	(b) guarantees	(c) reflects	(d) secures	
Q10		ceship is seven years, name s necessary, and, generally			
	(a) induction	(b) introduction	(c) probation	(d) production	

Q1	In the normal of trading with external vendors on credit terms, the University incurs current liabilities (i.e. accounts payable within 12 months).					
	(a) course	(b) event	(c) period	(d) term		
Q2	These accounts payable a	re subsequently by reg	ular creditors payment runs.			
	(a) expensed	(b) expired	(c) expunged	(d) extinguished		
Q3		s which have not been paid c lger; these are reversed in th		are, and a liability is		
	(a) accrued	(b) entered	(c) postponed	(d) written off		
Q4	Procedures established in specified in Section 5, 'Exp	of incurring a liability th penditure', of the manual.	rough the procurement of go	oods and services are		
	(a) aid	(b) anticipation	(c) lieu	(d) respect		
Q5		The University is bound by legislation and industrial awards to provide its employees with various entitlements accumulated as a result of the of their services to the University.				
	(a) presentation	(b) recording	(c) rendering	(d) termination		
Q6	Liabilities from the ac	cumulation of employee enti	tlements are recognised in t	he financial statements.		
	(a) appearing	(b) arising	(c) emerging	(d) recurring		
Q7	Staff who commenced employment with the University prior to 1 April 1961 are entitled to receive a gratuity on retirement at or later, or on death.					
	(a) 55 age	(b) 55 years	(c) age 55 years	(d) age of 55		
Q8		niversity Act of 1998, the Ser an or overdraft from any banl				
	(a) case	(b) name	(c) person	(d) stead		
Q9	Borrowings will only be undertaken in exceptional circumstances where operating or research funds are not sufficient to existing funding requirements.					
Q9			mstances where operating o	or research funds are not		
Q9			mstances where operating on (c) subsidize	or research funds are not (d) subsist		
Q9 Q10	sufficient to existing for (a) sate	unding requirements. (b) satisfy here students pay a refundab	(c) subsidize	(d) subsist		

Q1	Rainer Rauleder and Therese Hockey, two Deutsche Bank Treasury managers, here outline practical approaches in dealing with issues relating to allocation and investment of the bank's capital, measurement of regional businesses, and regulatory compliance across multiple regimes.			
	(a) performance	(b) permformative	(c) performed	(d) performing
Q2		Pacific region take the fr	at Deutsche Bank, where m om their colleagues in the A	•
	(a) baton	(b) ribbon	(c) salute	(d) wand
Q3		, specialists in their local ma optimize the on the banl	rket conventions and regulat <'s capital.	ory requirements, work with
	(a) investment	(b) profit	(c) realization	(d) return
Q4	• •	•	e team based in the corpora lities are aligned with the ba	•
	(a) effects	(b) efforts	(c) matters	(d) motions
Q5	Like Deutsche Bank, banks the world are pursuing the ultimate capital framework, which will optimize the mix of capital, adequately assess capital at risk, and maximize capital growth.			
	(a) about	(b) away	(c) over	(d) through
Q6	-	, .	ory requirements, business p a sufficiently robust yet flexi	
	(a) framework	(b) grounding	(c) groundwork	(d) mainframe
Q7	What is meant by the term capital? — though a seemingly basic question, the notion of capital varies, depending on the being considered.			
	(a) perception	(b) perspective	(c) prospect	(d) speculation
Q8	From an accounting stand	lpoint, capital is just the	equity as it is reported on th	e balance sheet.
	(a) accumulated	(b) retained	(c) revenue	(d) shareholder
Q9		bital expands on this by nd then deducting purchased	for the inclusion of hybrid ca goodwill.	pital instruments, usually
	(a) accounting	(b) adjusting	(c) allocating	(d) allowing
Q10	While regulatory requirem internal allocation of capita		the bank's businesses, they	will not determine the
	(a) pose	(b) post	(c) seal	(d) slap

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 136 *Price-based or Target Costing* 

Q1	-	•	roduct, from estimates strategy and financial goals	• •
	(a) deduced	(b) defined	(c) derived	(d) designed
Q2	Product selling price is chain and across all function		determined by analysis alon	g the entire industry value
	(a) constrained	(b) contained	(c) restrained	(d) retained
Q3	to most target-cost ap in the product life cycle.	oplications is a belief that larg	ge-scale cost planning and r	eduction must occur early
	(a) Annexed	(b) Common	(c) Germane	(d) Popular
Q4		er believe there is no re g products during manufactu	ason the methodology cann ring.	ot be a value-added
	(a) conceptual	(b) ideal	(c) prior	(d) rational
Q5	They that if managers were to believe that, during manufacturing, only incremental (i.e., slight) change is possible, firms would likely miss significant strategic opportunities.			
	(a) plead	(b) posit	(c) promulgate	(d) pronounce
Q6	•	-	ates the relevance of target-or making the same prod	
	(a) always	(b) greatly	(c) intently	(d) largely
Q7	The firm's managers, who costing was most appropri		vstem for many years, might	have concluded that
	(a) kaizen	(b) kanban	(c) kolkhoz	(d) kosher
Q8	However, competitive realities necessitated a major strategic change that employed target costing as an important in cost-reduction efforts leading to strategic revitalization.			
	(a) additive	(b) condiment	(c) ingredient	(d) recipe
Q9	The standard cost concept	t essentially dropped out of t	he	
	(a) diagram	(b) picture	(c) running	(d) sight
Q10	°,	accepts the existing game r . are much more probable w	ules and the existing value c hen using target costing.	hain, the authors believe
	(a) breakdowns	(b) breakouts	(c) breakthroughs	(d) breakups

Q1	•	ational organisation in one contribution the state of the		
	(a) gives	(b) relocates	(c) sells	(d) ships
Q2	-	idmann, this may be a purely ns carried out, or to added v		s that it may be unrelated to
	(a) ambiguated	(b) ambiguous	(c) arbitrated	(d) arbitrary
Q3	In other words, it is possib pricing.	le for a multinational compar	ny to minimise its for co	rporation tax by transfer
	(a) culpability	(b) eligibility	(c) liability	(d) opportunity
Q4	This is done without any c	hange to procedures, operat	ions or added value; it is dor	ne by merely changing book
	(a) accounts	(b) documents	(c) entries	(d) values
Q5	This tax is legal until	governments legislate to pre	vent this practice.	
	(a) adjustment	(b) avoidance	(c) emancipation	(d) evasion
Q6	If a multinational has increased its profits by this method, then the government, whose expenses have not changed, must make up this elsewhere.			
	(a) debt	(b) defect	(c) shortfall	(d) windfall
Q7	Its citizens pay more tax, the government can spend the same amount as before, and the multinational's profits have increased: in other words, the multinational's increased profits arise from money which is in collected by the government from its taxpayers.			
	(a) detail	(b) effect	(c) fact	(d) result
Q8	This is a matter far fro prices in open competition	om earning reasonable profit with other corporations.	ts on needed quality goods a	and services at reasonable
	(a) away	(b) cry	(c) enough	(d) removed
Q9	It seems that at times som	e top US companies pay no	federal income tax at all or o	obtain an overall
	(a) benefit	(b) debit	(c) rebate	(d) return
Q10	Multinationals need to be a acting for or against the na	made accountable to elected ational	I representatives of the peop	le, for their policies and for
	(a) betterment	(b) government	(c) interest	(d) legislation

Q1	Senior executives have lor	ng ways to better contro	ol the enterprises they run.		
	(a) bought	(b) sought	(c) thought	(d) wrought	
Q2	Internal controls are put in its mission, and to minimiz		on course toward profitability	goals and achievement of	
	(a) action	(b) force	(c) gear	(d) place	
Q3		deal with rapidly changing e iorities, and restructuring for	economic and competitive er future growth.	vironments, shifting	
	(a) enable	(b) encourage	(c) enhance	(d) ensure	
Q4	Internal control is looked	more and more as a solu	ution to a variety of potential	problems.	
	(a) after	(b) for	(c) into	(d) upon	
Q5	This report defines and describes internal control to provide a standard which business and other entities can assess their control systems and determine how to improve them.				
	(a) against	(b) for	(c) plan	(d) to	
Q6	•	·	y an entity's board of directo regarding the achievement o	-	
	(a) affected	(b) defined	(c) effected	(d) refined	
Q7	The first category, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, an entity's basic business objectives, including performance and profitability goals and safeguarding of resources.				
	(a) addresses	(b) advises	(c) attacks	(d) attains	
Q8	statements, including inter		the preparation of reliable pu statements and selected fina cly.		
	(a) compacted	(b) contracted	(c) decided	(d) derived	
Q9	The third, compliance with regulations to which the er		ions, deals with complying w	ith those laws and	
	(a) subject	(b) subordinate	(c) subservient	(d) subsidiary	
Q10	While internal control is a p	process, its effectiveness is	a state or condition of the pro	ocess at one or more points	
	(a) in	(b) of	(c) on	(d) through	

Q1	Control activities are the p	olicies and procedures that h	nelp ensure management	are carried out.
	(a) directives	(b) intentions	(c) invectives	(d) pretensions
Q2		oughout the organization, at vals, authorizations, verificat regation of duties.		-
	(a) diffuse	(b) diluted	(c) dispersed	(d) diverse
Q3	information must be i to carry out their responsit	dentified, captured and com pilities.	nunicated in a form and time	e frame that enable people
	(a) Particular	(b) Passing	(c) Pertinent	(d) Proscribed
Q4	Information systems produced make it possible to run and	ice reports containing operated of the business.	ional, financial and compliar	nce information that
	(a) connected	(b) determined	(c) directed	(d) related
Q5		ernally generated data, but a		nal events, activities and
	(a) formal	(b) informational	(c) informative	(d) informed
Q6	Internal control systems no performance time.	eed to be monitored — a pro	cess that assesses the qual	ity of the system's
Q6	•	eed to be monitored — a pro	cess that assesses the qual (c) over	ity of the system's (d) with
Q6 Q7	performance time. (a) for		(c) over	(d) with
	performance time. (a) for Internal control deficiencie	(b) in	(c) over	(d) with
	<ul> <li>performance time.</li> <li>(a) for</li> <li>Internal control deficiencies the board.</li> <li>(a) aboveboard</li> <li>There is synergy and linka</li> </ul>	(b) in s should be reported, w	<ul> <li>(c) over</li> <li>vith serious matters reported</li> <li>(c) upstairs</li> <li>s, forming an integrated system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) with</li> <li>to top management and</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>tem that reacts dynamically</li> </ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>performance time.</li> <li>(a) for</li> <li>Internal control deficiencies the board.</li> <li>(a) aboveboard</li> <li>There is synergy and linka</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) in</li> <li>s should be reported, w</li> <li>(b) overhead</li> <li>ge among these component</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) over</li> <li>vith serious matters reported</li> <li>(c) upstairs</li> <li>s, forming an integrated system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) with</li> <li>to top management and</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>tem that reacts dynamically</li> </ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>performance time.</li> <li>(a) for</li> <li>Internal control deficiencies the board.</li> <li>(a) aboveboard</li> <li>There is synergy and linkat to changing conditions; the (a) enmeshed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) in</li> <li>s should be reported, w</li> <li>(b) overhead</li> <li>ge among these component</li> <li>internal control system is</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) over</li> <li>ith serious matters reported</li> <li>(c) upstairs</li> <li>s, forming an integrated system with the entity's operation</li> <li>(c) incised</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) with</li> <li>to top management and</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>tem that reacts dynamically g activities.</li> <li>(d) intertwined</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>performance time.</li> <li>(a) for</li> <li>Internal control deficiencies the board.</li> <li>(a) aboveboard</li> <li>There is synergy and linkation to changing conditions; the control is most effective.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) in</li> <li>s should be reported, w</li> <li>(b) overhead</li> <li>ge among these component</li> <li>internal control system is</li> <li>(b) entangled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) over</li> <li>ith serious matters reported</li> <li>(c) upstairs</li> <li>s, forming an integrated system with the entity's operation</li> <li>(c) incised</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) with</li> <li>to top management and</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>tem that reacts dynamically g activities.</li> <li>(d) intertwined</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>performance time.</li> <li>(a) for</li> <li>Internal control deficiencies the board.</li> <li>(a) aboveboard</li> <li>There is synergy and linkat to changing conditions; the (a) enmeshed</li> <li>Internal control is most efference of the enterprise.</li> <li>(a) ambience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) in</li> <li>s should be reported, w</li> <li>(b) overhead</li> <li>ge among these component</li> <li>e internal control system is</li> <li>(b) entangled</li> <li>ective when controls are built</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) over</li> <li>vith serious matters reported</li> <li>(c) upstairs</li> <li>s, forming an integrated system with the entity's operation</li> <li>(c) incised</li> <li>t into the entity's infrastructure</li> <li>(c) essence</li> </ul>	(d) with to top management and (d) upstream tem that reacts dynamically g activities. (d) intertwined tre and are a part of the (d) spirit

Q1				
		-	05) that an interesting battle and the prize is business-ap	•
	(a) form	(b) part	(c) shape	(d) stage
Q2	<b>.</b> .	orices for high-end business usiness layer software and th	-application software can be ne database.	entwined when a
	(a) inevitably	(b) inexorably	(c) inevitably	(d) irrevocably
Q3	Vendors who sell both hav price a total package for cu	-	with and can be a lot more c	reative about how they
	(a) control	(b) deal	(c) play	(d) sell
Q4	Microsoft and Oracle are effect on their database co	•	ase space; competition in ot	her areas inevitably has an
	(a) febrile	(b) fiendish	(c) fierce	(d) fleet
Q5			business application softwa	re) merged with PeopleSoft rovider) back in 2003.
	(a) engorged	(b) gulped	(c) inhaled	(d) swallowed
Q6	SAP is still the dominant prapplication division.	rovider, but Oracle's Peoples	Soft acquisition is intended to	o grow the company's
	(a) flagging	(b) shrinking	(c) waxing	(d) wilting
Q7	So a series of acquisitions has led to a(n) in which SAP and Oracle share market leadership in the world of business application software.			
	(a) cartel	(b) consortium	(c) monopoly	(d) oligopoly
Q8				
QU	this space.	t has been slow but ste	eady strides in building its ow	n competitive offerings in
QU		t has been slow but ste (b) making	eady strides in building its ow (c) stretching	n competitive offerings in (d) taking
Q9	this space. (a) forming Microsoft has been on a bu	(b) making uying since its purchase		(d) taking rs ago, acquiring Solomon
	this space. (a) forming Microsoft has been on a bu	(b) making uying since its purchase	(c) stretching e of Great Plains several yea	(d) taking rs ago, acquiring Solomon
	this space. (a) forming Microsoft has been on a bu and several other niche co (a) binge	(b) making uying since its purchase mpanies to stitch together th (b) burst	(c) stretching e of Great Plains several yea e Microsoft Business Solutio	(d) taking ars ago, acquiring Solomon ons Business Group. (d) spree

Q1	Tax authorities throughout	the world want organization	s to maintain records, regard	dless of form or media, that
	are true and accurate, legi	ble, accessible, and for	as long as they are needed	for tax purposes.
	(a) recorded	(b) remanded	(c) retained	(d) reviewed
Q2	However, electronic record rec	ds certain risks not gene	erally encountered with man	ual, paper-based
	(a) constrain	(b) pose	(c) suggest	(d) suppose
Q3	-	s tax liability and to that	ce notes that electronic tax r liability to the government d	
	(a) amplify	(b) exemplify	(c) justify	(d) rectify
Q4	Unauthorized tampering m	ay their integrity as true	e and accurate records.	
	(a) compromise	(b) contradict	(c) obfuscate	(d) obliterate
Q5		prescribing the characterist	ics of electronic recordkeepii ax purposes.	ng systems required to
	(a) gradients	(b) guidelines	(c) pronouncements	(d) provisions
Q6	Records processed and ke order to a company's		a form which ATO staff can a	access and understand in
	(a) ascertain	(b) ascribe	(c) describe	(d) maintain
Q7	Businesses operating computerized accounting systems must have adequate controls to safeguard the security and integrity of the records processed and retained in such systems.			
	(a) at hand	(b) in place	(c) on location	(d) within reach
Q8	The level of controls must and accurate.	be sufficient to that the	records retained in the com	puter system are secure
	(a) demonstrate	(b) guarantee	(c) infer	(d) suggest
Q9	The ruling provides that ar	ny tax records using this tech	nnology must be stored for th	ne period of five years.
	(a) legal	(b) legitimate	(c) stated	(d) statutory
Q10	-	-	Il principles governing record same as those for a normal	
	(a) approach	(b) attitude	(c) position	(d) presentiment

Q1	Accounting information sys	stems are a part of an c	organization's day-to-day ope	erations.
	(a) vigorous	(b) virtual	(c) visceral	(d) vital
Q2	Prices can vary from custo	mized multimillion dollar sys	tems to software that c	osts less than \$100.
	(a) prefabricated	(b) preinstalled	(c) prepackaged	(d) prepared
Q3	Customization allows for a ability to implement specia	good fit to the business's ne Il security measures.	eeds, smooth with other	r internal systems, and the
	(a) insertion	(b) intercalation	(c) interfacing	(d) interference
Q4	Ū	n software include low cost, i th external systems, and		y, documentation on data
	(a) advice	(b) advise	(c) support	(d) supply
Q5	Disadvantages include lac	k of features, paying for	features, and risk of vendo	r availability.
	(a) undesirable	(b) unexpected	(c) unordered	(d) unwanted
Q6	Good accounting systems track of inventory.	allow users to run informal r	eports such as account	ts receivable or to keep
	(a) aged	(b) listed	(c) timed	(d) unpaid
Q7	0,1	to track in three busines and purchasing/accounts pay		les, billing/accounts
	(a) sequences	(b) steps	(c) transactions	(d) transfers
Q8	The order entry/sales proc	ess sales data and reco	ords the information.	
	(a) captures	(b) contains	(c) controls	(d) copies
Q9	This process starts with a	customer order, which initiat	es a credit	
	(a) card	(b) check	(c) rating	(d) report
Q10		oved, the sales order departi ent needs to know that an ord		e know what goods to pick,

(a) filed (b) initiated (c) placed (d) sent

Q1	Global Protocol's seminars and training will give you the techniques for confidence through the way you present yourself and for controlling a variety of difficult business situations with ease.				
	(a) presenting	(b) presuming	(c) producing	(d) projecting	
Q2	Our techniques have a pro	oven record and will tea	ch you how to inspire, lead,	and succeed.	
	(a) career	(b) professional	(c) progress	(d) track	
Q3	The Global Protocol team	delivers personal techn	iques that leverage years of	experience.	
	(a) achievement	(b) advancement	(c) employment	(d) enhancement	
Q4	·	t each of our clients fro and thrive in our global ecor		ful set of skills to navigate	
	(a) advances	(b) embarks	(c) launches	(d) leaves	
Q5	-	l group training, hundreds of ing appropriate business bel			
	(a) assumed	(b) donned	(c) reaped	(d) seized	
Q6	Knowing and utilizing the paituation.	proper code of conduct with t	he right professional w	ill prepare anyone for any	
	(a) attitudes	(b) demeanor	(c) expressiveness	(d) stance	
Q7	Our mission at Global Protocol, Inc. is to provide both the foundation and the framework for success by building each participant's confidence and self, thereby improving morale and productivity and encouraging teamwork and integrity.				
	(a) awareness	(b) consciousness	(c) esteem	(d) reliance	
Q8		ification, personal presentati resource for personal per	•		
	(a) preliminary	(b) premier	(c) primary	(d) pristine	
Q9	• •	ause they are experts in the ace, keeping them up to date			
	(a) dimension	(b) direction	(c) opinion	(d) option	
Q10	Tip: when faced with unce demonstrates good form.	rtainty, make the decision th	at is in the best of the c	other individual and	

Q1	•	of the New York Reserve B nomic and financial integrati	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	hat we are in the midst of
	(a) flood	(b) foray	(c) tide	(d) wave
Q2	Stronger real and financial run world growth.	I across nations have th	ne potential to significantly ra	ise the prospects for long-
	(a) attachments	(b) bonds	(c) interstices	(d) linkages
Q3		the market sector in emergin lable for raising income grov	•	
	(a) ensuing	(b) ensuring	(c) procuring	(d) pursuing
Q4	These changes, and the economies.	advances in technology,	offer the prospect of more p	productive and stable real
	(a) complementary	(b) conditional	(c) consequential	(d) cooperative
Q5	The increase in the ties between national financial systems and the increase in capital flows across borders, allow risks to be shared more broadly and capital to flow to where the returns are			
	(a) highest	(b) most	(c) safest	(d) surest
Q6	This process of integration	has, of course, a range of .	for policymakers.	
	(a) implications	(b) imprecations	(c) inferences	(d) influences
Q7	The benefits of integration	over time are powerful and	for all economies.	
	(a) coercing	(b) commanding	(c) compelling	(d) demanding
Q8	Economic integration may make the principal job of central banks easier, by contributing to productivity growth and reducing inflation pressure, at least during the transition when a large share of the working age population of the world is being into the market.			
	(a) brought	(b) escorted	(c) included	(d) inducted
Q9	-	these changes affect our ca nonetary policy affects the e		•
	(a) delays	(b) hearkens	(c) heralds	(d) lags
Q10	one might expect to see a	oward increasingly integrated n increase in the number of s work to equalize desired sa	countries with surpluses or d	leficits, as flows of both
	Ū,	1	3	

Q1	Timothy F. Geithner, CEO of the New York Reserve Bank (March 2006) focuses on two features of what is happening in the world economy and financial markets today, which are among the most interesting and consequential questions we today.				
	(a) ask	(b) face	(c) fear	(d) refer	
Q2	These are, first, the o imbalances.	f forward interest rates in fina	ancial markets, and, second	, the pattern of external	
	(a) activities	(b) behavior	(c) facts	(d) shift	
Q3	These features are interes has led us to expect.	ting, in part, because they se	eem somewhat, or inco	nsistent with what the past	
	(a) analogous	(b) anomalous	(c) anonymous	(d) antonymous	
Q4	Understanding the forces I	pehind these phenomena is	important to thinking wh	nat they mean for policy.	
	(a) about	(b) of	(c) over	(d) through	
Q5	The source of the relatively	y low level of nominal rates is	s still a matter of debate	е.	
	(a) arguable	(b) argumentative	(c) considerable	(d) considerate	
Q6	The other surprising featur size and of the U.S. c	e of the current economic er current account deficit.	nvironment is the pattern of g	global imbalances, and the	
	(a) existence	(b) insistence	(c) persistence	(d) resistence	
Q7	As Alan Greenspan has explained, the greater dispersion in external imbalances can be seen as the result of fundamentally healthy changes in the world economy.				
	(a) inevitable	(b) inexplicable	(c) unprecedented	(d) unutterable	
Q8	most productive uses, ther	observed imbalances reflecten we might also expect these ative prices and flows of goo	e imbalances to themse	-	
	(a) devolve	(b) dissolve	(c) involve	(d) resolve	
Q9	-	ld of perfect capital, on Instraint in the form of capital	-		
	(a) mobility	(b) transferability	(c) utility	(d) viability	
Q10		derstanding both why the U. as been financed with such a	-	•	
	(a) Recognizing	(b) Regarding	(c) Remembering	(d) Researching	

Q1	Dr. Sharon Garrison explains that the term 'dividend' usually refers to a cash of earnings; if it comes from other sources, it is called 'liquidating dividend'.				
	(a) accumulation	(b) advance	(c) dispersal	(d) distribution	
Q2	The dividend may be a sig	nal to the public of the mana	gement's anticipations for fu	iture policy of the firm and	
	(a) perspectives	(b) possibilities	(c) prognostications	(d) prospects	
Q3	Companies that have a omitting dividend distribution	history of stable dividend ons.	payouts would be negatively	affected by lowering or	
	(a) long-enduring	(b) long-lasting	(c) long-running	(d) long-standing	
Q4	-	e no-dividend policy, a comp g: undertaking more projects, vesting in financial assets.			
	(a) postulants	(b) propellents	(c) proponents	(d) purveyors	
Q5		s on whether to pay dividend npact on investors and perce		-	
	(a) almost	(b) considerably	(c) rather	(d) somewhat	
Q6	Dividends are payments m current period or in previou	nade to stockholders from a f us periods.	irm's earnings, whether thos	se earnings were in the	
	(a) garnered	(b) generated	(c) registered	(d) retained	
Q7	Dividends may affect capit equity.	al, because financing w	vith earnings is cheaper than	issuing new common	
	(a) assets	(b) expenditure	(c) outlay	(d) structure	
Q8		Theory purports that a firm's dividends and capital gai		t on either its worth or its	
	(a) appreciate	(b) esteem	(c) extol	(d) value	
Q9		d policy irrelevance is based of participants in the market; erfect agents.			
	(a) rational	(b) reasonable	(c) reliable	(d) reputable	
Q10	For dividend policy to	, one or more of these assur	nptions cannot hold.		
	(a) formulate	(b) happen	(c) matter	(d) proceed	

Q1	Torts are civil wrongs reco	gnized by law as for a l	awsuit.	
	(a) appropriate	(b) evidence	(c) foundation	(d) grounds
Q2	These wrongs result in har	m constituting the basis for	a claim by the party.	
	(a) impaired	(b) impeded	(c) inflicted	(d) injured
Q3		crimes punishable with impri and deter others from commi	sonment, the primary aim of itting the same harms.	tort law is to provide
	(a) relief	(b) reprisal	(c) revenge	(d) review
Q4	The plaintiff may sue for	to prevent the continuation	on of the tortious conduct or	for monetary damages.
	(a) an injunction	(b) a judgement	(c) a justice	(d) a rejoinder
Q5	There are numerous speci of emotional distress.	fic torts, including trespass,	assault, battery, products lia	bility, and intentional
	(a) imposition	(b) infliction	(c) insertion	(d) insistence
Q6	-	-	(e.g., intentionally hitting a p d strict liability torts (e.g. liabi	,
	(a) neglectful	(b) negligent	(c) negligible	(d) negotiable
Q7	Damages, in a legal sense right.	, is the sum of money the la	w imposes for a of som	e duty or violation of some
	(a) breach	(b) broach	(c) shift	(d) shirk
Q8	damages, as the nam	e suggests, are intended to	redress the loss or injury.	
	(a) Compensatory	(b) Complementary	(c) Retaliatory	(d) Retributional
Q9	damages are awarde	d to punish a wrongdoer.		
	(a) Penalty	(b) Prohibitive	(c) Provoked	(d) Punitive
Q10		•	word 'damages', like 'liquidat court awards an amount suc	• • •
	(a) minimal	(b) muted	(c) nominal	(d) token

Q1	Products liability refers to t damage caused by that pr	he liability of any or all partie oduct.	es along the of manufac	cture of any product for
	(a) chain	(b) creek	(c) links	(d) way
Q2	This includes the manufac owner.	turer of parts, the asser	nbling manufacturer, the wh	olesaler, and the retail store
	(a) commercial	(b) complete	(c) component	(d) composite
Q3	-	lefects that cause harm to a , etc., are the subjects of pro		someone to whom the
	(a) ingrained	(b) inherent	(c) instinctive	(d) internal
Q4		lly thought of as tangible per ), naturals (pets), real estate		•
	(a) spread	(b) strengthened	(c) stretched	(d) swelled
Q5	Many states have cor	mprehensive products liabilit	y statutes.	
	(a) contracted	(b) enacted	(c) exacted	(d) protracted
Q6	While the product might defect.	its purpose well, it can be	e unreasonably dangerous to	use due to a design
	(a) serve	(b) state	(c) suite	(d) supply
Q7	On the other hand, manufacturing defects occur during the construction or production of the item; only a few out of many products of the same type are in this case.			
	(a) blemished	(b) disfigured	(c) flawed	(d) mutilated
Q8		with improper instructions ar	nd failures to warn consumer	s of dangers in the
	product.			
	(a) latent	(b) later	(c) unlabeled	(d) unlisted
Q9	(a) latent	(b) later ility terms, a defendant is		
Q9	(a) latent	. ,		
Q9 Q10	(a) latent Translated to products liab (a) alleged	ility terms, a defendant is (b) guilty ercise the care that a reason	when it is shown that the (c) illegal	product is defective. (d) liable

Q1	•	eneur magazine (December r rivals might just steal your	, .	•
	(a) feet	(b) files	(c) nose	(d) table
Q2	Potential competitors for S shop to Amazon.com.	parks.com, an online retaile	r of real greeting cards, run t	he, from the corner gift
	(a) gambit	(b) gamut	(c) gannet	(d) gauntlet
Q3		home during a recent meetir gic alliance with Lindau's 70-	•	r company, supposedly to
	(a) brought	(b) carried	(c) sent	(d) taken
Q4		priefcase and out popped on gh we had not intended	•	n a year ago, which they
	(a) angles	(b) channels	(c) doors	(d) mediums
Q5	"Someone to whom we ha	d given a copy of our b	usiness plan had shared it w	vith our competition."
	(a) clandestine	(b) confidential	(c) critical	(d) cryptic
Q6	-	, consultants and others who competitors are likely to en		nies in and around your field
	(a) do	(b) have	(c) make	(d) talk
Q7	Lindau says venture capitalists represent a fruitful source for competitive information for her because due requires investors to research related businesses before backing a company.			
	(a) deportment	(b) determination	(c) diligence	(d) discernment
Q8	Companies that occupy sp to become rivals.	ots on your value chain ofte	n understand your business	and customers well enough
	(a) patent	(b) patterned	(c) positive	(d) potent
Q9	Carefully firms that has sectors.	ave mastered technology sin	nilar to yours, even if they ap	opear to operate in distant
	(a) castigate	(b) circumvent	(c) excoriate	(d) scrutinize
Q10	-	ut if you start to lose sales to ed competitors, and your ear		
	(a) feeling	(b) noticing	(c) undergoing	(d) witnessing

Q1	some cases involving own	in aviation by commercial, m ership and control issues be ', that is locating parts of the	yond national boundaries, w	hile transnationalization
	(a) offshore	(b) outside	(c) overland	(d) overseas
Q2	•	viation is the emergence of r ety responsibility in a commo		
	(a) media	(b) modicums	(c) vehicles	(d) viaticums
Q3		of sectoral boundaries: deve undaries of responsibilities o	•	•
	(a) blotting	(b) blurring	(c) smearing	(d) smudging
Q4		bour, competition and, most icularly when the internation		n, in the absence of
	(a) evasion	(b) invasion	(c) perversion	(d) subversion
Q5		in recent years is the comme ir navigation facilities and se	· ·	
	(a) autocratic	(b) automatic	(c) autonomic	(d) autonomous
Q6		such provision therefore neco ged regulatory functions of go	-	on of operational functions
	(a) prescribed	(b) prioritized	(c) prorated	(d) proscribed
Q7		hat it remains regulated at th t several regional and subreq ation.		· ·
	(a) bilateral	(b) mutual	(c) nominal	(d) prenuptial
Q8	Economic liberalization is being transnationally by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development as well as globally by the World Trade Organization which is responsible for the General Agreement on Trade in Services.			
	(a) forwarded	(b) fostered	(c) founded	(d) funded
Q9	A factor which is having an the future is environmenta	n increasing impact on civil a I	viation, and one which is like	ely to grow in importance in
	(a) commitment	(b) conscience	(c) consciousness	(d) consideration
Q10		ition of and response to env , to both existing and er		perception that the aviation
	(a) abnormally	(b) abcalutaly	(c) upduly	(d) upusually

(a) abnormally (b) absolutely (c) unduly (d) unusually

Q1		<b>-</b> .	alities such as personal	
	(a) aura	(b) charisma	(c) elan	(d) machismo
Q2	-	e the ability to and mana teractions or in a social-inte	age the emotions, motivation ractive context.	is, and behaviors of oneself
	(a) feel	(b) read	(c) suss	(d) view
Q3	•	onal skills are able to managothers during activities.	ge their behavior during socia	al interactions and align
	(a) cohesive	(b) collaborative	(c) collocational	(d) concessive
Q4	They are able to empathiz others feel and behave.	e and are sensitive to the ne	eeds of others and to the force	ces that the way that
	(a) bend	(b) mar	(c) mend	(d) shape
Q5		ctively by devising win-win s communication and st	olutions, constructively influe rategies.	encing the behavior of
	(a) enforcement	(b) evasive	(c) performance	(d) persuasive
Q6	Many have wondered how often lies in interpersonal s		h high IQs don't always	the top jobs: the answer
	(a) land	(b) leave	(c) sack	(d) seize
Q7		ings together individuals from offer unique expertise, insig	m diverse groups who may r ghts, and perspectives.	not share common norms,
	(a) accommodations	(b) cubicles	(c) salaries	(d) vocabularies
Q8	individuals to communicate	-	encing, and the myriad othe crease the ways in which inc rpersonal interactions.	•
	(a) innuendos	(b) naivete	(c) nuances	(d) repartee
Q9		e in the worlds of virtual lear expressions, or body to	ning and virtual communicat fully express ideas.	tion, where one cannot yet
	(a) language	(b) movement	(c) poses	(d) positions
Q10	The challenge is to in well.	terpersonal skills not only in	face-to-face interactions bu	t in virtual interactions as
	(a) perfect	(b) perform	(c) produce	(d) project

Q1	This paper by Derek Miers just as relevant today.	s received critical when	it was published in 1996, an	d the issues highlighted are
	(a) acclaim	(b) applause	(c) attention	(d) awareness
Q2	Over recent years informatransformation of the basic		nced an unprecedented degr	ee of change, enabling the
	(a) machinations	(b) machines	(c) mechanics	(d) mechanisms
Q3	Within the next years we v these technologies.	vill see the emergence of sec	cure, cost-effective electronic	c payment systems to
	(a) accent	(b) accept	(c) augment	(d) augur
Q4	Those waiting for clear sig	ns of this new age before ac	ting will forever be destined	to observe from the
	(a) back seat	(b) bleachers	(c) caboose	(d) sidelines
Q5			for suppliers to gain direct and f physical distribution channed	
	(a) bats	(b) concrete	(c) mortar	(d) sticks
Q6	Markets and marketing co challenge.	ncepts will change radically,	driven by those companies	who successfully the
	(a) forge through	(b) rise to	(c) set up	(d) take in
Q7		he emergence of credit-base se concepts remain with us,	ed banking systems and fina in their modified form,	ncial instruments such as
	(a) day after day	(b) nowadays	(c) to this day	(d) up until today
Q8	These basic concepts	all modern forms of comme	erce.	
	(a) overhaul	(b) overspread	(c) underpin	(d) underscore
Q9		ce the of the World Wic contact current and potentia	le Web has provided an eas I customers.	y-to-use communication
	(a) advent	(b) convention	(c) event	(d) provenance
Q10	The emergence of the Inte widespread electronic com	-	ation channel has also giver	a to the possibility of
	(a) hope	(b) rise	(c) thought	(d) voice

Q1	• •	oments, growing globalisation n in many consumer and inc	-	omer requirements have
	(a) cutback	(b) cutthroat	(c) deep discount	(d) deep throat
Q2	Emergent global markets a emphasizing local content.	are populated by compa	anies that try to position then	nselves as local firms by
	(a) homeland	(b) homeless	(c) national	(d) stateless
Q3		ing world, the importance of sustainable competitive adva		quality becomes a
	(a) cultivating	(b) harvesting	(c) noticing	(d) realizing
Q4	Leenders and Blenkhorn ( that they had in the U	1988) introduced the term 're .S. and Japan.	everse marketing' for an agg	ressive kind of purchasing
	(a) accosted	(b) confronted	(c) deciphered	(d) encountered
Q5	Reverse marketing describ proposal for long term colla	bes how Purchasing actively aboration.	identifies potential suppliers	and offers partners a
	(a) established	(b) manageable	(c) matching	(d) suitable
Q6	Successful reverse market	ting requires a effort.		
	(a) concerned	(b) concerted	(c) constrained	(d) contained
Q7		nd reduced supplier roster le erships, characterized by mu		
	(a) arm's-length	(b) full-disclosure	(c) hip-pocket	(d) under-the-table
Q8	The current development of marketing concept.	of the purchasing function sh	ows similarities to the o	development of the
	(a) given	(b) granted	(c) proven	(d) remarkable
Q9	This conceptual betw	een purchasing and marketi	ng can also be found within	individual firms.
	(a) paradigm	(b) paradox	(c) parallel	(d) paraphrase
Q10	• •	are basically comparable ac ernal parties; accordingly, the expected at first		

(a) gander (b) gaze (c) glance (d) glimpse

Q1	Alan Greenspan (June 20 gas have increased sharp	03) states that in recent mor ly.	nths, in response to very	supplies, prices of natural
	(a) bound	(b) brief	(c) tense	(d) tight
Q2	00 0	currently at very low levels r nability of increased gas wel		
	(a) an acknowledging	(b) an appearing	(c) an occurring	(d) a seeming
Q3	-	e of imported natural gas, ha		
	(a) fat chance	(b) little room	(c) short shrift	(d) small space
Q4	•	nports to a modest gap marked rise in natural gas p		mand and production is
	(a) close	(b) knit	(c) stop	(d) thin
Q5		es, after wide related to markets for natural gas exis	·	
	(a) gyrations	(b) peregrinations	(c) undulations	(d) vacillations
Q6		ets have been a long time in s of relative abundance and	-	suggest that we are not
	(a) able			
	(4) 4010	(b) apt	(c) due	(d) like
Q7	· ·	(b) apt alf-century ago that drillers so		、 <i>,</i>
Q7	It was little more than a ha			、 <i>,</i>
Q7 Q8	It was little more than a ha gas. (a) bemoaned	alf-century ago that drillers so	eeking valuable crude oil (c) derided	the discovery of natural
	It was little more than a ha gas. (a) bemoaned	alf-century ago that drillers so (b) complained	eeking valuable crude oil (c) derided	the discovery of natural
	It was little more than a har gas. (a) bemoaned Given the lack of adequate (a) capped Natural gas consumption	alf-century ago that drillers so (b) complained e transportation, wells had to	eeking valuable crude oil (c) derided b be or the gas flared. (c) sealed purths of that of oil, but its co	(d) mourned (d) topped
Q8	It was little more than a har gas. (a) bemoaned Given the lack of adequate (a) capped Natural gas consumption	alf-century ago that drillers so (b) complained e transportation, wells had to (b) lidded by 1970 had risen to three-fo	eeking valuable crude oil (c) derided b be or the gas flared. (c) sealed purths of that of oil, but its co	(d) mourned (d) topped
Q8	It was little more than a har gas. (a) bemoaned Given the lack of adequate (a) capped Natural gas consumption following decade because (a) excursions Increased marginal suppli	alf-century ago that drillers so (b) complained e transportation, wells had to (b) lidded by 1970 had risen to three-for e of competitive from co	eeking valuable crude oil (c) derided b be or the gas flared. (c) sealed burths of that of oil, but its co al and nuclear power. (c) incursions to notably the levels an	the discovery of natural (d) mourned (d) topped onsumption lagged in the (d) inertia d volatility of American

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 155 Canada's Monetary Policy

(a) circulates(b) circumscribes(c) concentrates(d) congregatesQ2The of the Bank of Carada's monetary policy framework is its inflation-control system, the goal of which is to keep inflation near 2 per cent. (a) benchmark(b) cornerstone(c) landmark(d) milestoneQ3Inflation is a rise over time in the average price of goods and services. (a) perfunctory(b) persistent(c) precise(d) presumedQ4This system provides a clear of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation. (a) appearance(b) goal(c) measure(d) statusQ5When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce. (a) sagging(b) slight(c) stable(d) strongQ6This tends to raise inflationation inflation. (a) brush(b) cool(c) send(d) tick					
Q2       The of the Bank of Canada's monetary policy framework is its inflation-control system, the goal of which is to keep inflation near 2 per cent.       (a) benchmark       (b) cornerstone       (c) landmark       (d) milestone         Q3       Inflation is a rise over time in the average price of goods and services.       (a) perfunctory       (b) persistent       (c) precise       (d) presumed         Q4       This system provides a clear of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation.       (a) appearance       (b) goal       (c) measure       (d) status         Q5       When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce.       (a) sagging       (b) slight       (c) stable       (d) tartong         Q6       This tends to raise inflation       bove the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy.       (a) brush       (b) cool       (c) send       (d) tauten         Q6       The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic	Q1	Monetary policy is concern	ed with how much money	in the economy, and what	at that money is worth.
is to keep inflation near 2 per cent. (a) benchmark (b) cornerstone (c) landmark (d) milestone Inflation is arise over time in the average price of goods and services. (a) perfunctory (b) persistent (c) precise (d) presumed This system provides a clear of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation. (a) appearance (b) goal (c) measure (d) status (d) status Vhen the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce. (a) sagging (b) slight (c) stable (d) strong (b) cool (c) send (d) trong This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy. (a) brush (b) cool (c) send (d) tauten (a) ease (b) spread (c) squeeze (d) tauten (a) ease (b) spread (c) squeeze (d) tauten (a) slack (b) spending (c) spin (d) surplus The Bank carries out mortererst rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic (a) slack (b) spending (c) spin (d) surplus Jhe Bank carries out mortery policy by influencing short-term interest rates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among (a) businesses (b) depositors (c) others (c) others (d) themselves 240 The goal of Canadian mortery policy is to contribute to rising living for all Canadians through low and stable inflation.		(a) circulates	(b) circumscribes	(c) concentrates	(d) congregates
(a) benchmark(b) cornerstone(c) landmark(d) milestone(a) perfunctory(b) persistent(c) precise(d) presumed(a) perfunctory(b) persistent(c) precise(d) presumed(a) appearance(b) goal(c) measure(d) status(a) sagging(b) slight(c) stable(d) strong(a) brush(b) cool(c) stable(d) true(a) brush(b) cool(c) seade(d) true(a) brush(b) cool(c) send(d) true(a) asag(b) sight(c) squeeze(d) true(a) asag(b) spread(c) squeeze(d) true(a) sak(b) spread(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) spreading(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) spending(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) spending(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) depositors(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) depositors(c) others(d) true(a) slack(b) spending(c) spin(d) surplus(a) slack(b) depositors(c) others(d) true(a) slack(b) depositors(c) others(d) themselves using and lower/induces using and lower/induces using and proverse using true, the interest using true, the interest using true, the interest using true, the interest using true and true and the maior financialians through low and stable inflation.	Q2			nework is its inflation-control	system, the goal of which
(a) perfunctory(b) persistent(c) precise(d) presumedQ4This system provides a clear of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation. (a) appearance(b) goal(c) measure(d) statusQ5When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to provee. (a) sagging(b) slight(c) stable(d) strongQ6This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy. (a) brush(b) cool(c) send(d) tautenQ7When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are like to (a) ease(b) spread(c) squeeze(d) tautenQ8The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic (a) slack(b) spending(c) spin(d) surplusQ9The Bank carries out mover				(c) landmark	(d) milestone
Q4       This system provides a clear of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation.         (a) appearance       (b) goal       (c) measure       (d) status         Q5       When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce.       (d) strong         (a) sagging       (b) slight       (c) stable       (d) strong         Q6       This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy.       (a) trong         Q6       This tends to raise inflationary pressures are likely to       (d) tauten         Q7       When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are likely to       (d) tauten         Q8       The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic       (d) surplus         Q8       The Bank carries out monetrest policy by influencing short-term interest rates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among	Q3	Inflation is a rise over	time in the average price of	goods and services.	
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Q5       When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce. <ul> <li>(a) sagging</li> <li>(b) slight</li> <li>(c) stable</li> <li>(d) strong</li> </ul> Q6         This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy. <ul> <li>(a) brush</li> <li>(b) cool</li> <li>(c) send</li> <li>(d) tick</li> </ul> Q7         When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are likely to	Q4		ar of the effectiveness	of monetary policy, and incre	eases the predictability of
Iimits of its capacity to protee.       (a) sagging       (b) slight       (c) stable       (d) strong         Q6       This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy.       (a) brush       (b) cool       (c) send       (d) tick         Q7       When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are like/ito ary pressures are		(a) appearance	(b) goal	(c) measure	(d) status
Q6       This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to off the economy.         (a) brush       (b) cool       (c) send       (d) tick         Q7       When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are likely to       (a) ease       (b) spread       (c) squeeze       (d) tauten         Q8       The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic	Q5		-	vices is, it can push the	e economy against the
(a) brush(b) cool(c) send(d) tickQ7When demand is weak, interventionary pressures are likeinterventionary pressures are likeinterventionary(a) ease(b) spread(c) squeeze(d) tautenQ8The Bank will then lower intervention to the strates to stimulate the concomy and absorb economyinterventionaryQ8The Bank carries out mover intervention to be spreading to the strates of the bank carries out mover intervention to the strates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the vernight rate, the intervention to the strates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the vernight rate, the intervention to the strates out move intervention to the strates out move intervention to the strates out move intervention to the strates out funds among		(a) sagging	(b) slight	(c) stable	(d) strong
Q7       When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are likely to	Q6	This tends to raise inflation	above the midpoint, so the	Bank will raise interest rates	to off the economy.
(a) ease(b) spread(c) squeeze(d) tautenQ8The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic		(a) brush	(b) cool	(c) send	(d) tick
Q8       The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic	Q7	When demand is weak, inf	lationary pressures are likely	/ to	
(a) slack(b) spending(c) spin(d) surplusQ9The Bank carries out monetary policy by influencing short-term interest rates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among(a) businesses(b) depositors(c) others(d) themselvesQ10The goal of Canadian monetary policy is to contribute to rising living for all Canadians through low and stable inflation.(c) others(c) others(c) others		(a) ease	(b) spread	(c) squeeze	(d) tauten
Q9       The Bank carries out monetary policy by influencing short-term interest rates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among	Q8	The Bank will then lower in	nterest rates to stimulate the	economy and absorb econo	mic
Inversion of the strengt of the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among		(a) slack	(b) spending	(c) spin	(d) surplus
Q10 The goal of Canadian monetary policy is to contribute to rising living for all Canadians through low and stable inflation.	Q9	lowering the target for the	overnight rate, the interest ra		
stable inflation.		(a) businesses	(b) depositors	(c) others	(d) themselves
(a) amenities (b) conditions (c) expenses (d) standards	Q10	-	etary policy is to contribute t	o rising living for all Ca	nadians through low and
		(a) amenities	(b) conditions	(c) expenses	(d) standards

Q1		Social Indicators for Aborigir ic conditions in remote regio es might be measured.		
	(a) addresses	(b) announces	(c) instigates	(d) promulgates
Q2	Two recent policy (on Government) raise the nee	e from the Council of Austral d for such a question.	ian Governments, and one t	from the Northern Territory
	(a) initializations	(b) initials	(c) initiations	(d) initiatives
Q3	Indigenous self-manageme	of change from the assimilatent, Charles Rowley describet instrumental in frustrating u	ed the myriad mission and g	
	(a) cliff	(b) cline	(c) crack	(d) cusp
Q4		an 30 years' hindsight, durin tive that governed their		
	(a) dithers	(b) druthers	(c) hackles	(d) shackles
Q5		ound observation concerning poriginal towns the incre		
	(a) about	(b) alongside	(c) amongst	(d) around
Q6	Some contemporary opinion socially engineer migration	on would this continuity to urban areas.	of Indigenous rural settleme	nt, seeking the means to
	(a) lament	(b) laud	(c) moan	(d) repent
Q7	which appear increasingly	such views with the current prepared to respond to the r enhance life chances and life	eality of a growing Indigenou	
	(a) situ	(b) toto	(c) vitro	(d) vivo
Q8	Such efforts are in line governance.	. a growing search for more	efficient regionalism in Indig	enous community
	(a) before	(b) for	(c) to	(d) with
Q9	This study takes its from	om these policy directions.		
	(a) cay	(b) cue	(c) key	(d) queue
Q10		n cultural, questioning v ipally designed to establish t		
		(b) releviance	(c) reliance	(d) rotioonoo

(a) recurrence (b) relevance (c) reliance (d) reticence

Q1		horities arrested Donald Mar shing without a license and		-
	(a) actions	(b) charges	(c) crimes	(d) matters
Q2		nse, was the affirmation of a d exempted him from w		fish as found in the treaties
	(a) compliance	(b) concession	(c) connivance	(d) contravention
Q3	The trial judge him gu	uilty.		
	(a) called	(b) found	(c) named	(d) proclaimed
Q4	However, in September, 1 charges.	999, the Supreme Court of C	Canada allowed his and	acquitted him on all
	(a) appeal	(b) petition	(c) plea	(d) request
Q5	The court decided that Do and gathering natural reso	nald Marshall had a treaty riç urces.	ght to a 'moderate livelil	hood' by hunting, fishing
	(a) possess	(b) preserve	(c) secure	(d) sustain
Q6		t of First Nation peoples to n urnt Church attempted to , 1999.		• •
	(a) demand	(b) exercise	(c) facilitate	(d) practice
Q7		h an unprovoked attack by n adian) worth of traps belongi		·
	(a) blocked	(b) met	(c) offset	(d) struck
Q8	-	t authorities, the Department (RCMP), were; no actio Is of violence.		· •
	(a) adamant	(b) dormant	(c) ignorant	(d) obdurate
Q9	An atmosphere of fear and and nonnative people.	d anger emerged as violent t	hreats,, and assaults in	creased between native
	(a) gun-totaling	(b) gun-toting	(c) gun-touting	(d) gun-towing
Q10	One Mi'kmaq man was sei	riously injured during an		
	(a) alteration	(b) altercation	(c) alternation	(d) alternative

Q1		struction of the lobster traps, s drafted by the judges who .		·
	(a) detracted	(b) dissented	(c) recanted	(d) retracted
Q2	The Marshall judgment ref treaty rights may be regula	erred to the Court's principa ated.	I on the various ground	s on which the exercise of
	(a) proclamations	(b) promulgations	(c) pronouncements	(d) pronunciations
Q3		objective is conservation, ar aboriginal or non-aborigina		ed on the minister
	(a) forcibly	(b) perfectly	(c) promptly	(d) squarely
Q4		d that the Minister has an ob , and that any regulation she	•	l people about limitations on to earn a moderate
	(a) impose	(b) infringe	(c) interpose	(d) intrude
Q5	Following this clarification, lobster traps to 600 and be	the Department of Fisheries egan to traps.	s and Oceans limited the nur	mber of Burnt Church
	(a) confiscate	(b) deconstruct	(c) disfigure	(d) reconfigure
Q6	-	e limits was not provided to tion but never demonstrated	•	ssue of conservation was
	(a) concerned	(b) guilty	(c) implicated	(d) participating
Q7		ess of First Nations Chiefs fo e impacts on future treaty rig		greement unsatisfactory in
	(a) pattern	(b) silhouette	(c) stencil	(d) template
Q8	The congress advised ban bands sign full or agr	ids not to sign the agreemen eements.	it; nevertheless, the DFO ma	anaged to have 29 of 34
	(a) fractional	(b) fragmentary	(c) interim	(d) intermittent
Q9		DFO offered access to com d economic development ini		ubstantial, boats, gear,
	(a) currency	(b) monies	(c) remuneration	(d) tender
Q10	Because the agreements a only a few people in the Fi	are for communal licenses, it rst Nations community.	t is believed by some that ec	conomic benefits will to
	(a) accede	(b) accrue	(c) adhere	(d) advance

Q1				
	According to the Governm	ent Communication Network ation strategy.	(GCN), a plan for internal c	ommunications should be
	(a) initiated	(b) integrated	(c) interwoven	(d) involved
Q2	Winning the support of interest to the success of your con	ernal can be as importa nmunication programme.	nt as reaching key external a	audiences, and will be vital
	(a) jobholders	(b) placeholders	(c) stakeholders	(d) stockholders
Q3	there will be distinct audie	eed exactly the same kind once groups who should be	, and the same processe	
	(a) sectioned	(b) segmented	(c) segregated	(d) sequestered
Q4	Far from being the poor government.	of external communicatio	n, internal communication p	erforms a crucial role within
	(a) neighbor	(b) offspring	(c) relative	(d) sibling
Q5		artmental vision and values s s two things: it improves polic		
	(a) endearing	(b) opgoging		/ N
	(a) chacanng	(b) engaging	(c) inducing	(d) inoculating
Q6	Organisations that have a	strong communications functions func	tion frequently those th	at don't; private sector
Q6	Organisations that have a companies that communic	strong communications func	tion frequently those th	at don't; private sector
Q6 Q7	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to have s strategy that is developed,	tion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have
	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to have s strategy that is developed,	tion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have
	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication practice and the needs of (a) best	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to ha is strategy that is developed, staff. (b) in night be your first port of	tion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve implemented and monitored (c) made	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have d according to industry (d) style
Q7	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication practice and the needs of (a) best Printed or online surveys r	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to ha is strategy that is developed, staff. (b) in night be your first port of	tion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve implemented and monitored (c) made	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have d according to industry (d) style
Q7	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication practice and the needs of (a) best Printed or online surveys r needs within your departm (a) action	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to ha is strategy that is developed, staff. (b) in night be your first port of	etion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve implemented and monitored (c) made when it comes to understa (c) entry	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have d according to industry (d) style unding communication (d) resort
Q7 Q8	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication practice and the needs of (a) best Printed or online surveys r needs within your departm (a) action Before selecting a research	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to ha is strategy that is developed, staff. (b) in night be your first port of hent. (b) call	etion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve implemented and monitored (c) made when it comes to understa (c) entry	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule ry department should have d according to industry (d) style unding communication (d) resort
Q7 Q8	Organisations that have a companies that communic not. (a) outperform As with external communic an internal communication practice and the needs of (a) best Printed or online surveys r needs within your departm (a) action Before selecting a research trying to achieve. (a) brief	strong communications func- ate effectively have a 19.4 p (b) outrank cations, it is not enough to have s strategy that is developed, staff. (b) in night be your first port of hent. (b) call th method, produce a th	tion frequently those the er cent higher market premi (c) overdo ave a tactical approach; eve implemented and monitored (c) made when it comes to understa (c) entry hat sets out clear objectives a (c) mission	at don't; private sector um than companies that do (d) overrule (d) overrule (d) style (d) style (d) style (d) resort (d) resort (d) portfolio

Q1	and enhancing the IMF's cre communications, and engag	-	more information to the public,	extending the of IMF
	(a) arm	(b) grasp	(c) grip	(d) reach
Q2	recommendations that they the IMF's public output, and	in February 2000, considered develop a strategy comprising a more proactive external comm	a clearer message, focus	and improved coordination of
	(a) cluster	(b) longer	(c) nearer	(d) sharper
Q3		ications strategy has also been he country concerned agrees) discussions.		
	(a) distribution	(b) propaganda	(c) publicity	(d) transparency
Q4		k of the progress achieved as to outside views, including co		the IMF's openness and
	(a) care	(b) interest	(c) pleasure	(d) stock
Q5	Directors felt that the current implementation of its externation	t relatively high media of the advance of th	he IMF offers a valuable oppor	tunity to enhance the
	(a) veracity	(b) verisimilitude	(c) visibility	(d) vision
		. ,		
Q6		h the work of the IMF — based wth — is vital to economic well	on its to safeguard the m	acroeconomic and monetary
Q6	foundations of economic gro	h the work of the IMF — based	on its to safeguard the m	acroeconomic and monetary
Q6 Q7	foundations of economic gro tends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a p	h the work of the IMF — based wth — is vital to economic well	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate
	foundations of economic gro tends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a p	h the work of the IMF — based wth — is vital to economic well (b) behest rominent part of the IMF's job i	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate
	foundations of economic gro tends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a p difficult circumstances, inclu (a) at all In this context, Directors cor	h the work of the IMF — based owth — is vital to economic well (b) behest rominent part of the IMF's job i ding when they need the IMF's (b) least	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b financial support. (c) more anding of the IMF's work and r	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate est to face economic reality in (d) really respect for its competence, and
Q7	foundations of economic gro tends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a p difficult circumstances, inclu- (a) at all In this context, Directors cor enhancing the credibility of it	h the work of the IMF — based with — is vital to economic well (b) behest rominent part of the IMF's job i ding when they need the IMF's (b) least	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b financial support. (c) more anding of the IMF's work and r	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate est to face economic reality in (d) really respect for its competence, and
Q7	foundations of economic groutends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a prodifficult circumstances, including (a) at all In this context, Directors correst of the popularity. (a) even more A continuing, concentrated of	h the work of the IMF — based owth — is vital to economic well (b) behest rominent part of the IMF's job i ding when they need the IMF's (b) least isidered that improving underst ts policies, are key objectives o	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b financial support. (c) more anding of the IMF's work and m f its communications — and (c) more so of the institution will, over time	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate est to face economic reality in (d) really respect for its competence, and than increasing its (d) what's more
Q7 Q8	foundations of economic groutends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a prodifficult circumstances, including (a) at all In this context, Directors correst of the popularity. (a) even more A continuing, concentrated of	h the work of the IMF — based with — is vital to economic well (b) behest rominent part of the IMF's job i ding when they need the IMF's (b) least isidered that improving underst ts policies, are key objectives o (b) more	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b financial support. (c) more anding of the IMF's work and m f its communications — and (c) more so of the institution will, over time	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate est to face economic reality in (d) really respect for its competence, and than increasing its (d) what's more
Q7 Q8	foundations of economic gro tends to attract controversy. (a) allotment This is not because a p difficult circumstances, inclu- (a) at all In this context, Directors con enhancing the credibility of it popularity. (a) even more A continuing, concentrated e support for its work in membr (a) accidental In a similar, Directors con	h the work of the IMF — based owth — is vital to economic well (b) behest frominent part of the IMF's job i ding when they need the IMF's (b) least (b) least ts policies, are key objectives of (b) more effort to improve understanding per countries even if progress m	on its to safeguard the m fare and rising living standards (c) injunction s to advise countries on how b financial support. (c) more anding of the IMF's work and m f its communications — and (c) more so of the institution will, over time hay seem and modest. (c) incidental hance the communication skill	acroeconomic and monetary worldwide, much of its work (d) mandate est to face economic reality in (d) really respect for its competence, and than increasing its (d) what's more (d) what's more (d) incremental (d) incremental s of all IMF staff, which will be

PHOTOCOPIABLE

Q1	The purpose of the Ir American workers and bus	nternational Trade Administra sinesses.	ation (ITA) is helping to creat	e economic opportunity for
	(a) defining	(b) definite	(c) delimiting	(d) determined
Q2		vestment we are promoting p U.S. companies foreigr		; to increase trade and
	(a) dominate	(b) estimate	(c) infiltrate	(d) navigate
Q3		es about how to tailor their a arketing, assembly and logis		et with respect to their
	(a) size	(b) slate	(c) stock	(d) system
Q4	While the United States exchallenge for a small- or m	ports more than any other c nedium-sized business.	ountry, making that first exp	ort can still be a
	(a) daring	(b) dashing	(c) daunting	(d) dawning
Q5		vice is the trade promotion a ed through the U.S. governm		
	(a) portal	(b) portion	(c) position	(d) post
Q6	The ITA policies and support U.S. manufacturin	strategies that stimulate inno g and services industries.	ovation and investment, enha	ance economic growth, and
	(a) advances	(b) airs	(c) processes	(d) programs
Q7	Unfair foreign pricing and business in the global mar	government subsidies distor ketplace.	t the free flow of goods and .	affect American
	(a) adversely	(b) conversely	(c) inversely	(d) perversely
Q8		of Michigan study, the average ere total elimination of global		-
	(a) aims	(b) hopes	(c) is	(d) stands
Q9	The World Bank has report world's poor out of poverty	ted that the elimination of glover the next 15 years.	obal trade barriers could	300-500 million of the
	(a) free	(b) pry	(c) put	(d) lift
Q10		liance (MAC) country desk o		

Q1		se in the stock markets has a the latest to join the party on		-
	(a) Dalal	(b) Easy	(c) Stock	(d) Wall
Q2	·	5 years mentioned to me tha s; in his experience, many of noney at all.		
	(a) an acre	(b) a stash	(c) a ton	(d) a van
Q3		as put into place to benefit th s of individuals or companies		
	(a) Fair	(b) Free	(c) Safe	(d) Sure
Q4	•	ion plans is rarely laid out fo ifficult to find, let alone calcu	-	
	(a) camouflage	(b) clandestine	(c) closet	(d) covert
Q5	willing to pay only \$1,000,0	g a business is asking \$2,00 000 based on historical perfo e than the buyer's offer only	rmance: provision struc	tures the deal so that the
	(a) a buyout	(b) an earnout	(c) a payout	(d) a topout
Q6		associated with giving up an market and into less risky ir		ice as investors sell equities
	(a) capitulation	(b) concession	(c) reconciliation	(d) submission
Q7		well but not beyond the poir Professor of Bank Managen I."		
	(a) eat	(b) feel	(c) keep	(d) live
Q8		erfidious stock picker; over th nd bail." — Rich Karlgaard, "l		•
	(a) angel	(b) arch	(c) share	(d) star
Q9	When somebody likes a st	ock enough to back up the	, the buyer is very bullish	on it.
	(a) price	(b) seller	(c) staff	(d) truck
Q10	•	en either as a consequence a result of management's at		
	(a) neglect	(b) noise	(c) sham	(d) show

-				
Q1	If a nervous ever doe	s decide to invest, he or she	is likely to liquidate the inve	estment at any time.
	(a) nellie	(b) nerd	(c) twit	(d) twitcher
Q2	-	or aim to duplicate the g ike Index Tracker Funds exc	-	•
	(a) eShares	(b) fShares	(c) iShares	(d) xShares
Q3	Some economists divide the Kondratiev Winter.	he Kondratiev into two '	seasons', namely, the Kond	ratiev Fall and the later part,
	(a) cycle	(b) surge	(c) wave	(d) year
Q4		o Hamanaka, Mr was a Japan; Hamanaka's scandal		
	(a) Copper	(b) Credit	(c) Samurai	(d) Six Percent
Q5	A foreign currency trading	at 75.25 and a money mark	et security trading at 75.75 b	ooth have of 75.
	(a) bases	(b) handles	(c) stems	(d) units
Q6 is an increase in price and trading volume in a particular sector of the economy that results for takeover creating a change in sentiment towards the sector; proponents of behavioral finance the view this psychological impact as evidence supporting their theory.				
	view this psychological im	pact as evidence supporting	their theory.	
	view this psychological im (a) Arbitrage	pact as evidence supporting (b) Garbatrage	their theory. (c) Rumorage	(d) Traderage
Q7	(a) Arbitrage	(b) Garbatrage s (LGAP) will supersede gen	(c) Rumorage	
Q7	(a) Arbitrage	(b) Garbatrage s (LGAP) will supersede gen	(c) Rumorage	
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Arbitrage</li> <li> Accounting Principles companies 'come clean' in</li> <li>(a) Lady Godiva</li> <li>A is a group of unscription</li> </ul>	(b) Garbatrage s (LGAP) will supersede gen post-Enron Wall Street.	<ul> <li>(c) Rumorage</li> <li>erally accepted accounting p</li> <li>(c) Legal Gain</li> <li>icing a kind of fictitious tradi</li> </ul>	orinciples (GAAP) as (d) Looking Good
	<ul> <li>(a) Arbitrage</li> <li> Accounting Principles companies 'come clean' in</li> <li>(a) Lady Godiva</li> <li>A is a group of unscription</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Garbatrage</li> <li>(LGAP) will supersede gen post-Enron Wall Street.</li> <li>(b) Laundry Girl</li> <li>upulous investors who, pract</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Rumorage</li> <li>erally accepted accounting p</li> <li>(c) Legal Gain</li> <li>icing a kind of fictitious tradi</li> </ul>	orinciples (GAAP) as (d) Looking Good
	<ul> <li>(a) Arbitrage</li> <li> Accounting Principles companies 'come clean' in (a) Lady Godiva</li> <li>A is a group of unscruartificially inflate the price of (a) chain gang</li> <li>The January does had</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Carbatrage</li> &lt;</ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Rumorage</li> <li>erally accepted accounting p</li> <li>(c) Legal Gain</li> <li>icing a kind of fictitious tradi</li> <li>it at a profit.</li> <li>(c) fairy ring</li> <li>ecord: from 1950 to 2003, th</li> </ul>	orinciples (GAAP) as (d) Looking Good ng or wash selling, (d) gang bang ne S&P 500 was up in
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Arbitrage</li> <li> Accounting Principles companies 'come clean' in (a) Lady Godiva</li> <li>A is a group of unscruartificially inflate the price of (a) chain gang</li> <li>The January does had January 34 times, and in 3</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Carbatrage</li> <li>(c) Laundry Girl</li> <li>(c) Laundry Girl</li> <li>(c) Laundry so that they sell</li> <li>(c) daisy chain</li> <li>(c) daisy chain</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Rumorage</li> <li>erally accepted accounting p</li> <li>(c) Legal Gain</li> <li>icing a kind of fictitious tradi</li> <li>it at a profit.</li> <li>(c) fairy ring</li> <li>ecord: from 1950 to 2003, th</li> </ul>	orinciples (GAAP) as (d) Looking Good ng or wash selling, (d) gang bang ne S&P 500 was up in
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Arbitrage</li> <li> Accounting Principles companies 'come clean' in (a) Lady Godiva</li> <li>A is a group of unscruartificially inflate the price of (a) chain gang</li> <li>The January does had January 34 times, and in 3 rate of 88%.</li> <li>(a) Barometer</li> <li>To be considered a of the sum of the last four years</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Garbatrage</li> <li>(c) Laundry Girl</li> <li>(c) Laundry Girl</li> <li>(c) Laundry Girl</li> <li>(c) Laundry Stores who, praction</li> <li>(c) Gaisy chain</li> <li>(c) Gaisy Chain</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Rumorage</li> <li>erally accepted accounting p</li> <li>(c) Legal Gain</li> <li>icing a kind of fictitious tradii it at a profit.</li> <li>(c) fairy ring</li> <li>ecord: from 1950 to 2003, the S&amp;P 500 traded higher 11 r</li> <li>(c) Isotherm</li> <li>e larger than \$1 million in easitive, and its growth in reven</li> </ul>	orinciples (GAAP) as (d) Looking Good (d) Looking Good (d) gang bang (d) gang bang (d) gang bang (d) Thermometer (d) Thermometer (ch of the four prior years,

Q1		d through large sale orders of the shar	•	some cases, investors may
	(a) Flogging	(b) Hammering	(c) Pounding	(d) Whipping
Q2	-	<ol> <li>is one that is issued on the payment to the bond from t</li> </ol>		
	(a) obligation	(b) offering	(c) outsource	(d) outstanding
Q3	Baby are the hypothe up Microsoft Corporation.	tical companies that would h	nave been formed if the Just	ice Department had broken
	(a) Bells	(b) Bills	(c) Boomers	(d) Browsers
Q4		y been thought of as an insti re shifting to a new: a c		•
	(a) paradigm	(b) paradox	(c) paragon	(d) parallel
Q5	effectively fudged the com	iant,, is perhaps best k pany's accounting numbers, ruptcy that followed led to m	inflating the company's asse	
	(a) Enron	(b) MCI	(c) Verizon	(d) WorldCom
Q6	The real estate assets subject to a lease do not appear on the lessee's balance sheet and no depreciation is charged against earnings for SEC reporting purposes, but its structure allows improvements to be depreciated for tax purposes, thus preserving the tax shelter aspect of owning improved real estate.			
	(a) simulated	(b) synthetic	(c) veritable	(d) virtual
Q7	-	pany consultant named Mic ess was a "value delivery sy	-	
	(a) presentation	(b) proposition	(c) statement	(d) syllabus
Q8	customer; the broker hope	ecurity by a broker after the s to profit either because of sufficient size to affect secu	information which the custor	•
	(a) Bandwagoning	(b) Coattailing	(c) Shadowing	(d) Tailgating
Q9		one billion U.S. dollars, he o d in place of 'billion', the pers 'million' or 'trillion'.		
	(a) bin	(b) nine	(c) ton	(d) yard
Q10	Machinery in facility is	s kept in working order so th	at production may be restore	ed quickly if needed.

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 165 Business Buzzwords through Thick and Thin

Q1	The Hong Kong government might have won this particular battle against the speculators, just as the Malaysians reckon they have done; but with both administrations' credibility hugely damaged as a result, these are victories that they may come to rue.			
	(a) Panic	(b) Psychic	(c) Punic	(d) Pyrrhic
Q2	income it brings in, and if the negative cash flow.	ents, property taxes, insurance is situation is not corrected, it v		
	(a) a maneater	(b) an alligator	(c) an elephant	(d) an elevator
Q3	The strategy is one in v unfriendly bidder.	which a third party poses as a	white knight in a takeover bid,	and then joins forces with an
	(a) Desdemona	(b) Lady Macbeth	(c) Mata Hari	(d) Tokyo Rose
Q4	C C	iables used in the stock v is, performance, and volume.	aluation system are momentu	ım, quality, value, financial
	(a) quadrix	(b) quantum	(c) quincunx	(d) quintessential
Q5	A is a high-strung portf	olio manager who, looking for	high returns, invests in very h	igh-risk stock.
	(a) gunslinger	(b) highroller	(c) overachiever	(d) pistolpacker
Q6	-	iated with the unfounded belies rs, because people would cont		, ,, ,, ,, ,
		•••	11 8 1	, I
	(a) Black	(b) Cyber	(c) Flex	(d) Surf
Q7	A securities firm is practicing	(b) Cyber g the fraudulent act of if it lelays delivery or takes part in	(c) Flex fails to purchase the securitie	(d) Surf es on the open market and
Q7	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, c	(b) Cyber g the fraudulent act of if it lelays delivery or takes part in	(c) Flex fails to purchase the securitie	(d) Surf es on the open market and
Q7 Q8	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, o proper settlement of trades. (a) arbitrage The level of net debt per	(b) Cyber g the fraudulent act of if it lelays delivery or takes part in	<ul> <li>(c) Flex</li> <li>fails to purchase the securities</li> <li>transactions contrary to SEC</li> <li>(c) insider trading</li> <li>sider when analyzing a government</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>(e) so the open market and regulations regarding the</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> </ul>
	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, o proper settlement of trades. (a) arbitrage The level of net debt per pay its debt service costs th	<ul> <li>(b) Cyber</li> <li>g the fraudulent act of if it delays delivery or takes part in</li> <li>(b) defalcation</li> <li> is an important factor to con</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Flex</li> <li>fails to purchase the securities</li> <li>transactions contrary to SEC</li> <li>(c) insider trading</li> <li>sider when analyzing a government</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>(e) so the open market and regulations regarding the</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> </ul>
	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, or proper settlement of trades. (a) arbitrage The level of net debt per pay its debt service costs the government bonds. (a) annum The oil and natural gas	<ul> <li>(b) Cyber</li> <li>g the fraudulent act of if it lelays delivery or takes part in</li> <li>(b) defalcation</li> <li> is an important factor to con rough its current levels of tax r</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Flex</li> <li>fails to purchase the securitie transactions contrary to SEC</li> <li>(c) insider trading</li> <li>sider when analyzing a governe evenue; this measure helps in</li> <li>(c) centum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>as on the open market and regulations regarding the</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting to continue to addicate the default risk of</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> </ul>
Q8	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, or proper settlement of trades. (a) arbitrage The level of net debt per pay its debt service costs the government bonds. (a) annum The oil and natural gas	<ul> <li>(b) Cyber</li> <li>g the fraudulent act of if it delays delivery or takes part in</li> <li>(b) defalcation</li> <li> is an important factor to contrough its current levels of tax in</li> <li>(b) capita</li> <li>a industry's exploration and properties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Flex</li> <li>fails to purchase the securitie transactions contrary to SEC</li> <li>(c) insider trading</li> <li>sider when analyzing a governe evenue; this measure helps in</li> <li>(c) centum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>as on the open market and regulations regarding the</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting to continue to addicate the default risk of</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> </ul>
Q8	A securities firm is practicing maintains a short position, or proper settlement of trades. (a) arbitrage The level of net debt per pay its debt service costs the government bonds. (a) annum The oil and natural gas and to offset these impacts, (a) refinery A dawn is a sudden an	<ul> <li>(b) Cyber</li> <li>g the fraudulent act of if it delays delivery or takes part in</li> <li>(b) defalcation</li> <li> is an important factor to contrough its current levels of tax r</li> <li>(b) capita</li> <li>industry's exploration and propriation in programs and tech</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Flex</li> <li>fails to purchase the securitie transactions contrary to SEC</li> <li>(c) insider trading</li> <li>sider when analyzing a governe evenue; this measure helps in</li> <li>(c) centum</li> <li>duction activities may have im hnologies that help to reduce in</li> <li>(c) untapped</li> <li>ificant proportion of a company</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) Surf</li> <li>as on the open market and regulations regarding the</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) kiting</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) diem</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>(d) upstream</li> <li>(d) upstreas, usually as a</li> </ul>

PHOTOCOPIABLE

Q1	The tendency of stocks newly added to the S&P composite index to rise in price due to a large number of buy orders as funds add the stock to their portfolios is called the S&P			
	(a) Effect	(b) Factor	(c) Phenomenon	(d) Reaction
Q2	Illinois across to western N	hed lower and layoffs swelle lew England took on the grir iptive epithet of Bowl.		
	(a) Bust	(b) Crust	(c) Dust	(d) Rust
Q3	Once a firm's stock becom disappointing the capital m	ies substantially, manag narkets.	gers who wish to eliminate th	nis are faced with
	(a) overpriced	(b) oversold	(c) overstated	(d) overvalued
Q4	-	oney is sometimes the only h that would be impossible t		
	(a) cheap	(b) free	(c) gift	(d) love
Q5		romise a higher rate of returr anizations, the rate for a		
	(a) handicap	(b) hedge	(c) holdup	(d) hurdle
Q6	Fannie Mae's 15-year mor	tgage-backed securities and	Bilbo Baggins's friends are	called
	(a) dwarves	(b) elves	(c) gremlins	(d) trolls
Q7	The settlement price for a weather futures contract is calculated by summing Degree Day values for a month and multiplying that sum by \$20.			
	(a) Cooling	(b) Freezing	(c) Heating	(d) Warming
Q8	An stock is one whos rushing to sell after hearing	e price suddenly plunges; th g unexpected bad news.	e fall is usually caused by pa	anicked shareholders
	(a) airliner	(b) air pocket	(c) skydiver	(d) submariner
Q9	The defense is used company that has made the	in a hostile takeover situation he hostile bid.	n: the target firm turns aroun	d and tries to take over the
	(a) Donkey Kong	(b) Pac Man	(c) Super Mario	(d) Tomb Raider
Q10	(a) Donkey Kong(b) Pac Man(c) Super Mario(d) Tomb RaiderI can imagine why that Ford manager in Michigan recently announced that they would eat their own food (only Ford- or subsidiary-built vehicles are allowed to park on the plant premises); it must be discouraging to			
	see the place swarmed ev	ery day by Daihatsus, Suzuł	kis and Toyotas.	

Q1	That formidable fighting force, the English village, flexed its muscles yesterday to a Scientology plan to open a drug rehabilitation centre next to a primary school; residents raised over 175,000 in three days to outbid the proposed centre at a former inn.			
	(a) gazebo	(b) gazillion	(c) gazpacho	(d) gazump
Q2	The bigger the, the sw	veeter it tastes to investors!		
	(a) apple	(b) banana	(c) melon	(d) peach
Q3	market participants will be	pronto Stock Exchange will in able to place orders larger th evealing the entire order size.	an typically displayed in the	• •
	(a) camoflage	(b) iceberg	(c) spiderhole	(d) trapdoor
Q4	issue less risky for bondho	provisions contained in bond Iders: since it forces the gove , bondholders enjoy a reduce	ernment to use revenue from	
	(a) package	(b) pact	(c) pledge	(d) provision
Q5		ones Industrial Average hove d what stock traders call a '	<b>.</b> .	
	(a) sessile	(b) sideways	(c) stationary	(d) stative
Q6		ence higher-than-normal trac strong impetus amongst inves omentum in the stock.		-
	(a) most-active	(b) most-in-demand	(c) most-volatile	(d) most-wanted
Q7	moneymaking scams; the i	vantage of confusion betwee dea behind them is that the in is from other people as a rew	ndividual makes only one pag	, ,
	(a) plans	(b) pranks	(c) schemes	(d) systems
Q8		company issues a large num the company is taken over.	ber of bonds with the condition	on that they must be
	(a) Macaroni	(b) Macedonian	(c) Maximizer	(d) Megaton
Q9	Quadruple days occur four times a year, on the third Friday of the quarter-ending month (March, June, September, December), when three different types of derivatives related to stocks expire: options on individual stocks, options on Stock Index Futures, and Stock Index Futures.			
	(a) bewildering	(b) bewitching	(c) wishing	(d) witching
Q10	look for companies wi shares to have a controlling	th undervalued assets and th g interest.	en attempt the hostile takeo	ver by purchasing enough
	(a) Insiders	(b) Marauders	(c) Raiders	(d) Strippers

Q1	When you're setting up your business, it's essential to think about how you'll ultimately end your involvement with it; a well thought-out strategy can help you maximise the value you get from your business, successfully market it to potential buyers, and ensure you end your involvement with little disruption.			
	(a) closing	(b) exit	(c) liquidation	(d) termination
Q2	Even a dead will bour	nce if dropped from high enc	bugh!	
	(a) cat	(b) horse	(c) weight	(d) wood
Q3	•	ere was extensive by de just one or two minutes bef	ealers who traded on their ov orehand.	vn accounts in the same
	(a) early-birding	(b) front-running	(c) insider-trading	(d) second-guessing
Q4	When the market has a str	ong and quick upward move	ement, you'll hear 'the marke	t has a'.
	(a) whistle	(b) whoopie	(c) willy	(d) woody
Q5			s stage; IMHO I would not at ven further towards cash valu	
	(a) angel	(b) knife	(c) leaf	(d) star
Q6			the end of a price trend and ions, this usually results in r	
	(a) overestimate	(b) overstate	(c) overstay	(d) overvalue
Q7	In the wild market of the Roaring '20s, one of Wall Street's games was called ' the tape': savvy investors secretly pooled to buy and sell shares in unison, and by creating an illusion of hectic activity on the ticker tape, they lured in unwitting small investors and pocketed big profits by dumping when prices were artificially high.			
	(a) brushing	(b) buffing	(c) painting	(d) polishing
Q8	from components; it may c		root of the word implies, mad ecurity, etc., or it may be a c ment it replicates.	
	(a) collateral	(b) composite	(c) syncretic	(d) synthetic
Q9	•	pany attempting the takeove	iscussing a merger with the r has chickened out, decidin	
	(a) bird	(b) fellow	(c) knight	(d) rider
Q10		t is not the result of one bad e s/he is ineffective as a trac	trade but a long string of the ler.	em — such a trader is
	(a) beggar	(b) brain	(c) duck	(d) excuse

Q1	CEO's enthusiasm get the b	ere is no way this company car petter of you — this scenario is -optimism and not enough effo (b) Hatter	s repeated many times at und	er-performing companies;
Q2	while some countries reap e trading system and the cons		er hand, critics suspect that s	some countries will exploit the
	(a) alternative	(b) carbon	(c) global	(d) petroleum
Q3	Following the technology bo were said to have taken a	oom of the late 1990s and earl	y 2000s, many investors, bec	ause of their huge losses,
	(a) bath	(b) chance	(c) ferry	(d) spin
Q4		gely subjective, they will vary likely pay more for the same s (b) cutoff		•
				( ) 0
Q5	•	latility in markets, curren currency pair either jumps or p ween those quotes.		
	(a) brisk	(b) fast	(c) quick	(d) rapid
Q6	Testing small before you sp marketing efforts.	end lots of money on ads or n	nailings will keep you from los	ing your on ineffective
	(a) shirt	(b) shorts	(c) shoes	(d) socks
Q7	Companies, usually with the	e help of, use a number o	f strategies to repel a hostile	takeover bid.
	(a) black panthers	(b) killer bees	(c) legal eagles	(d) wolf packs
Q8		ough dock permits of our resid Il be perpetual, and we look fo of the manatee zone.		-
	(a) abiding	(b) eternal	(c) evergreen	(d) immortal
Q9	concentrated in the early ye borrower and the regular pa	st effective way to reduce exp ears of the loan: to cover the sl syment received by the lender,	hortfall between the reduced   , cash is withdrawn from an e	payments made by the scrow account.
	(a) buydowns	(b) carryovers	(c) drawbacks	(d) payouts
Q10	•	one companies are among the om the worst effects of the dov		
	(a) ATT Clone	(b) Baby Bell	(c) Little Ma	(d) Minidirectory

Q1	Using ocean data collected by diving floats, U.S. climate scientists released a study Thursday that they said provides the '' that ties manmade greenhouse gas emissions to global warming.				
	(a) paper trail	(b) red hand	(c) smoking gun	(d) straw in the wind	
Q2		who are able to identify the e it at every possible opportu		e-generating power in their	
	(a) go-getters	(b) lifesavers	(c) rainmakers	(d) up-and-comers	
Q3	reconstruction in Afghanist	esident Bush's \$87 billion rec an and Iraq, no one seems t y of Defense Rumsfeld can s	to have noticed that the sum	includes a fund of	
	(a) kitty	(b) petty	(c) pocket	(d) slush	
Q4		older rights plans have conta ent directors or their designa			
	(a) a 'dead hand'	(b) an 'old hand'	(c) an 'on hand'	(d) a 'right hand'	
Q5	where it has been routed to	As a general guideline, an order may be cancelled if it is more than 30% the market, depending upon where it has been routed to for execution, and you may receive a warning message when attempting to place a trade that fails a price reasonability check.			
	(a) away from	(b) off of	(c) outside	(d) up to	
Q6	it down to the floor; the cle	the exchange, if someone g rk wrote out the order ticket, o the specialist's post, bough	gave it to a dollar brok	er who had to be a member	
	(a) one	(b) two	(c) five	(d) ten	
Q7	If you are to a given p	oublic securities issue, you w	ill not be buying any shares	through the public offering.	
	(a) unassigned	(b) unlisted	(c) unregistered	(d) unsubscribed	
Q8	•	l gurus; they sometimes put iful bleating when the marke		and try to swagger; you	
	(a) Calves	(b) Cubs	(c) Goats	(d) Sheep	
Q9		retailers like Garden.co alue of multi-channel retailin		etailer Value America have	
	(a) down-play	(b) fair-play	(c) one-play	(d) pure-play	
Q10	investigations of individual	cement Division has signaled s or companies were initiate ere it is not clear that a secu	d after evidence of a possibl	e violation) to '' —	
	(a) bird-dogging	(b) bloodhounding	(c) whale-watching	(d) wildcatting	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 171 Business buzzwords: Israeli scientists

Q1	, the company best known for the insider-trading scandal that sent founder Samuel Waksal and domestic diva Martha Stewart to prison, received more bad news this week when a U.S. judge ruled that the patent for its only product was actually owned by three Israeli scientists.				
	(a) lamgold	(b) Imclone	(c) ImmuCell	(d) Insilco	
Q2	-		victims today are investors ving for retirement to the elderly (c) Main Street		
			•••		
Q3		ng itself a financial center, north r than a third stock exchange for	China's port city of Tianjin has a the Chinese mainland.	pplied to the State Council to	
	(a) off-the-cuff	(b) on-the-spot	(c) out-of-doors	(d) over-the-counter	
Q4		es' for members of the societies	ble to the British public as a nun offered instant cash or the oppo		
	(a) godsend	(b) jackpot	(c) payoff	(d) windfall	
Q5	permits signaled more weakne	ess ahead for the real estate mar			
	(a) buys	(b) deals	(c) gains	(d) starts	
Q6	implied representation and a v		their customers, and therefore us; this representation arises fron theory'.	-	
	(a) salesman	(b) shingle	(c) signal	(d) symbol	
Q7	Nasdaq data indicate that 94% than from the regular trad		p.m. to 4:15 p.m. resulted from a	fter-hours transactions rather	
	(a) overflow	(b) runoff	(c) spillover	(d) topoff	
Q8		hy Mr Murdoch launched a mult	internet companies because imillion-dollar internet shopping s	-	
	(a) impulse-buying	(b) panic-buying	(c) reflex-buying	(d) scatter-buying	
Q9		•	ninute, forcing the seller to take I w-found confidence in a slowing	•	
	(a) galumphing	(b) gazelling	(c) gazumping	(d) gazundering	
Q10	When Seagate Technology we	ent public, the giant drivemaker to	ook an important stand: unlike m	ost initial public offerings, it	
	declined to offer any shar	es, the coveted shares issuers a	nd their bankers can quietly offe	r to whomever they choose.	
	(a) friends-and-family (c) friends-and-neighbors		(b) friends-and-foes (d) friends-and-relatives		

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Q1	was named after the wo and Native Americans.	oden structure Dutch colonists	built in this area in 1653 to defe	nd themselves from the British
	(a) Fort Knox	(b) Manhattan	(c) Wells Fargo	(d) Wall Street
Q2	analysts and investors, who	ral gas pipeline company turned were particularly receptive wher usiness alone was worth \$29 bill (b) Enron	n Jeffrey Skilling, its president, s	
0.0				
Q3	-	e trade (involving the sale and pl I in terms of its risk/reward profil		nt expiry months) and as such
	(a) crusty	(b) drum	(c) jelly	(d) tootsie
Q4		eports that demand for the new in production: they expect s year.	-	
	(a) hurry-up	(b) ramp-up	(c) step-up	(d) wind-up
Q5	rhetorical question: "How do	n entitled 'The Challenge of Cen we know when irrational h d contractions as they have in Ja	as unduly escalated asset value	
	(a) enthusiasm	(b) excitement	(c) exhilaration	(d) exuberance
Q6		fe has moved closer following the stitutions, to buy out distressed		nd, Synesis, backed by some
	(a) graverobber	(b) hyena	(c) scavenger	(d) vulture
Q7	aren't concerned with the fundamentals of an investment; instead, they attempt to make a quick profit by selling to somebody else at a higher price.			
	(a) Gamblers	(b) Punters	(c) Raiders	(d) Strikers
Q8	-	ay determine that ashare moven ay permit trading outside quote (b) Margin		
Q9		ot historical facts are forward-loc	king statements and made nur	suant to the safe
40	provisions of the Securities L	itigation Reform Act of 1995; in s such as 'may', 'should', 'expec	some cases, these forward-loo	king statements may be
	(a) harbor	(b) haven	(c) phrase	(d) port
Q10	date news and analysis on the investment management inde		nds, drivers and processes shap	ing the hedge fund and
	(a) buy-side	(b) cash-side	(c) derivative-side	(d) sell-side

(a) buy-side (b) cash-side (c) derivative-side (d) sell-side

Q1	-	overnment-regulated online exo from Norwest Venture Partners (b) HedgeStreet		
Q2		ealthy base of stockholders wh I base that could keep these ne		o board created more shares
	(a) circumstances	(b) hands	(c) pockets	(d) portfolios
Q3	pioneered by the Asian Deve	Eurobond sold and listed in As elopment Bank, which saw in its ets for Asian borrowers in their	s own needs to raise money an	
	(a) dragon	(b) loong	(c) panda	(d) yuan
Q4	-	Box Index, which follows le		ocks to predict manufacturing
	(a) Cardboard	(b) Carton	(c) Container	(d) Corrugated
Q5	· · · · · ·	is debated among academ small stocks that have declined		
	(a) Effect	(b) Factor	(c) Phenomenon	(d) Syndrome
Q6	given months earlier; becaus	Dillion IPO, Playboy magazine the interview occurred before a violation of the securities	e Google filed its IPO registration	
	(a) gun-jumping	(b) gun-running	(c) gun-slinging	(d) gun-toting
Q7	Securities realized that such	ding to execute a large amount execution was difficult, insomu sale on a minus is prohib (b) day	ich as buy orders were only pla	
Q8	-	Journal of Petroleum Technolo of the Atlantic Richfield Compa		-
	(a) choice	(b) curse	(c) loss	(d) luck
Q9		hairman, recently testified that rth threshold to be considered		
	(a) Mickey Mouse	(b) Mom and Pop	(c) Penny Ante	(d) Ragtag and Bobtail
Q10	capacity, which would bring t	ember Countries are planning n the combined capacity to 17.7 n mes required for refinery projec	mb/d by the end of 2011, a rela	
	(a) downline	(b) downstream	(c) upline	(d) upstream

(a) downline (b) downstream (c) upline (d) upstream

Q1	Q1 While the big money trade over the past two years has been to buy both sheer optimism and extreme pessimism, nov the hedge funds are back in the green for the year, they'll try to lay low and preserve capital — only the nimble a likely to coin money in this tape.				
	(a) gainers	(b) gamesters	(c) grinders	(d) grinners	
Q2	because it has created an in	ister that has already happened sulated culture systematically e ate these positive qualities to e	excluding any information that of	contradicts its rosy picture of	
	(a) goblin	(b) phantom	(c) vampire	(d) zombie	
Q3		Pascal Lamy faces a of fir global trade body; Lamy will fa he rest of his term.			
	(a) baptism	(b) chariot	(c) goblet	(d) ring	
Q4	trigger stock market trading .	ones industrial average in the c under the NYSE's quarterl els go into effect Monday, Oct.	y revision of the levels; the Big	· ·	
	(a) barriers	(b) curbs	(c) guidelines	(d) limits	
Q5	money products and pro administration for individuals	ocess continue to evolve as ex and households.	tensive progress is made in ins	stitutionalizing investment	
	(a) Direct	(b) Joint	(c) Managed	(d) Mutual	
Q6		indicator is that whenever its conomic recession for the U.S	-	v high within any given four	
	(a) Coca-Cola	(b) General Motors	(c) Microsoft	(d) Wal-Mart	
Q7	profit, so we would not exped	less than the ask, and the diffect to see market with a sin maker may show the best bid ar (b) an even	gle market maker; however, in	a market with more than one	
Q8	U.S. tech earnings forced the	d by a criminal investigation of a e Tokyo Stock Exchange to sus	spend trading in the world's see	cond-largest market.	
	(a) lunatic	(b) manic	(c) panic	(d) spastic	
Q9		n the tax system, there has bee ral taxes offset perhaps as muc (b) automatic			
040					
Q10	is also susceptible to abuse; to investment banks, who are	the financing involves the issue e allowed to convert the MSCB	ance of 'moving strike converti s into stock at a discount of ab	out 10 percent.	
	(a) Black Vortex	(b) Death Spiral	(c) Last Chance	(d) Vicious Circle	

(a) Black Vortex (b) Death Spiral (c) Last Chance (d) Vicious Circle

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 175 Business buzzwords: Illegal trading activities

Q1		ed by the SEC to prevent illegal EST by the mutual fund company w		
	(a) after-hours	(b) late-day	(c) over-the-line	(d) under-the-wire
Q2		ors to take a on all manner of p	-	-
		ast businesses are trying to make a ned a set of common measurement i		s — selling airtime to advertisers in
	(a) beating	(b) flier	(c) hike	(d) step
Q3	In the investing world, the ins	stinct is often blamed for unsubstant	ated rallies or sell-offs; but we are, a	after all, social animals, and many
	aspects of that mentality are bene	eficial.		
	(a) ape	(b) group	(c) herd	(d) sheep
Q4	Defense stocks should continue to	o in 2007: Lockheed Martin Cor	p., Boeing Co., Raytheon Co., and C	General Dynamics Corp. shares are
		and according to LMT spokesman T		
	(a) outperform	(b) outproduce	(c) outsell	(d) outsubscribe
Q5		n period to a new defined by glo ve globalization; the pace of change ness.		-
	(a) economy	(b) effort	(c) eon	(d) existence
Q6	In periods of depressed stock value	uation and sluggish economic times,	unscrupulous venture capitalists —	often referred to as
	capitalists — often take advantag	e of entrepreneurs.		
	(a) advantage	(b) adventure	(c) virtual	(d) vulture
Q7		ue that that is when some of the great occurred; while statistical evidence effect still exist.		
	(a) September	(b) October	(c) November	(d) December
Q8	Wall Street financial analysts are	bullish on the proposed merger betw	veen auto maintenance giant Jiffy Lu	be and fast food bluechip
	McDonalds; this deal has wr	itten all over it — just in economics o	of scale the merger is bound to increa	ase the value of the combined stock
	(a) satisfaction	(b) sensation	(c) signatures	(d) synergy
Q9		chnique to improve profits, free valua nat are problem prone, have low sale		
	(a) rationalization	(b) ratiocination	(c) realization	(d) rehabilitation
Q10		stocks, including Boeing, General M rformance in recent months; the man		
	(a) late bloomer	(b) shy violet	(c) sleeping beauty	(d) wallflower

Q1		•	tary gathering of creditor count htries, and can be described as	C C
	(a) Benefactors	(b) Christmas	(c) Friars	(d) Paris
Q2	the: buy, lie and sell hig	h.	ems to have mastered an age-o	
	(a) hype-and-snipe	(b) poop-and-scoop	(c) pump-and-dump	(d) short-and-distort
Q3			or all kinds of specialized tasks ul, widely used, everyone has	
	(a) hyper	(b) killer	(c) major	(d) super
Q4	-		ick, but they have yet to reach artman, a Suffolk, Va., investm	
	(a) barf	(b) puke	(c) retch	(d) spew
Q5			and 60 points against the euro lerck was buying Zug-based S	-
	(a) sacchi	(b) sawbuck	(c) sterling	(d) swissie
Q6			hare information about potentian prietary and, for the most part,	
	(a) black	(b) squawk	(c) tackle	(d) witness
Q7			nd taking the (buying large back at a higher price): demar	-
	(a) biscuit	(b) cake	(c) floor	(d) street
Q8	-	tary policy as a whole meets th regulator's prescription full of	ne market expectations: it is mo quantitative measures.	pre of a guidance note laced
	(a) sentiments	(b) suasion	(c) outrage	(d) values
Q9		as estimated an price of b k, it is expected to raise up to		r share in an IPO filing with the
	(a) inaugural	(b) initial	(c) offering	(d) opening
Q10	electrodes which make the n	nonitoring possible — the class	its line isn't the monitoring syst sic model applied to medic and Powerheart becomes sim (c) razor-razorblade	
		x 7 1 1 1 1 <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Q1	It is generally agreed that specu stock-price have now been		er trading or from the release of fa	llse information, and both forms of
	(a) amelioration	(b) amendation	(c) justification	(d) manipulation
Q2	notable that this trend has neve the country rallied around their I	r been upward, not even following eader.	9/11 when his approval rating too	
	(a) apex	(b) peak	(c) point	(d) spike
Q3	resold the building to the sole le		ale 'free and of all liens and e obligation to pay a commission to e. (c) secure	
0.4			( )	
Q4		orst is over; but to the extent that r	lost money — as does every othe	-
	(a) artificial	(b) bogus	(c) paper	(d) virtual
Q5			greater than 90 percent share of t e company would be doing right n	
	(a) cash cows	(b) coddled eggs	(c) golden geese	(d) pet kittens
Q6			a political belief; adopting supply-s es to invest elsewhere, thereby ma (c) Keynesian economics	
Q7			derwritten public of 10.0 milli sult in gross proceeds to Pinnacle (c) presentation	
Q8	employees' shares were de	-	vas changing the outside administ least two weeks during a volatile ropping.	period in the company's stock
	(a) locked	(b) nailed	(c) stapled	(d) tied
Q9			d reason: corporate databases cor rets, and personal information abo (c) crown jewels	
Q10	price; therefore we can we buy	a convertible security at a dis	-	
	(a) battered	(b) broken	(c) burst	(d) busted

Q1	Neither a bull or bear market, way the market is going to en	a market is characterized d up moving.	by low activity, with timid investe	ors waiting for a sign of which
	(a) deer	(b) rabbit	(c) snail	(d) turtle
Q2	this year: with commodity price not if Wal-Mart won't allow it.	es rising, one would expect tha	t manufacturers would pass the	-
	(a) economic	(b) margin	(c) profit	(d) sales
Q3	predicted deficits total 799m,	50m in the by the end of the while a handful of surpluses bro	ought the net deficit to 750m.	
	(a) debt	(b) red	(c) soup	(d) trouble
Q4	conditions forced the company	aised a \$60-million round of priv y to put off IPO plans indefinited intinue to buy the company's sh	y; should the company go public	
	(a) crossover	(b) diversified	(c) inveterate	(d) perennial
Q5	Request a copy of the deceder ensure that no fraudulent acc	ent's credit report and request th ounts are opened.	hat the report be flagged with a d	deceased: this should
	(a) alert	(b) banner	(c) disclaimer	(d) sticker
Q6		about factual trading matters, so ing, chumming, and (in wh		ks; it includes a list of the major ush a price in a given direction),
	something I have not seen in			
	something I have not seen in (a) covering		(c) ghosting	(d) hustling
Q7	(a) covering SupplierMarket.com was pois	options books before.	(c) ghosting time, it received a offer it c	ouldn't refuse from Ariba, a
Q7	(a) covering SupplierMarket.com was pois	options books before. (b) fishing red to go public, but in the mean	(c) ghosting time, it received a offer it c	ouldn't refuse from Ariba, a
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) covering</li> <li>SupplierMarket.com was pois software maker; the all stock</li> <li>(a) godfather</li> <li>A trap is a defense mech takeover; it prohibits conversion</li> </ul>	options books before. (b) fishing red to go public, but in the mean deal was worth \$581 million —	<ul> <li>(c) ghosting</li> <li>time, it received a offer it c</li> <li>not bad for a company that was</li> <li>(c) samaritan</li> <li>has convertible securities outst</li> <li>nvertible preferred stock or bon</li> </ul>	ouldn't refuse from Ariba, a around for 17 months. (d) sugar daddy anding to prevent an unfriendly
	<ul> <li>(a) covering</li> <li>SupplierMarket.com was pois software maker; the all stock</li> <li>(a) godfather</li> <li>A trap is a defense mech takeover; it prohibits conversion</li> </ul>	options books before. (b) fishing ed to go public, but in the mean deal was worth \$581 million — (b) guardian angel hanism used by a company that on into common stock of any co	<ul> <li>(c) ghosting</li> <li>time, it received a offer it c</li> <li>not bad for a company that was</li> <li>(c) samaritan</li> <li>has convertible securities outst</li> <li>nvertible preferred stock or bon</li> </ul>	ouldn't refuse from Ariba, a around for 17 months. (d) sugar daddy anding to prevent an unfriendly
	<ul> <li>(a) covering</li> <li>SupplierMarket.com was pois software maker; the all stock (a) godfather</li> <li>A trap is a defense mech takeover; it prohibits conversi securities would control 10% (a) bear</li> <li>George Akerlof, Michael Spen Memory of Alfred Nobel, 2007</li> </ul>	options books before. (b) fishing eed to go public, but in the mean deal was worth \$581 million — (b) guardian angel manism used by a company that on into common stock of any co or more of the firm's common st	<ul> <li>(c) ghosting</li> <li>time, it received a offer it control bad for a company that was</li> <li>(c) samaritan</li> <li>has convertible securities outst</li> <li>invertible preferred stock or bon</li> <li>cock following conversion.</li> <li>(c) mouse</li> <li>ceived the Bank of Sweden Prizitien they augmented it with the reservence</li> </ul>	couldn't refuse from Ariba, a around for 17 months. (d) sugar daddy anding to prevent an unfriendly ds if the owner of those (d) tiger e in Economic Sciences in ealistic assumption of
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) covering</li> <li>SupplierMarket.com was poiss software maker; the all stock (a) godfather</li> <li>A trap is a defense mech takeover; it prohibits conversiss securities would control 10% (a) bear</li> <li>George Akerlof, Michael Sper Memory of Alfred Nobel, 2007 information: agents on one signation (a) asymmetric</li> <li>Jeffrey Saut, chief market strategies</li> </ul>	options books before. (b) fishing eed to go public, but in the mean deal was worth \$581 million — (b) guardian angel hanism used by a company that on into common stock of any co or more of the firm's common st (b) lobster hce and Joseph Stiglitz, who real 1, extended economic theory who de of the market have much bet (b) biased	<ul> <li>(c) ghosting</li> <li>time, it received a offer it control bad for a company that was</li> <li>(c) samaritan</li> <li>has convertible securities outstant</li> <li>has convertible securities outstant</li> <li>has convertible preferred stock or bon</li> <li>ock following conversion.</li> <li>(c) mouse</li> <li>ceived the Bank of Sweden Prize</li> <li>hen they augmented it with the rater information than those on the</li> <li>(c) eccentric</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>around for 17 months.</li> <li>(d) sugar daddy</li> <li>anding to prevent an unfriendly</li> <li>ds if the owner of those</li> <li>(d) tiger</li> <li>e in Economic Sciences in</li> <li>ealistic assumption of</li> <li>e other side.</li> <li>(d) imbalanced</li> <li>and in the owner of the owner o</li></ul>

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 179 Business buzzwords: Corporate sleuths

Q1	Scandal, in which a subsidiary	uld not protect them against one o was conned into issuing warehous eculator Anthony De Angelis, who (b) Corn	se receipts for the nonexistent oil	of the Allied Crude Vegetable Oil
Q2	avoid collecting additional inform their portfolio.	will exhibit what we call the e mation, while given favorable new	s, individuals will seek out definiti	ve information about the value of
	(a) onion	(b) opposite	(c) ostrich	(d) outlaw
Q3	or even pay their bills on time; t bankruptcy court.	now slap penalty rates just shy of hese modern-day versions of loar	n won't endanger your kneec	aps, but they may push you into
	(a) loading	(b) padding	(c) ranging	(d) sharking
Q4	-	plations of the laws, refusing to en		ve provisions to shield employees I by the laws, or participating in
	(a) cover	(b) horn	(c) scam	(d) whistle
Q5	distance telecommunications and hard against the merger.	print combination, the FTC charge	d have excluded competitors, suc	h as the Baby Bells that lobbied
	(a) barriers	(b) blockades	(c) obstacles	(d) obstructions
Q6		n as the 'loonie' for the beautiful t r Yanks to go shopping in Canada		-
	(a) excuse	(b) link	(c) sister	(d) spot
Q7		y where you hold stock positions f days, and generally try to take ad (b) Fortnight		
Q8	during the exercise period by w	eavor to procure purchasers for th ay of private placements in the Ne sue Price and any expenses relati (b) Remainder	etherlands and elsewhere, at a pr	ice per Share which is at
Q9	This paper develops a theoretic model where a single firm contr	cal model to analyze a firm's incen rols the market with one product ir ouncement the sales of the c (b) negates	tives to preannounce its new proceet the first period and it introduces	ducts: we consider a two-period
0.15				
Q10	After an aggressive run, the ma (a) grasping	rkets gave up some of their gains (b) seeking	Thursday to profit, which wa (c) sharing	as not unexpected. (d) taking

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 180 Business buzzwords: Auditor's doubt

Q1	obligations as they become due	substantial doubt that an entity ca e without (1) substantial dispositio ernally forced revisions of its opera (b) going	n of assets outside the ordinary c	
	(\$) following	(*) 909	(o)g	(c) clairing
Q2	behind developed-market comp	often view treasury activities comm petitors in managing risk and creat and emerging-market banks must (b) daredevil	ting profitable treasury units; but h	high-performing treasuries seek
Q3	associations, to ensure that a .	ing groups to plan migration at nat mass of national credit transfe by the regulators and committed t (b) general	ers and card payments migrate to	SEPA payment instruments by
Q4	After the first day Google's stor	k was publicly traded on the NAS	DAQ, approximately 1,000 (or aln	nost 50 percent) of its employees
	were estimated to be millio	onaires.		
	(a) ersatz	(b) instant	(c) paper	(d) virtual
Q5	On Black Tuesday, Reuben Th was late by hours; we had no id	orson, 77, retired senior partner o dea what the prices were."	f Paine Webber, recalls, "The volu	ume was so heavy that the
	(a) crash	(b) news	(c) sale	(d) tape
Q6	-	announced a stock consolidation o (2) existing ordinary shares held		
	(a) affiliation	(b) affirmation	(c) assignation	(d) assimilation
Q7	compared to the last crop of Int	story in The WSJ about how entre ternet entrepreneurs in the 90s; th a month at Meebo, \$200,000 at La (b) burn	e story includes some of the mon	
Q8	-	ced that they no longer needed to of about \$35k previously earmark	-	
	(a) found money	(b) free money	(c) hasty money	(d) hidden money
Q9		ons of sensitive legal matters for \ y Brobeck, Phleger & Harrisc e Library of Congress.		
	(a) debriefed	(b) deceased	(c) defunct	(d) despondent
Q10	Filtronic, the telecoms equipme	ent manufacturer, has got its house	e in order and is looking forward t	o the future with confidence: the
		ear facilities and the company's pro	-	
	(a) child	(b) point	(c) source	(d) zone
	(	(·/ F -····	(-)	( ) =====

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 181 Business buzzwords: Tight curbs

Q1	from over-heating, have drive	<ul> <li>enforced by Indonesian mono</li> <li>en domestic interest rates up to</li> <li>acity of many Indonesian busin</li> <li>(b) drought</li> </ul>	about 28 percent; analysts sa	a year to prevent the economy aid this prolonged credit is (d) trap
			(0) 0400020	
Q2	Japanese corporate and poli productivity and quality of wo	of was serving to focus inte tical sectors were employing co ork-life in the industrial world.	poperative organizing strategie	s that produced the highest
	(a) Japan, Inc	(b) Keiretsu	(c) MITI	(d) Zaibatsu
Q3	owned enterprises as their p reform; in this paper we anal reversion to China.	orated and listed in Hong Kong arent companies have been vie yze the market performance of	ewed as a major experimental red stocks in the first yea	tool in China's economic ar following Hong Kong's
	(a) block	(b) chip	(c) line	(d) yuan
Q4		n and subsequent buy of the sa me-day and the customer (b) repurchase		
	(a) exchange	(b) reputchase		
Q5	sense to consider retained o	50-lb. calves for 82-85 cents, a wnership; if all that can be had oportunities before selling them	is dollars and giving awa	-
	(a) matching	(b) saving	(c) stashing	(d) trading
Q6	America (United States and the world with shared leader	ormed in 1973 by private citizer Canada) to foster closer coope ship responsibilities in the wide	ration among these core demo r international system.	ocratic industrialized areas of
	(a) Economic	(b) First World	(c) Industrial	(d) Trilateral
Q7	A fund is a mutual fund	that tends to perform well in be	ear markets.	
	(a) foul weather	(b) grizzly	(c) hiberating	(d) winter coat
Q8	John A. Thain, who took the competitive.	New York Stock Exchange (N	YX ) public earlier this year, is r	racing to keep the Big
	(a) Apple	(b) Board	(c) Knicks	(d) Wall
Q9		nay be close to selling a piece r and Time Warner a close sec (b) garbage	-	
Q10	-	that cover the S&P 500, nine o ir money in an ETF that covers (b) chameleons		

Q1	networking technology comp	cautious in his interview with C pany with a big retail componen o the stock can advance, take t (b) downgrading	t could not feel confident going	g into Christmas; I think that he
	(a) badmoutning	(b) downgrading	(c) sanubagging	(d) undercutting
Q2		nating going value is base it also includes the owner's inv (b) business		
Q3	Automatic Response Manag	modified their voice broadcast ement software to make Gold tly available; the era of an	Calling the leading prospecting	
	(a) dealing	(b) dialing	(c) scamming	(d) surfing
Q4		afley discussed why his compa as been quality growth because ent in recent years.		-
	(a) internal	(b) intrinsic	(c) organic	(d) orgasmic
Q5		money to double is easy to ca vings. If you're not pleased with		
	(a) Rule 72	(b) Rule 72(t)	(c) Rule C-72	(d) the Rule of 72
Q6	punctured tyre or absolutely	nd can't Top Up, you can get a have to respond to that specia	l someone, you can!	
	(a) COD	(b) DOA	(c) FOB	(d) IOU
Q7	Basically, public (or par is converted into a business	ticipating in an IPO) is the proc owned by many.	ess in which a business owned	d by one or several individuals
	(a) going	(b) making	(c) offering	(d) turning
Q8	his stock in Robertson and A	mco transactions, Bilzerian eng Armco to a broker who held it fo ase price plus interest and com	or 30 days with the understandi	•
	(a) stock bending	(b) stock lending	(c) stock parking	(d) stock shifting
Q9		early 1990s, when homeowner is time it seems the young are		out of them by high interest
	(a) crunch	(b) crush	(c) crutch	(d) crux
Q10	(or he) turns to less expension of economic uncertainty or a		s, and therefore, lipstick sales	tend to increase during times
	(a) Lasting	(b) Leading	(c) Waxing	(d) Wearing

Wearing
)

Q1	-			ock certificates were issued, ital and stock certificates are no (d) writing paper
Q2		ons of dollars from his company, s in accountant, a professio v what's going on. (b) a detective		
Q3	The acquisition of Corus will p in this elite list. (a) CIL	propel Tata Steel into the lis (b) Fortune 500	t, making it one of the eight stee (c) SEDOL	el companies globally that figure (d) Stainless
Q4	project; for example, one of th in Mexico to design its intrane	it.	winners was headquartered in th	e United States, but hired a firm
	(a) abroad	(b) offshore	(c) overseas	(d) pelagic
Q5	may not be a problem in itself retirement savings.	are still living with their parents , the real worry is how much the	se cost — and the extent to	which they eat into parents'
	(a) freeloaders	(b) kippers	(c) neets	(d) parasites
Q6	-	bia reserves, Alberta's oil d re' and 'could satisfy the world's	demand for petroleum for the ne	-
	(a) casing	(b) chalk	(c) sands	(d) shale
Q7	tax rates and capital gains tax George H.W. Bush derided R	side economics a household ph rates; when vying for the Repul eagan's supply-side policies as '	olican party presidential nominat	ion for the 1980 election,
	(a) Bonzo	(b) dummy	(c) surprise-side	(d) voodoo
Q8		estment for a new feature fi I film site urbanrenewal.com and (b) flyer		
Q9	blocked the deal; by dou	e proposed pay package for Gla bling his share option grant and led his remuneration to an estim	trebling his allocation of free per	
	(a) angel	(b) shady	(c) sweetheart	(d) wheeler
Q10		commodities soar, investors sho sts to consumers gives such out (b) marketing		

Q1	rate that equalizes the prices suggested that the 'basket' is	ory states that the exchange ra	s and services in each country about 120 countries.	; the Economist has
	(a) Big Mac	(b) Coca-Cola	(c) Hershey bar	(d) Yankees cap
Q2		n has long promoted greater B price data free of charge on i (b) legibility		
Q3	•	ed: Federal banking regulators anks to serve low-income resid		
	(a) Bottom Lining	(b) Redlining	(c) Silver Lining	(d) Streamlining
Q4	gold: fromits website, we rea	nts you for being a gold, to d that one ofits principles is, "A alance sheet; any mobilization	s an undervalued asset held b	y the IMF, gold provides
	(a) bug	(b) card	(c) mine	(d) rush
Q5	mutual fund is for you: more someone else's pocket.	amount of money that you are i of your money will go directly t	oward working for you, rather t	han finding its way into
	(a) no-bite	(b) no-load	(c) no-slice	(d) no-toll
Q6	A ' share' is a stock or se actually worth very little.	ecurity that appears to be of hig	gh quality and worth, although	the company that issued it is
	(a) fool's-gold	(b) goldbrick	(c) golden goose	(d) goldleaf
Q7		erage is the oldest and most w ded fund that holds the 30 stoo		
	(a) Bluechips	(b) Corpus	(c) Cow	(d) Diamonds
Q8		cates that U.S. crude and produnational oil supplies could be di	-	
	(a) jitters	(b) nerves	(c) spasms	(d) twitches
Q9		ney to burn: cash generation in SE350 will generate close to 20 (b) Brokerage		es is at record levels, and over g to new research by KPMG. (d) Footsie
040				
Q10		rk when a sudden headache gr , which has been coined the '		e or those migraines that one
	(a) Aspirin	(b) Body	(c) Head	(d) Zero

Q1		r you leverage of 50 times your g amount that would require \$50,0		
	(a) buy	(b) faith	(c) luck	(d) times
Q2	Larry Page and Sergey Brin) 1	ntains a two-tier voting structure t 0 votes for each share while eac ed to make it difficult for outsiders (b) bait	ch Class A share being offered o	nly carries one vote; this
Q3	Altria has long been considere 4.1 percent. (a) homeless	d a classic widow-and stocl (b) orphan	<ul> <li>k: great for its stability and big ar</li> <li>(c) spinster</li> </ul>	nnual dividend, currently about (d) widower
Q4	-	ation has agreed to lease terms , Central's president and majority (b) an inside		
Q5		that the U.S. economy is not too ontinue to grow, while inflation sta		- the fabled '' economy that
Q6	process of industrial mutation	as and the development from the that incessantly revolutionizes the w one; this process of Creative (b) Insurgency	e economic structure from within	n, incessantly destroying the old
Q7	the fact puts on a huge trade, to the UK, just in case the trad		nd buys a first class ticket to Bra	zil, where there is no extradition
Q8	CEOs like Tom McInerney of C predicts.	<ul> <li>(b) Lambada</li> <li>stuffed full of entrants with name</li> <li>Guba agree that a is coming</li> <li>(b) shakeoff</li> </ul>	-	n the next year," McInerney
Q9	can't stand it anymore' system market fluctuations.	ink they are buy-and-holders, bu ; this is probably the most widely	t in fact they use a peculiar form used system in the world, and in	t relies on emotional reactions to
Q10	·	<ul> <li>(b) pacing</li> <li>one Philip Morris began on</li> <li>y almost 20% — and in the proce</li> <li>(b) Marlboro</li> </ul>		

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 186 Business buzzwords: Takeover remedy

Q1	0 1	ent unwanted takeovers by having a ed to take over a company if they ki (b) causality		keover is complete; the idea this is ately be forced to pay bondholders. (d) chastity
Q2		as increased substantially since 20 the remainder mostly finances new		
	(a) free	(b) risk	(c) share	(d) surplus
Q3		s representatives or sales traders e uter database where all of the institu (b) bid		
Q4	•	ple for bond futures, the option to ir e point here is that the futures price		
	(a) ace	(b) face	(c) hole	(d) wild
Q5	stock with a bad history); in contr prompting them to invest in a saf	nto action two seconds before subjects ast, the anterior insula was activate e but low-return bond instead of the	d just before the volunteers made a good stock.	a less than optimal choice
	(a) risk-adept	(b) risk-adverse	(c) risk-averse	(d) risk-avoidance
Q6	If a business division falls into the management usually sells it off o	e '' quadrant — stagnant or shri r slashes it to a bare minimum.	nking industry growth and poor bus	iness unit performance —
	(a) cow	(b) dog	(c) skunk	(d) slug
Q7		stors, who simply have too many st le could shoot to the moon, but it wo		
	(a) Diworsification	(b) Portfoliosis	(c) Shallowshare	(d) Thinpliance
Q8		of professional investors worldwide: eir sector or market — no matter ho (b) bottom-up		
Q9		of North Soc. companies is designed		See estivities from being set
Q9	against profits of North Sea activ borrowed for a North Sea oil purp			Sea profits if the capital has been
	(a) chain	(b) fence	(c) road	(d) wall
Q10	One remedy, Walden says, woul what the federal government doe	d be to index the state tax rates to in as with the federal income tax."	nflation: "That would tend to reduce	bracket, and in fact this is
	(a) creep	(b) lag	(c) leap	(d) shift

Q1	•	n says, "Which way is the econe answer is sideways at be		e salaries at smaller
	(a) inclusion	(b) indication	(c) solution	(d) substitution
Q2	-	pusiness compensation surv rms increased this year over		.com, base salaries for
	(a) median	(b) medium	(c) moderate	(d) modicum
Q3		marketing managers rose 4 managers took home \$80,00		counters got a 3% bump,
	(a) bean	(b) corn	(c) nut	(d) pea
Q4	•	job functions (not including employing one to 500 emplo	,	organizations, both
	(a) spaced	(b) spanned	(c) spread	(d) sprawled
Q5		and financial officer of Kettley alif., has filled out the www.S	-	
	(a) based	(b) domiciled	(c) premised	(d) stationed
Q6	He says the survey results own 30-person firm.	with what he's seen in	the California small-busines	s community and in his
	(a) meld	(b) melt	(c) merge	(d) mesh
Q7	"In this region, we're seein have really felt the impact of	g the economy coming back of that," he says.	strong; the tide raises all	— small businesses
	(a) boats	(b) coasts	(c) costs	(d) hopes
Q8	-	omist for the National Feder e it's been in thirty year	-	ess is optimistic, too; he
	(a) fastest	(b) highest	(c) slackest	(d) tightest
Q9	The bad news: while salari	es have been on the rise,	too has inflation.	
	(a) but	(b) when	(c) so	(d) though
Q10	For the trailing 12 months of gains in real-dollar terms.	ended in August, the Consu	mer Price Index ticked up ne	early 4% — salary
	(a) castrating	(b) disembowelling	(c) eviscerating	(d) neutering

Q1		taxation accounting rules hould be expected and acce	• •	as a consequence,
	(a) control	(b) guide	(c) protect	(d) serve
Q2	-	es are used to determine the or a loss has resulted for		gle entity, and establish, in
	(a) a given	(b) an account	(c) an economic	(d) an isolated
Q3	The rules are intended to p principle occupies an impo	protect the rights of sharehold rtant place.	ders and creditors and, as a	consequence, the
	(a) continence	(b) diligence	(c) prudence	(d) temperance
Q4	Financial accounting and re	eporting rules are part of a c	ountry's capital regulati	ons.
	(a) acquisition	(b) asset	(c) gains	(d) market
Q5	, .	vestors and other stakehold onomic entity (group); the gu		e as possible picture of the
	(a) fair play	(b) fair position	(c) fair presentation	(d) fair projection
Q6	Other important rules in thi prohibition of hidden	s respect are 'substance ove	er form', 'market value meas	urement', and the factual
	(a) reserves	(b) reservoirs	(c) returns	(d) revenues
Q7	Taxation rules are used to enterprises to the	determine taxable profits, ar	nd their objective is to define	the tax liability of
	(a) Country	(b) Nation	(c) Precinct	(d) State
Q8	The rules must be suscept	ible to by taxpayers and	d control and enforcement by	y tax authorities.
	(a) comparison	(b) complaints	(c) complaisance	(d) compliance
Q9	Taxation rules for compani are not influenced by	es are usually designed to p fiscal measures.	reserve economic neutrality	, so that business decisions
	(a) unduly	(b) unilaterally	(c) usually	(d) utterly
Q10		inciples of taxation, such as h as availability of funds for (b) practicalities		-
		(·/ F···································	(-/ F	( ) [

Q1		ution of Corporate Communi employees within an organiza		unicating to hundreds,
	(a) mean	(b) meant	(c) mere	(d) more
Q2	-	omplicated in organizations v he same message to satellit	-	
	(a) industry	(b) location	(c) outlook	(d) presence
Q3	•	ninking that there's some lon communications will grab th		
	(a) delegation	(b) deliberation	(c) disarticulation	(d) dissertation
Q4	It's within that very narrow	of opportunity that they	will decide whether to read	something or toss it aside.
	(a) moment	(b) option	(c) passage	(d) window
Q5	Communication is a two-w person talking to yourself.	ay; it requires a sender	and a receiver: if no one is	listening, you're just a crazy
	(a) handle	(b) radio	(c) street	(d) wire
Q6	Anyone involved with corp deciding on message and	orate communications needs medium.	s to be aware of their receive	ers' habits and before
	(a) druthers	(b) ideologies	(c) idiosyncrasies	(d) peccadillos
Q7	It wouldn't make sense to a providing them with adequ	use technology-based comm ate training.	nunications with an audience	e who's not without first
	(a) tech-nerdy	(b) tech-ready	(c) tech-savvy	(d) tech-wary
Q8	-	was with the concept o uiring them to actively seek i		d of delivering content to
	(a) abuzz	(b) adrift	(c) aghast	(d) aloud
Q9	The technology, however, e-mail.	never lived up to its hype an	d communications fell back	to old: the intranet and
	(a) stalemates	(b) stalwarts	(c) standings	(d) stewards
Q10	0 0	in the corporate environme ick up where e-mail off		0 0
	(a) came	(b) dropped	(c) fell	(d) left

Q1	Market are nursing a bad case of whiplash: most of the 42 strategists surveyed by 'Business Week' a year ago saw their yearend forecasts surpassed in the first few months of 1996 — the consensus view then was for the Dow Jones to rise 5% and end the year at 5430, but the Dow passed 5430 in early February.				
	(a) adepts	(b) Einsteins	(c) mavens	(d) virtuosos	
Q2		fall now is in the hands of a Ralei year, owned Euclid Square Mall; of real estate (b) bottom-dwellers	-		
Q3	One reason traders are moving	to the Forex is the momentum a	nd longevity of trends: currencies	tend to trend 1,000 pips or more	
40		ack 1,000 pips or more within a 4-			
	(a) chasing	(b) pacing	(c) racing	(d) tracing	
Q4	If the total asset value of your p then the portfolio is 20% of	portfolio averaged \$1 million and t or one fifth.	he total value of assets sold durin	ng the year equals \$200,000,	
	(a) rate	(b) return	(c) trend	(d) turnover	
Q5		Google for \$1.65bn (883m) is just that we are entering another			
	(a) dotcom	(b) online	(c) podcast	(d) webnet	
Q6		rporate as companies sough rate mergers in the 1980s, more			
	(a) cannibalism	(b) hyperactivity	(c) megalomania	(d) predation	
Q7		er of local governments to issue	-		
	(a) double-barreled	(b) double-handled	(c) double-sighted	(d) double-troubled	
Q8	propane to become the domina	ler at BP, admitted that he carried ant long-holder of TET propane; h him to sell propane at an artificia	e intended that the purchasing st	•	
	(a) cage	(b) carry	(c) corner	(d) crate	
Q9	phone company; although the l		competition for four years, the c	ompany is still a quasi-monopoly.	
	(a) canary	(b) directory	(c) gorilla	(d) tortilla	
Q10	-	nought I would write something at the price of stocks will go up for t		neory is that if there is snow in	
	(a) Barometer	(b) Benchmark	(c) Forecaster	(d) Indicator	

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 191 Business buzzwords: Unregistered securities

Q1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	eted by the owner and presented at least two years from the date (d) unofficial
		(~) P~P~.		(u) unemena
Q2		erage house or bank keeping a c y allow the client to temporarily l imposed by other rules. (b) Mooring		
Q3	' scam, is working better;	b believe anything good about a with this strategy, scammers pro lown by spreading nasty rumors	ofit by selling while gambling that	-
	(a) doom and gloom	(b) poop and scoop	(c) pump and dump	(d) short and distort
Q4	Plug Power (NASDAQ: PLUG \$4 — add \$3.50.	) Long Recommendation: Seem	s to be reaching stops — weak	shaken out — may hold
	(a) elves	(b) gnomes	(c) hands	(d) knees
Q5	methods of selling tax-exempt	up of bond dealers known as the bonds to the elderly; eventually ed Mortgage Obligations were s (b) polluted soil	closed down by regulators, the	
Q6	Government shares have	e their risks and their costs: the f	ull benefits of privatization will n	ot be realized for example if
40	management is completely pro	otected from every sort of takeov ain political control over an ente	ver, and the device could be abu	used by less scrupulous
	(a) golden	(b) lion's	(c) master's	(d) power
Q7		it is open, what is called the ' g; the market will adjust immedia (b) foldout trade		
Q8	My first experience as an inve	stor looking at companies tradin	a below value was to buv t	he stock: how could I lose? —
		iny and make money at the very		
	(a) board	(b) cash	(c) share	(d) true
Q9	The NYSE and the Chicago M	lercantile Exchange agreed to ir	nnosa restrictions when prices h	pegin falling out of control: one
49	safeguard is a shock, a h	alf-an-hour price floor that goes ut 96 points on the Dow Jones a	into effect on the S&P's 500 inc	
	(a) absorber	(b) adjustor	(c) tactic	(d) treatment
Q10		lown in history as the biggest in and grows so big so fast that (b) purple cow	-	

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 192 Business buzzwords: Spin tour

Q1		dly top executives are bringing a ger onsumers that Big Oil is not ripping t nus Zero spin tour. (b) cat	-	
Q2	The indicator gets attention	at this time every year due partly to opularize it in the 1970s when he se		s on Wall Street trading desks;
	there's not a lot of logic or validit (a) Stanley Cup	y behind it. (b) Super Bowl	(c) World Cup	(d) World Series
Q3	· · ·	spread, which is intended to sim n Nymex by shorting electric power (b) shock		; it was possible from 1996 to 2002 ation fuel oil, natural gas, or coal. (d) watt
Q4		dings plc announced today that it w Senior Notes due 2009; the outstand Ilion. (b) irrevocable		
Q5	The critical piece of this puzzle, t	the element that made it all work, want to give stock to Raptor if Raptor's	as a transaction called a 'price	derivative' between Enron and
Q6	only to people who opted in to re	ases, a company has approved an e ceive stock announcements; then th esses scraped from Usenet and the (b) bulldozer	ne company is surprised to learn the	
Q7	Six-year futures for light sweet of	il and natural gas are among the mo be, is not widely available for the re (b) gap	ost important indicators of value for	oil and gas producers; such a far-
Q8	Unionbank, following the former's	ddenly history, and its blue, white a s multibillion buy-out of the latter's n ff guard," quipped an iBank executiv (b) formula one	najority shareholders concluded Fri	-
Q9		nd more people than ever before an iving these stocks the cold shoulder with problems on Street.		
Q10	Federal Reserve Chairman Alan	Greenspan said yesterday that the spansion that has gained momentun (b) soft	U.S. economy is 'going through a .	

Q1	Q1 Food stocks aren't as exciting as some of the tech names, but they don't go up nearly as much when the market is going crazy and they also don't go down as much because they're not as dependent on the economy; they're steady stocks, wh is why Kraft could be a good holding to diversify your portfolio.			
	(a) anchor	(b) base	(c) core	(d) staple
Q2	unpredictable outliers, while m dismal, yet by hindsight bias v	tory," Nassim Taleb notes, "com nuch of what we usually talk abo ve think that we understand ther	ut is just noise; our track record n."	in predicting those events is
	(a) Box	(b) Hole	(c) Maria	(d) Swan
Q3	-	ystem allows small investors nea are a growing force in the mar		
	(a) bandits	(b) desperados	(c) pirates	(d) raiders
Q4		nounces the agency is going to . or managers suspect they are re		efficiencies or an expanded didn't work, so let's try another".
	(a) redesign	(b) reform	(c) renovate	(d) restructure
Q5	Oracle, Steve Jobs of Pixar; a	e question for a small clique of decade ago, the four geek tyco graduated into the history books, (b) iMagnates	ons were all stumbling around a	n industry as small as their
Q6	-	gement company says that small are less likely to be involved in t (b) filthies		-
Q7	The OS/400 high availability n competitiveness continues fol	narket was a market before lowing the merger.	the merger of one-time foes iTe	era and Vision, and that intense
	(a) dog-bite-dog	(b) dog-chase-dog	(c) dog-eat-dog	(d) dog-fight-dog
Q8		retailers debut the eagerly await ts Black ads, but the inform (b) Friday		als a few days in advance; Wal- ked to a few Web sites. (d) Sunday
Q9	-	ment under which sponsors of a e extent necessary to cover any (b) clawback		quity any prior dividends (d) stakeout
Q10	Since 1975, the number of mo	oney management firms that pro otal value of third-party research (b) paper	vide research and other product	s and services in exchange for
	····	(·) F-F	( )	· / ·····

Q1		ts and consumption, China's mas ears; within the industry, newspap tial, the blue paper said.		
	(a) an outburst	(b) a phoenix	(c) a spring	(d) a sunrise
Q2	·	cognize that Wal-Mart stock is pois s may give Wal-Mart just the boos (b) a catalyst		ded to speed up that process is (d) an incitement
0.2		· · · ·		. ,
Q3		r', author Mark Fisher discusses te h food, except that it was conceive		•
	(a) burger bun	(b) hot tamale	(c) petit four	(d) sushi roll
Q4		dubious, accounting scheme		
		ded; this creates a false growth co ompany that relies on periodic pro	-	סנ נויפ נעטוסמו עט מווע עטשוו
	(a) cookie jar	(b) mattress pad	(c) petty cash	(d) piggy bank
Q5	devised a hierarchy of values for	nple of a speculative is the 'tu or the various flowers, the tulip bea ne bulbs for resale at higher prices (b) bubble	came an object of speculation, an	
Q6	Matlock allegedly made or retai	ned no record of having received re placed; the orders allowed	individual orders from customers,	how many shares each had
	(a) banding	(b) binding	(c) bunching	(d) bundling
Q7	numbers; the Ministry of Defend of up to 5,500 if personnel pron	cross the ranks in a desperate bio ce is drawing up plans for a massinise to stay in the forces for at leas	ve expansion of a multi-million-po st two years longer.	ound programme offering bonuses
	(a) bindings	(b) chains	(c) handcuffs	(d) leashes
Q8	of 50,000 shares, for example)			
	(a) action	(b) creation	(c) traction	(d) sanction
Q9	Republicans had asked the Fed checks known as '' from fed		the activities under the campaign	law that broadly banned big
	(a) easy money	(b) funny money	(c) lobby money	(d) soft money
Q10	-	urned into gold: the metal inconved millions of pounds and politi		ral high-profile scandals in recent
	(a) fool's	(b) karat	(c) pyrite	(d) solid

Q1	Q1 James V. Koch, in Business Horizons (March 1989), explains that it is now to talk of the Asian economic miracle, a phenomenon that has provided certain countries with the highest real rates of economic growth and most rapidly rising per capita incomes in the world.			
	(a) common ground	(b) commonplace	(c) common sense	(d) commonwealth
Q2	World Bank predicts that th	racle are only part of a larger, e Pacific Rim will be the faste e of 4.3 percent annually com	st growing region in the world	•
	(a) fallow	(b) febrile	(c) fertile	(d) fetid
Q3	The Pacific Rim a grou Ocean and their export-orie	up of extremely diverse count	ries that are united by their co	mmon access to the Pacific
	(a) completes	(b) composes	(c) comprises	(d) compromises
Q4		an dominate the Pacific Rim fi c of China, by of its more		while the economically force of growing importance.
	(a) light	(b) means	(c) rights	(d) virtue
Q5	Together, these three countries constitute the economic giants of the region; by comparison, the remainder of the countries of the Pacific Rim are economic			
	(a) dwarfs	(b) fairies	(c) mice	(d) motes
Q6	exhibit lower levels of per c	SEAN group (Indonesia, Mala apita GDP than the NICs (Ho e had high rates of economic	ng Kong, South Korea, and T	•••••••
	(a) instigated	(b) instituted	(c) integrated	(d) investigated
Q7		nations of Australia, Canada bey have exhibited only r		•
	(a) major	(b) minor	(c) moderated	(d) modest
Q8		ries', such as Fiji, French Poly omies that are small in size a	•	
	(a) agrarian	(b) barbarian	(c) pagan	(d) unitarian
Q9				es such as Vietnam, and their relatively insignificant
	(a) begets	(b) belays	(c) belies	(d) besets
Q10		common among the cour y, religiously, and geographic		are exceedingly diverse
	(a) cords	(b) lines	(c) strings	(d) threads

Q1	•	ng ethical issue in business bribery within one country.	activities, and international b	pribery is more complicated
	(a) repercussions	(b) restitutions	(c) retributions	(d) revelations
Q2		as become a serious issue ir ng the of all cross-borde	•	ecially in Asia's commercial
	(a) entirety	(b) entity	(c) integration	(d) integrity
Q3	•	bery aimed at manipulating l s the national border in such	•	•
	(a) interest	(b) principal	(c) principles	(d) salary
Q4	Corrupt Practices Act in 19	bribery by American compar 977; it was recognized that n ents in order to gain ov	nany American companies w	
	(a) a foothold	(b) a lead	(c) an edge	(d) a point
Q5	It remains unclear, however companies in international	er, whether the Act has had a business.	any effect on the compo	etitiveness of American
	(a) detrimental	(b) exponential	(c) incremental	(d) supplemental
Q6	to the Independent Comm	kists also in business activition ission Against Corruption, in s intended to bribe accounte	50 Hong Kong compar	nies with a production base
	(a) all	(b) even	(c) some	(d) under
Q7		ibery Ordinance in Hong Kol egislation similar to the FCP		
	(a) combat	(b) condemn	(c) contain	(d) control
Q8		ies too show much concern ectives to the problem.	about the issue; the Premier	's Office has issued
	(a) nail	(b) secure	(c) tackle	(d) uncover
Q9		rms on cross-border busines hical imperialism (universalis		
Q9	: cultural relativism, et			
Q9 Q10	<ul><li>: cultural relativism, et hypernorms.</li><li>(a) expectations</li><li>Education can be used to</li></ul>	hical imperialism (universalis	sm), and the development of (c) perspectives ards corruption, but this is a	contextualized (d) prospects time-consuming process;

Q1	-	ansboundary Fishery Resou e field of rights-based fishing		ordon R. Munro tackles one
	(a) knottiest	(b) slightest	(c) spiniest	(d) tightest
Q2		vith the difficult issue of man erty rights may be poorly de		resources, in which state,
	(a) and	(b) but	(c) let	(d) not
Q3		w ground, in that the consec ishermen/company based p		
	(a) break	(b) dig	(c) plow	(d) seed
Q4	The paper begins with a b	rief history of the legal position	on of national ownership ove	er fishery resources.
	(a) coastal	(b) deepwater	(c) offshore	(d) overseas
Q5		now established by the 198 ty rights to the fishery resou offshore.		. ,
	(a) linear	(b) marine	(c) maritime	(d) nautical
Q6		coastal states such as Cana hence international manage		he stocks refused to
	(a) seldom	(b) straight	(c) stubbornly	(d) suddenly
Q7	Two issues concern us here: one is the issue of 'shared stocks', which are fish stocks shared by two or more coastal states whose EEZs are			
	(a) contiguous	(b) contingent	(c) continuous	(d) contrapuntal
Q8	The CLS coastal states to cooperate in the management of shared fishery resources, but provides little or no guidance as to how the cooperation is to be effected.			
	(a) admonishes	(b) castigates	(c) chides	(d) reprimands
Q9	The second issue is that o the seas.	f 'straddling stocks', or those	that move back and forth be	etween a country's EEZ and
	(a) broad	(b) deep	(c) high	(d) vast
Q10		introduced into resource ma bject to by one, two, or		
	(a) expedition	(b) exploitation	(c) exploration	(d) exposure

Q1	••• •			trademarks, service marks, a licensee for compensation
	(a) corporate	(b) goodwill	(c) intellectual	(d) intransigent
Q2	This compensation, or roy of production), or a combine	alties, may be a sum ro nation of both.	yalty, a running royalty (roya	alty that is based on volume
	(a) block	(b) front	(c) lump	(d) simple
Q3		reement usually enables a fin an owning and operating a fo	•	
	(a) avoids	(b) endures	(c) poses	(d) stands
Q4	Licensing also permits U.S export of U.S. manufacture	<ol> <li>firms to overcome many or ed products.</li> </ol>	f the tariff and nontariff barrie	ers that frequently the
	(a) bottle	(b) expedite	(c) hamper	(d) impose
Q5	<b>e</b> , <b>e</b>	also be used to acquire fore ogy developed by a licensee	0 0,1	agreements awarding
	(a) back-licensing	(b) cross-licensing	(c) mutual-licensing	(d) reverse-licensing
Q6	franchisor (licensor) permi	ortant form of technology lic ts the franchisee (licensee) t for the marketing of goods o	o employ its trademark or se	
	(a) categorized	(b) demanded	(c) specified	(d) underwritten
Q7		chnology licensing has certa ology is weakened because		
	(a) breakdowns	(b) carryovers	(c) drawbacks	(d) screwups
Q8	-	g of technology, it is importa gy to manufacture products i	-	
	(a) collusion	(b) competition	(c) compliance	(d) cooperation
Q9	•	censors may wish to ter ist laws as well as the licens		•
	(a) compose	(b) dispose	(c) impose	(d) repose
Q10	• •	ent, trademark, and copyrigh d that the U.S. licensor has v countries.		•
	(a) appointed	(b) impugned	(c) pertinent	(d) poignant

Q1	Securities and Exchange C	rests of investors, lenders ar Commission is increasing its ality financial reporting		
	(a) bulwark	(b) framework	(c) outline	(d) scaffold
Q2		estic and international level, o and efficient capital markets liable.	•	•
	(a) commensurate	(b) commercial	(c) comparable	(d) compatible
Q3		ed a dual objective of upholo a high quality global financia		
	(a) convention	(b) convergence	(c) conversion	(d) conveyance
Q4	Over the last two decades,	the global financial has	s undergone a significant tra	nsformation.
	(a) landscape	(b) panorama	(c) prospect	(d) scenery
Q5	•	been, in part, to drama on, the development of more	-	
	(a) accountable	(b) amenable	(c) answerable	(d) attributable
Q6		bbal financial reporting struct - pursuing our mandate of in fair disclosure.		
	(a) bedrock	(b) cornerstone	(c) keynote	(d) landmark
Q7		v statement that noted that a regulatory systems that will a	-	-
	(a) definitively	(b) desultorily	(c) diligently	(d) distinctly
Q8		to access capital markets in diction, which differ in many .	•	omply with the
	(a) angles	(b) respects	(c) senses	(d) views
Q9		have been in advocatin igh quality financial informat		te most efficiently when
	(a) headstrong	(b) heavyhanded	(c) singleminded	(d) steadfast
Q10		lards used must be high qua ards are interpreted an in a timely fashion.		-

(a) righteously (b) rightfully (c) rigidly (d) rigorously

Q1	High quality accounting sta structure.	ndards are critical the c	development of a high quality	/ global financial reporting
	(a) of	(b) over	(c) to	(d) under
Q2	whom the financial informa	ons have developed around tion is prepared; in some conditions, while in other countrie	untries, accounting standard	s have been primarily
	(a) drawn	(b) shaped	(c) sketched	(d) written
Q3	-	ng high quality accounting st ends on providing high quali		
	(a) advised	(b) advisory	(c) informational	(d) informed
Q4		indards are essential to the e	•	-
	(a) accredited	(b) credence	(c) credible	(d) creditable
Q5	difficult to explain to investor results, financial or ca	sh flow classifications are re	s of financial statements if sig ported under different standa	nificantly different operating ards for the same period.
	(a) decisions	(b) operations	(c) positions	(d) transactions
Q6		ability of an entity's financial ancial performance, lack of		•••
	(a) dwells on	(b) masks	(c) skims over	(d) underscores
Q7	financial statements to inde	ant element of the financial r ependent and objective	increasing the reliability of t	hose financial statements.
	., .			(d) scrutiny
Q8		d States have highlighted the questions about the effective		-
	(a) asked	(b) assumed	(c) mounted	(d) raised
Q9		esponsibility to to the h forming effective audits of glo	• • • •	
	(a) abide	(b) adhere	(c) cohere	(d) comply
Q10	however, as clients of audi and now operate on a worl		us to global operations, audit	firms have followed
	(a) along	(b) practice	(c) precedent	(d) suit

Q1 The article, 'Optimal Hedging and Foreign Exchange Risk', by Nancy Beneda, illustrates the technique of computerized optimization and ...... modeling to manage foreign exchange risk, and the results indicate that a lower level of risk can be achieved, given a specified level of expected hedging cost, from using optimization modeling.

	5			
	(a) simulacrum	(b) simulation	(c) stimulation	(d) stimulus
Q2	The focal point of the techn options, forward contracts,	ique is its ability to identify o leaving the position open).	ptimal combinations of hedg	ging (i.e. futures,
	(a) corridors	(b) ingredients	(c) utensils	(d) vehicles
Q3	An optimal combination is c currency), given a desired l	one which minimizes the	of the expected cost of the	e commodity (i.e. foreign
	(a) variance	(b) varicosity	(c) variety	(d) variousness
Q4	This paper examines optim exchange market.	al hedging strategies for a	position in the Japanese	yen/US\$ foreign
	(a) long	(b) post	(c) set	(d) vertical
Q5		e expected hedging cost is t hedging strategy minus the	•	
	(a) composition	(b) contents	(c) context	(d) course
Q6	-	achieving optimal portfolios: minimize the standard deviat		
	(a) an account	(b) an asset	(c) a pool	(d) a purse
Q7		ogy increases the hedger's random to choose the desired leve	•	
	(a) in with	(b) on to	(c) throughout	(d) up for
Q8	-	ely measure the total risk wh will be able to handle new		a better understanding of
	(a) specialized	(b) specialty	(c) spectacular	(d) speculative
Q9	Risk-return analysis sugges risk incurred.	sts that the amount of gain e	xpected from investing is	related to the level of
	(a) absolutely	(b) affirmatively	(c) inversely	(d) positively
Q10		hedging, the more risk a hea s there will be for the hedger		
	(a) immure	(b) imply	(c) incur	(d) infer

Q1	recommend, rate and commu	ube and MySpace) will get mor unicate within their groups, and is many by the end of next yea	for this reason, there are many	
	(a) generic	(b) neat	(c) niche	(d) tight
Q2		ated by Spent2000.com) will ha ere, PassportToFlavor from Ket (b) Cyclical		
Q3	·	customers to co-create with the post their stories through text, in		
	(a) User-approved	(b) User-friendly	(c) User-generated	(d) User-sought
Q4	How does this email in t	to know more advanced strate he default settings of the differe e and below the fold on the em	ent email environments (AOL, N	·
	(a) perform	(b) present	(c) realize	(d) render
Q5	Quality content is more import crowded.	rtant now than ever before; the	re is a of content, and it's o	only going to get more
	(a) belly	(b) blurb	(c) glut	(d) gust
Q6	-	vill become media companies: ' shoes and providing them with 		
	(a) screens	(b) socks	(c) throats	(d) tubes
Q7		ngress swings the tide of online t the fear of death by Republica	•	
	(a) bandwagon	(b) bubble	(c) customer	(d) envelope
Q8	Greater integration of video in effective in converting sales.	nto all websites; the ShaveEven	rywhere site proves that the use	e of video is hugely and
	(a) enchanting	(b) engaging	(c) entangling	(d) enthralling
Q9	open and through rates;	dy in early 2006 showing a dire updating email content and sta as sacred places that they don't (b) flick	arting a conversation will be mo	ore important as people move
Q10		the biggest winner in 2007: as t, and you'll see that your empl mpany, to the next level. (b) effort-related		

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 203 Apple advertising philosophy

Q1	•	997 that Steve Jobs reveale ; Steve cited Nike commercia		•••
	(a) ad	(b) shoe	(c) swish	(d) Tiger
Q2	The problem with Steve's sponsors athletes, tons of	is, of course, that Nike of them.	doesn't just advertise with te	levision ads, Nike also
	(a) anagram	(b) analogue	(c) analogy	(d) anatomy
Q3		have pursued the sponsorshey were unable to thems		on't willingly watch other
	(a) address	(b) avail	(c) disenchant	(d) relieve
Q4	Apple's strategy may have	been mistaken, incomplete	or a of genius dependi	ng on your perspective.
	(a) blow	(b) brand	(c) stab	(d) stroke
Q5		ne for years: if you were a and the most recent July yo		
	(a) course	(b) field	(c) ground	(d) plot
Q6		uring Einstein, Gandhi, Picas d by tanks? — rest assured t	-	
	(a) badger	(b) ferret	(c) gopher	(d) mole
Q7	Once it though, it bec	omes impossible not to notio	ce it in every subsequent ad	
	(a) hits	(b) plays	(c) runs	(d) spots
Q8		ne hidden message or even the Apple products actually	Ū	er something that is omitted:
	(a) clear	(b) cool	(c) known	(d) shared
Q9	•	ng Macs, slovenly snails, or s b: the most example of t	•	
	(a) immeasurable	(b) incredulous	(c) irremediable	(d) unfathomable
0.40				
Q10	While the technology has they never showed Airport		v it was Apple who first	onto the wireless future, yet

Q1	Between now and 2010 the	e for growth in internation	onal tourism in French Cana	da appears excellent.
	(a) outcome	(b) outlook	(c) oversight	(d) overview
Q2	Around the world, internation increase of 45%.	onal tourist arrivals will	from 702 million in 2000 to 1	1.18 billion in 2010, an
	(a) accelerate	(b) elevate	(c) escalate	(d) replicate
Q3	Tourist clienteles travelling emergence of new ma	-	pecome increasingly diversifi	ed as a result of the
	(a) denominator	(b) instigator	(c) originator	(d) stimulator
Q4	The outlook for domestic to will be wealthier than their	-	during this period (especial	ly between 2005 and 2010)
	(a) precedents	(b) precursors	(c) predeceasers	(d) predecessors
Q5	• •	e, the active population show , people will have more mor	uld benefit from more in ney to travel.	ncome with a lowering of
	(a) dispensable	(b) dispersible	(c) displaceable	(d) disposable
Q6	The increasing number of to be placed on short trips		an impact on travel behaviou	ir, with the emphasis likely
	(a) in-season	(b) off-season	(c) post-season	(d) pre-season
Q7	Finally, the population of	, who tend to travel little i	n Qubec, is growing.	
	(a) allophones	(b) anglophobes	(c) francophiles	(d) heliotropes
Q8	However, competition will of	continue to be on all ma	arkets.	
	(a) febrile	(b) feral	(c) fierce	(d) fiery
Q9	demanding, which is havin	• •	logical changes, clienteles a behaviour: interests are mu ctivities.	•
	(a) long	(b) group	(c) return	(d) theme
Q10		st successful businesses are	alized trips that feature bette those that organize their pr	<b>-</b> .

(a) immemorial (b) memorable (c) memorial (d) memories

Q1	Investment of 2002: the three w Progressive Growth — are all investe		Aberdeen Fund of Investment Trusts	s, Exeter High Income and Aberdeen
	(a) bimbos	(b) dodos	(c) donkeys	(d) turkeys
Q2	Buying and selling stock rather than become so laudable, that many grea great ladies repair into the city, and p (a) floating	t ladies forsake their tea to go to Ch	ange Alley", reported one paper, whil	
Q3	In its effort to thwart the takeover atte department store assets; the retailer outstanding shares in the company. (a) horse		• •	
Q4	On one side, double offer fund- hedge fund side, so it is possible for funds investment with a manager in a (a) dealers	them to not only make money from t		
Q5	Most specialty drug companies obtain expansion by sub-licensing or partner founders and lower returns for all the (a) depressed	ering; they must sell equity to finance		
Q6	Instead of benefitting the company, t cash and make it less attractive to po potential acquirer making an offer for (a) bear trap	otential buyers; the plan was designe		-
Q7	The ICF is a new private-public partr place to do business, by removing of (a) attraction	nership, focused on improving the co	ntinent's investment; our missio	n is to make Africa an even better
Q8	Since 2000, Market Harmonics has b markets — investor psychology; in th (a) intuition			
Q9	IRC has agreed to pay \$37.4 million largest gold operation; the acquisition operator, long life and low cash costs (a) marquee	n is expected to provide significant g		
Q10	Back in the far off days of the early 1 and that it tended to take about a dec (a) collapse	-	-	, investor risk-aversion increased (d) recession

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 206 Business buzzwords: Penny stock

Q1	<b>-</b> · ·	l accumulate a large number of sha - news so unexpected and titillating start trading irrationally. (b) gossip		
Q2		<ul> <li>p. to perform from outperform</li> <li>ters to resolve, which will likely lim</li> <li>(b) market</li> </ul>		
Q3	-	prporate takeover by the family's ar – if he will call off his plans: "He's t		heads to North's ranch to offer a anonymous corporate raider," she
	(a) baiter	(b) fighter	(c) repeller	(d) watcher
Q4	primarily corporate clientele; but and there were the Jewish firms	, and the former worked to keep it	before the 1980s can remember a that way.	a time when there were those firms
	(a) collar	(b) shirt	(c) shoe	(d) tie
Q5		end 10% of your paycheck (your ta c-deferred savings, this monthly co (b) your dues		nt before you have a chance to s will make you wealthy over time. (d) yours truly
Q6	the stop orders they know are p the short-term move the flurry of		so is to be able to take the other s	ide of those trades and profit by
	(a) fishing	(b) hunting	(c) preying	(d) stalking
Q7		our company isn't one of the elite ir d if you want to make a a year (b) clam		
Q8	change; if detailed analysis dem	ailed fundamental analysis using a constrates the opportunity for a stor ommunicated to product managers (b) plan	ck to achieve a significant return, it	
	(-)	(-) <b>P</b> ( <b>x</b> ),	(-)	(-)
Q9	-	<b>-</b> .		u may find yourself in the position of your aging parents: squeezed in (d) toothpaste
Q10	The Rule of is a rule where the direction of the stock market	by the sum of the inflation rate and	d the P/E ratio of the Dow Jones In	dustrial Average is an indicator of
	(2) 18	(h) 72	(a) 144	(d) 147

(a) 18 (b) 72 (c) 144 (d) 147

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 207 Business buzzwords: Stale inventory

Q1				balance sheets, consumes capital nen inventory turns are slowing over (d) FLOP
Q2		rms, dividends are taken as a signal rhere communication between mana (b) method		
Q3	from the board; most brokers mov to management.	st the noise of the quote board, but a ved out of the to a private office	when they had enough experience	and customers to justify the move
Q4		<ul> <li>(b) bear pit</li> <li>y falter, some analysts may try to bla</li> <li>Ilar deposits; this has lately been at</li> <li>(b) TED</li> </ul>		0.1
Q5		uter is riding a wave that shows no s ck price in over three years, buoyed music service. (b) green		
Q6	that meetings, records, votes, act	ess in government is clearly stated ir ions, and deliberations of public gov (b) Show Me	rernmental bodies be open to the pu	ublic unless otherwise provided by
Q7	5	ses in home values and stock prices rrow more or sell something, most li		
Q8	-	employee theft, shoplifting, vendor fr atest National Retail Security Survey (b) drainage		
Q9	In the London equities markets, b	ooth the FTSE 100 and the FTSE 25 d, explained by a double hour ir (b) dying	0 finished both the day and the wee	k on a positive note; volume was a
Q10	-	e, Fetchmail pulled far enough in fro e so competently that the alternative (b) class		

Q1		, February 27th, 2007, was trigger ed big declines in other stock mark (b) Sneeze		fall in stock prices on China's (d) Snort
Q2		for clients because it distorts asseinged over the past three years tow (b) shift		
Q3	gave each other backrubs, frisk	currencies and exchange floor lool ed each others' pockets for bid car ir business by the time-honored m (b) ditch	rds, and flung waste paper aside v	
Q4	Traders often times will adopt a	simple buy low, sell high' range bo	ound approach, but when we strive	e to pick the next major top or
Q,		rly frustrating event: our trade is st (b) out		
Q5	the trading price of the US dolla	t is going to come off the dollar pe r against the renminbi will now floa t the renminbi will be set by the ce (b) flabby	at within a trading band of plus or r	
Q6		valuating returns adjusted for risk i ernment money market funds), and (b) free		he risk return (here taken as e fund's beta, the measure of risk. (d) run
Q7		stock warrants or options under or (2) as compensation for executive y straightforward. (b) hook		
Q8	prominent Wall Street traders a	Rudolph Giuliani is credited with pa nd bankers were accused of inside he building to a mob of press that I (b) coke	er trading, Giuliani had the defenda	
Q9	The markets that consistently sl	now the largest amounts of inefficient	ency are the dollar-pound-yen, do	llar-mark-yen, and dollar-yen-
	franc markets; inefficiencies in . advantage of these.	arbitrage imply that risk-free p	profitable opportunities exist, and a	ttentive traders can take
	(a) forex	(b) market	(c) swap	(d) triangular
Q10		reads as futures, where both legs		

Q1		zon should buy stocks in ommitment to stocks in the sar		trends; an investor with a long	
	(a) bear	(b) bull	(c) thick	(d) thin	
Q2	Markets are full of dogs each dog has its day in the s	s — stocks of unprofitable com sun before reality sets in.	panies that at some point fly th	rough the roof,defying gravity:	
	(a) cats and	(b) reservoir	(c) seeing eye	(d) sleeping	
Q3		om's first big tender fight was th ' was coined to describe Colt'		over of Garlock (Lipton), where	
	(a) Fever	(b) Live	(c) Poker	(d) Special	
Q4	a shareholder, who wa would otherwise not have qu	s used to secure the allocation	of a school plot to a company	it would show that Kokabi was controlled by Parastaran which	
	(a) dumbbell	(b) dumbo	(c) dumdum	(d) dummy	
Q5	big over the next five or 10 y	xet, many investors seek out so vears, allowing them to ignore t stocks have glowing potential	he bumps and bruises that mig	ght come over the short run;	
	(a) holy	(b) rosy	(c) story	(d) sunny	
			President's Working Group said that concerns about hedge funds' impact on average investors "can be best addresse through sound practices on the part of the fiduciaries that manage such vehicles." — in other words,		
Q6	President's Working Group	said that concerns about hedge	e funds' impact on average inve	estors "can be best addressed	
Q6	President's Working Groups through sound practices on	said that concerns about hedge	e funds' impact on average inve	estors "can be best addressed	
Q6 Q7	President's Working Group s through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur	estors "can be best addressed ther words,	
	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a specif	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non	
	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a special indicate that the market is m (a) board The leading bracket bac three are regarded as being	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a noving rapidly. (b) pit nks are US firms Goldman Sac	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur range of prices for an investme (c) ring chs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witt , because of the scale and qua	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non ent marked by the word 'fast' to (d) tape	
Q7	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a special indicate that the market is m (a) board The leading bracket bac three are regarded as being	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a noving rapidly. (b) pit nks are US firms Goldman Sao in a super league of their own	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur range of prices for an investme (c) ring chs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witt , because of the scale and qua	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non ent marked by the word 'fast' to (d) tape ter and Merrill Lynch; these	
Q7	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a specifi indicate that the market is m (a) board The leading bracket bac three are regarded as being range of investment banking (a) blue Much controversy surrounds	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a noving rapidly. (b) pit nks are US firms Goldman Sac in a super league of their own g business sectors and geograp	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur range of prices for an investme (c) ring chs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witt because of the scale and qua phical regions. (c) whopper	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non ent marked by the word 'fast' to (d) tape (d) tape ter and Merrill Lynch; these lity of their work across the full (d) world	
Q7 Q8	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a specifi indicate that the market is m (a) board The leading bracket bac three are regarded as being range of investment banking (a) blue Much controversy surrounds	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a noving rapidly. (b) pit nks are US firms Goldman Sac in a super league of their own business sectors and geograp (b) bulge s the question of whether the vi	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur range of prices for an investme (c) ring chs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witt because of the scale and qua phical regions. (c) whopper	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non ent marked by the word 'fast' to (d) tape (d) tape ter and Merrill Lynch; these lity of their work across the full (d) world	
Q7 Q8	President's Working Group a through sound practices on  (a) caveat emptor Rather than quoting a specifi indicate that the market is m (a) board The leading bracket bat three are regarded as being range of investment banking (a) blue Much controversy surrounds the claim for damages, the m (a) disengagement Wall Street heads toward Cl the so-called Santa Claus	said that concerns about hedge the part of the fiduciaries that r (b) non compos mentis fic price, a fast will give a noving rapidly. (b) pit nks are US firms Goldman Sac in a super league of their own business sectors and geograp (b) bulge s the question of whether the view emedy of of the profits se	e funds' impact on average inve nanage such vehicles." — in of (c) non sequitur range of prices for an investme (c) ring chs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witt because of the scale and qua obical regions. (c) whopper ictim of a breach of contract ma cured through breach by its pe (c) disgorgement s for 2006 after another solid w ue-chip Dow Jones Industrial A	estors "can be best addressed ther words, (d) sine qua non (d) sine qua non (d) tape (d) tape (d) tape (d) world (d) world (d) world (d) world (d) distribution (d) distribution	

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 210 Business buzzwords: Platinum blonde

Q1		e hair was in vogue, and actresse vent down again after the Stock M (b) flapper		
Q2	A attack succeeds when actions that have effects contr (a) flack	a user is tricked into forming an in ary to the user's intentions. (b) phishing	naccurate mental model of an on (c) stealth	line interaction and thus takes (d) terrorist
Q3	'The Mail on Sunday' called A	ndy Gilchrist, the fire union leader salary of 690,000 — so who's fa (b) cat	, a 'fat' for his 82,000 salary	•••
Q4	·	equity shares' as equity share cash for providing know-how or (b) stiff		oloyees or directors at a discount ture of intellectual property rights (d) sweet
Q5	A European-type payer g	ives the owner the right to enter a the floating leg, i.e. the Libor ra (b) floption	a swap at a predetermined fixed	rate, where s/he pays the fixed
Q6	Dell bucked the upward trend	in hardware manufacturers by clo	osing lower; like Apple and Gatev	vay, the company saw
	initiated by Needham & Co. th (a) analysis	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment		
Q7	(a) analysis Stock prices used to have a fr	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock
	<ul><li>(a) analysis</li><li>Stock prices used to have a framework insiders), but there are</li></ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock
	<ul> <li>(a) analysis</li> <li>Stock prices used to have a from market insiders), but there are system on January 29, 2001.</li> <li>(a) cent</li> <li>The report filed with the SEC and the second se</li></ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g no major stock markets that trad (b) chipper added details of the 'corporate	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a e in sixteenths nowadays — The (c) sextile ' Black and Radler created at H	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock NYSE converted to the decimal (d) teenie
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) analysis</li> <li>Stock prices used to have a from market insiders), but there are system on January 29, 2001.</li> <li>(a) cent</li> <li>The report filed with the SEC a company as a 'piggybank' and the sec an</li></ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g no major stock markets that trad (b) chipper added details of the 'corporate	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a e in sixteenths nowadays — The (c) sextile ' Black and Radler created at H	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock e NYSE converted to the decimal (d) teenie Hollinger: it said they treated the
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) analysis</li> <li>Stock prices used to have a from market insiders), but there are system on January 29, 2001.</li> <li>(a) cent</li> <li>The report filed with the SEC are company as a 'piggybank' and powerful and royal.</li> <li>(a) execracy</li> <li> is based on an assumption</li> </ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g no major stock markets that trad (b) chipper added details of the 'corporate I fashion accessory, with Black us	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a e in sixteenths nowadays — The (c) sextile ' Black and Radler created at H sing the prestige of the newspape (c) kleptocracy the first stage of a movement; so	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock e NYSE converted to the decimal (d) teenie dollinger: it said they treated the ers to gain access to the wealthy, (d) monocracy
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) analysis</li> <li>Stock prices used to have a from market insiders), but there are system on January 29, 2001.</li> <li>(a) cent</li> <li>The report filed with the SEC a company as a 'piggybank' and powerful and royal.</li> <li>(a) execracy</li> <li> is based on an assumption advance and others will continued advance ad</li></ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g no major stock markets that trad (b) chipper added details of the 'corporate (b) hypocracy (b) hypocracy	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a e in sixteenths nowadays — The (c) sextile ' Black and Radler created at H sing the prestige of the newspape (c) kleptocracy the first stage of a movement; so	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock e NYSE converted to the decimal (d) teenie dollinger: it said they treated the ers to gain access to the wealthy, (d) monocracy
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) analysis</li> <li>Stock prices used to have a from market insiders), but there are system on January 29, 2001.</li> <li>(a) cent</li> <li>The report filed with the SEC a company as a 'piggybank' and powerful and royal.</li> <li>(a) execracy</li> <li> is based on an assumption advance and others will continue evaporate.</li> <li>(a) Scalping</li> <li>It was agreed that in response</li> </ul>	ough the Austin, Tx. based comp (b) assessment actional component, which was g no major stock markets that trad (b) chipper added details of the 'corporate (b) hypocracy (b) hypocracy on that most stocks will complete fue, and the dealer intends to take (b) Scraping	any was rated a 'Hold', which is a (c) coverage enerally quoted in sixteenths of a e in sixteenths nowadays — The (c) sextile ' Black and Radler created at H sing the prestige of the newspape (c) kleptocracy the first stage of a movement; so e as many small profits as possib (c) Skimming ic, Daniel Drew was to be official	a somewhat negative rating. (d) evaluation a dollar (called a by stock e NYSE converted to the decimal (d) teenie Hollinger: it said they treated the ers to gain access to the wealthy, (d) monocracy ome of the stocks will cease to ole, not allowing them to (d) Skimping Ily ousted, and a director put

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 211 Business buzzwords: Odd auction

Q1	decreases the price until a bid is the auction.	r its decreasing price mechanism: s announced by one of the auctior		
	(a) A Dutch	(b) An Irish	(c) A Jewish	(d) A Scottish
Q2	more salary or other reasons; w woo these former workers back		rs, workplace demographics are p	outting pressure on companies to
	(a) Boomerang	(b) Pendulum	(c) Seesaw	(d) Үо-уо
Q3	usually these securities have no historical interest.	crip such as securities, document	they may have considerable value	ue for their artistic merit or
	(a) Scripbundling	(b) Scripomania	(c) Scripophily	(d) Scripping
Q4		pulated prices: from the end of the pulate its price) allegedly occurred		-
	(a) caches	(b) corners	(c) stockpiles	(d) warehouses
Q5		nes circuit levels at 10 and 20 points, trading is stopped for a sp (b) breaker	-	
Q6	A bond is a bond that is no bond is often bought by Japane	t denominated in yen and is issue se institutional investors.	ed in any market by a Japanese fi	nancial institution; this type of
	(a) samurai	(b) shibosai	(c) shogun	(d) sushi
Q7	-	the of the Dow, is simply to r; for the last 25 years, this canine		-
	(a) Dogs	(b) Fangs	(c) Teeth	(d) Wolves
Q8		er CFO of Lantronix Inc. of engag s by offering distributors special te	-	
	(a) changing	(b) dredging	(c) flooding	(d) stuffing
Q9		ases of the EV-1 high-tech vehicle nreat before: in the 1940s, it bough puses.		-
	(a) scorched	(b) scratched	(c) seared	(d) serrated
Q10		nas increased in recent years as r merged out of existence, an incre		-
	(a) bent	(b) bias	(c) scam	(d) slant

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 212 Business buzzwords: Taking delivery

Q1	delivery and retain ownership of interests or well-financed species		of futures positions, the term usua	ally means positions held by trade
	(a) large	(b) long	(c) open	(d) strong
Q2	example would be a put option certain price.	that automatically changes into a	n identical call option after the prio	ce of the underlying exceeds a
	(a) A catalyst	(b) A chameleon	(c) An ambivalent	(d) An isotope
Q3		I dividends grow at some constant r more years of growth above that		-
	(a) an extraordinary	(b) an outperforming	(c) an overachiever	(d) a supernormal
Q4		by an affiliate of the issuing compa ement and policies of the company		-
	(a) Control	(b) Majority	(c) Restrictive	(d) Super
Q5	-	economies together could be larg ay slow significantly toward the end		
	(a) BIRCs	(b) BRICs	(c) CIRBs	(d) CRIBs
Q6	When Enron the books, th	(b) BRICs here were rightly no end of indigna of it their agenda and bolster their t	nt columns and talk shows conde	
Q6	When Enron the books, th	nere were rightly no end of indigna	nt columns and talk shows conde	
Q6 Q7	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New	here were rightly no end of indigna fit their agenda and bolster their b	nt columns and talk shows conde pank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts	(d) shuffled blame the decline on slower
	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New volume on the exchange, which (a) bench involves pooling and struct 'bankruptcy remote'; among oth	here were rightly no end of indigna of their agenda and bolster their to (b) cooked York Stock Exchange is plummeti h shrinks fees, as well as thinner s (b) floor cturing predictable cash flows, derive her benefits, this is an efficient sou	nt columns and talk shows conder pank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts preads between bid-and-ask pric (c) pit ved from the transfer and sale of tree of off-balance-sheet financing	(d) shuffled blame the decline on slower es for stocks traded. (d) seat assets, to an entity that is g.
Q7	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New volume on the exchange, which (a) bench involves pooling and struct	here were rightly no end of indigna of their agenda and bolster their to (b) cooked York Stock Exchange is plummeti h shrinks fees, as well as thinner s (b) floor	nt columns and talk shows conder bank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts preads between bid-and-ask pric (c) pit ved from the transfer and sale of	(d) shuffled blame the decline on slower es for stocks traded. (d) seat assets, to an entity that is
Q7	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New volume on the exchange, which (a) bench involves pooling and struct 'bankruptcy remote'; among oth (a) Capitalization This \$1,000 compromise under using dollars to chase, be not being used to violate the \$2	here were rightly no end of indignal of their agenda and bolster their the (b) cooked York Stock Exchange is plummeti h shrinks fees, as well as thinner so (b) floor cturing predictable cash flows, derive her benefits, this is an efficient sou (b) Centralization rmines the principle of campaign find cause significant staff resources an 1,000 rule.	nt columns and talk shows conder pank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts preads between bid-and-ask price (c) pit ved from the transfer and sale of tree of off-balance-sheet financing (c) Securitization nance reform and is awkward to it re used to try to verify that corpor	(d) shuffled blame the decline on slower es for stocks traded. (d) seat assets, to an entity that is g. (d) Synchonization implement: it leads to a situation rate subsidiaries, for example, are
Q7 Q8	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New volume on the exchange, which (a) bench involves pooling and struct 'bankruptcy remote'; among oth (a) Capitalization This \$1,000 compromise under using dollars to chase, be	here were rightly no end of indignal of their agenda and bolster their the (b) cooked York Stock Exchange is plummeti h shrinks fees, as well as thinner so (b) floor cturing predictable cash flows, derive her benefits, this is an efficient sou (b) Centralization	nt columns and talk shows conder pank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts preads between bid-and-ask price (c) pit ved from the transfer and sale of price of off-balance-sheet financing (c) Securitization	(d) shuffled blame the decline on slower es for stocks traded. (d) seat assets, to an entity that is (d) Synchonization
Q7 Q8	When Enron the books, the who massaged the numbers to (a) boiled A prestigious on the New volume on the exchange, which (a) bench involves pooling and struct 'bankruptcy remote'; among oth (a) Capitalization This \$1,000 compromise under using dollars to chase, be not being used to violate the \$2 (a) dimes The SEC alleged that George I	here were rightly no end of indignal of their agenda and bolster their the (b) cooked York Stock Exchange is plummeti h shrinks fees, as well as thinner so (b) floor eturing predictable cash flows, derive ther benefits, this is an efficient sou (b) Centralization rmines the principle of campaign fit cause significant staff resources an 1,000 rule. (b) nickels Motz, the President of MFA, engage eciated in value to MFA's proprieta	nt columns and talk shows conder pank accounts. (c) jockeyed ng in value, and industry experts preads between bid-and-ask price (c) pit ved from the transfer and sale of tree of off-balance-sheet financing (c) Securitization nance reform and is awkward to it re used to try to verify that corpor (c) pennies	(d) shuffled (d) shuffled (d) shuffled (d) shuffled (d) shuffled (d) seat (d) seat (d) seat (d) Synchonization (d) Synchonization (d) Synchonization (d) quarters (d) quarters

PHOTOCOPIABLE

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 213 Business buzzwords: Listed for destruction

Q1		the DTCC will be taking the first penses for holding such certificat issue. (b) chill		
Q2		latory lending brought on by the into default; the stripper, in one (b) Mortgage		
Q3		the Royal Canadian Mint to prod r coin, which generates for the go value. (b) numismatics		
Q4	Reminiscent of the 'Asian	' triggered by Thailand in 1997, ws with sharp falls on Tuesday: t	which became a full-blown financ	cial crisis, other Asian stock
Q5	Yoshiaki Murakami flouted co	nvention once again by launching mpany; this Knight, who hea	g a hostile takeover bid against S	Shoei Co., a little-known
Q6		rd capital for especially pro project or startup company, for p (b) egg		-
Q7	individuals are the ones who of those on Wall Street to make	neans that it is of high enough qu come to eventually own compani- it to the market. (b) stockable	es, a company must first impress	s the investment bankers and
Q8	<ul><li>(a) marketable</li><li>A is a situation in which t</li><li>when the gains in a portfolio e</li><li>(a) deadend</li></ul>	wo events or actions have the ef	<ul> <li>(c) streetable</li> <li>fect of nullifying each other; in te</li> <li>(c) tie</li> </ul>	(d) wallable erms of investment, this could be (d) wash
Q9		or lease commercial real-estate ss-to-business (B2B) companies (b) Com-dev		de-scale commercial use; they (d) Dev-com
Q10	investment, hoping it will doub	ause the stock is undervalued; it le again in the next two months, for huge gains and allows his gr (b) piggish	instead of selling a portion to rea	alize a gain — Joe is a

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### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 214 Business buzzwords: The best valuator

Q1	indication of value has been give less than 5 days of first making c		ce, and we're ready to respond quic	ckly: we can close transactions in
Q2		(b) buyout sence of a contract will affect on the ige against a loss might increase th		·
	(a) endangerment	(b) hazard	(c) jeopardy	(d) peril
Q3	,	n that automates the end-to-end pro the financial industry; it will streamli action. (b) Short Transfer	-	
Q4	To complain about abusive	callers, write down the name of the	caller, the name of the firm, the dat	te and time of the call or calls, what
		ou said to the caller; you can send (b) crank		
Q5	short is well-suited to this kin fall and then buying the very stoc		reading the bets that short sellers a	are making that specific stocks will
	(a) squeak	(b) squeeze	(c) squelch	(d) squint
Q6	in the direction that the market w	er lived, Bertram J. Seligman and Je ants to take; any other manipulatior it would have gone in the first place	n not only fails, but will also create a	
	(a) coiled	(b) rebound	(c) sprung	(d) wound
Q7		NYSE specialist can offer a price of list can '' the market order, whice ent.		
	(a) mark	(b) match	(c) stall	(d) stop
Q8		ig to show early signs of inflationary he in producer prices, the Com (b) bloat		or October showed the largest gain RB) has surged 11% since July. (d) bulge
Q9	finance director at retail bank HB a 'one-off'.	Mark Tucker is to receive a he OS earlier this year, will be paid a s	pecial guaranteed bonus of 475,00	0, which the Prudential declared is
	(a) golden	(b) hearty	(c) hefty	(d) mellow
Q10		of the long-forbidden practice of ' f making the transaction on the ope		er's order to buy or sell soybeans or vate rigged deal that can bring him
	(a) backstabbing	(b) barricading	(c) browbeating	(d) bucketing

Q1	Gitte Meyer of the Copenhagen Business School notes that during the past decades, swarms of scientists from a wide range of fields have migrated from their and descended onto the marketplace, adapting themselves to marketing practices in the process.			
	(a) ivory towers	(b) leaning towers	(c) towering infernos	(d) towers of Babel
Q2	· -	nce journalism seems to be a aimed at promoting science sts.		-
	(a) common good	(b) common ground	(c) commonplace	(d) commonwealth
Q3	This development provides	s for thought in more th	an one sense.	
	(a) food	(b) grist	(c) meal	(d) meat
Q4		a critical question regarding pularization: does this kind o	-	-
	(a) in lieu of	(b) per se	(c) versus	(d) vis-vis
Q5	At first at least, there selling.	does not appear to be a big	difference — if any at all —	between promoting and
	(a) glance	(b) glare	(c) glimpse	(d) glint
Q6		on what kind of practices jou - ambiguous as those ideals		
	(a) deflection	(b) dejection	(c) reflection	(d) rejection
Q7	Should they to conve	ntions and simply continue to	o promote or to sell science?	?
	(a) bond	(b) clasp	(c) fix	(d) stick
Q8	•	ge that to promote what is se selling the same thing, in mu		0
	(a) cry	(b) shout	(c) sight	(d) view
Q9		on of science journalism is th te to science by way of trans		
	(a) constriction	(b) contradiction	(c) prediction	(d) prescription
Q10	The convention also conta	ins the that journalists	should not interfere in any w	ay with the scientific facts.
	(a) permutation	(b) predilection	(c) promulgation	(d) proscription

Q1	is that of science transmis	Centre for Bioethics explains sion; science journalists sho uch questions should be stri	uld not concern themselves	with questions of
	(a) community	(b) enclave	(c) faction	(d) method
Q2	From this description, it is allows for sceptical and cri	fairly easy to spot what is sir itical questions to be	nilar between the convention	n and marketing: neither
	(a) posed	(b) posited	(c) positioned	(d) posted
Q3	The convention may be se	een as an to an old, unw	vritten contract between scie	nce and society.
	(a) affix	(b) annal	(c) annex	(d) apex
Q4		ne and pragmatic agreen nce was agreed to be, some		
	(a) diabolical	(b) incongruous	(c) oxymoronic	(d) paradoxical
Q5		supposed to be above mora ' knowledge, and this knowle connected from society.	-	
	(a) interest	(b) opinion	(c) politicians	(d) warfare
Q6		owever, to be established in thus, had to be transmitted,	•	
	(a) Lines	(b) Nets	(c) Threads	(d) Webs
Q7	lecturers offered demonstr	science was energetically pro rations with globes, orreries a performing chemical, magne	and other instruments displa	ying the marvels of the
	(a) coffee	(b) port	(c) sherry	(d) tea
Q8		ton's protg William Whiston ane and at the Marine near t	-	natics and science at both
	(a) class	(b) court	(c) fast	(d) forth
Q9	"when Knowledge, instead	or', Joseph Addison and Ric of being up in Books, a s canvassed in every Assem	and kept in Libraries and reti	irement, is thus obtruded
	(a) bound	(b) covered	(c) sealed	(d) tied
Q10		practice of science transmis nt and of spreading the erprise.		-
	(a) dospel	(b) aossin	(c) grant	(d) grasp

Q1	promoting and providing su	nvention and the practice of s pport for individual scientists, nce towards the marketplace	or by straightforward market	•
	(a) ambidexterity	(b) ambience	(c) ambition	(d) ambivalence
Q2		rton, the American sociologis — universalism, communism,		•
	(a) ethane	(b) ether	(c) ethnics	(d) ethos
Q3	By 'communism' he meant	that scientific knowledge was	regarded as common	
	(a) ground	(b) knowledge	(c) property	(d) sense
Q4		utional conception of science gs; secrecy is the of this		
	(a) antecedent	(b) anterior	(c) antipathy	(d) antithesis
Q5		als about knowledge as a con te property of interests c	-	•
	(a) divested	(b) invested	(c) reinvested	(d) vested
Q6	The case can, indeed, be m from the market-place at the	nade that modern science wa e same time.	s born with a of being co	onnected to and alienated
	(a) chasm	(b) cleavage	(c) schism	(d) selvage
Q7	every branch of thought wa	end of the 17th century when s at least equalled by the pas mpanied by a sort of technolo	sion to make science serve t	
	(a) case	(b) cause	(c) plate	(d) plight
Q8	the interest shown in pure s	stress on the immense utilitar scientific truth from the curiosi and freakishness on the othe	ity in respect of useful inventi	
	(a) dabble	(b) dibble	(c) double	(d) dribble
Q9		brief discussion would be that mission in the same way as a		-
	(a) tentative	(b) tenuous	(c) torturous	(d) tortuous
Q10	the complicated relationship	t of ideals about knowledge a b between science and privat he issue of public and private	e interests in the marketplace	e; it was, so to speak,
	(a) bad to the bone	(b) born and bred	(c) cast in stone	(d) cradle to grave

Q1	Dr. Lars Perner of the Mar individuals greatly influenc	shall School of Business ren e each other.	ninds us that humans are	social animals, and
	(a) incorrigibly	(b) incredulously	(c) inevitably	(d) inherently
Q2		lysis of group influence on th an individual uses a relevan		•
	(a) about	(b) from	(c) out	(d) up
Q3	<b>-</b> .	several different forms: the mpare oneself; for example, ble would ideally like to be.	<b>-</b> .	-
	(a) aspirational	(b) deferential	(c) experiential	(d) potential
Q4	<b>e</b> 1	ude people who more realist neighbors, or members of c		•
	(a) Aligned	(b) Associative	(c) Sociable	(d) Societal
Q5	Finally, the reference	group includes people that t	he individual would not like	to be like.
	(a) antisocial	(b) dissociative	(c) unaligned	(d) unsociable
Q6	•	ned 'The Gap' was created t and other older and '' p		ole wanted to actively be
	(a) elderly	(b) hippy	(c) uncool	(d) unsquare
Q7	The Quality Paperback Bo conventional readers of po	ok specifically suggests in its pular books.	s advertising that its membe	rs are '' from
	(a) a breed apart	(b) a globe apart	(c) a page apart	(d) a race apart
Q8		ence groups into the informa mative kind (members influe tion kind.		
	(a) topicality	(b) topology	(c) typicality	(d) typology
Q9		eference group, the individuandards is likely to help your c		
	(a) arcane	(b) mundane	(c) unitarian	(d) utilitarian
Q10		with identification groups' st up may wear a symbol even y.		·
	(a) plan	(b) point	(c) sake	(d) state

Q1		rance company guarantees th company is financially, the		ate of interest; in other words, annuity will grow and will not
	(a) soluble	(b) sound	(c) solved	(d) suited
Q2	The growth of the annuity's or they may grow by a spe	s value and/or the benefits pai cified formula.	d may be fixed at a dollar am	nount or by an interest,
	(a) payment	(b) premium	(c) rate	(d) term
Q3	U U	ity's value and/or the benefits		ly or entirely on the of
	(a) planning	(b) performance	(c) sale	(d) security
Q4		t a higher interest rate than th ors, if the company's actual inv ed.		
	(a) declaimed	(b) declared	(c) promised	(d) proposed
Q5		y is invested in a fund-like a n urance and variable annuities		to investors in the insurance
	(a) given	(b) legal	(c) open	(d) opted
Q6	The fund has a particular ir	nvestment objective, and the	value of your money in a vari	able annuity and the amount
	of money to be paid out to	you-is determined by the inve	estment performance ( of	-
	of money to be paid out to (a) except	-	estment performance ( of (c) net	-
Q7	(a) except An equity-indexed annuity	you-is determined by the inve (b) less is a type of fixed annuity, but it its value is also based on th	(c) net looks like a: it credits a	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just
Q7	<ul><li>(a) except</li><li>An equity-indexed annuity as a fixed annuity does, but</li></ul>	you-is determined by the inve (b) less is a type of fixed annuity, but it its value is also based on th	(c) net looks like a: it credits a	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) except</li> <li>An equity-indexed annuity</li> <li>as a fixed annuity does, but computed as a fraction of t</li> <li>(a) combo</li> <li>A market-value-adjusted and</li> </ul>	you-is determined by the inve (b) less is a type of fixed annuity, but it its value is also based on th hat index's total return.	<ul> <li>(c) net</li> <li>looks like a: it credits a reperformance of a specified</li> <li>(c) mutt</li> <li>vo desirable features-the ability</li> </ul>	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just stock index — usually (d) variety ity to select and fix the time
	<ul> <li>(a) except</li> <li>An equity-indexed annuity as a fixed annuity does, but computed as a fraction of t</li> <li>(a) combo</li> <li>A market-value-adjusted an period which your annuity</li> </ul>	you-is determined by the inve (b) less is a type of fixed annuity, but it its value is also based on the hat index's total return. (b) hybrid	<ul> <li>(c) net</li> <li>looks like a: it credits a reperformance of a specified</li> <li>(c) mutt</li> <li>vo desirable features-the ability</li> </ul>	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just stock index — usually (d) variety ity to select and fix the time
	<ul> <li>(a) except</li> <li>An equity-indexed annuity as a fixed annuity does, but computed as a fraction of t</li> <li>(a) combo</li> <li>A market-value-adjusted an period which your and the time period selected.</li> <li>(a) by</li> <li>A fixed period annuity pays into the annuity, the length</li> </ul>	you-is determined by the inve (b) less is a type of fixed annuity, but it its value is also based on the hat index's total return. (b) hybrid nuity is one that combines two nuity will grow, and the flexibil	<ul> <li>(c) net</li> <li>looks like a: it credits a reperformance of a specified</li> <li>(c) mutt</li> <li>vo desirable features-the ability to withdraw money from the</li> <li>(c) toward</li> <li>riod of time; the payments dett's a fixed annuity) an interest</li> </ul>	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just stock index — usually (d) variety ity to select and fix the time he annuity before the end of (d) with epend on the amount paid
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) except</li> <li>An equity-indexed annuity as a fixed annuity does, but computed as a fraction of t</li> <li>(a) combo</li> <li>A market-value-adjusted an period which your and the time period selected.</li> <li>(a) by</li> <li>A fixed period annuity pays into the annuity, the length</li> </ul>	you-is determined by the investigation of the payout period, and (if investigation of the payout period) and (	<ul> <li>(c) net</li> <li>looks like a: it credits a reperformance of a specified</li> <li>(c) mutt</li> <li>vo desirable features-the ability to withdraw money from the</li> <li>(c) toward</li> <li>riod of time; the payments dett's a fixed annuity) an interest</li> </ul>	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just stock index — usually (d) variety ity to select and fix the time he annuity before the end of (d) with epend on the amount paid
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) except</li> <li>An equity-indexed annuity as a fixed annuity does, but computed as a fraction of t</li> <li>(a) combo</li> <li>A market-value-adjusted an period which your and the time period selected.</li> <li>(a) by</li> <li>A fixed period annuity pays into the annuity, the length company believes it can</li> <li>(a) supplement</li> </ul>	you-is determined by the investigation of the payout period, and (if i for the length of the pay-out income for the remaining life	<ul> <li>(c) net</li> <li>looks like a: it credits a reperformance of a specified</li> <li>(c) mutt</li> <li>vo desirable features-the ability to withdraw money from the</li> <li>(c) toward</li> <li>riod of time; the payments det's a fixed annuity) an interest of the period.</li> <li>(c) suppose</li> </ul>	expenses) of that fund. (d) not minimum rate of interest, just stock index — usually (d) variety (d) variety (d) with epend on the amount paid t rate that the insurance (d) supply

Q1	selling it off through variou	y call a 'reverse' — his t is Wall Street brokers, and w ding big blocks; then Coburn	hen word gets out that SAC	
	(a) desk	(b) exit	(c) portfolio	(d) whammy
Q2	practices; for example, he	rniture maker Herman Miller, instituted a silver for en obs as a result of a hostile ta	nployees at his company so	-
	(a) goodbye	(b) life jacket	(c) parachute	(d) sofa
Q3		y defined as the total guestro blying a given hotel's average	·	
	(a) GRARd	(b) GuesOC	(c) HOTunit	(d) RevPAR
Q4		kinds of people to create a es startups, because they're		
	(a) Big Apple	(b) Silicon Valley	(c) Wall Street	(d) Web Site
Q5		ks, '' are infamous for ca ading information about com	U U	
	(a) bashers	(b) bloggers	(c) bonkers	(d) burglars
Q6		t nobody clicks on an ad unle	ess they're interested; howev	ver, a lead that takes no
		act information can't be cons nparison to publisher CPM ra	•	vertising, and that's the
			•	vertising, and that's the (d) impression
Q7	basis for a meaningful con (a) admission	nparison to publisher CPM ra	ates. (c) expression	(d) impression
Q7	basis for a meaningful con (a) admission	nparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession	ates. (c) expression	(d) impression
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>basis for a meaningful cont</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>War is a slang term for</li> <li>(a) babies</li> <li>There are losses because common causes stem from</li> </ul>	nparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession or the stocks and bonds of co	ates. (c) expression prporations in the defense in (c) mongers en a deal just doesn't m pension plans or tax liabilitie	<ul> <li>(d) impression</li> <li>dustry.</li> <li>(d) widows</li> <li>ake it through; some of the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>basis for a meaningful cont</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>War is a slang term for</li> <li>(a) babies</li> <li>There are losses because common causes stem from</li> </ul>	nparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession or the stocks and bonds of co (b) medals of the lost opportunities when n the areas of under-funded	ates. (c) expression prporations in the defense in (c) mongers en a deal just doesn't m pension plans or tax liabilitie	<ul> <li>(d) impression</li> <li>dustry.</li> <li>(d) widows</li> <li>ake it through; some of the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>basis for a meaningful cont</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>War is a slang term for</li> <li>(a) babies</li> <li>There are losses because</li> <li>common causes stem from</li> <li>from a prior restructuring of</li> <li>(a) shady</li> <li>One Night investment</li> </ul>	nparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession or the stocks and bonds of co (b) medals of the lost opportunities whe n the areas of under-funded of the target company or prio	ates. (c) expression prporations in the defense in (c) mongers en a deal just doesn't m pension plans or tax liabilitie r acquisition. (c) sneaky e intention of holding it for the	(d) impression dustry. (d) widows ake it through; some of the es that may have originated (d) sticky
Q8	<ul> <li>basis for a meaningful cont</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>War is a slang term for</li> <li>(a) babies</li> <li>There are losses because</li> <li>common causes stem from</li> <li>from a prior restructuring of</li> <li>(a) shady</li> <li>One Night investment</li> </ul>	nparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession or the stocks and bonds of co (b) medals of the lost opportunities whe n the areas of under-funded of the target company or prio (b) slimy t is buying a security with the	ates. (c) expression prporations in the defense in (c) mongers en a deal just doesn't m pension plans or tax liabilitie r acquisition. (c) sneaky e intention of holding it for the	(d) impression dustry. (d) widows ake it through; some of the es that may have originated (d) sticky
Q8	<ul> <li>basis for a meaningful control</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>War is a slang term for</li> <li>(a) babies</li> <li>There are losses because common causes stem from from a prior restructuring of</li> <li>(a) shady</li> <li>One Night investment subsequently panicking are (a) Affair</li> <li>The private mezzanine delivered</li> </ul>	hparison to publisher CPM ra (b) concession or the stocks and bonds of co (b) medals of the lost opportunities whe in the areas of under-funded of the target company or prio (b) slimy t is buying a security with the ind selling it the following day. (b) Fling bt securities used to fund min gent common equity interest,	ates. (c) expression proporations in the defense in (c) mongers en a deal just doesn't m pension plans or tax liabilitie r acquisition. (c) sneaky e intention of holding it for the (c) Kiss ddle-market companies inclu	(d) impression dustry. (d) widows ake it through; some of the es that may have originated (d) sticky e long term, but (d) Stand ude debt with an equity

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 221 Business buzzwords: Unethical investment

01				
Q1		vestors who hold strong conviction turns, are indifferent to the unet		irresponsible investors, in their
	(a) dirty	(b) draconic	(c) sinful	(d) sodomitic
Q2	notes; these bills were printed and remarkably sound.	ess passed the first Legal Tende I on only one side and soon bec	•	proved to be universally popular
	(a) greenbacks	(b) sawbucks	(c) simoleons	(d) wampum
Q3		e trend is to swap back and forth investment into one that pays	-	-
	(a) stable	(b) stagnant	(c) sterile	(d) sterling
Q4		est cardboard box manufacturer, shares yesterday traded at 17.5 (b) insider		en at a 6 percent premium to its s official listing next Tuesday. (d) shadow
Q5	sell-in any 35-day period, and	% reduction to traders who the cut applies only to the seco trades on a take-it-or-leave-it ba (b) in-and-out	nd trade, while most brokerage	
06				
Q6	-			t managed to weather the storm
	(a) catch	(b) halt	(c) stem	(d) turn
Q7		n the risk of owing extra money		
Q7	In an open lease, you ru	n the risk of owing extra money		
Q7 Q8	In an open lease, you run payment is often called a 'ball (a) case Using pricing, the produc	n the risk of owing extra money o oon payment'. (b) door cer-processor starts with the sale	depending on the value of the pr (c) end es price of the processed gas or	roperty when you return it; this (d) face
	In an open lease, you run payment is often called a 'ball (a) case Using pricing, the product certain costs (such as capital,	n the risk of owing extra money o oon payment'. (b) door cer-processor starts with the sale	depending on the value of the pr (c) end es price of the processed gas or	roperty when you return it; this (d) face products, and then subtracts
	In an open lease, you run payment is often called a 'ball (a) case Using pricing, the product certain costs (such as capital, is complete. (a) crack spread Banks surged 3.21 percent, L	n the risk of owing extra money o oon payment'. (b) door eer-processor starts with the sale operating, processing, taxes an (b) netback easing soared 8.0 percent, Indu 05 percent, Holding jumped 3.66	depending on the value of the processed gas or d transportation) to determine v (c) well head	roperty when you return it; this (d) face products, and then subtracts alue of the gas when production (d) wildcat nstruction ended 2.83 percent
Q8	In an open lease, you run payment is often called a 'ball (a) case Using pricing, the product certain costs (such as capital, is complete. (a) crack spread Banks surged 3.21 percent, L higher, Miscellaneous rose 1.	n the risk of owing extra money o oon payment'. (b) door eer-processor starts with the sale operating, processing, taxes an (b) netback easing soared 8.0 percent, Indu 05 percent, Holding jumped 3.66	depending on the value of the processed gas or d transportation) to determine v (c) well head	roperty when you return it; this (d) face products, and then subtracts alue of the gas when production (d) wildcat nstruction ended 2.83 percent
Q8	In an open lease, you run payment is often called a 'ball (a) case Using pricing, the product certain costs (such as capital, is complete. (a) crack spread Banks surged 3.21 percent, L higher, Miscellaneous rose 1. 0.56 and 0.85 percent down r (a) backed The rumor of the weekend, of	n the risk of owing extra money o oon payment'. (b) door cer-processor starts with the sale operating, processing, taxes an (b) netback easing soared 8.0 percent, Indu 05 percent, Holding jumped 3.66 espectively.	depending on the value of the pro- (c) end es price of the processed gas or d transportation) to determine v (c) well head strials were 0.84 percent up, Co 5 percent, but Insurance and Inv (c) stalled	roperty when you return it; this (d) face products, and then subtracts alue of the gas when production (d) wildcat nstruction ended 2.83 percent estment the trend to end (d) stilled on a huge potential merger

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 222 Business buzzwords: Phone rules

Q1		tenance of such telephone lines on se of a portable telephone on the Fi (b) box		or member organization; the
			· · · · -	
Q2	-	he Greenspan' — a belief that imp more cash into the system; but (b) hedge	-	
		(b) heage		
Q3		of the biggest emerging markets s rtunities created by a recent slump (b) border		
Q4		on John Reese's analysis of Lynch in the moderate 10 percent to 19 per (b) stable	-	
	(a) solid		(C) Statwart	
Q5		re the big winners, with both curren o quality' had had a limited impact o idespread. (b) return		
Q6	bond; these issues are at a high fiscal situation lead to a re-evalu		ng interest rate and when improven	nents in the issuing company's
	(a) apocalypse	(b) Armageddon	(c) D-day	(d) doomsday
Q7		ion Mates Investment Fund has rise is the personification of self-confide '. (b) Investigate		
Q8	The term 'mortgage roll' cov	vers a variety of transactions that in	volve an agreement to transfer a m	ortgage pass-through security in
20	exchange for cash, generally at		an agreement to transiel a li	iongayo pass-iniougn secuniy III
	<b>o o y</b>			(d) tootoio
	(a) dollar	(b) jelly	(c) sushi	(d) tootsie
Q9	I do not think it premature to con	clude that the entire financial indus	try of this country is riddled with fra	ud; as Newsweek observed, this
	is not a case of a few bad apples	s, it's the Theory — you see or	ne, you know there's a whole nest o	of the disgusting Dictyoptera.
	(a) Buzzard	(b) Cockroach	(c) Termite	(d) Vulture
Q10	permanent insiders consist of the	ed from purchasing or selling Comp e Company's (a) directors, (b) exect information because of the nature (b) material	utive officers and (c) those employe	
	-		-	

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 223 Business buzzwords: Compensation

91       A polden is an exceptional compensation package offered by an acquiring company to the top executives of the company being bought, meant to keep, them interested in retaining their positions; but it may not be in the best interests of shareholders. <ul> <li>(a) hello</li> <li>(b) life jacket</li> <li>(c) parametrial discretion with legally enforceable mandatary controls; it is required in the operation of many financial services organizations and is, therefore, parapas as significant to the financial word as Bell-LaPadu's policies are to the military.       <ul> <li>(a) Chinese Wall</li> <li>(b) Escape Hatch</li> <li>(c) Lobeter Trap</li> <li>(d) Yow of Silence</li> </ul> </li> <li>Of the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Addee achieved revenue of \$449.4 million and earnings per share vere \$0.30; the consensus estimates were to \$5505 million in revenue and \$0.20 in eps, which means that for the quarter Addee missed on the line but more than made it up by controling expenses.       <ul> <li>(a) black</li> <li>(b) battom</li> <li>(c) red</li> <li>(c) desk</li> <li>(d) top</li> <li>(d) top</li> <li>(e) back</li> <li>(b) case</li> <li>(c) desk</li> <li>(d) interpolating in positions; they are held in safekeeping for clients of a broker/dealer or for the broker/dealer itself in a physical location known as the factive</li></ul></li></ul>					
envices organizations and is, therefore, perhaps as significant to the financial world as Bell-LaPadula's policies are to the military.     (a) Chinese Wall     (b) Escape Hatch     (c) Lobeter Trap     (d) Voor O Silence       G3     In the first quarter of fiscal 2007, Adobe achieved revenue of \$649.4 million and earnings per share were \$0.30; the consensus estimates were for \$655 million in revenue and \$0.29 in ops, which means that for the quarter Adobe missed on the line but more than made it up by controlling expenses.     (a) botom     (c) red     (d) top       G4     (b) botom     (c) red     (d) top     (d) op       G4     (b) botom     (c) red     (d) safe       G4     (a) box     (b) case     (c) desk     (d) safe       G5     The Commission Order finds that vanious NYES specialists repeatedly engaged in unlawful proprietary trading, which took various forms, including, shoth sale are accounts between outsomer orders and rading ahead for their dealer accounts in front of executable agener orders on the same side of the market.       G4     A economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new members; stagnant growth of golf participation during the past five memory.     (a) torpoil       G4     A economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new reverses markets and enterprises, is closely linked to domestic memory.     (a) torpoil       G4     A economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new reverses markets and enterprises.     (a) cost       G4     (b) Interpolating     (c) alingi	Q1	bought, meant to keep them int	erested in retaining their positions; b	ut it may not be in the best interests	of shareholders.
were for \$655 million in revenue and \$0.29 in eps, which means that for the quarter Adobe missed on the line but more than made it up by controlling expenses.       (a) black       (b) bottom       (c) red       (d) top         Q4       Securities held by a brokerage firm that meet specific qualifications are used as collateral for securing brokers' loans or customers' margin positions; they are held in safekeeping for clients of a broker/dealer itself in a physical location known as the 'active'''''''''	Q2	services organizations and is, the	herefore, perhaps as significant to th	e financial world as Bell-LaPadula's	policies are to the military.
positions; they are held in safekeeping for clients of a broker/dealer or for the broker/dealer itself in a physical location known as the 'active ''	Q3	were for \$655 million in revenue by controlling expenses.	e and \$0.29 in eps, which means tha	t for the quarter Adobe missed on th	e line but more than made it up
Q5       The Commission's Order finds that various NYSE specialists repeatedly engaged in unlawful proprietary trading, which took various forms, including the firms' dealer accounts between customer orders and trading ahead for their dealer accounts in front of executable agency orders on the same side of the market.         (a) interpellating       (b) interpolating       (c) interposing       (d) interpositioning         Q6       A economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new members; stagnant growth of golf participation during the past five years, a surplus of private courses and the recession are prime reasons this is one of the best buyer's markets for private golf in recent memory.         (a) comatose       (b) lethargic       (c) sluggish       (d) torpid         Q7       The inter-relation of economic empire, both in terms of control over overseas markets and enterprises, is closely linked to domestic policies: tax cuts for the corporation and rich increase capital for export, and privatized social security adds billions in profits for Wall Street investment banks.         (a) building       (b) making       (c) raising       (d) shaping         Q8       Given that we approach the holiday season and that ANZ has potential further upside, a trading strategy referred to as may be an appropriate strategy for this stock; this option strategy involves buying a call option and selling two call options all with different strike prices. (a) a Christmas Tree       (b) an Easter Egg         (c) a Thanksgiving Turkey       (d) a Valentine       (d) suitero all into to tech buy or sell stocks, track their ups and downs, a	Q4	positions; they are held in safek	eeping for clients of a broker/dealer	or for the broker/dealer itself in a ph	ysical location known as the 'active
Q6       A economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new members; stagnant growth of golf participation during the past five years, a surplus of private courses and the recession are prime reasons this is one of the best buyer's markets for private golf in recent memory. <ul> <li>(a) comatose</li> <li>(b) lethargic</li> <li>(c) sluggish</li> <li>(d) torpid</li> </ul> <li>Q7</li> <li>The inter-relation of economic empire, both in terms of control over overseas markets and enterprises, is closely linked to domestic policies: tax cuts for the corporation and rich increase capital for export, and privatized social security ads billions in profits for Wall Street investment banks.         <ul> <li>(a) building</li> <li>(b) making</li> <li>(c) raising</li> <li>(d) shaping</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q8</li> <li>Given that we approach the holiday season and that ANZ has potential further upside, a trading strategy referred to as may be an appropriate strategy for this stock; this option strategy involves buying a call option and selling two call options all with different strike prices.                  <ul> <li>(a) a Christmas Tree</li> <li>(b) an Easter Egg</li> <li>(c) a Thanksgiving Turkey</li> <li>(d) a Valentine</li> <li>Q9</li> <li>This book highlights advanced technologies that might help you make decisions on when to buy or sell stocks, track their ups and downs, and analyze your portfolio, while you're at it; but don't forget, though they might give a bit of techie buzz to investing, there are limits to what science can do to help investors.</li></ul></li>	Q5	The Commission's Order finds a including the firms' dealer orders on the same side of the	that various NYSE specialists repeat accounts between customer orders a market.	edly engaged in unlawful proprietary	v trading, which took various forms,
policies: tax cuts for the corporation and rich increase capital for export, and privatized social security adds billions in profits for Wall Street investment banks.       (a) building       (b) making       (c) raising       (d) shaping         Q8       Given that we approach the holiday season and that ANZ has potential further upside, a trading strategy referred to as may be an appropriate strategy for this stock; this option strategy involves buying a call option and selling two call options all with different strike prices.       (a) a Christmas Tree       (b) an Easter Egg         (c) a Thanksgiving Turkey       (d) a Valentine       (d) a Valentine         Q9       This book highlights advanced technologies that might help you make decisions on when to buy or sell stocks, track their ups and downs, and analyze your portfolio, while you're at it; but don't forget, though try might give a bit of techie buzz to investing, there are limits to what science can do to help investors.       (d) silicon         Q10       up is a process where the company's assets will be gathered and will be used to pay all debts, and the cost of this process will be distributed anorthy is started to the company.	Q6	years, a surplus of private cours memory.	ses and the recession are prime reas	sons this is one of the best buyer's n	narkets for private golf in recent
appropriate strategy for this stock; this option strategy involves buying a call option and selling two call options all with different strike prices.         (a) a Christmas Tree       (b) an Easter Egg         (c) a Thanksgiving Turkey       (d) a Valentine         Q9       This book highlights advanced technologies that might help you make decisions on when to buy or sell stocks, track their ups and downs, and analyze your portfolio, while you're at it; but don't forget, though they might give a bit of techie buzz to investing, there are limits to what science can do to help investors.         (a) computer       (b) mental       (c) rocket       (d) silicon         Q10       up is a process where the company's assets will be gathered and will be used to pay all debts, and the balance for the cost of this process will be distributed among the shareholders according to their interests in the company.	Q7	policies: tax cuts for the corpora investment banks.	ation and rich increase capital for exp	port, and privatized social security a	dds billions in profits for Wall Street
and analyze your portfolio, while you're at it; but don't forget, though they might give a bit of techie buzz to investing, there are limits to what         science can do to help investors.         (a) computer       (b) mental         (c) rocket       (d) silicon         Q10       up is a process where the company's assets will be gathered and will be used to pay all debts, and the balance for the cost of this process will be distributed among the shareholders according to their interests in the company.	Q8	appropriate strategy for this sto (a) a Christmas Tree		ng a call option and selling two call o (b) an Easter Egg	-
Q10 up is a process where the company's assets will be gathered and will be used to pay all debts, and the balance for the cost of this process will be distributed among the shareholders according to their interests in the company.	Q9	and analyze your portfolio, while	e you're at it; but don't forget, though estors.	they might give a bit of techie buzz	to investing, there are limits to what
	Q10	up is a process where the	company's assets will be gathered a	nd will be used to pay all debts, and	

PHOTOCOPIABLE

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 224 Business buzzwords: Last increment bidding

Q1	-	ome of the participants in the PJN hing 1,000 \$/MW, and they also s		-
	(a) carrot	(b) hockey	(c) popsicle	(d) swizzle
Q2	I tell my broker, "Buy Soybeans	s at 662.50," but then I find out I w	as filled at 663.00, two ticks off m	y price: the two ticks is called
	(a) luggage	(b) overage	(c) selvage	(d) slippage
Q3		rwriter has no more of the issue to o offer, it is probable that the issue		
	(a) burnt	(b) clean	(c) dry	(d) gone
Q4		nagement since 1995 with over 1 n managing your time, customers, a		es Contact Manager makes it
	(a) Maximizer	(b) Optimizer	(c) Organizer	(d) Qualitizer
Q5		rk some interest, but the most mea y: if the make any aggressive	-	
	(a) FinMins	(b) ForMins	(c) LabMins	(d) LanMins
Q6	convertible rather than convert	on of holders of preferred stock to it; this effect explains the incl in the underlying common stock.		
	(a) clientele	(b) cumulative	(c) rebound	(d) redound
Q7	-	lollars at university IP portfolios wi gy that will take us to another nand DI that only IP is available?	-	
	(a) copycat	(b) daydream	(c) deadend	(d) lemming
Q8	-	on the floor of the NYSE whereby arrangement is beneficial to the f intaining trading requirements.		
	(a) Barrel	(b) Chop	(c) Pie	(d) Rind
Q9	person has 10 days to file a dis purchases, so purchases i	Exchange Act of 1934 stipulates the closure form; but during this perio may be larger than 5% of a target	d, the potential bidder can continu firm.	ue to make open market
	(a) knife edge	(b) pintail	(c) toehold	(d) wedge end
Q10	accused of buying and selling \$ risks they faced because of a s	cused of trading in shares of 333 million worth of shares at the s eries of trading errors and misund	same time — improperly taking bo erstandings.	oth sides of the trades — to cut
	(a) back	(b) flipside	(c) offset	(d) wash

Q1	Dr. Hossein Arsham of the University of Baltimore explains that in this diverse world of ours, no two things are exactly the same, and a statistician is interested in both the differences and the similarities; i.e., both and patterns.				
	(a) departures	(b) detractions	(c) disorders	(d) distractions	
Q2	The tables published expectancy of men and wo	by insurance companies reflormen at any given age.	lect their statistical analysis	of the average life	
	(a) actuarial	(b) calculation	(c) demogogic	(d) graduated	
Q3	From these numbers, the inpurchase a given amount		alculate the appropriate	for a particular individual to	
	(a) charges	(b) fees	(c) gratuities	(d) premiums	
Q4	•	criptive statistical techniques ar plots, and diagnostic plots		n,, Boxplot,	
	(a) Histograms	(b) Holograms	(c) Picograms	(d) Pictograms	
Q5	In examining distribution of data, you should be able to detect important characteristics, such as shape, location, variability, and unusual values, and from careful observations of patterns in data, you can generate about relationships among variables.				
	(a) conjectures	(b) conjunctions	(c) junctures	(d) juxtapositions	
Q6		iable may be associated with s through linear regression.	n another almost all of s	statistics, from simple	
	(a) penetrates	(b) peregrinates	(c) permeates	(d) permutates	
Q7	From the data collection p	lan, a statistical model can b	e formulated from which infe	erences can be	
	(a) drawn	(b) implied	(c) penned	(d) sketched	
Q8	As an example of statistica analysis.	al modeling with managerial	implications, such as 'what-i	f' analysis, regression	
	(a) acknowledge	(b) consider	(c) ponder	(d) regard	
Q9	need?' — this is an import	ne marketing managers are f ant and common statistical d variably leads to wasted reso	lecision, which should be giv		
	(a) all	(b) apt	(c) due	(d) long	
Q10	Your organization databas usually only a fraction	e contains a wealth of inforn n of it.	nation, yet the decision tech	nology group members can	
	(a) tap	(b) taste	(c) tell	(d) try	

Q1	Carter McNamara explains that views on management have changed over the past century — particularly in the past few decades.			
	(a) abundantly	(b) bountifully	(c) objectively	(d) substantially
Q2	•	nt Theory (1890-1940): At the ed, and often they included	-	-
	(a) term	(b) tip	(c) top	(d) turn
Q3	• •	scientific and technical r nd results, so management	-	asurement and
	(a) achieved	(b) awarded	(c) prized	(d) won
Q4	Frederick Taylor develope measurement of all organi	d the 'scientific managemen zational tasks.	t theory', which this care	eful specification and
	(a) engendered	(b) engineered	(c) espoused	(d) exposed
Q5		as much as possible, and wo	•	
	(a) assembly	(b) command	(c) control	(d) picket
Q6	focussing on dividing orga	ment Theory (1930-1950): M nizations into hierarchies to levelop comprehensive and d	establish strong lines of auth	nority and control; he
	(a) embattled	(b) embellished	(c) emblazoned	(d) embodied
Q7		vement (1930-today): Eventue theories, and more attentio	•	-
	(a) degenerating	(b) degrading	(c) dehumanizing	(d) denigrating
Q8	•	at the organization would pro ere added to organizations. w		as, and Human
	(a) before	(b) much	(c) possible	(d) well
Q9		layed a strong role in helping and its workers could be bet	-	f workers and how the
	(a) aligned	(b) alleviated	(c) assigned	(d) assuaged
Q10	Various new theories were	many based on the b	obavioral sciences (some ba	d names like theory 'X', 'Y'
	and 'Z').		enavioral sciences (some na	

Q1	Carter McNamara explains that contemporary theories of management tend to account for and help interpret the rapidly changing nature of today's organizational environments; as before in management history, these theories are in other sciences as well.			
	(a) precious	(b) precocious	(c) preserved	(d) prevalent
Q2		s that when managers make n those aspects that are key	•	nto all aspects of the ically, it's the approach of 'it
	(a) account	(b) concern	(c) effect	(d) focus
Q3		ing troops in the Persian Gu ore participative and facilitativ		-
	(a) autistic	(b) autocratic	(c) automatic	(d) autonomic
Q4		m is a collection of parts ture of the system is change		oal; if one part of the
	(a) unified	(b) unionized	(c) united	(d) unitized
Q5		d is not a system, because if functioning car is a system l		
	(a) carburetor	(b) cartridge	(c) combustor	(d) compressor
Q6	Systems theory has broug approaches organizations.	ht about a significant change	e, or shift, in the way ma	anagement studies and
	(a) paradigm	(b) paradox	(c) parallax	(d) parallel
Q7	Chaos theory recognizes that events indeed are rarely controlled; theorists suggest that systems naturally go to more complexity, and as they do so, these systems become more (or susceptible to cataclysmic events) and must expend more energy to maintain that complexity.			
	(a) versatile	(b) vertiginous	(c) volatile	(d) voluble
Q8	As they expend more energy, they seek more structure to maintain stability, and this trend continues until the system splits, combines with another complex system or falls entirely.			
	(a) apart	(b) asunder	(c) down	(d) through
Q9	The main behind this outcomes of seemingly un	theory is the underlying notion related events.	on of small occurrences sigr	ificantly affecting the
	(a) precept	(b) preview	(c) pursuit	(d) purview
Q10		ts, proponents of chaos theo er security, and that price ch		
	(a) plangent	(b) pungent	(c) stringent	(d) tangent

Q1		t the entrepreneurial life cycl epreneurship activities in glo		
	(a) garage	(b) garden	(c) toolbox	(d) trailer
Q2		eur who perceives an opportu plements a practical plan, ar		
	(a) assumes	(b) consumes	(c) presumes	(d) resumes
Q3	•	ence that entrepreneur almost all cases, the person	- ·	
	(a) draws	(b) makes	(c) puts	(d) sets
Q4		lks 'at work' is getting fired; the destruction		eurs is losing their home,
	(a) imbroglio	(b) intaglio	(c) portfolio	(d) scenario
Q5		management as the practice s of new business as w	- ·	
	(a) instigating	(b) invigorating	(c) venturing	(d) verifying
Q6		al management is continually s and objectives, growth stra vision of success.		
	(a) belaying	(b) bobbling	(c) jousting	(d) juggling
Q7	These vital management is	ssues and activities play	in what we call the entrepre	eneurial life cycle.
	(a) about	(b) on	(c) out	(d) through
Q8	It was once said that entre entrepreneurship as less	preneurship is a lot like drivin and more methodical.	ng fast on an icy road, but w	e prefer to think of
	(a) feckless	(b) intuitive	(c) prohibitive	(d) reckless
Q9		inual problem-solving proces sing, obscure, or not clearly		a huge puzzle; at first
	(a) anacrostic	(b) crossword	(c) jigsaw	(d) sudoku
Q10		ent, complexity, scale of org		
	(a) builders'	(b) creators'	(c) founders'	(d) progenitors'

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 229 The entrepreneurial life cycle (2): The seven stages

Q1	Opportunity Recognition: This period is quite literally the 'pre-start' analysis; it often occurs over a considerable period of time ranging from one month to ten years.			
	(a) degustation	(b) digression	(c) generation	(d) gestation
Q2	Opportunity Focusing: This out shaky ideas and e	s is a 'sanity check', a go/no- exposes gaping holes.	go stage gate for part-time e	entrepreneurs because it
	(a) fades	(b) fixes	(c) fleshes	(d) forms
Q3	It is important to include ob opportunity and come to op	jective, viewpoints bec pposite conclusions.	ause different people can in	vestigate the same
	(a) exterior	(b) extraneous	(c) outer	(d) outside
Q4	Commitment of Resources their job.	: Most entrepreneurs see co	mmitment as incorporating	their business or quitting
	(a) day	(b) good	(c) only	(d) real
Q5		ts with developing the busine mount of time evenings		
	(a) into	(b) out of	(c) over	(d) through
Q6	Market Entry: The entrepreneur is committed with a very simple organization, the resources were correctly according to the business plan, and the first sales were made.			
	(a) allocated	(b) disbursed	(c) reimbursed	(d) relocated
Q7		profitable, reasonable object the entrepreneur can chose		-
	(a) infusion	(b) insertion	(c) insurgence	(d) intrusion
Q8	or will become big compan	or the venture could remain s ies; they are not fast growth production and management	potential because there is r	
	(a) feasible	(b) forcible	(c) saleable	(d) scalable
Q9	team is implementing the v	ow the venture is a market leventure's growth strategy through the strategy through the strategy through the strategy and the strategy through the strategy the strategy through the strategy the strategy through the strategy the strategy the strategy the strategy the strategy the st	ough global expansion, acqu	s professional management uisitions, and mergers as
	(a) flushed	(b) rinsed	(c) washed	(d) wrung
Q10		stage is focused on capturing are an initial public offering o		
	(a) cultivating	(b) harvesting	(c) harrowing	(d) seeding

Q1				
Q,		imum number of orders; i.e. by	orice by looking at his 'book'; he looking at the buy and sell offe (c) opening	
	(a) baying	(b) closing	(c) opening	(d) sennig
Q2	research; "typically, it's a lag phenomenon has run its cou	ging," he says, "if they're a rse and has already peaked."	ith soccer moms are good plac asking me about resource or teo	ch stocks, you know the
	(a) factor	(b) indicator	(c) market	(d) strategy
Q3	than its audience share — he	ence the name of this effect am	ion station gains a bigger share ong media buyers, 'the power .	······'·
	(a) house	(b) pack	(c) ratio	(d) share
Q4		-	some sectors to ' bit' stocks nedia reports) that we are in for	s (you know 3/8, 1/2, 3/4) and r even more troubling times.
	(a) drill	(b) inch	(c) little	(d) part
Q5		· · · · ·	elony charges that identified hin n \$5 million worth of life insuran	-
	(a) screening	(b) sheeting	(c) slating	(d) sweeping
Q6	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell	e US and other nations now be ing not only technology for enri g secrets needed to fabricate no	ching nuclear fuel, but also son	-
Q6	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell	ing not only technology for enri	ching nuclear fuel, but also son	-
Q6 Q7	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with	ing not only technology for enri g secrets needed to fabricate no (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads.	(d) underground out how the company will be
	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i	ing not only technology for enri g secrets needed to fabricate no (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab	(d) underground out how the company will be
	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us (a) ankle-biter	ing not only technology for enri g secrets needed to fabricate nu (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of s). (b) back-biter	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab acquisitions is not a strategy (c) nail-biter	(d) underground out how the company will be (although I like and use (d) over-biter
Q7	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us (a) ankle-biter	ing not only technology for enri g secrets needed to fabricate nu (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of s). (b) back-biter	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab acquisitions is not a strategy	(d) underground out how the company will be (although I like and use (d) over-biter
Q7	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us (a) ankle-biter To announce that a forex tran (a) Aye I've been trying to understan	ing not only technology for enri- g secrets needed to fabricate nu (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of s). (b) back-biter der wants to buy he/she may sa (b) Here d why General Motors is so opp byees, is supporting the number	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab acquisitions is not a strategy (c) nail-biter ay or type ''; this would also	<ul> <li>and of the darkest of the bomb</li> <li>(d) underground</li> <li>and the company will be (although I like and use</li> <li>(d) over-biter</li> <li>be known as taking the offer.</li> <li>(d) Mine</li> <li>and the offer of the best of the</li></ul>
Q7 Q8	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us (a) ankle-biter To announce that a forex tra- (a) Aye I've been trying to understan company with 300,000 emplo	ing not only technology for enri- g secrets needed to fabricate nu (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of s). (b) back-biter der wants to buy he/she may sa (b) Here d why General Motors is so opp byees, is supporting the number	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab acquisitions is not a strategy (c) nail-biter ay or type ''; this would also (c) In	<ul> <li>and of the darkest of the bomb</li> <li>(d) underground</li> <li>and the company will be (although I like and use</li> <li>(d) over-biter</li> <li>be known as taking the offer.</li> <li>(d) Mine</li> <li>and the offer of the best of the</li></ul>
Q7 Q8	scientist A. Q. Khan was sell makers' arts: the engineering (a) black I do have a big problem with dominant for years to come i MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us (a) ankle-biter To announce that a forex tra- (a) Aye I've been trying to understan company with 300,000 emplo 800,000, almost triple the siz (a) legacy The for the Google IPO	ing not only technology for enri- g secrets needed to fabricate nu- (b) cellar the fact that Yahoo! has failed ndependently; doing lots of s). (b) back-biter der wants to buy he/she may sa (b) Here d why General Motors is so opp oyees, is supporting the number te. (b) overrun appeared in 'The Wall Street J e issue was priced, and a total s	ching nuclear fuel, but also son uclear warheads. (c) gray to articulate a clear strategy ab acquisitions is not a strategy (c) nail-biter ay or type ''; this would also (c) In pressed by costs, and I thi r of retirees appropriate for a co	he of the darkest of the bomb (d) underground (d) underground (d) the company will be (although I like and use (d) over-biter (d) over-biter (d) Mine (d) Mine (d) Mine (d) Sunk (d) sunk

Q1	Traders like the rounding botton expectations are gradually shift	m in stock pattern because it ing from bearish to bullish.	can be an indication of a positive	e market reversal, meaning
	(a) a J. Lo	(b) an L.L. Bean	(c) an L.S./M.F.T.	(d) an S.R.O
Q2	-	of buyers for such a large block, G t or accept a price for the blo	_	ing position; he might have to sell Id not achieve full value for his
	(a) bargain-sale	(b) fire-sale	(c) garage-sale	(d) seat-sale
Q3		Pruitt, the head of the McClatchy ( I for the dinosaur graveyard, Mr. F		
	(a) gold	(b) grey	(c) silver	(d) white
Q4	-			porations: a political system no democracy; it is a kleptocracy
	(a) billionaire	(b) building	(c) red	(d) robber
Q5	-	n one go would have done better u		cortfolio? — one study shows that regular staged payments because (d) force
Q6		Womack (1999), analysts may co an unfavorable market response t		creasing the strength of their
	(a) booster	(b) long	(c) parting	(d) slap
Q7	virtually guaranteed changes in from profiting from it on the ope		s the street; anyone with decent i	nsider information is prevented
	(a) dips	(b) drops	(c) taps	(d) tops
Q8			titors complied with the minimum	of products, and this gave Coop environmental requirements only,
	(a) first-claimer	(b) first-comer	(c) first-maker	(d) first-mover
Q9	that it is almost impossible to tu spread 'eating the investor alive		ection the underlier moves; the te	rm originates from the idea of the
	(a) A cannibal	(b) An alligator	(c) An anteater	(d) A sashimi
Q10		orter, describes techniques used b hat can be deposited into banking	-	
	(a) slurping	(b) smurfing	(c) spilling	(d) splitting

Q1	SAP tech Agassi resigns: The world's largest enterprise software application vendor announced on Wednesday that Shai Agassi is departing at the end of the week as president of SAP's product and technology group.			
	(a) honcho	(b) macho	(c) nacho	(d) poncho
Q2		ath the surface before they risk research & DD so I could get i		mean, really do you expect
	(a) fifo	(b) info	(c) momo	(d) papa
Q3	everyone now calls the agen	ek for the Washington Public Po cy, formally declared that it co ndoned nuclear power plants ir	uld not repay \$2.25 billion in bo	
	(a) Poops	(b) Spews	(c) Whoops	(d) Yipes
Q4	month; the word is that he's	ry secretary, is making conting planning to issue a new tranch and the bond, with no prin	e of paper — the Gingrich bond	-
	(a) Bush	(b) Carter	(c) Clinton	(d) Obama
Q5		a regulated, inflation-ridden en t to extend into the future, it do		·
	(a) beam	(b) bean	(c) boom	(d) boon
Q6	There is still a compelling ca and stability than smaller cor	se for, as they offer more npanies.	room for growth than larger co	mpanies and greater safety
	(a) mid-bizzes	(b) mid-caps	(c) mid-corps	(d) mid-incs
Q7	summaries of how the invest	science, most investment man or feels about investment risk, ofit when the markets are going	how much market fluctua	ategories; these categories are tions can be tolerated, and
	(a) downoida			
	(a) downside	(b) offside	(c) outside	(d) upside
Q8	EXFO Electro-Optical Engine Securities and Exchange Co province relating to a propos	eering Inc. announced today it mmission and a preliminary ed initial public offering of 6,00	has filed a registration stateme with the securities commiss 0,000 shares of its subordinate	ent with the United States ions in each Canadian e voting shares.
	EXFO Electro-Optical Engine Securities and Exchange Co province relating to a propos (a) draft	eering Inc. announced today it mmission and a preliminary ed initial public offering of 6,00 (b) mission statement	has filed a registration stateme with the securities commiss 0,000 shares of its subordinate (c) prospectus	ent with the United States ions in each Canadian e voting shares. (d) synopsis
Q8 Q9	EXFO Electro-Optical Engine Securities and Exchange Co province relating to a propos (a) draft A financial is an online j and information, also providi	eering Inc. announced today it mmission and a preliminary ed initial public offering of 6,00	has filed a registration stateme with the securities commiss 0,000 shares of its subordinate (c) prospectus information on the finance indu	ent with the United States ions in each Canadian e voting shares. (d) synopsis ustry, commenting on news
	EXFO Electro-Optical Engine Securities and Exchange Co province relating to a propos (a) draft A financial is an online j and information, also providi	eering Inc. announced today it mmission and a preliminary ed initial public offering of 6,00 (b) mission statement ournal that provides news and ng stock analysis based on bot	has filed a registration stateme with the securities commiss 0,000 shares of its subordinate (c) prospectus information on the finance indu	ent with the United States ions in each Canadian e voting shares. (d) synopsis ustry, commenting on news
	EXFO Electro-Optical Engine Securities and Exchange Co province relating to a propose (a) draft A financial is an online j and information, also providi casual than an article and of (a) blog	eering Inc. announced today it mmission and a preliminary ed initial public offering of 6,00 (b) mission statement ournal that provides news and ng stock analysis based on bot ten reflects the personal opinio	has filed a registration stateme with the securities commiss 0,000 shares of its subordinate (c) prospectus information on the finance indu- h fundamental and technical p n of the its writer. (c) home page	ent with the United States ions in each Canadian e voting shares. (d) synopsis ustry, commenting on news rinciples; the style is more (d) web

Q1	• •	are competing to get a bigger s and sell without revealing their		usiness of currency
	(a) anonymous	(b) generic	(c) ninja	(d) pseudonym
Q2	and what followed was a bloc		tion caused by 'dot bombs' — c	double its value a year earlier, companies launched with great iful revenue model. (d) massacre
Q3	devastating depression.	n itself, though large in its own r		-
	(a) boneyard	(b) cemetary	(c) funeral	(d) graveyard
Q4	Romeo from its floundering p	Executive G. Richard Wagoner parent, Fiat Auto, in which GM h /e can reactivate it with new mo	nas a 20% stake: "The Alfa brai	ian sports car maker Alfa nd is like a sleeping," says
	(a) baby	(b) beauty	(c) giant	(d) pill
Q5	in gas prices, and the power	financing for a power station pr tariff was linked to the Europea tching the profile of the corpora	an inflation index; so ABN AMR	as exposed to the risk of a rise O structured and traded a
	(a) bumper car	(b) ferris wheel	(c) merry-go-round	(d) roller-coaster
Q6	while the legacy investment-	lly frustrating to bondholders, a grade fallen bonds droppe uarantee the Georgia Pacific bo	d by 12 points after double-A p	
	(a) angel	(b) arch	(c) hero	(d) idol
Q7	•	nies in America are seeking to the only consideration is profit,		g away from conventional ocial and environmental impact
	(a) bottom	(b) fine	(c) green	(d) red
Q8	and institutional: our press re	istribution services will get your elease enhancement services g our EmailWire and FaxWire ser	ive you expanded coverage on	otential investors, both retail the wires as well as the ability
	(a) Side	(b) Slide	(c) Road	(d) Trade
Q9	synonymous with following th	he United States stock markets ne performance of stocks and the performark	neir markets as it is with heroes	s' welcomes and parades.
	synonymous with following th (a) bid slip	ne performance of stocks and th (b) bookmark	neir markets as it is with heroes (c) post-it note	s' welcomes and parades. (d) ticker tape
Q9 Q10	synonymous with following th (a) bid slip	ne performance of stocks and the	neir markets as it is with heroes (c) post-it note	s' welcomes and parades. (d) ticker tape

Q1			d most if not all states have com s in restraint of trade having stric (c) Oligopoly	· · · ·
Q2	-	to maintain a career (usually the	out that kind of cutback can mea e man) while the other parent so	
	(a) chav	(b) dewk	(c) dink	(d) neet
Q3	broker just has to lift the offer		e quotation and get the trade do e futures market is rocking and me to try to finesse the prices.	
	(a) hit	(b) spot	(c) strike	(d) take
Q4		formance of the market, but for	ire Hathaway and arguably the the last few years he has been i	-
	(a) Kenneth Thomson	(b) Paul Allen	(c) Sheldon Adelson	(d) Warren Buffett
Q5	•		don't bother with since a few gr at one day will grow large enoug (c) humongous	ams of profit won't help them at gh to attract the investors. (d) jumbo
Q6	-	-	long term excess returns of zer in George A. Ackerlof's terms, th	ro, blurred by a short term noise nese firms are
	(a) bagmen	(b) burglars	(c) lemons	(d) losers
Q7	·	e trading hours: the system will	k on the HKE is determined by take up 5 snapshots on the nom	
	(a) average	(b) closing	(c) opening	(d) transaction
Q8	The effect is related to the 'linearly', and they believe in t		formed by millions of investors	and traders: many people think
	(a) Friday	(b) Saturday	(c) Sunday	(d) Monday
Q9	cases, a company decides th		ness than be acquired, so they in	ny would have to pay off; in rare ntentionally rack up enough
	(a) Baghdad	(b) Jonestown	(c) New Orleans	(d) Waco
Q10	complexities of today's busine		sibility, a history that has grown a global society; our founder, W company and our people. (c) social	
	(a) communar		(0) 300101	

Q1	Donald R. Clark explains t goals.	hat the organization's base .	on management's philo	sophy, values, vision and
	(a) reclines	(b) rests	(c) sets	(d) sits
Q2	This in turn the organ organization, and the socia	izational culture, which is co al environment.	mposed of the formal organ	ization, informal
	(a) drives	(b) forces	(c) leads	(d) whips
Q3	The culture determines the	e type of leadership, commu	nication, and group with	nin the organization.
	(a) dynamics	(b) kinetics	(c) physics	(d) psychics
Q4	·	as the quality of work life wh e, individual, and perso	-	
	(a) salutation	(b) satiation	(c) satisfaction	(d) saturation
Q5	-	ional model, the basis is pow wards and dependence	-	ation of authority, while the
	(a) obduracy	(b) obedience	(c) obeisance	(d) observance
Q6	The employee need that is	s met is subsistence, and the	e performance result is	
	(a) median	(b) menial	(c) minimal	(d) modest
Q7	•	onal model, the basis is ecor riented towards security and		-
	(a) finances	(b) funds	(c) money	(d) wages
Q8	The employee need that is	s met is security, and the per	formance result is coop	peration.
	(a) passive	(b) pensive	(c) penurious	(d) persuasive
Q9		tional model, the basis is lea wards job performance and		rientation of, while the
	(a) success	(b) succession	(c) support	(d) supposition
Q10		nal model, the basis is partn d towards responsible behav		entation of teamwork, while
	(a) solf awaranass	(b) solf consciousness	(c) colf control	(d) solf discipling

(a) self-awareness (b) self-consciousness (c) self-control (d) self-discipline

Q1	• •	hip Page' remarks that altho erates exclusively in one; the odels.	•	•
	(a) nominal	(b) normal	(c) predominant	(d) prejudicial
Q2	The first model, autocratic, organization out of M	, had its roots in the industria cGregor's Theory X.	al revolution, and the manag	ers of this type of
	(a) elucidate	(b) emerge	(c) operate	(d) originate
Q3	The next three models beg and there is no 'best'	jin to build on McGregor's TI model.	neory Y; they have each evo	lved over a period of time
	(a) one	(b) simple	(c) singular	(d) very
Q4		ex set of human relationship the people in it and their rela		-
	(a) entire	(b) outside	(c) public	(d) real
Q5	Also, the social system do around it.	es not have; it exchang	es goods, ideas, culture, etc	with the environment
	(a) boundaries	(b) containment	(c) isolation	(d) parameters
Q6		(b) containment behavior of a society that		
Q6		. ,		
Q6 Q7	Culture is the conventiona (a) delimits	behavior of a society that	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses
	Culture is the conventiona (a) delimits	behavior of a society that (b) descries	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses
	Culture is the conventiona (a) delimits It influences human behav (a) at	behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom e	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to
Q7	Culture is the conventiona (a) delimits It influences human behav (a) at People depend on culture,	l behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom e (b) in	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to
Q7	Culture is the conventiona (a) delimits It influences human behav (a) at People depend on culture, situation. (a) react	l behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom e (b) in as it gives them stability, se	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into curity, understanding, and th (c) reply	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to ne ability to to a given (d) respond
Q7 Q8	Culture is the conventional (a) delimits It influences human behave (a) at People depend on culture, situation. (a) react Individualization is when e	l behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom e (b) in as it gives them stability, se (b) reflect	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into curity, understanding, and th (c) reply	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to ne ability to to a given (d) respond
Q7 Q8	Culture is the conventional (a) delimits It influences human behave (a) at People depend on culture, situation. (a) react Individualization is when e culture. (a) excite The match that organization	l behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom e (b) in as it gives them stability, se (b) reflect mployees successfully	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into curity, understanding, and th (c) reply influence on the social syste (c) exert cialization and high individua	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to the ability to to a given (d) respond em by challenging the (d) exhort
Q7 Q8 Q9	Culture is the conventional (a) delimits It influences human behave (a) at People depend on culture, situation. (a) react Individualization is when e culture. (a) excite The match that organization	l behavior of a society that (b) descries ior, even though it seldom er (b) in as it gives them stability, se (b) reflect mployees successfully (b) exempt	beliefs, customs, knowle (c) encloses nters their conscious th (c) into curity, understanding, and th (c) reply influence on the social syste (c) exert cialization and high individua	dge, and practices. (d) encompasses ought. (d) to the ability to to a given (d) respond em by challenging the (d) exhort

Q1		yst at CSAM, comments that ether risk and return into one		
	(a) maxiperformance	(b) megaperformance	(c) outperformance	(d) overperformance
Q2	strategies, whereby t	recently been a gradual shift he portfolio is composed of h ducts that are focused on alp	nighly risk-controlled 'core' p	· ·
	(a) distinct	(b) diffused	(c) unequal	(d) unique
Q3		egy is typically composed of and managed within very		rates strategies invested
	(a) lax	(b) slack	(c) taut	(d) tight
Q4	-	de traditional equity and fixe arks such as the S&P 500 a		
	(a) formally	(b) formerly	(c) respectfully	(d) respectively
Q5		the investor to select more core component and provide		
	(a) faster	(b) finer	(c) lesser	(d) lower
Q6	Within this space, investor	(b) finer is have the opportunity to ad ids, commodities and proper	d more specialist asset class	ses, including absolute
Q6	Within this space, investor	s have the opportunity to ad	d more specialist asset class	ses, including absolute
Q6 Q7	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas	s have the opportunity to ad ids, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables
	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income wo	s have the opportunity to ad ids, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables
	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income we the satellite component of (a) disbursed However, while investors a	s have the opportunity to ad ids, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova a portfolio.	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries ative alpha generating strates (c) distributed with asset classes such as c	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables gies can be employed as (d) diversified onvertibles, high yield and
Q7	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income we the satellite component of (a) disbursed However, while investors a	s have the opportunity to ad ads, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova a portfolio. (b) distended are becoming more familiar v	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries ative alpha generating strates (c) distributed with asset classes such as c	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables gies can be employed as (d) diversified onvertibles, high yield and
Q7	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income we the satellite component of (a) disbursed However, while investors a emerging debt, a num (a) class	s have the opportunity to ad ads, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova a portfolio. (b) distended are becoming more familiar w nber of new credit products a	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries ative alpha generating strates (c) distributed with asset classes such as c also make attractive satellite (c) market	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables gies can be employed as (d) diversified onvertibles, high yield and components. (d) nation
Q7 Q8	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income we the satellite component of (a) disbursed However, while investors a emerging debt, a num (a) class	s have the opportunity to ad ads, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova a portfolio. (b) distended are becoming more familiar w nber of new credit products a (b) interest	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries ative alpha generating strates (c) distributed with asset classes such as c also make attractive satellite (c) market	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables gies can be employed as (d) diversified onvertibles, high yield and components. (d) nation
Q7 Q8	Within this space, investor return products, hedge fur (a) agendas Within the fixed income we the satellite component of (a) disbursed However, while investors a emerging debt, a num (a) class One asset class that is be (a) attention These products have been	s have the opportunity to ad ads, commodities and proper (b) budgets orld, a broad range of innova a portfolio. (b) distended are becoming more familiar w nber of new credit products a (b) interest ginning to receive more	d more specialist asset class ty depending on individual r (c) itineraries ative alpha generating strates (c) distributed with asset classes such as c also make attractive satellite (c) market . is asset backed securities ( (c) effort g technique called, whe	ses, including absolute isk (d) tables gies can be employed as (d) diversified (d) diversified onvertibles, high yield and components. (d) nation ABS). (d) pressure reby a company will pool its

Q1	Ope Agbaje, the ABS anal for investors asset ba	yst at CSAM, goes on to exp cked securities.	plain that there are a number	of important advantages
	(a) filing	(b) holding	(c) keeping	(d) seeking
Q2		to a liquid, fixed income inve ternative to a corporate bond	•	
	(a) a lucrative	(b) an attractive	(c) an elective	(d) a seductive
Q3		s, or assets which investors v ises, make up the pool of as	•	cess to, such as loans to
	(a) bound	(b) fixed	(c) illiquid	(d) restricted
Q4		d bonds, which are fully depe any, asset backed securities		
	(a) excluded	(b) exclusive	(c) remote	(d) removed
Q5	Typically, they are legally a assets, transferred and	separated from the originator	r and rely entirely on the per	formance of the ring-fenced
	(a) guaranteed	(b) pledged	(c) sworn	(d) vowed
Q6		iying the securities is not Ids represent one of the mor		•
	(a) engaged	(b) entailed	(c) exposed	(d) extended
Q7		lso benefit from external pro t ensures the quality of the is		
	(a) overruns	(b) shortcomings	(c) shortfalls	(d) windfalls
Q8	home loans, can be more	vestor is that the risk associa easily calculated using adva other fixed income debt suc	nced quantitative techniques	
	(a) accuracy	(b) objectivity	(c) subjectivity	(d) subtlety
Q9		al approach can be more rele sting of thousands of loans.	evant for some asset back b	onds that have a
	(a) disparate	(b) homogenous	(c) motley	(d) unique
		()		
Q10		ng been a key component of nany investors to the ABS m		es, the search for new

Q1	Swedish unions do not rely as a result of group pressu	y much on formal organizing ure.	campaigns; employees join	either of their own or
	(a) decision	(b) purpose	(c) volition	(d) willpower
Q2	-	risky business, as unions co ployees is against the law, in	•	ion; though any form of s acting together with
	(a) derogation	(b) discrimination	(c) ostracization	(d) segregation
Q3		ervice sector are significantly ound 70 per cent, a figure the	•	•
	(a) hover	(b) idle	(c) sidle	(d) quiver
Q4		d now accounts for some 30 to the same extent as others		oyment; however, atypical
	(a) bloomed	(b) blossomed	(c) flowered	(d) mushroomed
Q5	The reason seems to be the membership.	nat they are more to exp	ploitation and so have more	to gain from union
	(a) amenable	(b) amicable	(c) viable	(d) vulnerable
Q6	Effective collective ar	rangements exist in all secto	ors of the economy.	
	(a) bargaining	(b) contracting	(c) dealing	(d) striking
Q7	Even the temporary work I	business is unionized and co	overed by a collective a	greement.
	(a) comprehensible	(b) comprehensive	(c) exhaustive	(d) inexhaustible
Q8		make salaries respond to cl extremely difficult to change	•	
	(a) rigged	(b) rigid	(c) seated	(d) set
Q9	-	egotiate extra high pay incre ely demand — and fight hard	· ·	
	(a) redo	(b) remake	(c) undo	(d) unmake
Q10	Unions have a monop a market not governed by	poly on collective pay regula collective agreements.	tion since there is no free lal	oour market in the sense of
	(a) de facto	(b) de jure	(c) in vitro	(d) in vivo

Q1		e has shifted certain stocks to th ught and the quantity you have urb trading. (b) reciprocal	-	
			(c) yo-yo	
Q2	caused by an exogenous cap Mexican peso in December 1		of confidence of foreign investo	rs after the collapse of the
	(a) Lambada	(b) Tequila	(c) Tortilla	(d) Zedillo
Q3		Theory (PECT) of stock price opular measures are necessary th of the economy.		
	(a) Consequence	(b) Control	(c) Corollary	(d) Cycle
Q4	through hard times; this mean reserves to meet pro rata nee		6 of your total allocation up fror	nt, and make certain you have
	(a) flour	(b) powder	(c) socks	(d) vermouth
Q5	this kind of could only be	could only be a Microsoft inside e from a disgruntled employee	on the Office or XML dev team	
	(a) blob	(b) boob	(c) plop	(d) poop
Q6	acquisition arises; one is the	d acquisitions has raised issues application of the golden r employees and directors on a cl	ules of Sec. 280G, regarding s	
	(a) arches	(b) booty	(c) life jacket	(d) parachute
Q7	the same amount of electricit	n and chief executive of CMS E y is exchanged at the same prio vholesale power markets than it (b) double-dealing	ce between two players — was	
Q8		ny funds become index: Do ney begin behaving increasingly		no more than 50 stocks to be
	(a) huggers	(b) matchers	(c) stalkers	(d) trackers
Q9	Examples of leaders are	e the executives of Enron, who	stowed away millions of dollars	until they were finally caught.
	(a) honeybee	(b) leprechaun	(c) squirrel	(d) stevedore
Q10	told by its various advocates them to dizzy heights.	was all the rage, spurred by the was that aging baby boomers w	would invest lots of disposable	income in the markets, driving
	(a) Babyshares	(b) Babybaiting	(c) Boomeranging	(d) Boomernomics

Q1	-		n Wednesday, after the casin at \$85 in extended-hours trac	
	(a) ball	(b) bell	(c) mark	(d) market
Q2	Paulson, issued a buy sigr	nal; "The president's econom	of the 12,000 level, Tean nic advisers are keeping an e none briefing from Paulson th	eye on the markets," said a
	(a) Plunge	(b) Poke	(c) Prod	(d) Pump
Q3		<b>c</b> , , ,	e runs more than five minute ow the current price of a hea	· ·
	(a) flash	(b) quick	(c) spot	(d) zip
Q4	The strategy places b maturity of the portfolio.	oonds only in very short and	very long maturities, making	it easy to shift the average
	(a) bottleneck	(b) dumbbell	(c) hourglass	(d) pendulum
Q5	refers mostly to the st Australian companies.	tocks on the All Ordinaries ir	ndex, which is composed of 2	280 of the most active
	(a) Kangaroos	(b) Kiwis	(c) Koalas	(d) Kookaburras
Q6	•		f auditors; it is a different act he right answer, and is in fact	, ,
	(a) combing	(b) gleaning	(c) shopping	(d) trawling
Q7	, ,	• • •	it will be the much sought aft ne economists now are fored	-
	(a) slick	(b) smooth	(c) soft	(d) sweet
Q8	Resources (BR) would cre	•	bcoPhillips (COP) and buy-re tock market capitalization of our coverage.	0
	(a) bite	(b) buy	(c) cap	(d) corp
Q9	necessary, and to take a lo	<b>v v</b>	lom to make strategic acquis lucts and acquisitions, enabl ff them later.	
	(a) game	(b) hope	(c) treasure	(d) war
Q10		ublic distribution: they are m is they are incomplete and n	neant to be a rough introduct ot necessarily accurate.	ion to the company about to
	(a) Cheatsheets	(b) Dope sheets	(c) Greensheets	(d) Rap sheets

~ (				
Q1	Africa's existing labour law	with employers who have abo s, but NMG-Levy labour cons hips while wiping out this form	sultant Brian Allen says 'legis	
	(a) overdose	(b) overkill	(c) overload	(d) overrun
Q2	than the previous day's clo	-	ys in place until the NYA retu	es 150 points higher or lower urns to within 70 points of the
	(a) blocks	(b) brakes	(c) checks	(d) curbs
Q3		kens to the Hebrew slave wh ave a long-term memory-for		
	(a) Ben Hur	(b) Joseph	(c) Moses	(d) Spartacus
Q4		eport that the second half did oss and remain on for th		ement; we managed to more ntinue along this trend.
	(a) course	(b) line	(c) rise	(d) stream
Q5	might ignite, announced a	onth for Dell Inc, when it reca shockingly bad quarter and c e box' admits founder M	lisclosed that the SEC has la	-
	(a) black	(b) ice	(c) penalty	(d) trash
Q6		(b) ice ock for investment — named		
Q6				
Q6 Q7	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's	ock for investment — named	after the gorgeous star of th (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econ	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone
	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be	after the gorgeous star of th (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econ	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone
	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's after all, the average Amer (a) ABC There's a saying in the stor	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be ican already watches four ho	after the gorgeous star of th (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econ burs of TV a day. (c) CNN ht the" — what this mea	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone homy back into recession; (d) NBC ans is that when there's
Q7	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's after all, the average Amer (a) ABC There's a saying in the sto powerful selling going on a	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be ican already watches four ho (b) CBS ck world, that goes, "Don't fig	after the gorgeous star of th (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econ burs of TV a day. (c) CNN ht the" — what this mea	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone homy back into recession; (d) NBC ans is that when there's
Q7	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's after all, the average Amer (a) ABC There's a saying in the stor powerful selling going on a continue to decline. (a) rush Hedge fund managers will	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be rican already watches four ho (b) CBS ck world, that goes, "Don't fig against a stock, only the foolis (b) system often call analysts and prese ng; this does not always	after the gorgeous star of the (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econo ours of TV a day. (c) CNN the the" — what this means sh step in and start buying, b (c) tape	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone omy back into recession; (d) NBC ans is that when there's ecause the price is likely to (d) traffic ent as to why a stock
Q7 Q8	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's after all, the average Amer (a) ABC There's a saying in the stor powerful selling going on a continue to decline. (a) rush Hedge fund managers will deserves an upgraded ratio	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be rican already watches four ho (b) CBS ck world, that goes, "Don't fig against a stock, only the foolis (b) system often call analysts and prese ng; this does not always	after the gorgeous star of the (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econo ours of TV a day. (c) CNN the the" — what this means sh step in and start buying, b (c) tape	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone omy back into recession; (d) NBC ans is that when there's ecause the price is likely to (d) traffic ent as to why a stock
Q7 Q8	A stock is a perfect st (a) Bo Derek Most economists think it's after all, the average Amer (a) ABC There's a saying in the stor powerful selling going on a continue to decline. (a) rush Hedge fund managers will deserves an upgraded ratio enough of the time for the (a) dogging	ock for investment — named (b) Jennifer Lopez unlikely the effect will be rican already watches four ho (b) CBS (b) CBS ck world, that goes, "Don't fig against a stock, only the foolis (b) system often call analysts and prese ng; this does not always practice to persist. (b) drubbing rocess of identification, analy	after the gorgeous star of the (c) Marilyn Monroe e enough to tip the U.S. econ ours of TV a day. (c) CNN (c) CNN (c) CNN (c) tape (c) tape (c) tape (c) hassling	e movie '10'. (d) Sharon Stone omy back into recession; (d) NBC ans is that when there's ecause the price is likely to (d) traffic ent as to why a stock is or her rating, but it works (d) hounding

Q1	capitalists mitigate the rist (a) Invention	k of investing by developing a por (b) Investment	tfolio of young companies in a sir (c) Venture	ngle fund. (d) Vulture
Q2		vith the investigation into its suspe ff far fewer losses than its subsidi (b) dressing	-	
Q3		at odds with mainstream finance, ce of, who aim to exploit the		
	(a) arbitrageurs	(b) arbitrators	(c) saboteurs	(d) segregators
Q4	DoD funding will continue, and the year.	blemental for FY07 will ultimately as a result, we have less int	o our next fiscal year than we no	rmally would have at this point in
	(a) assurance	(b) confidence	(c) security	(d) visibility
Q5	Arkansas GOP Gov. Mike Huc participation by the patient."	a healthcare crisis is because, as a kabee, "there needs to be a trans	formation from a third-party insur	ance system to more financial
	(a) clout	(b) coin	(c) heart	(d) skin
Q6		buying and selling), so unless the		but there is brokerage to be paid money on that stock, may
	(a) churning	(b) crossing	(c) shuffling	(d) swinging
Q7		ies and music retailers agreed to hat the industry kept consumer CD I pricing'.		
	(a) fixing	(b) freezing	(c) setting	(d) squeezing
Q8	•	for policies designed to provide in can also be used to breach securi		-
	(a) bondage	(b) breakage	(c) leakage	(d) spillage
Q9		se way to communicate who you a rstanding your business in a way t		
	(a) A doorway	(b) An alley	(c) An elevator	(d) A sidewalk
Q10	If a trader is in a long position of	on a currency pair and the exchar xpecting as a catalyst for further r	ige rate moves upward in her fav	or a bit but fails to move past a

Q1	C C	embler-supplier relations histo I level of control over supply al		
	(a) kaizen	(b) keiretsu	(c) zaibatsu	(d) zamindari
Q2	popular means to achieve e	ed-income strategy of purchasi xcess returns compared to buy ectations hypothesis of the terr	ying-and-holding, despite its ir	- ,
	(a) Bumping	(b) Driving	(c) Riding	(d) Tracking
Q3	Resident Market Makers wo public limit orders in the rele	uld be able to vote to reduce t evant class of options.	he commission charge for the	(OBO) who keeps the
	(a) Official Book Orderly (c) Option Book Officer		(b) Old Boy Official (d) Order Book Official	
Q4	•	ntice people through various tants that promise quick, unrealis		
	(a) Bucket	(b) Bully	(c) Cadge	(d) Cellar
Q5		hat small or less productive fir s theory is often cited as a vali		
	(a) Infant	(b) Initial	(c) Spoonfed	(d) Subsidy
Q6	seeking the next, but th	ompanies need access to save ne typical investor thinks that h wledge, skill or luck to find a bl	e should avoid the small cap	
	(a) threebagger	(b) fourbagger	(c) sevenbagger	(d) tenbagger
Q7		tive to granting certain protect bid and the interest it generate		cause of the risk and expense
	(a) bucking	(b) racing	(c) rocking	(d) stalking
Q8		bear camp two years ago was momy was in danger of sliding	•	
	(a) bubble	(b) dip	(c) scoop	(d) trouble
Q9	Ultimately, Louis Rukeyser's you when to be in or out of t	s TV show, 'Wall Street Week', he market.	, made investing look too easy	r: you can't rely on to tell
	(a) elves	(b) entertainers	(c) ghosts	(d) hosts
Q10	Nicknamed "The Junk Bond for life from the securities in	King", Michael is credite dustry.	d with founding the high-yield	debt market but was banned
	(a) Faraday	(b) Fox	(c) Milken	(d) Moore

Q1	The global and national economic of restructuring in the past		al industries and firms, have	e a tremendous amount
	(a) overhauled	(b) overseen	(c) undergone	(d) underwritten
Q2	their, and the system	l economy was primarily com was characterized by shallc ystems distribute production	w integration versus the dee	
	(a) borders	(b) factories	(c) limits	(d) precincts
Q3	across firms and cou southward.	ntries have strengthened as	trade has greatly expanded	and production has moved
	(a) Boundaries	(b) Bridges	(c) Lineages	(d) Linkages
Q4	network-centric and a	rm control all of a company's a firm is disconnected from th rkers spread over 50 countri	ne customers it serves for in	•
	(a) objective	(b) perimeter	(c) perspective	(d) vantage
Q5		a diffusion of production, the firms and a proliferation		retail side as a result of
	(a) flight	(b) gun	(c) ten	(d) tier
Q6		cultural trade is partly a resu tural products, especially uno		
	(a) eventual	(b) potential	(c) preferential	(d) sequential
Q7		sed trade has been a restruc dominated by retail oligopolie	•	ragmented industry with low e fresh produce sold.
	(a) barriers	(b) methods	(c) obstacles	(d) rates
Q8	This has caused a change	e towards greater quality, sup	oply efficiencies, and pr	oduct differentiation.
	(a) chain	(b) production	(c) route	(d) side
Q9	the new requirements and	ation and higher standards h l a downward pressure on pr ecurity among workers in the	ices and wages, a widening	
	(a) dirt farmers	(b) landowners	(c) truck gardeners	(d) smallholders
Q10	Technological advanceme	ents hannen at such a ranid r	ate that it is hard for a count	rv to up and remain
	competitive.			

Q1		GDP has been increasing w rmediary goods as a result of		factured goods and a
	(a) accommodations	(b) commodities	(c) commonalities	(d) communications
Q2		g has been accompanied by gh rates of profits and profits (b) a tribute		% of which is to (d) attritional
• •				
Q3	<b>o o</b>	trade, countries are seeking ave often found difficulty in u		d position as they expand
	(a) capture	(b) contract	(c) control	(d) corral
Q4		sian countries have had succ ifficulty (e.g., Mexico has bee		atin America and t only with a small amount of
	(a) Mid	(b) South	(c) Sub	(d) Trans
Q5	China's rapid rise an a upgrading.	additional threat for most dev	eloping countries outside of <i>i</i>	Asia that have had trouble
	(a) portends	(b) poses	(c) posits	(d) posts
Q6		growth in per capita income		
	liberalization.	Washington Consensus of e	xport-led manufacturing grov	vth, deregulation, and
		Washington Consensus of e (b) meager	xport-led manufacturing grov (c) measly	vth, deregulation, and (d) menial
Q7	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates e	-	(c) measly economy, developing countri	(d) menial es will not be able to
Q7	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates a compete with China's abun	(b) meager even more fully in the global o	(c) measly economy, developing countri	(d) menial es will not be able to
Q7 Q8	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates of compete with China's abun affected. (a) adversely The increased market linka	<ul><li>(b) meager</li><li>even more fully in the global of dant supply of cheap labor a</li><li>(b) conversely</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countri</li> <li>nd developed infrastructure a</li> <li>(c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) menial</li> <li>es will not be able to</li> <li>and will therefore be</li> <li>(d) obversely</li> <li>ed considerable product and</li> </ul>
	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates of compete with China's abun affected. (a) adversely The increased market linka labor market: many in	<ul> <li>(b) meager</li> <li>even more fully in the global of dant supply of cheap labor a</li> <li>(b) conversely</li> <li>index that now characterize the second second</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countri</li> <li>nd developed infrastructure a</li> <li>(c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) menial</li> <li>es will not be able to</li> <li>and will therefore be</li> <li>(d) obversely</li> <li>ed considerable product and</li> </ul>
	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates a compete with China's abun affected. (a) adversely The increased market linka labor market: many in competition at the bottom. (a) acerbities	<ul> <li>(b) meager</li> <li>even more fully in the global of dant supply of cheap labor a</li> <li>(b) conversely</li> <li>uges that now characterize the dustries are now characterized</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countri nd developed infrastructure a</li> <li>(c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caused by oligopolies on top and</li> <li>(c) antonymies</li> <li>e of barriers to entry on the top</li> </ul>	(d) menial es will not be able to and will therefore be (d) obversely ed considerable product and increased supplier (d) asymmetries op, an abundant supply of
Q8	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates a compete with China's abun affected. (a) adversely The increased market linka labor market: many in competition at the bottom. (a) acerbities It is an endogenous process labor on the bottom, and the	<ul> <li>(b) meager</li> <li>even more fully in the global of dant supply of cheap labor a</li> <li>(b) conversely</li> <li>iges that now characterize the dustries are now characterize</li> <li>(b) anomalies</li> <li>is that is sustainable because</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countri nd developed infrastructure a</li> <li>(c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caused by oligopolies on top and</li> <li>(c) antonymies</li> <li>e of barriers to entry on the top</li> </ul>	(d) menial es will not be able to and will therefore be (d) obversely ed considerable product and increased supplier (d) asymmetries op, an abundant supply of
Q8	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates of compete with China's abund affected. (a) adversely The increased market linkat labor market: many in competition at the bottom. (a) acerbities It is an endogenous process labor on the bottom, and the excess global capacity. (a) base This has led to a value-ado	<ul> <li>(b) meager</li> <li>even more fully in the global of a dant supply of cheap labor a</li> <li>(b) conversely</li> <li>iges that now characterize the dustries are now characterized</li> <li>(b) anomalies</li> <li>is that is sustainable because a entry of more firms on the supple su</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countrind developed infrastructure at (c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caused by oligopolies on top and (c) antonymies</li> <li>e of barriers to entry on the to inverse even though many (c) first</li> </ul>	(d) menial es will not be able to and will therefore be (d) obversely ed considerable product and increased supplier (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) ground (d) ground
Q8 Q9	liberalization. (a) maugre And as China participates of compete with China's abund affected. (a) adversely The increased market linkat labor market: many in competition at the bottom. (a) acerbities It is an endogenous process labor on the bottom, and the excess global capacity. (a) base This has led to a value-ado	<ul> <li>(b) meager</li> <li>even more fully in the global of a dant supply of cheap labor a</li> <li>(b) conversely</li> <li>index that now characterize the dustries are now characterized</li> <li>(b) anomalies</li> <li>is that is sustainable because are entry of more firms on the firms on</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) measly</li> <li>economy, developing countrind developed infrastructure at (c) inversely</li> <li>e global economy have caused by oligopolies on top and (c) antonymies</li> <li>e of barriers to entry on the to inverse even though many (c) first</li> </ul>	(d) menial es will not be able to and will therefore be (d) obversely ed considerable product and increased supplier (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries (d) asymmetries

Q1		developing countries by mult e of these companies have a	•	
	(a) caused	(b) forced	(c) made	(d) set
Q2	These codes are take the firm ethically and in a r	en by companies over and al esponsible manner.	bove their legal obligations t	o treat the stakeholders of
	(a) initializations	(b) initials	(c) initiations	(d) initiatives
Q3	•	narrow view of pursuing onl onsibility, but while these co os.		• ·
	(a) decent	(b) deceptive	(c) decreased	(d) drastic
Q4		nenting these new corporate oning market for standards in fit.		-
	(a) altricial	(b) altruistic	(c) ulterior	(d) unrealistic
Q5		standards is kinked, with cor a huge adverse impact if a	• • •	
	(a) as	(b) that	(c) them	(d) up
Q6	vigilantes and verifiers (or	ns and consumers' desire fo ganizations that check that c and Social Accountability In	ompanies are actually follow	
	(a) procession	(b) production	(c) profusion	(d) proliferation
Q7		vigilantes or the verifiers to no confront the conditions on		volve the workers in
	(a) depth	(b) fact	(c) question	(d) situ
Q8	action; it therefore limits th	an inherent limitation, since e number of affected produc corporate codes of conduct v	cts, and since the worst	•
	(a) abuses	(b) constrictions	(c) excuses	(d) restrictions
Q9	While voluntary corporate	codes of conduct are a start	, they are not enough to fully	the problem.
	(a) address	(b) advance	(c) ascend	(d) assess
Q10	· ·	ps legislation) can improve t sultations by auditors and m	·	-
			( ) ·	

(a) inroads (b) outcomes (c) overviews (d) upgrades

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 248 The LS9203 Omni-Directional Presentation Scanner

Q1	With stiff competition and and stocking what your cu	commodity price constraints istomers want.	, service is your greatest	: that means fast checkout
	(a) delineator	(b) determiner	(c) differentiator	(d) discriminator
Q2	-	ut it's still a guessing to v to precisely track what they		ustomers' preferences,
	(a) game	(b) play	(c) quiz	(d) trick
Q3		sizes are overcoming these sales and inventory tracking		
	(a) cache	(b) capture	(c) content	(d) cover
Q4	•	s offer new ways to effectivel ay not fit the needs of your c		. retail operations, complex
	(a) blueline	(b) mainline	(c) skyline	(d) streamline
Q5	Instead, you need a tool the and can be used without e	nat's affordable, reliable, inte extensive training.	grates into yourof-sale	(POS) environment easily
	(a) place	(b) point	(c) port	(d) post
Q6		203 omni-directional scanne rations where space is l		oves sales and inventory
	(a) cashier	(b) control	(c) counter	(d) customer
Q7	-	a presentation and handheld well as bring the scanner to oducts.		
	(a) free	(b) full	(c) off	(d) on
Q8		, you eliminate pricing errors '' by requiring a manage		
	(a) befriending	(b) dreamboating	(c) lovebirding	(d) sweethearting
Q9		what your customers are buy want, when they want them.	ing, you encourage repeat b	usiness by providing the
	(a) veritability	(b) versatility	(c) viability	(d) visibility
Q10		leaves you enough space o easily pick up last-minute it		at the checkout counter, so
	(a) footfall	(b) footpad	(c) footprint	(d) footstand

Q1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	have probably been around s not advanced enough to d	-	
	(a) electric	(b) electrolytic	(c) electron	(d) electronic
Q2	•	cing CNTs and fullerenes in electrodes in an inert gas atr		ring an electric current
	(a) reasonable	(b) refinable	(c) required	(d) righteous
Q3	This method is called plasm at the other electrode.	na arcing: it involves the eva	aporation of one electrode as	s cations followed by
	(a) deliquescence	(b) deposition	(c) dilation	(d) dilution
Q4	-	method is the most common nents and requires further po nt in the crude product.		·
	(a) recovered	(b) recrudescent	(c) resident	(d) residual
Q5		through arc-vaporization of enclosure that is usually fille		
	(a) inept	(b) inert	(c) inset	(d) intent
Q6	Another method of nanotul concentration.	pe synthesis involves plasma	a arcing in the of cobalt	with a 3% or greater
	(a) catalyst	(b) circumference	(c) presence	(d) proximity
Q7	The nanotube product is a	compact cathode deposit of	rod-like	
	(a) analogy	(b) graphology	(c) morphology	(d) topology
Q8		dded, the nature of the product the cathode to the walls of t		trands of 1mm or so
	(a) vassal	(b) vessel	(c) vestibule	(d) vestige
Q9	•	hanges this process is uncle hence the formation of the f		is that such metals affect
	(a) machinations	(b) machinery	(c) mechanics	(d) mechanism
Q10	quality CNTs, but both met	porization are currently the hods suffer from: the C architectures for practical ap	NTs are difficult to purify, m	•
	(a) backups	(b) breakups	(c) breakdowns	(d) drawbacks

Q1	•	d why one huge company sh overthrowing a business riva		her massive organisation	
	(a) tipping	(b) tapping	(c) topping	(d) toppling	
Q2	The winner may well have to be another reason.	plenty of resources and	. at its disposal to carry out	the take over but there has	
	(a) stages	(b) platforms	(c) supports	(d) floors	
Q3	It may well have the r	narket share in that area with	n no opposition from any oth	er competitor.	
	(a) leading	(b) directing	(c) driving	(d) guiding	
Q4	In that case why should it of other company has experied	want to carry out its plan and enced?	do the thereby inheriti	ng all the problems that the	
	(a) deed	(b) action	(c) deal	(d) process	
Q5	It is possible that it has had a good year and at the end of the financial year it has produced an excellent of results that has pleased its shareholders.				
	(a) package	(b) packet	(c) crowd	(d) set	
Q6	Another reason of course i	is that it just wanted to do wh	nat the shareholders wanted	by to their wishes.	
	(a) pandering	(b) pleasing	(c) placating	(d) promoting	
Q7	In that case it won't necess	sarily increase its profits or	its reputation in the busi	ness world.	
	(a) build	(b) bolster	(c) boot	(d) barter	
Q8	It may indeed suffer an init	ial in business and prof	its may be substantially redu	uced.	
	(a) download	(b) downfall	(c) downpour	(d) downturn	
Q9	Any company on reflection	should think seriously befor	e splashing and spend	ing huge sums of money.	
	(a) out	(b) off	(c) over	(d) in	
Q10		The reality is that any company bent on a takeover should be wary of losing business and clients because there may well be a mass of customers.			
	(a) expulsion	(b) exile	(c) exodus	(d) explosion	

(a) expulsion (b) exile (c) exodus (d) explosion

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 251 Business Buzzwords: Con Men

Q1	Connie tried selling her family's camper on an Internet auction site, only to have a con man make off with it while sticking her with a check — the buyer sent a check for \$10,500 and sent a driver to pick up the camper, so Lang turned it over, but two weeks later found out the check had bounced.				
	(a) paper	(b) plastic	(c) rubber	(d) vinyl	
Q2		RT Capital, members of that firm 53 cases of causing the price of (b) close			
Q3	leeway in reporting; EFP transa report an EFP to the exchange		ing and after market hours, and t	here is no time restriction to	
	(a) a downstairs	(b) an inside	(c) an outside	(d) an upstairs	
Q4	-	ated a false and misleading appe aution and clearing of orders throu		-	
	(a) Buggy	(b) Jitney	(c) Rickshaw	(d) Tuk-tuk	
Q5		s a regional shop that suppo parties, you can approach any al (b) one-piece		ile needs; this means that instead your needs and requirements. (d) one-way	
Q6		of letting their profits is key to of your accumulated profits, you e due to fear is a big mistake.			
	(a) ride	(b) run	(c) sift	(d) sit	
Q7		tive in Washington, which is since it usually suggests less gov (b) comeuppance		ial markets; equity investors tend omy and stock market. (d) torpor	
Q8	investment adviser in relation to and another person on the othe		tment adviser acts as a broker-de	ealer for both the advisory client	
	(a) back	(b) cross	(c) mirror	(d) pair	
Q9	-	estors mimic the top pros, may be ent down and then recovered the		r; as markets have gone nowhere u think are making money and	
	(a) Apronstring	(b) Coattail	(c) Shirttail	(d) Shoestring	
Q10		complaints is against union g on unnecessary jobs — manage (b) goldbricking		-	

Q1		the make-your-best-offer prop ke Blockbuster's, and straightf	forward hostile deals, which ha	- ·
	(a) black	(b) gray	(c) white	(d) yellow
Q2	businesses and to minimize	Pacific agree on the need to the boom and bust effects of s ency traders seeking a high ra (b) fast	so-called ' money', the ter	m for funds from investment
Q3		a nominal all-time high and alo months, having an amazing ru	-	counterparts has bucked the
	(a) alloy	(b) back	(c) bull	(d) side
Q4	advertising agency in Los A	— An account manager thoug ngeles, but just a few weeks la eanor and tone he'd never exp	ater, his boss abruptly called h	im into his office and
	(a) Abbot and Costello	(b) Freud and Jung	(c) Jekyll and Hyde	(d) Laurel and Hardy
Q5	The eagerness for quick rich rush in to buy all over again	nes is hard to squelch; indeed, isn't uncommon.	after an investing bubble,	bubble where investors
	(a) a baby	(b) a double	(c) an echo	(d) an empty
Q6		, the process drug trafficke ne legitimate financial market,		
	(a) cleaning	(b) laundering	(c) polishing	(d) washing
Q7		it a strategic point is a tim mean an opportunity to rise to ve)		
	(a) crux	(b) inflection	(c) pivot	(d) triple
Q8		to work on the 'rob-Peter-to-pathe whole scheme collapses.	ay-Paul' principle, as money fi	rom new investors is used to
	(a) Feebate	(b) Lapping	(c) Paranjape	(d) Ponzi
Q9	increased demand for consu	s as a means of encouraging g imer borrowing and spurs an i are negligible in the larger scho	ncrease in consumer spending	
	(a) Bears	(b) Bulls	(c) Doves	(d) Hawks
Q10		bout 7-8 percent, but today the e swept away very, very fast r		en well established
	(a) cobble	(b) crumble	(c) topple	(d) tumble

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 253 Business Buzzwords: Competitive Advantage

Q1	on the stage: firms compete pri	n related to the industry is that marily on alternative product design is of competition in later stages.		tive advantage differ depending story of an industry, whereas cost
	(a) development	(b) evolution	(c) flowchart	(d) lifecycle
Q2	Yahoo! and MSN are both good of several countries.	examples of because both	have sites in different languages s	specifically targeted at the people
	(a) culturalization	(b) glocalization	(c) ramification	(d) specialization
Q3	had closed out their positions e 10 % of our price seriously."	d fallen prey to a bear, where arly this week; Poole said, "The m	arket reacted very badly to our an	nnouncement, and we take losing
	(a) attack	(b) market	(c) raid	(d) scare
Q4	vulnerability to psychological di and wanting to be famous."	led to epidemic", says Oliver stress, placing a high value on ac	quiring money and possessions, I	ooking good in the eyes of others
	(a) a Mad Cash Disease	(b) a Moneyosis	(c) an Affluenza	(d) a Newmonia
Q5		nis own rug-cleaning business call million; he was given a hero's wel ed to 25 years in jail. (b) BBBB	-	
Q6	decline after 2 pm, the seller ca the next day: this option is calle		intention to deliver the cheapest b	ond that day or he can wait for
	(a) down	(b) high	(c) hole	(d) wild
Q7	houses and now reports number earnings and rolled up a mass	by iMergent could be the reason ars to the public without independent of prior years' unreported losses.	ent scrutiny; in 2005, it confessed	a huge restatement of prior
	(a) abracadabra	(b) hocuspocus	(c) hoodoo	(d) voodoo
Q8	A bond is one whose inter in order to retire its preferred st			
	(a) saver	(b) sinker	(c) storage	(d) surety
Q9	-			
	(a) backup	(b) blackmail	(c) kickback	(d) rebate
Q10		hat Symantec, which makes the p rumblings lately about stepping u		
	(a) Appled	(b) Deleted	(c) McAfeed	(d) Netscaped

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 254 Business Buzzwords: Credit-derivative Trades

Q1	gathered in New York to tack fix this derivatives befor	re it explodes.	atched credit-derivative trades	, so Wall Street might ultimately
	(a) dirty-bomb	(b) roadside-bomb	(c) smart-bomb	(d) time-bomb
Q2	Society. Sutherland defined course of his occupation."	coined in 1939 during a speec the term as "crime committed b	y a person of respectability and	d high social status in the
	(a) flea-collar	(b) high-collar	(c) square-collar	(d) white-collar
Q3	best-of Toyota, which is the American carmakers, but	wn General Motors or Ford, jus s taking share and making big p t Toyota is the cheapest and th	profits? — I know they are draw e best, a rare find.	n by the low dollar amount of
	(a) all	(b) breed	(c) class	(d) line
Q4	Deal for Kuwait Parazyl Company (KPPC).	lene: 18 banks have signed up	to the \$1.4 billion financing for	Kuwait Parazylene Production
	(a) Ally	(b) Club	(c) Party	(d) Venture
Q5	with a conventional index fur	ercentage points of return that n nd; that's where you'll find lower	r risk and expenses, plus minim	nal tax liabilities.
	(a) amplified	(b) augmented	(c) embellished	(d) enhanced
Q6	at the Bernin site and focus of with one customer and empl	-	dry services, the resulting	from acquisitions, a litigation
	(a) badwill	(b) losses	(c) publicity	(d) setbacks
Q7	-	ck-of-the business model ed one of the most fundamenta (b) envelope		
Q8	-	d transactions between Chines w resources are from mino		state-owned enterprise (SOEs) the state.
	(a) shuffled	(b) sidled	(c) trundled	(d) tunneled
Q9		een as writing a call with protect round the money, and take a ca hould rise.		
	(a) counter	(b) cover	(c) hedge	(d) spread
Q10	month for one price and buy difference between the two p		dealer at a lower price for settle	ement in the next month: the
	(a) bomb	(b) drop	(c) fake	(d) split

(a) bomb (b) drop (c) fake (d) split

Q1       High valuation means a bigger potential price fall for a stock.         (a) bungee       (b) parachute       (c) submarine       (d) torpedo         Q2       The leader is a pricing strategy which involves selling products/services at a price that will generate littl or no profit and in some cases not even cover all associated costs (marketing, overheads, direct costs, etc).         (a) bargain       (b) discount       (c) loss       (d) sale         Q3					
Q2       The	Q1	High valuation means a big	gger potential price fall for a	stock.	
or no profit and in some cases not even cover all associated costs (marketing, overheads, direct costs, etc).         (a) bargain       (b) discount       (c) loss       (d) sale         Q3       Comes Off Starbucks: Shares in Starbucks fell to their lowest level since late 2005 as investor concern about slower sales and profit growth continued to chip away at the once highflying stock.       (a) Fizz       (b) Fluff       (c) Foam       (d) Froth         Q4       Not all these houses are ugly and shoddy: though most are badly proportioned pastiches of different styles, some are built with attention to detail and materials, but, as the epithet suggests, they're just too big-for their tots, for their neighborhoods and for the number of people who actually live in them.         (a) Gargantuan       (b) Humonghouse       (c) Lilliputian       (d) McMansion         Q5       American bankers for decades operated by the rule; they could afford to be that precise because feder and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the pow and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.       (a) 24-7         Q6       Going public with a bear is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.         (a) Indemnification       (b) hug       (c) spread       (d) trap         Q7       The good and bad of: Tax		(a) bungee	(b) parachute	(c) submarine	(d) torpedo
Q3	Q2			• • •	-
about slower sales and profit growth continued to chip away at the once highflying stock.       (a) Fizz       (b) Fluff       (c) Foam       (d) Froth         Q4       Not all these houses are ugly and shoddy: though most are badly proportioned pastiches of different styles, some are built with attention to detail and materials, but, as the epithet suggests, they're just too big-for their lots, for their neighborhoods and for the number of people who actually live in them.         (a) Gargantuan       (b) Humonghouse       (c) Lilliputian       (d) McMansion         Q5       American bankers for decades operated by the rule; they could alford to be that precise because federa and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the pow and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.       (a) 24-7         Q6       Going public with a bear is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.       (a) flattener       (b) hug       (c) spread       (d) trap         Q7       The good and bad of Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.       (a) indemnification       (d) investigation         Q8       O1 the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbulish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.       (a)		(a) bargain	(b) discount	(c) loss	(d) sale
<ul> <li>Q4 Not all these houses are ugly and shoddy: though most are badly proportioned pastiches of different styles, some are built with attention to detail and materials, but, as the epithet suggests, they're just too big-for their lots, for their neighborhoods and for the number of people who actually live in them.</li> <li>(a) Gargantuan (b) Humonghouse (c) Lilliputian (d) McMansion</li> <li>Q5 American bankers for decades operated by the, rule; they could afford to be that precise because federa and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the pow and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.</li> <li>(a) 2+2 (b) 3-6-3 (c) 9/11 (d) 24-7</li> <li>Q6 Going public with a bear is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.</li> <li>(a) flattener (b) hug (c) spread (d) trap</li> <li>Q7 The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.</li> <li>(a) indemnification (b) intaxification (c) intensification (d) investigation</li> <li>Q8 On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.</li> <li>(a) boyoboy (b) oabooby (c) onobobby (d) ovoboby</li> <li>Q9 Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.</li> <li>(a) liveability (b) longevity (c) senility (d) seniority</li> </ul>	Q3				
some are built with attention to detail and materials, but, as the epithet suggests, they're just too big-for         their lots, for their neighborhoods and for the number of people who actually live in them.         (a) Gargantuan       (b) Humonghouse       (c) Lilliputian       (d) McMansion         Q5       American bankers for decades operated by the rule; they could afford to be that precise because feder         and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the pow         and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.         (a) 24-2       (b) 3-6-3       (c) 9/11       (d) 24-7         Q6       Going public with a bear, is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.         (a) flattener       (b) hug       (c) spread       (d) trap         Q7       The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.       (a) indemnification       (b) intaxification       (c) intensification       (d) investigation         Q8       On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.         (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby		(a) Fizz	(b) Fluff	(c) Foam	(d) Froth
<ul> <li>Q5 American bankers for decades operated by the rule; they could afford to be that precise because federa and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the pow and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.</li> <li>(a) 2+2 (b) 3-6-3 (c) 9/11 (d) 24-7</li> <li>Q6 Going public with a bear is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.</li> <li>(a) flattener (b) hug (c) spread (d) trap</li> <li>Q7 The good and bad of Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.</li> <li>(a) indemnification (b) intaxification (c) intensification (d) investigation</li> <li>Q8 On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.</li> <li>(a) boyoboy (b) oabooby (c) onobobby (d) ovoboby</li> <li>Q9 Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.</li> <li>(a) liveability (b) longevity (c) senility (d) seniority</li> <li>Q10 We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the ratio as a proxy of sentiment.</li> </ul>	Q4	some are built with attentic	on to detail and materials, bu	t, as the epithet sugges	sts, they're just too big-for
and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the power and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.       (a) 2+2       (b) 3-6-3       (c) 9/11       (d) 24-7         Q6       Going public with a bear is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.       (a) flattener       (b) hug       (c) spread       (d) trap         Q7       The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.       (a) indemnification       (b) intaxification       (c) intensification       (d) investigation         Q8       On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.       (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby       (c) onobobby       (d) ovoboby         Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each weekly newsletter opinions on the future market m		(a) Gargantuan	(b) Humonghouse	(c) Lilliputian	(d) McMansion
Q6       Going public with a bearis a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to s it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns. <ul> <li>(a) flattener</li> <li>(b) hug</li> <li>(c) spread</li> <li>(d) trap</li> </ul> <li>Q7 The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.                 <ul></ul></li>	Q5	and state laws set the stric	t rules by which they operate	ed and protected them from	competitors, and the power
it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.       (a) flattener       (b) hug       (c) spread       (d) trap         Q7       The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans.       (a) indemnification       (b) intaxification       (c) intensification       (d) investigation         Q8       On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.       (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby       (c) onobobby       (d) ovoboby         Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligenc each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the ratio as a proxy of sentiment.		(a) 2+2	(b) 3-6-3	(c) 9/11	(d) 24-7
Q7       The good and bad of: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's no wise to give the government interest-free loans. <ul> <li>(a) indemnification</li> <li>(b) intaxification</li> <li>(c) intensification</li> <li>(d) investigation</li> </ul> <li>Q8 On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.</li> <li>(a) boyoboy</li> <li>(b) oabooby</li> <li>(c) onobobby</li> <li>(d) ovoboby</li> <li>Q9</li> <li>Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         <ul> <li>(a) liveability</li> <li>(b) longevity</li> <li>(c) senility</li> <li>(d) seniority</li> </ul> </li> <li>Q10 We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the</li>	Q6	it forces a corporate board	to consider any reasonable		-
wise to give the government interest-free loans.       (a) indemnification       (b) intaxification       (c) intensification       (d) investigation         Q8       On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.       (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby       (c) onobobby       (d) ovoboby         Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         (a) liveability       (b) longevity       (c) senility       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the		(a) flattener	(b) hug	(c) spread	(d) trap
Q8       On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.         (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby       (c) onobobby       (d) ovoboby         Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         (a) liveability       (b) longevity       (c) senility       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligenc each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the	Q7	-		ne to most taxpayers, but teo	chnically speaking, it's not
yields-rising condition we've dubbed ''.         (a) boyoboy       (b) oabooby       (c) onobobby       (d) ovoboby         Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         (a) liveability       (b) longevity       (c) senility       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the		(a) indemnification	(b) intaxification	(c) intensification	(d) investigation
Q9       Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         (a) liveability       (b) longevity       (c) senility       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the ratio as a proxy of sentiment.	Q8	-		n refreshing the overvalued,	overbought, overbullish,
mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.         (a) liveability       (b) longevity       (c) senility       (d) seniority         Q10       We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the		(a) boyoboy	(b) oabooby	(c) onobobby	(d) ovoboby
Q10 We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the ratio as a proxy of sentiment.	Q9	mortality projections made industries; the amounts ex	in the 1980s, and this proble	em threatens the solvency o	f the life and pensions
each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the ratio as a proxy of sentiment.		(a) liveability	(b) longevity	(c) senility	(d) seniority
(a) bull-bear (b) buy-sell (c) gain-loss (d) hawk-dove	Q10	each week weekly newslet	ter opinions on the future ma		
		(a) bull-bear	(b) buy-sell	(c) gain-loss	(d) hawk-dove

Q1		ach's study of the oral health as interviews with 20 key		nsive literature and
	(a) freeholders	(b) policyholders	(c) shareholders	(d) stakeholders
Q2	•	sed the main theoretical con licy in the of the policy's		ning and was used to
	(a) content	(b) context	(c) intent	(d) subtext
Q3		nesis of the alternative perso and examines data availabil		s (supply-based, demand-
	(a) invent	(b) invest	(c) supplant	(d) support
Q4		f these methods is found prin mary governmental efforts to	•	
	(a) enact	(b) engage	(c) enlist	(d) enquire
Q5		lative history and institutiona e of the policy against its exp	•	
	(a) unaware	(b) unknown	(c) unmet	(d) unsought
Q6	-	r monitoring and addressing defining 'manpower shortag		
	(a) inbreeding	(b) outpatients	(c) overkill	(d) underservice
Q7	However, the programs de	eveloped in to legislation	n have not evolved to reflect	this change.
	(a) reaction	(b) reply	(c) response	(d) retort
Q8	While a variety of me upon which to base a new	thodologies for measuring sl method.	nortages exist, there are little	e data currently available
	(a) altered	(b) alternate	(c) alternating	(d) alternative
Q9		anning is a process to detern ve certain health goals and i		
	(a) imperative	(b) implication	(c) importance	(d) impression
Q10		eed for a revision of oral hea efforts and programmatic re		g and planning methods
	(a) realignment	(b) reassignment	(c) reconfinement	(d) reconsignment

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 257 Information Services Management

ir		lohanna explain that knowle re relates to the application o y.	• • •	
(8	a) productive	(b) profitable	(c) profound	(d) prolific
q		this research are in the first y and information services a (b) underpin		
	•			· · ·
		ly it was presumed that the a hey should also be applicab	-	
(8	a) more	(b) much	(c) so	(d) such
		logy was identified as a the intangible asset monitor	•	
(8	a) alloyed	(b) amalgam	(c) halfbreed	(d) hybrid
		e monitoring of intellectual c if monitoring is to be of real		place at both the individual
(8	a) explained	(b) exploited	(c) explored	(d) expressed
	molementation of the man			
	stretched over a period		al capital management) occu	urred in two phases and
S	•		al capital management) occu (c) near	urred in two phases and (d) right
s (a Q7 A	stretched over a period a) around A situation analysis was do	on 18 months.	(c) near h period; Kaplan and Nortor	(d) right n's adapted scorecard
s (a Q7 A fr	stretched over a period a) around A situation analysis was do	. on 18 months. (b) close ne at the start of the researc	(c) near h period; Kaplan and Nortor	(d) right n's adapted scorecard
S (4 Q7 A fr (4 Q8 A	stretched over a period a) around A situation analysis was do ramework was then utilized a) base	. on 18 months. (b) close ne at the start of the researc to objectives for each	(c) near th period; Kaplan and Nortor of the two implementation p (c) give	(d) right n's adapted scorecard phases. (d) set
Q7 A fr (a Q8 A ir	stretched over a period a) around A situation analysis was do ramework was then utilized a) base An adapted version of Sveil	. on 18 months. (b) close ne at the start of the researc d to objectives for each (b) draw	(c) near th period; Kaplan and Nortor of the two implementation p (c) give	(d) right n's adapted scorecard phases. (d) set
207 A 67 67 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	a) around A situation analysis was do ramework was then utilized a) base An adapted version of Sveil nitiatives to be a) done From the weaknesses, a nu	<ul> <li>a. on 18 months.</li> <li>(b) close</li> <li>a. the start of the research to objectives for each</li> <li>(b) draw</li> <li>by's Affrsvrlden model was upper start of the research to the rese</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) right</li> <li>n's adapted scorecard</li> <li>ohases.</li> <li>(d) set</li> <li>plementation actions and</li> <li>(d) taken</li> </ul>
Q7 A fr (a Q8 A ir (a Q9 F to	a) around A situation analysis was do ramework was then utilized a) base An adapted version of Sveil nitiatives to be a) done From the weaknesses, a nu	<ul> <li>on 18 months.</li> <li>(b) close</li> <li>ne at the start of the research to objectives for each</li> <li>(b) draw</li> <li>by's Affrsvrlden model was used</li> <li>(b) given</li> <li>umber of priority actions were</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) right</li> <li>n's adapted scorecard</li> <li>ohases.</li> <li>(d) set</li> <li>plementation actions and</li> <li>(d) taken</li> </ul>
S (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	a) around A situation analysis was do ramework was then utilized a) base An adapted version of Sveil nitiatives to be a) done From the weaknesses, a nu o what could be considered a) lead n brief, it is possible to say	<ul> <li>on 18 months.</li> <li>(b) close</li> <li>ne at the start of the research to objectives for each</li> <li>(b) draw</li> <li>by's Affrsvrlden model was used</li> <li>(b) given</li> <li>umber of priority actions were defined and practice that show</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) near</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>(c) give</li> <li>utilized to identify specific im</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) made</li> <li>(c) track</li> <li>(c) track</li> <li>(c) track</li> </ul>	(d) right h's adapted scorecard hases. (d) set plementation actions and (d) taken ths provided a good as (d) trail opriate management

Q1	David Trahair, C.A. explain types of purchases that are	ns that although most expen e differently.	ses are deductible in the yea	ar you paid them, there are
	(a) accounted	(b) bought	(c) measured	(d) treated
Q2		f property such as computer written in the year of ac	-	and manufacturing
	(a) down	(b) in	(c) off	(d) up
Q3		will or become obsolete or their cost for income tax p	•	
	(a) turn out	(b) turn over	(c) wear down	(d) wear out
Q4		ture that you purchase must gether and the total cost is u	•	
	(a) especially	(b) special	(c) specific	(d) specified
Q5		balance to depreciate properties are 44 classes of properties of pro		-
	(a) declining	(b) decreasing	(c) receding	(d) reclining
Q6	If your taxation year is less of the maximum amount a	s than twelve months, then th llowed.	ne allowable deduction amor	unt will be to a portion
	(a) appropriated	(b) apropos	(c) prioritized	(d) prorated
Q7	Generally, for the year of a of a particular class can be		applies, so only 50% of the r	naximum deduction amount
	(a) claimed	(b) listed	(c) made	(d) reserved
Q8	-	u sell the property, the sale at the beginning of the period		
	(a) Recapture	(b) Reclamation	(c) Refund	(d) Reimbursement
Q9	•	nave an undepreciated capit n asset for less than its U.C.		no more physical property.
	(a) An intentional	(b) An interim	(c) A temporary	(d) A terminal
Q10	This amount is deductible	from your business income t	for the year that you of	the property.
	(a) declared	(b) depreciated	(c) despaired	(d) disposed

Q1	•	existed as a nascent niche nvironmental mitigation brou		
	(a) fire	(b) force	(c) steam	(d) tracks
Q2	As ecosystem restoration	grew into an industry, the de	mand for quality standards a	and research grew.
	(a) regular	(b) relentless	(c) righteous	(d) rigorous
Q3	During this period, there w is restoring ecosystems pla	as a lot of debate over its aying God?	: is it an art, a science, an	industry, or all three — or
	(a) crossbreeding	(b) forbearing	(c) overhauling	(d) underpinning
Q4	•	system back to a certain poi its underlying systems, so it		•
	(a) capable	(b) comparable	(c) perilous	(d) pristine
Q5	In all of this, there's been r much politics.	nuch emotion, much soul	, much business, much sc	ience, much poetry, and
	(a) searching	(b) selling	(c) taking	(d) trading
Q6	maintenance, and conserv	over three times as many sy ration combined: that should		-
	portion of the natural lifecy	cle is to our		
	portion of the natural lifecy (a) commerce	cle is to our (b) conscience	(c) physique	(d) psyche
Q7	(a) commerce	(b) conscience primarily on — in a cou		(d) psyche a strategy that can only lead
Q7	(a) commerce An economy that's based	(b) conscience primarily on — in a cou		
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) commerce</li> <li>An economy that's based in to depauperization, degraded in the depauperization in the depauperization.</li> <li>(a) sprawl</li> <li>Nowadays, the growth of expression in the depauperion in th</li></ul>	(b) conscience primarily on — in a cound dation, and war.	ntry with finite borders — is a (c) stray ishery restoration industries,	a strategy that can only lead (d) strew
	<ul> <li>(a) commerce</li> <li>An economy that's based in to depauperization, degraded in the depauperization in the depauperization.</li> <li>(a) sprawl</li> <li>Nowadays, the growth of expression in the depauperion in th</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) conscience</li> <li>primarily on — in a coundation, and war.</li> <li>(b) sprout</li> <li>ecosystem, watershed, and f</li> </ul>	ntry with finite borders — is a (c) stray ishery restoration industries,	a strategy that can only lead (d) strew
	<ul> <li>(a) commerce</li> <li>An economy that's based in to depauperization, degraded in the depau</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) conscience</li> <li>primarily on — in a courdation, and war.</li> <li>(b) sprout</li> <li>ecosystem, watershed, and funterparts related to extraction (b) outperforms</li> <li>ols and universities still</li> </ul>	ntry with finite borders — is a (c) stray ishery restoration industries, on of virgin resources. (c) outshines	a strategy that can only lead (d) strew budgets, and sciences far (d) outstrips
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) commerce</li> <li>An economy that's based in to depauperization, degraded in the degra</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) conscience</li> <li>primarily on — in a courdation, and war.</li> <li>(b) sprout</li> <li>ecosystem, watershed, and funterparts related to extraction (b) outperforms</li> <li>ols and universities still</li> </ul>	ntry with finite borders — is a (c) stray ishery restoration industries, on of virgin resources. (c) outshines	a strategy that can only lead (d) strew budgets, and sciences far (d) outstrips
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) commerce</li> <li>An economy that's based it to depauperization, degraded it to de</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) conscience</li> <li>primarily on — in a courdation, and war.</li> <li>(b) sprout</li> <li>ecosystem, watershed, and funterparts related to extraction (b) outperforms</li> <li>ols and universities still</li> <li>omy?</li> <li>(b) pumping</li> <li>history, we can put nurs pioneered the application or</li> </ul>	(c) stray ishery restoration industries, on of virgin resources. (c) outshines out skills and degrees that o (c) spilling mbers to the value of the dar	a strategy that can only lead (d) strew budgets, and sciences far (d) outstrips don't address the fastest- (d) tapping mage of environmental

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 260 The New York Hospitality Industry

Q1		y industry is fire," the gl , "People from around the wo	•	
	(a) about	(b) in	(c) on	(d) under
Q2	Supply cannot meet the de 2006.	emand which has been creat	ed by more than 41 mil	lion visitors to the city in
	(a) no	(b) some	(c) the	(d) yet
Q3	According to industry leader the hospitality fire.	ers, 44 million visitors — a re	ecord number — are expecte	ed this year, helping to
	(a) burn	(b) fuel	(c) kindle	(d) singe
Q4	-	he hospitality are saying s, and availability of financin		such impressive cash flow,
	(a) area	(b) arena	(c) section	(d) sector
Q5	Even after several years o	f growth, real estate exp	perts say the market is impro	oving so far in 2007.
	(a) absolute	(b) affirmative	(c) positive	(d) potential
Q6		een close to capacity for the e president of Lodging Advise	-	oom rates had another year
	(a) bed	(b) digit	(c) standard	(d) unit
Q7	In of this, more and m	(b) digit hore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p	e of improvement must mod	erate; and yet, for the first
Q7	In of this, more and m	nore people assume the pace	e of improvement must mod	erate; and yet, for the first
Q7 Q8	In of this, more and m quarter of 2007, occupanc (a) case	nore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p	e of improvement must mod point over last year, and roor (c) light	erate; and yet, for the first n rates are up 12%. (d) proof
	In of this, more and m quarter of 2007, occupanc (a) case	nore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p (b) lieu	e of improvement must mod point over last year, and roor (c) light	erate; and yet, for the first n rates are up 12%. (d) proof
	In of this, more and m quarter of 2007, occupanc (a) case The Manhattan hotel mark (a) flame	nore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p (b) lieu et is hot, with demand f (b) pot ars, several thousand hotel r	e of improvement must mod point over last year, and roor (c) light for hotel rooms far outstrippi (c) stove	erate; and yet, for the first n rates are up 12%. (d) proof ng supply. (d) white
Q8	In of this, more and m quarter of 2007, occupance (a) case The Manhattan hotel mark (a) flame During the past several ye	nore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p (b) lieu et is hot, with demand f (b) pot ars, several thousand hotel r	e of improvement must mod point over last year, and roor (c) light for hotel rooms far outstrippi (c) stove	erate; and yet, for the first n rates are up 12%. (d) proof ng supply. (d) white
Q8	In of this, more and m quarter of 2007, occupance (a) case The Manhattan hotel mark (a) flame During the past several ye the of existing hotels (a) conservation As the New York lodging m	nore people assume the pace y is up about 1 percentage p (b) lieu et is hot, with demand f (b) pot ars, several thousand hotel r to residential use.	e of improvement must mod point over last year, and roor (c) light for hotel rooms far outstrippi (c) stove rooms have been lost from th (c) restoration ce increases in average rate	erate; and yet, for the first n rates are up 12%. (d) proof ng supply. (d) white he city's inventory due to (d) reversion es, and as the robust

Q1	According to Michael Stole	r, an influx of capital into the	New York real estate marke	et is the hotel market.
	(a) dogging	(b) driving	(c) hounding	(d) riding
Q2	-	oth on the debt and equity si he Big Apple is plentiful," the	-	i institutions and opportunity lidated, Alan Miller, said.
	(a) peccadillo	(b) penchant	(c) pleonasm	(d) plethora
Q3		king to be part of the tremenound hotels or the conv		
	(a) floor	(b) out	(c) up	(d) zero
Q4	The market is in capit	al chasing hotels.		
	(a) aboard	(b) ashore	(c) awash	(d) away
Q5	-	ore rooms in Manhattan, island south of 125th Street		• •
	(a) complete	(b) complicated	(c) conducive	(d) coupled
Q6	Highgate Holdings is plann	ing to convert the Chinatow	n Holiday Inn at 138 Lafayet	te St. into a hotel.
	(a) bazaar	(b) bistro	(c) boutique	(d) buvette
Q7	"The of hotels is proba wars," Mr. Hennessey said	ably at an all-time high, whic I.	h might lead to increased co	ompetitiveness and price
	(a) deadline	(b) lifeline	(c) pipeline	(d) timeline
Q8	It will likely hurt those hote	Is that have benefited from the	he of Manhattan's dema	and.
	(a) compression	(b) expression	(c) impression	(d) repression
Q9	-	city's economy <b></b> , and whe can cause a huge drop in		d hoteliers don't realize is
	(a) falters	(b) festers	(c) filters	(d) flickers
Q10		ually comes, a reverse emand, particularly those wi		

(a) rattle (b) ripple (c) waffle (d) wobble

Q1	Welsh Assembly Governm	m Partnership is the Regionanent initiated the formation of marketing and developmen	f 4 RTPs across Wales to re	-
	(a) devolved	(b) evolved	(c) involved	(d) revolved
Q2	Four Regional Tourism Pa economic fora areas.	artnerships (RTPs) were esta	blished in Wales in 2001,	with the four regional
	(a) coexistent	(b) contingent	(c) cooperant	(d) coterminous
Q3		are all the local authorities ar rom across the Region; SWV		
	(a) backbone	(b) body	(c) bulwark	(d) buttress
Q4	competition for the benefit	artnership's aims include the of the consumer and the tra a distinct regional bias in dec	de and to encourage integra	
	(a) coddling	(b) coercing	(c) nursing	(d) nurturing
Q5	The SWWTP drives forwa	rd the SWW Regional Touris	sm Strategy, 'Open All Year',	which is now in
	(a) being	(b) line	(c) place	(d) site
Q6		company limited by guarant s the region to choose one-th		
	(a) given	(b) granted	(c) open	(d) voted
Q7		strict cost limits, and so, and part-time Administrative		5 (Director, Project
	(a) conducting	(b) engaging	(c) running	(d) streaming
Q8	The SWWTP will act as a	n enabling and body, w	orking through others to deliv	ver its objectives.
	(a) commissioning	(b) concessional	(c) subordinating	(d) supplantive
Q9	<b>—</b> · · · · · · · · ·			
43	U U	ual projects from training to r .; conversion and tracking st	narketing, based on leverage udies are built into the activit	
43	U U		<b>U</b>	
Q10	return on expenditure (a) endured	.; conversion and tracking st (b) ensured o minimise expenditure on co	udies are built into the activit (c) incurred	ty. (d) inferred

Q1		int for cultural and heritage to rs and practitioners as part of		
	(a) an incendiary	(b) an incipient	(c) a seminal	(d) a sentient
Q2		the United States white pap toward experiencing the arts		tion for cultural and heritage acter of a place".
	(a) cached	(b) captivated	(c) encapsulated	(d) encoded
Q3	•	nference initiated new relation ought to fulfill its key values		
	(a) incompatible	(b) incongruous	(c) unlikely	(d) unruly
Q4	Collaborations spread across surpassed expectations.	oss the country following the	paper's of action steps	, and the results have
	(a) calendar	(b) catalogue	(c) roadmap	(d) trailhead
Q5		zed state action on cultural a at convention and visitors b med.	-	•
	(a) base-lining	(b) groundbreaking	(c) keel-laying	(d) sodbusting
Q6	growing segments of the tr	el industry research confirms avel industry; for some trave of a place and increasing th	elers, cultural and heritage e	xperiences are added,
	(a) always	(b) extra	(c) specials	(d) value
Q7		isitors, however, who are tire ant factor and motivator for t		
	(a) homogenization	(b) juxtaposition	(c) ramification	(d) standardization
Q8		basses cultural and heritage in providing these customer		
	(a) clear-sighted	(b) insightful	(c) out-of-sight	(d) unsightly
Q9		nponent of the cultural and h ose skills and vision bring to	•	
	(a) A compatible	(b) An incorrigible	(c) An inevitable	(d) An integral
Q10	-	sm also provides a means of n, increased revenues and an		g our nation's cultural
	(a) citizenship	(b) craftsmanship	(c) salesmanship	(d) stewardship

(a) citizenship (b) craftsmanship (c) salesmanship (d) stewardship

<b>.</b>				
Q1		presents the findings of a st os in an attempt to understa	•	
	(a) alleviate	(b) facilitate	(c) lionize	(d) stylize
Q2		at cultural differences are im the novelty of the experier		o and attract international
	(a) garner	(b) garnish	(c) relinquish	(d) relish
Q3	However, the success of the are not carefully managed	hese foreign can be un	dermined if the travel experio	ence and the encounters
	(a) interludes	(b) intrigues	(c) soirees	(d) sojourns
Q4		dian tourists and Chinese ho pre-educate themselves abo a greater peace of		
	(a) heart	(b) mind	(c) soul	(d) thought
Q5	0	s in the cultural background d to (Reisinger & Turne	•	it is that their behaviour will
	(a) faction	(b) friction	(c) inaction	(d) reaction
Q6		lture can be beneficial, since h and provide insight into the		
Q6	promote personality growt			
Q6 Q7	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988)	h and provide insight into the	e culture of origin through a o (c) posture d travel experience is not or	contrast with other world- (d) repose
	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988)	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an	e culture of origin through a o (c) posture d travel experience is not or	contrast with other world- (d) repose
	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988) activities, but also a wide r (a) cognitive Since national cultures has	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an range of activities perta	e culture of origin through a (c) posture d travel experience is not or ining to the mind. (c) psychological it can be taken for that	<ul> <li>contrast with other world-</li> <li>(d) repose</li> <li>hly composed of physical</li> <li>(d) recognizable</li> <li>international tourists will</li> </ul>
Q7	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988) activities, but also a wide r (a) cognitive Since national cultures has	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an range of activities perta (b) psychic ve certain dominant values,	e culture of origin through a (c) posture d travel experience is not or ining to the mind. (c) psychological it can be taken for that	<ul> <li>contrast with other world-</li> <li>(d) repose</li> <li>hly composed of physical</li> <li>(d) recognizable</li> <li>international tourists will</li> </ul>
Q7	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988) activities, but also a wide n (a) cognitive Since national cultures has differ from their hosts in nu (a) consideration To orientate tourists to exc	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an range of activities perta (b) psychic ve certain dominant values, umerous ways (Pizam & Sus	e culture of origin through a d (c) posture d travel experience is not or ining to the mind. (c) psychological it can be taken for that smann, 1995; Reisinger & T (c) granted	(d) repose (d) repose (d) recognizable (d) recognizable international tourists will furner, 1998). (d) truth
Q7 Q8	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988) activities, but also a wide n (a) cognitive Since national cultures has differ from their hosts in nu (a) consideration To orientate tourists to exc	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an range of activities perta (b) psychic ve certain dominant values, umerous ways (Pizam & Sus (b) fact	e culture of origin through a d (c) posture d travel experience is not or ining to the mind. (c) psychological it can be taken for that smann, 1995; Reisinger & T (c) granted	(d) repose (d) repose (d) recognizable (d) recognizable international tourists will furner, 1998). (d) truth
Q7 Q8 Q9	promote personality growt views. (a) exposure Milman and Pizam (1988) activities, but also a wide r (a) cognitive Since national cultures had differ from their hosts in nu (a) consideration (a) consideration To orientate tourists to exact functions as a link between (a) mediator It has been noted that the	h and provide insight into the (b) imposition argue that actual tourism an range of activities perta (b) psychic ve certain dominant values, umerous ways (Pizam & Sus (b) fact btic host cultures, it may be r n diverse cultural systems.	e culture of origin through a d (c) posture d travel experience is not or ining to the mind. (c) psychological it can be taken for that smann, 1995; Reisinger & T (c) granted necessary to engage a 'cultur (c) middleman al tourists' cross-cultural end	(d) repose (d) repose (d) recognizable (d) recognizable (d) recognizable (d) recognizable (d) truth (d) truth (d) truth (d) truth (d) moderator

Q1	-	ecotourism, who see it as a f ronments by mass tourism:		
	(a) exorcism	(b) exoticism	(c) opportunism	(d) ostracism
Q2	Ecotourism is certainly a b	uzzword, and is becoming a	s as the word natural' o	on the supermarket shelf.
	(a) aggravating	(b) aggressive	(c) ambiguous	(d) ambitious
Q3	Here is another definition of including its cultures.	of ecotourism: A form of tour	ism inspired primarily by the	natural history of an area,
	(a) aboriginal	(b) anthropological	(c) indigenous	(d) ingenuous
Q4	·	non-consumptive use of wild ancial means aimed at direct residents.		
	(a) goodwill	(b) habiliment	(c) upkeep	(d) wellbeing
Q5	The visit should strengther to the specific needs of the	n the ecotourist's appreciatio	n and dedication to conserv	ation issues in general, and
	(a) locale	(b) parish	(c) precinct	(d) vicinity
Q6		managed approach by the h		
	-	ng the sites with the participa i's land management and co	ation of local residents and u mmunity development.	ising the of the
	-	• • •		(d) results
Q7	enterprise to fund the area (a) efforts	's land management and co (b) outcome mphasise that ecotourism de	mmunity development. (c) proceeds	(d) results
Q7	enterprise to fund the area (a) efforts Further, it is important to e	's land management and co (b) outcome mphasise that ecotourism de	mmunity development. (c) proceeds	(d) results
Q7 Q8	enterprise to fund the area (a) efforts Further, it is important to e of the more general nature (a) cache One of the reasons for cor	<ul> <li>'s land management and co</li> <li>(b) outcome</li> <li>mphasise that ecotourism de tourism sector.</li> </ul>	mmunity development. (c) proceeds bes not equal nature tourism (c) niche of ecotourism to achieve su	(d) results n; rather it is a distinct (d) notch
	enterprise to fund the area (a) efforts Further, it is important to e of the more general nature (a) cache One of the reasons for cor	<ul> <li>Is land management and co</li> <li>(b) outcome</li> <li>Imphasise that ecotourism de tourism sector.</li> <li>(b) creche</li> <li>Intinued debate on the merits</li> </ul>	mmunity development. (c) proceeds bes not equal nature tourism (c) niche of ecotourism to achieve su	(d) results n; rather it is a distinct (d) notch
	<ul> <li>enterprise to fund the area</li> <li>(a) efforts</li> <li>Further, it is important to e of the more general nature</li> <li>(a) cache</li> <li>One of the reasons for corretation that there is no blueprint for (a) carats</li> <li>Sites and potential projects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Is land management and co</li> <li>(b) outcome</li> <li>Imphasise that ecotourism de</li> </ul>	mmunity development. (c) proceeds bes not equal nature tourism (c) niche of ecotourism to achieve su relopment in all of its (c) facets a case by case basis, as ma	(d) results (d) results (d) notch (d) notch stainable development is (d) facts ny local factors —
Q8	enterprise to fund the area (a) efforts Further, it is important to e of the more general nature (a) cache One of the reasons for corr that there is no blueprint for (a) carats Sites and potential projects environmental, human, po	<ul> <li>Is land management and co</li> <li>(b) outcome</li> <li>Imphasise that ecotourism de</li> <li>tourism sector.</li> <li>(b) creche</li> <li>Intinued debate on the merits</li> <li>or successful ecotourism dev</li> <li>(b) charts</li> <li>Is need to be considered on a</li> </ul>	mmunity development. (c) proceeds bes not equal nature tourism (c) niche of ecotourism to achieve su relopment in all of its (c) facets a case by case basis, as ma	(d) results (d) results (d) notch (d) notch stainable development is (d) facts ny local factors —
Q8	<ul> <li>enterprise to fund the area</li> <li>(a) efforts</li> <li>Further, it is important to e of the more general nature</li> <li>(a) cache</li> <li>One of the reasons for contract that there is no blueprint for</li> <li>(a) carats</li> <li>Sites and potential projects</li> <li>environmental, human, potential projects</li> <li>(a) deterrent</li> <li>A big difficulty for countries and policy makers must important in the second sec</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Is land management and condition (b) outcome</li> <li>Imphasise that ecotourism dependence tourism sector.</li> <li>(b) creche</li> <li>Intinued debate on the merits or successful ecotourism devendence (b) charts</li> <li>Is need to be considered on a litical, economic, social, culture</li> </ul>	mmunity development. (c) proceeds bes not equal nature tourism (c) niche of ecotourism to achieve su relopment in all of its (c) facets a case by case basis, as ma ural etc — will work for the b (c) malefaction it in order to achieve a susta with a huge domestic popu	(d) results (d) results (d) notch (d) notch stainable development is (d) facts (d) factors — enefit of, or to the of, (d) mismanagement inable ecotourism, planners

Q1	is a statistic that is used to n specific chart patterns, or ot	anges in value between 1 and neasure goodness-to-fit, and w her price data.	e will be using it to compare ac	tual price data against either
	(a) collaboration	(b) collocation	(c) correction	(d) correlation
Q2	days — 30 days before and	substantially identical stocks or 30 days after the sale at a loss the loss will be disallowed und (b) fire	s — so if you own a stock, buy	
Q3		MT) is an extra tax some peopl prevent people with very high in		-
	(a) additive	(b) alternative	(c) appropriate	(d) augmented
Q4	but automatically executes t	ing and System, which properties of the price orders based upon the price of the floor, who use this info	es of trades in round lots and fo	orwards inventory information
	(a) Recording	(b) Reporting	(c) Rerouting	(d) Retaining
Q5		divided by equity, a measure of margin generally have a low fi		itional capital investment;
	(a) accumulation	(b) return	(c) sufficiency	(d) turnover
Q6	rarely have enough cash ava afterward made such enduri	n, many US banks collapsed, w ailable to cover all of their depo ng structural changes as the es	osits simultaneously; the Bankin stablishment of the FDIC.	ng Act of following shortly
	(a) 1929	(b) 1930	(c) 1932	(d) 1933
Q7	-	is a computerized system the 00 securities professionals who by visiting our Web site.		
	(a) Deposit	(b) Deposition	(c) Depository	(d) Depot
Q8	The seven members of the E by the Senate, and a full terr		eserve System are nominated t	by the President and confirmed
	(a) Commissioners	(b) Directors	(c) Governors	(d) Regents
Q9		s hard to deny: in the short spa xcess property coverage to a g (b) cat		
010				
Q10		terest and principal payments a		
		with the level of real interest ra	ate of nominal interest over inf ites in the intervening period.	lation), but its market value,

Q1	Exchange Act, Congress recog	ed in 1974 to regulate US futures gnized that these markets are imp pility to perform vital functions of p (b) Foreign	portant to our economy, and that	fraud and manipulation
Q2		II and Wildcard 2 tickets sold in Io ssessing a winning ticket may cla (b) an anonymous		KET IMMEDIATELY. This ticket
Q3		is a way of transforming the acc es in the same industry to determ (b) Debited		
Q4		ering of this type; it provides that nder and as of the offer's cutoff d f the rule. (b) compromised		-
Q5	bidders bid at or above that mi	nultiple, identical items to sell, sp nimum for the quantity they are in tems at the lowest successful bid (b) French	nterested in purchasing, and at th	
Q6	-	ow cash in addition to making pu instance, the APR may be higher (b) allowances		panies treat these cash and (d) receipts
Q6 Q7	your purchases differently; for (a) advances The Employee Retirement Inco in private industry; it does not in must meet certain minimum co	instance, the APR may be higher (b) allowances ome Act of 1974 (ERISA) is require any employer to establish onditions.	than the APR for purchases. (c) rebates a federal law that sets minimum a pension plan — it only require	(d) receipts qualifications for pension plans as that those who establish plans
	your purchases differently; for (a) advances The Employee Retirement Inco in private industry; it does not in must meet certain minimum co (a) Security The objectives of cash flo	<ul> <li>instance, the APR may be higher</li> <li>(b) allowances</li> <li>ome Act of 1974 (ERISA) is require any employer to establish onditions.</li> <li>(b) Settlement</li> <li>w analysis are to determine the result of the set of the</li></ul>	than the APR for purchases. (c) rebates a federal law that sets minimum a pension plan — it only require (c) Standards	(d) receipts qualifications for pension plans as that those who establish plans (d) Surety
Q7	your purchases differently; for (a) advances The Employee Retirement Incom in private industry; it does not a must meet certain minimum co (a) Security The objectives of cash flo and expenditures, and the rate (a) anticipated For yen-denominated bonds, t	<ul> <li>instance, the APR may be higher</li> <li>(b) allowances</li> <li>ome Act of 1974 (ERISA) is require any employer to establish onditions.</li> <li>(b) Settlement</li> <li>w analysis are to determine the report of return which the expected fut</li> <li>(b) discounted</li> <li>he Samurai and the bond means from domestic investors of the issues</li> </ul>	than the APR for purchases. (c) rebates a federal law that sets minimum a pension plan — it only require (c) Standards het present value of a stream of e ure cash flows will yield on a give (c) forwarded	(d) receipts qualifications for pension plans as that those who establish plans (d) Surety expected future cash revenues en level of initial cash investment. (d) planned
Q7 Q8	your purchases differently; for (a) advances The Employee Retirement Inco in private industry; it does not in must meet certain minimum co (a) Security The objectives of cash flo and expenditures, and the rate (a) anticipated For yen-denominated bonds, the mobilising financial resources in resources from the broader bas (a) Black Ship The income statements for the	instance, the APR may be higher (b) allowances ome Act of 1974 (ERISA) is require any employer to establish onditions. (b) Settlement w analysis are to determine the r e of return which the expected fut (b) discounted he Samurai and the bond m from domestic investors of the iss se of international investors.	than the APR for purchases. (c) rebates a federal law that sets minimum a pension plan — it only require (c) Standards (c) Standards het present value of a stream of e ure cash flows will yield on a give (c) forwarded arkets have coexisted since the suing market, whereas the latter (c) Euroyen latively for the current fiscal year	(d) receipts qualifications for pension plans as that those who establish plans (d) Surety expected future cash revenues en level of initial cash investment. (d) planned 1970s; the former aims at aims at mobilising financial (d) Oversea

Q1	The head of the is Davi and whose term of office exp	d M. Walker, Comptroller Gene bires in October 2013.	eral of the United States, who v	vas appointed October 1998
	(a) CBO	(b) FDIC	(c) GAO	(d) SEC
Q2		ct of regulates the organiz sting, and trading in securities, (b) 1934		
Q3	performance figures or clear experiences an 'abrupt nega		nance is less than the figures s	hown when a security
	(a) Audit	(b) Regulation	(c) Reportage	(d) Securities
Q4		s, a classic case of fraud: n-Americans in part by appeali		
	(a) affinity	(b) compatriot	(c) fraternity	(d) patriotic
Q5		ort filed with the US Securities a ontinuing view of the company' he company's fiscal year.	-	
	(a) 3-Q	(b) 4-Q	(c) 10-Q	(d) 12-Q
Q6		ne proper procedures for reque to Law, 65 P.S. 66.1-66.9	-	vania State Police (PSP)
	(a) Justice	(b) Know	(c) Protest	(d) Representation
Q7		bt announced today that Series ; issued since 1980, they were annually.	-	-
	(a) DD	(b) FF	(c) GG	(d) HH
Q8		be written or oral, and not only suitable restitution, but also allo aused.		
	(a) Impact	(b) Implication	(c) Indictment	(d) Injury
Q9		stalment receipts trading on the n underlying security on an inst Canada.		
	(a) daughter	(b) derivative	(c) sibling	(d) subordinate
Q10	foreclosures: if a securitized prevents the borrower from a	liability on the trusts that ho trust, not the original lender, is asserting defenses based on w (b) lendee	the one seeking foreclosure, t rongdoing at origination.	is compelling when it comes to he holder-in-due-course rule (d) trustee
	(a) assignee		(c) referee	

Q1	The basis of a bond initially equidiscount until it reaches the prin	uals the total purchase price; for a ncipal value at maturity.	discount bond, the basis increase	es at the rate of the accrued
	(a) average	(b) coupon	(c) listed	(d) market
Q2		heir expertise to a broader market ctors to the security ratings o		ntirely unproblematic, as perverse
	(a) bad mouth	(b) deadhead	(c) downgrade	(d) underwhelm
Q3	-	bonds published in its formal adve use offering the Protestant bonds population was Protestant.		
	(a) brochure	(b) circular	(c) flyer	(d) leaflet
Q4		) is determined by the U.S. Depar ge earners and clerical workers fro year.		-
	(a) Accrual	(b) Addition	(c) Adjustment	(d) Amendment
Q5		cale of a business, a legal notice to t where the business is located; th		
	(a) bulk	(b) final	(c) gross	(d) net
Q6	such as trustworthiness to dete	ard information to work with, they ermine if s/he is a candidate for a . If the client's handshake or how w	loan; these evaluations may l	
	(a) benevolent	(b) blind	(c) character	(d) individual
Q7	A Yankee Certificate of Deposi Deposit involves an American I	t necessarily involves a foreign ba pank with an off-shore branch.	ink with a branch in the United Sta	ates, while Certificate of
	(a) a Confederate	(b) a Dixie	(c) a Eurodollar	(d) an Expat
Q8		ocedures Act (RESPA) will apply i ution; this requires use of a s		
	(a) closing	(b) contractual	(c) settlement	(d) summary
Q9	American Dream of homeowne middle-income families to buy I			ible for low-, moderate-, and
<b>A</b> 1-	(a) Family	(b) Federal		(d) Franklin
Q10		of taking shorter and shorter composed to the sequence, the formulas generest formulas.		

Q1		ney is not backed by a physica carcity and the faith placed in it		the only thing that gives the
	(a) barter	(b) fiat	(c) paper	(d) tender
Q2		aws require publicly traded cor provides a comprehensive over atements.	•	
	(a) 8-K	(b) 8-Q	(c) 10-K	(d) 10-Q
Q3	raid that increased its c	ent has attempted to shut out a ontrolling stake to more than 29 as in the open market at 1,100p	9 per cent; traders at Deutsche	
	(a) dawn	(b) dusk	(c) midnight	(d) night
Q4	apiece, in order to develop th	which cost us under \$20,000 a ne C model; this type of back vith an additional source of reve	financing avoids the Congr	• .
	(a) door	(b) hand	(c) lot	(d) room
Q5		ICICI's DDB is 15 per cent; a i e of less than 15 per cent and u k.		· •
	(a) call	(b) flow	(c) short	(d) term
Q6	-	can stock exchanges, is k nies are generally smaller; it als		
	(a) AMEX	(b) CME	(c) NASDAQ	(d) NYSE
Q7	Acoupon bond is a bor (a) current	nd whose coupon rate equals g (b) full	oing market rates and consequ (c) set	uently sells at or near par. (d) zero
Q8	excluded from operating prot			
	(a) EBIT	(b) EBT	(c) GI	(d) NI
Q9	of a product or delivery of a s	mounts to the characterization service; in other words, of all th o this category and some will s (b) COGS	e expenses your business will	incur in a given month, some
Q10	companies, corporate financ finance, take-overs, mergers		in connection with new issues	of securities for raising
	(a) co-op	(b) group	(c) syndicate	(d) venture

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 271 *Tax Credits*

Q1				
QT		payers may be eligible to claim a nd related expenses of the stude	-	edit against their federal income re enrolled in eligible educational
	(a) Lifetime	(b) Ongoing	(c) Postsecondary	(d) Tertiary
Q2	Non assets are divided in	to two categories: produced asse	ts and non-produced assets.	
	(a) financial	(b) fixed	(c) tangible	(d) tenable
Q3	The most comprehensive insur to rebuild is more than your po (a) reconstruction	rance policy is guaranteed c licy limit. (b) reimbursement	ost coverage, which will pay to re (c) renovation	build your home even if the cost (d) replacement
Q4		restors to make transactions that		
	(a) An essentially	ed down by excessive frictional co (b) An operationally	(c) A readily	(d) A virtually
			· · ·	(, ,
Q5		e basically three occurrences: the record date, and therefore, th		
	(a) announcement	(b) inception	(c) presentation	(d) settlement
Q6		dex funds has created a market ntals; it thus threatens to interfere	e with the key function of financial	
	(a) inaccuracy	(b) inapplicability	(c) ineffectiveness	(d) inefficiency
Q7	Price set by the market es	(b) inapplicability stablish boundaries where securit since they prevent immediate one	(c) ineffectiveness y prices are allowed to move with	in a trading day, and so provide
Q7	Price set by the market es a cooling off period; however, s	(b) inapplicability stablish boundaries where securit since they prevent immediate one	(c) ineffectiveness y prices are allowed to move with	in a trading day, and so provide
Q7 Q8	Price set by the market es a cooling off period; however, s spread out over a longer period (a) barriers Technical analysis would includ	<ul> <li>(b) inapplicability</li> <li>stablish boundaries where securit</li> <li>since they prevent immediate one</li> <li>d of time.</li> <li>(b) curbs</li> <li>de any analysis associated with the</li> <li>hile analysis attempts to mean</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) ineffectiveness</li> <li>y prices are allowed to move with e-day large price changes, they m</li> <li>(c) edges</li> <li>he determination of investor sentility</li> </ul>	in a trading day, and so provide aay cause price adjustments to (d) limits ment and psychology, such as
	Price set by the market es a cooling off period; however, s spread out over a longer period (a) barriers Technical analysis would includ graphs of price and volume, wh	<ul> <li>(b) inapplicability</li> <li>stablish boundaries where securit</li> <li>since they prevent immediate one</li> <li>d of time.</li> <li>(b) curbs</li> <li>de any analysis associated with the</li> <li>hile analysis attempts to mean</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) ineffectiveness</li> <li>y prices are allowed to move with e-day large price changes, they m</li> <li>(c) edges</li> <li>he determination of investor sentility</li> </ul>	ain a trading day, and so provide aay cause price adjustments to (d) limits ment and psychology, such as
	Price set by the market est a cooling off period; however, s spread out over a longer period (a) barriers Technical analysis would includ graphs of price and volume, wh management's ability, business (a) abstract FOR VALUE RECEIVED, We, the order of State of Ohio, Prov holder of this mortgage, in	<ul> <li>(b) inapplicability</li> <li>stablish boundaries where securit</li> <li>since they prevent immediate one</li> <li>d of time.</li> <li>(b) curbs</li> <li>de any analysis associated with the</li> <li>hile analysis attempts to mean</li> <li>s models, etc.</li> <li>(b) practical</li> <li>the undersigned, the promisors a</li> <li>misee and Mortgagee, its success</li> <li>herest at the rate of 12 percent p</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) ineffectiveness</li> <li>y prices are allowed to move with e-day large price changes, they me (c) edges</li> <li>he determination of investor sentilation as the determination of investor sentilation (c) qualitative</li> <li>(c) qualitative</li> <li>and mortgagors, jointly and severations and assigns, at such other per annum.</li> </ul>	in a trading day, and so provide aay cause price adjustments to (d) limits ment and psychology, such as tangible aspects, such as (d) subjective ally agree as follows: To pay to lace as may be designated by the
Q8 Q9	Price set by the market es a cooling off period; however, s spread out over a longer period (a) barriers Technical analysis would includ graphs of price and volume, wh management's ability, business (a) abstract FOR VALUE RECEIVED, We, the order of State of Ohio, Prov holder of this mortgage, in (a) contract	<ul> <li>(b) inapplicability</li> <li>stablish boundaries where securit</li> <li>since they prevent immediate one</li> <li>d of time.</li> <li>(b) curbs</li> <li>de any analysis associated with the</li> <li>hile analysis attempts to mean</li> <li>s models, etc.</li> <li>(b) practical</li> <li>the undersigned, the promisors a</li> <li>misee and Mortgagee, its success</li> <li>herest at the rate of 12 percent p</li> <li>(b) deed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) ineffectiveness</li> <li>y prices are allowed to move with e-day large price changes, they me</li> <li>(c) edges</li> <li>he determination of investor sentilasure (although not quantify) less</li> <li>(c) qualitative</li> <li>and mortgagors, jointly and severations and assigns, at such other per annum.</li> <li>(c) note</li> </ul>	in a trading day, and so provide ay cause price adjustments to (d) limits ment and psychology, such as tangible aspects, such as (d) subjective ally agree as follows: To pay to lace as may be designated by the (d) receipt
Q8	Price set by the market est a cooling off period; however, s spread out over a longer period (a) barriers Technical analysis would includ graphs of price and volume, wh management's ability, business (a) abstract FOR VALUE RECEIVED, We, the order of State of Ohio, Pror holder of this mortgage, in (a) contract	<ul> <li>(b) inapplicability</li> <li>stablish boundaries where securit</li> <li>since they prevent immediate one</li> <li>d of time.</li> <li>(b) curbs</li> <li>de any analysis associated with the</li> <li>hile analysis attempts to mean</li> <li>s models, etc.</li> <li>(b) practical</li> <li>the undersigned, the promisors at the rate of 12 percent percent</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) ineffectiveness</li> <li>y prices are allowed to move with e-day large price changes, they me (c) edges</li> <li>he determination of investor sentiasure (although not quantify) less</li> <li>(c) qualitative</li> <li>(c) qualitative</li> <li>and mortgagors, jointly and severations and assigns, at such other per annum.</li> <li>(c) note</li> <li>nions that pay interest but cannot</li> </ul>	in a trading day, and so provide aay cause price adjustments to (d) limits (d) limits (d) subjective (d) subjective (d) subjective (d) receipt (d) receipt t be used directly as money (by,

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 272 Payable on Demand

Q1	paying bank or importer, althoug documents.	y used in international trade; payme	hin three working days after receip	and review of the negotiation
Q2	-	(b) cheque Registrar, performing the functions outer system, which is specifically de	-	
	(a) a Control	(b) an Investor	(c) a Repository	(d) a Transfer
Q3		ount is payable in full when the stat		-
	(a) debit	(b) cash	(c) charge	(d) credit
Q4	-	m equipment don't want to see part ets and committing billions in fi (b) supplier		and die, so they're leaping into the cash-strapped service providers. (d) wholesaler
Q5	A 403(b) plan is a retirement pla (a) multinational	n similar to a 401(k) plan, but one v (b) non-profit	which is offered by organization (c) private	ons. (d) unincorporated
Q6		erting assets into money) or a straig of the Code, all non-exempt prope		
	(a) Act	(b) Chapter	(c) Paragraph	(d) Section
Q7		ur gains, then the remaining amoun hat you have with these old losses (b) carryforward		clip of \$3,000 per year, for as long asset — the tax loss (d) update
Q8		ittee decided to keep its target for t I fail to moderate as expected, and growth.		
	(a) Economic	(b) Investment	(c) Open	(d) Reserve
Q9	currently cheapest-to-deliver not	ulating hedge ratios for Treasury fu e or bond; with that single-deliveral 0,000 par of the cheapest to delive (b) base	ble assumption, the futures' PVBP	
Q10	-	n, you should weigh opportunities a I Laureate professor and calculated	-	d measure of return on risk is the cess return to determine reward per
	(a) Markowitz	(b) Miller	(c) Schelling	(d) Sharpe

PHOTOCOPIABLE

Q1	Depreciation represents sometimes the term 'reserve	s the expense related to the fix for depreciation' is used.	ed assets still carried on the bo	poks of the company;
	(a) Accumulated	(b) Acquired	(c) Consolidated	(d) Cumulative
Q2		nad sufficient money balances IYSE volume grew, banks and ecurities transactions.		
	(a) day	(b) drop	(c) short	(d) spot
Q3	-	as of the same commodity trade or than the current one are calle	-	-
	(a) back	(b) front	(c) last	(d) past
Q4		uyer the right to receive the swa ands, as you profit if rates fall ir		ay the floating rate of interest;
	(a) call	(b) put	(c) rate	(d) take
Q5	-	eral Ledger boils down to maki ess health; it is a fundamental be a labor-intensive process.		
	(a) assets	(b) bad debts	(c) cash flow	(d) payables
Q6	It is the consensus of the co	mmittee that all banking institut	ions are capable of providing t	he basic treasury
		ervices requested; some banks o offset any significant difference		e for no fee services, but their
				e for no fee services, but their (d) stabilizing
Q7	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of	o offset any significant difference	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you iver a period of several years,	(d) stabilizing r employer's stock at a stated
Q7	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating In gives you the right to buy a co f time; often, the shares 'vest' c	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you iver a period of several years,	(d) stabilizing r employer's stock at a stated
Q7 Q8	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of the shares can be exercised (a) occupational Section 1035 of the IRS Coo without an income tax conse	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating In gives you the right to buy a co f time; often, the shares 'vest' of in the first year, another fraction	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you over a period of several years, i on in the second year, etc. (c) optimum -qualified monies from certain i non-qualified monies from an a	<ul> <li>(d) stabilizing</li> <li>r employer's stock at a stated meaning that some fraction of</li> <li>(d) option</li> <li>financial products to others</li> </ul>
	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of the shares can be exercised (a) occupational Section 1035 of the IRS Coo without an income tax conse	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating In gives you the right to buy a co f time; often, the shares 'vest' of in the first year, another fraction (b) opportunity le allows the movement of non equence; this 1035 allows	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you over a period of several years, i on in the second year, etc. (c) optimum -qualified monies from certain i non-qualified monies from an a	<ul> <li>(d) stabilizing</li> <li>r employer's stock at a stated meaning that some fraction of</li> <li>(d) option</li> <li>financial products to others</li> </ul>
	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of the shares can be exercised (a) occupational Section 1035 of the IRS Coor without an income tax conse annuity, or from a life insurat (a) Conversion In the case of market orders	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating in gives you the right to buy a con- f time; often, the shares 'vest' of in the first year, another fraction (b) opportunity le allows the movement of non- equence; this 1035 allows ince policy to another life insura (b) Exchange in the active bonds, whose pri- price on the board, goes direct	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you over a period of several years, i on in the second year, etc. (c) optimum -qualified monies from certain i non-qualified monies from an a nce policy. (c) Rule ces are reported on the right si	<ul> <li>(d) stabilizing</li> <li>r employer's stock at a stated meaning that some fraction of</li> <li>(d) option</li> <li>financial products to others annuity to move to another</li> <li>(d) Transfer</li> <li>de of the quotation board, the</li> </ul>
Q8	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of the shares can be exercised (a) occupational Section 1035 of the IRS Coor without an income tax conset annuity, or from a life insurat (a) Conversion In the case of market orders broker after noting the latest	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating in gives you the right to buy a con- f time; often, the shares 'vest' of in the first year, another fraction (b) opportunity le allows the movement of non- equence; this 1035 allows ince policy to another life insura (b) Exchange in the active bonds, whose pri- price on the board, goes direct	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you over a period of several years, i on in the second year, etc. (c) optimum -qualified monies from certain i non-qualified monies from an a nce policy. (c) Rule ces are reported on the right si	<ul> <li>(d) stabilizing</li> <li>r employer's stock at a stated meaning that some fraction of</li> <li>(d) option</li> <li>financial products to others annuity to move to another</li> <li>(d) Transfer</li> <li>de of the quotation board, the</li> </ul>
Q8	interest rates are adjusted to (a) affirmative An employee stock plan price over a certain period of the shares can be exercised (a) occupational Section 1035 of the IRS Coor without an income tax conset annuity, or from a life insuran (a) Conversion In the case of market orders broker after noting the latest bid or asked price he can ob (a) box	o offset any significant difference (b) compensating in gives you the right to buy a con- fit ime; often, the shares 'vest' of in the first year, another fraction (b) opportunity le allows the movement of non- equence; this 1035 allows ince policy to another life insura- (b) Exchange in the active bonds, whose pri- price on the board, goes direc- tain.	e in cost. (c) positive ertain number of shares of you over a period of several years, if on in the second year, etc. (c) optimum -qualified monies from certain if non-qualified monies from certain if non-qualified monies from an a nce policy. (c) Rule ces are reported on the right side thy to the bond and effects (c) floor	(d) stabilizing r employer's stock at a stated meaning that some fraction of (d) option financial products to others annuity to move to another (d) Transfer de of the quotation board, the s a sale at the most favorable (d) quarter

Q1		n of the reverse convertible h not fall by more than a certai	<b>-</b> .	
	(a) bottom out	(b) downside	(c) low end	(d) redline
Q2		time required to recover the ne better investment is the o		
	(a) Discharge	(b) Offset	(c) Payback	(d) Recoup
Q3	customer, since it is held a	rgin account is known as a . Is collateral to secure the bro Is from short sales and the ma	oker's loan of funds and secu	•
	(a) bound	(b) captive	(c) fictitious	(d) virtual
Q4	This is the first rule in buyi	nglinked notes: Peg it t	to a stock that you would like	e to own.
	(a) deposit	(b) equity	(c) investment	(d) share
Q5	The Hulbert rating is a ratin have performed.	ng by Hulbert Financial Dige	st of how well the recommer	ndations of various market
	(a) factors	(b) letters	(c) makers	(d) offers
Q6		m ensures investors are prov when it initially offers stock to s business operations.		
	(a) Declaration	(b) Deposition	(c) Disclosure	(d) Divulgence
Q7	Market Makers would not b	ket Regulation stated that w be required to display limit of be displayed as soon as prac	rders within 30 seconds of re	eceipt, then "limit orders
	(a) blocked	(b) frozen	(c) held	(d) stopped
Q8	income tax returns filed with	dual Income Tax Return, is t th the Internal Revenue Serv ax years 1913, 1914, and 19	vice (IRS) in the United State	, ,
	(a) 1040	(b) 1116	(c) 2441	(d) 2555
Q9	- ·	uires that you close in escrow y holds the proceeds from the property.	<b>-</b> .	•
	(a) exact	(b) like	(c) one	(d) same
Q10	Investors in mortgage	of single-family loans may l	nave only limited information	about the individual loans.
	(a) packages	(b) parcels	(c) pools	(d) portfolios

Q1	A non plan is a defined (a) backed	benefit pension plan that is not (b) insured	t guaranteed. (c) secured	(d) warrantied
Q2		ore than the cost of pure prote	. ,	
		pure protection, is what builds	<b>c</b>	
	(a) account	(b) element	(c) portion	(d) segment
Q3	C C	nished to the City of Fort Laude executed by insert name relatin		<b>.</b> .
	(a) Affidavit	(b) Opinion	(c) Proof	(d) Validation
Q4		not relate to a particular number a of stocks times a multiplier, w	-	ng instrument is usually the
	(a) funds	(b) futures	(c) options	(d) trackers
Q5		Stock form is to transfer of icate that has a different forma	•	
	(a) Assignment	(b) Conveyance	(c) Power	(d) Voucher
Q6		in which the closing price has t 4 1/2-year highs; the importanc hey are maintained.		
	(a) percolation	(b) performance	(c) perseverance	(d) persistence
Q7	meanings which people attac	at research is a naturalisti ch to actions, decisions, beliefs e to make sense of and interpr	, values etc., and understandir	-
	(a) fundamental	(b) holistic	(c) intuitive	(d) qualitative
Q8		ost to buy a particular item fron used car dealer, furniture from (b) Intrinsic	-	-
Q9	credit is one in which the dra elapsed.	which the draft drawn thereaga ft is payable only when the stip	pulated number of days after da	ate of acceptance has
	(a) An inked	(b) An instant	(c) A sight	(d) A simple
Q10	factoring in purchase and sa	ordkeeping technique investors le dates, corporate action even prove the after-tax performance	ts and wash sales; it provides	
	(a) base	(b) factor	(c) lot	(d) return

(a) base (b) factor (c) lot (d) return

Q1	According to Cornell Unive	ersity Law School, trusts and	monopolies are of wea	alth in the hands of a few.
	(a) amassings	(b) concatenations	(c) concentrations	(d) masses
Q2	•	economic resources are thou t normal marketplace co	• • •	
	(a) marginalize	(b) maximize	(c) obfuscate	(d) obliterate
Q3	These, in turn, cause mark	kets to stagnate and inc	lividual initiative.	
	(a) drip	(b) sap	(c) skip	(d) tap
Q4	To prevent trusts from crea Sherman Act in 1890.	ating on trade or comm	erce and reducing competition	on, Congress passed the
	(a) containment	(b) curtailment	(c) refrains	(d) restraints
Q5	The Sherman Act is the m	ain source of law.		
	(a) antitrust	(b) commercial	(c) monopolistic	(d) oligarchic
Q6	The Sherman Act is a Fed Federal government.	eral and as such has a	scope limited by Constitutio	nal constraints on the
	(a) bylaw	(b) edict	(c) regulation	(d) statute
Q7	The commerce clause, how	wever, allows a very wi	de interpretation and applica	ation of this act.
	(a) about	(b) for	(c) on	(d) with
Q8	The Sherman Act applies	to all transactions and busine	ess involved in comme	rce.
	(a) international	(b) internecine	(c) interstate	(d) intestate
Q9		comparable laws prohibiting ade having strictly local		fixing agreements, and
	(a) compact	(b) contract	(c) impact	(d) influence
Q10	on the condition that the p	ads: it shall be unlawful for a urchaser thereof shall not de condition may be to lessen	eal in the goods of a competi	tor of the seller, where the

(a) embroiled (b) enacted (c) engaged (d) entwined

Q1		ning strategy, an employer m less restrictive contract	ust identify its goals: is it imp ., or both?	portant to obtain more
	(a) language	(b) semantics	(c) syntax	(d) vocabulary
Q2	An employer must also de	termine if it has the proper p	erson sitting at the bargainin	g table on its
	(a) behalf	(b) board	(c) chair	(d) committee
Q3	Is it time to introduce a new	w face as the company spok	esperson to show the union	that are changing?
	(a) fashions	(b) rules	(c) staff	(d) times
Q4	Alan I. Model asserts that to bargain.	there are several considerati	ons that every employer mu	st before it sits down
	(a) acquire	(b) ask	(c) assess	(d) aver
Q5	•	- ·	determine if contractual prov oor Relations Board (NLRB).	•
	(a) ambiguated	(b) mollified	(c) neutralized	(d) nullified
Q6		<b>o o i</b>	visors as to how they administion come from the lin	<b>U</b>
	(a) assembly	(b) blue	(c) drawn	(d) front
Q7			iated by a multi-employer ba tiations whether to negotiate	
	(a) partial	(b) party	(c) primary	(d) privy
Q8	Construct a financial mode		cost components; this actior	n is vital in determining the
	(a) importunity	(b) impotence	(c) primacy	(d) priority
Q9	Know your: use conta	acts in the labor arena to lear	n about the union and its off	icers.
	(a) adversary	(b) advisor	(c) intermediary	(d) mediator
Q10	This information may help hinder attempts to reach a		sures on a union negoti	ator that may facilitate or
	(a) hefting	(b) leaning	(c) squeezing	(d) weighing

Q1	Shamus McGillicuddy write box office.	es that it's OK to fail: Every y	ear, Hollywood studios relea	ase movies that at the
	(a) bomb	(b) dive	(c) plod	(d) squander
Q2	Record companies al	bums no one wants to play.		
	(a) etch	(b) force	(c) press	(d) seal
Q3	The auto industry introduc	es cars that — rememb	er the Ford Edsel?	
	(a) flood	(b) gas	(c) pump	(d) tank
Q4	Businesses in every vertic there's a chance for failure	al industry take risks when th	ney; when they try som	ething new, they know
	(a) initiate	(b) innovate	(c) realize	(d) renovate
Q5	But in information technolo	ogy, CIOs rarely feel they ha	ve the room to fail.	
	(a) breathing	(b) learning	(c) living	(d) standing
Q6	CIOs need to back where president and CIO of Pione	hen their companies expect eer Natural Resources.	a 100% success rate, said T	om Halbouty, vice
	(a) draw	(b) hit	(c) pull	(d) push
Q7		ne failure within a context tha umber of wells drilled that ca		at Pioneer, IT project failures
	(a) cold	(b) dry	(c) empty	(d) flat
Q8		a system that creates anim Idwide users to use, he has		ling projects and puts them
	(a) duplications	(b) restorations	(c) stimulations	(d) visualizations
Q9	"No one has done it before	e, and I'm not sure I'm going	to pull it," he said.	
	(a) off	(b) on	(c) out	(d) over
Q10		as City, Mobased Midwest ed for the occasional failure; ing the successes.		
	(a) B	(b) flip	(c) off	(d) other

Q1	Informal groups cannot rel	y on external enforcement to	insure that members b	by their obligations.
	(a) abide	(b) agree	(c) assist	(d) attest
Q2	It is generally assumed that	at these problems are solved	by social sanctions' and	effects.
	(a) computational	(b) computed	(c) reputational	(d) reputed
Q3		st commonly found informal f icial) sanctioning mechanism all future roscas.		
	(a) defacing	(b) defeating	(c) defecting	(d) defining
Q4	It is assumed that info	ormal groups, such as roscas	s, rely on social sanctions to	solve their enforcement
	(a) perfunctorily	(b) practically	(c) topically	(d) typically
Q5	We examine this notion mo social sanctions.	ore carefully and distinguish	between expulsion from futu	ire roscas cycles and
	(a) expedient	(b) exponential	(c) extraneous	(d) extrapolated
Q6	We first demonstrate that t	heoretically expulsion in itse	If is never a sufficient	
	(a) curtailment	(b) deterrent	(c) incitement	(d) involvement
Q7	We then ask whether institutional features of these groups are chosen in some part to prevent members from on their responsibilities.			
	(a) defalcating	(b) defaulting	(c) defalcating	(d) deflecting
Q8		of ranks, and we show that s to the incentives to we		s, though preferred by a
	(a) exacerbate	(b) exonerate	(c) extend	(d) extol
Q9	They are therefore sustain	able only if the of social	I sanctions on their members	s are sufficiently high.
	(a) costs	(b) expenses	(c) prices	(d) values
Q10	-	e in favour of our hypothesis te in roscas where the order		
	(a) friable	(b) fulsome	(c) viable	(d) vulnerable

Q1	entrepreneurship and its c	as introduced to economics I entral, the entrepreneu urial behavior, and corporate	r, have been the focus of nu	
	(a) figure	(b) icon	(c) image	(d) symbol
Q2	Recently, a new stream of Heppard).	literature has formed s	trategic entrepreneurship (H	litt et al. 2002a; Meyer and
	(a) amid	(b) around	(c) through	(d) toward
Q3	This new area of research research.	is different from what has be	een traditionally as stra	tegic management
	(a) identified	(b) listed	(c) pigeon-holed	(d) recorded
Q4	-	that can be used to sus eneurship is about recognizi		
	(a) mechanics	(b) mechanisms	(c) techniques	(d) tectonics
Q5	A firm that manages for str thus is rewarded for its ent	rategic flexibility and constar repreneurial behavior.	nt renewal is able to abo	ove-average profits and
	(a) engender	(b) generate	(c) permutate	(d) proliferate
Q6	-	ial behavior is entrepreneuri this is because the entrepre		
	(a) considers	(b) exercises	(c) passes	(d) reserves
Q7	Because the judgments ar are thus ex noncontra	e framed in an uncertain envactible.	vironment, the judgments the	emselves are uncertain and
	(a) ante	(b) cathedra	(c) gratia	(d) officio
Q8	Because entrepreneurship behavior is complex.	is not as as other facto	ors, the analysis of payments	s to entrepreneurial
	(a) homogenous	(b) homologous	(c) homolytic	(d) homophobic
Q9	this dimensionality to two o	tgren's paper is to include er categories, arbitrage and inn at governs their from th	ovation; they highlight what	-
	(a) composition	(b) computation	(c) importation	(d) imputation
Q10	-	epreneurial rents are then		
	(a) empirically	(b) hypothetically	(c) impulsively	(d) perfunctorily

Q1		ne Public Health Agency of Car the Federal Initiative to Addres en.		
	(a) community	(b) offset	(c) public	(d) transfer
Q2				
0.0		(b) general		
Q3	-	is unique, many banks utilize s ty, capital, and collateral.	some variation of evaluating the	e five C's when making loan
	(a) cash flow	(b) closure	(c) conditions	(d) credit
Q4		ical certificate form and want to ransfer agent will accept the tra turns out to be forged.	-	-
	(a) affidavits	(b) guarantees	(c) verifications	(d) witnesses
Q5		ELU) is a professional financial as and professionals in the areas		-
	(a) Casualty	(b) Certified	(c) Chartered	(d) Commercial
Q6		ment trusts (FREITs) are a typ cific date; their primary investn		
	(a) life	(b) limit	(c) term	(d) time
Q7		outed to have had extraordinary		
	(a) Actim	(b) Jensen	(c) Merck	(d) Ryerson
Q8		introduced by Norman Fosbac at the uninformed crowd domin	-	
	(a) Positive	(b) Previous	(c) Proactive	(d) Progressive
Q9	an easy-to-maintain way to h	own a small business with less nelp build retirement savings fo red until withdrawal at retireme	r you and your employees; as	
	(a) Secured	(b) Simplified	(c) Single	(d) Summary
Q10	The software-as-a-service co dollars off the \$9 to \$11 price	ompany began trading at \$7 (3 e set last month.	.83) a share on the Nasdaq sto	ock market, knocking a few
	(a) limit	(b) line	(c) range	(d) run

Q1				
<b>_</b> .	The University of Washingto a merit raise four years ago.	n has agreed to shell out \$17.4	5 million in pay to faculty	members who did not receive
	(a) back	(b) hind	(c) past	(d) rear
Q2	1, 2012.; the bonds were iss	k, Inc. issued its 10 percent bo ued for \$1,329,000 to yield 12	percent, resulting in a bond	of \$171,000.
	(a) discount	(b) markdown	(c) reduction	(d) rollback
Q3		esent a normal bond, but with a ler to retire the bonds after a ce		
	(a) callable	(b) cashable	(c) reclaimable	(d) retrievable
Q4	uncollectible, considering inf	ased on Credit Risk Managemo ormation such as the occurrence oceeds from collateral to pay th	ce of significant changes in the	
	(a) charge-offs	(b) mark-offs	(c) set-offs	(d) trade-offs
Q5		has led the landmark 125 millio Inner for the Tesco deal, which	-	
	(a) bound	(b) linked	(c) secured	(d) tagged
Q6		access to the FRCS, enabling p	ayments to mortgagees to be ade to financial institutions that	
		institutions or Federal Banks.		
			(c) equivalent	(d) intermediary
Q7	FRCS through financial (a) affiliated earnings tax is an addit	institutions or Federal Banks.	(c) equivalent siness holds in an attempt to a	(d) intermediary
Q7	FRCS through financial (a) affiliated earnings tax is an addit	institutions or Federal Banks. (b) correspondent ional tax on earnings that a bus	(c) equivalent siness holds in an attempt to a	(d) intermediary
Q7 Q8	FRCS through financial (a) affiliated earnings tax is an addit the owners would be subject (a) Accumulated The Senate Finance Commi	institutions or Federal Banks. (b) correspondent ional tax on earnings that a bus to if the earnings were paid ou	<ul> <li>(c) equivalent</li> <li>siness holds in an attempt to an attempt as dividends.</li> <li>(c) Recognized</li> <li>ey, who is a Republican Senated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) intermediary</li> <li>void the higher income taxes</li> <li>(d) Retained</li> <li>or from Iowa, said that they</li> </ul>
	FRCS through financial (a) affiliated earnings tax is an addit the owners would be subject (a) Accumulated The Senate Finance Commi are passing the huge increase	institutions or Federal Banks. (b) correspondent ional tax on earnings that a bus to if the earnings were paid ou (b) Acquired ttee Chairman, Charles Grassle	<ul> <li>(c) equivalent</li> <li>siness holds in an attempt to an attempt as dividends.</li> <li>(c) Recognized</li> <li>ey, who is a Republican Senated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) intermediary</li> <li>void the higher income taxes</li> <li>(d) Retained</li> <li>or from Iowa, said that they</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>FRCS through financial (a) affiliated</li> <li> earnings tax is an addit the owners would be subject (a) Accumulated</li> <li>The Senate Finance Comminate are passing the huge increase the federal government".</li> <li>(a) free</li> <li>A significant difference betwo</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>institutions or Federal Banks.</li> <li>(b) correspondent</li> <li>ional tax on earnings that a bust to if the earnings were paid out</li> <li>(b) Acquired</li> <li>ttee Chairman, Charles Grasslesse in the national debt limit bec</li> <li>(b) full</li> <li>een silver and gold is that silve</li> <li>the gold chart right now, and y</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) equivalent</li> <li>siness holds in an attempt to an attempt to them as dividends.</li> <li>(c) Recognized</li> <li>ey, who is a Republican Senate ause "It is necessary to preser</li> <li>(c) real</li> <li>r has underperformed relative an attempt to an attempt to an attempt to an attempt to the ause and a service and a serv</li></ul>	(d) intermediary woid the higher income taxes (d) Retained or from Iowa, said that they we the faith and credit of (d) true to gold so far this year; the
Q8	FRCS through financial(a) affiliated earnings tax is an additthe owners would be subject(a) AccumulatedThe Senate Finance Comminateare passing the huge increasethe federal government".(a) freeA significant difference betweesilver chart looks 'uglier' that	<ul> <li>institutions or Federal Banks.</li> <li>(b) correspondent</li> <li>ional tax on earnings that a bust to if the earnings were paid out</li> <li>(b) Acquired</li> <li>ttee Chairman, Charles Grasslesse in the national debt limit bec</li> <li>(b) full</li> <li>een silver and gold is that silve</li> <li>the gold chart right now, and y</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) equivalent</li> <li>siness holds in an attempt to an attempt to them as dividends.</li> <li>(c) Recognized</li> <li>ey, who is a Republican Senate ause "It is necessary to preser</li> <li>(c) real</li> <li>r has underperformed relative an attempt to an attempt to an attempt to an attempt to the ause and a service and a serv</li></ul>	(d) intermediary woid the higher income taxes (d) Retained or from Iowa, said that they we the faith and credit of (d) true to gold so far this year; the
Q8	<ul> <li>FRCS through financial (a) affiliated</li> <li> earnings tax is an addit the owners would be subject (a) Accumulated</li> <li>The Senate Finance Comminate are passing the huge increase the federal government".</li> <li>(a) free</li> <li>A significant difference betwo silver chart looks 'uglier' that risk is as obvious as the Mari (a) downright</li> <li>If you are trying to decide with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>institutions or Federal Banks.</li> <li>(b) correspondent</li> <li>ional tax on earnings that a bust to if the earnings were paid out</li> <li>(b) Acquired</li> <li>ttee Chairman, Charles Grasslese in the national debt limit bec</li> <li>(b) full</li> <li>een silver and gold is that silve the gold chart right now, and the gold chart right now, and the gold chart right now.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) equivalent</li> <li>siness holds in an attempt to an attempt to an attempt as dividends.</li> <li>(c) Recognized</li> <li>ey, who is a Republican Senate ause "It is necessary to preser</li> <li>(c) real</li> <li>r has underperformed relative with a series of lower highs and</li> <li>(c) outright</li> <li>paying an annual coupon inter</li> </ul>	(d) intermediary (d) intermediary (d) Retained (d) Retained (d) Retained (d) rue (d) true (d) true (d) true (d) outside (d) outside (est of 8% or a municipal bond

Q1		eted specifically for employee t by employers on behalf of a		
	(a) Fidelity	(b) Honesty	(c) Integrity	(d) Loyalty
Q2	-	s a chart pattern where each r he stock's high price, it falls ar	• • •	•
	(a) crests	(b) heads	(c) peaks	(d) tops
Q3		emand, makers of everything to dampen the tech recovery .		
	(a) belch	(b) cough	(c) hiccup	(d) sneeze
Q4		cisable or convertible into com arnings per share amounts, ac	·	tal structure and must
	(a) complex	(b) composite	(c) compound	(d) comprehensive
Q5	issues securities and is prim	a company (corporation, busi narily engaged in the business the performance of the securit (b) an incorporated	s of investing in securities; its	performance will be based on
00				
Q6		Chicago Board of Trade corn lay as forecasts predicting rair		
	(a) bottom	(b) flat	(c) limit	(d) margin
Q7		d measure the determinants o structures and the fairness of		s crucial in evaluating the
	(a) scopes	(b) sheets	(c) spans	(d) spreads
Q8	Mortgage are still near moment.	historical lows — you can ref	inance into a 30-year mortgag	e for under 7% at the
	(a) fees	(b) levies	(c) liens	(d) rates
Q9		ssued at a discount to its face ee (lender) the note is a note r		
	(a) bearing	(b) carrying	(c) holding	(d) yielding
Q10	your broker will require you derivative instruments.	bkerage account that allows you to sign a statement that you u	inderstand and acknowledge	the risks associated with
	(a) A futures	(b) A hedge	(c) An option	(d) A swaps

Q1		n announced today that the fe history by a Canadian governr	-	debt by \$17.1 billion in 2000-
	(a) drawback	(b) drawdown	(c) payback	(d) paydown
Q2	•	nin the specified period, then t		ts common shareholders, it
	(a) accrued	(b) accumulated	(c) acquired	(d) aggregated
Q3		orporate bonds and U.S. treas in July 1998 to 1.84 percent (		
	(a) default	(b) quality	(c) risk	(d) value
Q4		ly upon court order on motion e court only after it finds that th vise dispose of the chattels.		
	(a) habeus corpus	(b) mandamus	(c) quo warranto	(d) replevin
Q5	negative savings of 0.5	c Analysis dished out some di percent for 2005, the first tim adual slide since May 1985 w	e that's happened since the G	Great Depression; our saving
	(a) balance	(b) increase	(c) pace	(d) rate
Q6		can be a good deal for the buy stock at a bargain price wi		
	(a) discounts	(b) plans	(c) rebates	(d) schemes
Q7		f all the tax benefits Uncle Sar he tax liability as much as you	-	tax is to help you
	(a) devaluing	(b) evading	(c) planning	(d) reducing
Q8		mposed on the acquisition of a tax is calculated on the value f the land.		
	(a) assignment	(b) exchange	(c) settlement	(d) transfer
Q9		te in Congregation on 10 Marc t out herein: "MR VICE-CHAN ur gratitude to"	-	•
	(a) construed	(b) explicit	(c) paraphrased	(d) verbatim
Q10		al annual \$10,000 gift-tax estate taxes or who is funding		•
	(a) deduction	(b) exclusion	(c) exemption	(d) redemption

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 285 The White Metal

0.4				
Q1	trading to above the 2-year th	back in and buy the heck out o rend line, a failed 'bear' wi silver down a series of stale lor (b) spread	Il have occurred; but if the che	ap raid ends up paying off for
00	1010 is the simplest use	ning of Form 4040 HLO Individ	lual la sana Tau Datum una di	
Q2		sion of Form 1040, U.S. Individ		
	deductions, no adjustments,	income of only wages, interest	, or unemployment compensat	ion, and no dependents.
	(a) AA	(b) EZ	(c) IQ	(d) OK
Q3	•	hange (CBOE) was founded in ns; April 26, the first day of trad	·	• • •
	(a) Charleston	(b) Chicago	(c) Cincinnati	(d) Cleveland
Q4		e the perfect deal if you're unsu king to a budget — you know e	-	
	(a) Fit	(b) Fixed	(c) Set	(d) Variable
Q5		ompany (usually unincorporated resent ownership interest and		
	(a) common	(b) joint	(c) limited	(d) venture
Q6		ts to help Sierra Leone recove eed in October to cancel about	-	
	(a) London	(b) Paris	(c) Stockholm	(d) Washington
Q7	between you and an insurand	nuity (SPDA), a retirement place ce company; in return for an ini rest on the maturity date of the (b) Single	tial investment, the company p	
0.0				
Q8		specific instructions to the cont of executed during regular tradi ading day.		
	(a) day	(b) limit	(c) one-shot	(d) up-time
Q9	A company's first annual months of the previous one.	. must be within 18 months of i	ncorporation, and the one afte	r that must be within 15
	(a) audit	(b) meeting	(c) report	(d) review
Q10	Nothing is more worrisome the debt settlement help.	nan dealing with taxes; in	such a situation, you need tax	debt relief through IRS tax
	(a) back	(b) base	(c) board	(d) bond

Q1	Four basic factors influenc thorough business plan, ar	e a successful business nd adequate capital.	.: a qualified entrepreneur, a	a profitable business idea, a
	(a) start-in	(b) start-off	(c) start-out	(d) start-up
Q2	Before you proceed, you s concept.	hould assess both your own	entrepreneurial skills and th	e of your business
	(a) variability	(b) versatility	(c) viability	(d) voracity
Q3	If it is not for you and business plan and seeking	your business concept to su financing.	cceed, you will not need to s	spend time writing a
	(a) feasible	(b) friable	(c) risible	(d) runcible
Q4	•	onducted and even more art y characteristics of success		' for being an
	(a) staff	(b) starch	(c) stretch	(d) stuff
Q5	Self-confidence: the aspira	nt believes in own ideas and	d abilities, and that belie	ef to others.
	(a) carries	(b) commutes	(c) confers	(d) conveys
Q6	Risk-taking: the aspirant ca	an status quo, explore c	options and pursue opportun	ities.
	(a) abandon	(b) desert	(c) escape	(d) renounce
Q7	Decision-making: the aspir	ant has the ability to make	choices even in a stress	ful environment.
	(a) predicated	(b) predictable	(c) prudent	(d) prudish
Q8	Persistence: the aspirant c	an pursue goals regarc	lless of the energy and com	mitment required.
	(a) tenaciously	(b) tentatively	(c) tortuously	(d) torturously
Q9	Goal: the aspirant can to achieve it.	n envision a desired outcome	e, as well as plan and impler	ment the activities required
	(a) dominated	(b) guided	(c) inspired	(d) oriented
Q10		ding business magazines an hibits the traits you need mo		ional programs, and
	(a) master	(b) mediator	(c) mentor	(d) moderator

Q1	Portfolio management has for R&D.	traditionally been about	getting new products to mark	et and prioritizing budgets
	(a) all	(b) clear	(c) into	(d) set
Q2		fectiveness in those areas is explains why, in R&D-heavy i own	•	
	(a) case	(b) right	(c) style	(d) way
Q3	-	be the vital bridge between st departmental coordination an		
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) from	(d) on
Q4		plexity of the functions perforn come completely organized ar	<b>o</b> .	•
	(a) economics	(b) economies	(c) measures	(d) mensurations
Q5		the employees themselves h nt with the task of ensuring the	•	•
	(a) assesses	(b) conveys	(c) creates	(d) instills
Q6		he market value of a company nd the that top managem		
	(a) assent	(b) assessment	(c) assumption	(d) assurance
Q7	•	trategic targets one might ha portfolio and through that into		e value of a company have to
	(a) bonds	(b) funds	(c) pools	(d) streams
Q8		y turns into revenue only thro rice should put your current a		•
	(a) dab	(b) down	(c) square	(d) squat
Q9		) the complete portfolio, the c acking due to geographic frag ut these products.		
	(a) caching	(b) capturing	(c) digitalizing	(d) digitizing
Q10		are very product (R&D, t comes to product-related pla	• • • • •	ain), tend to use different
	(a) aligned	(b) centric	(c) conscious	(d) friendly

Q1	The purpose of this primer markets.	is to clarify some of the key	characteristics of the over-the over-	ne (OTC) derivatives
	(a) column	(b) counter	(c) country	(d) course
Q2	A clearer picture of these r regulation of OTC de	narkets will help legislators a rivatives markets.	and regulators write better le	gislation and rules for the
	(a) potential	(b) prospective	(c) providential	(d) prudential
Q3	Derivatives are financial co index or the occurrence or	ontracts whose value is linke of an event.	d to the price of an underlyir	ng commodity, asset, rate,
	(a) enormity	(b) magnitude	(c) plenitude	(d) reliability
Q4		ed to refer to the set of finance nation of a derivative with a y.		•
	(a) sculptured	(b) straightened	(c) straitened	(d) structured
Q5	-	Ily been defined by 'pit' tradi platforms that automatically teral environment.		
	(a) outburst	(b) outcry	(c) upshot	(d) upthrust
Q6	The trading of derivatives dealers.	(traditionally futures and opti	ons) on exchanges is condu	cted through and not
	(a) bourses	(b) brokers	(c) intercourse	(d) intermediaries
Q7	-	anized several different nically brokered market and		
	(a) along	(b) by	(c) for	(d) into
Q8		ditionally been organized ar juotes to market participants		ho ' a market' by
	(a) form	(b) make	(c) place	(d) set
Q9		ation of prices are gene through the use of electroni	•	
	(a) execution	(b) exit	(c) expected	(d) extended
Q10	• • •	otiating by phone, whether of wo market participants direct		
	(a) bilateral	(b) binomial	(c) diagonal	(d) dialogue

Q1				
		akness is making hedging ri n't have the same advantage		n North America, while their
	(a) abundant	(b) attractive	(c) egregious	(d) elusive
Q2	However, an active and stu Hirigoyen exhorts.	rategic approach to hedging	means that Europeans shou	uld not be, Didier
	(a) determined	(b) deterred	(c) detracted	(d) distracted
Q3	The current weakness of the hedging as well as earning	he US Dollar major curi is translation risk.	encies has revived the deba	ate around net investment
	(a) and	(b) re	(c) versus	(d) with
Q4	-	companies' hedging opportu an corporations may not hav	• •	-
	(a) balk	(b) flinch	(c) leap	(d) shy
Q5	-	assessment combined with a sapproach however a		
	(a) commands	(b) demands	(c) regulates	(d) stipulates
Q6	passive, implementing her	nstraints and accounting reg Iging strategies in a systema itions in the decision making	tic manner or not at all, but	
	(a) bringing	(b) drawing	(c) placing	(d) taking
	(a) bringing	(b) diawing	(•) [•••••••3	(•) •••••••
Q7	While it is fair for companie	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho	nvolved in the currency mar	ket to 'punt' on the direction
Q7	While it is fair for companie	es to state that they are not i	nvolved in the currency mar	ket to 'punt' on the direction
Q7 Q8	While it is fair for companie of exchange rates, it is als (a) a limbo While understanding the m	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho (b) an instant nechanisms and characterist	nvolved in the currency mar ould not be done in eith (c) a trice ics of the FX market is key t	ket to 'punt' on the direction her. (d) a vacuum
	While it is fair for companie of exchange rates, it is als (a) a limbo While understanding the m remaining aware of curren	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho (b) an instant nechanisms and characterist	nvolved in the currency mar ould not be done in eith (c) a trice ics of the FX market is key t	ket to 'punt' on the direction her. (d) a vacuum o a sound hedging policy,
	While it is fair for companie of exchange rates, it is als (a) a limbo While understanding the m remaining aware of current (a) as a last resort The PPP currency valuation traded at fair value over the	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho (b) an instant nechanisms and characterist cy valuation and including it	nvolved in the currency mar ould not be done in eith (c) a trice ics of the FX market is key t in the risk management pro- (c) in the long run the assumption that a current easurement point, offers son	ket to 'punt' on the direction her. (d) a vacuum o a sound hedging policy, cess can add value to a firm (d) on the scorecard (d) on the scorecard
Q8	While it is fair for companie of exchange rates, it is als (a) a limbo While understanding the m remaining aware of current (a) as a last resort The PPP currency valuation traded at fair value over the	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho (b) an instant nechanisms and characterist cy valuation and including it (b) at a glance on model, modified to reflect e 20 years preceding the me	nvolved in the currency mar ould not be done in eith (c) a trice ics of the FX market is key t in the risk management pro- (c) in the long run the assumption that a current easurement point, offers son	ket to 'punt' on the direction her. (d) a vacuum o a sound hedging policy, cess can add value to a firm (d) on the scorecard (d) on the scorecard
Q8	While it is fair for companie of exchange rates, it is also (a) a limbo While understanding the more remaining aware of current (a) as a last resort The PPP currency valuation traded at fair value over the behaviour of exchange rate (a) insight	es to state that they are not i o fair to say that hedging sho (b) an instant nechanisms and characterist cy valuation and including it (b) at a glance on model, modified to reflect e 20 years preceding the me es and their tendency to mea	nvolved in the currency mar ould not be done in eith (c) a trice ics of the FX market is key t in the risk management pro- (c) in the long run the assumption that a current easurement point, offers son an-revert on an inflation adju (c) overview	ket to 'punt' on the direction her. (d) a vacuum o a sound hedging policy, cess can add value to a firm (d) on the scorecard (d) on the scorecard (d) on the long-term usted basis. (d) purview

Q1		Cognitive Work Analysis met ize themselves with the	-	steps is bootstrapping, in
	(a) bailiwick	(b) domain	(c) perimeter	(d) realm
Q2		olves an analysis of docume n be a critically important me		. ,
	(a) mandate	(b) matter	(c) medium	(d) mode
Q3	Documentation Analysis ca	an be a time-consuming proc	cess, but can sometimes be	indispensable in knowledge
	(a) election	(b) elicitation	(c) instigation	(d) institution
Q4	analysis of theavailal	nterpreters, interviews about ble basic knowledge of conc What is limestone?' would ha	epts and definitions; to take	
	(a) actually	(b) evidently	(c) openly	(d) readily
Q5	Although it is usually consi the entire research program	dered to be a part of bootstra mme.	apping, documentation analy	vsis occurs throughout
	(a) invaluably	(b) invariably	(c) inveterately	(d) invitingly
Q6	•	forecasting case study (Hoff published literatures and tec	•	
	(a) cognition	(b) gnosis	(c) incognito	(d) recognizance
Q7		nalyses of other types occur ting case studies, analysis o andbooks, etc.	-	
	(a) remainder	(b) remains	(c) reminder	(d) remnants
Q8	Documentation Analysis ca of reasoning models.	an be suggestive of the reas	oning of practitioners, and h	ence contribute to the
	(a) foraging	(b) forging	(c) foundering	(d) founding
Q9	•	an also be useful in the atten tegories for field knowledge		
	(a) gewgaws	(b) ragtag	(c) knickknacks	(d) tidbits
Q10	•	Analysis can be useful in th of or improvement in techno	•	
	(a) effusion	(b) extrusion	(c) infusion	(d) intrusion

Q1		e history of performance app ioneering Time and stu	·	in the early 20th century
	(a) Motion	(b) Motive	(c) Motor	(d) Movement
Q2		anagement procedure used Second World War — not mo	•	formance, appraisal really
	(a) dates	(b) emanates	(c) originates	(d) springs
Q3		e practice of appraisal is a ve e world's second oldest profe		of things historical, it might
	(a) give	(b) lay	(c) make	(d) set
Q4	<b>,</b>	989), "a basic human tender self" — appraisal, it seems, i		out those one is working
	(a) endemic	(b) eternal	(c) inevitable	(d) invincible
Q5		lly structured system of appr ates, naturally, informally and		ge the work performance of
	(a) aggressively	(b) arbitrarily	(c) impeccably	(d) inherently
Q6	The human to judge of	can create serious motivatior	nal, ethical and legal problem	ns in the workplace.
	(a) capacity	(b) condition	(c) inception	(d) inclination
Q7	Performance appraisal sys	stems began as simple meth	ods of income	
	(a) adjudication	(b) adjustment	(c) judgement	(d) justification
Q8	The process was firmly lini ideal, a in pay would	ked to material outcomes: if follow.	an employee's performance	was found to be less than
	(a) cut	(b) dent	(c) shave	(d) slice
Q9	On the other hand, if their	performance was better thar	n the supervisor expected, a	pay rise was in
	(a) due	(b) form	(c) order	(d) view
Q10	•	but they were not the only el s, such as and self-este	·	
	(a) esthetics	(b) ethics	(c) morale	(d) morals

Q1	issuer can save money by pay	em a bond when current inte ing off the bond and issuing anot	her bond at a lower interest rate.	
	(a) callable	(b) convertible	(c) renewable	(d) retractable
Q2	In the bond market, we refer to the semiannual yield is simply	a bond yield, which means doubled.	that if a bond yields 6% on a ser	niannual basis, its BEY is 12%:
	(a) equity	(b) equivalent	(c) expansion	(d) extension
Q3		Company said yesterday that it we stocks as 'overweight', 'equal-we	-	
	(a) dubbing	(b) rating	(c) sussing	(d) tagging
Q4		er or brokerage firm has misman ne firm's department, which i		-
	(a) complaint	(b) compliance	(c) legal	(d) logistics
Q5	You do not qualify for the head of the taxable year and are not	of household status becaus considered unmarried.	se you and your spouse have not	t lived apart for the last 6 months
	(a) filing	(b) polling	(c) ranking	(d) taxing
Q6		ons which must be computed in c ions, deductions for accelerated s institutions.	-	-
	(a) preference	(b) prescribed	(c) referral	(d) relevant
Q7		easy as clicking a mouse button: v even while you're checking mail, c (b) Feed		
00				east trading signals and testing
Q8		gine reviews the price-action hist purpose oftesting is to illust d trading strategies.		
	(a) back	(b) base	(c) fore	(d) front
Q9	-	l understands the above-mention or her signature below, s/he may ped above.	•	
	(a) a cosigner	(b) a lessee	(c) an underwriter	(d) a third party
Q10	-	hat the allottees of flats built by th sion results in higher cost; a three es with interest. (b) escalation	-	
	(,		(-)	(-)

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 293 Odd-lot Orders

Q1			ious accounts in which he has hore, such orders shall, as far a	•
	(a) common	(b) full	(c) job	(d) whole
Q2		commodity opens up or down ar or candlestick would simply		d does not trade again until the
	(a) edge	(b) limit	(c) margin	(d) wall
Q3		lan to invest on the mainland in	provement in the local busines n anticipation of emerging busin	
	(a) flows	(b) issues	(c) streams	(d) tides
Q4		ds aim to deliver above-market umber of bearish, or short, bet	returns with lower risk by hedg 5.	jing bullish stock picks with an
	(a) balanced	(b) matched	(c) neutral	(d) offset
Q5	-		effects of accumulating data se cal patterns to be identified; this	-
	(a) antitrend	(b) detrend	(c) distrend	(d) untrend
Q6	the tape or any other el	-	ystem, provision must be made	exclusive central processor for e to insure that this is not
	(a) combination	(b) comparison	(c) composite	(d) compound
Q7		erty is a property without an ea enerated by its expected use(s	rning expectancy, but is of a ty ) and/or consumption.	pe that is commonly bought
	(a) consumptive	(b) generation	(c) investment	(d) productive
Q8	leaving aside the fact that ea		options for a stock) can easily h r four exchanges, for any two-c pices.	-
	(a) chain	(b) pool	(c) set	(d) suite
Q9	company: examples of these	•	a price that would justify the n gas leases that are not yet ge balance sheet.	
	(a) covert	(b) hidden	(c) secret	(d) unlisted
Q10		amount and handling charge a then cash this money order at	at the post office, a postal mon a local post office.	ey order is delivered to the
		(b) lendee's	(c) payee's	(d) purchaser's

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 294 *Options Strategy*

Q1 A price is created when a person buys and sells call options on the same stock or buys and sells puts on stock; it gets its name from the vertical movement of prices, and in this options strategy, the strike prices are d the months are the same.	44
(a) break (b) hike (c) shift (d) spread	
<ul> <li>Q2 acquisitions are usually of noncompeting companies where one's product is a necessary component or c of the other's; such acquisitions can achieve procompetitive efficiency benefits, lowering transaction costs and synergistic improvements in design, production and distribution.</li> <li>(a) Blanket</li> <li>(b) Industry</li> <li>(c) Overhead</li> <li>(d) Vertical</li> </ul>	
Q3 To is to express an asset or liability in terms of a currency or denomination other than the one in which it trades.	usually
(a) nominate (b) quantise (c) recast (d) transpose	
Q4 With a sell order, the limit orders will increase in price, allowing the trader to take advantage of increasing thereby locking in higher returns.	prices,
(a) grade (b) level (c) scale (d) step	
Q5 The 12b-1 was born in 1980 under the authorization of the Securities Exchange Commission; its name is from the section in the Investment Company Act of 1940 that allows a mutual fund to pay distribution and mark expenses out of the fund's assets.	
(a) charge (b) fee (c) levy (d) rate	
Q6 An unblemished credit history with a positive credit report will be the leading contender for loans; a good history will ensure you get the loan with no collateral.	credit
(a) personal (b) prestige (c) signature (d) sobriquet	
Q7 Charitable Trusts offer current income tax deductions and a reduction of capital gains taxes: charities bed income beneficiaries, receiving a steady stream of income during the owner's lifetime, but at the owner's death beneficiaries receive the bulk of the CLT's assets.	
(a) Lead (b) Legacy (c) Life (d) Limit	
Q8 When you finance or lease a vehicle, your creditor or lessor holds important rights on the vehicle until you've n last loan payment or fully paid off your leasing obligation; if your payments are late or you default on your cont way, your creditor or lessor may have the right to your car.	
(a) reassume (b) reclaim (c) replevin (d) repossess	
Q9 traders rapidly buy and sell stocks throughout the day in the hope that their stocks will continue climbing	-
value for the seconds to minutes they own the stock, allowing them to lock in quick profits, which is extremely can result in substantial financial losses in a very short period of time.	

Q1	won final approval from new juggernaut of the financ	Even before the Chicago Mero shareholders, industry experts ial exchange industry. (b) CNA Financial Corp	s were speculating on possible	acquisitions ahead for the
Q2	includes trading between lar and other financial markets a	ever one currency is traded for ge banks, central banks, curre	ncy speculators, multinational o	corporations, governments,
Q3	(the ' defense'); faced w because they often need exi	(b) forex the bids can be strong if they act tha mass exodus of manager sting management to train new	nent, acquirers may be unwillin / management.	g to proceed with the bid,
Q4	the borough overturned the	(b) Jonestown ndum election for a bond a proposal June 26: of the 819 re	egistered voters, 497 turned ou	t to vote.
Q5		<ul> <li>(b) ordinance</li> <li>hty protects the retirement</li> <li>it pension plans; it was created</li> <li>(b) Bank</li> </ul>	-	
Q6	401(k) plan, except there are	sation plan for employees of state a never employer matching cor	-	-
	retirement plan.			
	(a) deferred	(b) delayed	(c) disciplined	(d) distended
Q7	<ul><li>(a) deferred</li><li>The annual statement is taxes and interest.</li></ul>	s a yearly statement to borrow	ers that details the remaining p	rincipal and amounts paid for
Q7	(a) deferred The annual statement i			
Q7 Q8	<ul><li>(a) deferred</li><li>The annual statement is taxes and interest.</li><li>(a) balance</li></ul>	s a yearly statement to borrow (b) indebtedness ork Stock Exchange de facto p	ers that details the remaining p	rincipal and amounts paid for (d) mortgagor
	<ul> <li>(a) deferred</li> <li>The annual statement is taxes and interest.</li> <li>(a) balance</li> <li>In October 1931, the New Year</li> </ul>	s a yearly statement to borrow (b) indebtedness ork Stock Exchange de facto p	ers that details the remaining p	rincipal and amounts paid for (d) mortgagor
	<ul> <li>(a) deferred</li> <li>The annual statement is taxes and interest.</li> <li>(a) balance</li> <li>In October 1931, the New Ye that is, short sales could not (a) downbeats</li> <li>US tax is deducted from also as a survivor benefit, short sales could not (a) that is a survivor benefit, short sales could not (b) and (b) and (c) a</li></ul>	s a yearly statement to borrow (b) indebtedness ork Stock Exchange de facto p be executed on (b) downgrades	ers that details the remaining p (c) loan rohibited short sales at a price (c) downticks	rincipal and amounts paid for (d) mortgagor lower than the previous sale; (d) downtimes me when we reach age 65, but
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) deferred</li> <li>The annual statement is taxes and interest.</li> <li>(a) balance</li> <li>In October 1931, the New Ye that is, short sales could not (a) downbeats</li> <li>US tax is deducted from also as a survivor benefit, shand children would receive at (a) Health and Welfare</li> <li> preferred stock contain</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>s a yearly statement to borrows</li> <li>(b) indebtedness</li> <li>ork Stock Exchange de facto p be executed on</li> <li>(b) downgrades</li> <li>n our payroll in order to cover a nould we become disabled or d a monthly income supplement.</li> <li>(b) Health Insurance</li> <li>s a provision that allows the co at a premium; the stockholders</li> </ul>	ers that details the remaining p (c) loan rohibited short sales at a price (c) downticks a portion of our retirement incor ie as a result of work — in whic (c) Social Security	rincipal and amounts paid for (d) mortgagor lower than the previous sale; (d) downtimes me when we reach age 65, but ch case the surviving spouse (d) Social Welfare e the preferred stock at a

Q1		CRT) can be made in cash, but m t pays income to the beneficiary for narities you have chosen. (b) remainder		
Q2		e cash flows for an interest I Figure Two shows a potential 'low (b) calibrated	-	-
Q3		istomers wishing an immediate fill		
Q4		s when the purchase and sale or s of overnight positions and repurc (b) An offset		curity on the same day in a single (d) A singleton
Q5	-	odels of mortgage that captu oted definitions for each of these b (b) exposure		default behavior, we must decide (d) risk
Q6		20-day moving average of \$659.3 e has also driven gold below		-
	(a) downfall	(b) downtrend	(c) dropoff	(d) falloff
Q7	-	e via order book, there is no n place offers/bids in this book and nst the existing bids/offers.		
	(a) a limit	(b) an open	(c) a running	(d) a standing
Q8	A full enables early round	(b) an open investors to preserve the value of are price equals the new lower pr (b) house	their initial investment in a down	round — they get additional 'free'
Q8 Q9	A full enables early round shares so that their effective sh (a) deck The 12(b)-1 fee is not like a sal	investors to preserve the value of are price equals the new lower pr (b) house es commission, where the investo all this fee a hidden because	their initial investment in a down ice, thus avoiding a markdown in (c) monty r's initial purchase is reduced by	round — they get additional 'free' the value of their investment. (d) ratchet the charge; it is deducted from
	A full enables early round shares so that their effective sh (a) deck The 12(b)-1 fee is not like a sal the assets of the fund; many ca showing up overtly as a sales of (a) bite Your profit or loss depends on the	investors to preserve the value of lare price equals the new lower pr (b) house es commission, where the investo Il this fee a hidden because commission.	their initial investment in a down ice, thus avoiding a markdown in (c) monty n's initial purchase is reduced by it decreases a shareholder's earn (c) load	round — they get additional 'free' the value of their investment. (d) ratchet the charge; it is deducted from ing power each year without (d) toll

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 297 Employee Performance Appraisal

Q1	subordinate is examined a	ually takes the form of a peri and discussed, with a view nent and skills development.		
	(a) at	(b) for	(c) of	(d) to
Q2	In many organizations — I determine outcomes.	out not all — appraisal result	s are used, either directly or	indirectly, to help
	(a) award	(b) price	(c) prize	(d) reward
Q3		Its are used to identify the be ases, bonuses, and promoti		who should get the majority
	(a) credit	(b) merit	(c) seniority	(d) service
Q4		al results are used to identify cases, demotion, dismissal of		may require some form of
	(a) effect	(b) event	(c) time	(d) token
Q5	Organizations need to be decrease pay.	aware of laws in their countr	y that might restrict their cap	eacity to employees or
	(a) degrade	(b) derogate	(c) dismiss	(d) downsize
Q6		riate use of performance app uncertain and matter; fe	-	•
Q6	and penalties — is a very		-	•
Q6 Q7	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour	uncertain and matter; fe	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ment commentators, psycho	(d) tendentious
	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour	uncertain and matter; fe (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ment commentators, psycho	(d) tendentious
	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour expressed doubts about th (a) disputable	uncertain and matter; fo (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage ne validity and reliability of th	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ement commentators, psycho e performance appraisal pro (c) reputable	<ul> <li>ir up more controversy than</li> <li>(d) tendentious</li> <li>ometricians — who have</li> <li>ocess.</li> <li>(d) reputed</li> </ul>
Q7	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour expressed doubts about the (a) disputable Some have even suggeste	uncertain and matter; fo (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage ne validity and reliability of th (b) disputed	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ement commentators, psycho e performance appraisal pro (c) reputable	<ul> <li>ir up more controversy than</li> <li>(d) tendentious</li> <li>ometricians — who have</li> <li>ocess.</li> <li>(d) reputed</li> </ul>
Q7	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour expressed doubts about the (a) disputable Some have even suggester (Derven, 1990). (a) blemished At the other, there are	uncertain and matter; fe (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage ne validity and reliability of th (b) disputed ed that the process is so inhe	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ment commentators, psycho e performance appraisal pro (c) reputable erently that it may be im (c) mutilated performance appraisal; som	ir up more controversy than (d) tendentious ometricians — who have ocess. (d) reputed possible to perfect it (d) scarred
Q7 Q8	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour expressed doubts about the (a) disputable Some have even suggester (Derven, 1990). (a) blemished At the other, there are	uncertain and matter; for (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage he validity and reliability of th (b) disputed ed that the process is so inher (b) flawed e many strong advocates of	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ment commentators, psycho e performance appraisal pro (c) reputable erently that it may be im (c) mutilated performance appraisal; som	ir up more controversy than (d) tendentious ometricians — who have ocess. (d) reputed apossible to perfect it (d) scarred
Q7 Q8	and penalties — is a very performance appraisal. (a) contentious There are many sour expressed doubts about th (a) disputable Some have even suggeste (Derven, 1990). (a) blemished At the other, there are most crucial aspect of organism (a) camp Between these two views	uncertain and matter; fe (b) licentious ces — researchers, manage he validity and reliability of th (b) disputed ed that the process is so inhe (b) flawed e many strong advocates of anizational life" (Lawrie, 199	ew issues in management st (c) pretentious ment commentators, psycho e performance appraisal pro (c) reputable erently that it may be im (c) mutilated performance appraisal; som 0). (c) frontier while all the use of performance	(d) tendentious (d) tendentious (d) tendentious (d) reputed (d) reputed (d) scarred (d) scarred (d) hand

Q1	Feared by learners, discound nevertheless, an essential	inted by educational, sh element of learning.	nort-changed by instructional	l designers, tests are,
	(a) czars	(b) mandates	(c) panderers	(d) pundits
Q2		, drills, examinations, assess m as games or puzzles; yet,	•	
	(a) cloak	(b) flog	(c) hype	(d) sell
Q3	•	al-technical learners in Penn sign needed, or any du me test on paper.	•	
	(a) bias	(b) bigotry	(c) segregation	(d) sexism
Q4	William Horton Consulting \$1500 to \$2500 USD.	advises that costs for a	100-question paper test to	Internet delivery are about
	(a) converting	(b) conveying	(c) recasting	(d) revising
Q5	Costs for and scoring	the test are \$2 USD per tes	t-taker.	
	(a) condoning	(b) conducing	(c) conducting	(d) controlling
Q6	One good reason for testin	g is to let learners prog	ress toward their goals.	
	(a) gauge	(b) guess	(c) see	(d) sense
Q7	One bad reason for testing	is to fulfill and expecta	tions: it's a course; therefore	e, it must have tests.
	(a) illusions	(b) prerequisites	(c) promises	(d) stereotypes
Q8	After a high-level analysis decisions on what kind of t	of why you are testing and w est to use.	vhat you hope to measure, y	ou can make
	(a) mensurable	(b) minor	(c) reversible	(d) tactical
Q9		vill require balancing your ality of your budget and sche	, ,	rk limitations of your
	(a) airy	(b) lofty	(c) mighty	(d) nifty
Q10	<b>U V</b>	preference is to not record s ng adult learners as responsi	•	
	(a) conscientious	(b) conscious	(c) consequential	(d) contentious

Q1		t corporate payment card us ss travel and entertainment	•	
	(a) acquirement	(b) acquisition	(c) preferment	(d) procurement
Q2		rding to a business's needs, raditional payment met		-
	(a) cash	(b) direct	(c) invoice	(d) receipt
Q3		ne second largest controllabl 50 to 80 basis of a com		es after salaries,
	(a) costs	(b) fractions	(c) points	(d) units
Q4		e must be in full upon p round 25 days beyond state		, or within certain defined
	(a) approved	(b) audited	(c) checked	(d) cleared
Q5	This means no money is n	nade on interest as with	the consumer credit card m	odel.
	(a) rebated	(b) remaining	(c) returned	(d) revolving
Q6		travel and entertainment ex card payments on beha		
	(a) bears	(b) extends	(c) forwards	(d) settles
Q7	There are also mid-way so can be liable.	lutions such as joint and	liability, where both parties	s (company and individual)
	(a) several	(b) single	(c) specific	(d) sundry
Q8		T&E cards are for business out on the second		
	(a) grasp	(b) pluck	(c) reap	(d) seize
Q9	P-cards are never paid	an individual's bank accou	int.	
	(a) against	(b) at	(c) into	(d) under
Q10		eral steps in the purchase-to e costs of anywhere from 60	-	inates the purchase order
	(a) chase	(b) cycle	(c) glut	(d) trail

Q1		SCs) are not a new phenomer ed part of the business proces		
	(a) landscape	(b) portrait	(c) scenery	(d) viewpoint
Q2	designing and centralising	ing principle is the pursuit of common processes; if a comp k interfaces — it will have les	pany has activities acros	s its organisation —
	(a) desperate	(b) discreet	(c) discrete	(d) disparate
Q3		n at a time when companies fanonstrate high levels of accou	-	-
	(a) compliance	(b) complicated	(c) contractual	(d) convergence
Q4		ong corporates for improved e cost savings from middle- a		
	(a) asset	(b) labour	(c) revenue	(d) working
Q5	-	f and cost efficiencies ar increasingly strategic role wi		ocessing, corporate
	(a) effect	(b) nations	(c) saving	(d) scale
Q6		d use of information and is er arency of information ac	•	•
	(a) accessible	(b) actionable	(c) operable	(d) objectionable
Q7		infrastructures as a result of t ccounts and legal structures,	• • •	. ,
	(a) economic	(b) euro	(c) European	(d) expense
Q8	The SSC platform and the and adapt quickly to realise	related systems built around i the benefits.	it are an excellent way to	. the fundamentals of SEPA
	(a) embed	(b) embroil	(c) ensconce	(d) entrench
Q9	0	entralising functions does not uired by local operating comp	•	
	(a) documents	(b) instruments	(c) offices	(d) utensils
Q10		s and systems will lead to the s and formats is absolutely c		order to this risk, the
	(a) inculcate	(b) instigate	(c) manumit	(d) mitigate

Q1		ISBC, the efficient management to market early and at the lowe		ancial supply chain (FSC) is a
	(a) bottleneck	(b) circumstance	(c) enabler	(d) factorial
Q2	As international supply chair increase.	ns become longer and more co	mplex, the risks and costs	. with fulfilment continue to
	(a) committed	(b) endemic	(c) inherent	(d) specific
Q3	are easier to track, but this for management and working ca	ocus is increasingly shifting tow apital management processes t	vards FSCs and the less or the less	
	(a) variable	(b) venerable	(c) viable	(d) visible
Q4		pressure to demonstrate how o an be defined as the 'purchase-	•	
	(a) inspection	(b) perspective	(c) respectively	(d) suspected
Q5	-	ge, banks are re traditiona vironment and rising customer		-
	(a) incorporating	(b) installing	(c) instigating	(d) invigorating
Q6		ons either source from low cost		-
		o eliminate expensive trading i	d operating costs, and the pres ntermediaries continues to	
		-		
Q7	countries and source direct t (a) amount The initial about vastly	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye	 (d) mount ars, as corporates take a more
Q7	countries and source direct t (a) amount The initial about vastly sophisticated approach to th	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye	 (d) mount ars, as corporates take a more
Q7 Q8	countries and source direct t (a) amount The initial about vastly sophisticated approach to th related costs involved within (a) anesthesia The approach — often	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment of its supply chain. (b) euphoria the characteristic of an aggress s associated with working more	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye cost, which includes all logistic (c) hysteria sive buyer — is being replaced	(d) mount ars, as corporates take a more s, working capital and finance (d) inertia with the realisation that there
	countries and source direct to (a) amount The initial about vastly sophisticated approach to the related costs involved within (a) anesthesia The approach — often are greater business benefits	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment of its supply chain. (b) euphoria the characteristic of an aggress s associated with working more	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye cost, which includes all logistic (c) hysteria sive buyer — is being replaced	(d) mount ars, as corporates take a more s, working capital and finance (d) inertia with the realisation that there
	<ul> <li>countries and source direct to (a) amount</li> <li>The initial about vastly is sophisticated approach to the related costs involved within (a) anesthesia</li> <li>The approach — often are greater business benefits efficiencies and reduce their (a) adversarial</li> <li>The focus for many organisation</li> </ul>	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment its supply chain. (b) euphoria the characteristic of an aggress s associated with working more costs.	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye cost, which includes all logistic (c) hysteria sive buyer — is being replaced e collaboratively with suppliers (c) entrepreneurial id automating the physical sup	(d) mount (d) mount ars, as corporates take a more s, working capital and finance (d) inertia (d) inertia with the realisation that there to help them improve (d) influential ply chain in order to reduce
Q8	countries and source direct to (a) amount The initial about vastly sophisticated approach to the related costs involved within (a) anesthesia The approach — often are greater business benefits efficiencies and reduce their (a) adversarial The focus for many organisation costs; for practice organ	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment its supply chain. (b) euphoria the characteristic of an aggress s associated with working more costs. (b) effectual ations has been streamlining ar	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye cost, which includes all logistic (c) hysteria sive buyer — is being replaced e collaboratively with suppliers (c) entrepreneurial id automating the physical sup	(d) mount (d) mount ars, as corporates take a more s, working capital and finance (d) inertia (d) inertia with the realisation that there to help them improve (d) influential ply chain in order to reduce
Q8	countries and source direct to (a) amount The initial about vastly sophisticated approach to the related costs involved within (a) anesthesia The approach — often are greater business benefits efficiencies and reduce their (a) adversarial The focus for many organisat costs; for practice organ edge. (a) all However, as physical supply FSC opportunities; the quart	to eliminate expensive trading i (b) emerge reduced unit costs has, howeve e calculation of total fulfilment of its supply chain. (b) euphoria the characteristic of an aggress s associated with working more costs. (b) effectual ations has been streamlining ar hisations, the reduction of 1-2%	ntermediaries continues to (c) merge er, been tempered in recent ye cost, which includes all logistic (c) hysteria sive buyer — is being replaced e collaboratively with suppliers (c) entrepreneurial id automating the physical sup 5 of total costs of fulfilment is c (c) in become harder to realise; this SC, where organisations could	(d) mount (d) mount ars, as corporates take a more s, working capital and finance (d) inertia (d) inertia (d) inertia (d) influential (d) influential ply chain in order to reduce ritical to keeping a competitive (d) past (d) past

Q1		a stock's price-to ratio to de d if the ratio is higher than 1.0, it m (b) convert		quity: if the ratio is below 1.0, it's (d) market
Q2		23% and Silver was up 46%; the ese are still impressive return pained just 10%.		-
	(a) actual	(b) alloy	(c) annual	(d) average
Q3	holding all or a representative s and low portfolio trading activity		passive' investment approach emp	phasizing broad diversification
	(a) Coasting	(b) Coattailing	(c) Indexing	(d) Tailgating
Q4		nt Rio Tinto is lining up bankers fo ng a ' earth policy' to make its takeover offer. (b) seared	-	
05	Make a second set			
Q5		nvestor allows the floor broker to u e, s/he may wait to buy, figuring th d. (b) not held		-
Q6	arbitrage is basically buyir riskless profit for the investor/tra	ng and simultaneously selling in fo ader.	ur or more markets, profiting from	a temporary difference; this is a
	(a) Complex	(b) Compound	(c) Convertible	(d) Covered
Q7		ee (meaning everyone pays the sa that the longer you keep your mo (b) boost		
Q8	-	RS plan subject to the eligibility, p Security Act and the Internal Reve ntal red tape. (b) An employer-based	-	
Q9	Options are traded in units calle expiration.	ed, each of which entitles the	option buyer/owner to 100 share	s of the underlying stocks upon
	(a) bundles	(b) centuries	(c) contracts	(d) fractions
Q10	measure the effectiveness of he	sible for the analysis of our d edges, 2) projection of Net Investr ncial results versus market factors (b) cumulative	nent Income and Net Investment	
				(s) quantitativo

PHOTOCOPIABLE

Q1	-	nnounced it bought back four mi London Branch in conjunction w ost of \$196 million.		
	(a) reciprocation	(b) reimbursement	(c) repurchase	(d) reversion
Q2	false statements about the co	Fellabs, Inc, filed a lawsuit agai mpany's business and financial tent to deceive, manipulate, or do (b) cui bono	results sufficient to support a 'sti	
0.0				
Q3		rming tighter monetary policy by	-	
		which will immediately impact sh		-
	(a) bolstering	(b) draining	(c) flushing	(d) scouring
Q4	if your final amount matches t	about your tax online — this he amount you claimed, and if it claimed on your 2006 tax return.	-	
	(a) rebate	(b) refund	(c) repayment	(d) retirement
Q5		\$100 per share, either preferred ket; the par value is not zero only (b) Round		
Q6	Vertical charting is a tech	nnical analysis tool which charts	the high low and close of a giv	en security each day, in an
QU	-	night help predict future price mo		en security each day, in an
	(a) line	(b) range	(c) share	(d) shift
Q7		used for, among other purposes ed to slang use of the phrase '		
	(a) 1040	(b) 1099	(c) 2106	(d) 2555
Q8	the lifetime of their investmen sell your shares within a certa	-	pose a contingent deferred sale	s charge, which you pay if you
	(a) B Level	(b) B Rank	(c) Class B	(d) Grade B
Q9	aware that the Property has n the purchaser's own account	an a letter from the purchaser of ot been registered under the Se and not with a view to the sale o	curities Act of 1933, and (ii) the r distribution thereof.	Property is being acquired for
	(a) Accordance	(b) Contract	(c) Investment	(d) Security
Q10	the tax deductible contribution defined contribution plans and		eon are not taxed until withdraw	n; the two types of Plans are
	(a) Balboa	(b) Colombo	(c) Keogh	(d) Providence

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 304 Consumer Spending

Q1		er spending drives economic cycl chart relating quarterly annualized	-	
	(a) Personal	(b) Prevalent	(c) Private	(d) Public
Q2		EST (New York time) will require a he product; if a position is closed (b) filing	-	6 per annum of the notional value cost of charge. (d) storage
Q3	account of the IMF and some of claim on the freely usable current		t is neither a currency, nor a clair	n on the IMF, but a potential
	(a) Demand	(b) Denomination	(c) Deposit	(d) Drawing
Q4		<ul> <li>the bond is reinvested at the sar</li> <li>it is analyzable as a fixed sum inv</li> <li>(b) a coupon</li> </ul>		-
Q5	investment of all transacti	r clients and working with brokers ions; the statement from your brok nancial instrument from the time i (b) history	ker (money manager) forms the b	pasis for input into the system and
Q6	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a	ons of Minnesota Statutes, Section rogram must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that	ing three business days bef payment.	ore the date on which each
	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent	rogram must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity	ore the date on which each (d) party
Q6 Q7	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals.	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as
Q7	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a (b) imprints	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales
	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts Using a pre-defined of ac	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes bing or accounting software pack	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales age may work fine for your
Q7	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts Using a pre-defined of ac business, or you may find that	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a (b) imprints counts that you find in a bookkeep	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes bing or accounting software pack	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales age may work fine for your
Q7	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts Using a pre-defined of ac business, or you may find that report on your business. (a) chart If you get a notice from the cor	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a (b) imprints counts that you find in a bookkeep you need to adapt or accommoda	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes bing or accounting software pack ate it to more closely fit the way y (c) glossary aking monthly payments that you	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales (d) sales age may work fine for your ou want to keep track of and (d) table
Q7 Q8	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts Using a pre-defined of ac business, or you may find that report on your business. (a) chart If you get a notice from the corr likely that the ownership of you	rogram must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a (b) imprints counts that you find in a bookkeep you need to adapt or accommoda (b) content	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes bing or accounting software pack ate it to more closely fit the way y (c) glossary aking monthly payments that you	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales (d) sales age may work fine for your ou want to keep track of and (d) table
Q7 Q8	County Credit Enhancement P payment is due on the bonds a (a) agent Bond follow a few quirky of the last digits, not decimals. (a) charts Using a pre-defined of ac business, or you may find that report on your business. (a) chart If you get a notice from the cor likely that the ownership of you from another. (a) allocating The falling payable numb	Program must deposit with the pay an amount sufficient to make that (b) bank conventions; for instance, prices a (b) imprints counts that you find in a bookkeep you need to adapt or accommoda (b) content mpany to whom you have been m ur loan has not changed; just that	ing three business days bef payment. (c) entity are given as percentages of face (c) quotes bing or accounting software pack ate it to more closely fit the way y (c) glossary aking monthly payments that you one big mortgage company (c) funding nanding faster payments from Ga	ore the date on which each (d) party value, with fractions like 1/32 as (d) sales (d) sales age may work fine for your ou want to keep track of and (d) table r loan is being transferred, it is has bought a portfolio of rights (d) servicing

Q1	-	<ul> <li>a spread, but for our purpose</li> <li>a longer-term, higher-strike call o</li> <li>e put.</li> <li>(b) horizontal</li> </ul>		
Q2	three points for stocks between circumstances warrant a lower		or stocks \$100 or more, unless a	Floor Governor deems
	(a) consequential	(b) critical	(c) significant	(d) substantial
Q3	state law, the firm must report in becomes the owner of the acco		e account through a process calle	ed '', whereby the state
	(a) escarpment	(b) escheatment	(c) estrangement	(d) exactment
Q4	The final goes to anyone w	who got a red herring within 25 day	ys.	
	(a) offer	(b) option	(c) prospectus	(d) tender
Q5		a capitalist economy is that		as access to all product and cing for the best products with the
	(a) a free	(b) an open	(c) an optimal	(d) a transparent
Q6		on a cash register receipt, ta of a gallon of gas is \$1.49 and 43	-	
	(a) buried	(b) closed	(c) hidden	(d) veiled
Q7	multiply the latest quarterly divi prospects of the tobacco indust		Norris is so generous, but the rich	yield reflects the uncertain
	(a) accumulated	(b) calculated	(c) extended	(d) indicated
Q8		CRA), enforced by the FTC, is des eports; businesses that supply info r the law.		
	(a) Civic	(b) Client	(c) Credit	(d) Customer
Q9		esed to develop a ' order inforn ter orders for display, and brokers lers.	-	
	(a) legal	(b) limit	(c) line	(d) load
Q10	A market order is another in their account.	very common order because a lot	of spread betting clients like to fi	nish up the day with a flat position
	(a) at last	(b) at rest	(c) on close	(d) on hold

Q1	The most common type of pass through a government agency of	-through is a mortgage certifi r investment bank to investors.	cate, where homeowners' paymer	nts pass from the original bank
	(a) backed	(b) based	(c) conveyed	(d) covered
Q2		ited from taking part in manageme a limited partnership agreement, s,	-	eyond his/her investment, is a true the partnership as a general
	(a) passive	(b) pillow	(c) secret	(d) silent
Q3		that were already being traded as 994, each option could list an (b) exchange		l in over a period of time ending in (d) trader
01				
Q4	non stock option plan; still,	ally pose no problem, but the lack it offers the most flexibility for the s to suit management objectives.		-
	(a) aligned	(b) profit	(c) qualified	(d) refundable
Q5		der of convergent end-to-end billir e record date and date of the		
	(a) disbursement	(b) payment	(c) remittance	(d) settlement
Q6	-	e, a landlord has the power to colle hat if the regulations are altered du ed regulations.		-
	(a) balloon	(b) escalator	(c) kiting	(d) parachute
Q7		underlying and strike price currenc ne option's intrinsic value; this type		
	(a) bermuda	(b) chameleon	(c) quanto	(d) vanilla
Q8		ne form of vault cash and if vault ca It is not a member of the FRS can Itionship.		-
	(a) Anticipated	(b) Demand	(c) Limit	(d) Required
Q9	in more detail because many sn customers without raising costs		natic loss to excellent cash flow in	one year if they are adding
	(a) asset	(b) equity	(c) price	(d) growth
Q10	willing to pay for the stock: by re	educing the price of the stock, com	panies try to make their stock mo	
	aulevab (c)	(h) nad	(c) roissue	(d) split

(a) devalue (b) pad (c) reissue (d) split

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 307 Cash Management in Pakistan

Q1	large-value payments at the	al-time gross settlement syste e State Bank of Pakistan and over by more robust, function	will minimise credit and liquid	dity risks; dial-up proprietary
	(a) demise	(b) despair	(c) disarray	(d) dishabille
Q2	•	d, Pakistan's economy delive per 2005 and in the midst of a		
	(a) dangerous	(b) dastardly	(c) debilitating	(d) devastating
Q3	-	5-06, the economy has expar r for the last three, thus i	-	
	(a) positing	(b) positioning	(c) proclaiming	(d) promoting
Q4		ne international debt capital m successful launch of new 10-		
	(a) domestic	(b) municipal	(c) oppidan	(d) sovereign
Q5	important strategic objectiv	g a broadening of access of f e: initiatives have been taken MEs and Islamic finance issue	to develop a legal framework	
	(a) altruistic	(b) microfinance	(c) philanthropic	(d) welfare
Q6	areas still demand further a	ess towards its goal of fosteri ttention; SBP has kept its foc ory and supervisory framewo	cus on consolidating reforms	introduced in preceding
	(a) agendas	(b) alliances	(c) practices	(d) programs
Q7		nancing the supervisory capa for 28 of the 30 Basel core pr		
	(a) complaint	(b) complementary	(c) compliant	(d) complimentary
Q8		ike most taxation systems in ily income tax, along wit		0
	(a) compose	(b) comprise	(c) consist	(d) contain
Q9		than banking companies, inc tive rate is likely to differ on a tion and exports.		
	(a) arraigned	(b) assessed	(c) attached	(d) audited
Q10	advanced stage of installati	ent system known as the Pal on, and its implementation w features that are hard to achi	ill make the payments systen	ns much more efficient and
	(a) reactant	(b) refulgent	(c) reluctant	(d) resilient

Q1	-	irked a buying in emergin anking sector, explains Keith I		as been the front-runner in
	(a) spell	(b) spill	(c) spree	(d) spray
Q2	• ·	rformance in raising more tha cleaning up balance sheets a mal investment community.		
	(a) convinced	(b) deemed	(c) evinced	(d) seemed
Q3		s have historically suffered the t simply as banks, but also as		
	(a) byway	(b) conductor	(c) factor	(d) vehicle
Q4	China's banks kicked t government.	their structural reforms ahead	of receiving capital injections	from the central
	(a) off	(b) out	(c) through	(d) up
Q5		they have streamlined their or es through and early retine		of less efficient branches and
	(a) attrition	(b) elimination	(c) liberation	(d) retribution
Q6		uction Bank and ICBC closed by over 100,000 employees;		
	(a) unpreceded	(b) unprecedented	(c) unpreconceived	(d) unpremeditated
Q7	through State Administratio	rom 2003-2005 amounted to a in of Foreign Exchange (SAFF accumulated losses by th	E) investment, new shares su	
	(a) reconciled	(b) refurbished	(c) renovated	(d) replenished
Q8		ons by the Chinese governme itially, approximately RMB420	•	lished in a two-stageout
	(a) carve	(b) cut	(c) slash	(d) slice
Q9	banks with technical assista	s turned out to be a vital ance and, most importantly, e fors when the banks came to	quity stakes that offered addit	• •
	(a) apparatus	(b) concomitant	(c) incorporation	(d) ingredient
Q10		ay of estimated US\$500m at t hinese banking sector in the p	-	tors have now committed as

Q1	Mahesh Kini of HSBC says focusing on various sector	s that a stable government is s.	s committed to Singapore's r	nulti growth by
	(a) flanged	(b) hinged	(c) pronged	(d) ranged
Q2	Singapore's 2006 budget of sectors.	putlines many for busine	esses operating in Singapore	e in the financial and related
	(a) coercives	(b) correctives	(c) incentives	(d) invectives
Q3	-	d Resorts project, a large en ion centres, which is due to e	·	ng casinos, amusement
	(a) ballpark	(b) blueprint	(c) grapevine	(d) pipeline
Q4		cked initiatives and the drive which saw nine million touris		
	(a) bide	(b) bode	(c) hied	(d) hold
Q5	some foreign banks to pro-	alise commercial banking in vide a full of financial se number of foreign banks to	ervices to individuals and co	porates and issued
	(a) hand	(b) house	(c) staff	(d) suite
Q6	stability and favourable tim	trend to establish global trea e zone, located centrally in t in supporting a global cash .	he Asia-Pacific region, have	
	(a) deployment	(b) leverage	(c) position	(d) strategy
Q7	Another growing trend is for efficiencies.	or companies to their su	pply chain and cash manag	ement to attain greater
	(a) harmonize	(b) hygienize	(c) sanitize	(d) synchronize
Q8	•	ry has fully Internet tech y inexpensive distribution and		•
	(a) embalmed	(b) embraced	(c) ensconced	(d) entailed
Q9	-	rvices, these banks as well a to-business, business-to-cor		
	(a) aggregators	(b) attenuators	(c) talliers	(d) terminators
Q10	Singapore has one of the I	(b) attenuators highest Internet rates w rovide host-to-host capabiliti	orldwide and all major banks	provide Internet banking

Q1		nancial services industry enha rted to express its desire for		•••
	(a) absolve	(b) absorb	(c) adhere	(d) admit
Q2	community; with respect to	n demand is the more signific the breadth and range of pro institutions from their conver	oducts and services offered,	
	(a) blurring	(b) drifting	(c) erasing	(d) smudging
Q3		nic banking is the prohibition on ny and anything else that Sha		so prohibits dealing in liquor, am (unlawful).
	(a) avarice	(b) principal	(c) usury	(d) venery
Q4	what is halal (lawful) and w	ual the right to seek his econ hat is haram (forbidden) in p iic activity that are morally or	ursuit of such economic activ	es a clear distinction between vity; in terms, Islam
	(a) bare	(b) broad	(c) certain	(d) clear
Q5		ndividual's right to ownership nis wealth judiciously and not	<b>.</b>	lth, Islam makes it obligatory quander it.
	(a) cache	(b) conceal	(c) harbour	(d) hoard
Q6	-	Il to retain any surplus wealth y as a whole, in particular the		•
	(a) despicable	(b) destitute	(c) disparaged	(d) distraught
Q7	-	r the ways of human nature a o prevent the accumulation o		
	(a) decadence	(b) deterrence	(c) detriment	(d) discouragement
Q8		onomic system by Islam t where it becomes not only o (b) elicited	•	Ū.
Q9		les since Islamic banks first a	. ,	
QU		and finance has become a fo		ano giobar manolar manoli,
	(a) at	(b) on	(c) with	(d) (none)
Q10	Although the Middle East is operating in the marketplace	s still home to most of the wo ce are elsewhere.	rld's 275-plus Islamic banks,	a growing number of banks
	(a) domesticated	(b) domiciled	(c) predicated	(d) premised

Q1	leaders and their organiza	d experience, Clear Impact ( tions in enhancing overall eff nd the essence of it in t	fectiveness; during the asse	ssment phase we gather a
	(a) decant	(b) distill	(c) inject	(d) instill
Q2		nterviews, we use diagnostic ns to continuously gather ess ist.		
	(a) movement	(b) place	(c) right	(d) stone
Q3		own with addressing energy imal success and fulfillment.	symptoms rather than	being able to focus on root
	(a) sapping	(b) seeking	(c) seeping	(d) sopping
Q4		pre in tune with their custome as well as having tools to mo	-	
	(a) angles	(b) eyes	(c) filters	(d) spectacles
Q5	powerful impact on teams	oped over the last 7+ years of and organizations; it puts 'bl ective ownership for busines	ame' and 'victim' off wh	
	(a) bounds	(b) limits	(c) the table	(d) the wall
Q6		start an ongoing process t ne innovation and excitemen		
	(a) jump	(b) stop	(c) team	(d) up
Q7		ed correctly, is a remarkably nent for each type of person,		
	(a) deadfalls	(b) pitfalls	(c) pratfalls	(d) windfalls
Q8	It helps people identify the	ir blind at the same time	e that they are building on th	eir unique gifts.
	(a) rages	(b) sides	(c) spots	(d) trusts
Q9	advantage of synergy, imp	am allows teams and organi rove teamwork, enhance mu and increase morale, produc	utual understanding and resp	•
	(a) inaction	(b) intention	(c) reaction	(d) retention
Q10	Finally, we've learned that managers and leaders to t	teams learn best in an Actio ake more effective action.	n Learning: learning is	only relevant if it enables
	(a) format	(b) milieu	(c) niche	(d) scale

Q1		velop and maintain procedu pected business systems fa		priate level of customer
	(a) chance	(b) event	(c) option	(d) view
Q2	•	overy planning focused on th closely coupled, e.g. dis		iter-based systems,
	(a) accessories	(b) appliances	(c) paraphernalia	(d) peripherals
Q3	Although this approach re	mains valid, the of disas	ster recovery has consideral	bly widened in recent years.
	(a) gap	(b) range	(c) reach	(d) scope
Q4	This change of emphasis documented and often un		a pragmatic service level de	livery rather than plans,
	(a) albeit	(b) despite	(c) in fact	(d) much less
Q5	•	eliant upon computer-based vel of disruption to customer		erations that small systems
	(a) a disproportionate	(b) an equivalent	(c) an irremediable	(d) an unacceptable
Q6		etween a 'business as usual' ration with the objective of 'b		-
	(a) cast	(b) forged	(c) met	(d) struck
Q7	guidelines for the manage	business applications across ment of unexpected failure a general guidelines that are g	and disruption of computer-b	
	(a) definable	(b) defined	(c) definite	(d) definitive
Q8	•	ted; critical components of thing itself does not cause a 'dis	•	e a year, and test plans
	(a) contingency	(b) endangerment	(c) eventuality	(d) predicament
Q9	Plan for key personnel not to be present at the test — this aspect is often overlooked, with all key personnel days beforehand for the test.			
	(a) plumped	(b) primed	(c) primped	(d) pumped
Q10	0	thod for testing the plan prio production system has been		do not declare the testing
	(a) Deploy	(b) Direct	(c) Display	(d) Distribute

Q1	that success is not due to	even something else: For exa a concourse of stars at determination, good planning	our birth, but due to a stead	
	(a) fixed	(b) fortuitous	(c) precipitous	(d) prepoinderant
Q2		and fear are two sides of the only (and have some degree fears of the outcomes.		•
	(a) camp	(b) coin	(c) face	(d) street
Q3		decision-makers who are wa ke action, or you can hang ba		p might start with their shirt
	(a) come	(b) pop	(c) show	(d) turn
Q4	Do anchoring: Give w the information.	reight to some information in	stead of waiting as long as p	possible in order to have all
	(a) disproportional	(b) disreputable	(c) unexceptional	(d) unintentional
Q5		eat the same decision becau ot abandon it or make anothe	•	
	(a) High	(b) Hire	(c) Sunk	(d) Sure
Q6	Look for confirming eviden ones.	ce: Seek out the information	n to support an existing prese	election and opposing
	(a) decry	(b) denigrate	(c) discount	(d) dissuade
Q7	Pray for a miracle: Emerso the intellect."	on said, "As men's prayers a	re a disease of the will, so a	re their a disease of
	(a) creeds	(b) deeds	(c) greeds	(d) needs
Q8	8 Be over-confident: This makes you optimistic and then you make high risk decisions; as Henri Poincare said "Doubt everything or believe everything — these are two equally convenient strategies, and with either, we dispense the need to think for ourselves."			
	(a) for	(b) to	(c) with	(d) (none)
Q9		s are traitors and make us lo it transmits itself to others w		o make our decision — and
	(a) contagious	(b) contractual	(c) epidemic	(d) pandemic
Q10		gument that seems scientific of salary rather than the		nd use the average salary
	(a) medial	(b) median	(c) medium	(d) meridian

Q1       Pass the: Pass off the responsibility of making the decision to someone else; do not make decisions by yourself, but bring in someone to blame if things go wrong. <ul> <li>(a) baton</li> <li>(b) buck</li> <li>(c) torch</li> <li>(d) tray</li> </ul> Q2         Have second thoughts: Second thoughts have more useful decisions than all the difficult circumstances and overwhelming obstacles fate could ever throw at you; and undermining your authenticity by succumbing someone else's second thoughts is a subtle and seductive form of self-abuse.
Q2       Have second thoughts: Second thoughts have more useful decisions than all the difficult circumstances and overwhelming obstacles fate could ever throw at you; and undermining your authenticity by succumbing someone else's second thoughts is a subtle and seductive form of self-abuse. <ul> <li>(a) abhorred</li> <li>(b) aborted</li> <li>(c) abused</li> <li>(d) abutted</li> </ul> <li>Q3 Succumb to failure: Believe that the choices you will make are predestined and you are to fail (one gets used to failure) versus the result of hard work and thought.</li>
and overwhelming obstacles fate could ever throw at you; and undermining your authenticity by succumbing someone else's second toughts is a subtle and seductive form of self-abuse.       (a) abhorred       (b) aborted       (c) abused       (d) abutted         Q3       Succumb to failure: Believe that the choices you will make are predestined and you are to fail (one gets used to failure) versus the result of hard work and thought.       (a) bound       (b) determined       (c) expected       (d) seen         Q4       Set up a committee: A committee is a down which ideas are lured and then quietly strangled; the greate things are often accomplished by individual people, not by committees.       (d) cul-de-sac         (a) coq au vin       (b) corps d'elite       (c) coup de grace       (d) instigate         Q5       False decentralization: this could take place when an authoritative manager assigns accountability to a new 'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not any authority.       (d) instigate         Q6       Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.       (d) institutional
Q3       Succumb to failure: Believe that the choices you will make are predestined and you are to fail (one gets used to failure) versus the result of hard work and thought.         (a) bound       (b) determined       (c) expected       (d) seen         Q4       Set up a committee: A committee is a down which ideas are lured and then quietly strangled; the greate things are often accomplished by individual people, not by committees.       (a) coul-de-sac         (a) coq au vin       (b) corps d'elite       (c) coup de grace       (d) cul-de-sac         Q5       False decentralization: this could take place when an authoritative manager assigns accountability to a new 'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not any authority.       (a) delegate         Q6       Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.         (a) conventional       (b) conversational       (c) individual       (d) institutional
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things are often accomplished by individual people, not by committees.         (a) coq au vin       (b) corps d'elite       (c) coup de grace       (d) cul-de-sac         Q5       False decentralization: this could take place when an authoritative manager assigns accountability to a new 'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not any authority.       (a) delegate       (b) derogate       (c) indicate       (d) instigate         Q6       Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.       (a) conventional       (b) conversational       (c) individual       (d) institutional
Q5       False decentralization: this could take place when an authoritative manager assigns accountability to a new 'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not any authority. <ul> <li>(a) delegate</li> <li>(b) derogate</li> <li>(c) indicate</li> <li>(d) instigate</li> </ul> <li>Q6</li> <li>Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.             <ul> <li>(a) conventional</li> <li>(b) conversational</li> <li>(c) individual</li> <li>(d) institutional</li> </ul> </li>
'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not any authority.         (a) delegate       (b) derogate       (c) indicate       (d) instigate         Q6       Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.         (a) conventional       (b) conversational       (c) individual       (d) institutional
<ul> <li>Q6 Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.</li> <li>(a) conventional</li> <li>(b) conversational</li> <li>(c) individual</li> <li>(d) institutional</li> </ul>
hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon. (a) conventional (b) conversational (c) individual (d) institutional
Q7 Failure to understand the problem: This is caused by, among other things, subjectivity, irrational analysis.
lateness or, lack of sensitivity, and lack of focus.
(a) predestination (b) preoccupation (c) procrastination (d) proliferation
Q8 Rationalization to limit the course of actions: This strategy is very popular — the cards to make one alternative clearly right and remove all risk.
(a) cut (b) deal (c) shuffle (d) stack
Q9 Information: Some information gathered is not valid — decisions are often made first and information sought support the solution, or much of the information gathered is to the decision-making.
(a) inconsequent (b) incorrigible (c) irrelevant (d) irreverent
Odd. False alternative. This attempts to the decision and existence of the statements in the decision of the statements
Q10 False alternative: This attempts to the decision-maker into a corner from which there is no escape except to accept the alternative.

Q1	As Russel Kay tells it, once solve a problem or automatic		lopment consisted of a prog	rammer writing code to
	(a) after	(b) at	(c) in	(d) upon
Q2			s of architects, analysts, prop ofwritten code that dri	
	(a) custom	(b) hand	(c) machine	(d) self
Q3	but they don't work nearly	as well when building syster	when automating the activities ns for workers — peopl neir company into the Fortune	e at help desks, experts
	(a) knowledge	(b) sessile	(c) think-tank	(d) white-collar
Q4	requirements can be speci	-	rs is in specifying requireme ly, requirements grow and c and consultation.	
	(a) indicative	(b) insistent	(c) iterative	(d) itinerant
Q5	-	-	ivities can't start before othe erable of activities throu	•
	(a) overflow	(b) overlap	(c) undertow	(d) underuse
Q6		-	earlier stages a numbe es, each producing an early	
	(a) recalibrate	(b) regurgitate	(c) reinstate	(d) reiterate
Q7	In the rapid application devides desired product in order to		hasis is on creating a th	hat looks and acts like the
	(a) genotype	(b) holotype	(c) phenotype	(d) prototype
Q8	The model divides the separately.	e product into builds, where	sections of the project are cr	eated and tested
	(a) fractile	(b) fractional	(c) incidental	(d) incremental
Q9	This approach will likely fir and because code is teste	•	ts quickly, since user feedba	ck is for each stage
	(a) extracted	(b) insisted	(c) queried	(d) solicited
Q10	overseeing and managing	source code; this method al	dvantages of the spiral mode lows many teams to work ef ersity and Michael Cusumar	ficiently in; this
	(a) paradigms	(b) parallax	(c) parallel	(d) paratroops

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 316 Database Management Systems

Q1	economy etc. beyond what o	puter to store and process info could be achieved using clerica cations may be more indirect.		
	(a) essence	(b) quality	(c) spirit	(d) substance
Q2	Early computer applications way as manual files.ed	were based on existing clerica	I methods and stored informati	on was in much the same
	(a) parsed	(b) partitioned	(c) petitioned	(d) pigeon-holed
Q3			-	ces to produce valuable artmental boundaries: the idea
	(a) individualized	(b) integrated	(c) intercalated	(d) isolated
Q4	Data is captured as close as the organisation who require	possible to its point of origin a es it.	nd transmitted to the database	e, then by anyone within
	(a) exacted	(b) extended	(c) extracted	(d) extruded
Q5	However many have be the introduction of a DBMS i	ecome attached to this idea in p n large organisations.	practice, it still provides possibl	y the strongest motivation for
	(a) codicils	(b) contingencies	(c) postulates	(d) provisos
Q6		•	-	val functions in a standard nents; changes in one of these
	(a) repercussions	(b) resistance	(c) resonance	(d) reverberations
Q7	-	stantial piece of software, the read over a number of purchaser		
	(a) a cut-and-dried	(b) a mada ta magaura	() (()	
		(b) a made-to-measure	(c) an off-the-rack	(d) a one-off
Q8		are probably most relevant to h which the idea of databases t	the larger organisation using a	
Q8	functions, the environment in	are probably most relevant to h which the idea of databases t	the larger organisation using a	DBMS for its administrative
Q8 Q9	functions, the environment in be the primary consideration (a) contents The purchaser of a small but minimum of expertise is requ	are probably most relevant to n which the idea of databases f n.	the larger organisation using a irst originated; in other the (c) contexts software to run it in package fo oplies to departments (e.g. Res	DBMS for its administrative e convenience of a DBMS may (d) contretemps
	functions, the environment in be the primary consideration (a) contents The purchaser of a small but minimum of expertise is requ	are probably most relevant to n which the idea of databases f n. (b) contests siness computer needs all the uired to use it, and the same ap	the larger organisation using a irst originated; in other the (c) contexts software to run it in package fo oplies to departments (e.g. Res	DBMS for its administrative e convenience of a DBMS may (d) contretemps
	functions, the environment in be the primary consideration (a) contents The purchaser of a small but minimum of expertise is requ special needs which cannot (a) fortified When comparing database	are probably most relevant to n which the idea of databases f  (b) contests siness computer needs all the uired to use it, and the same ap be by a large centralised	the larger organisation using a irst originated; in other the (c) contexts software to run it in package for oplies to departments (e.g. Res system. (c) qualified ous that some are designed in	DBMS for its administrative e convenience of a DBMS may (d) contretemps rm, written so that the search & Development) with (d) satisfied the expectation that

Q1		te (TRAN) is a tax-free bond flow to public entities heavi	•	
	(a) Accumulation	(b) Accrual	(c) Advance	(d) Anticipation
Q2	•	from brokers, some exchanç , perhaps a penny or more p		
	(a) fetch	(b) flow	(c) shift	(d) shunt
Q3	-	ompetition by making it diffic n important channel of distri		
	(a) forward triangular	(b) horizontal	(c) reverse triangular	(d) vertical
Q4		at was listed on one of the na ule 19c3, which forbids exch	•	
	(a) absolving it from	(b) admonishing it from	(c) including it in	(d) incorporating it in
Q5				prior periods is not used in ly used for a single period of
	(a) Basic	(b) Initial	(c) Simple	(d) Standard
Q6	The Fair Debt Collection	Act (1977) is a federal la	w that outlines what informa	tion debt collectors can
	• •	ns specific rules on how deb om abuse, harassment, false		e with you; these rules are
	• •	ns specific rules on how deb		e with you; these rules are
Q7	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices	ns specific rules on how deb om abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom	and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques
Q7	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod	ns specific rules on how deb om abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom	and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques
Q7 Q8	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod suitable for any investmen (a) advise Injury Protection cove insured's household relate	ns specific rules on how debrom abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom t being made.	e and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics her' rules, which require that (c) know policy as the 'named insured ption, and passengers or per	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques a customer's situation be (d) match d', residents of the named destrians; these people will
	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod suitable for any investmen (a) advise Injury Protection cove insured's household relate	ns specific rules on how debron om abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom t being made. (b) check ers the person named in the d by blood, marriage or ado	e and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics her' rules, which require that (c) know policy as the 'named insured ption, and passengers or per	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques a customer's situation be (d) match d', residents of the named destrians; these people will
	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod suitable for any investment (a) advise Injury Protection cover insured's household relate be eligible for medical insu (a) Panoramic The Special Right is a existing official reserves of	<ul> <li>as specific rules on how debrown abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures</li> <li>ification of ' your custom t being made.</li> <li>(b) check</li> <li>bers the person named in the d by blood, marriage or adout and the payments no matter was a specific rules.</li> </ul>	e and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics her' rules, which require that (c) know policy as the 'named insured ption, and passengers or per who is at fault in the car accie (c) Private et, created by the IMF in 196 re allocated to member cour	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques a customer's situation be (d) match d', residents of the named destrians; these people will dent. (d) Public 9 to supplement the ntries in proportion to their
Q8	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod suitable for any investment (a) advise Injury Protection cover insured's household relate be eligible for medical insu (a) Panoramic The Special Right is a existing official reserves of	hs specific rules on how debron om abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom t being made. (b) check ers the person named in the d by blood, marriage or ado urance payments no matter v (b) Personal an international reserve asset f member countries; SDRs a	e and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics her' rules, which require that (c) know policy as the 'named insured ption, and passengers or per who is at fault in the car accie (c) Private et, created by the IMF in 196 re allocated to member cour	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques a customer's situation be (d) match d', residents of the named destrians; these people will dent. (d) Public 9 to supplement the ntries in proportion to their
Q8	designed to protect you fro (a) Practices Rule 405 is the NYSE cod suitable for any investmen (a) advise Injury Protection cove insured's household relate be eligible for medical insu (a) Panoramic The Special Right is a existing official reserves of IMF quotas and serve as t (a) Depositing During the period of a rates set by the insurance	hs specific rules on how debron om abuse, harassment, false (b) Procedures ification of ' your custom t being made. (b) check ers the person named in the d by blood, marriage or ado urance payments no matter v (b) Personal an international reserve asset f member countries; SDRs a he units of account of the IIV	e and misleading tricks and c (c) Tactics her' rules, which require that (c) know policy as the 'named insured ption, and passengers or per who is at fault in the car accie (c) Private et, created by the IMF in 196 re allocated to member cour IF and other international org (c) Tendering r money, less any applicable d out in the annuity contract;	e with you; these rules are other illegal actions. (d) Techniques a customer's situation be (d) match d', residents of the named destrians; these people will dent. (d) Public 9 to supplement the ntries in proportion to their ganizations. (d) Trading charges, earns interest at during the payout period,

Q1	If insurance data suggests th = 0.04.	nat a serious fire is likely to occ	cur once in 25 years, then the	rate of occurrence is 1/25
	(a) annualized	(b) average	(c) expanded	(d) extrapolated
Q2	-		-	s you already own: some folks e stock called from them. (d) (none)
Q3	-	ding its annual dividend by its i	ntage of the security's present market price, and for preferred	
	(a) Anticipated	(b) Expected	(c) Indicated	(d) Projected
Q4	to structure intercorporate de	•	not fit within the exemption, so ' loans, where cash is loaned lian subsidiary.	
	(a) back-to-back	(b) belly-to-belly	(c) side-to-side	(d) top-to-bottom
Q5	-		ormula for simple interest; if the ne total amount on deposit at th	
	(a) accumulated	(b) compound	(c) extended	(d) multiple
Q6			. sheets' is commonly one that are required by the NASDAQ a	
	(a) black	(b) pink	(c) red	(d) yellow
Q7		es a car, he always receives ca baned a customer the money.	sh, whether it's directly from th	ne customer, or from a
	(a) finance	(b) investment	(c) lading	(d) underwriting
Q8	-	lot brokers; small stock trades	s one of the ways that the odd , whether for 50 shares or 100	
	(a) addition	(b) differential	(c) discount	(d) premium
Q9			n of a federal law — in this cas e fund — in other words currer	
	(a) a	(b) b	(c) c	(d) d
Q10		has already been issued is the the discounted future cash flo	e rate of interest (the internal ra ow from the security.	ate of return) which equates
	(a) allowance	(b) capital	(c) liability	(d) service

Q1	ownership of the underlyin	n approved depository to a c g call, interest, stock or bonc clearing corporation against	i; upon assignment, the depo	ository agrees to deliver the
	(a) A credit	(b) An escrow	(c) A retainer	(d) A trustee
Q2	receivables; when you find	ble is a use of your company I that they are greater than yo ceivable by multiples of your	our sales terms, the first step	
	(a) charged	(b) current	(c) days	(d) debts
Q3	An income payment' under under the contract.	r a guaranteed income bond	contract is treated as a full	if it is the final benefit
	(a) satisfaction	(b) settlement	(c) summation	(d) surrender
Q4	Stock Exchange for its mo	e to JGBs, investors should a rning session the following b an order will ensure that ther	usiness day; as we close po	sitions against the TSE's
	(a) at	(b) on	(c) to	(d) (none)
Q5		e maximum amount of all loa inwilling to provide additional		utstanding at one time,
	(a) Crest	(b) High	(c) Peak	(d) Top
Q6	100 years before the West	s we use today originated in developed the bar and point d that the markets were stror	t-and-figure analysis systems	s; in the 1700s, a Japanese
	(a) charting	(b) logging	(c) psyching	(d) tracking
Q7	continue, an investment	es a consensus on whether is written, summarizing th committee approves the inve	e opportunity and the factors	s leading to the decision,
	(a) memorandum	(b) motion	(c) proposal	(d) prospectus
Q8	ahead of yours at the same	or passes through the e price: the orders in line and fill your order when its turn co	ead of you must be filled first	
	(a) cap	(b) ceiling	(c) limit	(d) zone
Q9	An investor who buys	-backed securities provides	loans to the homebuyer (or b	ousiness) as a consequence.
	(a) asset	(b) debt	(c) lender	(d) mortgage
Q10	Non-resident are subj treaties.	ject to U.S. tax on U.S. sourc	ed income only and are able	e to claim benefits of tax
	(a) aliens	(b) citizens	(c) foreigners	(d) immigrants

Q1				
Q,	An option is an individua an option contract.	al who pays a premium for the r	ight to buy or sell the underlying	g instrument under the terms of
	(a) bearer	(b) bidder	(c) holder	(d) owner
Q2		s being 'safer than cash', becau nore harsh, because if the issue (b) Cashier's		ce them if they're lost or stolen; ligent, it may refuse to pay up. (d) Traveler's
Q3		the current market capitalisation disation is the current market va		y the sales it made in the last
	(a) earnings	(b) equity	(c) price	(d) share
Q4	on my knowledge, the financ operations and cash flows of	ial statements and other informative the registrant for the period pre	ation included fairly present the sented in this report.	10-Q of Yahoo! Inc. and based financial condition, results of (d) semiannual
	(a) annual	(b) monthly	(c) quarterly	(u) semiarinuai
Q5		ue to repay the overdue loans, s Ily a loan, and a borrower		
	(a) reassigned	(b) redistributed	(c) rescheduled	(d) restructured
Q6	By, we mean cyclical flu holidays, so time series of re	ctuations: for example, retail sates will typically show incr		
	sales in January and Februar		easing sales norm September in	
	-		(c) rotation	(d) seasonality
Q7	sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity Bond Obligations (CBO	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo	(c) rotation backed by a collection of junk b	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of
Q7	sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity Bond Obligations (CBO risk, called tiers, that are dete	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo	(c) rotation backed by a collection of junk b	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of
Q7 Q8	sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity Bond Obligations (CBO risk, called tiers, that are dete higher interest rates than oth (a) Collateralized Procter & Gamble Co. said it consumer products company	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo er CBOs. (b) Compromised will buy the Gillette Co. in a sto r with 21 brands with \$1 billion to ette, valuing the stock at a prem	<ul> <li>(c) rotation</li> <li>backed by a collection of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>ck worth \$57 billion, creation \$5 billion each in annual sales ium of 18 percent.</li> </ul>	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of highly risky junk bonds receive (d) Coordinated ng the world's largest s; P&G will pay 0.975 P&G
	sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity Bond Obligations (CBO risk, called tiers, that are dete higher interest rates than oth (a) Collateralized Procter & Gamble Co. said it consumer products company	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds for ermined by the quality of junk bo er CBOs. (b) Compromised will buy the Gillette Co. in a stor with 21 brands with \$1 billion to	<ul> <li>(c) rotation</li> <li>backed by a collection of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>ck worth \$57 billion, creation \$5 billion each in annual sales</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) seasonality</li> <li>onds with different levels of</li> <li>highly risky junk bonds receive</li> <li>(d) Coordinated</li> <li>ng the world's largest</li> </ul>
	sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity Bond Obligations (CBO risk, called tiers, that are dete higher interest rates than oth (a) Collateralized Procter & Gamble Co. said it consumer products company shares for each share of Gille (a) shift	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo er CBOs. (b) Compromised will buy the Gillette Co. in a sto r with 21 brands with \$1 billion to ette, valuing the stock at a premi (b) shuffle ear, so you'll need to start getting	<ul> <li>(c) rotation</li> <li>backed by a collection of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>ck worth \$57 billion, creation \$5 billion each in annual sales ium of 18 percent.</li> <li>(c) swap</li> </ul>	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of highly risky junk bonds receive (d) Coordinated ng the world's largest s; P&G will pay 0.975 P&G
Q8	<ul> <li>sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity</li> <li> Bond Obligations (CBO risk, called tiers, that are deterning higher interest rates than other (a) Collateralized</li> <li>Procter &amp; Gamble Co. said it consumer products company shares for each share of Gille (a) shift</li> <li>It's the end of the financial year</li> </ul>	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo er CBOs. (b) Compromised will buy the Gillette Co. in a sto with 21 brands with \$1 billion to ette, valuing the stock at a preme (b) shuffle	<ul> <li>(c) rotation</li> <li>backed by a collection of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>ck worth \$57 billion, creation \$5 billion each in annual sales ium of 18 percent.</li> <li>(c) swap</li> </ul>	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of highly risky junk bonds receive (d) Coordinated (d) Coordinated s; P&G will pay 0.975 P&G (d) switch
Q8	<ul> <li>sales in January and Februar (a) periodicity</li> <li> Bond Obligations (CBO) risk, called tiers, that are detern higher interest rates than oth (a) Collateralized</li> <li>Procter &amp; Gamble Co. said it consumer products company shares for each share of Gille (a) shift</li> <li>It's the end of the financial year filing your tax</li></ul>	ry. (b) recurrence s) are investment-grade bonds l ermined by the quality of junk bo er CBOs. (b) Compromised will buy the Gillette Co. in a sto r with 21 brands with \$1 billion to ette, valuing the stock at a premi (b) shuffle ear, so you'll need to start getting	<ul> <li>(c) rotation</li> <li>backed by a collection of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>(c) Consolidated</li> <li>(c) most \$57 billion, creation</li> <li>(c) statements</li> <li>(c) swap</li> <li>(c) result</li> <li>(c) result</li> <li>(c) time, and external comparation</li> </ul>	(d) seasonality onds with different levels of highly risky junk bonds receive (d) Coordinated (d) Coordinated (d) coordinated (d) switch (d) switch nents in order in preparation for (d) return

Q1		e the impact of time erosion is the contract of time deceptible to the effects of the effects o	-	position of one long option and
	(a) punctual	(b) stretch	(c) temporal	(d) vertical
Q2		<ul> <li>a derivative security whose</li> <li>has been acquired by Wacho</li> </ul>		nmercial loan — that LJM2 has
	(a) a collaterized	(b) a mortgaged	(c) an amalgamated	(d) an extended
Q3	risky mortgages that led to t	t billionaire hedge fund manag he current market panic? — tha ne first crisis of his 18 months a	at, in essence, is the question s	ne very people who bought the swirling around Ben S.
	(a) Bancorp	(b) Fed	(c) SEC	(d) Treasury
Q4	-	ays to own gold, but one of the ne world's first gold bullion coin,		
	(a) Gulden	(b) Kence	(c) Krugerrand	(d) Randmark
Q5	The maximum loss from a m sustained one's losses can l	narket peak to a market nadir, o be.	commonly called the maximum	, measures how
	(a) drawdown	(b) dropoff	(c) fallout	(d) setback
Q6		ceipt program established at th ed in accordance with a Deposi (b) An Undistributed		
Q6 Q7	depositary's role is formalize (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y	ed in accordance with a Deposi (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the ore complete performance inclu	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme	ositary bank and an issuer. (d) A Subsidized nt Division of the New York
	depositary's role is formalize (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for mo	ed in accordance with a Deposi (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the ore complete performance inclu	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme	ositary bank and an issuer. (d) A Subsidized nt Division of the New York
	depositary's role is formalize (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for mo York Life Variable Annuity P (a) accumulation NASHVILLE — The state's s	ed in accordance with a Deposit (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the pre complete performance inclu- rerformance Summary. (b) average strong financial situation had G gencies on Wednesday; Bredes	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme iding average annual total retur (c) compounded ov. Phil Bredesen looking forw	(d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium
Q7	depositary's role is formalized (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for mo York Life Variable Annuity P (a) accumulation NASHVILLE — The state's s with New York bond ag	ed in accordance with a Deposit (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the pre complete performance inclu- rerformance Summary. (b) average strong financial situation had G gencies on Wednesday; Bredes	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme iding average annual total retur (c) compounded ov. Phil Bredesen looking forw	(d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium
Q7	depositary's role is formalized (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for mo York Life Variable Annuity P (a) accumulation NASHVILLE — The state's s with New York bond ag Tennessee a positive outlood (a) brokering HR carbon and HSLA plate	ed in accordance with a Deposit (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the ore complete performance inclu- verformance Summary. (b) average strong financial situation had G gencies on Wednesday; Bredes k.	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme iding average annual total retur (c) compounded ov. Phil Bredesen looking forw sen said he hopes the agencies (c) rating s valued at \$457.4 million;	(d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium (d) selling (d) selling (TTD import volumes would
Q7 Q8	depositary's role is formalized (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for more York Life Variable Annuity P (a) accumulation NASHVILLE — The state's s with New York bond ag Tennessee a positive outlood (a) brokering HR carbon and HSLA plate result in an estimated 579,00	ed in accordance with a Deposit (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the ore complete performance inclu- performance Summary. (b) average strong financial situation had G pencies on Wednesday; Bredes ok. (b) issuing imports totalled 530,789 tonnes	t Agreement between the depo (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme iding average annual total retur (c) compounded ov. Phil Bredesen looking forw sen said he hopes the agencies (c) rating s valued at \$457.4 million;	(d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium (d) premium (d) selling (d) selling (TTD import volumes would
Q7 Q8	depositary's role is formalized (a) An Underwritten This daily updated chart is y Life Variable Annuity; for mo York Life Variable Annuity P (a) accumulation NASHVILLE — The state's s with New York bond ag Tennessee a positive outlood (a) brokering HR carbon and HSLA plate result in an estimated 579,00 2003. (a) annualizing The Securities and Exchangerules for companies acquiring	ed in accordance with a Deposit (b) An Undistributed our resource for tracking the ore complete performance inclu- verformance Summary. (b) average strong financial situation had G gencies on Wednesday; Bredes ok. (b) issuing imports totalled 530,789 tonnes 00 tonnes of imports for all of 2	t Agreement between the depor (c) A Sponsored unit values of the Investme iding average annual total return (c) compounded ov. Phil Bredesen looking forw sen said he hopes the agencies (c) rating s valued at \$457.4 million; 004, which would represent ar (c) intercalating roved the Philippine Stock Excl ompany; the new rules will pro-	bisitary bank and an issuer. (d) A Subsidized (d) A Subsidized Int Division of the New York rm, please click on the New (d) premium ard to his annual meetings s will continue to assign (d) selling (d) selling (d) selling (d) selling (d) interpolating (d) interpolating hange Inc.'s (PSE) listing

<b>•</b> (				
Q1	make with its subareas that no present only a modest risk to t	rity to the RTA's local tax revenu o subarea will pay another subare the subareas not benefited by the	eas' debt; if Sound Transit's bond e bonds.	d is prudent, that would
	(a) portfolio	(b) ratio	(c) tender	(d) title
Q2		ed by computing the average (m alculated by adding the closing p (b) moving		
Q3	deductible you choose, and to pocket.	e to your car if it is stolen, or dam keep your premiums low, select	as high a deductible as you feel	comfortable paying out of
	(a) Comprehensive	(b) Exclusive	(c) Extensive	(d) Inclusive
Q4	Warning signs of a weakening may occur.	trend that coincide with a weake	ening of fundamentals supports t	he perception that a price trend
	(a) recession	(b) retraction	(c) retreat	(d) reversal
Q5		hly fuel price drops to more than	-	ablishing a base fuel price and a se creates a downward
	(a) conservation	(b) conversion	(c) deceleration	(d) deescalation
Q6	-	roved or enhanced; these le		ith opinions on filings where they a particular filing only and do not
Q6	believe the filing could be impl	roved or enhanced; these le		
Q6 Q7	believe the filing could be impliconstitute an official expression (a) admonition	roved or enhanced; these le	etters set forth staff positions on a	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique
	believe the filing could be impliconstitute an official expression (a) admonition A bank has no recourse in	roved or enhanced; these le on of the Commission's views. (b) annotation	etters set forth staff positions on a	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique
	believe the filing could be impliconstitute an official expression (a) admonition A bank has no recourse in 24-hour deadline. (a) drawee Bonds are ' to maturity' with	roved or enhanced; these le on of the Commission's views. (b) annotation If it pays a counterfeit check; it m	etters set forth staff positions on a (c) comment ay never send the item back to t (c) recipient g issue are deposited in an acco	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique he bank of first deposit after the (d) withdrawal unt for investment in an amount
Q7	<ul> <li>believe the filing could be implicant to constitute an official expression (a) admonition</li> <li>A bank has no recourse in 24-hour deadline.</li> <li>(a) drawee</li> <li>Bonds are ' to maturity' will sufficient to pay the principal of (a) escrowed</li> <li>Many bonds permit the borrow</li> </ul>	roved or enhanced; these le on of the Commission's views. (b) annotation if it pays a counterfeit check; it m (b) receipt then the proceeds of the refundin of and interest on the issue being (b) prerefunded ver to pay off the bond before its y reason for the payoff is that inter	etters set forth staff positions on a (c) comment ay never send the item back to t (c) recipient g issue are deposited in an acco refunded on the original interest (c) reinvested stated maturity date; this bo	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique he bank of first deposit after the (d) withdrawal unt for investment in an amount t payment and maturity dates. (d) uncalled
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>believe the filing could be implication of the implication of</li></ul>	roved or enhanced; these le on of the Commission's views. (b) annotation if it pays a counterfeit check; it m (b) receipt then the proceeds of the refundin of and interest on the issue being (b) prerefunded ver to pay off the bond before its y reason for the payoff is that inter	etters set forth staff positions on a (c) comment ay never send the item back to t (c) recipient g issue are deposited in an acco refunded on the original interest (c) reinvested stated maturity date; this bo	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique he bank of first deposit after the (d) withdrawal unt for investment in an amount t payment and maturity dates. (d) uncalled
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>believe the filing could be impliconstitute an official expression (a) admonition</li> <li>A bank has no recourse in 24-hour deadline.</li> <li>(a) drawee</li> <li>Bonds are ' to maturity' will sufficient to pay the principal of (a) escrowed</li> <li>Many bonds permit the borrow bondholder, because the likely reinvest the proceeds at the satisficient is a profession</li> </ul>	roved or enhanced; these le on of the Commission's views. (b) annotation if it pays a counterfeit check; it m (b) receipt then the proceeds of the refundin of and interest on the issue being (b) prerefunded ver to pay off the bond before its y reason for the payoff is that inte ame rate as the original bond. (b) claimed that who helps clients maximize the roducts to meet their needs; mar	etters set forth staff positions on a (c) comment ay never send the item back to t (c) recipient g issue are deposited in an accorrefunded on the original interest (c) reinvested stated maturity date; this bo erest rates have declined, so the (c) recalled heir net worth by proper asset all	a particular filing only and do not (d) critique he bank of first deposit after the (d) withdrawal (d) withdrawal unt for investment in an amount t payment and maturity dates. (d) uncalled ond is generally bad for the bondholder will not be able to (d) reclaimed ocation, using stocks, bonds,

Q1	с с	ves a designated person the po cerning the account, such as o		ount, request disbursements,
	(a) Full	(b) Outright	(c) Total	(d) Unqualified
Q2	A high is high-priced an the stock of unproven high-te	nd highly speculative stock that echnology companies.	moves up sharply over a short	t period; a possible example is
	(a) diver	(b) flyer	(c) hopper	(d) jumper
Q3	document, the 'sale' or 'awar	usually approved in the author d' resolution; all such resolutio bbligation, the issuer's duties ar	ns, read together, constitute th	
	(a) bond	(b) gross	(c) option	(d) share
Q4		l funds buy stocks and sell or 'v ding 9%-11%, which is awfully a		
	(a) inclusive	(b) income	(c) increase	(d) interest
Q5		me recognized that investment expenditure: this effect has been	•	·
	(a) amplifier	(b) generator	(c) multiplier	(d) propagator
Q6	The nature of that rally is go in for real trouble.	ing to be extremely important, I	because if it's just a dead cat	, then I would say we were
	(a) bounce	(b) bound	(c) bourse	(d) bout
Q7	basis — is often called the	concerned for taking the real e ; s/he then pledges real pro t for the rest of the value of the	perty to the lender, which is us	
	(a) debtor	(b) lendee	(c) lessee	(d) mortgager
Q8	building wealth, preserving c	are geared toward the long-te capital or a combination of requ nedging, private equity, researc	irements, we'll help you with a	irement, college planning, complete wealth management
	(a) across-the-board	(b) all-inclusive	(c) full-service	(d) one-stop
Q9	prices of their TSP funds for	news and sell their TSP stock the previous day, but the r prices based on an immediate	market will often result in lowe	
	(a) chasing	(b) leading	(c) sensing	(d) tracking
Q10	you will often see something	<ul> <li>P/E) is the most widely quoted r</li> <li>like "Dodgy.com trades at a fo</li> <li>it look cheap in comparison</li> <li>(b) portfolio</li> </ul>	orward P/E of 10, making it look	fully valued," or "Epic! has a

Q1				
	its day to day expenses; this companies that may have st	ensive interval, determines how can be especially useful when rong patents but no significant	evaluating small technology c revenue as yet.	ompanies or biotechnology
	(a) quick	(b) real	(c) soft	(d) swift
Q2	same terms as existed when possession, etc) has receive	ed a benefit from the contract.	ost obvious instance of this rul	e is where one party (by taking
	(a) reneged	(b) rescinded	(c) retracted	(d) revived
Q3		e loans or liens against it; the lo deed, and the lien registered so	-	
	(a) claim	(b) mortgage	(c) prerogative	(d) suit
Q4	evolve rules that depen take fundamental indicators	d on technical market indicator into account.	rs only; in contrast, fundamenta	alists evolve rules that only
	(a) Chartists	(b) Drafters	(c) Graphers	(d) Purists
Q5		le only to companies with 25 o ion or \$30,000, and employees x on it.		
	(a) 401(k)	(b) 403(b)	(c) 405(b)	(d) 408(k)
00	security is one held by	an investor who is likely to han	a onto it for a long time	
Q6	Security is one neid by a	an investor who is likely to han	g onto it for a long time.	
QO	(a) An absorbed	(b) A consumed	(c) A digested	(d) An inhaled
Q7	<ul><li>(a) An absorbed</li><li>With the sale of Chrysler cor this week; starting Thursday</li></ul>	-	(c) A digested ange its stock on Frankfur vill be changed from DCX to D	t and New York exchanges
	<ul><li>(a) An absorbed</li><li>With the sale of Chrysler cor this week; starting Thursday</li></ul>	(b) A consumed nplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch , the automaker's stock ticker v	(c) A digested ange its stock on Frankfur vill be changed from DCX to D	t and New York exchanges
	<ul> <li>(a) An absorbed</li> <li>With the sale of Chrysler correction this week; starting Thursday companies in Frankfurt and (a) icon</li> <li>The first tax prepared for dwellers within the Holland For taxes, for the total amount</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) A consumed</li> <li>mplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch</li> <li>, the automaker's stock ticker will on the New York Stock Exchar</li> <li>(b) logo</li> <li>b) the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the territory the territory the territory the territory the territory the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the territory territory the territory the territory the territory the territory t</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) A digested</li> <li>ange its stock on Frankfur</li> <li>vill be changed from DCX to Dage.</li> <li>(c) mark</li> <li>f October 6, 1800, and the nan</li> <li>let cannot have been of much</li> <li>nat assessment was \$4.55.</li> </ul>	rt and New York exchanges Al on the DAX-30 index of (d) symbol hes of only twelve taxable consequence to the collector
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) An absorbed</li> <li>With the sale of Chrysler corrections week; starting Thursday companies in Frankfurt and eta (a) icon</li> <li>The first tax prepared for dwellers within the Holland F of taxes, for the total amount (a) account</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) A consumed</li> <li>mplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch</li> <li>the automaker's stock ticker will on the New York Stock Exchar</li> <li>(b) logo</li> <li>b) the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the the could collect there under the the could collect there under the could collect there under the the could collect there under the could collect the could</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) A digested</li> <li>ange its stock on Frankfur</li> <li>vill be changed from DCX to Dage.</li> <li>(c) mark</li> <li>f October 6, 1800, and the nan</li> <li>let cannot have been of much</li> <li>nat assessment was \$4.55.</li> <li>(c) index</li> </ul>	t and New York exchanges Al on the DAX-30 index of (d) symbol hes of only twelve taxable consequence to the collector (d) roll
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) An absorbed</li> <li>With the sale of Chrysler corrections week; starting Thursday companies in Frankfurt and equation (a) icon</li> <li>The first tax prepared for dwellers within the Holland P of taxes, for the total amount (a) account</li> <li>The cost of equity decreased on the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the total amount in the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the t</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) A consumed</li> <li>mplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch</li> <li>, the automaker's stock ticker will on the New York Stock Exchar</li> <li>(b) logo</li> <li>b) the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the territory the territory the territory the territory the territory the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the territory territory the territory the territory the territory the territory t</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) A digested</li> <li>ange its stock on Frankfur</li> <li>vill be changed from DCX to Dage.</li> <li>(c) mark</li> <li>f October 6, 1800, and the name</li> <li>let cannot have been of much</li> <li>nat assessment was \$4.55.</li> <li>(c) index</li> <li>for two important reasons: first</li> <li>the risk they bear generally far</li> </ul>	t and New York exchanges Al on the DAX-30 index of (d) symbol hes of only twelve taxable consequence to the collector (d) roll t, the expected return that lls, and second, the agency
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) An absorbed</li> <li>With the sale of Chrysler corrections week; starting Thursday companies in Frankfurt and equation (a) icon</li> <li>The first tax prepared for dwellers within the Holland P of taxes, for the total amount (a) account</li> <li>The cost of equity decreased on the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the total amount in the total amount investors require to invest in the total amount in the t</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) A consumed</li> <li>mplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch</li> <li>the automaker's stock ticker will on the New York Stock Exchart</li> <li>(b) logo</li> <li>b) the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the (b) bill</li> <li>eases because of globalization equity to compensate them for the formation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) A digested</li> <li>ange its stock on Frankfur</li> <li>vill be changed from DCX to Dage.</li> <li>(c) mark</li> <li>f October 6, 1800, and the name</li> <li>let cannot have been of much</li> <li>nat assessment was \$4.55.</li> <li>(c) index</li> <li>for two important reasons: first</li> <li>the risk they bear generally far</li> </ul>	t and New York exchanges Al on the DAX-30 index of (d) symbol hes of only twelve taxable consequence to the collector (d) roll t, the expected return that lls, and second, the agency
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) An absorbed</li> <li>With the sale of Chrysler corrections week; starting Thursday, companies in Frankfurt and a (a) icon</li> <li>The first tax prepared for dwellers within the Holland F of taxes, for the total amount (a) account</li> <li>The cost of equity decreases that make it harder and (a) capital</li> <li>Option grants usually have</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) A consumed</li> <li>mplete, DaimlerChrysler will ch, the automaker's stock ticker work on the New York Stock Exchart</li> <li>(b) logo</li> <li>b) the territory bears the date of Purchase appear on it; the ham the could collect there under the (b) bill</li> <li>eases because of globalization equity to compensate them for a more expensive for firms to rate (b) interest</li> <li>(b) interest</li> <li>(b) interest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) A digested</li> <li>ange its stock on Frankfur</li> <li>vill be changed from DCX to Dage.</li> <li>(c) mark</li> <li>f October 6, 1800, and the name</li> <li>let cannot have been of much</li> <li>nat assessment was \$4.55.</li> <li>(c) index</li> <li>for two important reasons: firs</li> <li>the risk they bear generally far</li> <li>aise funds become less importation</li> <li>(c) issuance</li> <li>y set a three to five year period</li> </ul>	t and New York exchanges Al on the DAX-30 index of (d) symbol hes of only twelve taxable consequence to the collector (d) roll t, the expected return that lls, and second, the agency ant. (d) shares

Q1		start of the quarter was that the radually toward a neutral Fed	-	
	(a) bias	(b) outlook	(c) perspective	(d) prospect
Q2	William Gentry, associate pr secure retirement without a	steady stream of income of thre ofessor of economics at Williar company pension or some othe	ns College, "but is not the	only way to have a financially
	(a) annuitizing	(b) bequeathing	(c) economizing	(d) speculating
Q3	options possibilities, many s	uction of Long-term Equity uited for conservative stock inv t industry sectors for a time that	estors; Index LEAPS let you tra	-
	(a) Accrual	(b) Accumulation	(c) Anticipation	(d) Attenuated
Q4		Volume Index is not a contrari	0	PVI is supposed to show what
	(a) Positive	(b) Price	(c) Public	(d) Purchase
Q5		ursed July 1, 2006, are fixed-ra at least half time; they are the		-
	(a) Perkins	(b) Plus	(c) Sallie Mae	(d) Stafford
Q6		s the ability of a company to us apacity to maintain operations a	-	extinguish its current liabilities; ear cash reserves in bad
Q6	this ratio indicates a firm's ca		-	-
Q6 Q7	this ratio indicates a firm's ca periods. (a) Acid Under the withholding r incorrect or no taxpayer ID r	apacity to maintain operations a	as usual with current cash or no (c) Spark st withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding	ear cash reserves in bad (d) Tick have given the payer an
	this ratio indicates a firm's ca periods. (a) Acid Under the withholding r incorrect or no taxpayer ID r	apacity to maintain operations a (b) Boost ules, the business or bank mus number, or if the IRS has notifie	as usual with current cash or no (c) Spark st withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding	ear cash reserves in bad (d) Tick have given the payer an
	<ul> <li>this ratio indicates a firm's caperiods.</li> <li>(a) Acid</li> <li>Under the withholding reincorrect or no taxpayer ID rebecause you had not reported (a) auxiliary</li> <li>ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged</li> </ul>	(b) Boost ules, the business or bank mus number, or if the IRS has notifie ed all of your interest or dividen	as usual with current cash or no (c) Spark st withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding d income in prior years. (c) retroactive of interest from ASTAR Air (	ear cash reserves in bad (d) Tick have given the payer an g on interest and dividends (d) standby Cargo Holdings, LLC to
Q7	<ul> <li>this ratio indicates a firm's caperiods.</li> <li>(a) Acid</li> <li>Under the withholding reincorrect or no taxpayer ID rebecause you had not reported (a) auxiliary</li> <li>ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged</li> </ul>	apacity to maintain operations a (b) Boost ules, the business or bank mus number, or if the IRS has notifie ed all of your interest or dividen (b) backup the receipt of an unsolicited	as usual with current cash or no (c) Spark st withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding d income in prior years. (c) retroactive of interest from ASTAR Air (	ear cash reserves in bad (d) Tick have given the payer an g on interest and dividends (d) standby Cargo Holdings, LLC to
Q7	<ul> <li>this ratio indicates a firm's caperiods.</li> <li>(a) Acid</li> <li>Under the withholding reincorrect or no taxpayer ID rebecause you had not reported (a) auxiliary</li> <li>ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged acquire all of the outstanding (a) declaration</li> <li>During this time, Mizuho Sec</li> </ul>	(b) Boost (b) Boost ules, the business or bank mus number, or if the IRS has notifie ed all of your interest or dividen (b) backup the receipt of an unsolicited g shares of ABX Air for \$7.75 p (b) expression c. placed a order for the sec ch extraordinary circumstances	(c) Spark (c) Spark (c) Spark (c) Spark (c) stark withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding d income in prior years. (c) retroactive (c) retroactive (c) interest from ASTAR Air ( er share in cash; no formal offer (c) indication	(d) Tick (d) Tick have given the payer an g on interest and dividends (d) standby Cargo Holdings, LLC to er has yet been made. (d) notification
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>this ratio indicates a firm's caperiods.</li> <li>(a) Acid</li> <li>Under the withholding reincorrect or no taxpayer ID rebecause you had not reported (a) auxiliary</li> <li>ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged acquire all of the outstanding (a) declaration</li> <li>During this time, Mizuho Second became apparent during such as a second s</li></ul>	(b) Boost (b) Boost ules, the business or bank mus number, or if the IRS has notifie ed all of your interest or dividen (b) backup the receipt of an unsolicited g shares of ABX Air for \$7.75 p (b) expression c. placed a order for the sec ch extraordinary circumstances	(c) Spark (c) Spark (c) Spark (c) Spark (c) stark withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding d income in prior years. (c) retroactive (c) retroactive (c) interest from ASTAR Air ( er share in cash; no formal offer (c) indication	(d) Tick (d) Tick have given the payer an g on interest and dividends (d) standby Cargo Holdings, LLC to er has yet been made. (d) notification
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>this ratio indicates a firm's caperiods.</li> <li>(a) Acid</li> <li>Under the withholding reincorrect or no taxpayer ID rebecause you had not reported (a) auxiliary</li> <li>ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged acquire all of the outstanding (a) declaration</li> <li>During this time, Mizuho Secobecame apparent during such be sequentially completed with (a) cancel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>apacity to maintain operations a</li> <li>(b) Boost</li> <li>ules, the business or bank mustion berger of the IRS has notified all of your interest or divident (b) backup</li> <li>the receipt of an unsolicited</li> <li>g shares of ABX Air for \$7.75 p (b) expression</li> <li>c. placed a order for the second extraordinary circumstances without interruption.</li> <li>(b) hold</li> <li>y is a bond which pays interest</li> </ul>	as usual with current cash or ne (c) Spark at withhold on a payment if you d the payer to start withholding d income in prior years. (c) retroactive (c) retroactive (c) retroactive (c) interest from ASTAR Air ( er share in cash; no formal offer (c) indication ell order, but because a system , the order was not processed, (c) market	ear cash reserves in bad (d) Tick have given the payer an g on interest and dividends (d) standby Cargo Holdings, LLC to er has yet been made. (d) notification i irregularity existed that and executions continued to (d) stop

Q1	vandalism, falling or flying objects, malicious mischief, lightning, windstorm, earthquake, hail, impact with animals missiles, riot, civil commotion, and rising water.				
	(a) Blanket	(b) Comprehensive	(c) Umbrella	(d) Universal	
Q2	there is always more of it and				
	(a) Book	(b) Financial	(c) Synthetic	(d) Theoretical	
Q3		arket found itself trading limit back their contracts in order to	-	at were short lumber futures at	
	(a) out	(b) over	(c) up	(d) (none)	
Q4		e the demand for efficient cons ement for cash; it has been def			
	(a) digital	(b) internet	(c) simulated	(d) virtual	
Q5	C C	tten order by the to pay more that the provident of the second to		•	
	(a) bearee	(b) bearer	(c) drawee	(d) drawer	
Q6	-	not an absolute indicator of yo lower costs compared to prim an your competition.			
	(a) funds	(b) interest	(c) investment	(d) loans	
Q7		by which an individual or famil um amount of wealth possible f			
	(a) Estate	(b) Inheritance	(c) Postmortem	(d) Trust	
Q8		you can make charges just as the most popular such card is <i>i</i>		d, but you have to pay your	
	(a) carrying	(b) compounding	(c) renewing	(d) revolving	
Q9	educational goals of the prog	cognized the tangible benefits t gram and the University's succe 'double A' credit-rating ca	ess in implementing them; a m	ilestone occurred in 2002 with	
	(a) grade	(b) level	(c) profile	(d) quality	
Q10	purchase individual level pre	rust is a type of allocated pension mium annuity contracts for eac	ch member of the plan.		
	(a) cooperative	(b) coordinated	(c) participation	(d) policy	

Q1		facturing and trade in Asia ha		ic companies with Asia
	(a) downsized	(b) L-size	(c) outsize	(d) sizeable
Q2	Many larger Asian compar have become global	nies, namely Chinese, Indiar names.	n, Japanese, Korean and Ta	iwanese conglomerates,
	(a) common	(b) family	(c) household	(d) popular
Q3		nas also been a surge in fore as they in joint-venture	•	•
	(a) coincide	(b) disperse	(c) partner	(d) sign
Q4	-	nues to expand, confirn cing (BPO) arena and expec services by 2008.	-	•••
	(a) expeditiously	(b) experimentally	(c) exponentially	(d) extravagantly
Q5	Meanwhile, China in	comparison with only 4.9% of	of the outsourcing market.	
	(a) fades	(b) fails	(c) pales	(d) shades
Q6	•	ations drive many foreign bus ysia and China are looking t	-	• •
	(a) intimacies	(b) intricacies	(c) vagaries	(d) varieties
Q7		s in Asia is unavoidable, but MT942 and this can make it		-
	(a) velocity	(b) versatility	(c) viability	(d) visibility
Q8	-	g increasingly rare as local A nks buying into local banks,		
	(a) eulogizing	(b) homogenizing	(c) institutionalizing	(d) rationalizing
Q9	-	are aggressively their cl standardised regulations.	aim in the Asian financial ma	arkets; they are lobbying for
	(a) making	(b) marking	(c) staking	(d) stating
Q10	-	regional advisor and director ies is their absorption rate of		-
	(a) denominator	(b) detonator	(c) enumerator	(d) numerator

Q1	One of the most consisten 1986 study suggests that t		ers is that communication is i	nadequate; an in-depth
	(a) contiguous	(b) contingent	(c) continuing	(d) continuous
Q2	••	ation that needs to be share easures and, therefore, reso	d is that related to a determin purce	nation of the priority of
	(a) alleviating	(b) allocation	(c) relocation	(d) restructuring
Q3	-	munication equipment may l	ations problems are 'people' be in short, but more of	
	(a) shrift	(b) stock	(c) substance	(d) supply
Q4	Examples of 'people' probl island'.	lems in communication inclu	de the ' syndrome', or 'w	ve're the only ones on this
	(a) David Copperfield	(b) Don Quixote	(c) Huckleberry Finn	(d) Robinson Crusoe
Q5	organizations are involved		ail to change this approach i another; each person gives   verall response effort.	
	(a) alternately	(b) alternatively	(c) automatically	(d) autonomously
Q6		her organizations, often due	ation vary among different o to lack of trust or familiarity,	
	(a) disputes	(b) distances	(c) drives	(d) druthers
Q7		nmunities with fewer resourc	n a seemingly observat es tended to coordinate thei	
	(a) paradoxical	(b) partial	(c) practical	(d) pragmatic
Q8	Unfortunately, the urgency information on-the-spot.	of the disaster situation ofte	en the time necessary to	o exchange preliminary
	(a) precedes	(b) precludes	(c) predicts	(d) prevents
Q9		-	addressed before the disast ailure to coordinate and com	
	(a) recalcitrance	(b) reluctance	(c) repulsion	(d) resistance
Q10	·		cularly in life situations	
				(d) threatening

(a) challenging (b) constraining (c) terminating (d) threatening

Q1	participate in all phases of	emerging model of new sell a purchase decision, while . hone (with a physical catalog	through those processe	in which buyers are able to s electronically rather than
	(a) stepping	(b) striding	(c) traipsing	(d) trotting
Q2	Electronic commerce is co previous year.	ming: electronic sales i	n a recent quarter are doubl	e those of the entire
	(a) of age	(b) to a head	(c) to term	(d) up roses
Q3		nies create electronic-comm of the general to expan		-
	(a) momentum	(b) moratorium	(c) motion	(d) movement
Q4	But the primary value prop lower-cost, electronic-distr	osition is the of increas ibution channels.	ed revenue from new marke	ets and creation of new,
	(a) portent	(b) presence	(c) profit	(d) prospect
Q5	locate and purchase a des	ctive, the purpose of an elec ired good or service over the more or less than providing	e Internet when the custome	
	(a) baseline	(b) platform	(c) portal	(d) virtual
Q6	From a merchant's perspe	ctive, the key function of an	electronic-commerce system	n is to generate higher
	revenues than the mercha	nt would achieve the sy	rstem.	
	revenues than the mercha (a) besides	nt would achieve the sy (b) except	vstem. (c) via	(d) without
Q7	(a) besides The benefits to the service		(c) via ic-commerce services incluc	le revenue for helping
Q7	<ul><li>(a) besides</li><li>The benefits to the service clients develop electronic-</li></ul>	(b) except provider of hosting electron	(c) via ic-commerce services incluc	le revenue for helping
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) besides</li> <li>The benefits to the service clients develop electronic-offering.</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>In this scenario, the home</li> </ul>	(b) except provider of hosting electron commerce offerings (Web sit	<ul> <li>(c) via</li> <li>ic-commerce services inclucted in the services in the services in the services in the services inclucted in the services inclusted in the services in the services inclusted in the services inclusted in the services in the services in the services in the services inclusted in the services in the serv</li></ul>	de revenue for helping r the customer's hosted (d) establishment
	<ul> <li>(a) besides</li> <li>The benefits to the service clients develop electronic-offering.</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>In this scenario, the home</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) except</li> <li>provider of hosting electron commerce offerings (Web site</li> <li>(b) enactment</li> <li>shopper still needs Internet and the shopper still needs Internet and the sho</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) via</li> <li>ic-commerce services inclucted in the services in the services in the services in the services inclucted in the services inclusted in the services in the services inclusted in the services inclusted in the services in the services in the services in the services inclusted in the services in the serv</li></ul>	de revenue for helping r the customer's hosted (d) establishment
	<ul> <li>(a) besides</li> <li>The benefits to the service offering.</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>In this scenario, the home could provide any or all of (a) apparatus</li> <li>The electronic-commerce of a standard environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) except</li> <li>provider of hosting electron commerce offerings (Web site</li> <li>(b) enactment</li> <li>shopper still needs Internet at the remaining components of the remaining compo</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) via</li> <li>ic-commerce services incluctives, catalogs, storefronts) for</li> <li>(c) escarpment</li> <li>access and an access, on behalf of the merchant.</li> <li>(c) equipment</li> <li>ce provider must support a ving sites, the provision of a sites</li> </ul>	le revenue for helping r the customer's hosted (d) establishment but the service provider (d) utensil variety of tasks: the creation ecure transaction
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) besides</li> <li>The benefits to the service offering.</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>In this scenario, the home could provide any or all of (a) apparatus</li> <li>The electronic-commerce of a standard environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) except</li> <li>provider of hosting electron commerce offerings (Web site</li> <li>(b) enactment</li> <li>shopper still needs Internet the remaining components of (b) device</li> <li>platform chosen by the servit for storefronts and advertisite</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) via</li> <li>ic-commerce services incluctives, catalogs, storefronts) for</li> <li>(c) escarpment</li> <li>access and an access, on behalf of the merchant.</li> <li>(c) equipment</li> <li>ce provider must support a ving sites, the provision of a sites</li> </ul>	le revenue for helping r the customer's hosted (d) establishment but the service provider (d) utensil variety of tasks: the creation ecure transaction
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) besides</li> <li>The benefits to the service of the service offering.</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>(a) enablement</li> <li>In this scenario, the home could provide any or all of (a) apparatus</li> <li>The electronic-commerce of a standard environment the authorization (a) clean</li> <li>Many small- and medium-state</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) except</li> <li>provider of hosting electron commerce offerings (Web site</li> <li>(b) enactment</li> <li>shopper still needs Internet the remaining components of (b) device</li> <li>platform chosen by the servition of credit and payments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) via</li> <li>ic-commerce services incluctives, catalogs, storefronts) for</li> <li>(c) escarpment</li> <li>access and an access, on behalf of the merchant.</li> <li>(c) equipment</li> <li>ce provider must support a ving sites, the provision of a sents, and the provision of billing with the high cost of</li> </ul>	le revenue for helping r the customer's hosted (d) establishment but the service provider (d) utensil variety of tasks: the creation ecure transaction lling systems. (d) single . to electronic commerce:

Q1	According to M Bronte-Stewart, IT projects have a bad reputation for going over budget and schedule, not expectations and for providing poor return on investment (Clegg et al, 1997; Keil et al, 1998; Fielding, 2002; The Register, 2002; Jaques, 2004).				
	(a) performing	(b) producing	(c) raising	(d) realising	
Q2	important business decisions	ects, selecting suitable software , yet firms often do not take ade ey on inappropriate, unwanted e	equate precautions or advice b	efore making of faith,	
	(a) acts	(b) bonds	(c) leaps	(d) light	
Q3		acts are in dispute or have beer with a single system was t			
	(a) brought	(b) down	(c) led	(d) steered	
Q4	developers may think that mu may view any IT project as a	en to go wrong, the more the pu uch of their work is likely to be a worry and probably a poor retu	a waste of effort, and the more irn on investment.	those holding the strings	
	(a) apron	(b) draw	(c) purse	(d) shoe	
Q5		e goodwill and fail to accept or o reduce the incidence and effer	-	for all these reasons we	
	(a) cynical	(b) ironical	(c) sarcastical	(d) satirical	
Q6	group of leading researchers	pported special interest group of and consultants who between ences of over 14,000 organisation	them had over 900 years of pro		
	(a) banking	(b) borrowing	(c) drawing	(d) leaning	
Q7		omic and Social Research Coun 5 to 90% do not meet their goals		-	
	(a) disgusting	(b) dissenting	(c) distracting	(d) disturbing	
Q8		st some of the main reasons wh nost IT investments are techno (b) edged		-	
Q9	<b>v v</b>	numbers of IT projects still fail t the 24 billion or so being spent (b) for		0	
Q10	process can be discussed ar	ation is to carry out a risk estima nd focussed on important chara aluating projects' potential for s (b) mandate	cteristics; results can be compa		

Q1		enterprise applications resea ers alike frequently the e software industry.		
	(a) condone	(b) conjure	(c) intone	(d) invoke
Q2	as the system's underlying	RP backbone in one of two w architecture or; both v ne latter model as the domina	iews have merit, but current	
	(a) carpentry	(b) flooring	(c) plumbing	(d) rafters
Q3		ars, many buyers have mad ndardize on a single technica	-	
	(a) burden	(b) outlet	(c) shift	(d) turnover
Q4	the organization, but beyo	vill form a shared services m nd the shared services, man ements of manufacturing pla	y site-specific requirements	become evident as CIOs
	(a) disarray	(b) disparity	(c) diversion	(d) division
Q5	-	prefer to purchase all busine them must look beyond the o		e provider, but the of
	•	•	•	
	(a) case	(b) fact	(c) gist	(d) point
Q6	Frequently, global organiz	(b) fact ations must integrate succes to a country's specific leg	(c) gist sful plant-level ERP system	
Q6	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems	(b) fact ations must integrate succes to a country's specific leg	(c) gist sful plant-level ERP system	s, localized applications
Q6 Q7	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party	(b) fact ations must integrate succes to a country's specific leg g systems.	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) plant-level ERP system</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) such as transportation</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and
	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate succes</li> <li>to a country's specific leg</li> <li>g systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) plant-level ERP system</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) such as transportation</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and
	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in solution. (a) batch	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>to a country's specific legging systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized integrating applications in this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>needs such as transportations way, of course, is called but</li> <li>(c) breed</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and uilding a 'best-of' (d) bunch
Q7	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in solution. (a) batch As an alternative to the sin	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>g systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> <li>ntegrating applications in this</li> <li>(b) blend</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>needs such as transportations way, of course, is called but</li> <li>(c) breed</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and uilding a 'best-of' (d) bunch
Q7	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in solution. (a) batch As an alternative to the sir on a basis. (a) case-by-case In any case, the them	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>g systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> <li>ntegrating applications in this</li> <li>(b) blend</li> <li>ngle vendor, some companie</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>ssful plant-level ERP system gal requirements, and complete (c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>needs such as transportations way, of course, is called but (c) breed</li> <li>s will consider their busines</li> <li>(c) piece-by-piece</li> <li>application or best functional</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and uilding a 'best-of' (d) bunch s application requirements (d) shop-by-shop
Q7 Q8	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in solution. (a) batch As an alternative to the sir on a basis. (a) case-by-case In any case, the them	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>g systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> <li>(b) blend</li> <li>(b) blend</li> <li>(b) one-by-one</li> <li>(b) one-by-one</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>ssful plant-level ERP system gal requirements, and complete (c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>needs such as transportations way, of course, is called but (c) breed</li> <li>s will consider their busines</li> <li>(c) piece-by-piece</li> <li>application or best functional</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked n, distribution, and uilding a 'best-of' (d) bunch s application requirements (d) shop-by-shop
Q7 Q8	Frequently, global organiz such as payroll systems such as advanced plannin (a) accustomed Also, additional third-party scheduling are common; in solution. (a) batch As an alternative to the sin on a basis. (a) case-by-case In any case, the them manager might want to run (a) overarching	<ul> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>ations must integrate success</li> <li>g systems.</li> <li>(b) customed</li> <li>applications for specialized</li> <li>applicating applications in this</li> <li>(b) blend</li> <li>agle vendor, some companies</li> <li>(b) one-by-one</li> <li>a given business function of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) gist</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>(c) tailored</li> <li>needs such as transportations</li> <li>(c) breed</li> <li>(c) breed</li> <li>(c) piece-by-piece</li> <li>(c) piecess.</li> <li>(c) overpowering</li> </ul>	s, localized applications ex problem-solving systems (d) tracked (d) tracked (a, distribution, and uilding a 'best-of' (d) bunch (d) bunch (d) bunch (d) shop-by-shop fit for how a business (d) overreaching

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 332 No Free Lunch

Q1		upon which to premise an inve for every perceived reward, th	-	
	(a) aesthetic	(b) ethic	(c) morality	(d) philosophy
Q2	The Dow Jones Industrial Av	verage is a price index of 3	30 blue chip stocks.	
	(a) adjusted	(b) balanced	(c) related	(d) weighted
Q3	A limitclose order is a t trading better than the limit p	type of limit order to buy or sell rice.	shares near the market close	only if the closing price is
	(a) at	(b) for	(c) on	(d) to
Q4	-	ebt in the past and you have eit med the debt to be non-collecta rom the IRS.	-	-
	(a) a Cancellation	(b) a Discharge	(c) a Dissolution	(d) an Abandonment
Q5	occur as a result of innocent	that wipes out the existing cont or fraudulent representation, n mplated by the parties, or dure	nutual mistake, lack of legal ca	
	(a) Redaction	(b) Regression	(c) Rescission	(d) Retraction
Q6		to the most month option nan or equal to the fixing price o e of that series.		
	(a) distant	(b) future	(c) remote	(d) terminal
Q7	options' within the meaning of	suance of non stock option of Section 422 of the Internal R bility and whose services are c	evenue Code of 1986; it is an e	
	(a) convertible	(b) regulated	(c) statutory	(d) taxable
Q8		egulation T of the Board of Go ption requirements in their		
	(a) chain	(b) conversion	(c) limit	(d) margin
Q9	according to the MPT, invest	important in a variety of financ tors should concentrate on cho veness of individual securities.	-	Portfolio Theory (MPT); all risk-reward concepts, rather
	(a) generic	(b) ideal	(c) market	(d) universal
Q10		ake the current assets and sub mmediately; then, divide the re		re left with are the items that
	<i>.</i>	(b) D/I		
	(a) A/T	(b) P/L	(c) quick	(d) short

Q1	preferred stock is a p liquidation than another is	referred stock issue that has sue of preferred stock.	s less priority in claiming divi	dends and assets in
	(a) Second	(b) Semi	(c) Simple	(d) Subordinate
Q2		ere calculated according to ding, less treasury stock and the balance sheet date.		
	(a) Accrued	(b) Adjusted	(c) Diluted	(d) Distributed
Q3	In order to become a the 'series 7 exam').	, a person must pass the Ge	neral Securities Representa	tive Exam (also known as
	(a) financial advisor	(b) financier	(c) floor manager	(d) stockbroker
Q4	excess of a specified amo	x return is Form 1040, and L unt (adjusted annually for inf g income taxes if applicable)	flation) are required by law to	-
	(a) business	(b) household	(c) individual	(d) single
Q5	end of its useful life), mean	asset will never fall below the	lly, no further expenses	will be taken during its life.
	(a) amortized	(b) depreciated	(c) exhausted	(d) utilized
Q6	tradable; no other price ac	at connects two prominent pe tion must penetrate the line where price has turned and	between the two start points	
	(a) base line	(b) line graph	(c) line rider	(d) trend line
Q7		tween voting and nonvoting s, but not on the election of t	•	nly on specific questions or
	(a) semivoting	(b) vacillating	(c) vetoing	(d) vitiating
Q8	CD pays the holder a	fraction of any fall in a give	n market index.	
	(a) A Bear	(b) A Jumbo	(c) An Inverse	(d) A Yankee
Q9	Poor's, consists of nine ch	em is owned by the Americar aracters and identifies most well as U.S. government and	securities, including stocks	
	(a) A CUSIP	(b) A DUNS	(c) An EINECS	(d) A USDOT
Q10	pressures and weaken the	Fed may not touch the fed dollar; instead, Fed policy-r ey surprised markets by cut	makers might offer up more	of the same medicine they

(a) funds (b) reserve (c) tax (d) term

Q1		s and Options Exchange (LIFFE, pror n, prior to its takeover by Euronext in (b) Integrated		·
Q2		ission for another adult to act on your purposes (such as handling all of you		
	(a) A certificate	(b) An order	(c) A power	(d) A transfer
Q3		ns started trading on the Chicago Boa , became a phenomenon for several r (b) S&P 400		983, the new market, now known in futures have become so popular in so (d) S&P 600
Q4		ing a property, equipment or client; w xcludes sales tax, and in terms of obta		
	(a) Acquisition	(b) Attainment	(c) Procurement	(d) Purchase
Q5	-	uch ensures that customers get their Ifacturing activities, and it also ensure (b) integration		
Q6	-	so good economics, with Ukraine com	-	sumes, President Vladimir Putin said; onsumers for the best deal rather
	(a) exorbitant	(b) market	(c) premium	(d) standard
Q7		follows: DOA prepares the new replac inor changes are made in the original (b) maturity		
Q8	The Profit & Loss from a long or sl	nort option position held to expiration	is a function of underlier value at exp	iration; it can be depicted with a
	graph, which is called a diagr (a) payoff		(c) Venn	(d) Voronoi
Q9	Although most firms have only one	e type of common stock, in some insta	ances a multiple capital is used t	o meet the special needs of the
		seeking funds from outside sources fre		
	(a) array	(b) complex	(c) issue	(d) structure
010	Dovid M. Walker	the United States is the national state	f appointability officer and based of th	
Q10		the United States, is the nation's chief help improve the performance and as	-	
	(a) Attorney	(b) Brigadier	(c) Comptroller	(d) Inspector

Q1	these costs may be fixed or	osts that can be attributed to provide the provide terms of the provide terms of the costs, and disclosure of the costs, and disclosure of the costs, and the costs of the cos	of information about them in co	•
Q2	Our quality and diverse and universities, who invest meetings, the presenting ent	flow comes from our communi in investment opportunities tha trepreneurs have exposure to 1	ty of members — venture capi t focus on any segment with hi 00 potential investors.	talists, sponsors, incubators gh growth opportunity; at our
Q3	excise taxes on cigarettes, li it as a way of discouraging c	(b) deal revenue in fiscally tight times te quor, gambling, etc; this type o consumption of certain objection	f charge, often called a ta nable products.	x, appeals to voters who view
Q4	that account; it is a contra ac out of your business.	(b) habit considered as more like an ex ccount, working against your ov	vner's equity account — you cł	narge it when you take equity
Q5	or have certain interests in a	<ul> <li>(b) drawing</li> <li>Ir right to transfer property at you</li> <li>t the date of death — the fair malues were when you acquired</li> <li>(b) Bereavement</li> </ul>	narket value of these items is u	
Q6	When coupled with a stock's portion of the profits from mo power of past returns (both i	current price, a readily availab pmentum investing; nearness to ndividual and industry returns)	ble piece of information, the this figure dominates and imp for future returns.	high, explains a large proves upon the forecasting
Q7	which require management t	<ul> <li>(b) 4-quarter</li> <li>was prepared in accordance</li> <li>make estimates and assump</li> <li>results could differ from manage</li> <li>(b) condition</li> </ul>	tions that affect the amounts re	
Q8	To compensate for lost incor (a) deeds	ne from delinquent taxpayers, (b) liens	county governments offer tax . (c) rebates	at public auctions. (d) sales
Q9	traded; a 10-week moving av	ted by dividing the weekly numl verage is applied to smooth out	t the swings.	
	(a) index	(b) indicator	(c) rate	(d) ratio
Q10		r buy-to-let or an auctioned rep s all over the UK that can offer (b) investment		

Q1		ompany, if it were to become in nount remaining unpaid on the (b) private		ptcy in the US) you would only shares are issued fully paid). (d) registered
		(b) private		(d) registered
Q2	on your investment; if, for ex	gs is that it tells you how r ample: Goodco's current share its EPS stays at 6p, you will 'ge (b) percentage	e price is 1.08 and the EPS is	6p, its P/E is 18 — this means
		(b) percentage		
Q3	of the three IRS-approved m	ree withdrawals that you can tan nethods you use to calculate th nmortization method, and 3) the	e withdrawals; these three me	thods are 1) the life
	(a) annuity	(b) expectancy	(c) longevity	(d) mortality
Q4	mortgage is a security of property in the event of defa	over movable articles of proper ult by the borrower.	ty held by the lender giving the	e lender recourse against the
	(a) A bonded	(b) A chattel	(c) An estate	(d) An umbrella
Q5		ophisticated investor who does financial resources; only 35 su		
	(a) An independent	(b) A nonaccredited	(c) An unaffiliated	(d) An unapproved
Q6	workforce, but while a large	ake sure it has sufficiently rese option will make it less lik lower the true pre-money valu	ely that it runs out of available	
	(a) package	(b) pool	(c) program	(d) provision
Q7	company's ratio, which form of dividends: if the num	tocks with high dividend yields tells you what percentage of e ber is above 75%, consider it a	arnings management is doling a red flag.	out to shareholders in the
	(a) payout	(b) premium	(c) return	(d) yield
Q8	value and making judgments	partment, some 60 analysts in s regarding their current and fu to domestic and foreign institu	ture value as investments; oth	
	(a) Report	(b) Research	(c) Revaluation	(d) Review
Q9		of couples requestingto-cocord		ds are available for a child
	(a) ready	(b) right	(c) second	(d) spouse
Q10	A quick is the purchase fix-and-flips, contract assign	and sale of an investment hel ing, and contract flipping.	d for only a very brief period o	f time, such as in day trading,
	(a) deal	(b) fix	(c) switch	(d) turn

Q1	0	of hidden information f companies focus on the mo	<b>.</b>	0,
	(a) predictive	(b) preventive	(c) proactive	(d) provocative
Q2	Data mining tools estimate decisions.	future trends and behaviors	, allowing businesses to ma	ke knowledge
	(a) driven	(b) laden	(c) loaded	(d) ridden
Q3		ve analyses offered by data r cal of decision support syste	•	lyses of past events
	(a) introspective	(b) intuitive	(c) reminiscent	(d) retrospective
Q4	-	wer business questions that patterns, finding information	-	
	(a) scale	(b) scoop	(c) score	(d) scour
Q5	U U	me from the similarities betw nple, finding linked products nable ore.	U U	
	(a) furrow	(b) streak	(c) trough	(d) vein
Q6	Both processes require eit exactly where the value re	her through an immens sides.	e amount of material, or inte	lligently probing it to find
	(a) paging	(b) sifting	(c) threading	(d) weaving
Q7	Data mining tools sweep the represent data entry keying	nrough databases and identi g errors.	fy previously hidden patterns	s like data that could
	(a) anadromous	(b) analogous	(c) anomalous	(d) anonymous
Q8	•	to perform these feats in da people have been doing for a		
	(a) access	(b) advent	(c) ascent	(d) avowal
Q9	•	e had a good model to predio del to your customer, w	<b>U</b>	<i>c, c ,</i>
	(a) base	(b) drive	(c) file	(d) log
Q10	from the mining process; c confirm the model's validity		the results can be tested ag	ainst the isolated data to
		(b) diale	(a) faldar	

(a) cell (b) disk (c) folder (d) vault

Q1	•	rd Bank is positive that there resident and the Parliament,		
	(a) correctness	(b) leanings	(c) stalemate	(d) suicide
Q2	businesses that back	that direction not only by the the respective sides and wh on the Ukrainian economy ar	nich are growing increasingly	/ impatient about the
	(a) down	(b) from	(c) up	(d) (none)
Q3	remotely resembling anyth	quare in Kiev revealed that a ning politically motivated) are accupying two floors underne	greatly outnumbered by	
	(a) bubbling	(b) bumbling	(c) bursting	(d) bustling
Q4		nal markets have so far sho very much to the irritation of in asset prices.		·
	(a) reluctance	(b) resilience	(c) resistance	(d) resonance
Q5	-	of the political standoff woul palition, leading to an electio	-	
	(a) fences	(b) lines	(c) scenes	(d) walls
Q6	-	credit (the spread gap to the President's decree),	-	-
	(a) federal	(b) fiat	(c) regnant	(d) sovereign
Q7	Ukraine has relatively few	Eurobonds, and the of	them are issued by banks.	
	(a) bulk	(b) bunch	(c) mass	(d) most
Q8		t of the Russian financial and its parent company in Russ		
	(a) cartel	(b) complex	(c) concern	(d) conglomeration
Q9	remaining 49% belongs to	gest bank in Ukraine, with a two Ukrainian businessmen I industries, the of Ukra	n, who also hold substantial s	•
	(a) backbone	(b) background	(c) source	(d) spine
Q10		lans for 2007, Ukraine will b l has put these plans or		mally; this has not been
	(a) tortuousness	(b) torture	(c) transition	(d) turbulence

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 339 A Brief History of DSS

Q1	-	and explores the developments	d investigated Decision Support Sy s in DSS from the model-driven DS (c) elaborates	
Q2			om various points and report om & Lee, 1990b; McCosh & Corre	
	(a) access	(b) interest	(c) perspective	(d) vantage
Q3	-		on's (1967) dissertation field resea n interactive, model-driven manag (c) recollection	-
Q4			oncept of decision support systems siness School in a discussion they (c) articulated	·
Q5	in the 1960s, they developed th teleconferencing and was a	-	em called NLS, which provided fo	terized decision support systems; r on-screen video (d) forerunner
	(a) foreboding	(b) forecasting	(c) forefather	(a) lorerunner
Q6		nan-computer interaction as enhar	of multiaccess interactive computi ncing both the quality and efficienc	
	(a) Symbiosis	(b) Syncretism	(c) Synonymy	(d) Synthesis
Q7	as 'an integrated, man/machine functions in an organization'.	system for providing information t	formation Systems; he defined a N o support the operations, manage	ment, and decision-making
	(a) deferential	(b) differential	(c) influential	(d) referential
Q8		xecutive support systems (ESS); I	a ground article that led to th Rockart developed the concept of	
	(a) breaking	(b) laying	(c) planting	(d) seeding
Q9	Donovan and Madnick (1977) c latter supports querying data for		I or: the former supports deci	-
	(a) ad hoc	(b) in vivo	(c) pro bono	(d) quid nunc
Q10		e, model base and dialog generati	cision Support Systems' was an in on and management software, an	nportant: it further explained d provided a practical overview of
	(a) benchmark	(b) headstone	(c) landmark	(d) milestone

Q1	James Le Brocq of Alliance & Leicester Commercial Bank says that prepaid cards (orvalue cards) have been in existence for some years, with the US leading the way in finding applications in both the private and public sectors.			
	(a) accredited	(b) added	(c) stated	(d) stored
Q2		rket is currently only in its ow at over 110% a year for t	-	with the number of cards in
	(a) adolescence	(b) dotage	(c) infancy	(d) puberty
Q3	It is predicted that by the e transactions with a 75bn to	end of 2010 the use of prepa urnover.	id cards across the eurozon	e will 2.3 billion
	(a) catalyze	(b) fabricate	(c) generate	(d) initialize
Q4	however, the key difference	noney on deposit and functio e is that funds are not stored and held at a remote databa	d in an account that is direct	ly linked to the card holder,
	(a) doled	(b) heaped	(c) loaded	(d) pasted
Q5	In this there is no actustion stolen cards can be easily	ual value stored on the card stopped and replaced.	itself; they do not act as a s	ubstitute for cash, so lost or
	(a) content	(b) fashion	(c) respect	(d) style
Q6		payments technology will ha ies, including expenses, pay funds and		
	(a) extortion	(b) gratuities	(c) incentives	(d) scruples
Q7	In all cases significant ben	efits		
	(a) accrue	(b) apply	(c) assume	(d) attach
Q8	cost savings that are realis	prepaid cards for employee e sed in all cases when switch prificantly more control over	ing from paper-based payme	Ū
	(a) attract	(b) enforce	(c) exert	(d) garner
Q9		corporate providers, allowing record of all transactions is		-
	(a) firewalled	(b) hamstrung	(c) nailed down	(d) ring-fenced
Q10		bad can be easily facilitated a ociated with using a debit or		-
	(a) choice	(b) convention	(c) medium	(d) mode

Q1	, , ,	g languages depend largely ations that can be performed	or exclusively on the conce d upon that data.	pt of objects: a close
	(a) automatic	(b) enigmatic	(c) pragmatic	(d) syntactic
Q2	others programmers create	e classes, each of which def	Eiffel, Smalltalk, Visual Bas ines the behavior and struct ects that are instances of the	ure of a number of similar
	(a) articulates	(b) eradicates	(c) generates	(d) manipulates
Q3	literature on Object-Oriente	ed Programming — is that p	echnique — the reason mos rogrammatic objects map na	turally to real world objects.
	(a) flouted	(b) routed	(c) scouted	(d) touted
Q4		ects in the real world and me her than in computer science	-	rages programmers to think
	(a) abstract	(b) abstruse	(c) oblique	(d) obtuse
Q5		been overstated, however; un cts form just the surface of y	, .	ator of a real-world process,
	(a) profligate	(b) spectral	(c) surrogate	(d) virtual
Q6		other computer science cor	face, in code that reflects bu icerns; if you only use object	
	(a) bilk	(b) fool	(c) leave	(d) set
Q7	another part: the tighter the	e coupling, the more change	hich one part of the system r is in one part of the system v een subsystems are well defi	will throughout the
	(a) leak	(b) ripple	(c) seep	(d) wander
Q8	•		bsystem form a single, unificent single, unificent signal and thus more reliable	•
	(a) Adaptation	(b) Adherence	(c) Cohabitation	(d) Cohesion
Q9	•		hers in how much they requ lity if you take the time	
	(a) attributes	(b) contributions	(c) tribulations	(d) tributes
Q10	It seems that every new O new terminology.	O language author the	need to distinguish their lan	guage by coming up with
	(a) feels	(b) gets	(c) senses	(d) urges

Q1	The optimal hedge consists the institution is willing to inc		whose strike price is independ	lent of the level of expense
	(a) industry	(b) market	(c) option	(d) share
Q2	equal the total credit balanc		erly to the general ledger, the ferror has occurred somewhere the balance.	
	(a) preliminary	(b) provisional	(c) tentative	(d) trial
Q3	· · · · ·		s life insurance policy: you pur and when the seller dies, you	chase the policy (or part of it) collect the death benefit.
	(a) funereal	(b) sepulchral	(c) terminal	(d) viatical
Q4	•		ling Monday, falling to a 52-we nd then it dipped another 6 ce	
	(a) base	(b) close	(c) low	(d) record
Q5	A Fed is a Federal Res banking system.	serve Board action designed to	o make more credit available	by adding reserves to the
	(a) boost	(b) feed	(c) lift	(d) pass
Q6	account, calculated using th	e prior trading day's closing p	group of securities held in a ca rices of each security in the a rcial paper, options, annuities	ccount; the figure includes
	(a) Base	(b) Current	(c) Long	(d) Sum
Q7	-	oviders, lower out-of-pocket c	one choice for millions of Ame costs (copay only for most in-n	
	(a) Patient	(b) Physician	(c) Practitioner	(d) Provider
Q8	domestic economy: crude o		t the US Federal Reserve cut nd gold hit its highest level in 2 ed boost all commodities.	
	(a) aisle	(b) board	(c) floor	(d) market
Q9		•	ck's performance without actuate de and easier to use for hedgi	
	(a) Semi	(b) Short	(c) Single	(d) Solo
Q10	high as about 50 in morning	trading, and yesterday the co	expected in its initial public of ompany raised the price range 330 last night, Merrill Lynch sa	of the shares coming to the
	(a) in	(b) out	(c) over	(d) (none)

Q1	-		ses has caused oil inventories to de market, oil for delivery in the near te (c) reductability	ecline sharply, creating in the erm is more expensive than for later (d) retropricing
Q2			of a lottery, the bank shall distribut all depositors enjoy an equal treatmo (c) discharged	
Q3		ially all of the common stocks, in su	urity representing a proportionate u bstantially the same weighting, of th (c) Integral	
Q4	Many consumers are unaware o	f the importance of retaining b	(c) mognation ank checks, through which account signature is universally required for (c) claimed	holders have a record of who
Q5	When a claimant delays in filing	an application for benefits, the y was; the purpose is to allow a cla	. provisions may allow the late appli imant to be put in the position he or (c) hindsight	cation to be recognized as having
Q6		oving the quality of patents must be	ce when material is found proving a e made if it is to work, accordin (c) compulsive	
Q7	-		elly up, and reducing the ratio	is one way lenders cut their risk; to requiring you to make at least a 25-
Q8			k may provide the best opportunity ceptable to some business owners. (c) an expansion	for fast action; however, wider (d) an extension
Q9		ving, which compares grocerie	rage, according to the American Chas, housing, utilities, transportation, (c) Scale	
Q10			're required to pay tax over the cour f your withholding doesn't cover 90% (c) graduated	

Q1	currency contracts included CM Japanese yen, CME Mexican p		dollars, CME Deutsche marks, C	ME French francs, CME
	(a) commercial	(b) exchange	(c) financial	(d) liquid
Q2		e deducted annually in Canada, wl amount specified in the Income Ta rear in which it is claimed. (b) credit	-	
00			•••••••	. ,
Q3		payment is less than 20% is cons ising Corporation (CMHC) or Genv (b) ratio		<ul><li>the mortgage must be insured by</li><li>h).</li><li>(d) risk</li></ul>
Q4	To vote as a stockholder	ecord, please click on the vote lin	k above: registered stockholders :	typically have their shares held in
α,		c-entry form by IBM's transfer age	-	
	(a) for	(b) in	(c) of	(d) on
05		evention a hid to purchase a state		
Q5		auction, a bid to purchase a state s; for a multiple-price auction, it is petitive bidders.	-	
	(a) collaborative	(b) noncompetitive	(c) passive	(d) residual
Q6		are currently defined as securities / neither deal in nor underwrite", tl ecurity.		-
	(a) a depository	(b) an acquisition	(c) an investment	(d) a reservoir
Q7		rangement in which a client has gi arrangement is only recommende	•	
	(a) disciplinary	(b) discretionary	(c) plenipotentiary	(d) probationary
Q8	at Risk framework to measure	ith options on different underlying and manage that risk, i.e. to estim portfolio over a given time horizon	ate a measure in money with a gi	
	(a) vagrancy	(b) variability	(c) versatility	(d) volatility
Q9	-	become sufficiently reluctant to lead the supply of money will contract,		
	(a) doppler	(b) duplicator	(c) magnifier	(d) multiplier
Q10		open outcry in the trading pits of o		e Chicago Board of Trade, New
	(a) payments	(b) plans	(c) premiums	(d) principals

Q1	retire, resign, or transfer; and	, compute pay by subtracting a l advise employees on income nd tax-withholding statements fo (b) Paymaster	tax withholding and other mano	latory deductions; finally, they
Q2		is a fixed-weight measure of th dcards in this report is utilities, v (b) Industrial		
Q3		you own in variable annuity sub at the time that you buy the inco		C C
	(a) bands	(b) cells	(c) tiers	(d) units
Q4		supplementary details'; more sp t you can transcribe the results	-	you provide information and
	(a) application	(b) return	(c) schedule	(d) table
Q5	securities to investors; the De after Playboy published an in	Iled period rule, allowing c epression-era rule almost derail terview with the company's fou	led Google Inc.'s \$3.47 billion inders.	nitial public offering in August
	(a) dormant	(b) gagged	(c) quiet	(d) tacit
Q6	commission for reselling ther	g the procedure by which mem n; last week an Exchange com ctice politely but correctly called	mittee made ready to listen to t	
	(a) secondary	(b) sequential	(c) subsequent	(d) subsidiary
Q7	-	fully earnings per share sl ould have the effect of increasin		whose conversion, exercise, or int.
	(a) diluted	(b) extended	(c) recognized	(d) subscribed
Q8	lending, in the latest move to	raised the amount banks must rein in the investment boom; th v 15, the People's Bank of Chin	ne deposit reserve will be	
	(a) base	(b) level	(c) limit	(d) ratio
Q9	trendlines of support and res	the 'coil', appears in three varie istance give all three patterns th gets tighter and tighter until the	neir distinctive shape, and this	occurs, Kahn explains,
	(a) parabola	(b) triangle	(c) vector	(d) wedge
Q10		gram is intended to preserve th Id pose a threat of manipulation (b) reconnoitering		
				. /

Q1	advancing stocks by a two to market history and as a con	e Dow Jones Industrial Averag o one margin; that ominous di sequence, we are moving to a	ivergence has never occurred a full market defensive m	in the past 75 years of ode.
	(a) bear	(b) deer	(c) spot	(d) thin
Q2	brokerage firm that provides	NYSE are used properly, the the financing for the seat and nust be meet the qualifications (b) an ABC	the employee of the compar	-
Q3	Trading was balted for more	than three hours vesterday a	at five New York futures and o	ptions exchanges because of
QO	an electrical short in some c	lamaged cables; to combat th ution, and all five exchanges a (b) Commodities	e problem, officials at the	Exchange Center
04				
Q4		s traders have a number of da okerage will be forced to liqui		-
	(a) Call	(b) Claim	(c) Fiat	(d) Order
<b>.</b> -				
Q5	through, but I do not think th	e news reports have any cred le Tatas should be in a hurry t because without the stoch	to raise their offer until we see	-
	(a) deal	(b) draw	(c) short	(d) side
Q6	Price of a Basis Point r	efers to the change in the pric	ce of a bond if the yield chang	es by 1 basis point (0.01%).
	(a) Adjustment	(b) Conversion	(c) Shift	(d) Value
Q7	advance; simply put, this is a under a contract, a financial	usiness, especially one perfor a third party obligation promis guarantee that he will honor t	ing to pay if a vendor does no the business contract.	t fulfill its valid obligations
	(a) bond	(b) pledge	(c) seal	(d) warrant
Q8	A judgment in an action to the litigation and who have a	title is binding and conclue a claim to the property.	sive on all persons known or u	unknown who were parties to
	(a) assign	(b) fix	(c) quiet	(d) settle
Q9		e sellers of the future can deliv	-	
	(a) best	(b) cheapest	(c) first	(d) soonest
Q10		otally worthless to be deducti e is no longer any chance the (b) bad debts	-	n the surrounding facts and (d) interest earned
	(a) accounts receivable			

Q1	-	h media lately as a lead ddle East and North Africa.	ing marketing and trans-shi	oment hub for multinational
	(a) attention	(b) attraction	(c) support	(d) surveillance
Q2	Overall, nearly US\$72.3br Japan.	n in goods were imported in 2	2006, most from India, f	ollowed by China and
	(a) drawing	(b) flowing	(c) rippling	(d) stemming
Q3	By year's end, the US exp	ects to nearly a 20% sh	are of the UAE's import mar	ket.
	(a) access	(b) claim	(c) demand	(d) sway
Q4	Sharjah, Ajman, Umm Al (	ereign State, formed in 1971 Quwain, Fujairah and Ras Al ade up of their seven rulers.	Khaimah — and governed k	
	(a) caliphates	(b) emirates	(c) sheikdoms	(d) sultanates
Q5	A contracting to GAT	T since 1964, the UAE joined	d the World Trade Organizat	tion (WTO) in 1996.
	(a) agent	(b) member	(c) party	(d) signer
Q6	U U	truments on investment in th hese laws contain limiti		•
	in the UAE domestic econ	omy.		
	in the UAE domestic econ (a) acts	omy. (b) provisions	(c) riders	(d) segments
Q7	(a) acts	-	(c) riders	(d) segments
Q7	(a) acts Specifically, the Trade Age	(b) provisions	(c) riders	(d) segments
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of the second se</li></ul>	(b) provisions encies Law designates that in	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) segments</li> <li>ivities are reserved for</li> <li>(d) extensive</li> <li>late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of the second se</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) provisions</li> <li>encies Law designates that in</li> <li>(b) expansive</li> <li>tion of trade moves through the pownership, operate in a tax-free</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) segments</li> <li>ivities are reserved for</li> <li>(d) extensive</li> <li>late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of agency, and national major (a) accept</li> <li>Recently, changes have b</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) provisions</li> <li>encies Law designates that in</li> <li>(b) expansive</li> <li>tion of trade moves through to wnership, operate in a tax-front the prity-ownership obligations the prity-ownership obligations</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe at apply in the domestic eco (c) endure</li> <li>Trade Agency Law and reformation</li> </ul>	(d) segments ivities are reserved for (d) extensive late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing, nomy. (d) enjoy rms are being actively
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of agency, and national major (a) accept</li> <li>Recently, changes have be discussed such as adoption</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) provisions</li> <li>encies Law designates that in</li> <li>(b) expansive</li> <li>tion of trade moves through to be a trade moves through to be a trade in a tax-front of trade in a tax-front of trade in a tax-front of the trade in the trad</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe at apply in the domestic eco (c) endure</li> <li>Trade Agency Law and reformation</li> </ul>	(d) segments ivities are reserved for (d) extensive late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing, nomy. (d) enjoy rms are being actively
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of agency, and national major (a) accept</li> <li>Recently, changes have be discussed such as adoption services sector.</li> <li>(a) force</li> <li>The financial sector is deviation of the sector is deviation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) provisions</li> <li>encies Law designates that in</li> <li>(b) expansive</li> <li>tion of trade moves through the pownership, operate in a tax-from the pownership obligations the pownership obligations the pownership obligations the pownership obligation of the pownership obligation obligation obligation of the pownership obligation obligation obligation obligation obligation o</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe at apply in the domestic eco (c) endure</li> <li>Trade Agency Law and refo structural reforms, and furth</li> <li>(c) scope</li> <li>gh the creation of financial fr</li> </ul>	(d) segments ivities are reserved for (d) extensive late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing, nomy. (d) enjoy rms are being actively er liberalization of the (d) span ree zones such as the Dubai
Q8 Q9	<ul> <li>(a) acts</li> <li>Specifically, the Trade Age UAE 'agents'.</li> <li>(a) exclusive</li> <li>However, a significant por investors can 100% of agency, and national major (a) accept</li> <li>Recently, changes have b discussed such as adoption services sector.</li> <li>(a) force</li> <li>The financial sector is dev International Financial Cert</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) provisions</li> <li>encies Law designates that in</li> <li>(b) expansive</li> <li>tion of trade moves through the pownership, operate in a tax-from the pownership obligations the pownership obligations the pownership obligations the pownership obligation of the pownership obligation obligation obligation of the pownership obligation obligation obligation obligation obligation o</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) riders</li> <li>mporting and distribution act</li> <li>(c) expensive</li> <li>the UAE's free zones (22 in ree environment and be exe at apply in the domestic eco (c) endure</li> <li>Trade Agency Law and refo structural reforms, and furth</li> <li>(c) scope</li> <li>gh the creation of financial fr</li> </ul>	(d) segments ivities are reserved for (d) extensive late 2005) where foreign mpt from the licensing, nomy. (d) enjoy rms are being actively er liberalization of the (d) span ree zones such as the Dubai

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 348 Supply Chain Reengineering

Q1		ined as a network of autonor nt, manufacturing and distrik		
	(a) collectively	(b) communally	(c) disparately	(d) distinctively
Q2	Different entities in a supp	ly chain operate subject	. different sets of constraints	and objectives.
	(a) of	(b) over	(c) to	(d) under
Q3		e highly interdependent whe s such as on-time delivery, c		
	(a) assurance	(b) continuance	(c) endurance	(d) insurance
Q4	-	of any entity in a supply chair ctivities within the supply cha		ce of others, and their
	(a) goodness	(b) goodwill	(c) willingness	(d) willpower
Q5	-	rease in customer expectation mprove processes within the nan, 1996).		
	(a) strain	(b) stress	(c) strike	(d) strive
Q6	Supply chain reengineerin	g efforts have the potential t	o impact performance in a b	ig
	(a) block	(b) factor	(c) rush	(d) way
Q7	Often they are undertaken analysis before adopting a	with only a view of the new process.	future, and it is essential to	perform a detailed risk
	(a) passive	(b) phlegmatic	(c) preternatural	(d) probabilistic
Q8	In addition, many times the circumstances.	ese reengineering efforts are	e made under politically and	emotionally
	(a) charged	(b) checkered	(c) distraught	(d) disturbed
Q9	As a result, decision support tools that can analyze various alternatives can be very useful in quantifying gains and helping the organization make the right decision (Feigin, An, Connors, & Crawford, 1996).			
	(a) impartially	(b) partially	(c) partly	(d) patently
Q10	•	rovide insights into current tr detailed analysis for alternati		e; this leaves simulation as
	(a) valuable	(b) veritable	(c) versatile	(d) viable

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 349 Global Information Systems

Q1	•	defined as a set of interrelated cor purpose of facilitating planning, c on, 1993). (b) resort		
Q2		(b) boundaries		
Q3	strategy of a multinational orga individual markets" (Palvia et a		ts of the international market as a	a single market and not as
Q4		(b) displays ation system, the set of interrelate 2001); however, it is necessary to pal (b) hypertext		
Q5	Functional architecture all	(b) reviews	lobal information system and defi	nes important concepts and
Q6	multiple computers are used to	uter systems no longer consist of a manage and process information ith the processing distributed (b) along	, and ideally, the various compute	rs should function and be
Q7		(b) along	(c) anough	(d) Within
	two households to communicat	etwork architecture are compatible te, they must use telephones that ing the same language (software). (b) analogy	operate on the same electrical pri	
Q8	two households to communicat system (hardware), and speak (a) alignment The design of any network arch	te, they must use telephones that ing the same language (software).	operate on the same electrical pri (c) comparison DSI (Open Systems Interconnect)	with the telephone system — for nciples, with the same cabling (d) contrast
Q8 Q9	two households to communicat system (hardware), and speak (a) alignment The design of any network arch and Zimmermann, 1983) that w (a) amplified	te, they must use telephones that ing the same language (software). (b) analogy hitecture is often based upon the C vas by the International Stand (b) codified	operate on the same electrical pri (c) comparison DSI (Open Systems Interconnect) dards Organisation. (c) ratified	with the telephone system — for nciples, with the same cabling (d) contrast seven-layer network model (Day (d) signified

Q1		Commission must protect class ernment programs for the physi		-
	facilities to ensure that such	information is protected agains	t unauthorized	
	(a) disclaimer	(b) disclosure	(c) entrance	(d) exposure
Q2		information is Confidential; the mation will also be either NSI o	-	•
	(a) more	(b) next	(c) second	(d) (none)
Q3	compromise would cause so	NRC is of two types: National S me degree of to national s Id assist in the design, manufa	security; and Restricted Data c	lassified by the Atomic Energy
	(a) breach	(b) cleft	(c) damage	(d) slippage
Q4		NRC and at the facilities it regul v such information without the p		-
	(a) emboldened	(b) empowered	(c) recommended	(d) restricted
Q5	Access to classified informat of information and ato-	ion requires a personnel secur know.	ity clearance (NRC 'Q' or 'L') eo	qual to or higher than the level
	(a) have	(b) need	(c) right	(d) want
Q6	CFR Part 95; procedures in	NRC facility security clearance 10 CFR Part 25 apply to persor e, or to an applicant for a licens	ns who may require access to	
	(a) alliances	(b) allies	(c) enemies	(d) entities
Q7	NRC contractors who require in commitments.	e access to classified information	on are subject to security terms	and conditions as specified
	(a) conditional	(b) contractual	(c) negotiable	(d) notarized
Q8	Atomic Energy Act to be prot	special category of sensitive ur tected; while SGI is considered the handling of classified Conf	to be sensitive unclassified inf	-
	(a) mimic	(b) monitor	(c) recall	(d) resemble
Q9		afeguards information (SUNSI) ries (e.g., personnel privacy, a		
	(a) encapsulates	(b) encompasses	(c) engenders	(d) envelopes
Q10	material not otherwise a	's physical protection or materia as Safeguards Information or cl to be protected in the same ma (b) designed	assified as National Security Ir	nformation or Restricted Data

Q1	the past would have caused p	-	as proven to be resilient against nt, tied up with the upcoming ele growth objectives. (c) success	
Q2		p-operation and Development (C	national Monetary Fund (IMF) re DECD) report on corporate gover (c) reinsuring	port and a cautious but positive mance were obtained, according (d) resurging
Q3	themselves (amongst others,		ial markets, several new interna nport the required energy, know ovation. (c) planners	
Q4	Such are much needed I		ced local financial markets (both	
Q5			NG Bank (transaction value esti king over Adabank (formerly ow (c) sandtrap	mated at US\$160m), but
Q6	-		egulation Agency (BDDK) in July nd Deposits Insurance Fund (TM (c) scrutiny	-
Q7			ith important Murabahah financii s — could be a candidate for an (c) redress	-
Q8		ucted probably the most succes S\$800m, with US\$7.5bn offers, (b) overinvested	sful IPO in Turkish history: US\$ making it 50 times (c) overpromoted	150m raised for 20% of the (d) oversubscribed
Q9	such as Amlak Finance, Duba		lamic finance houses now have f Kuwait have established repres t of the sector in Turkey. (c) presence	-
Q10	strategic alliance between Du	-	ague by officially opening an offi Corporate Finance to co-operate anking services. (c) Ramadan	

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 352 Hedge Fund Operational Risk

Q1	number and diversity of hedge fund managers, investors must understand the importance of conducting a thorough diligence assessing the overall merits of a particular manager.				
	(a) clear	(b) due	(c) sharp	(d) (none)	
Q2	strategy; however, increasing led to sophisticated investors	rn explains that previously the g inflows of institutional capital s the operational risk behin	and the growing numbers of w	ell-publicised fraud cases has	
	(a) addressing	(b) expressing	(c) lamenting	(d) segmenting	
Q3	-	ke are paying more attention to . interest from the retail investo		new asset class is growing at	
	(a) acute	(b) fervent	(c) keen	(d) lofty	
Q4		ant to understand the investme		usted returns, as it is to	
	(a) addresses	(b) challenges	(c) exposes	(d) involves	
Q5	possible weaknesses such a	of differing strategies that are c is weak controls, poor provider red or resolved can result in a	s and lacking internal informati		
	(a) drag	(b) drug	(c) load	(d) lock	
Q6	-	decision, you should be well ir has been given to operational a		edge fund manager and take	
	(a) comfort	(b) pleasure	(c) satisfaction	(d) umbrage	
Q7		und has a chief operations offic e primary reason for this is that hing of the business.		•	
	(a) alpha	(b) beta	(c) gamma	(d) delta	
Q8		how a hedge fund has establisl ple, understand the efficiency o teraction.			
	(a) elimination	(b) elocution	(c) execution	(d) exemption	
Q9	Additionally, there needs to b possibility of trade discrepan	be a clear between those cies.	responsible for trading and trac	de reporting, to limit the	
	(a) communication	(b) distinction	(c) integration	(d) segregation	
Q10	operational risk of any invest the top 100 account for near	of hedge funds and financial op ment must be examined; howe ly two thirds of the entire indust	ever, in mind that from a u try's US\$1.2 trillion in assets.	niverse of 9,000 hedge funds,	
	(a) bear	(b) carry	(c) have	(d) set	

(a) driven(b) followed(c) traveled(d) used(22It for improved traffic flow to ensure safer, quicker, less expensive, and more energy-efficient travel. (a) forces(b) forges(c) strikes(d) strives(23Many intelligent transportation systems (ITS) are being designed to better manage traffic on frequently used roads to reduce and achieve these goals. (a) congestion(b) constriction(c) construction(d) contention(24Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents. (a) cramped(b) heavy(c) long(d) thick(25Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs. (a) variable(b) viable(c) virtual(d) visible(26The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment. (a) initiated(b) installed(c) instigated(d) invested(27Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic mobelers. (a) avert(b) converge(c) convert(d) tandem(28TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions a					
Q2       It for improved traffic flow to ensure safer, quicker, less expensive, and more energy-efficient travel.         (a) forces       (b) forges       (c) strikes       (d) strives         Q3       Many intelligent transportation systems (ITS) are being designed to better manage traffic on frequently used roads to reduce and achieve these goals.       (a) congestion       (b) constriction       (c) construction       (d) contention         Q4       Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents.       (a) cramped       (b) heavy       (c) long       (d) thick         Q5       Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs.       (a) variable       (b) viable       (c) virtual       (d) visible         Q6       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic surveillance data in, with advarced traffic models to estimate	Q1	Intelligent transportation co	ould be seen as a high-tech	search for the road less	
(a) forces(b) forges(c) strikes(d) strivesQ3Many intelligent transportation systems (ITS) are being designed to better manage traffic on frequently used roads to reduce, and achieve these goals. (a) congestion(b) constriction(c) construction(d) contentionQ4Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents. (a) cramped(b) heavy(c) long(d) thickQ5Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs. (a) variable(d) visible(d) visibleQ6The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment. (a) initiated(d) invested(d) investedQ7Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic moles to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers. (a) avert(d) tandemQ8"TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic moles to estimation Research Center (NTRC). (a) alliance(b) fact(c) nature(d) viewQ9"The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager fo		(a) driven	(b) followed	(c) traveled	(d) used
Q3       Many intelligent transportation systems (ITS) are being designed to better manage traffic on frequently used roads to reduce, and achieve these goals. <ul> <li>(a) congestion</li> <li>(b) constriction</li> <li>(c) construction</li> <li>(d) contention</li> </ul> Q4         Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents. <ul> <li>(a) cramped</li> <li>(b) heavy</li> <li>(c) long</li> <li>(d) thick</li> </ul> Q5         Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and, message signs. <ul> <li>(a) variable</li> <li>(b) viable</li> <li>(c) virtual</li> <li>(d) visible</li> </ul> Q6         The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment. <ul> <li>(a) initiated</li> <li>(b) installed</li> <li>(c) instigated</li> <li>(d) invested</li> </ul> Q7         Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCS) anticipate and traffic problems.	Q2	It for improved traffic	flow to ensure safer, quicker	, less expensive, and more	energy-efficient travel.
roads to reduce and achieve these goals.       (a) congestion       (b) constriction       (c) construction       (d) contention         Q4       Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents.       (a) cramped       (b) heavy       (c) long       (d) thick         Q5       Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs.       (a) variable       (b) viable       (c) virtual       (d) visible         Q6       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (d) invested       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.       (a) avert       (b) converge       (c) convert       (d) reverse         Q8       TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.       (a) alliance       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q9       The typical operations of traffi		(a) forces	(b) forges	(c) strikes	(d) strives
Q4       Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around traffic and help them avoid accidents.         (a) cramped       (b) heavy       (c) long       (d) thick         Q5       Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs.       (d) visible         Q6       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.       (a) avert       (b) converge       (c) convert       (d) reverse         Q8       TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature	Q3	, , ,		designed to better manage	traffic on frequently used
them avoid accidents.       (b) heavy       (c) long       (d) thick         (a) cramped       (b) heavy       (c) long       (d) thick         Q5       Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs.       (a) variable       (b) viable       (c) virtual       (d) visible         Q6       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL'S Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.       (a) reverse         Q8       TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view       Q10		(a) congestion	(b) constriction	(c) construction	(d) contention
Q5       Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and message signs. <ul> <li>(a) variable</li> <li>(b) viable</li> <li>(c) virtual</li> <li>(d) visible</li> </ul> Q6         The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.	Q4		vstems with display panels a	re intended to guide drivers	around traffic and help
through navigational systems and message signs.       (d) visible         (a) variable       (b) viable       (c) virtual       (d) visible         (a) variable       (b) viable       (c) virtual       (d) visible         (a)       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.       (a) reverse         (a) avert       (b) converge       (c) convert       (d) reverse         (a) alliance       (b) conjunction       (c) line       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (d) view         (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the		(a) cramped	(b) heavy	(c) long	(d) thick
Q6       The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment. <ul> <li>(a) initiated</li> <li>(b) installed</li> <li>(c) instigated</li> <li>(d) invested</li> </ul> <li>Q7</li> <li>Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.</li>	Q5	•	<b>č</b>		sy interstate highways
develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.       (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         (a) initiated       (b) installed       (c) instigated       (d) invested         Q7       Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.       (d) reverse         (a) avert       (b) converge       (c) convert       (d) reverse         (a) avert       (b) conjunction       (c) line       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."		(a) variable	(b) viable	(c) virtual	(d) visible
<ul> <li>Q7 Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.</li> <li>(a) avert</li> <li>(b) converge</li> <li>(c) convert</li> <li>(d) reverse</li> </ul> Q8 TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers. <ul> <li>(a) alliance</li> <li>(b) conjunction</li> <li>(c) line</li> <li>(d) tandem</li> </ul> Q9 "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC). <ul> <li>(a) crisis</li> <li>(b) fact</li> <li>(c) nature</li> <li>(d) view</li> </ul> Q10 "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."	Q6	develop advanced softwar	e tools that will be used to ad		, i ,
Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and traffic problems.         (a) avert       (b) converge       (c) convert       (d) reverse         Q8       TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."		(a) initiated	(b) installed	(c) instigated	(d) invested
Q8       TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.         (a) alliance       (b) conjunction       (c) line       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."	Q7	Austin and MIT, are develo	oping real-time Traffic Estima	ation and Prediction System	(TrEPS) software tools; the
network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.       (a) alliance       (b) conjunction       (c) line       (d) tandem         Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that		(a) avert	(b) converge	(c) convert	(d) reverse
Q9       "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).         (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."	Q8				te and predict traffic
ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).       (a) crisis       (b) fact       (c) nature       (d) view         Q10       "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."		(a) alliance	(b) conjunction	(c) line	(d) tandem
Q10 "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."	Q9	ORNL program manager f	Ū	•	•
traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that to poor traffic flow."		(a) crisis	(b) fact	(c) nature	(d) view
(a) cater (b) deal (c) lead (d) react	Q10	"Using real-time traffic data	a from road sensors monitori	ng the number of cars and t	heir speed, TrEPS predicts
			· · ·	MCs become more proactiv	e by alerting them to

Q1		onstant, real-time access to v depths) and made ordinary p y things.		
	(a) powered	(b) projected	(c) propped	(d) pulled
Q2	Yet, warns Bruce Lynn of T technology: did it contribute	The Financial Executives Con e to the dotcom?	sulting Group, there is a dar	ker, riskier side to
	(a) debacle	(b) miracle	(c) oracle	(d) treacle
Q3	And what about its role in the US, Germany and France?	he ongoing of the mortg	age-backed securities marke	ets now (2007) affecting the
	(a) blowup	(b) copout	(c) meltdown	(d) turnover
Q4		nd many hours making cash of portfolio management	-	by setting various control
	(a) credos	(b) gambits	(c) mottos	(d) tenets
Q5	It is possible that treasury's to reach those decisions, n	ability to perform these task amely technology.	s in the future is being b	by the very tool being used
	(a) cauterised	(b) jeopardised	(c) lionised	(d) polarised
Q6		nology ' boxes' simply sh e systems do not play well wi r a problem is discovered?		
	(a) black	(b) control	(c) file	(d) soap
Q7		echnology) really to blame or ddress the issue hand?	does the fault lie with the too	ol's operator because what is
	(a) at	(b) by	(c) in	(d) to
Q8	that s/he will be able to call	ors would have you believe th up large amounts of data fro ts via email around the world	om the company's servers or	-
	(a) browser	(b) coffee	(c) nose	(d) trail
Q9		en in the pursuit of technolog speak different 'languages', a		
	(a) external	(b) missing	(c) severed	(d) weakest
Q10	unacceptable levels of ope	eal-time information, the com rating risk, especially for sen ned financial controls, that the	ior managers responsible for	certifying that their
	(a) care	(b) do	(c) should	(d) work

Q1	The average volume in FX markets is around US\$2 trillion, which poses challenge to developing and maintaining robust cross border currency settlement process; a robust cross-currency settlement process is therefore a need of the day.			
	(a) a forcible	(b) a formidible	(c) an indomitable	(d) an invincible
Q2	transactions, and thanks to	ave identified issues in the ris o their efforts, efficient settle by incorporating risk pro	ment systems have since ev	
	(a) allegation	(b) delegation	(c) litigation	(d) mitigation
Q3	These provide a leve Ramaswamy of Cognizant	l to the participants in global t Technology Solutions.	FX markets, according to K.	Shivram and G.
	(a) cohort	(b) comfort	(c) contact	(d) content
Q4	-	poses many forms of risk, b olved in settlement risk are h to credit risk.		
	(a) access	(b) disclosure	(c) excess	(d) exposure
Q5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	has a credit risk: whene nal receipt of the currency it action.		
	(a) dimension	(b) dissension	(c) distention	(d) distortion
Q6		cludes a liquidity risk: if a par er and finance this shortfall u		
	(a) filled	(b) honored	(c) respected	(d) sealed
Q7	The FX market is also unio	que in comparison to other fi	nancial markets in it is	a 24-hour market.
	(a) being	(b) case	(c) fact	(d) that
Q8		urrency is in the financi US dollars happens in New `	-	-
	(a) affected	(b) affective	(c) effected	(d) effective
Q9	Differing time zones, mark another risk called the Her	et open and close timings, a rstatt risk.	nd settlement deadlines in v	arious geographies
	(a) disperse	(b) emanate	(c) irradiate	(d) transmit
Q10	offsetting payment being r	ces, several hours can h nade in another currency, ar s funds the counterparty defa	nd between these times, a co	-
	(a) elapse	(b) expire	(c) transpire	(d) unwind

(a) elapse (b) expire (c) transpire (d) unwind

Q1	According to Richard Keys has two	s of PwC, the second wave c	of International Financial Rep	oorting Standards (IFRS)
	(a) faces	(b) facets	(c) forces	(d) fronts
Q2	The first is the new troop of the of Europe and Au	of countries that are adopting Istralia in 2005.	these international account	ing standards, following in
	(a) backtracks	(b) bootprints	(c) footsteps	(d) pathway
Q3	The second is the new and	d revised collection of standa	ards that will be in 2009	
	(a) implanted	(b) implemented	(c) implied	(d) imported
Q4	IFRS has already become	the international langu	age of accounting.	
	(a) de facto	(b) de novo	(c) de rigueur	(d) de trop
Q5		porting Standards are alread tional Accounting Standards		
	(a) anticipates	(b) articulates	(c) calculates	(d) corroborates
Q6		ve heard announcements that 1; China too is the IFRS		-
	(a) coasting	(b) making	(c) riding	(d) surfing
Q7	The Ministry of Finance ha	as undertaken an extensive p	, ,	
	Chinese accounting stand convergence continues.	ards that bring about substa	ntial convergence with IFRS	, and further work on full
	_	ards that bring about substa (b) contriving	(c) convergence with IFRS	, and further work on full (d) culminating
Q8	convergence continues. (a) coalescing	-	(c) converging	
Q8	convergence continues. (a) coalescing	(b) contriving	(c) converging	
Q8 Q9	convergence continues. (a) coalescing These moves have s (a) bestowed Within the last few months listed in the US to the	(b) contriving	(c) converging e on the US market. (c) instigated ng about removing the requi	(d) culminating (d) sustained rement for foreign entities
	convergence continues. (a) coalescing These moves have s (a) bestowed Within the last few months listed in the US to the	(b) contriving ignificant pressure for chang (b) exerted , the SEC has been consulti ir IFRS accounts to US GAA	(c) converging e on the US market. (c) instigated ng about removing the requi	(d) culminating (d) sustained rement for foreign entities
	<ul> <li>convergence continues.</li> <li>(a) coalescing</li> <li>These moves have s</li> <li>(a) bestowed</li> <li>Within the last few months</li> <li>listed in the US to the</li> <li>to be acceptable in the US</li> <li>(a) realign</li> <li>The SEC has also sought</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) contriving</li> <li>ignificant pressure for change</li> <li>(b) exerted</li> <li>5, the SEC has been consultive</li> <li>ir IFRS accounts to US GAA</li> <li>5 without the need for this construction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) converging</li> <li>e on the US market.</li> <li>(c) instigated</li> <li>ng about removing the required</li> <li>AP; by 2009 and possibly eastly process.</li> <li>(c) reassign</li> <li>C companies the option of use</li> </ul>	(d) culminating (d) sustained rement for foreign entities rlier, most expect full IFRS (d) reconcile

Q1		existing shareholders by convert on from investors; as a result, lic re values stand reduced.		
	(a) Accumulated	(b) Bonus	(c) Preferred	(d) Supplemental
Q2		., the US-listed \$5.64 billion cab he benefits of a listing on th (b) subordinate	-	-
Q3	matches the calculated amoun	-		
	(a) account	(b) checkbook	(c) expenditure	(d) P & L
Q4		ancing activities related to comm g timing differences between the		
	(a) capital	(b) equity	(c) interest	(d) reserves
Q5	Consumer Price Index (CPI);	e the face amount of insurance u we will not require evidence of th e terms of this cost-of-living (b) codicil	ne insured person's insurability for	
Q6	overall upturn in our economy	reaks will result in more jobs bei — this is at the heart of the infa	mousdown theory.	-
	(a) buckle	(b) knuckle	(c) tackle	(d) trickle
Q7		reasury securities in a quarterly <sup>-</sup> 's trading account assets portfol (b) a dealer	-	s underwriter and distributor; the ks, and to private investors. (d) a primary
Q8	companies that sell tobacco p	seems a no-brainer for anyone roducts, or firms that use nuclea da's largest family of 'green' mut (b) ethical	r power," explains David Shuttle	
00	•••			
Q9	borrowed than the interest on			
	(a) absolute	(b) capital	(c) leverage	(d) relative
Q10		ios, having sold their losers and ear — but are any of these stock: lio to impress a client?		
	(a) down	(b) out	(c) up	(d) (none)

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 358 Orderly Market Development

Q1				develops at all; until an orderly or or higher than the price that would (d) underwritten
Q2		ernments offer industrial bonds conomic opportunities for residents a nent. (b) relief		
Q3	-	nt has a need for financial support be a short term bond that is designed to (b) booster		
Q4		ins now achieved by regularly doubl ant as they used to be: this is the lar as as more inputs are added. (b) decreasing	-	
Q5	-	1972 and analyzing returns at variou a stocks, one must be able to predict tain.		
	(a) pacer	(b) runner	(c) timer	(d) trailer
Q6	The LSE launched techMARK, a	n attempt to lure startups to list to online companies, but originate fro	their shares in the UK rather in the	US's Nasdaq or Germany's Neuer
Q6 Q7	The LSE launched techMARK, an Markt; participants aren't limited to software, Internet and fibre-optics (a) high-tech The loan should be reclassified for	n attempt to lure startups to list to online companies, but originate fro s. (b) IT	their shares in the UK rather in the om such sectors as biotechnology a (c) new age receivable in PGE's books, and if p	US's Nasdaq or Germany's Neuer and semiconductors as well as (d) radical ayment of the loan does not appear
	The LSE launched techMARK, and Markt; participants aren't limited to software, Internet and fibre-optics (a) high-tech The loan should be reclassified for probable within a year, the loan so (a) a convertible	n attempt to lure startups to list to online companies, but originate fre s. (b) IT rom an account receivable to a note should be reclassified as asset (b) a fixed	their shares in the UK rather in the om such sectors as biotechnology a (c) new age receivable in PGE's books, and if p in FERC Account 123, Investment i (c) an intangible n the initial inventory plus purchase	US's Nasdaq or Germany's Neuer and semiconductors as well as (d) radical ayment of the loan does not appear n associated companies. (d) a noncurrent as less requisitions or withdrawals; it
Q7	The LSE launched techMARK, and Markt; participants aren't limited to software, Internet and fibre-optics (a) high-tech The loan should be reclassified for probable within a year, the loan so (a) a convertible inventory is shown on the fir typically differs from the physical (a) Base The Accelerated Cost Syste	n attempt to lure startups to list to online companies, but originate fre s. (b) IT rom an account receivable to a note should be reclassified as asset (b) a fixed nancial records and is computed from inventory on hand due to shrinkage (b) Book	their shares in the UK rather in the om such sectors as biotechnology a (c) new age receivable in PGE's books, and if p in FERC Account 123, Investment i (c) an intangible n the initial inventory plus purchase (loss caused by such factors as eva (c) Stock	US's Nasdaq or Germany's Neuer and semiconductors as well as (d) radical (d) radical (d) radical (d) a noncurrent (d) a noncurrent (d) a noncurrent (d) a noncurrent (d) Straight

01	Initial public offeringe (IDO-)	oro primon , by comparis	oo that wara not publicly the de	d prior to the offering
Q1		) are primary by compani		
	(a) allotments	(b) apportionments	(c) disposals	(d) distributions
Q2		sitory institution's reserve s Regulation D to an institutior		e reserve ratios specified in
	(a) authority	(b) capability	(c) establishment	(d) requirement
Q3	period you want to display; t	art, you must have a data set t he hollow or filled portion is ca /low range and are called 'sha	alled the 'body', while the long	
	(a) candlestick	(b) lantern	(c) mannequin	(d) tadpole
Q4		lans who switch employers en zen and they must start over e		hecks because their pension
	(a) previous	(b) primary	(c) single	(d) stated
Q5		private property for public use ernment, the owner is entitled	<b>č</b>	•
	(a) Appropriation	(b) Condemnation	(c) Demesne	(d) Seizure
Q6	A tax is an investment adjusting factors such as cre	strategy designed to allow you edit quality, maturity, etc, to be		
			-	
	(a) shift	(b) slide	(c) swap	(d) switch
Q7	(a) shift A transaction is if it inc		(c) swap outstanding for a corporation, a	(d) switch and for this reason, a
Q7	<ul><li>(a) shift</li><li>A transaction is if it inclutransaction is also said to be</li></ul>	(b) slide reases the number of shares of	(c) swap outstanding for a corporation, a	(d) switch and for this reason, a
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) shift</li> <li>A transaction is if it inclusted in the inclusted in the</li></ul>	(b) slide reases the number of shares of a so if it reduces earnings per	<ul> <li>(c) swap</li> <li>outstanding for a corporation, a share, since the denominator</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li> accumulation plan may nimum annual investment am</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) switch</li> <li>and for this reason, a of this ratio is the number of</li> <li>(d) productive</li> <li>have some requirements,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) shift</li> <li>A transaction is if it inclusted in the inclusted in the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(b) slide</li> <li>reases the number of shares of a so if it reduces earnings per so</li> <li>(b) generative</li> <li>d investor is not legally bound of purchases per year or a minimum stress per year or a mini</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) swap</li> <li>outstanding for a corporation, a share, since the denominator</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li> accumulation plan may nimum annual investment am</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) switch</li> <li>and for this reason, a of this ratio is the number of</li> <li>(d) productive</li> <li>have some requirements,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) shift</li> <li>A transaction is if it inclutions action is also said to be shares outstanding.</li> <li>(a) dilutive</li> <li>Even though the mutual functions and decide where a minimum number aware of this, and decide where (a) a discretionary</li> <li>Investors must ask, "What a that most prudent long-term</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) slide</li> <li>reases the number of shares of e so if it reduces earnings per set (b) generative</li> <li>d investor is not legally bound of purchases per year or a minether an open account might (b) an electoral</li> <li>Im I paying for and what shoul investors will conclude that the of returns that will make its</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) swap</li> <li>butstanding for a corporation, a share, since the denominator</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li>accumulation plan may nimum annual investment am be more suitable.</li> <li>(c) an optional</li> <li>d I expect in return as a Gene ey're paying for a great compared on siderable risks worthwhile</li> </ul>	(d) switch and for this reason, a of this ratio is the number of (d) productive have some requirements, ount; the investor should be (d) a voluntary ntech shareholder?"; I believe any, but one that's so
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) shift</li> <li>A transaction is if it inclutions action is also said to be shares outstanding.</li> <li>(a) dilutive</li> <li>Even though the mutual functions and decide where a minimum number aware of this, and decide where (a) a discretionary</li> <li>Investors must ask, "What a that most prudent long-term</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) slide</li> <li>reases the number of shares of a so if it reduces earnings per set (b) generative</li> <li>(b) generative</li> <li>d investor is not legally bound of purchases per year or a minether an open account might (b) an electoral</li> <li>Im I paying for and what shoul investors will conclude that the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) swap</li> <li>butstanding for a corporation, a share, since the denominator</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li>(c) inductive</li> <li>accumulation plan may nimum annual investment am be more suitable.</li> <li>(c) an optional</li> <li>d I expect in return as a Gene ey're paying for a great compared</li> </ul>	(d) switch and for this reason, a of this ratio is the number of (d) productive have some requirements, ount; the investor should be (d) a voluntary ntech shareholder?"; I believe any, but one that's so

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 360 *Printing Money*

Q1		d to Americans, and virtually all of money or, in more sophisticated (b) debt		
Q2	-	d's WIN (Whip Inflation Now) prop apkin illustrating the trade-off betw		dly grabbed my napkin and a pen so Jude Wanniski named the
	(a) Khaldun	(b) Kuznets	(c) Laffer	(d) Lorenz
Q3	dealer for the Federal Res services," said Ron Kripalani, F	erve is a complementary extension of the second sec	on of Countrywide's emergence as	
	(a) a contract	(b) an accredited	(c) a primary	(d) a vested
Q4		on has been replaced by the new l sify establishments by their prima		still available with SIC-based
	(a) Selected	(b) Standard	(c) Stereotyped	(d) Systemized
Q5	(which are charged on purchas interest charged, for example, o	ount with a broker shows frequent es as well as sales), and thus the on debit balances.	y are usually given preferential tre	eatment in differentials on rate of
	(a) an active	(b) an operating	(c) a rolling	(d) a working
Q6	of the total market value of the	ertible bond (the value of the bond convertible, changes in fixed inco	me determinants may not directly	affect its market price.
	of the total market value of the (a) book	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment	me determinants may not directly (c) original	affect its market price. (d) straight
Q6 Q7	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, o	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment on the average, 3% of its accounts add this amount to its bad debt	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the
	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, of business may deduct 3% and a	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment on the average, 3% of its accounts add this amount to its bad debt	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the
	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, of business may deduct 3% and a all businesses except certain fin (a) allowance If you're in today's 28% or 31%	<ul> <li>convertible, changes in fixed incomposition</li> <li>(b) investment</li> <li>on the average, 3% of its accounts</li> <li>add this amount to its bad debt</li> <li>nancial and thrift institutions.</li> <li>(b) expense</li> <li>tax brackets, a fund will let yoke California, a single-state fund the</li> </ul>	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d ; however, the Tax Reform Act of (c) offset you keep more income than a con	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the of 1986 repealed this method for (d) reserve aparable taxable investment, and
Q7	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, of business may deduct 3% and a all businesses except certain fin (a) allowance If you're in today's 28% or 31% if you live in a high-tax locale like	<ul> <li>convertible, changes in fixed incomposition</li> <li>(b) investment</li> <li>on the average, 3% of its accounts</li> <li>add this amount to its bad debt</li> <li>nancial and thrift institutions.</li> <li>(b) expense</li> <li>tax brackets, a fund will let yoke California, a single-state fund the</li> </ul>	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d ; however, the Tax Reform Act of (c) offset you keep more income than a con	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the of 1986 repealed this method for (d) reserve aparable taxable investment, and
Q7	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, of business may deduct 3% and a all businesses except certain fin (a) allowance If you're in today's 28% or 31% if you live in a high-tax locale like choice, provided you understar (a) mini The utilization rate represe	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment on the average, 3% of its accounts add this amount to its bad debt (b) expense tax brackets, a fund will let y ke California, a single-state fund the risks. (b) mojo ents the percentage of the economic entage signals an economic slowe	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d ; however, the Tax Reform Act of (c) offset you keep more income than a com hat holds only bonds issued in you (c) moto ny's total plant and equipment that down, while an increase signals e	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the of 1986 repealed this method for (d) reserve aparable taxable investment, and ur state may be an even better (d) muni t is currently in production;
Q7 Q8	of the total market value of the (a) book If a business determines that, of business may deduct 3% and a all businesses except certain fin (a) allowance If you're in today's 28% or 31% if you live in a high-tax locale like choice, provided you understar (a) mini The utilization rate represe	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment on the average, 3% of its accounts add this amount to its bad debt (b) expense tax brackets, a fund will let y ke California, a single-state fund th ad the risks. (b) mojo	me determinants may not directly (c) original s receivable becomes worthless d ; however, the Tax Reform Act of (c) offset you keep more income than a com hat holds only bonds issued in you (c) moto my's total plant and equipment that	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the of 1986 repealed this method for (d) reserve aparable taxable investment, and ur state may be an even better (d) muni t is currently in production;
Q7 Q8	of the total market value of the (a) bookIf a business determines that, or business may deduct 3% and a all businesses except certain fit (a) allowanceIf you're in today's 28% or 31% if you live in a high-tax locale lik choice, provided you understar (a) miniThe utilization rate represe usually, a decrease in this perce (a) capacityThe dividend is a political	convertible, changes in fixed inco (b) investment on the average, 3% of its accounts add this amount to its bad debt nancial and thrift institutions. (b) expense tax brackets, a fund will let y ke California, a single-state fund the d the risks. (b) mojo ents the percentage of the econor entage signals an economic slower (b) industrial slogan popularized by George H.N of a decrease in defense spending	me determinants may not directly (c) original a receivable becomes worthless d ; however, the Tax Reform Act of (c) offset you keep more income than a com hat holds only bonds issued in you (c) moto (c) moto my's total plant and equipment that down, while an increase signals e (c) optimal	affect its market price. (d) straight uring the taxable year, the of 1986 repealed this method for (d) reserve (d) reserve (d) muni t is currently in production; conomic expansion. (d) resource the early 1990s, purporting to

Q1	a separate interest in space in a	erty consisting of an undivided inte a residential, industrial or commerce cted to, an apartment, office or sto (b) cooperative	cial building or industrial and comm	
Q2		fessional association of devo nd organizations to improve their e ver 60 foreign countries. (b) estimators		
Q3		rket, different from an auction man s to represent a stock and compete a centralized 'floor'. (b) direct		
Q4	-	es provision for partnership st icial contribution, provided that the (b) corporate		partner contributing capital can be anagement of the business. (d) limited
Q5		ote or bond that becomes a fixed i to the interest rate are usually ma (b) A fixed-wing		
Q6		nsurance is now purchased to pro t-term solution to losing a breadwin		
	(a) constraints	(b) needs	(c) notions	(d) strains
Q7	can be turned round, where the	actual current option is input	and the volatility is output.	option's fair value, the calculation
	(a) price	(b) return	(c) sale	(d) value
Q8		ease in aggregate supply, whose tw se sources operate by increasing c (b) drive		-
Q9	• •	irly priced will their nature have no rket, issuing more of it to new stoc (b) inattentive		
Q10	-	his threshold, the 401k plan could	-	er employees by more than about I contributions and earnings would (d) considered

Q1	The credit crisis of 2007 has management of their risk e	as market participants worldv xposures.	wide paying more attention t	han ever to the
	(a) arcane	(b) astute	(c) eclectic	(d) elite
Q2	No investment, trading cou Euroclear.	interparty or client is comple	tely and free of risk, sa	ys Frank Reiss of
	(a) candid	(b) pristine	(c) sterile	(d) transparent
Q3		the short-term cash markets to lend freely in the inter-ba sionals.		•
	(a) percolated	(b) permeated	(c) pressured	(d) prevailed
Q4		ut good risk management all market involves lots of risk a	·	
	(a) beautiful	(b) gorgeous	(c) handsome	(d) pretty
Q5	327 trillion outstanding acc growth has not been r	ives classes — interest rate cording to International Swap matched by adequate attenti	os and Derivatives Association to operational risks.	on figures; however, this
	(a) expeditous	(b) meteoric	(c) reciprocal	(d) spontaneous
Q6	cause for serious concern;	ivatives trading and the lack today, firms with piles ems with collateral and expo	of unprocessed transactions	, leading to severe breaks
	(a) dawdle	(b) fumble	(c) grapple	(d) ramble
Q7	Adding to this operational of operational risk from of	conundrum is the November credit risk.	2007 Basel II deadline — g	uidelines that set out to
	(a) asseverate	(b) discriminate	(c) integrate	(d) segregate
Q8		s will be required by law to ha that banks hold capital reser		
	(a) commensurate	(b) equivalent	(c) proportional	(d) relevant
Q9	Today's changing market of awareness.	lynamics and the vast sums	at have rocked the ma	rket into greater risk
	(a) gaze	(b) large	(c) once	(d) stake
Q10	And as the market knows of	only too well, dynamics that	are not managed can u	ntold financial risks.
	(a) enlarge	(b) enlist	(c) ensue	(d) entail

Q1			oject team was assigned to use IAAC as a channel	
	(a) discrimination	(b) dissemination	(c) dissertation	(d) distillation
Q2			ncreasing concern that inforr nd threaten the development	•
	(a) blankets	(b) breaches	(c) fissures	(d) fractures
Q3	However, the current inform reaction, to attacks once the		. is a reactive model that inv	olves detection of, and
	(a) paradigm	(b) plan	(c) posture	(d) program
Q4	There is a end-user n minimise their losses from	-	e so that organisations can t	ake preventive steps to
	(a) peremptory	(b) pressing	(c) problematic	(d) proximal
Q5	Due to the need to limit the of the threat spectrum, nar		source indicators, the project	ct focused upon one portion
	(a) hacktivists	(b) phishermen	(c) spammarians	(d) trollsters
Q6	The project involved the est communications about and		nsive for monitoring nur	nerous sources of
	(a) agenda	(b) domain	(c) effort	(d) regime
Q7		-	s based on attacker motives alysis and provide some thre	
	(a) engage	(b) enlist	(c) immerse	(d) invest
Q8			viability of employing early not attempt to actually pred	
	(a) imminent	(b) implicit	(c) implied	(d) irremediable
Q9			, capabilities and behavioura ors of sub-state cyber threat	al patterns, emerged as one s.
	(a) avenues	(b) boulevards	(c) lanes	(d) roads
Q10	The project proved the cor	ncept of building a systemati	c, repeatable and quality-ass	sured Intelligence Process
	to collect, and analys	e open source communication	ons concerning sub-state thr	eat actors.

Q1	Over the past two decades, China has embarked on a process of development that has taken it at speed from a poor, largely rural economy to a global economic force.			
	(a) backbiting	(b) backbreaking	(c) breadwinning	(d) breathtaking
Q2		orce and the speed of its tra l, but nowhere more than in	nsformation have posed end its own	prmous challenges for many
	(a) backyard	(b) garden	(c) grounds	(d) outback
Q3	more-developed Asian eco		e from the point of view of sm at to see China's low-cost lab at.	
	(a) economies	(b) expansions	(c) facilities	(d) factories
Q4	market of more than a billion	on consumers; other Asian e	as both a partner in produc economies may try to seek o t to the burgeoning middle cl	ut markets in China,
	(a) upend	(b) upscale	(c) upside	(d) upstream
Q5		nay try to 'back' on Chir cesses through trade fragme	na's extraordinary success a ntation.	s a low-cost exporter by
	(a) cash	(b) piggy	(c) razor	(d) roll
Q6		oid direct competition with C ifting export-oriented indust	China, and this could involve ries in those directions.	looking for where
	(a) corners	(b) niches	(c) trades	(d) venues
Q7		eased reliance on domestic o cted in lower rates of GDP g	demand in the less-develope rowth in these countries.	ed countries does not
	(a) creditworthy	(b) noteworthy	(c) praiseworthy	(d) trustworthy
Q8	To the extent that countrie of growth for the region.	s are able to use China as a	market, China may be becc	ming an independent
	(a) engine	(b) motor	(c) root	(d) seed
Q9	To the extent that China is taking market share from other countries, it is also acting somewhat like a, forcing countries out of some areas of production; however, in the long run the principle of comparative advantage should dominate, and all countries should benefit.			
	(a) minesweeper	(b) muleskinner	(c) screwdriver	(d) steamroller
Q10			ic data to some light on	
	(a) beam	(b) bear	(c) shed	(d) show

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 365 Latin America's Lack of Competitiveness

Q1	After 59 months of uninterrup "When will it end?"	ted expansion, investors in Lati	n America keep themselve	es and wondering out loud,
	(a) kicking	(b) pinching	(c) rubbing	(d) scratching
Q2		orrection felt around the world c	-	
	(a) fore	(b) front	(c) stage	(d) stand
Q3		than it used to be to contag t fall from one fatal blow, but it o		
	(a) amenable	(b) favorable	(c) malleable	(d) vulnerable
Q4		re proven their worth in this time encies and freeing capital mark		
	(a) home	(b) on	(c) put	(d) through
Q5	Even in today's populist socia	al environment, political leaders gies.	have made fiscal discipline and	conservative monetary policy
	(a) hallmarks	(b) heralds	(c) landmarks	(d) lanyards
Q6	Bolivia's president, Evo Mora corruption hurt the poor the m	les, hardly a of commerce, nost".	, remarked soon after taking off	ice that "inflation and
	(a) captain	(b) colonel	(c) commander	(d) corporal
Q7	If Latin America is doing so w in global competitiveness rar		en the region's economic darlir	ng, Chile, is dropping like a
	(a) ball	(b) fly	(c) leaf	(d) stone
Q8	2003 to 2005, Latin American	untry is driven by productivity, a economies, when measured ir ree years grew by less than 4%	n dollars, expanded by an aston	y performance is the: from ishing 53% but their
	(a) husks	(b) lees	(c) nuts	(d) pits
Q9		Latin America, such as mining energy and agrifood, together p		
	(a) impetus	(b) inertia	(c) input	(d) interest
Q10		ade thinking in Latin America co vith Peru, Colombia and Panam		Vashington politicians of
	(a) bucket	(b) coffin	(c) foot	(d) haystack

Q1	In the 1950s and 1960s, Norwegian spring-spawning herring (Clupea harengus) was a major commercial species, by vessels from Norway, Iceland, Faroe Islands, the former Soviet Union and several European nations.			
	(a) garnered	(b) gleaned	(c) harvested	(d) reaped
Q2	- ·	d the stock was subjected to I and the former Soviet Unio		•
	(a) heavy	(b) solid	(c) strict	(d) weighty
Q3		at 2 million MT in 1966; by th ccurred by the end of the dec		was in serious and a
	(a) decline	(b) decrease	(c) demise	(d) descent
Q4	Because of the overfishing in 1968 and 1969.	and poor recruitment, the s	pawning biomass of the two	major herring stocks fell
	(a) imperceptibly	(b) precipitiously	(c) tragically	(d) undeniably
Q5	Finally, with catch levels fa	Illing to practically nothing in	1970, a fishing was de	clared.
	(a) abeyance	(b) hiatus	(c) moratorium	(d) sanction
Q6	waters year round; recruitr	population ceased migration nent remained weak through pulation in 1986 that the sto	nout the 1970's and it was no	-
	(a) depleted	(b) depraved	(c) depressed	(d) deprived
Q7	utilisation of the stock, so I	was quite: there was no Norway, Russia, Iceland and tional waters the stock could	Faroe Islands were able to	fish at will within their own
	(a) chaotic	(b) episodic	(c) frenetic	(d) spasmodic
Q8	Norwegian spring spawnin	mittee on Fishery Managem g herring of 513,000 MT, bu ands followed and anno	t Norway announced an indi	vidual TAC of 650,000 MT;
	(a) along	(b) suit	(c) that	(d) through
Q9		ot take part in a TAC commi to an agreement limiting t	-	
	(a) partisan	(b) partner	(c) signatory	(d) signature
Q10	The stock of spring-spawn	ing herring showed great	and continued to increase	Э.
	(a) livelihood	(b) mortality	(c) persistence	(d) robustness

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 367 Intuitive Bookkeeping

Q1		to account for cash and bank bas on-cash or non-bank transactions the cash or bank accounts. (b) Ledger		
Q2	-	eived its second grade bond granting its BBB- rating follows th (b) investment	-	-
Q3	A market strategy increase the empirical findings that a bac	es your potential tax liabilities: if yo d year is more likely to follow, ther estor you will pay more in taxes. (b) timing	ou sell your stocks after two good	years in the market, based upon
Q4	The first few personnel added to	o a project will add a lot to produc wingly negative for each added p (b) effect	tivity, after which the there is a di	minishing to a point where
Q5	An option pricing is a grap prices of the underlying stock. (a) curve	hical representation of the estimat	ted theoretical value of an option of a contract (c) model	at one point in time, at various (d) slope
Q6		mutual funds and the American F ique approach to investment mana (b) kindred	-	ries with a wide range of (d) relation
Q7		osed of three sharp lows, all at abo nd finally fall, returning to the supp (b) bottom		
Q8	-	hat helps to transfer your share o nsferred, no warranty is made that (b) An easement		
Q9	The major benefit of having against you, or how volatile the position on a minor correction.	risk is that it gives you the ability market becomes; there is no mar	y to stick with an option trade no r gin to pay like in futures and you	natter how far the market goes cannot be stopped out of your
Q10	-	<ul> <li>(b) limited</li> <li>ur goal is to present existing and present existing and</li></ul>		

Q1	The national debt can be the money to pay off the annual	bught of as the accumulated d federal	ebt the government owes fron	n all those years of borrowing
	(a) bonds	(b) deficits	(c) expenditures	(d) instruments
Q2	•	rchase or sale of securities be at instruments are sold and bout (b) Resale		ssuance and before they investors before they mature. (d) Secondhand
Q3	0,1	categories of liabilities: Lo Capital Lease, Deferred Tax I (b) noncurrent	0	
Q4		ier, use the tax if your tax		
	(a) calculation	(b) listing	(c) minimum	(d) tables
Q5	and Schnabl argue that, from	ninese and Japanese exchang m 1995 to 1998, the depreciati er neighbouring countries, whi	ion of the Japanese yen erode	
	(a) fixing	(b) floating	(c) pegging	(d) posting
Q6		ra contribution paid in addition rease the future pension benef	-	a member can pay to the
	(a) arbitrary	(b) discretionary	(c) salutary	(d) voluntary
Q7		native to the NYSE; it originate ks that failed to meet the Big E	-	-
	(a) AMEX	(b) COMEX	(c) NASDAQ	(d) NYMEX
Q8	to regulate commodity future	nodity Futures Trading (C es and option markets in the U ce then, most recently by the C	Inited States; the agency's ma	ndate has been renewed and
	(a) Commerce	(b) Commission	(c) Committee	(d) Community
Q9	market will go against you fo	ed sparingly, when conditions or some time before moving ba ginal direction, not trade in the	ack in your direction, so your c	s hit, it usually means that the outlook should be to reinstate
	(a) recall	(b) reorder	(c) reverse	(d) review
Q10	•	sells, uses or disposes of its r x advantageous, but it may als		is method to evaluate and
	(c) specific identification		(d) weighted average	

Q1	is commonly found on the Investing subsection.	ne Cash Flow Statement as 'Inve	stment in Plant, Property and E	quipment' or something similar in the
	(a) Capex	(b) Flox	(c) Invex	(d) Opex
Q2	traditional public transaction registration statement with th	may require a broader marketing e SEC prior to pricing.	process and, in the case of an	
	(a) Companies	(b) Corporations	(c) Entity	(d) Equity
Q3	and the second is the of to sue you over a debt.	f limitations, which gives creditors	a certain time period — in mos	ms can show up on your credit reports, st states, three to six years — in which
	(a) code	(b) edict	(c) statute	(d) writ
Q4		it is used, or held ready for use,		r hold it ready for use, in the course of pusiness by your affiliate, or by another
	(a) an active	(b) an integral	(c) an operating	(d) a tangible
Q5		costs associated with certain priv		(AMT) system if the bonds held by the pusing projects, hospitals, airport (d) public
Q6	The distinction taken in courts of equity is between a title which the court considers to be so clear that it will enforce its acceptance by a purchaser, and one which the court will not go so far as to declare a title, but only that it is subject to so much doubt that purchaser ought not to be compelled to accept it.			
	(a) bad	(b) dead	(c) null	(d) void
Q7		nge code after entering a stock o in Canada or the NYSE or Nasd (b) initial	-	ill match the symbol with its
Q8	•	<ul> <li>butterfly — two options at the r</li> <li>asically a butterfly stretched over</li> <li>(b) condor</li> </ul>		ween two middle strikes rather than ee. (d) split spread
00	. ,			
Q9		uity calculates its obligation only e when you do, selecting this forn		t that you expect to live longer than the
	(a) limited	(b) single	(c) standard	(d) terminal
Q10	June, as her divorce petition		nas Weeks also asks for a divor	not been continuously separated since rce, but says he and Bynum spent one (d) testimony

(a) counterclaim (b) deposition (c) rebuttal (d) testimony

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 370 Canada Pension Plan

Q1		penefit is a one-time, lump-sum pay uses, the surviving spouse or comm (b) deceased		
Q2		at states, cities, counties and other wer systems, and other special proj	-	
	(a) Civic	(b) Municipal	(c) Public	(d) Urban
Q3	-	nt you can make with your financial n draw on it again, back up to the lin (b) letter		money up to a pre-determined (d) line
Q4		/2 share of common stock at \$0.15 1 share of common stock), and are (b) even		
Q5		al relationship between technology or decreases debt capacity by enab (b) fundamentals		·
Q6	would be outstanding if all conve (ordinary shares).	lled fully diluted EPS) takes into acc rtible bonds and convertible preferre (b) Gross	-	
Q7		<ul> <li>(b) cross</li> <li>ioldman has signed something else</li> <li>enders and sell bonds, and will try re</li> <li>(b) confident</li> </ul>	, something called a 'highly let	ter', which means that Goldman
Q8	-	debt is a currency bond issued \$150 million US (1998: \$150 million / 29,2000. (b) dual		
Q9		a little bit of asset B to the portfolio t reases; in modern portfolio theory p (b) imprecise		•
Q10		ljustable rate mortgage are the ARM frequency) and spread (typica nitial rate). (b) renew		

Q1	share weighted index is a stock index in which stocks affect the index in proportion to the number of shares outstanding of the constituent companies (i.e. the number of stocks listed) and thus the company with more shares outstanding influences the index more greatly.				
	(a) A corporate	(b) A market	(c) An issue	(d) An open	
Q2		ligation to pay a sum of money e ential units or on which two or fe um or cooperative unit. (b) Homeowner	-		
Q3	Any agreement that tends to	insure an investor his relative pr	ice advantage or percentage ov	vnershin is provision	
40	(a) a maintenance	(b) an antidilution	(c) a stabilization	(d) a status quo	
Q4		ame up with a scheme by which who then traded the securities a			
	(a) residual	(b) retail	(c) secondary	(d) subsidiary	
Q5		able income, but may show enditure on scientific research a (b) book			
Q6	A nondeductible to a trad	ditional individual retirement acc	ount (IRA) typically occurs beca	ause an individual participates	
Q6		ditional individual retirement acc n and has modified adjusted gro			
Q6					
Q6 Q7	in an employer retirement pla (a) admission Flag and: these two sho	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu rays price movement; the pattern	oss income above certain levels (c) exclusion uation patterns formed when the	(d) inclusion ere is a sharp price movement	
Q7	in an employer retirement pla (a) admission Flag and: these two sho followed by a generally sidew same direction as the move the (a) Banner	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu- rays price movement; the pattern hat started the trend. (b) Blanket	<ul> <li>bass income above certain levels</li> <li>(c) exclusion</li> <li>uation patterns formed when the</li> <li>n is then completed upon anothe</li> <li>(c) Pennant</li> </ul>	(d) inclusion ere is a sharp price movement er sharp price movement in the (d) Poster	
	in an employer retirement pla (a) admission Flag and: these two sho followed by a generally sidew same direction as the move the (a) Banner Owners of a account are	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu- rays price movement; the pattern hat started the trend. (b) Blanket e ultimately responsible for keep nting statements; some banks w	<ul> <li>bass income above certain levels</li> <li>(c) exclusion</li> <li>uation patterns formed when the</li> <li>is then completed upon anothe</li> <li>(c) Pennant</li> <li>ing track of their available funds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) inclusion</li> <li>ere is a sharp price movement</li> <li>er sharp price movement in the</li> <li>(d) Poster</li> <li>a, even though the bank will</li> </ul>	
Q7	in an employer retirement pla (a) admission Flag and: these two sho followed by a generally sidew same direction as the move th (a) Banner Owners of a account are routinely issue its own account	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu- rays price movement; the pattern hat started the trend. (b) Blanket e ultimately responsible for keep nting statements; some banks w	<ul> <li>bass income above certain levels</li> <li>(c) exclusion</li> <li>uation patterns formed when the</li> <li>is then completed upon anothe</li> <li>(c) Pennant</li> <li>ing track of their available funds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(d) inclusion</li> <li>ere is a sharp price movement</li> <li>er sharp price movement in the</li> <li>(d) Poster</li> <li>a, even though the bank will</li> </ul>	
Q7	<ul> <li>in an employer retirement plate</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>Flag and: these two shows followed by a generally sidewing same direction as the move the (a) Banner</li> <li>Owners of a account are routinely issue its own account and routinely issue its own account and (a) cash</li> <li>Nasdaq said today that it had the commission's new order-formed and the commission's new order-formed</li></ul>	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu- rays price movement; the pattern hat started the trend. (b) Blanket e ultimately responsible for keep nting statements; some banks w verdraft has taken place. (b) checking scaled back its proposal to redu- nandling rules; its original propos- pocks to be covered by the new rule	bass income above certain levels (c) exclusion uation patterns formed when the is then completed upon another (c) Pennant (c) Pennant ing track of their available funds ill protect account holders by m (c) money market uce the minimum number of sha sal would have reduced the mini- ules.	(d) inclusion ere is a sharp price movement er sharp price movement in the (d) Poster s, even though the bank will aking the proper payments and (d) time deposit eres that can be traded under imum size from 1,000	
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>in an employer retirement plate</li> <li>(a) admission</li> <li>Flag and: these two shows followed by a generally sidewing same direction as the move the (a) Banner</li> <li>Owners of a account are routinely issue its own account and routinely issue its own account and (a) cash</li> <li>Nasdaq said today that it had the commission's new order-formed and the commission's new order-formed</li></ul>	n and has modified adjusted gro (b) contribution rt-term chart patterns are continu- rays price movement; the pattern hat started the trend. (b) Blanket e ultimately responsible for keep nting statements; some banks w verdraft has taken place. (b) checking scaled back its proposal to redu- nandling rules; its original propos	<ul> <li>bass income above certain levels</li> <li>(c) exclusion</li> <li>uation patterns formed when the in is then completed upon another</li> <li>(c) Pennant</li> <li>(c) Pennant</li> <li>(c) money market</li> <li>(c) money market</li> <li>uce the minimum number of shares al would have reduced the minimum</li> </ul>	(d) inclusion ere is a sharp price movement er sharp price movement in the (d) Poster s, even though the bank will aking the proper payments and (d) time deposit eres that can be traded under	

Q1		KEA Systems BV (IKEA) is t dinavian designed furniture.	Ū	etailer that specializes in
	(a) faddish	(b) lavish	(c) rakish	(d) stylish
Q2	In addition to furniture, IKE	A also sells items such	as utensils, hooks, clips, sta	ands, etc.
	(a) complementary	(b) detachable	(c) practical	(d) utility
Q3		mprad, has built an internation Iccessful in almost all countr		
	(a) acceptance	(b) approbation	(c) approval	(d) awareness
Q4		rniture merchant; it sells a life at they have good taste and	•	the world embrace as a
	(a) achieved	(b) arrived	(c) satisfied	(d) succeeded
Q5	The British design magazin contemporary design."	ne Icon said, "If it wasn't for I	IKEA, most people would ha	ve no access to
	(a) affordable	(b) expensive	(c) impressive	(d) modern
Q6	The magazine also voted l	Kamprad as the most influen	tial in the world.	
	(a) cabinetmaker	(b) marketmaker	(c) pacemaker	(d) tastemaker
Q7	Kamprad established IKEA in 1943 at the age of seventeen; he came with the name IKEA by combining the first letters of his name (Ingvar Kamprad), followed by the first letters of the farm and village he grew up in (Elmtaryd and Agunnaryd).			
	(a) out	(b) through	(c) up	(d) (none)
Q8	•	ess by buying pens, Christm e sold these items to the resi	-	• • •
	(a) bulk	(b) particular	(c) stock	(d) town
Q9	To save more money, Kan	nprad would his packag	es on the trucks that deliver	ed milk.
	(a) bandwagon	(b) piggyback	(c) snowball	(d) upload
Q10	-	money, and in 1945, Kampr individual sales calls becam		ss through mail
	(a) business	(b) delivery	(c) franchise	(d) order

Q1	00	the economic of many nd Economics, Johnson C. S	organizations, according to Smith University.	Jonathan Elimimian,
	(a) aspiration	(b) destination	(c) fascination	(d) inspiration
Q2			so technologically complex a changes facing econor	•••
	(a) conditional	(b) marginal	(c) parochial	(d) transitional
Q3	•	tegic alliances and with nd new strategic business id	different countries worldwid eas to these new markets.	e bring new capabilities,
	(a) affinity	(b) consanguinity	(c) fraternity	(d) proximity
Q4	-	lobal societal strategies to e ries' social and cultural comp	nter the world market will ne plexities.	ed to recognize the
	(a) embellishing	(b) embracing	(c) enacting	(d) entrancing
Q5	The of globalization a both in domestic and globa		fts have increased the volatil	ity of corporate posture
	(a) immediacies	(b) importunities	(c) indelicacies	(d) intricacies
Q6	For now, the playing emerging economies of th		I market entry between indus	strialized nations and
	(a) field	(b) ground	(c) pitch	(d) space
Q7		of globalization favors the intermined to dominate the we	ndustrialized nations, which orld market.	are wealthy, technologically
	(a) area	(b) arena	(c) stadium	(d) studio
Q8		•	conomic and technological p owledge of what the world ma	• •
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) found	(d) (none)
Q9	Global societal strategy wi advanced technological in		vorldwide as the world marke	et is becoming closer due to
	(a) imperative	(b) imperious	(c) implicated	(d) implied
Q10	Most evolving economies industrialized nations.	will definitely find it difficult to	o a global market alread	dy dominated by the

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 374 Cash as a Strategic Asset

-				
Q1	-	er of JPMorgan Chase Treasur around the world and still grow (b) light		ed unprecedented levels on the (d) stream
	(a) mm	(b) light		(u) stream
Q2		nsequence of business activitie amassed to stay in a world (b) humble		egic asset, valued as a hedge (d) simple
Q3	-	n assets are viewed and treated ns, get the most from their cash		-
	(a) climate	(b) earth	(c) sea	(d) weather
Q4		ion was that holding cash would ot necessarily the case, especia		nerefore, cash should be
	(a) abort	(b) absorb	(c) erase	(d) erode
Q5		g more cash than ever before, a ased sensitivity to overcapacity	•	
	(a) implosion	(b) imposition	(c) impotence	(d) impression
Q6	their cash holdings, but econ	in monetary policy and capital omic cycles alone do not explai cash: as an asset class in its ow	n the continuing cash build-up,	
	(a) account	(b) case	(c) right	(d) way
Q7	-	apital markets have led to a iquidity components embedded		
	(a) holistic	(b) whole-hearted	(c) wholesale	(d) wholesome
Q8	Corporate treasurers are incr incorporating the cost of exec	easingly considering the trade- cution to determine total econor	off between resources and nic return.	basis points gained,
Q8	Corporate treasurers are incr	easingly considering the trade-	off between resources and	
Q8 Q9	Corporate treasurers are incr incorporating the cost of exec (a) expected To enhance the return on the into different types of cash:	easingly considering the trade- cution to determine total econor	off between resources and nic return. (c) entended e treasurers see a greater need to meet daily needs; reserve ca	basis points gained, (d) extracted to break down the portfolio
	Corporate treasurers are incr incorporating the cost of exec (a) expected To enhance the return on the into different types of cash:	easingly considering the trade- cution to determine total econor (b) expended overall cash portfolio, corporat cash, the least predictable,	off between resources and nic return. (c) entended e treasurers see a greater need to meet daily needs; reserve ca	basis points gained, (d) extracted to break down the portfolio
	Corporate treasurers are incr incorporating the cost of exec (a) expected To enhance the return on the into different types of cash: cushion; and strategic cash, to (a) factional	easingly considering the trade- cution to determine total econor (b) expended overall cash portfolio, corporat cash, the least predictable, the most predictable, for discret (b) fictional	off between resources and nic return. (c) entended e treasurers see a greater need to meet daily needs; reserve ca ionary use. (c) fractional	basis points gained, (d) extracted to break down the portfolio sh, providing a liquidity (d) frictional

Q1	"With the credit likely this problem?" asks Kingsl	to grow worse before it gets ey Greenland of DebtX.	better, what are commercia	l banks doing in the face of
	(a) crash	(b) crunch	(c) crush	(d) crutch
Q2	secondary market is now s	to sell loans in the debt man sufficiently liquid on a day-to- ry loans, as part of normal po	day basis to efficiently dispo	
	(a) doing	(b) performing	(c) returning	(d) servicing
Q3		a weapon because elec rything from multi-billion crec		-
	(a) portentous	(b) portable	(c) potable	(d) potent
Q4		now more attractive than the nagement distraction of stick pehind.		
	(a) projected	(b) promoted	(c) protected	(d) protracted
Q5	The market's liquidity has t	ranslated into strong price e	xecution, which makes a loa	in sale strategy all the more
	(a) commanding	(b) compelling	(c) condoning	(d) conducing
Q6	-	at a fraction of the cost and has eliminated much of the	•	onal, offline environment
	(a) friction	(b) inertia	(c) momentum	(d) resistance
Q7	The high fixed transaction	costs that previously lic	uidity have largely gone awa	ay.
	(a) depressed	(b) expressed	(c) impressed	(d) suppressed
Q8		gence required investors to r aisals, operating statements		
	(a) bank	(b) clear	(c) due	(d) staff
Q9	If investors decided agains time went	t making an offer, or anothe	r bid was accepted, travel ex	penses and management
	(a) unrecovered	(b) unreported	(c) unrequited	(d) unrewarded
Q10	• •	rms, investors can now view documents can be easily se		
	(a) reams	(b) rolls	(c) scrolls	(d) stacks

Q1	engineer, Ford W. Harris, o	ry management began in 19 on inventory optimization; ov n techniques were invented.		
	(a) elaborate	(b) elegant	(c) essential	(d) established
Q2	•	opped," exclaims George Br gan out industry after in		-
	(a) bailing	(b) hollowing	(c) reaming	(d) tunnelling
Q3	•	cesses, one factor was obvio   'optimal' — and minimizatio magement.		
	(a) employed	(b) enlisted	(c) heaped	(d) hired
Q4	<b>c</b> ,	hat inventory is the corporat	•	
	(a) anemic	(b) anorexic	(c) bulimic	(d) dyslexic
Q5	After all, through the magic treasury's	c of the liquid asset cycle, re	ductions in inventory wonder	fully reappear as cash in
	(a) coffer	(b) coffin	(c) sarcophagus	(d) sepulchre
Q6	Minimization's song w	vas that 'a corporation can ne	ever be too rich or too lean'.	
	(a) simple	(b) siren	(c) swan	(d) sweet
Q7	•	he minority's inventory-conte en it is completely from	•	
	(a) distracted	(b) distraught	(c) divided	(d) divorced
Q8		are 'inventory-to-sales' and lishment as their numbers 'in etter than more.		
	(a) canard	(b) conundrum	(c) palindrome	(d) paradox
Q9	stores, or is told by a	rone who experienced the ba that there are no more coffe rce of customer dissatisfaction	e-lids, will attest to the obvio	us fact that inventory
	(a) barista	(b) canasta	(c) rasta	(d) turista
Q10	ends of a broad 'feasibility	sophical opposites, minimiza range' for inventory, and by n calculate the expected retu	slicing the middle into a	a series of progressive

Q1		nvestment options to consider; in	me taxes or maximizing current in fact, there are many tax acc (c) restrained	-
Q2		k and then changing your mind ca \$18 to \$32 at the 10 largest banks (b) inquiry	n be an expensive proposition: א s surveyed by Bankrate.com. (c) order	utting a stop-payment on that (d) request
Q3			npanies are solvent and are termi g to discontinue operations, for wł (c) an arbitrary	
Q4		e a less complicated method for c	so Congress enacted IRC 168 in computing depreciation by elimina (c) Amended	-
Q5	For sophisticated investors, ou	r firm, also registered as a Tr	rading Advisor (CTA), offers a wid lies in asset management using c (c) Commodity	e variety of investment and
Q6		\$100,000 or less with the bank wil	nut down after investments in risky I be made whole by insuranc (c) FRS	
Q7		Rico residents, for whom the bor	a \$7 billion takeover of LILCO; the nds are exempt from local, state a (c) a total	-
Q8			he ones we're all comfortable with (c) Level	
Q9		; the indicator oscillates between	ane that measures the price of a s 0 and 100, with readings below 20 (c) A Parametric	
Q10	After 36 years in the investing l	business, Roger King has settled	on several ways to root out stock nole company might pay, the so-ca	bargains, but his favorite among

(a) breakdown (b) private (c) separate (d) wholesale

Q1	are no liens or pledges on sp thereby leave them open for	subsequent financing.	o the issuer is that they leave s	pecific assets burden free, and
	(a) bill	(b) bond	(c) debenture	(d) note
Q2	-	ad a real big run of cows on an ady to higher; and heiferettes v (b) agile		et was steady but uneven on (d) alive
			· · /	
Q3	· · ·	y has not played a relevant nder control, while during boom	•	
	(a) anti-inflationary	(b) countercyclical	(c) interdisciplinary	(d) macroeconomic
Q4	instrument is an instrum bonds.	nent whose value is determined	d directly by markets: stocks, co	ommodities, currencies and
	(a) A linear	(b) An absolute	(c) An elementary	(d) A primary
Q5		beginning to see the Fed's em flation, the Fed is now out nancial industry.		-
	(a) backing	(b) bailing	(c) bawling	(d) bucking
Q6	loan is repaid; these loans a	s two transactions: the first occ re often used to meet seasonal an and repay it after the Christi	financing needs, as when a to	
	(a) dual	(b) due	(c) simple	(d) single
Q7		ate of nine (9) percent per annue, and such interest shall be pai	•	
	(a) capital	(b) credit	(c) personal	(d) principal
Q8	maintenance, building insura	ement that lets the tenant shounce, and other kinds of fees su t need to done to the property.		
	(a) need	(b) net	(c) threat	(d) trap
Q9		RA is essentially a medium through the second s		
	(a) a conduit	(b) a corridor	(c) an interim	(d) an interval
Q10	participating in; these a	your pay to your checking or sa rrive and are made available to different accounts based on ye	you more quickly than paper of	
	(a) cash back	(b) direct deposit	(c) line of credit	(d) standing order

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 379 Life Insurance

Q1		accident, David was left to bring up th out he hoped that claiming on their (b) dual		
Q2	brokers in a securities transaction a companies.	Stock Corporation to provide a data and the subsequent settlement (delive	ery of certificates in exchange for pay	ment) among members, banks and
	(a) Clearing	(b) Conveyance	(c) Transfer	(d) Transmittal
Q3	geographically and among differen	e of advantages for of funds: les t asset classes without having to buy	dozens of funds, and avoiding the he	eadache of constantly monitoring a
	(a) files	(b) funds	(c) pools	(d) portfolios
Q4		counting is that it leads to absolute ce punts; whereas the alternatives, where		
	(a) actual	(b) historical	(c) initial	(d) original
Q5	An even is a position for which receives a premium.	h the long position and short position	have equal premiums, and therefore	the investor neither pays nor
	(a) share	(b) spread	(c) stake	(d) stop
Q6		l because society is happily filling thei cified our demand for oil through our r (b) inevitability		
07	••••••			
Q7		, it is necessary to keep tight control c ley involves the addition of new cash		
	(a) active	(b) hard	(c) open	(d) tender
Q8	Exchange; it uses a weighted aver which is an average price.	ghted index of the 300 major issues s age based on capitalizations of comp	onent firms that contrasts with the wi	dely followed Nikkei Stock Average,
	(a) book	(b) market	(c) relative	(d) share
Q9		shows an equal distance along the ax as an increase in price from \$50 to \$6 presents only a 20% advance. (b) graphic	<b>c</b>	
010				
Q10	-	investment is computed by the formul s multiplied by 100 to obtain a percent		ent value, FU = beginning value and
	(a) average	(b) compound	(c) effective	(d) rolling

Q1	-	icker that looks much like the ti nt, and you can also input the r	-	
	(a) count	(b) quote	(c) sale	(d) watch
Q2	\$2.00 from its highest price,	e trading day opens, this Interne your order remains active, and ances to \$402 (\$404 — \$2.00).	if GOOG is able to reach \$404	-
	(a) opt	(b) out	(c) set	(d) stop
Q3	-	t made King Jr.'s interest contir other words, unlike trust,		
	(a) a declassified	(b) an indeterminate	(c) a nondiscretionary	(d) an unrestricted
Q4	• •	panies would put their fur the 1960s and 1970s, compar very expensive.	ies found that rising salaries a	nd low fixed-income returns
	(a) capital	(b) employee	(c) mutual	(d) pension
Q5	If the exercise price of a war period, the exercise of the w	rant or option is higher than the arrant or option will be		shares during the accounting
	(a) antiderivative	(b) antidilutive	(c) derivative	(d) dilutive
Q6	CKD Galbraith is one of the l castles to cottages and sport	eading estate agencies in Scot ing estates to farm land.	land specialising in top quality	Scottish property from
	(a) recreational	(b) regal	(c) residential	(d) rural
Q7		. Offering: Burger King Holding ain Capital Partners and the G k in an underwritten offering.	-	
	(a) Secondary	(b) Subsequent	(c) Subsidiary	(d) Supplementary
Q8	The shares are recorded in the records that are maintained by the agent, so that there is always a permanent record of the value of the shares, and who holds the rights to the shares; however, the actual stock certificates are never printed or forwarded to the investor.			
	(a) base	(b) book	(c) paper	(d) post
Q9	The BU Foundation is a feder tax to the fullest extent	rally-recognized 501(c)(3) non- of the law.	profit organization, so gifts to	the Foundation are therefore
	(a) deductible	(b) excluded	(c) free	(d) sheltered
Q10	-	ou claim the child and depende of work-related child and depe (b) credit		

Q1					
Q2       One approach to accounting for depreciation is to use on of the methods (including the Sum of the Year's Digits and the Declining Balance), which are more conservative and, in most cases, accurate, assuming as they do that an asset loses a majority of its value in the first several years of use.         (a) accelerated       (b) aggregated       (c) concentrated       (d) consolidated         Q3       Municipal bond protects investors in two ways: occasionally, cities or states that issue debt securities get into financial difficulty and may not be able to pay interest and principal on their debt as scheduled, or rating agencies may lower the ratings on an issuer's securities, causing the market value of its securities to decline.         Q4       Washington, D. C., Sept. 27, 2007 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan Corporation (Freddle Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.         (a) Assistance       (b) Finance       (c) Guaranty       (d) Mortgage         Q5       Using II quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much	Q1				
and the Declining Balance), which are more conservative and, in most cases, accurate, assuming as they do that an asset loses a majority of its value in the first several years of use.       (a) accelerated       (b) aggregated       (c) concentrated       (d) consolidated         G3       Municipal bond, protects investors in two ways: occasionally, cities or states that issue debt securities get into financial difficulty and may not be able to pay interest and principal on their debt as scheduled, or rating agencies may lower the ratings on an issuer's securities, causing the market value of its securities to decline.       (a) offset         G4       Washington, D.C., Sept. 27, 2007 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan Corporation (Freddie Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.       (a) Assistance       (b) Finance       (c) Guaranty       (d) Mortgage         G5       Using Il quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.       (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         G6       Using Mortgage Insurance (PMI) is extra insurance that lenders require from most home buyers who obtain loans of more than 80% of their new home's value; it protects a lender against loss if a borrower defaults, financing projects, large-scale moeny management; the term has upscale and hausthy connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and poweful person.       (		(a) License	(b) Option	(c) Preferred	(d) Voting
Q3       Municipal bond protects investors in two ways: occasionally, cities or states that issue debt securities get into financial difficulty and may not be able to pay interest and principal on their debt as scheduled, or rating agencies may lower the ratings on an issuer's securities, causing the market value of its securities to decline.         (a) coverage       (b) hedging       (c) insurance       (d) offset         Q4       Washington, D.C., Sept. 27, 2007 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan Corporation (Freddie Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.       (a) Assistance       (b) Finance       (c) Guaranty       (d) Mortgage         Q5       Using II quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.       (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         Q6	Q2	and the Declining Balance), asset loses a majority of its	which are more conservative a value in the first several years of	nd, in most cases, accurate, a of use.	ssuming as they do that an
financial difficulty and may not be able to pay interest and principal on their debt as scheduled, or rating agencies may lower the ratings on an issuer's securities, causing the market value of its securities to decline.       (a) coverage       (b) hedging       (c) insurance       (d) offset         Q4       Washington, D.C., Sept. 27, 2007 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan Corporation (Freddle Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.       (a) Assistance       (b) Finance       (c) Guaranty       (d) Mortgage         Q5       Using Il quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.       (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         Q6       Using If quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.       (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         Q6		(a) accelerated	(b) aggregated		(d) consolidated
Q4       Washington, D.C., Sept. 27, 2007 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan	Q3	financial difficulty and may n	ot be able to pay interest and p	principal on their debt as sched	luled, or rating agencies may
Corporation (Freddie Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.(a) Assistance(b) Finance(c) Guaranty(d) Mortgage(a) Assistance(b) Finance(c) Guaranty(d) Mortgage(a) Level(b) Order(c) Stage(d) Tier(a) Level(b) Order(c) Stage(d) Tier(a) Level(b) Order(c) Proxy(d) Public(a) Peripheral(b) Private(c) Proxy(d) Public(a) Peripheral(b) Private(c) Proxy(d) Tyccon(a) Entrepreneur(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) Tyccon(a) Entrepreneur(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) Tyccon(a) Entrepreneur(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) Tyccon(a) Entrepreneur(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) Tyccon(a) equity(b) Interest(c) moiety(d) stake(b) Interest(c) moiety(d) stake(d) stake(c) Magnate(c) envolutions or user subility intervision subility and the stock value fails subility of a wealthy and powerful person. (a) equity(b) Financier(c) moiety(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) Stake(d) stake(c)The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's intervisions over a certain time period; it shows the source of individuals, businesses, and government zencies in that country and these involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government zencies in that country and those in the rest of the wordt. (a) commerce(b) exchange(c) apym		(a) coverage	(b) hedging	(c) insurance	(d) offset
Q5       Using II quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.         (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         Q6	Q4	Corporation (Freddie M	lac) with securities fraud in con		-
sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much.       (a) Level       (b) Order       (c) Stage       (d) Tier         06       Mortgage Insurance (PMI) is extra insurance that lenders require from most home buyers who obtain loans of more than 80% of their new home's value; it protects a lender against loss if a borrower defaults and enables borrowers with less cash to have greater access to home ownership.       (a) Peripheral       (b) Private       (c) Proxy       (d) Public         07       is a term for a person who handles large sums of money, usually involving money lending, financing projects, large-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person.       (a) Tycoon         08       The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm.       (d) stake         09       The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those in the rest of the world.       (d) trade         09       The balance of is an accounting payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published		(a) Assistance	(b) Finance	(c) Guaranty	(d) Mortgage
Q6       Mortgage Insurance (PMI) is extra insurance that lenders require from most home buyers who obtain loans of more than 80% of their new home's value; it protects a lender against loss if a borrower defaults and enables borrowers with less cash to have greater access to home ownership. <ul> <li>(a) Peripheral</li> <li>(b) Private</li> <li>(c) Proxy</li> <li>(d) Public</li> </ul> <li>Q7</li> <li> is a term for a person who handles large sums of money, usually involving money lending, financing projects, large-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person.</li>	Q5	sometimes extensive inform	ation about who is willing to pu	rchase or unload a particular s	tock and for how much.
than 80% of their new home's value; it protects a lender against loss if a borrower defaults and enables borrowers with less cash to have greater access to home ownership.(a) Peripheral(b) Private(c) Proxy(d) PublicQ7 is a term for a person who handles large sums of money, usually involving money lending, financing projects, large-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person. (a) Entrepreneur(b) Financier(c) Magnate(d) TycoonQ8The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm. (a) equity(d) stakeQ9The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world. (a) commerce(d) tradeQ10If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.					
Q7      is a term for a person who handles large sums of money, usually involving money lending, financing projects, large-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person.       (a) Entrepreneur       (b) Financier       (c) Magnate       (d) Tycoon         Q8       The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm.       (a) equity       (b) interest       (c) moiety       (d) stake         Q9       The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world.       (d) trade         Q10       If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.	Q6	than 80% of their new home	's value; it protects a lender ag		-
Iarge-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person.       (a) Entrepreneur       (b) Financier       (c) Magnate       (d) Tycoon         Q8       The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm.       (a) equity       (b) interest       (c) moiety       (d) stake         Q9       The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government gencies in that country and the rest of the world.       (d) trade         Q10       If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.		(a) Peripheral	(b) Private	(c) Proxy	(d) Public
Q8       The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm.         (a) equity       (b) interest       (c) moiety       (d) stake         Q9       The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world.       (d) trade         Q10       If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.	Q7	large-scale investing, or larg stereotype portrayed by the	e-scale money management; t term is typically of a wealthy ar	he term has upscale and haug nd powerful person.	hty connotations, and the
Ioan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm. (a) equity (b) interest (c) moiety (d) stakeQ9The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world. (a) commerce (b) exchange (c) payments (d) tradeQ10If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.	0.0	., .			
Q9       The balance of is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world.         (a) commerce       (b) exchange       (c) payments       (d) trade         Q10       If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.	Q8	loan) stay at a certain level;	if the maintenance rules requir	e that it remain at 50 percent, a	· ·
sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world.         (a) commerce       (b) exchange       (c) payments       (d) trade         Q10       If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.		(a) equity	(b) interest	(c) moiety	(d) stake
<ul> <li>Q10 If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.</li> </ul>	Q9	sum of the transactions (pur	ely financial ones, as well as th	ose involving goods or service	
the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published federal rate.		(a) commerce	(b) exchange	(c) payments	(d) trade
	Q10		• • •		

Q1	According to Sanjima DeZoysa, Banking & Technology Editor for gtnews, the financial services industry currently faces an amount of regulation that have two distinct objectives.				
	(a) unanticipated	(b) unprecedented	(c) unsolicited	(d) unsuspected	
Q2	0,	compliance environment     place to ensure accountabili	•	•	
	(a) astringent	(b) plangent	(c) pungent	(d) stringent	
Q3	•	e goal of the regulators a and customer protection wi		ncourage greater	
	(a) overarching	(b) overbearing	(c) overreaching	(d) overseeing	
Q4	This commentary consider organisations are currently	s some of the most significa	nt regulations affecting the i	ndustry and how	
	(a) coopting	(b) coping	(c) handling	(d) heading	
Q5	Directive (MiFID) is a fundation	s based on the Financial Ser amental of the FSAP ar firms, making it easier to co	nd aims at increasing the rar	nge of investment activities	
	(a) pedestal	(b) pillar	(c) platform	(d) post	
Q6	One of the main objectives of MiFID is to ensure that all clients have the necessary knowledge and experience to understand the risks involved in a product before investing in it: banks are to ensure that retail clients are informed of potential risks connected with trading financial instruments.				
			-	o ensure that retail clients	
			-	o ensure that retail clients (d) remanded	
Q7	are informed of potential ri (a) coerced	sks connected with trading f	inancial instruments. (c) obliged	(d) remanded	
Q7	are informed of potential ris (a) coerced While the behind MiF	sks connected with trading fi	inancial instruments. (c) obliged	(d) remanded	
Q7 Q8	are informed of potential ris (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be	(c) obliged (c) insinuations (c) insinuations (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed	<ul> <li>(d) remanded</li> <li>ators' expectations of the</li> <li>(d) inspirations</li> <li>If legislation is to be</li> </ul>	
	are informed of potential ris (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be (b) aspirations n of the project managemen out giving rise to undue risks	(c) obliged (c) insinuations (c) insinuations (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed	<ul> <li>(d) remanded</li> <li>ators' expectations of the</li> <li>(d) inspirations</li> <li>If legislation is to be</li> </ul>	
	are informed of potential risk (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with insists Paul Richards at the (a) account "While MiFID has now com dotted the i's and the	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be (b) aspirations n of the project managemen out giving rise to undue risks e International Capital Marke	inancial instruments. (c) obliged en criticism about the regula (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed s that occur if consequential ets Association. (c) concern re work to be done in terms intenting procedures and final	(d) remanded ators' expectations of the (d) inspirations (d) inspiration is to be changes are rushed," (d) consideration of whether firms have	
Q8	are informed of potential risk (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with insists Paul Richards at the (a) account "While MiFID has now com dotted the i's and the	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be (b) aspirations n of the project managemen out giving rise to undue risks e International Capital Marke (b) action ne into force, there is still mo t's on issues such as docum	inancial instruments. (c) obliged en criticism about the regula (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed s that occur if consequential ets Association. (c) concern re work to be done in terms intenting procedures and final	(d) remanded ators' expectations of the (d) inspirations (d) inspiration is to be changes are rushed," (d) consideration of whether firms have	
Q8	are informed of potential risk (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with insists Paul Richards at the (a) account "While MiFID has now com dotted the i's and the consents," says Bernadine (a) crossed In the UK, further policy do	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be (b) aspirations (b) aspirations n of the project managemen out giving rise to undue risks e International Capital Marke (b) action ne into force, there is still mo t's on issues such as docum Reese, director, financial se (b) dashed ocuments are expected in 20 and a key issue forward	inancial instruments. (c) obliged en criticism about the regula (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed s that occur if consequential ets Association. (c) concern re work to be done in terms nenting procedures and final ervices group at Protiviti. (c) spotted 08 from the country's regula	(d) remanded (d) remanded (d) inspirations of the (d) inspirations (d) inspiration is to be changes are rushed," (d) consideration of whether firms have ising client agreements and (d) topped (d) topped	
Q8 Q9	are informed of potential risk (a) coerced While the behind MiF implementation process. (a) aspersions "More should be take implemented properly with insists Paul Richards at the (a) account "While MiFID has now com dotted the i's and the consents," says Bernadine (a) crossed In the UK, further policy do Services Authority (FSA), a	sks connected with trading fi (b) intoned ID are justified, there has be (b) aspirations (b) aspirations n of the project managemen out giving rise to undue risks e International Capital Marke (b) action ne into force, there is still mo t's on issues such as docum Reese, director, financial se (b) dashed ocuments are expected in 20 and a key issue forward	inancial instruments. (c) obliged en criticism about the regula (c) insinuations t disciplines that are needed s that occur if consequential ets Association. (c) concern re work to be done in terms nenting procedures and final ervices group at Protiviti. (c) spotted 08 from the country's regula	(d) remanded (d) remanded (d) inspirations of the (d) inspirations (d) inspiration is to be changes are rushed," (d) consideration of whether firms have ising client agreements and (d) topped (d) topped	

Q1		Bank of India reminds us that the his book 'The Wealth of Nations', (b) instituted	-	in the 'competitive advantage (d) prostituted
Q2		omotive industry was so vertically In sheep to produce wool for use in (b) grounds		mpanies owned vast of fields (d) tracts
Q3	-	ised that it simply couldn't be good at could be better sourced externa ing multiple manufactures. (b) concentrate		-
Q4	Business process outsourcing customer support and human	involves a third party managing the resources; BPO is a strategy offer n core expertise, save time and re (b) compelling	he entire business process, such ring a business value propos	as accounting, financing,
Q5		noney or skill to do the job interna utsourcing is worth considering. (b) detrimentally	lly, or if there is a function that is (c) inadvertantly	a burden or is affecting (d) unsuspectedly
Q6	logistics, their goal was to red		s a far wider range of reasons wh	y these organisations regularly
Q7	consolidation; but now that fur	<ul> <li>(b) complicate</li> <li>been improving their efficiency rat</li> <li>rther improvements are proving</li> <li>under pressure to improve earnin</li> <li>(b) disruptive</li> </ul>	, costs have been trimmed to the	
Q8	-	es a way of moving banks' res cution, new opportunity identification (b) fluid		
Q9		owing day by day, banks are force but surely diminishing, there (b) slightly		
Q10		access story but there are challeng enefits, fail to establish the right ba ition and post-deal situation.		

Q1		ed years of strong and sustaine have been among the four fas	•	
	(a) concurrence	(b) connivance	(c) convergence	(d) conversion
Q2	credit growth and substantia	d Lithuania are, to varying degr current account deficits, indica	ating that their economies are .	
	(a) overgrowing	(b) overheating	(c) overperforming	(d) overspeeding
Q3	. ,	s pushed back the euro adoptic ularly the requirement to adopt ained in the medium term.		•
	(a) deceleration	(b) decimation	(c) deterioration	(d) detonation
Q4	Furthermore, the Baltic countries' currency pegs and the inflation differential with the rest of the EU contribute to 'perverse' pro-cyclical low real interest rates (as nominal interest rate par has largely been attained), the economic and asset price boom in these countries.			
	(a) spanking	(b) spearing	(c) spiking	(d) spurring
Q5	-	emigration have driven unemp a had unemployment rates of 5.		
	(a) geared	(b) laned	(c) paced	(d) rated
Q6	Growth levels far above the which has fuelled the increase	EU average have been finance se in external imbalances.	d for the part through the	rapid rise of external liabilities
	(a) best	(b) first	(c) great	(d) most
Q7	All three countries' gross external debt levels were above the A-range median in both 2005 and 2006; Latvia's gross external debt rose to over 100% in 2006, and the proportion of short-term external liabilities is also considerable, raising near-term financing risks.			
	(a) baggage	(b) burden	(c) charge	(d) cargo
Q8	Nevertheless, Fitch believes imbalances place on the rational structure in the structure of	there are important factors tha ngs.	t the negative pressure th	at growing external
	(a) attenuate	(b) correlate	(c) legislate	(d) mitigate
Q9	Crucially, all three Baltic countries have had public external debt levels below 20% of GDP since at least 1993 and all are net public external creditors; low public debt levels, as well as small budget deficits (or a budget surplus in Estonia's case) also allow the Baltic countries scope to any cyclical downturn.			
	(a) bolster	(b) buffet	(c) catch	(d) cushion
Q10		es' macroeconomic indicators v to the type of financial market .		
	(a) contagion	(b) contraction	(c) infection	(d) implementation

(a) contagion (b) contraction (c) infection (d) implementation

Q1	With a booming economy and financial reformation underway, Ukraine is an increasingly attractive for foreign investors.				
	(a) component	(b) composition	(c) proponent	(d) proposition	
Q2	coalition in the next governm	s, Yulia Tymoshenko and Yus nent; even after this outcome, till booming economically, wit	, it seems likely there will be r	egular of political	
	(a) bounds	(b) bouts	(c) spates	(d) spurts	
Q3	-	uropean Union (EU) cour than Russia for its political ar		Yushchenko it is looking	
	(a) candidate	(b) delegate	(c) nominee	(d) participant	
Q4	-	ne end of 2004 came as he election re-run that was wo		residential election sparked	
	(a) about	(b) around	(c) off	(d) on	
Q5	This event Ukraine's gl investors in the country's fin	obal profile and is also seen a ancial services sector.	as the starting point of the rea	I interest shown by foreign	
	(a) elevated	(b) escalated	(c) expanded	(d) extended	
Q6	The Ukrainian hryvnia is not	t yet fully, but is expected	d to be completely deregulate	d by the end of 2008.	
	(a) convenable	(b) conversable	(c) convertible	(d) conveyable	
Q7	Domestic and inter-bank payments in Ukraine are made through the real-time settlement system, called the System of Electronic Payments (SEP), which has been in since the mid 1990s and is owned and operated by Ukraine's central bank, the National Bank of Ukraine.				
	(a) location	(b) place	(c) residence	(d) site	
Q8	Liquidity management remains a great challenge for banks and corporates in Ukraine: cash concentration structures are not regulated by Ukrainian laws and can be treated as inter-company lending, which is the sole of financial institutions.				
	(a) prerogative	(b) proprietorship	(c) sponsorship	(d) support	
Q9	possibilities for the Ukrainia	y operate only representative n banks to develop new servio h management systems whic	ces and products, and to intro	duce a new advanced	
	(a) for	(b) in	(c) of	(d) (none)	
Q10		rocess of to the World Tr of the financial environment ar	,		
	(a) acceding	(b) accessing	(c) ascending	(d) aspiring	

Q1		a of law so old its roots the classic case Underhill v.		7th Century, entered into	
	(a) case	(b) fact	(c) rule	(d) statute	
Q2		eral Hernandez the exist ntiff Underhill lived and ran a			
	(a) expelled	(b) exposed	(c) expropriated	(d) expunged	
Q3		zen, repeatedly to Hern forced to stay in Bolivar and		out his requests were	
	(a) applied	(b) beseeched	(c) entreated	(d) pleaded	
Q4	Hernandez finally and recover for his detention in	l allowed Underhill to return t Venezuela.	to the United States where h	e instituted an action to	
	(a) recanted	(b) relented	(c) reneged	(d) retorted	
Q5	-	t, a New York Court determir his position he had gov		ed as a military	
	(a) imparted	(b) implicated	(c) imposed	(d) imputed	
Q6	The Court reasoned that every sovereign state is bound to respect the independence of every other sovereign state, and the courts of one country will not in judgment on the acts of the government of another, done within its own territory.				
	(a) reign	(b) rule	(c) sit	(d) stand	
Q7	In later decisions, the court	ts on the principals and	policies underlying the Act of	of State Doctrine.	
	(a) expatriated	(b) expiated	(c) expounded	(d) expressed	
Q8	Banco Nacional de Cuba v does have constitutional	r. Sabbatino stated that althored that al	bugh the Doctrine is not impli	icit in the Constitution, it	
	(a) infrastructure	(b) overviews	(c) sustenance	(d) underpinnings	
Q9	•	n implied separation of powe e better to the executive		reasoning that sensitive	
	(a) given	(b) left	(c) sent	(d) taken	
Q10	effort by narrowly interpreti	moved swiftly to the ac ing the amendment and cont reading of the Hickenlooper	inuing to apply the doctrine	-	
	(a) condone	(b) contain	(c) curtain	(d) curtail	

Q1	A gain (or loss) in the market price of an investment is called capital and is one way for investors to profit from an investment in company; the other is through dividend income.					
	(a) accrual	(b) accumulation	(c) acquisition	(d) appreciation		
Q2		can also benefit the insured or ash value at any time, and a fe				
	(a) Simple	(b) Single	(c) Sole	(d) Solitary		
Q3	-	oon trade, led by Siemens and ering and building their position all simultaneously expire.		-		
	(a) quarterly	(b) synchronized	(c) triple	(d) united		
Q4	invests proceeds in a purpos	ne term ' borrower' as the one term ' borrower' as the one investment in the form of a long carry out the governmental put	oan, lease, or similar obligation			
	(a) channel	(b) collateral	(c) conduit	(d) conveyance		
Q5	public; the main difference b	or platforms (referred to as 'leve tween these levels is the exten nich are market makers have th	nt of information and access p			
	(a) Level I	(b) Level II	(c) Level III	(d) Level IV		
Q6		ciation is a publicly traded com l in 1972 as a government ente				
	(a) Finance	(b) Guaranty	(c) Marketing	(d) (none)		
Q7	stock is a stock issued under an agreement that provides for fixed payments at scheduled intervals; in the case of a company's liquidation, it is treated as an equity; investors will not receive payment until all debt is paid.					
	(a) Debenture	(b) Galvanized	(c) Preferred	(d) Secure		
Q8	From 1997 to 2004, the Prog and social issues.	gram in Economics aimed	to promote research addressin	ng salient real-world economic		
	(a) Analytical	(b) Applied	(c) Practical	(d) Pragmatic		
Q9		To even is to close out, liquidate, or cover an open position; it is the elimination or reduction of a current long or short position by making an opposite transaction of the same security.				
	(a) out	(b) over	(c) up	(d) (none)		
Q10	that space but does not inclu	tal mobile home park, ren ide the mobile home that serve not by the owner of the rental s (b) inferential	es as the actual dwelling if the	e that is rented by the owner of dwelling is owned and (d) residential		
	(a) incluentai			(u) resideritiai		

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 388 Loyalty Discount

Q1		0.25% or less; it also offers a loya		11 most popular funds for nothing ement fee, which is available if (d) supermarket
Q2		der advances funds based on a p les, inter-company receivables, ar (b) intangible	-	able and inventory; accounts are not included in the borrowing (d) substantial
Q3	market is an efficient mark	(e) when so the large number of the large number o	ouyers and sellers ensure prices a	are set at market levels; investors
Q4	Global Financial data now offer	rs daily close data for US stocks – data back to inception for an (b) historical	- open a member account today t	
Q5		rading are either simple credit risk erivative (where the risk is of non- (b) correspondent		nt) or a combination of credit risk (d) counterparty
Q6	-	entities that hold a stake in numer oonds; when the municipal bonds t		
	(a) brokerages	(b) companies	(c) portfolios	(d) trusts
Q7		commercial paper directly to inves g corporations allow both dealers n a fully executable basis. (b) Dealer		
Q8	Although option are freque position in the option, they are (a) holders	ently referred to as sellers, becaus not the only sellers. (b) makers	se they initially sell the option that (c) putters	they create, thus taking a long (d) writers
Q9		rse in which he manages capital d of conveys upon his cognition (b) acquisition		
Q10		pours to render the annual revenue y in such a manner as its produce part of his intention. (b) heart		-

Q1	The Anglo-American fund management company Invesco has proposed moving its listing from London to New York following the recent loss of its foreign private issuer status in the United States.				
	(a) major	(b) master	(c) primary	(d) principal	
Q2	profits; then you pay short	term capital gains tax if you	do not have to be paid until th ve held the stock less than a ence in these taxes is signific	a year or long-term capital	
	(a) efficient	(b) friendly	(c) observant	(d) reductive	
Q3			ersus a benchmark is a mea of the benchmark returns are	•	
	(a) K	(b) N	(c) R	(d) T	
Q4	economy and terrorism eb	-	quarter, as concerns about end, bond yields had increas an shorter rates).		
	(a) Bear Flattener	(b) Bear Steepener	(c) Bull Flattener	(d) Bull Steepener	
Q5	Genelabs Technologies Inc said it would raise about \$23.7 million in financing; the biopharmaceutical company said several institutional investors agreed to purchase about 12.9 million common shares and warrants to purchase about 2.6 million common shares, for \$1.84 a unit.				
	(a) debt	(b) direct	(c) margin	(d) market	
Q6		ompany which is inferior to a smaller market capitalizatio	a blue chip in some way, suc n.	ch as by being lower quality,	
	(a) Common	(b) General	(c) Ordinary	(d) Secondary	
Q7	Instead of a bid and ask price where there is a definable spread, a market is one where all trades, whether buys or sells, go through at the same price.				
	(a) choice	(b) level	(c) null	(d) zero	
Q8	To calculate per common share: (share capital of common stock + contributed surplus + retained earnings) / number of common shares outstanding.				
	(a) book ratio	(b) book value	(c) total assets	(d) total earnings	
Q9	Conrad Black said he wou	Id consider putting into	the Chicago Sun-Times offe trust his shares of Hollinger and not involved in the curre	Inc, which would put	
	(a) a floating	(b) an absolute	(c) an arm's-length	(d) a voting	
Q10	but the order may never ge		a control the price at which the ver reaches the specified line the wildly.	-	
	(a) post	(b) put	(c) set	(d) stop	

(a)	) post (	b) put	(c) set	(d)	) S	top

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 390 Convertible Mortgages

Q1		o pay fees to change from a conv eriod of time; it is common to find (b) HIP		rate loan, and the conversion can her than standard fixed rates. (d) TOE
Q2	A book security is one that is not available to purchasers in physical form; such a security may be held either as a computer listing on the records of a central holder (as is the case with certain U.S. Government securities) or in the form of a single, global certificate.			
	(a) entry	(b) equivalent	(c) form	(d) free
Q3	The has helped millions of Americans secure their dream of homeownership since 1934; it provides mortgage insurance on loans made by approved lenders throughout the United States and its territories and is the largest government-backed mortgage insurer. (a) Fannie Mae (b) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			
	(c) Federal Housing Administra	tion	(d) Freddie Mac	
Q4 Q5	Subject to subsection (2), the duty and authority of the drawee institution to pay a cheque are terminated by (a) of payment, (b) notice of the drawer's mental incapacity to incur liability on a cheque, or (c) notice of the drawer's death.			
	(a) command	(b) countermand	(c) demand	(d) reprimand
		and case law requires that retire the skill, care and diligence of a p (b) expert		visors act for the exclusive (d) investor
Q6	Latin American markets financing on international capital markets boomed in the first quarter of 2000, despite increasing volatility in industrial financial markets; net financing picked up in the first quarter of 2000, boosted by improved credit quality, a record of new debt issuance and low amortization payments due.			
	(a) flows	(b) issues	(c) means	(d) streams
Q7	If you are considered to be participant in a company plan, and your income is above certain limits, then you cannot take a tax deduction for your traditional IRA contribution.			
	(a) a known	(b) an active	(c) an interested	(d) a willing
Q8	Your company's stock can list on The NASDAQ Stock Market in addition to being traded on your current exchange; NASDAQ launched the highly successful listing program in 2004 to offer companies an opportunity to experience its superior market performance firsthand without disruption.			
	(a) double	(b) dual	(c) duo	(d) duplicate
Q9	In his May 2006 speech, David Walton of the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England commented that "the of risks has shifted a little too much to the upside on inflation for comfort, and that, I believe, justifies a small tightening in monetary policy".			
	(a) balance	(b) level	(c) offset	(d) scale
Q10	<ul> <li>Personal Financial Planning Specialists are provided credentials through the Certified Financial Planner Board of Standards; after the examination, the CPA may offer services in personal financial planning, assessing the financial condition of clients and making sure they are utilizing available resources to the best advantage.</li> <li>(a) Accredited</li> <li>(b) Affiliated</li> <li>(c) Approved</li> <li>(d) Authorized</li> </ul>			
	(a) AUDICUILEU			

(a) Accredited (b) Affiliated (c) Approved (d) Authorized

Q1	thinks that a corporation's security prices are determined by its future earnings and dividend abilities; besidesstudying a corporation's financial data, s/he will also examine its industry and how the economy will affect the company'score business.(a) A determinist(b) A fundamentalist(c) An empiricist(d) A pragmatist				
	(a) A determinist	(b) A fundamentalist	(c) An empiricist	(d) A pragmatist	
Q2		e in the stock market world, a ca off funds invested in companies (b) accumulation			
Q3	Employees are usually not pl	eased when their company carr a fixed annuity backed by an in	ies out a pension plan: by	replacing the pension plan	
	(a) conversion	(b) diversion	(c) reversion	(d) subversion	
Q4	the market; the low response	se two species of clams are per rates and shellfish dealers' unv widespread, mainstream dema	villingness to evaluate free sam	-	
	(a) applicability	(b) lucrativeness	(c) marketability	(d) praiseworthiness	
Q5	-	hough some ambitious minds no tion in modern memory, the terr (b) Chance		-	
Q6		firms loan capital to traders so t ainst the trader, and they find th		-	
	(a) back	(b) balk	(c) debit	(d) due	
Q7		are made up of salary reductio natching contributions or c rearly basis. (b) directive		•	
Q8	0	when an entity sometimes trades sive throughout the United State ut the world.			
	(a) Double	(b) Dual	(c) Shift	(d) Switch	
Q9	Securities which are nearly ris	sk-free are sometimes referred	to as ' paper'.		
	(a) clean	(b) fine	(c) neat	(d) white	
Q10		le taxation by qualifying for the taxed once because interest, div siness does not.			
	(a) avoidance	(b) conduit	(c) cui bono	(d) tax flow	

(a) avoidance (b) conduit (c) cui bono (d) tax flow

Q1	President International Op	that surrounds international erations Collection Services ted to handle than domestic	, ABC-Amega Inc: they're pe	0
	(a) charisma	(b) glamour	(c) halo	(d) mystique
Q2	The fact is that while laws allow for effective, if y	may differ somewhat among ou know how to proceed.	countries, for the most part	they are similar enough to
	(a) deportation	(b) deposition	(c) disposition	(d) dispossession
Q3		not have the resources in-honternational claims are		
	(a) engaged	(b) lodged	(c) placed	(d) submitted
Q4	gangsters in some areas c	tion tactics used in many co of the world; as a result, over nselves from international fra	seas debtors tend to be mor	0
	(a) incestuous	(b) inscrutable	(c) unscrupulous	(d) unsuitable
Q5		on that will assure them that sending a copy of the place		•
	(a) doors	(b) eyes	(c) files	(d) locks
Q6	legal basis for pursuing the	act to the collection agency to claim and defines the preci mation as to the choice of la	se entity that contracted	you for the sale; it will
	(a) from	(b) to	(c) with	(d) (none)
Q7	A copy of the purchase	provides valuable, specifi	c details of the sale.	
	(a) bill	(b) form	(c) order	(d) request
Q8		int,into principle and in at the figure you've placed fo		on agency to define
	(a) broken	(b) cloven	(c) done	(d) severed
Q9	·	of specific information conce was billed for the goods, a d	•	rms of the sale, to whom the and the method of
	(a) heap	(b) plethora	(c) spate	(d) wealth
Q10		on will provide valuable infor portant banking and reference al guarantee.		

(a) crafted (b) drawn (c) thought (d) wrought

Q1		banks are facing increasing r pliance with the needs of the	• • •	
	(a) at	(b) for	(c) in	(d) (none)
Q2	peer payment networks an	anking are becoming more d methods of identity authenti	ification, among others.	
	(a) cosmopolitan	(b) sophisticated	(c) urbane	(d) worldly
Q3		to combine the speed of pro standards in the area of finan		
	(a) overcome	(b) overextended	(c) overpowered	(d) overwhelmed
Q4		measures for all organisation ies as much to a small local c	-	•
	(a) preliminary	(b) preservative	(c) preventative	(d) primary
Q5		greater for small and mediur ave a reserve of funds to		
	(a) fall	(b) lean	(c) sit	(d) stand
00				
Q6	from outside influence		istrator, which can leave thei	r network open to attack
Qb	•		iistrator, which can leave thei (c) maladroit	r network open to attack (d) malevolent
Q6 Q7	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people,	25.	(c) maladroit ers, policy-meeting minutes a other information; although i	(d) malevolent and so on, filled with project nformation on a computer
	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people,	s. (b) ambivalent Companies produce newslett company status updates and	(c) maladroit ers, policy-meeting minutes a other information; although i	(d) malevolent and so on, filled with project nformation on a computer
	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people, can be extremely important (a) handcuff	(b) ambivalent Companies produce newslett company status updates and t, the same piece of informatio	(c) maladroit ers, policy-meeting minutes a other information; although i on written on a is just as (c) shirtsleeve	<ul> <li>(d) malevolent</li> <li>and so on, filled with project</li> <li>nformation on a computer</li> <li>valuable."</li> <li>(d) tissue</li> </ul>
Q7	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people, can be extremely important (a) handcuff As well as taking control of	es. (b) ambivalent Companies produce newslett company status updates and t, the same piece of information (b) napkin	(c) maladroit ers, policy-meeting minutes a other information; although i on written on a is just as (c) shirtsleeve	<ul> <li>(d) malevolent</li> <li>and so on, filled with project</li> <li>nformation on a computer</li> <li>valuable."</li> <li>(d) tissue</li> </ul>
Q7	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people, can be extremely important (a) handcuff As well as taking control of issues and regulations. (a) slew As new and revised regular	<ul> <li>(b) ambivalent</li> <li>Companies produce newslett</li> <li>company status updates and</li> <li>t, the same piece of information</li> <li>(b) napkin</li> <li>financial crime issues, company</li> <li>(b) slough</li> <li>tions are implemented, it is immomentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) maladroit</li> <li>ers, policy-meeting minutes at other information; although it on written on a is just as (c) shirtsleeve</li> <li>anies also face a whole</li> <li>(c) slue</li> </ul>	(d) malevolent and so on, filled with project nformation on a computer valuable." (d) tissue of government compliance (d) sluff all sizes keep up to date
Q7 Q8	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people, can be extremely important (a) handcuff As well as taking control of issues and regulations. (a) slew As new and revised regulation	<ul> <li>(b) ambivalent</li> <li>Companies produce newslett</li> <li>company status updates and</li> <li>t, the same piece of information</li> <li>(b) napkin</li> <li>financial crime issues, company</li> <li>(b) slough</li> <li>tions are implemented, it is immomentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) maladroit</li> <li>ers, policy-meeting minutes at other information; although it on written on a is just as (c) shirtsleeve</li> <li>anies also face a whole</li> <li>(c) slue</li> </ul>	(d) malevolent and so on, filled with project nformation on a computer valuable." (d) tissue of government compliance (d) sluff all sizes keep up to date
Q7 Q8	from outside influence (a) ambitious As Barry Schofield notes: " data, details about people, can be extremely important (a) handcuff As well as taking control of issues and regulations. (a) slew As new and revised regulat with what is required of the themselves open to fr (a) cause into action by global e	<ul> <li>(b) ambivalent</li> <li>Companies produce newslett company status updates and t, the same piece of information (b) napkin</li> <li>financial crime issues, company (b) slough</li> <li>tions are implemented, it is imm; if they do not, they can extand.</li> <li>(b) leave</li> <li>vents such as 9/11, Enron, the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) maladroit</li> <li>ers, policy-meeting minutes at other information; although it on written on a is just as (c) shirtsleeve</li> <li>anies also face a whole</li> <li>(c) slue</li> <li>aportant that organisations of pect to be penalised by the rest of the penalised by the penalised by the rest of the penalised by the pen</li></ul>	(d) malevolent and so on, filled with project nformation on a computer valuable." (d) tissue of government compliance (d) sluff all sizes keep up to date egulator, as well as possibly (d) put

Q1	Whether it comes from an especially SMEs where ma	internal or external source, o argins are	corporate espionage can hit	all corporates hard,
	(a) nearest	(b) neatest	(c) thinnest	(d) tightest
Q2	Since the primary motivation have never been higher.	on behind cyber crime switch	ned from to money, the	corporate security stakes
	(a) bedlam	(b) hoodlum	(c) mayhem	(d) random
Q3		uld never be underestimated hlights, where a CD contain	-	
	(a) found	(b) seen	(c) went	(d) (none)
Q4		nterprises don't believe their mpany is relatively small, the pusiness' weakness.		
	(a) all too	(b) ever so	(c) so very	(d) still yet
Q5	-	tack means that it is probab ecretly uses file sharing		
	(a) face-to-face	(b) man-to-man	(c) one-to-one	(d) peer-to-peer
Q6	complicated and hugely te	of the status of each compu- chnical enterprise security pr spionage is likely to give ther	roducts that simply weren't c	lesigned with them in mind;
	(a) headache	(b) heavy load	(c) lagtime	(d) lead weight
Q7	While the 'bad guys' might to keep with their defe	• • •	ed in their attacks, small bus	inesses have typically failed
	(a) clear	(b) pace	(c) rank	(d) step
Q8	But not all espionage is hi-	tech and gadgetry.		
	(a) prestidigitation	(b) sleight-of-hand	(c) sorcery	(d) wizardry
Q9	give them the ability to suc	need to look at ways of clos cessfully implement safe co e of use and management.	• • • •	
	(a) gates	(b) holes	(c) tunnels	(d) walls
Q10	often than not, the offende give a company's intellectu	tly happy to get information r is a employee or some al rights away to a competite	eone at director level trying t or for reward or revenge.	to set up as a competitior or
	(a) discouraged	(b) disenchanted	(c) disaruntled	(d) dismaved

(a) discouraged (b) disenchanted (c) disgruntled (d) dismayed

Q1	-	ations in the mid-1970's, over 4 ) million to foreign government		
	(a) questionable	(b) questioned	(c) unanswerable	(d) unanswered
Q2		om bribery of high foreign offici ilitating payments that alleged al or clerical duties.		
	(a) gambit	(b) gamble	(c) game	(d) gamut
Q3	-	A to a halt to the bribery o siness systemm, and it was in ness.	-	•
	(a) bring	(b) call	(c) forge	(d) stage
Q4		es to foreign officials have bee suspension and from fede	-	
	(a) debarkation	(b) debarment	(c) defalcation	(d) disenfranchisement
Q5	disadvantage compared to	e FCPA, the Congress becam foreign companies who p usiness expenses on their tax	aid bribes and, in some count	
	(a) robustly	(b) routinely	(c) wisely	(d) wistfully
Q6		hited States and thirty-three ot International Business Trans	-	D Convention on Bribery
Q6			-	D Convention on Bribery (d) Controlling
Q6 Q7	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of	h International Business Trans (b) Commuting	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f	(d) Controlling oreign issuers of securities, to
	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to	h International Business Trans (b) Commuting If the FCPA make it unlawful fo	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f	(d) Controlling oreign issuers of securities, to
	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to business to, any person. (a) as or for	h International Business Trans (b) Commuting of the FCPA make it unlawful for a foreign official for the purpos	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f se of obtaining or retaining bus (c) for or with	<ul> <li>(d) Controlling</li> <li>oreign issuers of securities, to siness, or directing</li> <li>(d) from or by</li> </ul>
Q7	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to business to, any person. (a) as or for Since 1998, they also apply	h International Business Trans (b) Commuting of the FCPA make it unlawful for a foreign official for the purpos (b) by or with	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f se of obtaining or retaining bus (c) for or with	<ul> <li>(d) Controlling</li> <li>oreign issuers of securities, to siness, or directing</li> <li>(d) from or by</li> </ul>
Q7	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to business to, any person. (a) as or for Since 1998, they also apply the United States. (a) acceptance	h International Business Trans (b) Commuting of the FCPA make it unlawful for a foreign official for the purpos (b) by or with to foreign firms and persons w	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f are of obtaining or retaining bus (c) for or with who take any act in of suc (c) furtherance	<ul> <li>(d) Controlling</li> <li>oreign issuers of securities, to siness, or directing</li> <li>(d) from or by</li> <li>ch a corrupt payment while in</li> <li>(d) instigation</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to business to, any person. (a) as or for Since 1998, they also apply the United States. (a) acceptance	<ul> <li>International Business Transf</li> <li>(b) Commuting</li> <li>of the FCPA make it unlawful for a foreign official for the purpose</li> <li>(b) by or with</li> <li>to foreign firms and persons we (b) corroboration</li> </ul>	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f are of obtaining or retaining bus (c) for or with who take any act in of suc (c) furtherance	<ul> <li>(d) Controlling</li> <li>oreign issuers of securities, to siness, or directing</li> <li>(d) from or by</li> <li>ch a corrupt payment while in</li> <li>(d) instigation</li> </ul>
Q7 Q8	of Foreign Public Officials in (a) Combating The antibribery provisions of make a corrupt payment to business to, any person. (a) as or for Since 1998, they also apply the United States. (a) acceptance The FCPA also requires con (a) mark These provisions, designed make and keep books and a	<ul> <li>International Business Transfill</li> <li>(b) Commuting</li> <li>of the FCPA make it unlawful for a foreign official for the purpose</li> <li>(b) by or with</li> <li>to foreign firms and persons with</li> <li>(b) corroboration</li> <li>mpanies whose securities are</li> </ul>	actions. (c) Condoning or a U.S. person, and certain f actions of obtaining or retaining bus (c) for or with who take any act in of suc (c) furtherance listed in the United States to (c) take libribery provisions of the FCF rly reflect the transactions of the	(d) Controlling oreign issuers of securities, to siness, or directing (d) from or by (d) from or by ch a corrupt payment while in (d) instigation (d) instigation (d) treat

Q1 Securities are issued in the market by one of the following methods: an offer to the public by an issuer through a prospectus; an offer to specific known persons selected by the sponsors; or an offer in which existing shareholders are offered new securities.				
	(a) open	(b) options	(c) primary	(d) stock
Q2		takeovers often result in the / depends on the situation.	management being fired an	yway, so the effectiveness
	(a) diet	(b) people	(c) poison	(d) sleeping
Q3	At any given time, a minim	um of four different expiratio	n months are available for e	every stock.
	(a) futures	(b) listed	(c) optionable	(d) trading
Q4				ce with the employer before e years of credited service to
	(a) Nondeductible	(b) Nonforfeitable	(c) Nonnegotiable	(d) Nonreturnable
Q5		term debt instrument, generation and repayable from the generation		
	(a) bond	(b) deposit	(c) loan	(d) note
Q6		tradable equity or debt secu to cash' asset which is class		iding commercial paper and
	(a) liquid	(b) marketable	(c) short-term	(d) viable
Q7	To be accurate, the term company's stock ahead of	preference should only p other series of stock.	pertain to money returned to	a particular series of the
	(a) allocation	(b) contribution	(c) distribution	(d) liquidation
Q8	and that's where the	king for venture money aren' venture capital market becor ely informal, comprising a di	nes critical; this highly elusiv	ve source of financing is
	(a) clandestine	(b) confidential	(c) intangible	(d) invisible
Q9	•	ounting is to eliminate the 'mo		
	(a) creative	(b) expansion	(c) inflation	(d) recessive
Q10	-	if a security breaks above th an that the security will reac		
	(a) historical	(b) maximal	(c) natural	(d) traditional

Q1	below a straight issue; the pro	ed to her boss about the merits oblem was that Finnish laws limi Nokia was already approaching (b) a convertible	ted the amount of a local firm's	
Q2	Allrate mortgage progra	ms come with a pre-set margin, nd lenders will allow you to choo	and are tied to a major mortga	ge index such as the Libor,
	(a) adjustable	(b) floating	(c) restricted	(d) specified
Q3		5,000 was caused by the debto , 2005 and the dated Octob (b) pro formas	-	·
Q4	four times a year when three	what sounds like a line from a c speculative derivatives all expire		
	(a) Freddie	(b) Thrilling		(d) Zombie
Q5	offerings from state and local localities that issue the bonds		ons aren't subject to federal taxe	es nor taxes in the states and
	(a) clear	(b) favored	(c) free	(d) immune
Q6		y (or sell) a security once the priod d stop price is reached, the stop e).	-	
	(a) less	(b) limit	(c) loss	(d) low
Q7	waste comes in slowly - 150	),000 tons per year — the counti	es will have 30 years to pay off	
	(a) city	(b) savings	(C) sinker	(d) social
Q8	-	o concentrate on a specific inves ore risk but offer greater potentia (b) Purpose		-
Q9	A convertible bond is a s stock outstanding and a reduc	security because conversion of the conversion of the ction in earnings per share.	he bond by an investor will resu	It in more shares of common
	(a) collateral	(b) dilatory	(c) residual	(d) transitory
Q10	different purposes and intents market, when actually you are		outperform the market assumes	s that you understand the
	(a) act	(b) field	(c) guess	(d) walk

PHOTOCOPIABLE

Q1		d use for personal or investment p ds held in your personal account. (b) durable	urposes is a asset; examples (c) fixed	s are your home, household (d) net
Q2	-	n full swing ever since February 7t announced a net loss for 4Q06 ar (b) breakout		
Q3	•	ers, you may find that it's too expe n the responsibility of keeping an a (b) balancing		routine chores; someone in (d) reckoning
Q4	themselves appear in the inter warrant, in the international rea		ports, and therefore it seems to b	e assumed, though without any
Q5		<ul> <li>(b) balance</li> <li>used for many architectural, engin</li> <li>ble wood they contain, and a reali</li> <li>usualty loss.</li> <li>(b) assessment</li> </ul>		
Q6		arkets that are used for trading sto diverse types of products as crude grains, sugars, or produce. (b) bone fide		
Q7	M is that portion of the IR	S regulations dealing with the con taxation by passing interest and o d as individuals. (b) Section	-	
Q8	The Securities Association 1997, they became known as (a) Federal	n was the trade association for pri the Bond Market Association. (b) National	mary dealers in US government s (c) Public	ecurities, including MBSs; in (d) United States
Q9		came on the scene, businesspers or partnerships, involving a tradeo ugh a single tax on income. (b) Limited		-
Q10		eiving a Federal Number thro antly with IRS when you complete		

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 399 Money Market Performance

Q1	annualized in the case of its effective form by compounding the seven-day return, and does not represent actual one- year return.				
	(a) accrual	(b) profit	(c) result	(d) yield	
Q2	debt is all outstanding year.	bonds, debentures, notes and	similar debt instruments of a	company payable after one	
	(a) Firm	(b) Fixed	(c) Floating	(d) Funded	
Q3	The Glass-Steagall Act creat the Financial Services Mode	ated between commercial ernization Act of 1999.	banking and investment bank	king until it was eliminated by	
	(a) a firewall	(b) an affiliation	(c) a rivalry	(d) a synergy	
Q4		ise Partnership Fund makes ir rams and small community rev		•	
	(a) enterprise	(b) evergreen	(c) grameen	(d) groundswell	
Q5 Dual funds have a set expiration date, at which time all preferred shares in the fund are redeemed, giving common shareholders sole ownership of the fund; the latter then decide whether to liquidate the fund and division the proceeds or to convert it to an open-end mutual fund.					
	(a) ended	(b) option	(c) ownership	(d) purpose	
Q6		y the asset (and negotiate the r the previous owner (if used) t		sing company to buy it from	
	(a) a direct (c) a purchase leaseback		(b) an indirect (d) a sale-and-leaseback		
Q7					
		pay with cash, Yukako says th t have a huge bill to pay at the		ce of card: "It's safer than	
				ce of card: "It's safer than (d) a credit	
Q8	carrying cash, and you don (a) an ATM risk will be measured to and political stability, militar	t have a huge bill to pay at the	end of the month." (c) a cheque guarantee ng of nine composite indicator ity, demographic stress, econ	(d) a credit rs, armed conflict, governance	
Q8	carrying cash, and you don (a) an ATM risk will be measured to and political stability, militar	t have a huge bill to pay at the (b) a debit by an index of severity consisti ization, population heterogene	end of the month." (c) a cheque guarantee ng of nine composite indicator ity, demographic stress, econ	(d) a credit rs, armed conflict, governance	
Q8 Q9	carrying cash, and you don' (a) an ATM risk will be measured be and political stability, militar development, environmenta (a) Country The information contained in	t have a huge bill to pay at the (b) a debit by an index of severity consisting ization, population heterogene al stress and international linka (b) National n recorded broadcast of Adobe n. Pacific Time speaks as of the	e end of the month." (c) a cheque guarantee ng of nine composite indicator ity, demographic stress, econ ges. (c) State e Systems Incorporated's conf	(d) a credit rs, armed conflict, governance omic performance, human (d) Sovereign ference held on	
	carrying cash, and you don' (a) an ATM risk will be measured to and political stability, militar development, environmenta (a) Country The information contained in December 14, 2006 at 2 p.r	t have a huge bill to pay at the (b) a debit by an index of severity consisting ization, population heterogene al stress and international linka (b) National n recorded broadcast of Adobe n. Pacific Time speaks as of the	e end of the month." (c) a cheque guarantee ng of nine composite indicator ity, demographic stress, econ ges. (c) State e Systems Incorporated's conf	(d) a credit rs, armed conflict, governance omic performance, human (d) Sovereign ference held on	
	carrying cash, and you don' (a) an ATM risk will be measured to and political stability, militar development, environmenta (a) Country The information contained in December 14, 2006 at 2 p.r remain operative at a later to (a) call The securities and futures r	t have a huge bill to pay at the (b) a debit by an index of severity consisting ization, population heterogener al stress and international linkat (b) National In recorded broadcast of Adobe In. Pacific Time speaks as of the ime.	e end of the month." (c) a cheque guarantee Ing of nine composite indicator ity, demographic stress, econ ges. (c) State e Systems Incorporated's confinat hat date; investors should not (c) report at provide for brief, coordinate	(d) a credit (d) a credit (c) a credit (c) sovernance, governance (c) sovereign (c) sovereign (c) session (c) session (c) session (c) session	

Q1	-	ural gas and similar natural modities, raising their prices		•
	(a) deflation	(b) depression	(c) inflation	(d) recession
Q2	-	or purloined, or if trees are connected in the second of	•	
	(a) condemnation	(b) condition	(c) consolation	(d) conversion
Q3		ess is equal to the value of its s; there are in fact two types		•
	(a) absolute	(b) equivalent	(c) liquidation	(d) residual
Q4		at members must charge the provides a guide to what co	-	
	(a) adjustment	(b) mark-up	(c) profit	(d) sale
Q5	by the full faith and credit a	n municipal bonds and and taxing ability of the issue as a housing project or a ho	er, while the former are repai	
	(a) debt	(b) liability	(c) returns	(d) revenue
Q6		ed regulations covering power ve no practical method of		ast few years; however,
	(a) extralimital	(b) nonjudicial	(c) non-statutory	(d) paralegal
Q7		solve this problem: by offerin opt for payment in new share		
	(a) a dual	(b) an alternative	(c) an optional	(d) another
Q8		hat his heirs are to receive th used son Albert's two childre cation.		
	(a) per capita	(b) per centum	(c) per se	(d) per stirpes
Q9	·	ology solution provider and T plist by Euronext Amsterdam	•	
	(a) inceptive	(b) initial	(c) original	(d) primary
Q10		verage margins of the City's tet, may affect the financial		-
	(a) agreement	(b) assessment	(c) contract	(d) covenant

Q1	The value is the sum the decides s/he would like to be	for which the lessee can pure	chase the vehicle at the end	of its lease term, if s/he
	(a) remainder	(b) remnant	(c) residual	(d) resilient
Q2	• •	t of the portfolio to devote to nd once this is accomplished	, he determines which comp	
	(a) alternation	(b) navigation	(c) rotation	(d) substitution
Q3	<b>-</b> .	o include a fund provisi o retire a portion of a bond is		
	(a) debt	(b) depreciation	(c) reimbursement	(d) sinking
Q4	attempt to choose the next	y choose the simple buy-low major bottom or top, we may tinues to slightly new lows or	y experience the frustration of	
	(a) down	(b) in	(c) out	(d) up
Q5	•	may intentionally sell some s by sell shares with the highes		
	(a) a mutual	(b) an acumen	(c) an index	(d) a tax-managed
Q6	attorneys, because it has th	ates for private individuals, th he advantage of corporate re d employees in each departr	esponsibility and continuous	
	(a) accountancy	(b) custodial	(c) legal	(d) trust
Q7		creditor to require that your e e it is a voluntary deduction t		
	(a) assignment	(b) attachment	(c) engagement	(d) garnishment
Q8		income from taxable sources ng personal exemptions plus	•	
	(a) Adjusted	(b) Calculated	(c) Initial	(d) Total
Q9		tee has reviewed all criteria f ndments to the Board of Gov		
	(a) Accreditation	(b) Ethics	(c) Financing	(d) Oversight
Q10		d under the authority of the F isions were listed in Title 2 o		
	(a) Incurance	(h) Danaian	(a) Detiroment	(d) Malforo

(a) Insurance	(b) Pension	(c) Retirement	(d) Welfare
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Q1	· · ·	<ul> <li>b, several individuals or comparts</li> <li>b) the sum of money they have</li> <li>(b) involvement</li> </ul>	· ·	
Q2	The, also called the 'C	ubes', is an exchange-traded t nposite Index quoted each nig (b) KKK	fund; it tracks the NASDAQ 10	
Q3	In a S corporation, the individual tax returns irrespe	net profit or loss is deemed d ective of whether they actually	istributed to its shareholders, receive the cash.	who must include it in their
Q4		(b) Section n the market: such a commod exchange between two or mo	-	-
	(a) Actuals	(b) Bona fides	(c) Tangibles	(d) Visuals
Q5		of the recession is too distant o reduce expenses and mana		cks, so it is buying the
	(a) sacrosanct	(b) secular	(c) stolid	(d) sturdy
Q6	-	en the government can equate cit during periods of low econo gh activity.		-
	(a) A balanced	(b) A federal	(c) A fiscal	(d) An interim
Q7	-	n T, a account is not pern I funds are in the account, and		
	(a) bound	(b) curtailed	(c) limited	(d) restricted
Q8	structures and other long-te	he state's budget, which rm investments like land acqu s and non-profit organizations	isition and transfer, and also	
	(a) capital	(b) ongoing	(c) operating	(d) permanent
Q9		por statistics that will be publis pest measure of the national la personnel.		·
	(a) civilian	(b) domestic	(c) public	(d) resident
Q10		ometer measures the expecta f the general economy, the lea dicator.	•••	
	(a) confidence	(b) control	(c) parameter	(d) performance

Q1		onds if the only incentive we income investments is the in		
	(a) coupon	(b) discount	(c) premium	(d) prime
Q2	utterance before a judge; a	nce unlike something in a ne also, settlements are usually in a broadcast or printed wor	smaller, because the spoke	
	(a) Irony	(b) Libel	(c) Sarcasm	(d) Slander
Q3	Injecting funds into one's a account holder must pay f	account does not automatica or it manually.	Ily settle any invoice or	note pending against it; the
	(a) bill	(b) charge	(c) credit	(d) debit
Q4	accommodation after he s	hat a landlord utilizes to rem erves the tenant with a Notic his lawyer, and delivered by a	e to Quit; this latter is norma	
	(a) A dislodgement	(b) An eviction	(c) An explusion	(d) A retainer
Q5	-	ome tax legislation was the r the deduction for couples an s filing joint returns.	-	
	(a) benefit	(b) clause	(c) exclusion	(d) penalty
Q6	Firm lending is a created time	litor's formal offer laying out e period.	all the terms under which he	e will lend money to a
	(a) agreement	(b) commitment	(c) contract	(d) offer
Q7	is an obligation that results when an asset such as a security is sold by a brokerage or bank and payment is received, but the security or other asset has not yet been delivered.			
	(a) A credit demand	(b) A due bill	(c) An exchange order	(d) A transfer notice
Q8		during the decline in prices, h traders were unwilling to s the bid.	-	
	(a) break	(b) grab	(c) hit	(d) take
Q9		the phrase ' account' m ou, that is less than ninety da		
	(a) prime	(b) proffered	(c) satisfied	(d) sound
Q10		ed inflation securities in Itering the principal periodica		-
	(a) adjusted	(b) aligned	(c) indexed	(d) reconciled

Q1		e bank said regarding the requin oved securities to a total of Rs 2		ory ratio (SLR) of Rs 120
	(a) legal	(b) lending	(c) liability	(d) liquidity
Q2		state estimate the value of prop al for mortgages, to confirm or h		such as to assess property tax, settle an estate, or to aid in a
	(a) Adjudicators	(b) Adjusters	(c) Appraisers	(d) Assayers
Q3	' month' is used in the co date of settlement.	ontext of commodities or option	s trading to refer to the month t	hat is away from the contract's
	(a) Foremost	(b) Furthest	(c) Latest	(d) Longest
Q4		of savings association designed s its borrowers; it does not issue		-
	(a) collective	(b) cooperative	(c) joint	(d) mutual
Q5		ed into liquidation because iled a motion seeking court app		
	(a) inveterate	(b) involuntary	(c) irremediable	(d) irrevocable
Q6		as insurance that you will receiv lender, since you promise to bo		-
	(a) bound rate	(b) rate lock	(c) rate seal	(d) set rate
Q7		general ledger or other books o r transactions, along with any s		-
	(a) final	(b) initial	(c) original	(d) terminal
Q8		e way for cash-strapped compar traight to the public is more cos	-	
	(a) Commercial	(b) Debt	(c) Direct	(d) Mercantile
Q9	never made money, but its h	ost every sense — in the six ye ydrogen creation system and e y, the cutting edge of energy ma	nergy storage developments p	
	(a) a dream	(b) a legendary	(c) an ideal	(d) a story
Q10		moderate decline in underlying iting calls or buying puts can be		when a sharp fall is expected,
	(a) cakes	(b) covers	(c) spreads	(d) strikes

(a) cakes (b) covers (c) spreads (d) strikes

Q1	The problem of grey marked define trademark and copy	et goods has been the j /right holders' rights.	udicial system for many yea	rs, with judges trying to	
	(a) hampering	(b) hamstringing	(c) plaguing	(d) provoking	
Q2	United States with the US	the courts have around trademark holder's approval nificantly from the ones sold	, when imported, will be an i		
	(a) coalesced	(b) conceded	(c) congealed	(d) congregated	
Q3	What a'significant' dif	ference, needless to say, va	ries among products.		
	(a) condones	(b) considers	(c) constitutes	(d) conveys	
Q4		sold in Panama were found and shipping caused the			
	(a) amenable	(b) applicable	(c) susceptible	(d) suspicious	
Q5	vary if the trademark holde	eals has added a to this er has allowed foreign-directe e not the American version o	ed goods into the US in a wa		
	(a) caveat	(b) hiatus	(c) rider	(d) tandem	
Q6	In another case, Elk Corpo Trade Commission.	pration brought their case un	der 21 USC 1209 the L	Inited States International	
	(a) before	(b) beneath	(c) into	(d) onto	
Q7	The Administrative Law Judge of the USITC in favour of Elk, stating that numerous substantial differences clearly existed between the cultivators sold by Elk in the US and their European models, and included differences in the services offered along with the cultivators.				
	(a) had	(b) held	(c) sat	(d) stood	
Q8	While the respondents gave evidence showing that Elk had authorized sales of these machines in the United States, the judge placed the of proof upon them to establish that Elk had approved those sales and that the quantity of sales was material.				
	(a) burden	(b) load	(c) mass	(d) weight	
Q9	·	respondents had raised the na case that materially			
	(a) donna	(b) facie	(c) mobile	(d) pares	
Q10	-	eded to establish a United Standard to establish a United Standard to be mensurate	•	the substantial	
	(a) alleged	(b) irregular	(c) relegated	(d) ulterior	

Q1	Our world emerged from the	ne of World War II in 19	45.	
	(a) aftereffects	(b) attacks	(c) ravages	(d) remains
Q2	-	reconstruct economic stabil ling of global community and	•	
	(a) inductive	(b) invasive	(c) perfunctive	(d) pervasive
QЗ	sightedness; after fifty yea	rstem had to construct from t rs of progress raised on the w and imaginative at at that	foundations that they laid the	
	(a) level	(b) plan	(c) up	(d) (none)
Q4		ly about the finish of the mos conomic nationalism and the	-	
	(a) sought	(b) staged	(c) waged	(d) wrought
Q5	-	ystem on a daily basis has b than the governments in dec		fact that the system gave
	(a) possibility	(b) primacy	(c) privacy	(d) publicity
Q6	-	ir responsibility, but concent ey considered direct interver	-	
	(a) abandoned	(b) abrogated	(c) advocated	(d) avoided
Q7	The key idea of the rules-based system is non-discrimination, and this emerged from the that exclusive dealings and in-groups helped stoke those rivalries and conflicts that drove the community of nations into the Second World War.			
	(a) concession	(b) condition	(c) convention	(d) conviction
Q8	The patchwork of agr relations was replaced with	eements that had undermine n unified rules.	ed the unity and continuity of	interwar economic
	(a) doily	(b) doll	(c) purse	(d) quilt
Q9		on-discrimination principle T system would eventually b		
	(a) enshrined	(b) founded	(c) idolized	(d) lionized
Q10	Answers for the challenges range of fronts.	s that goverments face today	/ and tomorrow will continue	to call for action on a
	(a) concentrated	(b) concentric	(c) concerned	(d) concerted

Q1	In the near future, the Univ University's success.	versity of Alaska's Communio	cations Office will play an inc	creasingly role in the	
	(a) circumspect	(b) circumstantial	(c) pivotal	(d) pointed	
Q2	Colleges and universities a the past.	are currently in competition f	or students, funds and statu	s with greater than in	
	(a) constancy	(b) ferocity	(c) plasticity	(d) tenacity	
Q3	At the U of A, the Commun	nications Office supplies a w	ide of services to the ca	ampus.	
	(a) arrangement	(b) array	(c) veneer	(d) vocation	
Q4	•	ral marketing team is small in by a productive, engaged sta	•	sities in the West, these	
	(a) parallel	(b) parent	(c) peak	(d) peer	
Q5	The amalgamation of and message is of the ess	views, approaches and attit ence.	udes into a single comprehe	ensive campus-wide image	
	(a) deterrent	(b) detractive	(c) divergent	(d) divulged	
Q6	•	e and resources will be nece s are appropriate, effective a		ges and messages to the	
	(a) mutliplied	(b) myriad	(c) satisfied	(d) saturated	
Q7	Support for these efforts is multi and need to be appropriately coordinated, and the University of Alaska's comprehensive mission and goals must be kept always in perspective.				
	(a) crafted	(b) faceted	(c) styled	(d) tasked	
Q8	The University's first mand	late is to give its students	education.		
	(a) an exemplary	(b) an extraordinary	(c) a peremptory	(d) a perfunctory	
Q9		cantly enhances life in the sta provides stability and econd		ajor employer, contributes	
	(a) inestimably	(b) inevitably	(c) irrespectively	(d) irrevocably	
Q10	•	round the nation are being or edia, politically-active student	•	•	
	(a) debacle	(b) deluge	(c) detente	(d) detour	

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 408 Services Marketing

Q1		ngible and tend to be an exp ce they quickly, and onc			
	(a) perform	(b) perish	(c) persevere	(d) persist	
Q2	Marketing personnel often service provider.	speak of the nature of a ser	vice as from the point c	of consumption and from the	
	(a) inseparable	(b) insuperable	(c) irreducible	(d) irreplaceable	
Q3	The right of is not ext have been consumed.	ended to services, since we	merely experience them; we	e cannot sell them once they	
	(a) ownership	(b) salesmanship	(c) stewardship	(d) upmanship	
Q4	The Western economies h economies.	ave seen of the traditio	nal manufacturing sectors a	nd growth of the service	
	(a) degradation	(b) denigration	(c) deterioration	(d) determination	
Q5		any service: services are us xperience are adjusted to se		-	
	(a) argument	(b) cement	(c) element	(d) sentiment	
Q6	Many of us can recall a situation in which the personal service offered has enhanced or a vacation, an overnight stay or a restaurant meal.				
	overnight stay or a restaur	ant meal.			
	overnight stay or a restaur (a) tainted	ant meal. (b) tested	(c) tormented	(d) twisted	
Q7	(a) tainted			· ·	
Q7	(a) tainted Every customer staff	(b) tested		· ·	
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) tainted</li> <li>Every customer staff service.</li> <li>(a) facing</li> <li>This training ought to start</li> </ul>	(b) tested member needs training and	development in order to mai (c) orientating hy, which will involve the new	ntain high quality personal (d) originating	
	<ul> <li>(a) tainted</li> <li>Every customer staff service.</li> <li>(a) facing</li> <li>This training ought to start</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) tested</li> <li>member needs training and</li> <li>(b) fronting</li> <li>during into the compared</li> </ul>	development in order to mai (c) orientating hy, which will involve the new	ntain high quality personal (d) originating	
	<ul> <li>(a) tainted</li> <li>Every customer staff service.</li> <li>(a) facing</li> <li>This training ought to start culture for the first time and (a) inclusion</li> <li>The organization must also</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) tested</li> <li>member needs training and</li> <li>(b) fronting</li> <li>during into the compare</li> <li>d brief them on operating point</li> </ul>	development in order to main (c) orientating (c) which will involve the new licies and procedures. (c) induction Professional Development,	(d) originating v staff in the organization's (d) insertion in which every staff	
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) tainted</li> <li>Every customer staff service.</li> <li>(a) facing</li> <li>This training ought to start culture for the first time and (a) inclusion</li> <li>The organization must also</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) tested</li> <li>member needs training and</li> <li>(b) fronting</li> <li>during into the compared brief them on operating point</li> <li>(b) incursion</li> <li>po pay attention to Continuing</li> </ul>	development in order to main (c) orientating (c) which will involve the new licies and procedures. (c) induction Professional Development,	(d) originating v staff in the organization's (d) insertion in which every staff	
Q8	<ul> <li>(a) tainted</li> <li>Every customer staff service.</li> <li>(a) facing</li> <li>This training ought to start culture for the first time and</li> <li>(a) inclusion</li> <li>The organization must also member sees his or her pro- (a) a lifelong</li> <li>The and attitude of the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) tested</li> <li>member needs training and</li> <li>(b) fronting</li> <li>during into the compared brief them on operating point</li> <li>(b) incursion</li> <li>popay attention to Continuing potential career as pr</li> </ul>	development in order to main (c) orientating (y, which will involve the new licies and procedures. (c) induction Professional Development, ocess of training and growth (c) an interminable ically important: the way that	<ul> <li>ntain high quality personal</li> <li>(d) originating</li> <li>staff in the organization's</li> <li>(d) insertion</li> <li>in which every staff</li> <li>(d) an unending</li> <li>t complaints are dealt with</li> </ul>	

Q1       The development of its marketing strategy is critical for a business, because without one, its efforts customers are going to be and ineffectual.       (a) hackneyed       (b) haphazard       (c) hazardous       (d) heedless         Q2       The focus of its strategy needs to be on ensuring that its products or services customer needs do its competitors', as well as on the development of log-term, profitable customer associations.       (a) confront       (b) face       (c) meet       (d) solve         Q3       The business should identify whole new markets to target: to a successful marketing strategy understanding one's customers and their needs.       (c) peripheral       (d) tangent	better than				
Q2       The focus of its strategy needs to be on ensuring that its products or services customer needs do its competitors', as well as on the development of long-term, profitable customer associations.         (a) confront       (b) face       (c) meet       (d) solve         Q3       The business should identify whole new markets to target: to a successful marketing strategy understanding one's customers and their needs.					
do its competitors', as well as on the development of long-term, profitable customer associations.(a) confront(b) face(c) meet(d) solveQ3The business should identify whole new markets to target: to a successful marketing strategy understanding one's customers and their needs.					
Q3 The business should identify whole new markets to target: to a successful marketing strategy understanding one's customers and their needs.	is				
understanding one's customers and their needs.	is				
(a) adjacent (b) central (c) peripheral (d) tangent					
Q4 One key to successful marketing is the undertanding that both existing and potential customers will specific segments or groups identified by their needs.	into				
(a) drop (b) fall (c) plunge (d) veer					
Q5 The focus of a company's strategy ought to be to identify such groups with their needs and then more successfully than its competition.	them				
(a) address (b) affront (c) assist (d) attack					
Q6 In this way, the business is able to create a marketing strategy which the most of its strengths matches them with the needs of the customers it plans to target.	In this way, the business is able to create a marketing strategy which the most of its strengths and then matches them with the needs of the customers it plans to target.				
(a) builds (b) finds (c) makes (d) sees					
Q7 If, for instance, a specific customer segment wants quality first and, then marketing efforts aim needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.	ied at them				
	ed at them				
needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.					
needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.(a) finally(b) foremost(c) most(d) lastQ8For maximum efficiency, the business should limit its activities to the methods that it thinks will work					
needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.         (a) finally       (b) foremost       (c) most       (d) last         Q8       For maximum efficiency, the business should limit its activities to the methods that it thinks will wor thus avoid its marketing budget too thinly.	k best, and ; this				
needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.         (a) finally       (b) foremost       (c) most       (d) last         Q8       For maximum efficiency, the business should limit its activities to the methods that it thinks will wort thus avoid its marketing budget too thinly.       (a) sharing       (b) spending       (c) splurging       (d) spreading         Q9       Often forgotten is the necessity to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the methods that its strategy	k best, and ; this				
needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.         (a) finally       (b) foremost       (c) most       (d) last         Q8       For maximum efficiency, the business should limit its activities to the methods that it thinks will wor thus avoid its marketing budget too thinly.       (a) sharing       (b) spending       (c) splurging       (d) spreading         Q9       Often forgotten is the necessity to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the marketing strategy control helps the company check how it is performing in practice and also helps to its future strategy	k best, and ; this				

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 410 Virtual Economy

Q1	-	w, if an individual acquires USD i g on this real-world income; how		
	(a) act	(b) deed	(c) event	(d) fact
Q2	date price would be too high; o the price.	bably fail if negative valuation inf on the other hand, a commit	ment offering might be successfu	I if the issuer is willing to lower
	(a) corporate	(b) firm	(c) legal	(d) strong
Q3		nguish cost-push and demand-pu nployees want compensation for		
	(a) spinoff	(b) spiral	(c) stalemate	(d) standoff
Q4		r, nothing made us angrier than t nception of the minimum tax (b) alternative		
Q5			-	
Q6		ssociation was created under Fra owners or risked losing their hous (b) Federal		
Q7		cal juncture in the development of pportunity of climbing to new heig (b) inflection	_	-
Q8		r base than traditional mortgage-l different risk vs reward levels and (b) RECAPS		
Q9		t when a financial representative for believing that it is appropriate oldings and financial situation. (b) compatibility		
Q10		ing age in order to extrapolate the that late hires will not be able to e	-	
			2 S A A	

(a) Actuarial (b) Demographic (c) Longevity

(d) Mortality

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 411 The Best of Both Worlds

Q1	-		nd shares, fund seeks t t from the stock market but la	-	
	(a) a balanced	(b) an equitable	(c) a proportional	(d) a symmetrical	
Q2	An important prerequisite of movements of the index the	-	portfolio movements are pr	ecisely correlated with the	
	(a) balance	(b) hedge	(c) option	(d) storm	
Q3			ion capital program; it a or customers in agricultural p		
	(a) commitment	(b) compensation	(c) refurbishment	(d) reinstatement	
Q4	This chart displays the cro between any two of these	-	currencies; scan down or acr	oss it to find the rate of	
	(a) duty	(b) exchange	(c) purchase	(d) transfer	
Q5			ons with a market value of \$ folio through spin-offs or me		
	(a) accepted	(b) accredited	(c) approbated	(d) approved	
Q6	A bond pays its holde the maturity date.	er a specified amount at spec	cified dates until maturity; the	en its face value is paid at	
	(a) coupon	(b) fixed	(c) premium	(d) zero	
Q7	In the case of a stock that has an unsuspected earnings potential and a low P/E multiple, its price will probably rise much faster than its profits when investors discover its new horizons, and their purchases will force up the P/E.				
	(a) debutante	(b) dormant	(c) sleeper	(d) sneaker	
Q8			a put or call and at the sam reward relative to the tradition		
	(a) deal	(b) spread	(c) swap	(d) tradeoff	
Q9		onfined to issuance of the tru chased from the holding com	st securities to investor pany.	rs and to retain the	
	(a) enclosed	(b) imposed	(c) installed	(d) preferred	
Q10	•		to make a contribution for 2 nd the date to 1 June 2		
	(a) credit	(b) due	(c) late	(d) pay	

Q1	security sale is a case	e in which the seller reserve	s to himself the rights to all o	of its pending benefits.
	(a) An all-out	(b) An ex-all	(c) A no-go	(d) A one-off
Q2	•	any, policyholders who buy a board of directors as well as		
	(a) cooperative	(b) mutual	(c) public	(d) social
Q3	•	of a sets a separate legestablishing it is called the g	· ·	assets for the benefit of the
	(a) bank account	(b) standing order	(c) subprime loan	(d) trust fund
Q4		NYSE is the Consolidated S , but disrespectfully referred		•
	(a) little	(b) other	(c) pet	(d) star
Q5	houses scout out inel produce risk-free profits.	ficiencies in the market and	mis-priced securities, and th	en they make trades which
	(a) Allocation	(b) Altruistic	(c) Arbitrage	(d) Arbitration
Q6		ion found in most common la		• •
	subcontractor to retain a certa	in percent of the payment fo	r a specified period in order	to ensure that the
		(b) holdup	r a specified period in order (c) restrainer	to ensure that the (d) retainer
Q7	subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may		(c) restrainer the company may begin to s summary prospectus adherir	(d) retainer ell the securities, but during
Q7	subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may	(b) holdup bectus is filed with the SEC, f make offers only (a) with a s	(c) restrainer the company may begin to s summary prospectus adherir	(d) retainer ell the securities, but during
Q7 Q8	subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may requirements, (b) orally, or (a) incubation	<ul> <li>(b) holdup</li> <li>bectus is filed with the SEC, filed with the SEC, filed with the SEC, filed with a set offers only (a) with a set offers only (a) with a set of (c) using a tombstone advection (b) initial</li> <li>dized option contract with term</li> </ul>	(c) restrainer the company may begin to s summary prospectus adherir ertisement. (c) registration	<ul><li>(d) retainer</li><li>ell the securities, but during ag to the disclosure</li><li>(d) waiting</li></ul>
	subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may requirements, (b) orally, or (a) incubation A option is a standard	<ul> <li>(b) holdup</li> <li>bectus is filed with the SEC, filed with the SEC, filed with the SEC, filed with a set offers only (a) with a set offers only (a) with a set of (c) using a tombstone advection (b) initial</li> <li>dized option contract with term</li> </ul>	(c) restrainer the company may begin to s summary prospectus adherir ertisement. (c) registration	<ul><li>(d) retainer</li><li>ell the securities, but during ag to the disclosure</li><li>(d) waiting</li></ul>
	Subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may requirements, (b) orally, or (a) incubation A option is a standard cleared through a clearing (a) legitimated A married couple can subr	<ul> <li>(b) holdup</li> <li>bectus is filed with the SEC, it make offers only (a) with a set (c) using a tombstone advert (b) initial</li> <li>dized option contract with ter house.</li> <li>(b) listed</li> <li>mit their income tax returns it to the set of the set</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) restrainer</li> <li>the company may begin to sommary prospectus adheriner</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>n only 2 ways: (1) as marrier</li> </ul>	(d) retainer ell the securities, but during og to the disclosure (d) waiting nge and having its trade (d) registered d filing, in which case
Q8	<ul> <li>subcontractors are paid.</li> <li>(a) holdback</li> <li>After the preliminary prosperiod, they may requirements, (b) orally, or (a) incubation</li> <li>A option is a standard clearing (a) legitimated</li> <li>A married couple can subrall their income and deduct</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) holdup</li> <li>bectus is filed with the SEC, it make offers only (a) with a set (c) using a tombstone advert (b) initial</li> <li>dized option contract with ter house.</li> <li>(b) listed</li> <li>mit their income tax returns it to the set of the set</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(c) restrainer</li> <li>the company may begin to sommary prospectus adheriner</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>n only 2 ways: (1) as marrier</li> </ul>	(d) retainer ell the securities, but during og to the disclosure (d) waiting nge and having its trade (d) registered d filing, in which case
Q8	Subcontractors are paid. (a) holdback After the preliminary prosp the period, they may requirements, (b) orally, or (a) incubation A option is a standard cleared through a clearing (a) legitimated A married couple can subr all their income and deduct account for these items income (a) conjointly Fiduciaries may retain with	<ul> <li>(b) holdup</li> <li>bectus is filed with the SEC, to make offers only (a) with a set (c) using a tombstone advect (b) initial</li> <li>dized option contract with tern house.</li> <li>(b) listed</li> <li>mit their income tax returns in the set on sare lumped, or (2) as redividually.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) restrainer</li> <li>the company may begin to sommary prospectus adheriner</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) registration</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>c) recorded</li> <li>n only 2 ways: (1) as marrier</li> <li>narried filing separately, in v</li> <li>(c) manually</li> <li>stments authorized when restricts</li> </ul>	(d) retainer ell the securities, but during og to the disclosure (d) waiting (d) waiting inge and having its trade (d) registered (d) registered (d) mutually (d) mutually

Q1		some exchanges pay a brok nd is one of the ways in whic		
	(a) duct	(b) flow	(c) stream	(d) trail
Q2		e Tanaka Inc closes its book k and the Cash book) are ac eral Journals.		-
	(a) Current	(b) Initial	(c) Original	(d) Primary
Q3	Hedge funds generally use larger funds use multiple b	e brokers for borrowing prokers.	money, executing trades an	d other services, while
	(a) key	(b) main	(c) prime	(d) sole
Q4		Jones filed aaction laws laws; the suit was filed by S behalf of Jones.	• • • • •	
	(a) class	(b) group	(c) live	(d) swift
Q5		acquired, the holder must fine requirements in order to sell tions are met.		-
	(a) limited	(b) restricted	(c) subprime	(d) unqualified
Q6		agreement is the description the contract, fearing that so		- · · ·
	(a) a backdoor	(b) a confidentiality	(c) an arm's-length	(d) a third-party
Q7	-	posit required for a creating the depo	•	
	(a) financed	(b) floating	(c) secured	(d) standing
Q8	-	combines the benefits of an nsiderable if there is a big up		-
	(a) shuffle	(b) straddle	(c) waddle	(d) waffle
Q9	-	e total for which the company out they are subtracted from		
	(a) applicable	(b) deductible	(c) payable	(d) taxable
Q10		am is an investment venture rough to investors; however,	its use as a tax shelter has l	been egregiously lessened
	(a) Deemed	(b) Direct	(c) Partnership	(d) Personal

Q1	foreign corporations; they ar	ere first issued in 1928 to assist re negotiable certificates which	n evidence share ownership in	non-US corporations.
	(a) American	(b) Federal	(c) International	(d) Offshore
Q2		em is a model which identifies a ers of transactions in the proce (b) costing		and then assigns costs to cost r service. (d) operating
Q3		e is the monetary policy-makin economic growth and a sustair (b) Market Advisory		
Q4	been fixed at the rate of 27. exports and repay old loans		inter-bank offer rate) and	will be used to finance
	(a) Legal	(b) Local	(c) London	(d) Long-term
Q5	•	to take a Required Minimum e December 31st fair market v		-
	(a) Distribution	(b) Pension	(c) Payout	(d) Return
Q6		investments may be placed an ect the fund's transactions in e		-
	(a) agent	(b) factor	(c) merchant	(d) vendor
Q7	•	s a method of accelerated ass oful life and less nearer the end		or greater depreciation in the
	(a) digits	(b) factor	(c) left	(d) quotient
Q8	The cash income now is the present cash.	e equivalent of a later and	larger cash income that would	d result from the saving of the
	(a) actuarial	(b) circumstantial	(c) referential	(d) virtual
Q9		sued by the commissioners of t nually, remains in force, consti upon its Treasury.		-
	(a) irredeemable	(b) irremediable	(c) unrecoverable	(d) unredeemable
Q10	•	of primary importance, but ny sectors — real estate, gold, (b) a basic	67 T	

(a) a balanced

(b) a basic

(c) an equitable

(d) an even

Q1	•	opularity of Islamic finance on and retaining expertise from		new challenges, and critical
	(a) bank	(b) list	(c) pool	(d) source
Q2	The Islamic finance marke estimated at US\$550 billio	t worldwide at the end of 200 n.	07, measured by Shari'a	assets, has been
	(a) competitive	(b) complete	(c) compliant	(d) comprehensive
Q3		ng growth, conventional Wes surance as a but as a v		•
	(a) curio	(b) luxury	(c) novelty	(d) staple
Q4		e of this expansion is the acting skilled staff to help the		•
	(a) parametric	(b) paramount	(c) supernal	(d) superordinate
Q5	The United Kingdom is an	excellent example of the	expansion of Islamic finan	ce and its constituent parts.
	(a) experiential	(b) exponential	(c) potential	(d) preferential
Q6		UK, and the EU are conside but they must also sell these		
	(a) dragging	(b) finding	(c) getting	(d) shuffling
Q7		point, the shifting of experier		try to another is very similar
	(a) balmier	(b) mellower	(c) pottier	(d) wilder
Q8	•	cing a in which more co dequately staffed with experi		
	(a) bottleneck	(b) brick wall	(c) dead end	(d) roadblock
Q9	All around the world, head becoming the norm.	hunting is going on in order t	to attract these coveted work	kers with salary and benefit
	(a) gazumping	(b) lumping	(c) waffling	(d) watering
Q10		been employed in recruiting experienced candidates cons		n is becoming serious, with
	the demand for quaimed, e			

Q1		at Society General caused vent similar future disasters.	by a rogue trader, banks are	e examining their control
	(a) light	(b) regard	(c) respect	(d) spite
Q2	Banks will certainly start re like the SocGen loss.	eviewing their internal contro	Is to determine what they ha	ive set up to events
	(a) catch	(b) field	(c) pitch	(d) strike
Q3	Society General tells us th particular type of	at it has already put in place	further controls in order to p	prevent a recurrence of this
	(a) breach	(b) break	(c) cleft	(d) crack
Q4	Banking institutions will like functioning.	ely be on more bandag	es and plasters in order to k	eep their processes
	(a) ironing	(b) layering	(c) strapping	(d) veneering
Q5		prevent a precise of the executed in a different way.	Society General disaster, b	ut it will not likely hinder a
	(a) image	(b) miniature	(c) replica	(d) template
Q6	The Francona loss was als	so the result of an over	trader's effort at cleverness.	
	(a) bearing	(b) indulgent	(c) righteous	(d) zealous
Q7	The solution put forward to office controls from by	prevent such a recurrence y the same individual.	was separation of duties to p	prevent both back and front
	(a) inquisition	(b) instigation	(c) malediction	(d) manipulation
Q8	• • • •	across cultures is required b chnology systems and acros	-	
	(a) degraded	(b) disparate	(c) dissonant	(d) distended
Q9	Possibly, the staff were att heavily that it sinks below	empting to manage their ass its line.	signents beyond their capaci	ty, like a freighter loaded so
	(a) Maersk	(b) Maginot	(c) Perfusion	(d) Plimsoll
Q10	Increased understanding b	by everyone who is involved	of operational processe	es is most important.
	(a) back-to-front	(b) end-to-end	(c) head-to-tail	(d) right-to-left

Q1	Mistakes can have a huge impact on individuals and businesses, and in a world where data is exchanged, and even stolen at a shocking rate, personal information security has become a top item of public concern.				
	(a) bartered	(b) bolstered	(c) flourished	(d) frittered	
Q2		pplies to a wide area from sec by European Union nations.		, and it's applied and	
	(a) far-fetched	(b) far-flung	(c) far-reaching	(d) far-sighted	
Q3		e and varied application, regu rectify this, a greater m and data security.		-	
	(a) impetus	(b) inertia	(c) momentum	(d) onus	
Q4		ure compliance with regulatic om their own employee pract	, ,	· ·	
	(a) conscious	(b) egregious	(c) malicious	(d) salacious	
Q5	-	ast utilize basic risk managen reality is that data can easil			
	(a) clear	(b) frank	(c) glum	(d) harsh	
06					
Q6		ta through the errors of emplosing the social and social and		the EU; it has caused loud	
QŬ				(d) turmoil	
Q7	public and has serious (a) chaos The F1 industry was taken	s implications of a social and	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari	
	<ul> <li>public and has serious</li> <li>(a) chaos</li> <li>The F1 industry was taken to construct its own cars; N</li> </ul>	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari	
	<ul> <li>public and has serious</li> <li>(a) chaos</li> <li>The F1 industry was taken to construct its own cars; M member.</li> <li>(a) aback</li> <li>In Belgium in 2007, a Fore</li> </ul>	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined fercedes's head designer had	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us d received data about Ferrar (c) to court 3 with the code to the er	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari i's cars from a Ferrari team (d) to task ntrance of a Belgian	
Q7	<ul> <li>public and has serious</li> <li>(a) chaos</li> <li>The F1 industry was taken to construct its own cars; M member.</li> <li>(a) aback</li> <li>In Belgium in 2007, a Fore</li> </ul>	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined Mercedes's head designer had (b) away ign Ministry official lost a USE	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us d received data about Ferrar (c) to court 3 with the code to the er	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari i's cars from a Ferrari team (d) to task ntrance of a Belgian	
Q7	public and has serious(a) chaosThe F1 industry was takento construct its own cars; Nmember.(a) abackIn Belgium in 2007, a Forediplomat's house and the r(a) kitIn December 2006, Norton	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined Mercedes's head designer had (b) away ign Ministry official lost a USE ames of the guards accompa (b) mount began research into EC bus rom external hacking is often	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us d received data about Ferrar (c) to court 3 with the code to the en- anying the King on his Czech (c) port iness security and discovere	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari i's cars from a Ferrari team (d) to task htrance of a Belgian htrip. (d) stick d that investment in	
Q7 Q8	public and has serious(a) chaosThe F1 industry was takento construct its own cars; Mmember.(a) abackIn Belgium in 2007, a Forediplomat's house and the r(a) kitIn December 2006, Nortoncorporate data protection f	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined Mercedes's head designer had (b) away ign Ministry official lost a USE ames of the guards accompa (b) mount began research into EC bus rom external hacking is often	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us d received data about Ferrar (c) to court 3 with the code to the en- anying the King on his Czech (c) port iness security and discovere	(d) turmoil sing information from Ferrari i's cars from a Ferrari team (d) to task htrance of a Belgian htrip. (d) stick d that investment in	
Q7 Q8	public and has serious(a) chaosThe F1 industry was takento construct its own cars; Mmember.(a) abackIn Belgium in 2007, a Forediplomat's house and the r(a) kitIn December 2006, Nortoncorporate data protection ffailure to adequately comm(a) laxThe complexity of the data	s implications of a social and (b) fiasco when the WMSC fined Mercedes's head designer had (b) away ign Ministry official lost a USE ames of the guards accompa (b) mount began research into EC bus rom external hacking is often nunicate its security policy.	political nature. (c) outcry Mercedes \$100 million for us d received data about Ferrar (c) to court 3 with the code to the en- anying the King on his Czech (c) port iness security and discovere undermined by employ (c) tense city of resources dedicated to	(d) turmoil (d) turmoil (d) to task (d) to task (d) to task (d) to task (d) stick (d) stick (d) stick (d) that investment in ee behavior and company (d) terse	

Q1	History is with assertion	ons that 'this time the situation	on is different'.	
	(a) labeled	(b) littered	(c) spangled	(d) spattered
Q2		evered the relationship of ea sk was distributed so thinly t	•	
	(a) off	(b) out	(c) under	(d) up
Q3		nittee communications leave long time to come, if the bill ly done so.		
	(a) ramifications	(b) rationalizations	(c) realizations	(d) rectifications
Q4	•	ntation of Basel II (used by b lions of dollars, it is ironic tha as	•	,
	(a) liquidity	(b) reality	(c) security	(d) stability
Q5		bility, retained as capital to c Is cash flow to ride the peaks	•	
	(a) bluffs	(b) slides	(c) slopes	(d) troughs
Q6		ne most sophisticated financi iness management as cash l		• • • •
	(a) order	(b) play	(c) step	(d) view
Q7	They took several years to during the early fall two year	materialize, but these dynar ars ago.	nics a series of nearly	unprecedented shocks
	(a) fomented	(b) instigated	(c) precipitated	(d) registered
Q8	Cash used to fund increase disruption of the market.	ed assets and retire obligation	ons as they due is at th	e forefront of this egregious
	(a) fall	(b) grow	(c) turn	(d) wax
Q9	<b>o</b> 1	evail, the levels of market cas s a dual hit which only conce	<b>U</b>	·
	(a) binding	(b) hoarding	(c) squirreling	(d) strapping
Q10		have been criticized as igno May of 2007, so that the str		
	(a) siren	(b) stentorian	(c) subprime	(d) sylvan

Q1	•	ften presented in an unwarranation's participation in the w		
	(a) dispel	(b) dispense	(c) dissolve	(d) dissuade
Q2	• •	nes still called "the islands th of smudges to off the m	• •	s have advanced
	(a) feist	(b) fence	(c) ward	(d) wax
Q3		er the opening of the country power to seize and lau		•
	(a) confiscate	(b) nationalize	(c) requisition	(d) sequester
Q4	As early as 1989, the Cayr banks were required to ab	man Islands Bankers Associa ide it.	ation promulgated a Code of	f Practice, and its member
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) to	(d) with
Q5	•	that this Code of Practice and in its first list of Non-Coop	<b>e</b> ,	•
	(a) adamant	(b) harsh	(c) robust	(d) stolid
Q6	•	n's inclusion on this list was t equent paucity of prosecution	•	covering the practices of
	(a) eyes	(b) fists	(c) heels	(d) teeth
Q7	-	y Fund in 2006 released its e sector, a report which was ba	•	•
	(a) gleaned	(b) grounded	(c) scrounged	(d) skimmed
Q8		that, although there is room st illegal money, especially c		
	(a) form	(b) lead	(c) own	(d) pose
Q9	It is less easy to purchase Cayman Islands than it is i	or real estate, establish n many other jurisdictions.	n a company or a trust, or op	en a bank account in the
	(a) capital	(b) goodwill	(c) an annuity	(d) a pension
Q10	The Cayman Islands are e operate legitimate busines	extremely pleasant to visit, bu ses to and within its	ut we welcome only those wh	no intend to bring and
	(a) coasts	(b) coves	(c) shores	(d) strands

Q1		ave noticed a drop in non ent monetary policy; however, n auction facility.		
	(a) backed	(b) borrowed	(c) insured	(d) issued
Q2	One time that a company n hires.	night issue stock instead	of options is very early on for	top executives or very early
	(a) beneficial	(b) limited	(c) preferential	(d) restricted
Q3		ere issued according to the band in a sometimes happens when i		
	(a) Classified	(b) Diffident	(c) Negligent	(d) Qualified
Q4		Capital Access Forum assistence constructions; Ter	•	cme in financing their growing ion dollar cap off the SCOR
	(a) Objective	(b) Offering	(c) Opening	(d) Option
Q5		ued in the weekly rate mode, can rightfully tender their bond		
	(a) conservator	(b) executor	(c) guardian	(d) trustee
Q6		coupon by the Federal R it does present dealers with t	-	
	(a) pass	(b) pick	(c) scoop	(d) sweep
Q7	-	involve selling your equity, bu mething with value which the	, .	
	(a) capital	(b) issuance	(c) limits	(d) reserves
Q8	Ç ,	use an order type called an ' a match they become a c		
	(a) done	(b) firm	(c) made	(d) set
Q9	-	orts of businesses to comply v took all reasonable steps to a		•
	(a) caution	(b) diligence	(c) options	(d) process
Q10		aying field for share trading or party must pass on any bene	-	
	(a) a due	(b) an ex	(c) a post	(d) a pre

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 421 The Uniform Commercial Code

Q1	•	ots a 3rd party check is a ho	•	nother is the presumed legal olds the legal title to this
	(a) by	(b) for	(c) in	(d) of
Q2		inexplored but intuitive meas change; this in either directio	• ·	
	(a) disequilibrium	(b) eccentricity	(c) idiosyncrasy	(d) imbalance
Q3		f the alpha component (that tandard deviation of these a	•	s luck or skill) of the total
	(a) aspect	(b) information	(c) Sharpe	(d) Sortino
Q4		ne borrower plans to pay off small regular interim paymen		loan in a big chunk at the
	(a) backyard	(b) balloon	(c) bottleneck	(d) bottomless
Q5	and publicly-traded share r	ts are that a company must numbers, stock price, and to meet other standards requir	tal market value, and after it	
	(a) filing	(b) joining	(c) listing	(d) posting
Q6		are simultaneous trades in n elivery months are typically i		·
	(a) bid	(b) broker	(c) open	(d) option
Q7	mean that you can go back	to ensure that you are resp to using the 'single' rates w ', filing separately' rates	hich were applicable before	
	(a) amended	(b) divorced	(c) married	(d) revised
Q8		telligence in formulating their able broker to execute their a firm.	·	•
	(a) a disaffected	(b) an ex-officio	(c) a nonmember	(d) an unregistered
Q9	•	cial consequences of risk, us rents, especially those of inte		
	(a) actuary	(b) appraiser	(c) assayer	(d) assessor
Q10	A Tax Deed is normally a . bills, mechanics' liens, and	title, extinguishing all oth so forth.	her encumbrances on the tit	le, such as leases, utility
	(a) peremptory	(b) perfect	(c) permanent	(d) persuasive

Q1		largest US brokerage firm w money from BS and then re	·	ss, hedge funds could use
	(a) general	(b) niche	(c) prime	(d) soft
Q2	·	in the Economic Analysis Bur ne economy in the course of a		
	(a) Allocation	(b) Consumption	(c) Distribution	(d) Valuation
Q3	•	Ily a personal loan that runs a der to ensure that s/he pays ba		
	(a) assured	(b) bolstered	(c) covered	(d) secured
Q4				out Zenaida; after a few Id her there was none, so she
	(a) face	(b) poop	(c) tear	(d) yellow
Q5		announced that it has agreed clients of American Products, I		
	(a) direct	(b) front	(c) primary	(d) straight
Q6		ate mortgage with a provision rates; however, this provision		
	(a) adjustment	(b) diminution	(c) improvement	(d) reduction
Q7		l consent or form is to ad ne s/he understands these risk		
	(a) acceptance	(b) compliance	(c) quitclaim	(d) waiver
Q8	-	affect the USD equivalent of th don Stock Exchange and are t rk Stock Exchange.		
	(a) Depositary	(b) Equivalancy	(c) Parity	(d) Secondary
Q9		oond results from three compo ue of a convertible bond, and t		nd with the same principal and
	(a) plain	(b) pure	(c) standard	(d) straight
Q10		age loan packaged for resale to very competitive interest rate		-
	(a) conforming	(b) piggy-back	(c) secondhand	(d) subprime

(a) Board       (b) Committee       (c) Council       (d) Panel         Q2       After four years in custody, Mr Patronia was convicted on three terrorism-related counts, the jury delivering its verdict in under 48 hours; what was unusual and blameworthy was the length of time he had to wait for the due which most Americans take for granted.       (a) consideration       (b) date       (c) diligence       (d) process         Q3       In termational Financial Futures & Options Exchange lost its single biggest source of income — trading in the German Government Bund — in the late 1990s, but by 2001 it had reinvented itself as an electronic exchange, and at the end of 2001, it was acquired by Euronext NV.       (a) Bermuda       (b) Hong Kong       (c) London       (d) Manila         Q4       A area is a price level where neither the bears nor the bulls are in total control; the market cannot decide which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next.       (a) confusion       (b) congestion       (c) contortion       (d) contraction         Q5       Elevated readings in the spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to receiptorate borrowers.       (a) FED       (c) TRU       (d) USE         Q6       The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.       (a) indelible       (b) Arbitration       (c) unalterable       (d) unredeemable         Q7       is an out-of-court dispute	Q1		e economic analysis and wit	f Economic Advisers provide h advice on the developmen	
verdict in under 48 hours; what was unusual and blameworthy was the length of time he had to wait for the due which most Americans take for granted. (a) consideration(b) date(c) diligence(d) processG3The International Financial Futures & Options Exchange lost its single biggest source of income — trading in the German Government Bund — in the late 1990s, but by 2001 it had reinvented itself as an electronic 		(a) Board	(b) Committee	(c) Council	(d) Panel
Q3       The International Financial Futures & Options Exchange lost its single biggest source of income — trading in the German Government Bund — in the late 1990s, but by 2001 it had reinvented itself as an electronic exchange, and at the end of 2001, it was acquired by Euronext NV.         (a) Bermuda       (b) Hong Kong       (c) London       (d) Manila         Q4       A area is a price level where neither the bears nor the bulls are in total control; the market cannot decide which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next.       (a) confusion       (b) congestion       (c) contortion       (d) contraction         Q5       Elevated readings in the spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term T-bills — while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers.       (a) TRU       (d) USE         Q6       The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an, trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.       (a) indelible       (b) Arbitration       (c) unalterable       (d) unredeemable         Q7       is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants.       (a) Adjudication       (b) Arbitration       (c) Litigation       (d) Mediation       Q8         Q7       The mutual doctrine rules that interest on federal g	Q2	verdict in under 48 hours; v	what was unusual and blame		
in the German Government Bund — in the late 1990s, but by 2001 it had reinvented itself as an electronic exchange, and at the end of 2001, it was acquired by Euronext NV.       (a) Bermuda       (b) Hong Kong       (c) London       (d) Manila         Q4       A area is a price level where neither the bears nor the bulls are in total control; the market cannot decide which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next.       (a) confusion       (b) congestion       (c) contortion       (d) contraction         Q5       Elevated readings in the spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term T-bills — while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers.       (a) FED       (c) TRU       (d) USE         Q6       The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.       (a) indelible       (b) Arbitration       (c) unalterable       (d) unredeemable         Q7       is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants.       (a) Adjudication       (b) Arbitration       (c) Litigation       (d) Mediation         Q8       The mutual doctrine rules that interest on federal government securities.       (a) exception       (b) exchange       (c) exclusion       (d) exemption		(a) consideration	(b) date	(c) diligence	(d) process
Q4       A area is a price level where neither the bears nor the bulls are in total control; the market cannot decide which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next. <ul> <li>(a) confusion</li> <li>(b) congestion</li> <li>(c) contortion</li> <li>(d) contraction</li> </ul> Q5         Elevated readings in the spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term T-bills — while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers. <ul> <li>(a) FED</li> <li>(b) TED</li> <li>(c) TRU</li> <li>(d) USE</li> </ul> Q6         The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers. <ul> <li>(a) indelible</li> <li>(b) revocable</li> <li>(c) unalterable</li> <li>(d) unredeemable</li> </ul> Q7	Q3	in the German Governmen	t Bund — in the late 1990s,	but by 2001 it had reinvented	-
which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next.(a) confusion(b) congestion(c) contortion(d) contractionQ5Elevated readings in the number step and indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term - bills — while Eurodollar turers are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers.(a) C TRU(d) USE(a) FED(b) TED(c) TRU(d) USEQ6The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers. (a) indelible(d) unredeemableQ7 is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants. (a) Adjudication(b) Arbitration(c) citigation(d) MediationQ8The mutual doctrine tube that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax. (a) exception(b) exchange(c) exclusion(d) exemptionQ9The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of relatively is device and states cannot tax the interest on federal success as a multiparties. (a) exception(b) efficiency(c) gains(d) improvementQ9Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates strongly correlated with short selling.(c) gains(d) improvementQ1Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates strongly correlated with short selling.(c) gains(d) improvement		(a) Bermuda	(b) Hong Kong	(c) London	(d) Manila
Q5       Elevated readings in the spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market — investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term T-bills — while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers. <ul> <li>(a) FED</li> <li>(b) TED</li> <li>(c) TRU</li> <li>(d) USE</li> </ul> Q6         The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers. <ul> <li>(a) indelible</li> <li>(b) irrevocable</li> <li>(c) unalterable</li> <li>(d) unredeemable</li> </ul> Q7         is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants. <ul> <li>(a) Adjudication</li> <li>(b) Arbitration</li> <li>(c) Litigation</li> <li>(d) Mediation</li> </ul> Q8         The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.	Q4				
relatively risk-free short-term T-bills — while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers.(a) FED(b) TED(c) TRU(d) USEQ6The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers. (a) indelible(b) irrevocable(c) unalterable(d) unredeemableQ7 is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants. (a) Adjudication(b) Arbitration(c) Litigation(d) MediationQ8The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities. (a) exception(b) exchange(c) exclusion(d) exemptionQ9The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment. (a) appreciation(b) efficiency(c) gains(d) improvementQ9Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.states is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.		(a) confusion	(b) congestion	(c) contortion	(d) contraction
Q6       The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.       (a) indelible       (b) irrevocable       (c) unalterable       (d) unredeemable         Q7       is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants.       (a) Adjudication       (b) Arbitration       (c) Litigation       (d) Mediation         Q8       The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.       (a) exception       (b) exchange       (c) exclusion       (d) exemption         Q9       The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.       (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stored positions is strongly correlated with short selling.       stored point       stored point	Q5	relatively risk-free short-ter			
this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.       (a) indelible       (b) irrevocable       (c) unalterable       (d) unredeemable         Q7       is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants.       (a) Adjudication       (b) Arbitration       (c) Litigation       (d) Mediation         Q8       The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.       (d) exemption         (a) exception       (b) exchange       (c) exclusion       (d) exemption         Q9       The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.       (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.       stort selling.		(a) FED	(b) TED	(c) TRU	(d) USE
Q7       is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants. <ul> <li>(a) Adjudication</li> <li>(b) Arbitration</li> <li>(c) Litigation</li> <li>(d) Mediation</li> </ul> <li>Q8         <ul> <li>The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.</li></ul></li>	Q6			wnership of any property trai	nsferred to an trust, so
party intermediary that examples the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants.(a) Adjudication(b) Arbitration(c) Litigation(d) MediationQ8The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.(d) exemption(a) exception(b) exchange(c) exclusion(d) exemptionQ9The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of rules to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.(c) gains(d) improvementQ10Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.strongly correlated with		(a) indelible	(b) irrevocable	(c) unalterable	(d) unredeemable
Q8       The mutual doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states canot tax the interest on federal government securities.         (a) exception       (b) exchange       (c) exclusion       (d) exemption         Q9       The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.       (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates storal gdata from custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.	Q7				
Iocalities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.         (a) exception       (b) exchange       (c) exclusion       (d) exemption         Q9       The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.         (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock lending data from custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.		(a) Adjudication	(b) Arbitration	(c) Litigation	(d) Mediation
Q9       The ultimate measure of capital is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.         (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock lending data from custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.	Q8				, and in return for this,
adjusted by the length of treestment.         (a) appreciation       (b) efficiency       (c) gains       (d) improvement         Q10       Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock lending data from custodians and institutions.       is obvious that a rapid build on treestock lending data from short selling.		(a) exception	(b) exchange	(c) exclusion	(d) exemption
Q10 Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock lending data from custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.	Q9			eturns to investors as a mult	iple of the capital invested,
custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.		(a) appreciation	(b) efficiency	(c) gains	(d) improvement
	Q10	custodians and institutions			-

(a) borrowed	(b) rolling	(c) shifted	(d) transit
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Q1		stock normally confer an ac ridend privileges; this system wa (b) designated				
Q2		-bearing Current Liabilities (NIBC st and Taxes (EBIT) divided by Ir (b) Reinvestment of	<i>,</i>	Invested Capital (ROIC) (d) Return on		
Q3	The Recording Industry Association of Canada has announced that another 32 individuals have settled copyright suits initiated by the music industry; each of them was charged with illegally downloading over one thousand songs through peer-to-peer networks.					
Q4	(a) detriment(b) encroachment(c) impingement(d) infringementWith a rise in prevailing interest rates, new bonds generally offer higher yields to keep pace, so pre-existing bonds with lower rates are now less competitive; on the other hand, when interest rates drop, a pre-existing bond's rate becomes moreappealing, driving the price higher.					
Q5		<ul> <li>(b) coupon</li> <li>from debt organizations off</li> <li>wer interest rates, reduce my mo</li> <li>(b) consolidation</li> </ul>	-			
Q6		/ York is one of twelve regional b 913 by the US Congress for the (b) Finance	-			
Q7		well-connected in Japan, a CEO of Cripplecreek Holdings L ill pay off. (b) gaijin	•			
Q8		cord date, the National Associati ly 2 business days before the re (b) inter		tock exchanges set the (d) re		
Q9	At the request of the applicant, a quotation may be provided in writing for a specific private works job and must be accepted in writing prior to the job commencement; quotations shall be valid for 60 days, after which time an updated quotation will be provided on request. (a) firm (b) fixed (c) flat (d) full					
Q10	An investor can own shares of		her name, including shares acqu	(d) run uired through demutualization, in (d) sensu strictu		

Q1	September events increased uncertainty and investor risk when there were serious concerns about emerging market basics, a global slowdown, and the potential for credit events in specific emerging markets.				
	(a) aversion	(b) conversion	(c) diversion	(d) reversion	
Q2	In the September 11, the average country returns in debt markets rose in a general sell-off to levels last appearing during the Brazilian devaluation, but it has since decreased.				
	(a) aftereffect	(b) afterglow	(c) aftermath	(d) afterthought	
Q3	Against a of global slowdown, the quality of credit continued weakening, and the average credit quality in the emerging debt markets retreated to its post-Russian-crisis low.				
	(a) backdrop	(b) profile	(c) silhouette	(d) vista	
Q4	Although we had spillovers from countries where credit concerns grew, this was contained within specific emerging markets, and generally financing up reasonably well during this quarter.				
	(a) bound	(b) faced	(c) held	(d) shored	
Q5	The measures of broad spillover or across emerging markets during the turmoil in June kept considerably under the levels seen in other historical instances of stress.				
	(a) combustion	(b) commutation	(c) confusion	(d) contagion	
Q6	The near record in June bond issues helped raise the quarterly volume to its highest level since the boom after Y2K.				
	(a) spike	(b) spin	(c) spine	(d) spoke	
Q7	Increased expectation of a US economic slowdown, decreased potential for media and technology sectors, and deterioration of credit markets took their on emerging markets in the third quarter of the year.				
	(a) time	(b) toll	(c) trade	(d) trust	
Q8	In spite of the nearly total drying of bond issuance, fund raising on international markets maintained itself rather well, aided by a strong loan market and a surge in placements from China.				
	(a) off	(b) out	(c) up	(d) (none)	
Q9	Shifting expectations of the relative probability of a 'hard' as against a 'soft' scenario for the US economy are liable to maintain volatile markets.				
	(a) fielding	(b) grounding	(c) landing	(d) standing	
Q10	As the conditions in equity and bond markets are still choppy, those issuers will continue to exploit of opportunity, while the loan market is expected to remain supportive.				
	(a) chances	(b) crosswords	(c) targets	(d) windows	

Q1	Investment and trade that national boundaries are frequently influenced by public international law issues dealing with the relations among independent states.				
	(a) transcend	(b) transfer	(c) transfix	(d) transform	
Q2	When these issues involve conflict between a sovereign state and a private party, the latter could face substantial obstacles to its rights and defending its interests.				
	(a) validating	(b) verifying	(c) vindicating	(d) vouchsafing	
Q3	Since 1958, Sillitoe & Smith have been advisors to the Rule of Law Committee, a committee of legal representatives of American multinationals with an interest in monitoring, answering and the important issues of public international law.				
	(a) sealing	(b) shaping	(c) shoring	(d) stalling	
Q4	Sillitoe has been working to cause national governments to be more responsive to the rule of law and to devise better legal protection for parties operating internationally.				
	(a) sententiously	(b) severely	(c) strenuously	(d) strictly	
Q5	A major concentration of Sillitoe's law practice and a central concern of the RLC has been international claims, specifically those that have arisen from the of private property by a sovereign state.				
	(a) apprehension	(b) expropriation	(c) preemption	(d) usurpation	
Q6	Sillitoe worked with the American State Department to ensure that claims arisen from the Gulf War were handled without procedural delay and that funds to pay these claims became available.				
	(a) unbecoming	(b) undue	(c) untoward	(d) untried	
Q7	Such issues are some of the essential elements for maintaining the viability and of the procedures for international claims.				
	(a) diversity	(b) integrity	(c) malleability	(d) rigidity	
Q8	For cases in which a tribunal has been set up to an international claim, Sillitoe & Smith have often represented claimants in the processes of preparation, filing, and litigation of their claims.				
	(a) adjudicate	(b) adjust	(c) justify	(d) prejudice	
Q9	Sillitoe has also filed briefs before the United States Supreme Court and advocated and explained the limitations of international law upon the international assertion of American employment law.				
	(a) amicus	(b) curia	(c) regis	(d) rescript	
Q10	Convention on the Law of the Sea, which governs situations involving the sea floor and the seas.				
	(a) high	(b) open	(c) over	(d) seven	

Q1		the US Supreme Court that nstead contracts between na	·	Constitution's Article II are
	(a) all along	(b) long	(c) longer	(d) no longer
Q2	This analogy with a contra	ct was recently by both	dissent and the majority in I	National Airways v. Aladdin.
	(a) convoked	(b) invoked	(c) provoked	(d) revoked
Q3	However, more and more	the treaty jurisprudence of th	e Supreme Court has t	he mark of 'new textualism'.
	(a) borne	(b) drawn	(c) hit	(d) ridden
Q4	• •	y argued that rule of law and uiry in cases of treaty interp		-
	(a) corners	(b) edges	(c) pages	(d) sides
Q5		roup has not agreed with all ation debates in the Senate		
	(a) admission	(b) aspersion	(c) assertion	(d) aversion
Q6	A contract has validity only proposition.	as there has been mu	tual agreement by the contra	acting parties to a shared
	(a) howbeit	(b) inasmuch	(c) insofar	(d) notwithstanding
Q7	An interpreter in a contractual disagreement mostly concentrates on how the two parties understand the contract's terms, but the interpreter of statutes who uses a textualist methodology concentrates on the meanings that neutral third parties to the terms.			
	(a) ascribe	(b) describe	(c) inscribe	(d) prescribe
Q8	Between this pair of content should prevail	nding principles in the interp	retation of treaties, the contr	act analogy is the one that
	(a) against	(b) through	(c) upon	(d) (none)
Q9	•	for textualism in interpretatione lawmaking process — ca	-	•
	(a) abeyance	(b) adherence	(c) allegiance	(d) assurance
Q10	•	e composing an increasing s ting, yet it is shocking how u (b) coffer	·	•

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 428 Technical Regulations and Standards

Q1	Q1 Technical regulations and technical standards acting as non-tariff trade barriers are increasing dangers the developing countries must take seriously, because they can on economic efficiency and considerab restrain trade growth.			
	(a) impact	(b) import	(c) impress	(d) improve
Q2	-	•	to trade presented by different the effect that choice of star	
	(a) deference	(b) deflection	(c) deterioration	(d) deterrence
Q3	•		not yet in accord internation their major trading partners	
	(a) indigenous	(b) indigent	(c) ingenious	(d) ingenuous
Q4		•	arena: a more active and ew adoptions more closely re	
	(a) concentrated	(b) concentric	(c) concerted	(d) concrete
Q5		cipated more actively in the sould probably ensure that thi	standardization process in th s happens de	ne case of voluntary or non-
	(a) facto	(b) haut	(c) jure	(d) novo
Q6		system of national standard	wpoint would encourage offinds information gathering which	
	(a) activity	(b) control	(c) government	(d) practice
Q7		•	o countries to become d impose on their private se	
	(a) demand	(b) elicit	(c) oblige	(d) propel
Q8		n and liberalization, developi ntegration initiatives, the FTA	ng countries should act AA and APEC.	tively for more liberalization
	(a) plump	(b) push	(c) shove	(d) stump
Q9			gration, NAFTA and the EU, onal standards and technical	•
	(a) communion	(b) compaction	(c) convergence	(d) conveyance
Q10	In general, regional approation the region and also the	-	trade barriers have contribut	ted to liberalization within
	(a) versus	(b) via	(c) videlicet	(d) vis-a-vis

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 429 Financial Supply Chain Management

Q1		nvinced that the returns fore eeded in terms of both the s		, ,
	(a) coincident	(b) commensurate	(c) comparable	(d) conditional
Q2	•	much about the absolute san key stakeholders both insid	•	
	(a) cynicism	(b) sarcasm	(c) scepticism	(d) solecism
Q3		ations respond that FSCM is of their other business priorit	•	hey just don't have any
	(a) blotter	(b) journey	(c) radar	(d) target
Q4	<b>.</b> .	cially for the procurement pe contracts with their suppliers	•	nes in place before the
	(a) its	(b) some	(c) their	(d) (none)
Q5		s, it has been battle to money and manpower to its i	-	n the client company and
	(a) a cross-town	(b) a down-the-road	(c) an underground	(d) an up-hill
Q6	Nevertheless, financial ins initiatives for improving bu	titutions continue to work ha siness performance.	rd to get FSCM onto next ye	ar's list of key
	(a) A-	(b) check	(c) red	(d) short
Q7	The important concern nov to function more effectively		rmation in procurement	t, IT, finance and operations
	(a) sheds	(b) sheets	(c) silos	(d) stocks
Q8	After this has been accom	plished, the next is thei	r supply-chain partners.	
	(a) clog	(b) hurdle	(c) snag	(d) treadle
Q9	In times, with relationships guided by letters of credit, a company's suppliers could rely on an established practice to help obtain additional bank funding.			
	(a) before now	(b) gone by	(c) long ago	(d) of the past
Q10		hat the buyers work with the lese reductions as a to		
	(a) softener	(b) souvenir	(c) stickler	(d) sweetener

Q1	•	npliance period is imposed o US markets, following the	-	ricting them from being
	(a) compliance	(b) interest	(c) issue	(d) term
Q2	•	r nuclear installations have t to hear and rule on complair		-
	(a) demonstrate	(b) instigate	(c) litigate	(d) mandate
Q3		t and an equivalent number on, which is a hedging strate		
	(a) joint	(b) married	(c) separated	(d) spousal
Q4	To determine the arithmetinumbers in the set and the	c, the most common typen divide their sum by n.	be of average, of a set of n r	numbers, add up all the
	(a) mean	(b) median	(c) metric	(d) mode
Q5		s one that pays no dividends that are earned on premium		hare in the interest,
	(a) An inactive	(b) A nonparticipating	(c) A nonprofit	(d) An unremitting
~ ~				
Q6	For tax purposes, capital g only with standard tax ded	jains income can be offset oi uctions.	nly with capital losses, while	income can be offset
Q6			nly with capital losses, while (c) ordinary	income can be offset (d) standard
Q6 Q7	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to	uctions.	(c) ordinary , assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees	(d) standard the Assignee the entire
	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate	(c) ordinary , assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees	(d) standard the Assignee the entire
	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to desired by the Assignee for (a) clarifying A maturity is usually a	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate or title of the patents her	<ul> <li>(c) ordinary</li> <li>assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees</li> <li>rewith assigned.</li> <li>(c) perfecting</li> <li>ue of bonds and which contained</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(d) standard</li><li>the Assignee the entire sto execute all papers</li><li>(d) preparing</li></ul>
Q7	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to desired by the Assignee for (a) clarifying A maturity is usually a	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate or title of the patents her (b) completing a later one within a serial issu	<ul> <li>(c) ordinary</li> <li>assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees</li> <li>rewith assigned.</li> <li>(c) perfecting</li> <li>ue of bonds and which contained</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(d) standard</li><li>the Assignee the entire sto execute all papers</li><li>(d) preparing</li></ul>
Q7	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to desired by the Assignee for (a) clarifying A maturity is usually a greater percent of the origin (a) backburner title means that there	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate or title of the patents her (b) completing a later one within a serial issuinat inal issue's principal amount (b) balloon is no artisan or tax lien, second d against the aircraft; you mage	<ul> <li>(c) ordinary</li> <li>assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees rewith assigned.</li> <li>(c) perfecting</li> <li>ue of bonds and which contains</li> <li>(c) block</li> <li>urity agreement, unreleased</li> </ul>	(d) standard the Assignee the entire to execute all papers (d) preparing ains a disproportionately (d) bulge chattel mortgage or other
Q7 Q8	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to desired by the Assignee for (a) clarifying A maturity is usually a greater percent of the origin (a) backburner title means that there similar document on record	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate or title of the patents her (b) completing a later one within a serial issuinat inal issue's principal amount (b) balloon is no artisan or tax lien, second d against the aircraft; you mage	<ul> <li>(c) ordinary</li> <li>assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees rewith assigned.</li> <li>(c) perfecting</li> <li>ue of bonds and which contains</li> <li>(c) block</li> <li>urity agreement, unreleased</li> </ul>	(d) standard the Assignee the entire to execute all papers (d) preparing ains a disproportionately (d) bulge chattel mortgage or other
Q7 Q8	only with standard tax ded (a) annual For consideration received right, title and interest in, to desired by the Assignee for (a) clarifying A maturity is usually a greater percent of the origin (a) backburner title means that there similar document on record by a title search firm or law (a) Clean A sinking fund for the purp	uctions. (b) operation I, the Assignor herewith sells o and under each Letter Pate or title of the patents her (b) completing a later one within a serial issuinat inal issue's principal amount (b) balloon is no artisan or tax lien, secund d against the aircraft; you many a yer.	<ul> <li>(c) ordinary</li> <li>assigns and transfers unto ent, and the Assignor agrees</li> <li>rewith assigned.</li> <li>(c) perfecting</li> <li>ue of bonds and which contained</li> <li>(c) block</li> <li>urity agreement, unreleased ay search the records yourse</li> <li>(c) Fair</li> </ul>	(d) standard the Assignee the entire to execute all papers (d) preparing (d) bulge (d) bulge chattel mortgage or other ef or have this done for you (d) Firm

Q1	1 analysts assemble a mosaic of information in order to come up with investment theses; they provide a valuable service in reaching material conclusions by sifting through information and extracting the bits that may be insignificant to ordinary investors.			
	(a) Securities	(b) Stock	(c) Trading	(d) Transaction
Q2		t investors buy shares withou er shareholder base, less like	• ·	
	(a) Direct	(b) Immediate	(c) Private	(d) Straight
Q3		it infers: the same amount is years, you would deduct \$200		u are depreciating a \$10,000
	(a) Regular-rate	(b) Running-balance	(c) Set-amount	(d) Straight-line
Q4		nders often lure home buyers paperwork, and the greater th cting homeowners.		-
	(a) teaser	(b) tempter	(c) tickler	(d) trapper
Q5	board is the delivery d	ates on futures contracts esta	ablished by the Chicago Boar	d of Trade.
	(a) Above	(b) Across	(c) First	(d) Front
Q6		f insuring the monthly premiu ents are made for you until yo cy.		
	(a) Assurance	(b) Coverage	(c) Guarantee	(d) Waiver
Q7		icipal Bond Corporation ; the first issue it insured was	-	
	(a) Assurance	(b) Security	(c) Underwriting	(d) Warranty
Q8	purpose of paying qualified	Account is a custodial accoun education expenses for its d ed, but contributions to it are r	esignated beneficiary; monies	
	(a) Camberwell	(b) Coverdell	(c) Greenfell	(d) Grinnell
Q9		ok action on the 17th of Augu I face value in return for 100%		at the Fed window and turn in dred billion dollars in dodgy
	(a) Economic	(b) Fianance	(c) Loan	(d) Reserve
Q10		n an estate when a person die		
		nost estates no intri will be pa	ayable because they are within	n me nii rate range.

Q1		Canadian investment structu dual to save money for retire		
	(a) a PPRS	(b) a PRPS	(c) an RPPS	(d) an RRSP
Q2	-	Act of 1993, organization du Ictible for income tax purpos voice.		
	(a) Reduction	(b) Reform	(c) Relief	(d) Revision
Q3		all pay an annual state ad (\$100) of value for all real pr	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	(a) eundem	(b) hominem	(c) libitum	(d) valorem
Q4	•	fund is required by the parate from its other bank as	-	ommission to keep mutual
	(a) caretaker	(b) conservator	(c) contractor	(d) custodian
Q5	paper, which has thre commercial paper.	ee Moody's Investor's Servic	e ratings, P-1 through P-3, is	s the highest quality
	(a) Premier	(b) Premium	(c) Prime	(d) Priority
Q6		ent to the US Constitution w ss; it was necessary for three		egislatures after having been ve it in order for it to be
	(a) legalized	(b) legitimated	(c) ratified	(d) regulated
Q7		and Jim Laxter, who invest i been refinancing or closing d red 1980s debt.		<b>U</b>
	(a) draggers	(b) fishers	(c) outers	(d) sitters
Q8		ong term liabilities and ordina siness, irrespective of wheth	•	-
	(a) Activated	(b) Employed	(c) Involved	(d) Utilized
Q9		of economic analysis availab research by leading economi and Deutsche Bank.	-	
	(a) combined	(b) comprehensive	(c) concurrence	(d) consensus
Q10		change over time, but the co ent market prices for the bone		lects the return the coupon
	(a) accrual	(b) equivalent	(c) value	(d) yield

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 433 *Financing Your Business* 

Q1	With equity financing, your investors may disagree with you on decisions, making it best to sell out and let them have the business; but if you believe in your business idea and don't want to sell out, you should look into financing and retain control over the direction of your venture.				
	(a) capital	(b) debt	(c) private	(d) share	
Q2		provided to developers by co / the employers if the contra	•	• •	
	(a) Performance	(b) Promissory	(c) Security	(d) Surety	
Q3	-	nent sheep by tracking the n ne cover charge is low, and i estions and on emotion.			
	(a) fast	(b) front	(c) smart	(d) swift	
Q4	•	liabilities and assets are pla y, who organizes the selling		• •	
	(a) for	(b) in	(c) of	(d) under	
Q5	A restrictive is a contractual clause that proscribes an ex-employee's competition with his ex-employer or prohibits the ex-employee from taking customers away with him by using information acquired during employment.				
	(a) abstention	(b) covenant	(c) restraint	(d) rider	
Q6		d cash dividends you will get of record and thedivide		should look at two	
	(a) ex	(b) off	(c) post	(d) pro	
Q7	The farther in-the-money c	or out-of-the-money an option	n goes, the smaller is.		
	(a) beta	(b) gamma	(c) delta	(d) theta	
Q8	• • •	le up other companies, inten anies keep the companies th		ions into their own	
	(a) holding	(b) subsidiary	(c) trust	(d) venture	
Q9		companies as industry acturing is now incredibly hig		<b>v</b>	
	(a) blackface	(b) blue collar	(c) smokestack	(d) soiled shirt	
Q10	adjusted gross income) if y	nvert otherwise taxable inco you spend some of your mor ple donations, and mortgage	ney on tax-privileged items s		

(a) Approved (b) Itemized (c) Reimbursed (d) Untaxed

Q1		, investors buy units instead on ners — limited partners and g		tly referred to as unitholders;	
	(a) comprehensive	(b) corporate	(c) master	(d) mutual	
Q2	•	assets can potentially trigger , and they must be financed v		-	
	(a) non-performing	(b) non-prime	(c) under-financed	(d) under-priced	
Q3	·	t exchanges or sales, but the o as to prevent the taxpayer f sidered a capital loss.		•	
	(a) offsetting	(b) ongoing	(c) operational	(d) ordinary	
Q4		ale clauses because lenders r on't want to lend one guy mor edit now has the house.			
	(a) clear	(b) due	(c) pay	(d) settle	
Q5	The rate, which tracks rather closely with other short-term interest rates like the rate for overnight federal funds, is a base or reference rate which financial institutions utilize in setting interest rates for some consumer loans and most commercial loans.				
	(a) bank	(b) lend	(c) prime	(d) set	
Q6		d and lack of risk in its investr earing the highest rating by a		, .	
	(a) service	(b) system	(c) table	(d) title	
Q7	·	the US Treasury held its first s because they can lock in a		•	
	(a) long	(b) Methuselah	(c) Rip van Winkle	(d) sleeper	
Q8		s the markets with securities lary source, because liquidity ertainty over availability.		•	
	(a) buying	(b) holding	(c) lending	(d) selling	
Q9		n on the internet at any broken e DAL Family of funds is FUN	-	n, for the Rydex Family of	
	(a) crest	(b) logo	(c) mark	(d) symbol	
Q10		overed under the Group Life I rminally ill with a life expecta		-	
	(a) early	(b) living	(c) premature	(d) remainder	

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 435 The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

Q1	During and after the Securities and Exchange Commission investigation in the1970s, more than 400 US companies admitted to illegal or payments in excess of US\$200 million to foreign political parties, politicians and officials.				
	(a) inhibited	(b) unanswerable	(c) unsolicited	(d) questionable	
Q2		amut from 'facilitating' paym favorable action by foreign g	ents to ensure government o povernments.	officials certain duties	
	(a) discarded	(b) discharged	(c) disdained	(d) displayed	
Q3	-		es Act in order to a hal esty of the US system of bus		
	(a) bring	(b) call	(c) grind	(d) stage	
Q4	•	-	ceived large fines, along with employees and executives v	•	
	(a) debarment	(b) debasement	(c) disbarment	(d) disbursement	
Q5	After passage of the Act, Congress was worried that US firms were now at a disadvantage to foreign firms, who used bribery and were actually permitted in some countries to use the cost of such payments as business expense deductions on their tax returns.				
	(a) carelessly	(b) mundanely	(c) routinely	(d) unfeelingly	
Q6		y provisions of the Act have such corrupt payments while	also applied to foreign indivi in the USA.	duals and companies who	
	(a) evidence	(b) furtherance	(c) reference	(d) substance	
Q7	• ·	<b>.</b> .	n with its anti-bribery pr transactions and to maintai	·	
	(a) league	(b) sequence	(c) tandem	(d) union	
Q8	Regarding the basic prohit violation of the Foreign Co	•	al elements must be met in o	rder for the act to a	
	(a) compile	(b) complete	(c) constitute	(d) construe	
Q9		can also be penalized if they he FCPA or if they to vi	y authorize, order or assist a olate them.	nyone else to violate the	
	(a) aspire	(b) assent	(c) conspire	(d) consent	
Q10		arty while knowing that some bids corrupt payment through	e or all of that payment will g	o directly or indirectly to a	
	(a) amanuenses	(b) corollaries	(c) emissaries	(d) intermediaries	

Q1	The International Chamber of Commerce Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits all letters of credit for international transactions.			
	(a) governs	(b) issues	(c) monitors	(d) reviews
Q2	The general definitions and	d provisions of the ICCUCP	DC are on all parties.	
	(a) binding	(b) constricting	(c) demanding	(d) limiting
Q3		lit is a contractual agreemen ng bank to pay a beneficiary		on behalf of its customer,
	(a) authorizing	(b) certifying	(c) requiring	(d) validating
Q4	At the request of its custor	ner, the issuing bank th	e letter of credit.	
	(a) clears	(b) opens	(c) releases	(d) sends
Q5	With this, the issuing bank	is making a commitment to	all drawings made und	er the letter.
	(a) esteem	(b) favor	(c) honor	(d) respect
Q6	In essence, the issuing ba	nk is replacing its customer	as the	
	(a) buyer	(b) client	(c) debtor	(d) payee
Q7	A letter of credit is a separ	ate and transaction from	n the contract that it is base	d on.
	(a) discreet	(b) discrete	(c) distinct	(d) distinctive
Q8	All parties in docume contract between the custo	nts and not in goods; the iss omer and beneficiary.	uing bank is not liable for pe	rformance of the underlying
	(a) deal	(b) negotiate	(c) share	(d) transact
Q9	The beneficiary, when requ	uesting payment, that it	has complied with all condition	tions of the agreement.
	(a) assures	(b) ensures	(c) waives	(d) warrants
Q10	The bank must pay the sel	ller if the latter to the let	ter of credit.	
	(a) accommodates	(b) accords	(c) complies	(d) conforms

Q1		of their strategic alliance, the v ways for financial institution		
	(a) articulating	(b) digesting	(c) enunciating	(d) pronouncing
Q2		the world are facing increases ability to expand the potenti		-
	(a) activated	(b) concentrated	(c) enervated	(d) penetrated
Q3	•	utions on the fast track to ne ultancy with our unique custo a.		•
	(a) ameliorating	(b) augmenting	(c) segmenting	(d) separating
Q4		d how this partnership can p s, from joint service offerings		
	(a) barrel	(b) bodied	(c) scale	(d) spectrum
Q5		is about NEC our soluti ement, engagement and influ		a decision technology to all
	(a) embedding	(b) embellishing	(c) embracing	(d) embroidering
Q6	Financial institutions will be relationship with its custom	e able to Yamashita tec ners' enterprises.	hnology in new ways becau	se of NEC's solid
	(a) average	(b) image	(c) leverage	(d) salvage
Q7	As a result of this relations via enablement of key	hip, NEC customers will enjo / applications.	by improvement in long runn	ing analytics performance
	(a) chart	(b) grid	(c) matrix	(d) table
Q8		into geographies that we hav lue that can be from Ya	•	
	(a) excised	(b) extracted	(c) realized	(d) retracted
Q9	"NEC offers the of contechnology," Shibata said.	nsulting that can help institut	ions take much greater adva	antage of Yamashita
	(a) caliber	(b) character	(c) fabric	(d) facade
Q10	Citing an example, Shibata ATM networks.	a said that the partners are c	urrently working to frau	d detection systems with
	(a) align	(b) arraign	(c) arrange	(d) assign

Q1			in requires cooperation betw estment from both of the part	•
	(a) incidentally	(b) incrementally	(c) indelibly	(d) irrevocably
Q2	During the initial developm requirements.	ent of integrated supply cha	ins, the more powerful of the	e partners their
	(a) decided	(b) demanded	(c) dictated	(d) directed
Q3			ponents lowered the working nt heavily to adapt their syste	· · ·
	(a) a just-in-time	(b) an on-demand	(c) an on-the-money	(d) a quick-reponse
Q4	-		ayment receipt date is unkno n system because it is the s	
	(a) averse	(b) avoiding	(c) recalcitrant	(d) reluctant
Q5			ir supply chain, the custome or to match cash flows or ope	•
	(a) an altruistic	(b) an opportunistic	(c) an optimistic	(d) a simplistic
Q6	A smaller supplier may als services.	o higher charges for for	reign exchange transactions	and cash management
	(a) employ	(b) endure	(c) impute	(d) incur
Q7	With regard to the financia invoice input and of p		roving problematic to implen	nent a sure system for
	(a) alleviation	(b) assignation	(c) generation	(d) gestation
Q8	However, in the long run, t	he process of improver	nents in the supply chain de	mands close cooperation.
	(a) imminent	(b) imperative	(c) iterative	(d) itinerant
Q9	Instead of apportioning sav	vings to each partner for eve	ery investment, the focus is s	hifted to a more general
	(a) reciprocation	(b) recombination	(c) restitution	(d) retribution
Q10	Ŭ	lationship can then shift fror ply chain and competiti	n competition between partn on between chains.	ers and focus instead upon
	(a) advantageous	(b) adventitious	(c) adventurous	(d) adversarial

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 439 Foreign Currency Risk Management

Q1		oreign currencies, corporate	finance people are faced to with challenges.	day with having to manage
	(a) flung	(b) fraught	(c) wrought	(d) wrung
Q2	• •		of financial scandals, the en of compliance on financial	-
	(a) space	(b) span	(c) spasm	(d) spate
Q3			ithin most multinational com ncern into a risk to the	-
	(a) bona fide	(b) bonis avibus	(c) cui bono	(d) summum bonum
Q4		d compliance translates into prporate risk, and into the co	a shift of resources away fro ntroller's office.	om treasury, the traditional
	(a) regime	(b) reservoir	(c) stalwart	(d) steward
Q5			treasurers of a seemingly see why employee turnover	
	(a) insatiable	(b) inscrutable	(c) insensible	(d) insoluble
Q6		s to which the staff, systems platility are subjected amoun	and processes that corporat ts to a perfect storm.	ions rely on to protect
	(a) Given	(b) Measured	(c) Settled	(d) Taken
Q7	•		vely easy risk to handle: exc ect cash flow and financial st	•
	(a) slumps	(b) surges	(c) swaps	(d) swings
Q8	There are fundamental pro	blems with the underlying tr	ansaction data used by orga	
	manage FX exposure, and to persistent, errors.		ansaction data used by orga	
Q9	to persistent, errors. (a) sympathetic Frequently, such problems	<ul><li>one contributor to these dat</li><li>(b) symptomatic</li><li>show up in regional offices,</li></ul>	a problems is manual accou	(d) systemic ansaction is converted on
Q9	to persistent, errors. (a) sympathetic Frequently, such problems	<ul><li>one contributor to these dat</li><li>(b) symptomatic</li><li>show up in regional offices,</li></ul>	ta problems is manual accou (c) systematic where a foreign currency tra	(d) systemic ansaction is converted on
Q9 Q10	to persistent, errors. (a) sympathetic Frequently, such problems the and entered into t (a) bound Solving the problem will re	<ul> <li>one contributor to these data</li> <li>(b) symptomatic</li> <li>show up in regional offices,</li> <li>he general ledger in the location (b) fly</li> </ul>	ta problems is manual accou (c) systematic where a foreign currency tra- al currency instead of the tra- (c) ground to ensure adherence to prop	(d) systemic ansaction is converted on hsaction currency. (d) sly

Q1	Banker's acceptances, bills of	of exchange and unsecured no	tes are the major types of	paper.
	(a) safe	(b) short	(c) simple	(d) straight
Q2		osing and implementing any sto el's optimal period or longe (b) carrying		-
Q3	-	f the pain being suffered on Wa sed; the extra cash will be add ets. (b) nest egg		-
Q4		weather, analysis doesn't		
49	-	nticipating what is likely to happ		
	(a) forward	(b) insight	(c) linear	(d) technical
Q5		same cash flow potential as its one advantage is that the inves	· · · · ·	
	(a) adjustable	(b) American	(c) convertible	(d) Wall Street
Q6	stands out as one of the	e most remarkable 20th century	/ financial events because of it	s suddenness the
	unprecedented extent by wh	ich world markets fell — 23 pe		
	unprecedented extent by wh (a) Black Friday			
Q7	(a) Black Friday The Federal Reserve ra	ich world markets fell — 23 pe	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe	olanation. (d) The October Bubble er depository institutions on
	<ul><li>(a) Black Friday</li><li>The Federal Reserve rational from the regional FRB</li></ul>	ich world markets fell — 23 per (b) Black Tuesday ate is the interest rate received	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe	olanation. (d) The October Bubble er depository institutions on
	<ul> <li>(a) Black Friday</li> <li>The Federal Reserve rational from the regional FRB<sup>1</sup> days around a rate change.</li> <li>(a) agency</li> <li>Many couples now open a</li> </ul>	ich world markets fell — 23 per (b) Black Tuesday ate is the interest rate received s lending facility; the rates are (b) discount bank account while keeping pay household expenses, while	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe the same across all Reserve E (c) funds g their separate accounts: they	<ul> <li>blanation.</li> <li>(d) The October Bubble</li> <li>er depository institutions on Banks with the exception of</li> <li>(d) internal</li> <li>each pay a specified amount</li> </ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) Black Friday</li> <li>The Federal Reserve rational FRB<sup>1</sup> days around a rate change.</li> <li>(a) agency</li> <li>Many couples now open a into the former, using this to a set of the former.</li> </ul>	ich world markets fell — 23 per (b) Black Tuesday ate is the interest rate received s lending facility; the rates are (b) discount bank account while keeping pay household expenses, while	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe the same across all Reserve E (c) funds g their separate accounts: they	<ul> <li>blanation.</li> <li>(d) The October Bubble</li> <li>er depository institutions on Banks with the exception of</li> <li>(d) internal</li> <li>each pay a specified amount</li> </ul>
Q7	<ul> <li>(a) Black Friday</li> <li>The Federal Reserve rational FRB days around a rate change.</li> <li>(a) agency</li> <li>Many couples now open a into the former, using this to use of money as power in the (a) checking</li> <li>The firm invested funds in return of the former invested funds in the former inv</li></ul>	ich world markets fell — 23 per (b) Black Tuesday ate is the interest rate received s lending facility; the rates are (b) discount bank account while keeping pay household expenses, while e relationship.	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe the same across all Reserve E (c) funds g their separate accounts: they e they retain their own financia (c) mutual	blanation. (d) The October Bubble er depository institutions on Banks with the exception of (d) internal each pay a specified amount I independence and avoid the (d) savings ernment obligations) and
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Black Friday</li> <li>The Federal Reserve rational FRB<sup>1</sup> days around a rate change.</li> <li>(a) agency</li> <li>Many couples now open a into the former, using this to use of money as power in the (a) checking</li> <li>The firm invested funds in renotes (unsecured obligations)</li> </ul>	ich world markets fell — 23 per (b) Black Tuesday ate is the interest rate received s lending facility; the rates are (b) discount bank account while keeping pay household expenses, while e relationship. (b) joint purchase agreements (short-te	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and othe the same across all Reserve E (c) funds g their separate accounts: they e they retain their own financia (c) mutual	blanation. (d) The October Bubble er depository institutions on Banks with the exception of (d) internal each pay a specified amount I independence and avoid the (d) savings ernment obligations) and
Q7 Q8	<ul> <li>(a) Black Friday</li> <li>The Federal Reserve</li></ul>	<ul> <li>ich world markets fell — 23 per</li> <li>(b) Black Tuesday</li> <li>ate is the interest rate received as lending facility; the rates are</li> <li>(b) discount</li> <li>(b) discount while keeping pay household expenses, while e relationship.</li> <li>(b) joint</li> <li>purchase agreements (short-teres) issued by banks; both representation of the presentation of the presentati</li></ul>	rcent — and its total lack of exp (c) The Crash of 1987 by commercial banks and other the same across all Reserve E (c) funds (c) funds g their separate accounts: they e they retain their own financia (c) mutual erm obligations secured by gov ent money on deposit or account (c) master ucing income and then passes	blanation. (d) The October Bubble er depository institutions on banks with the exception of (d) internal (d) internal (d) savings (d) savings ernment obligations) and (d) prime the profits on to its investors

Q1		n willing to provide non-moneta anagement team and prepare (b) add-on		
Q2	-	l for making comparisons betw ether your business is collectir (b) Proportional		
Q3		ced that it has closed de e an option to buy up to 600,0 purposes.	-	
	(a) a bought	(b) an end	(c) an internal	(d) a straight
Q4	•	ildings, equipment and interme t yields all the goods and serv stock.	•	
	(a) aggregation	(b) creation	(c) formation	(d) injection
Q5	process by which the exerci downward pressure on price		•	es increased upward or
	(a) Mainlining	(b) Railroading		(d) Topspinning
Q6		I measure of the correlation in lifferent investments and meas	•	
	(a) covariance	(b) least squares	(c) standard deviation	(d) the t-test
Q7		esses international debt marke rogram that involves issuing a		-
	(a) implements	(b) instruments	(c) options	(d) terms
Q8	deed is a deed which p (a) An escrow	promises the buyer that the se (b) A quitclaim	ller holds clear, unencumbere (c) A trust	d title to the property. (d) A warranty
Q9		ies use made-up or dummy ne actual numbers, but this is a		
	(a) CINS	(b) CRSP	(c) CSB	(d) CUSIP
Q10	-	asks an independent attorney the propriety of the physical ce s		
	(a) ex-legal	(b) pro forma	(c) subprime	(d) unwarranted

Q1		oulative practice in which a tr ere stop orders exist; these	•	•
	(a) Calling	(b) Dragging	(c) Gathering	(d) Hauling
Q2	Legally, a settlor is one wh be referred to as a grantor,	o settles property for the ber a, or a donor.	nefit of a beneficiary; in legal	systems, a settlor can also
	(a) bestower	(b) consignor	(c) provider	(d) trustor
Q3		I stock, the Capital Stock act narket value received over pa		
	(a) Accumulated	(b) Claimed	(c) Marked-up	(d) Paid-in
Q4		any holdings, it is required by these, which typically occur		•
	(a) defrayments	(b) disbursements	(c) dispersals	(d) distributions
Q5		loes not affect monthly morto indicate the true loan cost, p		
	(a) annual	(b) comprehensive	(c) extended	(d) flat
Q6		der to hold ownership of a p normally, the grantor may s trust.	-	
	(a) direct	(b) living	(c) managed	(d) premature
Q7	-	ton signed into law the Taxp er 800 changes to the US's r	•	-
	(a) Relief	(b) Return	(c) Review	(d) Revision
Q8		stment (REMICs) are ver whole loans are tranched or flow characteristics.		•
	(a) Caches	(b) Composites	(c) Conduits	(d) Cooperatives
Q9	interest is interest bas difference.	ed not on a 365-day year bu	it on a 360-day year, and this	s can result in a significant
	(a) Extraordinary	(b) Nonstandard	(c) Ordinary	(d) Standard
Q10	-	mpensation is difficult, beca n return, demanding differen		s want to contribute more
	(a) effort	(b) output	(c) performance	(d) trial

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(a) effort (b) output (c) performance (d) trial
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Q1		f income with minimal volatili panies as part of leveraged b s.	•		
	(a) corporate	(b) cut	(c) prime	(d) pro	
Q2		ed transfer pricing standard a		•	
	(a) arm's-length	(b) cross-border	(c) exchange	(d) GAAP	
Q3		a good way to gain a broad a used by each analyst may		-	
	(a) combined	(b) compound	(c) consensus	(d) coordinated	
Q4		are partnerships in which nev at the old partners can no lor		isting properties in order to	
	(a) Reconstitution	(b) Reconstruction	(c) Renegotiation	(d) Resyndication	
Q5	Typically, loans are collateralized, reducing the lender's credit exposure to the borrower; the collateral may be a letter of credit, cash, or other stocks, bonds or investments.				
	(a) brokerage	(b) exchange	(c) mortgage	(d) securities	
Q6		transfer from employer-spor ted with a distribution by the ately into an IRA.			
	(a) flow-through	(b) follow-up	(c) remittance	(d) rollover	
Q7	The bond's value is it payments (its maturity value	s value disregarding its shar ue plus coupons).	e conversion option and bas	ed solely on its future cash	
	(a) base	(b) face	(c) par	(d) straight	
Q8		al funds with a low portfolio <b>.</b> d more buying-and-holding,		-	
	(a) delinquency	(b) Sharpe	(c) Sortino	(d) turnover	
Q9	The foundation of price company-specific factors a	cing theory is the concept the and macro factors.	at a security's price is driven	by several factors, both	
	(a) arbitrage	(b) heterogeneous	(c) integrated	(d) melange	
Q10	-	BMW and Bayer, the 10 index for Germany's top one		utscher Aktienindex 100,	

Q1	-	t each Federal Reserve Bank r value to the Federal Reserve	nust hold collateral, chiefly US which the Bank receives.	securities and gold
	(a) debits	(b) credits	(c) loans	(d) notes
Q2			expire up to three years in the ght stock purchases, while puts	
	(a) Advance Purchase	(b) After Planning	(c) Anticipation	(d) Appreciation
Q3		exempt improvement certi s on the beneficiaries of these	ficates in order to finance spec improvements.	ific public works projects; the
	(a) municipal	(b) mutual	(c) unilateral	(d) urban
Q4		nts the borrower's fulfillment of nger has rights of ownership to	a collateralized loan repaymer the assets used as collateral.	it; after the borrower has paid
	(a) completion	(b) execution	(c) retribution	(d) termination
Q5			the beneficiary's expected long ad in determining how much the	
	(a) a generational	(b) a longitudinal	(c) an inherited	(d) a staggered
Q6			dently of one another, and with ring another deal on the side or	
	(a) An aboveboard	(b) An arm's length	(c) An equitable	(d) A third party
Q7			e source and is not in arrears of still depends on the overall fin	
	(a) allowance	(b) approval	(c) cash	(d) credit
Q8			has the choice of either paying non-sufficient funds fee, and it	
	(a) a blanked	(b) a bounced	(c) a cancelled	(d) a crossed
Q9	-		irement plan before the annuit remainder you must include ir	
	(a) an asynchronous	(b) an extraordinary	(c) an irregular	(d) a nonperiodic
Q10		-	f eCheque time: eCheque n today they have begun estima	-
	(a) clearance	(b) passage	(c) presentation	(d) return

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 445 *Cyber-criminals and Cyber-crime* 

Q1		we have seen a big change ntially, that is not the complet		e number of crimes has
	(a) sharp	(b) sheer	(c) stark	(d) straight
Q2	Just increasing the quantit sufficient to keep pace with	ies of manpower and money h all the changes.	that a company throws	. this problem is no longer
	(a) after	(b) at	(c) to	(d) (none)
Q3		h the cyber-crimes that they e in order to guard our comp		g, and our approaches and
	(a) penetrate	(b) permeate	(c) perpetrate	(d) perpetuate
Q4		er-criminals were primarily yo ofit from their efforts but just		
	(a) out for	(b) out to	(c) up for	(d) up to
Q5		use major disruptions or stea ne entire system and then		
	(a) expending	(b) exploiting	(c) extorting	(d) extracting
Q6	In those days, hackers we or two up the intellectual la	re just earning bragging righ adder from train-spotting.	ts and boosting their egos; t	he activity was only a
	(a) notch	(b) peg	(c) rung	(d) spoke
Q7		rimary targets are e-commer t stolen data is misused with		
	(a) slack	(b) slick	(c) slippery	(d) sly
Q8	•	n growth area is in replacing ed applications, and of cours	•	
	(a) latched	(b) legged	(c) lighted	(d) lobbed
Q9		er-criminals are all the resous sourced for attacking interne	-	ich knows that police forces
	(a) wickedly	(b) willfully	(c) woefully	(d) worriedly
Q10	Efforts need to be focused	on the building of secure ap	pplications that cannot be	
	(a) accessed	(b) broached	(c) compromised	(d) firewalled

Q1	Chesterfield suggests that the other marketing mix va	the traditional hierarchical mornial hierarchical mornial mornial mornial mornial mornial mornial mornial morni	odel of planning which places	s communications alongside
	(a) recall	(b) rehash	(c) rethink	(d) reverb
Q2	-	on is not elevated to a strateg g individual marketing initiativ rom the highest levels.		
	(a) elevating	(b) emanating	(c) enervating	(d) escalating
Q3		vely different from the other in ons of price, product and dist ol.		• ·
	(a) order	(b) power	(c) skill	(d) tier
Q4	This is especially true for commarketing department sees	ompanies with brand va s itself.	lues, but it likely means a ch	ange in how every
	(a) intuitive	(b) invasive	(c) persuasive	(d) pervasive
Q5		ns need to pursue strategic v EO's office, even though this	• • •	-
	(a) eclipse	(b) efface	(c) enhance	(d) erase
Q6		tives to distributors and retail g wisdom of finding and satis		•
	(a) curdles	(b) mangles	(c) puzzles	(d) rankles
Q7		ategies utilize consumer-dire ort to pull the product or the s		-
	(a) procedures	(b) programs	(c) promises	(d) promotions
Q8		e not mutually exclusive; for / intermediaries, which will pr		
	(a) bolster	(b) buffer	(c) bulwark	(d) buttress
Q9		ically-integrated approach to the intermediary and the ma	•	rate a of the
	(a) blurring	(b) fading	(c) hazing	(d) muting
Q10		ible for each kind of strategy e main barrier to effective ver		
	(a) designated	(b) envisaged	(c) incorporated	(d) underscored

Q1	•••	portant for leisure service ac cities become more diverse.	gencies to be able to respon	d to all in their
	(a) constituents	(b) contentions	(c) institutes	(d) intentions
Q2	In order to incorporate cha individual and broaden his	•	e service provider needs to	re-conceive his idea of the
	(a) notations	(b) note	(c) notice	(d) notions
Q3	Most observers are now fa	miliar with the important cha	inges in the ethnic of th	e United States.
	(a) composition	(b) constitutions	(c) construction	(d) convolutions
Q4	According to 2000 da the 1980s.	ta, the increase in minority p	opulations was at nearly twi	ce the rate as appeared in
	(a) almanac	(b) atlas	(c) census	(d) gazetteer
Q5	A good deal of the increas people.	e was among people of Hisp	panic — a 60% increase	e from 1980, or 8 million
	(a) ancestry	(b) descendants	(c) language	(d) leanings
Q6	By 2100, people of co	llectively will be the majority	n California.	
	(a) color	(b) creed	(c) origin	(d) race
Q7	of anyone's reaction to this, such significant changes indicate that a new reality has emerged, with implications for all recreation, park, and leisure service providers.			
	(a) Dissociated	(b) Inattentive	(c) Irrespective	(d) Unrelated
Q8	-	-	ned from a reductionist viewpoarts instead of entities.	
	(a) contained	(b) holistic	(c) realistic	(d) sustained
Q9	Smithson et al (1992) offer organism with more than o		ey that the individual m	ust be thought of as a total
	(a) argue	(b) dispute	(c) plead	(d) quarrel
Q10	In addition, after the individ broadens to incorporate m		the of roles that the pro	ofessional can then utilize
	(a) cast	(b) itinerary	(c) personae	(d) repertoire

Q1	·	that selling to the widest ma cause they're afraid that the	•	•
	(a) driving	(b) giving	(c) sending	(d) turning
Q2	But this 'take all' appr	oach is not very effective.		
	(a) buyers	(b) comers	(c) finders	(d) showers
Q3	It is difficult to out if yo	ou market your business lacl	king a set of distinctive prosp	pects in mind.
	(a) stand	(b) step	(c) stick	(d) stretch
Q4	-	at you will not be competing vices customized to the need		
	(a) precedents	(b) preconceptions	(c) predictions	(d) predispositions
Q5		your market research: you a to serve these customers s		• •
	(a) choice	(b) course	(c) record	(d) rights
Q6	Market research can be co	mpared to sticking your	. into the swimming pool bef	ore you plunge in.
	(a) finger	(b) foot	(c) hand	(d) toe
Q7	•	ich customers you want to re n their needs more nearly an		
	(a) bear	(b) craft	(c) post	(d) scrawl
Q8	•	ular niche is right for your bu ddress that market's particul		an its identity,
	(a) tag	(b) tailor	(c) twirl	(d) twist
Q9	You should also determine	whether your target market	is currently	
	(a) underserved	(b) undervalued	(c) undeserved	(d) unreserved
Q10	•	ss specializes, the more its r ctly to their unique situation.	market will see the value of y	our products or services
	(a) planning	(b) pointing	(c) serving	(d) speaking

Q1		be is in the Nordic regio ferent cultures and currencie		similarities in language,
	(a) mimicked	(b) mirrored	(c) refracted	(d) replicated
Q2		ate a single regional capital mained independent or		• • •
	(a) ferociously	(b) fiercely	(c) viciously	(d) violently
Q3		issuers and investors both w most risk and efficient		arkets operating at the
	(a) allergic	(b) averse	(c) avoidant	(d) aware
Q4	•	operability, and internationa operation, there are to	-	-
	(a) assured	(b) bound	(c) set	(d) thought
Q5		ist year, there were to the total to the total to the total tota tota		Im Exchange when it took a
	(a) bruises	(b) fractures	(c) rashes	(d) wrinkles
Q6	However, such cases are	really only minor in wha	t is proving already to be a f	ruitful combination.
	(a) blips	(b) blotches	(c) blots	(d) blurbs
Q7		, which the central secu in these two markets to rea		
	(a) compacts	(b) composes	(c) comprehends	(d) comprises
Q8		et practices and consolidatic and costs in the future as glo		professionals can expect
	(a) fragmentation	(b) generalization	(c) harmonization	(d) specification
Q9	And during times, cos	st containment becomes eve	r more relevant, as we have	all come to learn.
	(a) tortuous	(b) torturous	(c) turbid	(d) turbulent
Q10		outing to process standardization processing platforms which	•	•
	(a) condensing	(b) conducting	(c) converging	(d) conveying

## **Business English**

(Answer Keys)

- A1 I like to visit other countries but I find the cost of travel is too high. answer: (b) cost A2 She is very happy because she starts her new job today. answer: (a) job A3 One day I hope I shall win the lottery. answer: (d) win A4 He must have a lot of money because this summer he is going on a cruise around the world. answer: (b) around Have you read that book about the life of Van Gogh? A5 answer: (a) about A6 Do you want any sugar in your coffee? answer: (c) any A7 They do not accept cheques in that restaurant. answer: (a) accept I cannot work today because I have very bad toothache. A8 answer: (d) ache A9 Children are not allowed in that public house. answer: (b) allowed
- A10 You can see the *advertisement* about the sale in the local paper.

answer: (d) advertisement

- A1 How are you getting on <u>with</u> your new computer? answer: (b) with
- A2 Not too bad but sometimes I just can't get the <u>hang</u> of it. answer: (c) hang
- A3 Do you mean it drives you up the <u>wall?</u> answer: (a) wall
- A4 Well, not that often but there are things that completely <u>mystify</u> me. answer: (d) mystify
- A5 What sort of things do you have in <u>mind?</u> answer: (b) mind
- A6 Well, take the times when everything <u>freezes</u>. answer: (c) freezes
- A7 Yes, I know what you mean that's when you'd like to smash it to *pieces.* answer: (a) pieces
- A8 Never mind, most of the time it behaves like a little <u>angel.</u> answer: (b) angel
- A9 And just think of all the <u>benefits</u> you get from having one. answer: (c) benefits
- A10 Personally I'm looking forward to my holidays when I'll be <u>free</u> of it for two weeks! answer: (a) free

A1	Welcome back <u>everybody</u> in this session — we're going to take a look at some of the vocabulary we used in session 2.
	answer: (b) everybody
A2	To start with, can you <u>remember</u> what session 2 was all about?
	answer: (d) remember
A3	Yes, that's right. It was all about the job I do every day. I expect you recall that I work for a financial company <u>as</u> a financial advisor.
	answer: (b) as
A4	In other words I help people with <i>investing</i> their money.
	answer: (c) investing
A5	My clients contact our office via email or phone and then we make an appointment.
	answer: (a) make
A6	You arrange an appointment with another person because you want to <u>meet</u> or see them.
	answer: (c) meet
A7	The two things that are important for an appointment are the time and the place. You say for example: Let's meet next Monday <u>at</u> 10 o'clock. answer: (b) at
<i>A8</i>	Another word that is very similar in meaning to appointment is the word date. A date is usually a private meeting with <u>another person</u> .
	answer: (d) another
A9	So, when you say: I've got a date with my boss, it means you are going to see your boss privately.
	answer: (a) are going to

A10 Possibly you also know the expression 'blind date', which is a rendezvous with a person you have never seen before and you are meeting them *for* the first time.

answer: (c) for

A1	Do you know <i>what</i> time it is?
	answer: (c) what
A2	No, I have <i>no</i> idea.

answer: (b) no

A3 It's time you got <u>up.</u>

answer: (d) up

- A4 I don't believe you. You can't be <u>right.</u> answer: (a) right
- A5 I'm telling that you must <u>hurry</u> up or ... answer: (c) hurry
- A6 Or what? <u>Come</u> on, tell me.
  - answer: (b) Come
- A7 Simply that you're going to be <u>late</u> for work. answer: (a) late
- A8 I think there's something you've <u>forgotten.</u> answer: (d) forgotten
- A9 Now, it's your <u>turn</u> to tell me. answer: (b) turn
- A10 Remember that there's no work today <u>because</u> it's Sunday.

answer: (c) because

A1	The trouble is I haven't made a <u>list.</u>
	answer: (d) list
A2	Surely you must know what we need?
	answer: (b) Surely

- A3 Well, yes I do have a *pretty* good idea? answer: (a) pretty
- A4 Do we need any dairy <u>products?</u> answer: (c) products
- A5 Yes, we've almost run out <u>of</u> cheese, butter, milk. answer: (b) of
- A6 Right, we'd <u>better</u> get on with it. answer: (a) better
- A7 Oh and we'll also need some washing *powder*. answer: (c) powder
- *A8* I assume there's nothing <u>else</u>. I said it would be quick. Oh dear.
  - answer: (d) else
- A9 What's the <u>matter?</u> answer: (b) matter
- A10 Just look at the size of those huge  $\underline{queues}$  at the checkouts.
  - answer: (c) queues

- A1 Hello I'm just *trying* out my new mobile. answer: (d) trying
- A2 Oh yes. Are you <u>far</u> away? answer: (c) far
- A3 Not really. I'm quite <u>near.</u> answer: (b) near
- A4 You <u>sound</u> very clear. answer: (a) sound
- A5 Well, I did <u>spend</u> a lot of money on it. answer: (c) spend
- A6 Tell me, where are you at the <u>moment?</u> answer: (d) moment
- A7 I've already told you I'm in the <u>area.</u> answer: (b) area
- A8 Well, this is very interesting but I am very <u>busy</u>. answer: (a) busy
- A9 Don't <u>worry</u> I'll see you very soon. answer: (c) worry
- A10 Oh there goes the front door bell oh it's you! I might have <u>guessed</u>. answer: (d) guessed

- A1 The water in the refrigerator should be <u>cold.</u> answer: (c) cold
- A2 <u>Tonight</u> I will come home early. answer: (c) Tonight
- A3 Do you <u>take</u> the bus to work?
  - answer: (a) take
- A4 Have you <u>lost weight?</u> answer: (b) lost weight
- A5 She is a member <u>of</u> the gym. answer: (d) of
- A6 He <u>is an</u> executive.
  - answer: (b) is an
- A7 My friend likes <u>to</u> work on extra projects. answer: (a) to
- A8 Please <u>leave</u> a message on the answering machine. answer: (c) leave
- A9 Yesterday they <u>did</u> very well in their class. answer: (d) did
- A10 At work we get a 30-minute lunch <u>break</u> answer: (b) break

- A1 Bob: Do you <u>mind</u> if I use your phone to call my wife? answer: (c) mind
- A2 Bill: Sure. Would you <u>rather</u> use my cell phone or the one in my office? answer: (a) rather
- A3 Bob: The one in your office is fine. Do I need to <u>dial</u> anything special to get out of the building?
   answer: (d) dial
- A4 Bill: Yes. You <u>should</u> dial 9 and then your number. answer: (a) should
- A5 Bob: If another call comes in while I'm on the phone, should I put my wife on <u>hold</u> and take it? answer: (b) hold
- A6 Bill: No, that's alright. If you don't answer, it will just go through to my <u>voicemail</u> and I can call them back later. answer: (b) voicemail
- A7 Bob picked up the <u>receiver</u> and dialed 9 then his home number. answer: (d) receiver
- A8 Bill straightened up the office, pretending not to listen to Bob's <u>end</u> of the conversation with his wife. answer: (a) end
- A9 Finally Bob <u>hung up.</u> answer: (c) hung up
- A10 Bill: I couldn't help but <u>overhear</u> you're having chicken for dinner tonight. Can I come over? answer: (a) overhear

- A1 Customer: Have you had a chance to <u>look</u> at my car yet? answer: (d) look
- A2 Mechanic: Yes, we've given it a <u>complete</u> examination. answer: (a) complete
- A3 Customer: And what do you think is <u>wrong</u> with it? answer: (b) wrong
- A4 Mechanic: That's a <u>bit</u> of a difficult answer to give in a few words. answer: (c) bit
- A5 Customer: Well, just give me the <u>general</u> picture. answer: (b) general
- A6 Mechanic: To start <u>with</u> It's losing a lot of oil. answer: (d) with
- A7 Customer: I see. Anything <u>else?</u> answer: (a) else
- A8 Mechanic: Well, there's a lot more. I mean the petrol tank has a <u>hole</u> in it. answer: (b) hole
- A9 Customer: Why don't you tell me the <u>truth</u>. What should I do? answer: (c) truth
- A10 Mechanic: Okay I'll come straight to the <u>point</u> buy a new car! answer: (d) point

- A1 In order for you to buy a house in the United States, it is important that you have a good <u>credit</u> report.
   answer: (c) credit
- A2 If you have pets, it is often necessary to pay a pet <u>deposit</u> when you rent an apartment. answer: (a) deposit
- A3 When you are interested in buying or renting a place, you have to fill out <u>an application</u>, which is a type of written request for an apartment or house.
   answer: (b) an application
- A4 Sometimes when you rent a studio apartment, it comes already <u>furnished</u>. answer: (d) furnished
- A5 The <u>tenant</u> is the person who is renting the apartment or house. answer: (b) tenant
- A6 The <u>landlord</u> is the person who owns and runs an apartment building, a house or land. answer: (c) landlord
- A7 If you wish to temporarily rent your apartment to someone else, you <u>sublet</u> your apartment to that person.
   answer: (a) sublet
- A8 It is always good to provide <u>a reference</u> letter to the landlord to prove that you have a good character. answer: (d) a reference
- A9 A <u>lease</u> is a contract that indicates how long you can stay at the place you are renting and how much you have to pay.

answer: (b) lease

A10 Application fees are usually <u>non-refundable</u>, which means you don't get your money back. answer: (c) non-refundable

- A1 I would be very interested in <u>applying</u> for that job. answer: (c) applying
- A2 Do you want to <u>stand</u> as a candidate in the local elections? answer: (a) stand
- A3 They are completely <u>fed</u> up with all the noise in the centre of town. answer: (b) fed
- A4 The reason there are no buses is because the drivers are on <u>strike</u>. answer: (c) strike
- A5 The government has changed its policy and had a complete change of <u>heart.</u> answer: (d) heart
- A6 This supermarket is trying to <u>target</u> young shoppers by offering fashionable clothes. answer: (a) target
- A7 You should have <u>bought up</u> those shares when they were cheap.answer: (c) bought up
- A8 You must try and hurry up because my patience is <u>running</u> out.answer: (a) running
- A9 Have you ever tried your <u>hand</u> at running a business? answer: (c) hand
- A10 After all these years she has decided to take early <u>retirement</u>. answer: (d) retirement

- A1 In order to check all the telephone calls made during the month I want the account to be *itemized*. answer: (d) itemized
- A2 All the representatives are allowed to spend money for entertaining with their <u>expense</u> account. answer: (c) expense
- A3 To spread the cost of spending on articles you buy many big departments let you open a <u>credit</u>. answer: (b) credit
- A4 Once you are earning money and you want to keep it safe, you can always <u>open</u> an account with a bank. answer: (a) open
- A5 At the end of thirty days the company will ask you to <u>settle</u> the account. answer: (d) settle
- A6 The finance director is responsible for <u>keeping</u> the accounts for the business. answer: (b) keeping
- A7 At the end of the financial year it is the responsibility of the chief finance officer to *publish* the accounts. answer: (c) publish
- A8 Before they got married, they decided to open a *joint* account. answer: (b) joint
- A9 If you have saved some money, it is a good idea to put the money into a <u>deposit</u> account. answer: (d) deposit
- A10 However hard I try, I find it impossible to account <u>for</u> this missing sum of money. answer: (c) for

A1	I think it would be a good idea to <u>mention</u> in your letter that you have worked in that type of business previously. answer: (b) mention
A2	You need to improve the <i>layout</i> of this letter because one or two things are in the wrong place. answer: (c) layout
A3	Before you put the letter in the envolope, make sure you <u>fold</u> it in the right way. answer: (a) fold
A4	If you want this letter to reach the bank tomorrow, you have no choice but to send it by <u>express</u> mail. answer: (b) express
A5	When you are going to write an important letter like that, it is absolutely essential that you <u>assemble</u> all the facts first. answer: (d) assemble
A6	When you read something you've written on the computer screen, it often looks all right although you should always <i>proof</i> read it first. answer: (c) proof
A7	I advise you to check <u>beforehand</u> with a letter or a phone call if you intend to pay them a visit in order to save a wasted journey. answer: (d) beforehand
A8	Since that package contains valuable items, you must send it by <u>registered</u> post. answer: (c) registered
A9	Quite honestly I cannot trust this particular letter to be sent by post and so I am using the services of a <u>courier</u> to deliver it for me. answer: (a) courier

A10 I'm sure that computer program you use creates a very good letter design but it's far too <u>complicated</u> for me. answer: (b) complicated

- A1 The worst thing about flying is when you take <u>off.</u> answer: (c) off
- A2 Landing is also a rather <u>frightening</u> experience, too. answer: (a) frightening
- A3 Come to think of it the bit between leaving the ground and coming down again can also <u>play</u> on the nerves. answer: (b) play
- A4 Of course during the flight the airline staff try to keep your mind <u>occupied</u>. answer: (d) occupied
- A5 They ask you if you want to buy things you don't in all <u>honesty</u> want. answer: (b) honesty
- A6 The captain, whose voice is so <u>relaxed</u> you feel as if you're sitting at home watching television, starts chatting to you.

answer: (b) relaxed

- A7 He tries to give you the *impression* that you're out in your car watching the countryside roll by. answer: (c) impression
- A8 Then you start to eat your meal and discover that the knives and forks are made of plastic and snap under pressure.

answer: (d) pressure

- A9 As you've probably <u>gathered</u>, I'm not really keen on flying.answer: (b) gathered
- A10 Mind you, once you've landed and you're saying goodbye to the smiling hostess, it's great to know you've <u>survived</u>.

answer: (a) survived

- A1 It is essential before starting a business to work on a plan to <u>avoid</u> problems later on. answer: (c) avoid
- A2 The biggest <u>risk</u> in business can be eliminated if you have sufficient capital to start with. answer: (b) risk
- A3 Even when the economic situation is <u>strong</u>, there is always present the need for planning in a new business. answer: (d) strong
- A4 Whatever happens in the future there is absolutely no <u>substitute</u> for good market research before you launch a new product.

answer: (c) substitute

- A5 Your *primary* concern is naturally the plan but don't forget your capital or your premises. answer: (b) primary
- A6 When people are considering whether to loan your new business a substantial sum, they are going to <u>evaluate</u> your potential.

answer: (c) evaluate

- A7 It is worthwhile <u>gathering</u> as much market research information as possible before you work out your plan.
   answer: (d) gathering
- A8 Her next task was to have a meeting with the bank manager to <u>demonstrate</u> that she had a secure enough plan to warrant a loan.

answer: (b) demonstrate

- A9 There are certain weaknesses in your plan that need to be <u>addressed</u> urgently if you are to succeed. answer: (c) addressed
- *A10* Since the start of the business many new ideas have <u>developed</u> out of the original plan. answer: (a) developed

- A1 My computer is not capable of saving material on a separate <u>disc</u> because it has no floppy drive. answer: (c) disc
- A2 I understand that I can make it possible for both my computers to share the same programs by means of <u>networking</u>.

answer: (d) networking

- A3 I had only had my computer for three weeks when I had to have the hard drive <u>replaced</u>.
   answer: (a) replaced
- A4 Laptop computers are becoming more and more <u>popular</u> in the business world.
   answer: (b) popular
- A5 You have to have a really <u>sharp</u> mind in order to get your head round today's computing technology. answer: (d) sharp
- A6 The great advantage of having an external zip drive is that you can use it as an extra means of <u>storage</u>. answer: (d) storage
- A7 They tried very hard to install the new components on the computer but the language in the manual was too *technical* for them to understand.

answer: (a) technical

*A8* When you look at the modern office today you could compare the changes with those that took place in the industrial *revolution* in the 19th century.

answer: (b) revolution

A9 In order to <u>facilitate</u> the method by which staff pay is calculated the company has bought a new software package.

answer: (d) facilitate

*A10* Obviously a computer can take all the hard work out of *processing* a large mass of data. answer: (c) processing

- A1 I heard of a new company today with which we should co-operate and <u>do</u> business with. answer: (d) do
- A2 Shortly after he was dismissed from the firm he decided to <u>set</u> himself up in his own business. answer: (b) set
- A3 They went <u>into</u> business shortly after their children had left home and got married. answer: (c) into
- A4 As soon as they heard what had happened, they <u>made</u> it their business to find out the truth. answer: (a) made
- A5 I would ask you kindly not to interfere with what I'm doing as in all honesty it's <u>none</u> of your business. answer: (c) none
- A6 Despite all the alternations that are taking place in the department store, the management wanted to explain it was business as <u>usual</u>.

answer: (d) usual

- A7 She knew that there was some kind of <u>funny</u> business going on because strange things were happening.
   answer: (c) funny
- We really can't delay any more with our plans and must <u>get</u> down to business as soon as possible.
   answer: (b) get
- A9 When the bomb went off, most of the injured were just ordinary people going <u>about</u> their business. answer: (a) about
- A10 Although they had high hopes that they would be successful, they <u>went</u> out of business within six months. answer: (c) went

- A1 I've warned you before that you shouldn't get involved in this matter and you have <u>no</u> business discussing it. answer: (c) no
- A2 That's really not my concern at all and I'm certainly not <u>in</u> the business of telling others what to do. answer: (a) in
- A3 She was very enthusiastic about her new job and was making rapid progress <u>like</u> nobody's business. answer: (d) like
- A4 I really wouldn't joke about it because these people are deadly serious and <u>mean</u> business.
   answer: (b) mean
- A5 He didn't hesitate to tell me that I wasn't wanted and just told me to <u>mind</u> my own business. answer: (d) mind
- A6 I'm afraid it won't be possible to talk to the boss today because he's away <u>on</u> business till Tuesday. answer: (b) on
- A7 He was very keen that we kept in touch and for that reason he handed me his business <u>card.</u> answer: (c) card
- A8 This is the really important part of the machine and that's why we call it the business <u>end.</u> answer: (b) end
- A9 The whole site has nothing but offices and administration centres and that's why we call it a business *park*. answer: (d) park
- *A10* All the famous film stars, actors, directors and writers were at the festival representing the world of <u>show</u> business.

answer: (c) show

- A1 You can be absolutely sure I'm on your <u>side.</u> answer: (d) side
- A2 You can <u>rely</u> on me for your support. answer: (b) rely
- A3 Our views clearly <u>coincide</u> at this point I'm pleased to say. answer: (d) coincide
- A4 Fortunately the leader and all her members were singing from the same <u>hymn</u> sheet. answer: (a) hymn
- A5 It's good that we both have the same way of *looking* at things. answer: (c) looking
- A6 I'm pleased to say that we speak on this matter with one <u>voice</u>. answer: (d) voice
- A7 I certainly won't <u>raise</u> any objection when you make your proposal.
   answer: (b) raise
- A8 I'm <u>with</u> you all the way as far as that's concerned.answer: (a) with
- A9 I'm happy to <u>endorse</u> those sentiments and wish you every success. answer: (c) endorse
- A10 When it comes to the vote I'm willing to put my <u>hand</u> up and support you. answer: (d) hand

- A1 Please <u>forgive</u> me for interrupting you, I didn't realize you were busy with someone else. answer: (d) forgive
- A2 I'm very <u>sorry</u> that I'm late but there is a train strike on at the moment. answer: (b) sorry
- A3 Please send my <u>apologies</u> to the meeting as I shan't be able to attend. answer: (a) apologies
- A4 There's really no <u>excuse</u> for my behaviour last night. I can only think that I'd had too much to drink. answer: (c) excuse
- A5 I know I shouldn't have made those remarks about your work and I hope you now know how deeply I <u>regret</u> what I said.

answer: (b) regret

- A6 I must <u>beg</u> your pardon, I mistook you for somebody else.
   answer: (d) beg
- A7 If it helps to put things right, please let me take <u>back</u> everything I said earlier.
   answer: (b) back
- A8 Please accept this small present as my way of making <u>amends</u> for all the trouble I've caused. answer: (c) amends
- A9 All I can do now is simply beg your <u>indulgence</u> and hope that in time we can get back to where we used to be. answer: (d) indulgence
- A10 In their religion as long as they <u>repent</u>, they will be forgiven their sins. answer: (a) repent

- A1 Am I going in the right <u>direction</u> for the post office? answer: (d) direction
- A2 Can you tell me please how I <u>get</u> to the cinema from here? answer: (b) get
- A3 Could you please *point* me in the direction of the motorway? answer: (c) point
- A4 I'm making for the M25 motorway is this road the most <u>direct</u> route? answer: (d) direct
- A5 Could you tell me please how <u>far</u> I am from the town centre? answer: (b) far
- A6 Can you help please because I've lost my way and <u>need</u> to get to the shops before closing time? answer: (a) need
- A7 I'm <u>making</u> for the town hall am I anywhere near?answer: (b) making
- A8 I took the wrong <u>turning</u> at the last road junction, can you tell me how I get back on the motorway? answer: (d) turning
- A9 <u>According</u> to this map I should be near the church. Is it near? answer: (c) According
- A10 Is this <u>right</u> for the railway station? answer: (d) right

- A1 I'm really not satisfied with the way you have <u>handled</u> the situation. answer: (b) handled
- A2 I've really had enough of all your excuses, what I want is some <u>action</u>. answer: (a) action
- A3 You've refused to help me now for six months and so I shall now have to take the matter <u>further</u>. answer: (d) further
- A4 I must <u>insist</u> you do something immediately as I've been patient long enough. answer: (c) insist
- A5 I now want some kind of compensation for the total <u>lack</u> of service I've experienced. answer: (a) lack
- A6 I'm obviously not getting anywhere with my complaint, please let me talk to someone <u>senior</u> to you. answer: (d) senior
- A7 I'm very unhappy with the way I've been <u>treated</u>. No one seems at all interested in my case.
   answer: (b) treated
- A8 I believe I have very good <u>grounds</u> for suing your company for negligence. answer: (c) grounds
- A9 If you don't do something today, I shall be <u>forced</u> to take legal action. answer: (d) forced
- A10 You're the tenth person I've been put through to and I'm on the point of losing my <u>temper</u>. answer: (b) temper

- A1 Quite honestly I didn't think <u>much</u> of the standard of acting in the play. answer: (d) much
- A2 If you want my <u>honest</u> opinion, I thought the food tasted revolting. answer: (c) honest
- A3 To come straight to the *point* I think the management team needs replacing. answer: (d) point
- A4 There are several matters on which I should like to take <u>issue</u> concerning your report. answer: (c) issue
- A5 There's really no virtue in me pussy<u>footing</u> around because I might as well tell you it's awful. answer: (b) footing
- A6 I have a long <u>list</u> of things I think are wrong, where shall I start? answer: (d) list
- A7 I'm afraid to tell you that your standard of work has fallen well below what we think is <u>acceptable</u>. answer: (c) acceptable
- A8 In all honesty if I said that everything was all right, I'd simply be <u>lying.</u> answer: (a) lying
- A9 If you can't improve your level of work, I'm afraid you'll have to look <u>elsewhere</u> for another job. answer: (b) elsewhere
- A10 I'm sick and <u>tired</u> of always having to put right your mistakes. answer: (d) tired

- A1 I'm sorry but I can't <u>share</u> your opinion on that. answer: (b) share
- A2 I very much regret that we must <u>part</u> company on that issue. answer: (c) part
- A3 Let's be honest about it we'll never agree on that because our views are diametrically <u>opposed</u>. answer: (d) opposed
- A4 We'll never agree, that's clear so let's <u>beg</u> to differ. answer: (c) beg
- A5 You can argue with me till the cows come <u>home</u> but I can't accept that. answer: (d) home
- A6 I really see no point in continuing this argument because we have no <u>common</u> ground. answer: (c) common
- A7 There's absolutely no way I can <u>meet</u> you on that matter.
   answer: (a) meet
- A8 Nothing in the world will ever make me change my <u>mind</u> on that subject.
   answer: (b) mind
- A9 I would love to meet you half way but I'm afraid I can't because with me it's a matter of *principle*. answer: (d) principle
- A10 Let's <u>face</u> it, you and I will never see eye to eye on this. answer: (c) face

- A1 Well <u>done</u>! This is a very good piece of work. answer: (b) done
- A2 I must congratulate you on your efforts. <u>Keep</u> it up! answer: (c) Keep
- A3 Don't give up whatever you do. I'm sure you'll <u>make</u> it in the end. answer: (d) make
- A4 I'll <u>stand</u> by you no matter what happens. answer: (a) stand
- A5 I'm sure if you <u>persevere</u>, you'll succeed. answer: (d) persevere
- A6 You've clearly got <u>talent</u> and it's obvious that you'll get to the top. answer: (c) talent
- A7 I've watched a lot of young people try to make a success of it, but you're the only one I really <u>believe</u> in.
   answer: (d) believe
- A8 I see no <u>reason</u> why you shouldn't be accepted as an employee. answer: (c) reason
- A9 Never <u>give</u> up. That's a good philosophy. answer: (a) give
- A10 You mustn't ever be <u>put</u> off by a few setbacks. answer: (c) put

- A1 She was going to discuss the matter <u>either</u> with her colleagues or her family. answer: (d) either
- A2 Our project team tried hard to think <u>of</u> all the possible alternatives before making a decision. answer: (a) of
- A3 Timing can be <u>extremely</u> crucial when you're considering launching a new online marketing campaign. answer: (c) extremely
- A4 Are you able to <u>accept</u> our conditions of delivery in line with our recent invoice? answer: (c) accept
- A5 Fortunately for us we're finding our new internet division is showing an increased *profit.* answer: (b) profit
- A6 Following some recent research our engineers <u>found</u> that our index system has scope for fast improvement. answer: (c) found
- A7 In our line of business it is vital to host our website on our own server <u>instead</u> of getting someone else to do it.
   answer: (d) instead
- A8 Before you employ new staff you should carry out a <u>careful</u> examination of their personal qualities and professional experience.

answer: (a) careful

A9 Thanks to the high standards of service we offer our customers, we have been able to establish an excellent *reputation.* 

answer: (c) reputation

A10 An interactive website can save your organisation <u>significant</u> amounts of time and money that would otherwise be spent on correspondence.

answer: (b) significant

Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 17 (Answer Keys) Adverbially Speaking

- A1 They had to drive <u>slowly</u> up the hill because the car was very old. answer: (c) slowly
- A2 Please listen <u>carefully</u> because this is important. answer: (d) carefully
- A3 Sorry we're late but we got here as <u>quickly</u> as we could.
   answer: (b) quickly
- A4 He mumbled throughout his speech so I could <u>hardly</u> understand a single word. answer: (c) hardly
- A5 I trust his judgement he <u>never</u> makes a mistake. answer: (a) never
- A6 You've <u>completely</u> ruined my new carpet with your filthy shoes. answer: (d) completely
- A7 You haven't <u>actually</u> written that letter, have you? answer: (c) actually
- A8 I have <u>repeatedly</u> told her not to do that and yet she always does.
   answer: (b) repeatedly
- A9 It was a very long day but we <u>eventually</u> arrived in time for tea. answer: (d) eventually
- A10 He didn't want me to enter and <u>hotly</u> disputed my reason for being there. answer: (a) hotly

- A1 I am writing this letter to you as a sort of last <u>resort</u> since all my attempts to phone you answer: (d) resort
- A2 and to try and make an <u>appointment</u> to meet you and discuss my problem with you have been unsuccessful. answer: (c) appointment
- A3 I would like to tell you the story from the <u>very</u> beginning.
   answer: (d) very
- A4 In January this year I bought a washing machine from you for which I paid <u>cash</u> answer: (a) cash
- A5 and made <u>arrangements</u> for it to be delivered to my home in Southcote on the following Tuesday. answer: (b) arrangements
- A6 I stayed in all day on <u>purpose</u> as you had informed me that you could not be sure at what time of day the washing machine would arrive.

answer: (c) purpose

- A7 In the end nobody came that day. When I phoned, I was told it <u>would</u> come the following Tuesday.
   answer: (d) would
- A8 Again I stayed in all day in <u>vain</u> and there was no delivery.answer: (a) vain
- A9 After six more phone calls I *eventually* succeeded in settling on a date answer: (c) eventually
- A10 and the machine came on Tuesday February 20th almost 5 weeks after the *promised* delivery date. answer: (b) promised

- A1 I had the washing machine fitted by a <u>reputable</u> plumber but he was unable to make the thing work. answer: (c) reputable
- A2 <u>Apparently</u> one of the components was faulty and he recommended that I got back to you so that a replacement could be fitted.

answer: (d) Apparently

- A3 When I telephoned your store and explained the <u>situation</u> to your receptionist, answer: (b) situation
- A4 I was <u>greeted</u> with the comment, 'Oh not you again' answer: (d) greeted
- A5 which I found most <u>offensive</u> especially since throughout the protracted period of waiting for the machine answer: (c) offensive
- A6 I remained calm although I believe I have every reason for <u>kicking</u> up a fuss.
   answer: (b) kicking
- A7 I eventually got put <u>through</u> to the technical department answer: (a) through
- A8 who were most <u>off</u> hand answer: (d) off
- A9 and told me there was <u>*little*</u> that could be done immediately answer: (b) little
- A10 since there were a number of people <u>off</u> sick. answer: (c) off

A1 We now move on to late March when I imagine that the sick employees were fully recovered answer: (d) recovered A2 and one of your technical staff came out to see me with the intention of replacing the defective part. answer: (a) defective A3 Unfortunately he had brought the wrong part with him answer: (c) brought A4 and was very unsure as to when he would be able to find the right part and get it back to me. answer: (b) unsure Another visit took place in late April but the engineer, although he had got the right part with him, was unable A5 to make the washing machine work. answer: (d) place It was at this stage that I was seriously considering getting rid of the machine A6 answer: (a) rid and asking for a refund Α7 answer: (b) refund A8 When I raised this matter with one of your staff answer: (d) raised A9 I was informed that this was out of the question answer: (c) question A10 and they would send someone in the 'near future'.

answer: (a) near

- A1 At the beginning of May I decided that the only course of action was to <u>pay</u> a visit to your store answer: (c) pay
- A2 and meet you face to face so that the matter could be settled once and for <u>all</u>. answer: (d) all
- A3 <u>Admittedly</u> I should have checked first since when I reached the shop I was led to believe that you were out for the day.

answer: (a) Admittedly

- A4 Throughout this time of course I have been without the <u>facility</u> of a washing machine answer: (b) facility
- A5 and have had to use the local <u>launderette.</u> answer: (c) launderette
- A6 From the end of May until August I have been away on business and was surprised that <u>during</u> that period answer: (d) during
- A7 no effort has been made to write to me and keep me <u>up</u> to date.answer: (b) up
- A8 Since returning in September I have made at least a dozen phone calls and quite frankly I have reached the end of my <u>tether.</u>

answer: (a) tether

- A9 and must <u>insist</u> that you do something immediately to put the matter right. answer: (c) insist
- A10 If I do not hear from you by the end of this week I shall be forced to <u>seek</u> legal advice. answer: (d) seek

A1 When Dad turned 50 we gave him a(n) *over*-the-hill party. answer: (d) over A2 Young workers should begin investing now in preparation for retirement. answer: (a) investing A3 Fortunately, we have more than enough volunteers for the job. answer: (c) Fortunately He threw away the yogurt because it was out of date. A4 answer: (d) out A5 Talk to your insurance agency about the *coverage* your plan provides. answer: (a) coverage A6 Consumers are constantly bombarded with pleas to buy products that they 'can't live without'. answer: (b) bombarded A7 She is very *meticulous* in everything she does. answer: (d) meticulous A8 Gas prices are at an all-time high.

answer: (b) high

- A9 Analysts said the acquisition would <u>boost</u> earnings. answer: (a) boost
- A10 Fire code regulations <u>require</u> that fire extinguishers be placed strategically throughout the building. answer: (d) require

- A1 My <u>interview</u> went very well. I think I will get the job. answer: (a) interview
- A2 She likes your <u>style</u> of writing. answer: (d) style
- A3 There is a water <u>fountain</u> in the hallway next to the bathroom. answer: (d) fountain
- A4 This report is *due* next week.
  - answer: (b) due
- A5 I cannot print the flyers because the <u>printer</u> is out of paper. answer: (a) printer
- A6 We normally serve five hundred <u>customers</u> every day. answer: (b) customers
- A7 At the annual picnic we will be <u>serving</u> hotdogs and chicken. answer: (a) serving
- A8 From time <u>to</u> time the inspector comes to make sure that everything meets health standards. answer: (c) to
- A9 The bigger they are the harder they <u>fall.</u> answer: (d) fall
- A10 Do you keep your files in your desk <u>drawer?</u> answer: (b) drawer

A1	Our fax machine is <u>down</u> ; could you please mail us a copy instead? answer: (c) down
A2	Did you receive the fax I <u>sent</u> you this morning? answer: (b) sent
A3	I did not receive your fax. Are you sure you <u>dialed</u> the right number? answer: (d) dialed
A4	The <u>cover sheet</u> should note who the fax is to, who it is from, the fax number, the number of pages and what the fax is regarding. answer: (a) cover sheet
A5	Load all documents to be faxed <u>face</u> up in the fax tray. answer: (a) face
A6	Always write a short <u>memo</u> to explain what the fax is for and who it should go to. answer: (b) memo
A7	I prefer e-mail <u>to</u> fax machines because it is so much less complicated. answer: (c) to
<i>A8</i>	I would rather just send e-mails <u>from now on</u> because it is easier. answer: (d) from now on
A9	If you want to submit a document that contains a <i>signature</i> , a fax might be better than an e-mail. answer: (b) signature
A10	Push the start button to send the fax, then watch to make sure the paper <u>feeds</u> through right and does not get crumpled up.

answer: (c) feeds

- A1 Receptionist 1: Thank you for calling ABC Inc., this is Mary. How may I <u>direct</u> your call? answer: (d) direct
- A2 Phil: Could you *put me through* to accounting, please? answer: (a) put me through
- A3 Receptionist 1: One <u>moment</u>, please. answer: (d) moment
- A4 Receptionist 2: Thank you for calling Friendly Neighbors! <u>How</u> can I help you today? answer: (d) How
- A5 Fred: May I <u>speak</u> with the supervisor of international affairs please? answer: (b) speak
- A6 Receptionist 2: I'm sorry, sir, he's unavailable right now. Would you like me to <u>transfer</u> you to his voicemail? answer: (c) transfer
- A7 Fred: No thank you. I'll <u>try</u> again later. answer: (b) try
- A8 To-go specialist: Thank you for calling Motzeralla's 'To-go'. <u>This is</u> Amy. How can I help you? answer: (d) This is
- A9 Nick: I'd like to <u>place</u> a to-go order. answer: (c) place
- A10 To-go specialist: What can I <u>get</u> for you today, sir? answer: (a) get

A1 A <u>living</u> will is a legal document that informs the doctor of what care you would like to receive in specific situations.

answer: (c) living

- A2 A(n) <u>will</u> is a legal declaration that states how people want their belongings to be disposed of after their death. answer: (a) will
- A3 Because there is always <u>confusion</u> between "will" and "living will", many states have adopted the names "health care directive" or "advanced health care directive" for "living will".

answer: (b) confusion

A4 <u>Estate</u> planning is the general planning of an individual's wealth, along with the arrangements for his will and taxes after his death.

answer: (d) Estate

A5 Neither will or living will can be replaced by the other. A(n) <u>thorough</u> estate plan will contain both of these documents.

answer: (b) thorough

- A6 When people want secure health protection, they get <u>health</u> insurance. This will assure them proper medical care when they need treatment for an illness or preservation of their mental or physical well-being.
   answer: (c) health
- A7 If you don't have a will and you die, your estate will be <u>disposed</u> according to a strict legal formula that may cause a troublesome dispute over your belongings.

answer: (a) disposed

A8 Although some do, it is not advisable for couples to write *joint* wills for two reasons: it is only effective after both spouses die, and it cannot be changed when one of them is dead.

answer: (a) joint

A9 It is necessary for two witnesses who are not <u>beneficiaries</u> of the will to be present when an individual signs his will.

answer: (d) beneficiaries

A10 For a will to be properly <u>executed</u> it must be signed.

answer: (b) executed

- A1 If you want my honest opinion, I thought the play was <u>rubbish</u>. answer: (d) rubbish
- A2 It was quite a good film but I thought the characters were a bit like <u>cardboard</u>. answer: (b) cardboard
- A3 It's quite a nice car but there was not very much <u>room</u> in the back. answer: (c) room
- A4 She's pleasant enough but not very pretty. In fact I'd say she was rather <u>plain</u>. answer: (a) plain
- A5 The first time you see the view you can't believe it. It almost takes your breath <u>away.</u> answer: (d) away
- A6 I sat through the concert feeling really bored and sleepy and had to stop myself from <u>yawning</u> several times.
   answer: (b) yawning
- A7 It was one of the most embarrassing moments of my life and I just wanted the ground to <u>open</u> up and swallow me.

answer: (c) open

- A8 In my opinion no one in their right mind would ever go and pay to see a play <u>like</u> that. answer: (d) like
- A9 The room was good, the bed was comfortable and the service was excellent but the hotel food left a lot to be <u>desired.</u>

answer: (b) desired

A10 To be perfectly honest with you I think that this is the best test I've ever taken in my entire <u>life</u>. answer: (a) life

- A1 There is no way that I can agree to you <u>leaving</u> early today. answer: (c) leaving
- A2 I must object and make it clear that I am totally <u>against</u> any measures that suggest changes to the original scheme.

answer: (c) against

- A3 He has the <u>habit</u> of always rejecting any idea that will change the current arrangements. answer: (a) habit
- A4 I cannot condone that sort of <u>behaviour</u> in my establishment and would ask you to remember that in future. answer: (d) behaviour
- A5 I have no choice really but to turn <u>down</u> your recent proposal because it is completely unworkable. answer: (c) down
- A6 They can't possibly go <u>along</u> with your suggestions because it will involve too much expenditure. answer: (b) along
- A7 Quite honestly I'd have to be out of my <u>mind</u> to sanction what is a crazy proposition.
   answer: (d) mind
- A8 When her father discovered that his daughter wanted to marry a pop singer, he decided to put every <u>obstacle</u> in their way to prevent the marriage.

answer: (a) obstacle

- A9 He told me there was definitely no <u>chance</u> that I would pass my examination until I did some work. answer: (b) chance
- A10 You could tell by the <u>way</u> he refused to smile that he didn't like the story. answer: (c) way

- A1 Great to see you again. I haven't seen you <u>for</u> ages. answer: (d) for
- A2 Welcome to our house. Come in and make yourself <u>comfortable</u>. answer: (a) comfortable
- A3 How do you do? I don't think we've met <u>before</u>. answer: (d) before
- A4 Hi Mary. Where have you been <u>hiding</u> yourself all this time? answer: (b) hiding
- A5 Good morning, sir. I hope you will have an enjoyable <u>stay</u> in our hotel. answer: (a) stay
- A6 Good evening to you all. Let me find you a(n) <u>table</u> near the window. answer: (c) table
- A7 How are you, David? I must <u>admit</u> you're looking very well.answer: (d) admit
- A8 Hello there. I just don't believe it. You haven't changed a <u>bit</u> since we last met.
   answer: (a) bit
- A9 Ah, you must be Mary's husband. Do come in and <u>meet</u> everyone. answer: (d) meet
- A10 Here you are at last! I hope your *journey* here wasn't too horrible. answer: (b) journey

A1	I'm afraid it's <i>time</i> we left.
	answer: (b) time

- A2 If you don't <u>mind</u>, I think we'll be cutting along. answer: (d) mind
- A3 I'll be seeing you then in due <u>course</u>. answer: (c) course
- A4 Well, as they say all good things come to an <u>end.</u> answer: (a) end
- A5 Thank you so much for <u>having</u> us you must come to us next time. answer: (d) having
- A6 Good bye then and <u>remember</u> me to all your family. answer: (b) remember
- A7 If we don't leave now I'm afraid we'll <u>miss</u> the last train. answer: (c) miss
- *A8* It's been great meeting up again and we mustn't *leave* it so long next time. answer: (a) leave
- A9 Looks <u>like</u> we ought to be going really as it's got so late. answer: (b) like
- A10 Well, there's <u>nothing</u> for it but simply to wish you well and say goodbye. answer: (d) nothing

- A1 I'm quite happy to support you in your <u>application</u> for a loan.answer: (c) application
- A2 I must admit I think your idea is well <u>worth</u> considering. answer: (d) worth
- A3 I shall certainly recommend your *proposal* for improving safety in the work place. answer: (a) proposal
- A4 You can <u>count</u> on me for support when the next election comes up. answer: (b) count
- A5 I would <u>wholeheartedly</u> like to endorse your scheme for saving water. answer: (c) wholeheartedly
- A6 The local council has approved the plans for <u>extending</u> their house. answer: (d) extending
- A7 You can <u>rely</u> on me to support you when the matter is discussed at the next meeting.
   answer: (a) rely
- A8 His choice of a new wife <u>met</u> with his parents' approval. answer: (b) met
- A9 They all promised they would stand <u>by</u> him when he put forward the idea of a strike. answer: (c) by
- A10 The meeting unanimously supported the chairman when he suggested that they <u>close</u> the meeting. answer: (d) close

- A1 Now that's what I call absolutely <u>perfect.</u> answer: (a) perfect
- A2 You couldn't have made that drink better if you'd <u>tried.</u> answer: (d) tried
- A3 What a delightful <u>scent</u> those flowers give off when you touch them. answer: (c) scent
- A4 Words just <u>fail</u> me when I try to say how happy I am. answer: (a) fail
- A5 I can <u>safely</u> say that I don't think I've ever enjoyed myself so much before. answer: (b) safely
- A6 There's really nothing like it, is there, when you find you've <u>got</u> all the answers to the test right? answer: (d) got
- A7 The only problem with your cooking is that the more I eat, the more I want <u>some</u> more. answer: (c) some
- A8 I must be <u>dreaming</u> because it's all too good to be true.
   answer: (b) dreaming
- A9 Just let me try one more of your delicious chocolates and then I'll <u>promise</u> not to take any more. answer: (a) promise
- A10 It's absolute <u>bliss</u> here. I think I'll stay at this hotel one more week. answer: (c) bliss

- A1 I've had just as much as I can <u>stomach</u> from you. answer: (c) stomach
- A2 You do that again and I'll <u>bite</u> your head off. answer: (d) bite
- A3 I'm sorry but I can't take any more. I'm afraid I've reached <u>screaming</u> point. answer: (a) screaming
- A4 You just <u>dare</u> touch that piece of paper and I'll kill you. answer: (b) dare
- A5 How many more times do I have to <u>repeat</u> it to you, stupid? answer: (c) repeat
- A6 I know you find this highly amusing but to me it's no <u>laughing</u> matter. answer: (d) laughing
- A7 I'm warning you. I can take just that much and <u>no</u> more. answer: (b) no
- A8 Everybody just get <u>out</u> of my way and leave me alone. answer: (a) out
- A9 Not another word from either of you. That's <u>final</u>. answer: (b) final
- A10 Right. I'm leaving. You can do whatever you like. I couldn't care <u>less.</u> answer: (d) less

- A1 Words can't possibly <u>express</u> how grateful I am for what you have done. answer: (d) express
- A2 Thank you so much for helping me. I really <u>appreciate</u> it. answer: (c) appreciate
- A3 A thousand thanks for all your hard work. I shall never <u>forget</u> it.
   answer: (b) forget
- A4 They showed their great gratitude by sending us a large <u>sum</u> of money. answer: (a) sum
- A5 Thank you for all you've done from the <u>bottom</u> of my heart. answer: (d) bottom
- A6 I'm sending this bunch of flowers as a small <u>token</u> of my thanks and appreciation.answer: (b) token
- A7 How can I <u>possibly</u> thank you enough for all you've done? answer: (c) possibly
- A8 On the watch they gave him were the words: <u>in</u> gratitude for 40 years loyal service. answer: (d) in
- A9 It's very difficult for children to <u>enclose</u> their gratitude for what their parents have done for them. answer: (c) enclose
- A10 Look upon this as a <u>sort</u> of thank you present for all your endeavours on our behalf. answer: (b) sort

- A1 If I've <u>told</u> you once, I've done it a hundred times. Don't do it! answer: (c) told
- A2 I'll give you just one more <u>chance</u> and after that, you'll be in real trouble. answer: (d) chance
- A3 I'm telling you loud and <u>clear</u> that you really must get it right this time. answer: (b) clear
- A4 She told him that if his manners didn't <u>improve</u>, he would be sent home. answer: (d) improve
- A5 He agreed because he said it was like having a gun held to his <u>head.</u> answer: (c) head
- A6 I'll lend you money for the very last time because after that you're on your <u>own</u>. answer: (a) own
- A7 I can't tell you how lucky you've been this time but just <u>wait</u> till next time.
   answer: (b) wait
- A8 I'm prepared to <u>overlook</u> your mistake on this occasion but I can't ever do it again. answer: (d) overlook
- A9 If you leave me now, you don't <u>need</u> to come back. answer: (a) need
- A10 Let me put it simply one more incident like that and you're out on your <u>ear!</u> answer: (c) ear

- A1 What a wonderful day to see the mountains <u>on!</u> answer: (c) on
- A2 How stupid can I get! I <u>left</u> my keys in the door overnight. answer: (d) left
- A3 For goodness sake stop <u>complaining</u> about the weather! It'll stop raining soon. answer: (c) complaining
- A4 What on earth are you talking about? I can't make head or <u>tail</u> of it. answer: (a) tail
- A5 How nice of you to come all this <u>way</u> just to wish me a happy birthday. answer: (d) way
- A6 What a disaster! I don't believe anything else could go <u>wrong</u> now.answer: (b) wrong
- A7 Wow! You've certainly made a good <u>job</u> of decorating this room.answer: (a) job
- Well blow me down! I just can't believe I've actually <u>passed</u> my exam.
   answer: (b) passed
- A9 You could have knocked me down with a feather! You mean to say he's <u>actually</u> cleaned my car. answer: (d) actually
- A10 I'll go to the foot of my stairs! It must be at <u>least</u> 20 years since we last met. answer: (c) least

A1	I'm certainly <u>with</u> you on that.
	answer: (b) with
A2	I'm of a <u>like</u> mind on that, too.
	answer: (d) like
A3	Yes, we definitely see eye to eye on that one.
	answer: (c) to
A4	In that respect we are of <u>one</u> mind on that.
	answer: (a) one
A5	I can't <i>argue</i> with that.
	answer: (d) argue
A6	Let's shake on that.
	answer: (b) shake
A7	There's only one word I can use now to show my agreement and that's — <u>deal.</u>
	answer: (c) deal
A8	I'll <u>confirm</u> that in writing to show my acceptance.
	answer: (a) confirm
A9	There's absolutely no doubt <i>whatsoever</i> that you're right.
	answer: (b) whatsoever
A10	The terms seem eminently suitable to me.
	answer: (d) terms

answer: (d) terms

- A1 I'll have to <u>part</u> company with you there, I'm afraid. answer: (c) part
- A2 There's no way I can <u>accept</u> that. answer: (d) accept
- A3 We'll have to agree to <u>differ</u> over that. answer: (a) differ
- A4 Don't even think about it! I can't possibly take that on <u>board</u>. answer: (c) board
- A5 No matter how <u>persuasive</u> you are, I won't change my mind. answer: (d) persuasive
- A6 You can't talk until the <u>cows</u> come home. I won't accept that scheme. answer: (b) cows
- A7 Sorry the subject is now <u>closed</u>. answer: (a) closed
- A8 I regret I have no choice but to reject the plan out of <u>hand</u>. answer: (c) hand
- A9 No matter how much you object, I am <u>convinced</u> I am right and you're wrong.
   answer: (b) convinced
- A10 You might as well admit it! You haven't a <u>leg</u> to stand on. answer: (d) leg

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 39 (Answer Keys) Expressions and phrases about money

- A1 My grandfather keeps all his money in a <u>cash box</u> under his bed.
   answer: (c) cash box
- A2 What's the <u>currency</u> of India? answer: (c) currency
- A3 The president stated in the press conference that the <u>economic</u> situation was very serious. answer: (c) economic
- A4 I like horse racing, but I never <u>bet</u> any money. I think gambling is stupid. answer: (a) bet
- A5 There's a <u>cash machine</u> at the bank if you need some money. answer: (c) cash machine
- A6 Alan's parents must be <u>wealthy</u>. They've just bought him a new car.answer: (b) wealthy
- A7 As my uncle's a(n) <u>accountant</u>, he helps me manage my finances.
   answer: (c) accountant
- A8 When my grandfather died, I discovered that he had left me some money in his <u>will.</u> answer: (c) will
- A9 At the end of each month, my employer pays my <u>salary</u> into the bank. answer: (c) salary
- A10 I'm <u>broke</u> at the moment. Can you lend me ten pounds until the weekend? answer: (b) broke

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Intermediate level # 40 (Answer Keys) Poverty in the US: living standards expressions

- A1 Poverty is a relative measure that depends on prices, the standard of living, and the <u>incomes</u> that others earn.
   answer: (b) incomes
- A2 Poverty is a major problem in America, and one that is extremely difficult to <u>resolve</u>. answer: (b) resolve
- A3 Families and individuals are defined as living in *poverty* if their incomes fall below certain levels.
   answer: (b) poverty
- A4 Poverty in the United States is more <u>extensive</u> than most people realize. answer: (d) extensive
- A5 One reason for the continued high poverty numbers is the growing gap in the <u>distribution</u> of income. answer: (a) distribution
- A6 Weekly <u>paychecks</u> tend to be lower for people employed in service industries. answer: (b) paychecks
- A7 During the 1990s, salaries for highly skilled employees <u>soared</u>, while wages for those who are less skilled remained about the same.

answer: (a) soared

- A8 The decline of unions means that lower skilled workers have to work <u>elsewhere</u> for less pay. answer: (c) elsewhere
- A9 The shift from two-parent families to single-parent families and other non-family arrangements tends to <u>lower</u> average family income.

answer: (d) lower

A10 According to recent statistics, nearly 35 million Americans live in poverty.

answer: (b) statistics

- *A1* We choose to wear different outfits for different occasions, putting on jumpers and scarves when it is cold and <u>dressing up</u> smartly for formal events.
   answer: (c) dressing up
- A2 To French people, the American idea of <u>dressing down</u> looks like a homeless person who just finished his annual trip to the laundromat.

answer: (a) dressing down

A3 The New York Islanders' <u>dressing room</u> sustained severe damage when a sewage pipe burst at Nassau Coliseum.

answer: (d) dressing room

- A4 My mother put on her <u>dressing gown</u> and made herself some coffee. answer: (c) dressing gown
- A5 I've witnessed an employee screaming at her manager in a store, another worker stomping out of a restaurant, and a boss <u>dressing down</u> an employee in a public place.

answer: (b) dressing down

A6 The <u>dressing room</u> is approximately 4 feet wide by 6 feet deep, and has a full length mirror attached to the inside of the door.

answer: (c) dressing room

A7 The door opened a few inches to reveal a beautiful woman wearing a red dressing gown.

answer: (c) dressing gown

A8 <u>Dressing up</u> for work doesn't make you more productive on the job — but it does make you look and act more professional, and it upgrades your image in the eyes of others.

answer: (c) Dressing up

A9 The Intelligent Dressing <u>Room</u> can scan your measurements and display on a projection screen how a particular item of clothing will look on you.

answer: (a) Room

A10 The Presidential suite features a combined sleeping/living area with two king-sized beds, a wardrobe and <u>dressing table</u>, a bathroom with separate shower, and floor-to-ceiling doors that open onto a private balcony. answer: (b) dressing table

- A1 Which of the following persons does not work at a shop? <u>A window shopper</u>. answer: (c) A window shopper
- A2 Which of the following phrases is not a good way to greet a customer? <u>*Hi, what's going on today?*</u> answer: (a) Hi, what's going on today?
- A3 Customer: "Excuse me. Could you tell me where the coffee is?" Sales clerk: "Certainly, it's in the next aisle opposite the bread."

answer: (d) (none)

- A4 Customer: "Good morning. I need some tissues." Sales clerk: "Of course, how <u>many</u> packets would you like?" answer: (a) many
- A5 If you think this is too big, we have a <u>smaller</u> size too. answer: (c) smaller
- A6 You will find meat and sausages <u>at the butcher's next door</u>.
   answer: (b) at the butcher's
- A7 Which of the following phrases should NOT be used to say that a product is not available at the moment? <u>We</u> <u>don't have this.</u>

answer: (b) We don't have this.

- A8 Customer: "Excuse me. When do you close today?" Sales clerk: "We close <u>at</u> 10 o'clock." answer: (c) at
- A9 Would you like to pay cash or <u>by</u> credit card? answer: (a) by
- A10 Thank you, here is your change and your <u>receipt</u>. answer: (b) receipt

- A1 The company had its own code of <u>practice</u> in these matters.
   answer: (b) practice
- A2 This is a <u>prime</u> example of what not to do. answer: (d) prime
- A3 Plans have already been drawn <u>up</u> to deal with such situations.

answer: (c) up

A4 Thousands of <u>subscribers</u> are already signing up for this new telephone service.

answer: (b) subscribers

- A5 Job losses are mainly in the <u>blue-collar</u> sectors of the industry. answer: (a) blue-collar
- A6 The circular will contain <u>key</u> financial information to help investors. answer: (a) key
- A7 The report is *likely* to show better than expected results. answer: (d) likely
- A8 So many of these animals have been shot over the years that they are now classed as <u>endangered</u> species. answer: (b) endangered
- A9 Some people are <u>reluctant</u> to learn a foreign language. answer: (c) reluctant
- A10 It was a big <u>sacrifice</u> for her to give up her acting career to look after her family. answer: (b) sacrifice

- A1 Most of the money <u>raised</u> was donated to charity. answer: (a) raised
- A2 They are showing a <u>revival</u> of a 1930's musical at the Theatre Royal. answer: (b) revival
- A3 When they had both retired, they <u>settled</u> in a small village by the sea. answer: (d) settled
- A4 The students at this university are <u>housed</u> in blocks of flats on the campus. answer: (a) housed
- A5 I have no wish to have any <u>dealings</u> with a firm like that. answer: (c) dealings
- A6 Voters find it difficult to believe politicians because the latter use so many <u>spin</u> doctors.
   answer: (b) spin
- A7 We are told there will be little economic <u>progress</u> this year.answer: (a) progress
- A8 Unfortunately she has been given an *insurmountable* task. answer: (a) insurmountable
- A9 It is essential to have air <u>conditioning</u> in your car when you drive in a hot climate. answer: (c) conditioning
- A10 Manufacturers are bringing <u>out</u> a new range of computers this year. answer: (b) out

- A1 The stock market has hit new <u>lows</u> this year. answer: (a) lows
- A2 The government has decided to hold an <u>enquiry</u> into the latest financial scandal. answer: (b) enquiry
- A3 The animal rights organisation has <u>launched</u> a new campaign to make people aware of cruelty to animals. answer: (a) launched
- A4 I was totally <u>unaware</u> of the increased taxes. answer: (d) unaware
- A5 The price of petrol has <u>risen</u> again. answer: (b) risen
- A6 The ordinary person is again being asked to <u>stump up</u> to pay for dental treatment.

answer: (a) stump up

- A7 This car is intended for the <u>export</u> market only. answer: (c) export
- A8 Credit card holders struggle very hard to <u>reduce</u> the amount they owe.

answer: (a) reduce

- A9 This charity was set up to <u>collect</u> money for the poor. answer: (a) collect
- A10 Everything <u>turned out</u> all right in the end. answer: (d) turned out

- A1 Tell us something about your <u>background</u> in the engineering industry? answer: (b) background
- A2 I see from your <u>application</u> form that you have had three different jobs in the last 5 years. answer: (d) application
- A3 What sort of <u>period</u> of time would you stay with us if we offered you the job? answer: (c) period
- A4 Describe how you would describe <u>yourself</u> in five years' time. answer: (d) yourself
- A5 Give us some idea of what you believe are your <u>strengths</u> and weaknesses. answer: (b) strengths
- A6 As this is a managerial post, we must ask you how you deal with bad <u>time</u> keeping or unpunctuality in an employee.

answer: (c) time

- A7 Imagine one of your staff loses her temper and shouts at you in front of others, how would you <u>deal</u> with this? answer: (d) deal
- A8 What would you say to a member of your staff who always <u>handed</u> his work in late? answer: (b) handed
- A9 I should explain that we would naturally <u>honour</u> any previous holiday arrangements you have made. answer: (d) honour
- A10 Finally now that we've asked you several questions, do you want to <u>put</u> any to us? answer: (b) put

- A1 I was pleased to receive your response to my proposal but there are one or two points that need clarification. answer: (c) clarification A2 A report has just been published that gives details of the causes of this trend towards informality in the business sector. answer: (a) published A3 According to the *findings* in the report it is clear that employees under the age of 35 prefer to dress casually at work. answer: (c) findings A4 Thirty years ago this kind of informality would not have been tolerated. answer: (d) tolerated A5 All employees are kindly requested to refrain from smoking in the presence of customers. answer: (c) refrain A6 The meeting went on for three hours and as a result there was no time left to discuss all the topics on the agenda. answer: (d) agenda A7 There's really no point in hoping to add important topics right at the end of the meeting under the heading of any other business. answer: (a) business A8 The chairman was obliged to bring the meeting to a *halt* because a fire broke out in the adjoining room. answer: (d) halt A9 It is absolutely essential that the clerk takes care to *minute* any decisions that have been reached during the meeting. answer: (b) minute
- A10 As so few members had turned up at the meeting, it was decided to <u>postpone</u> it until further notice. answer: (c) postpone

- A1 The one big fear of all world economies is that of <u>recession</u>. answer: (c) recession
- A2 You are never too young to start *investing* some money in a savings account. answer: (d) investing
- A3 If ever you find you have an unexpected expense, you can always <u>withdraw</u> some money from your savings. answer: (d) withdraw
- A4 At certain times of the year your shares will <u>yield</u> a good profit but you must also be prepared for them to go down in value.

answer: (a) yield

- A5 You can <u>cut</u> the cost of insuring your car if you keep it in a garage. answer: (c) cut
- A6 We got a very good <u>deal</u> when we bought that three piece suite for half its usual price. answer: (a) deal
- A7 Now that the summer has started, big department stores are hoping that sales of holiday items will <u>take off.</u> answer: (c) take off
- A8 The two companies have decided to <u>merge</u> because they believe that their combined resources will produce greater profits.

answer: (a) merge

- A9 When someone dies and their <u>assets</u> reach a certain figure, their family has to pay an additional tax. answer: (c) assets
- A10 The loan you have taken out is for a <u>fixed</u> term, which in your case is 5 years. answer: (b) fixed

- A1 When you go to an auction and you want to buy a particular item, you can simply make a <u>bid</u> for it. answer: (d) bid
- A2 The larger company did not really want to join with the smaller one because it was more interested in a <u>takeover.</u>

answer: (d) takeover

- A3 <u>*Trading*</u> on the stockmarket just before Christmas is usually very slow. answer: (b) Trading
- A4 This sport centre has largely been <u>funded</u> by money that has come from the national lottery. answer: (d) funded
- A5 The reason for the <u>slowdown</u> in the economy is because there is a great deal of uncertainty at the moment. answer: (c) slowdown
- A6 The <u>upturn</u> in the market was seen as a positive sign that the recession was over. answer: (a) upturn
- A7 The <u>order</u> books for manufacturers of small cars are now full following the rise in petrol. answer: (b) order
- A8 The future of his job was at <u>stake</u> when he made the decision to invest in new machinery. answer: (c) stake
- A9 After their house had been <u>valued</u>, they decided to sell it and buy a bigger one. answer: (a) valued
- A10 Fifty people were made <u>redundant</u> when the company suffered a severe financial shock. answer: (d) redundant

- A1 If you cannot get a job and remain <u>unemployed</u> for a long period, you can claim some money from the state. answer: (c) unemployed
- A2 The great thing about this guarantee is that there is never any doubt and there is no <u>quibble</u> about getting your money back.

answer: (c) quibble

- A3 There is a substantial <u>shortfall</u> between the money you have available and the amount you need to spend. answer: (b) shortfall
- A4 When you retire, you should get a pension and a <u>lump</u> sum from your employers.answer: (a) lump
- A5 <u>Investors</u> are people who put money into a business in the hope of making a profit. answer: (d) Investors
- A6 When you take out a large loan over many years, you don't start paying off the <u>capital</u> for some time. answer: (c) capital
- A7 We will make no <u>charge</u> for the catalogue, which you can take with our compliments. answer: (c) charge
- A8 It may seem a long way into the future but in the end you will get some <u>benefit</u> from your investment. answer: (b) benefit
- A9 There is still an outstanding <u>balance</u> on that account, which must be paid in 30 days. answer: (a) balance
- A10 Interest <u>rates</u> are at their lowest level since the 1950's. answer: (b) rates

- A1 It's useful when you go to an auction if you're ready with cash in <u>hand.</u> answer: (d) hand
- A2 I prefer to deal in <u>hard</u> cash rather than cheques. answer: (b) hard
- A3 Every office has a certain amount of <u>petty</u> cash to pay for things like tea, coffee or stamps.
   answer: (d) petty
- A4 At the moment we are experiencing some cash <u>flow</u> problems because little money is coming in. answer: (c) flow
- A5 At the casino you can cash <u>in</u> your chips at the desk. answer: (d) in
- A6 Whatever she does, she just can't help <u>making</u> money. answer: (b) making
- A7 There doesn't seem to be anyone working really hard for the business and yet they all seem to earn <u>easy</u> money.

answer: (c) easy

- A8 If you don't want to use a cheque or postal order, you can always use a money <u>order</u>. answer: (a) order
- A9 That new invention has been very successful and has proved to be a money <u>spinner</u> for its creator. answer: (c) spinner
- A10 This machine is obviously useless and if I were you I'd get your money <u>back</u>. answer: (a) back

- A1 In order to make a sensible comparison among the different vacuum cleaners available, it is important to do some research. answer: (b) comparison A2 The local department store has to make a sustained effort at this time of the year to satisfy customer demand for summer clothing. answer: (a) satisfy A good team leader must be able to inspire his colleagues to face the challenge of a downturn in business. A3 answer: (d) inspire A4 The current trend in children's desire to wear designer label clothes should be exploited. answer: (b) current A5 You have to convince the public that it is in their own interest to read the instructions on all our medicines. answer: (c) convince A6 In order to survive in this business you must adopt a *competitive* stance. answer: (d) competitive A7 The consumption of alcohol is not allowed in any of the company's premises in order to present a clean image. answer: (b) consumption A8 When you are setting out to attract new customers in an advertisement, choose the right words. answer: (c) attract A9 The really effective television commercial is the one that persuades you of its authenticity. answer: (a) persuades
- A10 I can strongly recommend this <u>product</u> as the best available on the market today. answer: (b) product

A1 We got there early so that we could get the best *bargains* in the sale before anyone else. answer: (c) bargains A2 If you bear with me, I'll go and see whether we have that in your size. answer: (c) bear A3 The trouble with these huge superstores is that they don't have enough *checkouts* to deal with customers at busy times. answer: (d) checkouts A4 It started off as a small street corner shop over 30 years ago but it has now expanded into a massive department store. answer: (a) expanded A5 Take a good look at the receipt when you leave so that you can see that all the *items* have been listed. answer: (b) items A6 Whenever I go to the old part of a city, I like to explore all the shops selling antiques. answer: (d) explore A7 Are you aware of the latest trend in children's clothing? answer: (b) trend They're quite strict in their policy of not giving refunds without a receipt in this store. A8 answer: (c) strict A9 They have a mandatory restriction in the shop with regard to the number of items of clothing that you can try on at one time. answer: (d) mandatory A10 The extent of the merchandise available in this one store is more than you can possibly imagine. answer: (a) merchandise

A1	Without the right software I'm afraid you can't <u>access</u> that particular program. answer: (b) access
A2	The aim of the office manager is to <u>allocate</u> enough room on the building plans so that each employee can have space for a personal computer. answer: (c) allocate
A3	Remember that before you leave your workstation, always <u>shut down</u> your computer. answer: (d) shut down
A4	It's quite easy if you want to find folders and files on the computer, all you do is click here and it immediately starts <u>searching.</u> answer: (b) searching
A5	I have tried and tried again and again and no matter what I do it still shows "error" — I just can't <u>figure out</u> what's wrong. answer: (c) figure out
A6	I spent hours writing that report and checking all the information was correct and then without thinking I pressed the <u>'delete'</u> button. answer: (b) 'delete'
A7	It's a really clever piece of software because it enables you to <i>display</i> on your screen all the information in columns. answer: (c) display
A8	Unfortunately this program is not <u>compatible</u> with the operating system on my computer. answer: (b) compatible
A9	When you see that particular symbol on the screen, you have to take that as a <u>warning</u> that something is wrong. answer: (d) warning
A10	With this program you can always check your spelling and grammar and if you don't want to accept what it shows, you simply press <u>'ignore'.</u>

answer: (a) 'ignore'

- A1 Even after their recent heavy expenses, they still found there was a healthy <u>balance</u> in their bank account. answer: (c) balance
- A2 As the builder wanted cash for the work he had done, she had to go to the bank personally to <u>take out</u> the money herself.

answer: (b) take out

A3 It was considered a very good time to apply for a *mortgage* to buy the house because interest rates were very low.

answer: (c) mortgage

A4 Before they could borrow a large sum of money to buy the house, they had to make sure they had enough money to be able to make a *down* payment.

answer: (a) down

A5 All the <u>transactions</u> you make on your internet account are recorded so that you can check the details at any time.

answer: (d) transactions

A6 I'm afraid this cheque will be of no value until you have put your <u>signature</u> on it.

answer: (a) signature

- A7 The bank refused to <u>accept</u> the money order because the customer had no proof of identity. answer: (c) accept
- A8 Under the rules laid down by the bank there is a <u>restriction</u> on the amount of money you can get out from a cash machine in any one day.

answer: (b) restriction

A9 The bank clerk at the counter did not know the customer and in view of the large amount of money involved was naturally <u>cautious</u> about paying out the sum on the cheque.

answer: (d) cautious

A10 The bank will simply not let you <u>borrow</u> any money unless you can prove that you have been in regular employment for at least three years.

answer: (c) borrow

- A1 Good <u>accounting</u> procedures are very important if you want to run a business profitably and successfully. answer: (b) accounting
- A2 The company fell heavily into <u>debt</u> when it took on too many customers and offered them all cheap warranties. answer: (a) debt
- A3 Once you have built up your company, you must remember to keep in touch with your original <u>clients</u>. answer: (c) clients
- A4 Each department within the organisation is given a <u>budget</u> within which it has to remain for the whole year. answer: (d) budget
- A5 When the time came to close the business down, its entire <u>assets</u> had to be calculated so that the creditors could be paid off.

answer: (b) assets

- A6 The manager called in her chief clerk because she could not <u>reconcile</u> the figures on the monthly spreadsheet. answer: (c) reconcile
- A7 Every year the college finance officer did not look forward to the visit from the government official who came to audit the accounts.

answer: (d) audit

A8 It was a great relief to Charlie when he realized that he had come to the end of his agreement with the bank and there was only one *outstanding* payment left.

answer: (c) outstanding

A9 The building society sent a letter to all its savers and <u>borrowers</u> that there would be a reduction in the interest rate.

answer: (b) borrowers

A10 Shortly after the couple had bought their first house, they saw the number of bills <u>accumulate</u> rapidly. answer: (c) accumulate

A1	The representative of the financial consultants assured her that the policy of the firm was that of complete <u>commitment.</u> answer: (c) commitment
A2	There is no need to worry about the money side of the project because <u>funds</u> are available from the charity sponsoring us. answer: (b) funds
A3	The present finance minister has adopted a very <u>conservative</u> approach towards change and always follows a very cautious policy. answer: (d) conservative
A4	As all advisers always do, she stressed that investing in this particular market had to be considered as a <u>long-</u> <u>term</u> commitment over at least 10 years. answer: (c) long-term
A5	The best way to develop an income for the future is to invest in a series of companies and in that way to build up a <i>portfolio.</i> answer: (b) portfolio
A6	I strongly recommend investing in these shares because you will get a very good <u>return</u> after only a few years. answer: (c) return
A7	The question is whether it is <u>wise</u> to sell up all your shares at this stage rather than wait to see how the market is next year. answer: (b) wise
A8	There is no question that the most important <u>resource</u> in that company is its youthful enthusiasm. answer: (c) resource
A9	If you want to make a good job of selling shares to the public, you must have an element of <u>aggression</u> in your approach. answer: (b) aggression
A10	It's a personal matter whether you choose stock from this company or from that because in the end it's an <u>attitude</u> of mind. answer: (c) attitude

- A1 There is one date you mustn't forget and that's the <u>deadline</u> for sending in details of your earnings to the tax office.
  answer: (b) deadline
  A2 If you are self-employed, you must make sure that you <u>fill out</u> the form indicating how much you have earned. answer: (c) fill out
  A3 If the department agrees that you have paid too much tax in the year, you will receive a <u>refund</u> in due course. answer: (d) refund
- A4 Each month when you receive your pay, the employer <u>withholds</u> a certain amount to pay towards your pension.

answer: (a) withholds

- A5 When you take out a loan, you have to pay interest on the amount you <u>owe</u>. answer: (c) owe
- A6 In the tax office there will be a <u>file</u> that holds all the documents and papers connected with you. answer: (a) file
- A7 There is quite a heavy financial <u>penalty</u> attached to any action that involves late payment of taxes.
   answer: (d) penalty
- A8 Under the new regulations you can agree yourself to <u>calculate</u> the tax you have to pay on the income over the previous year.

answer: (b) calculate

- A9 As the couple had a *joint* account, the money to pay the mortgage was taken from there. answer: (a) joint
- A10 You can decide, if you so wish, to <u>give up</u> your right to take your pension at an earlier date.answer: (b) give up

- A1 The reason why I always buy my clothes at this store is because all the <u>brands</u> they sell are of very high quality.
   answer: (c) brands
- A2 Before these articles leave the factory to be forwarded to the retailer, each one is thoroughly *inspected*. answer: (d) inspected
- A3 The advantages of working for this company is that all employees <u>perceive</u> themselves as a member of the team.

answer: (c) perceive

- A4 If for any reason customers do not like the item they have bought, they always <u>take it back</u> and get a refund.answer: (b) take it back
- A5 The great thing about this particular material is that however much you screw it up, it never <u>wrinkles</u>. answer: (a) wrinkles
- A6 The company insists that all their products are <u>uniform</u> in respect of their quality, specification and look. answer: (d) uniform
- A7 This is the department for children's clothes and each <u>garment</u> is marked with the recommended age range.
   answer: (b) garment
- A8 The sole purpose of this jacket is to <u>repel</u> water and if you wear it in the rain and still get wet, it's useless. answer: (c) repel
- A9 The whole look of the shop front is <u>enhanced</u> by the introduction of bright colours. answer: (d) enhanced
- A10 These pots are being sold as seconds because each one has a slight <u>defect</u> in the glaze. answer: (a) defect

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 18 (Answer Keys) *Product Improvement*

Before the product is put on the market, the company must ascertain whether it complies with safety A1 standards. answer: (c) ascertain A2 It is absolutely essential to do some thorough research before you even think of putting a new product on the market. answer: (b) research A3 You have a responsibility to the public to ensure your toy products are suitable for children to play with. answer: (a) responsibility A4 The company is busy trying to solve the problems arising from the sudden drop in sales of their cosmetic products. answer: (b) solve A5 The job of the organizer of this particular section is to train the members to deal politely with any complaints from the public. answer: (b) organizer A6 Inspiration has its place in any form of product development but at the same time you also need to adopt some kind of systematic approach. answer: (a) systematic A7 A logical approach to new ideas is to be welcomed but you do need a strong element of imagination as well. answer: (d) logical Since 1993 or if you like within the last decade, there have been many products that have failed because of A8 poor marketing. answer: (b) decade A9 We would definitely like to examine the proposal you have presented to us with a view to including it in our current range of products. answer: (c) examine A10 As we have enough money in our present budget, we are happy to launch this new product in the nature of an experiment.

answer: (b) experiment

- A1 We're paying for a stand at the new industrial exhibition with a view to <u>generating</u> interest among potential employees in our company.
   answer: (b) generating
- A2 For the first three months of your employment with the firm you will be under the care of a <u>mentor</u>. answer: (d) mentor
- A3 Although she was very tempted to accept the job she was offered, she had to <u>reject</u> the offer because the salary would have been insufficient.

answer: (b) reject

A4 A university education is of course important but it is essential that all employees undergo a period of intensive <u>training</u>.

answer: (c) training

A5 A newsletter is sent out every ten days to all the staff so that they receive a regular <u>update</u> on recent appointments.

answer: (a) update

A6 Part of the ongoing training is to ensure that a regular time and place are <u>set up</u> for department heads to meet their staff.

answer: (c) set up

A7 The head of department acknowledged that the <u>success</u> of the section was largely due to high quality support staff.

answer: (a) success

- A8 The pace of change in that industry is so fast that staff find it hard to <u>keep up with</u> the latest developments. answer: (d) keep up with
- A9 It is the policy of the company to <u>conduct</u> all interviews for new recruits with a member of the trade union present.

answer: (b) conduct

A10 In view of the excessive workload you have at the moment I won't expect you to keep <u>on track</u> during the next few days.

answer: (c) on track

A1	The contract was signed by the three partners who thus agreed to <u>abide</u> by terms and conditions contained in it. answer: (c) abide
A2	There was nothing in the contract that <u>specified</u> who would be responsible in the event that one of the partners became seriously ill. answer: (b) specified
А3	An independent adviser was called in after the collapse of the company to <u>resolve</u> some of the issues that were not clear. answer: (d) resolve
A4	One of the <u>parties</u> mentioned in the original agreement has decided that she does not want to continue with the profit-sharing scheme. answer: (d) parties
A5	In view of the serious problems associated with the takeover the newspaper company has decided to <u>cancel</u> its offer of financial help. answer: (c) cancel
A6	The main problem was that the newly formed organisation was not attracting enough work and so they decided to <u>engage</u> the services of a public relations expert. answer: (b) engage
A7	That company has been in business for over 100 years and in fact was <u>established</u> in 1899. answer: (b) established
<i>A8</i>	After the complaint had been received from the customer about poor service, she was given a written <u>assurance</u> that the matter would be put right. answer: (c) assurance
A9	They were very careful to make sure in the original agreement that <i>provision</i> would be made to pay for staff redundancies. answer: (d) provision
A10	We decided to employ a solicitor who would be able to <u>determine</u> the extent of our liability in this matter. answer: (d) determine

- A1 If you ask someone for their <u>stance</u> on supermarkets as opposed to the small corner shop, you will get varying replies.
   answer: (c) stance
   A2 The first question you have to ask is who are the customers that they are each trying to <u>target.</u>
   answer: (a) target
- A3 When you tell the inhabitants of a small village that the little local store is going to close, many will express <u>dismay.</u>

answer: (d) dismay

A4 There will naturally be <u>splits</u> in the various sections of the community as to the benefits or disadvantages of losing the little store.

answer: (b) splits

A5 Of course we all get <u>plagued</u> with endless leaflets through the door telling us of bargains at the local supermarket.

answer: (a) plagued

A6 Big discussions take place in the area as to whether a supermarket will come to the area and waiting for the outcome can be quite <u>nerve racking</u> for the small shop owner.

answer: (c) nerve racking

- A7 Inquiries are held which seem to go on forever and you only wish that the procedure could be <u>speeded up</u>. answer: (c) speeded up
- A8 Protest meetings are held but invariably they end in a <u>shambles</u> because they are not organized properly.
   answer: (b) shambles
- A9 Then the final result is announced that there is to be a <u>merger</u> between EASISHOP and GOSHOP, which will then become a super supermarket.

answer: (d) merger

A10 The confused customer is now in a terrible <u>dilemma</u> because in the old days there was just one brand of butter to buy and now there is a choice of 24.

answer: (c) dilemma

A1 Going on a spending spree with your credit card and no concern about how you pay back the money you borrow, is a growing habit these days. answer: (b) spree A2 There is a popular demand for the system that allows credit companies to offer unlimited credit to young people to be overhauled. answer: (a) overhauled A3 It has been disclosed by a government agency that the percentage of under 25 year olds owing large sums to companies is on the increase. answer: (d) disclosed A4 One director of a major credit company has already been forced to step down because of the bad publicity his company has attracted. answer: (c) step down A5 One solution that has been suggested to control credit is to step up the regulations to make it more difficult to get credit in the first place. answer: (b) step up The main problem is that a debt culture has developed recently believing that it is cool to owe large sums of A6 money. answer: (d) culture A7 Recent reports have revealed that being in debt is not now looked upon as a disgrace but rather as an attractive way of life. answer: (a) revealed A8 In reality it's a very long *haul* to get from owing to paying off all your debts. answer: (c) haul A9 There are frequently *clashes* in the family home between parents and children about whether you should enter into credit agreements. answer: (b) clashes A10 What concerns people most are the mounting fears among governments that it will take at least a generation for us to be rid of excessive debt.

answer: (c) fears

- A1 If you go to an unauthorized garage to have your car serviced, the consequence is that your warranty will be invalid. answer: (a) consequence A2 The guarantee, as I understood it, *implied* that everything was covered. answer: (b) implied A3 I regret to inform you that as your guarantee *expired* last week, we can't help you. answer: (c) expired A4 A warranty is to be looked on as a sort of *promise* between the manufacturer and you. answer: (d) promise A5 Sometimes people don't bother about guarantees because the *reputation* of the manufacturer is enough for them. answer: (d) reputation Certain warranties require the purchaser to have the item serviced at regular intervals. A6 answer: (c) require A7 You will find that such warranties are not worth buying because the cover provided is frequently not worth the extra expense. answer: (b) frequently A8 This kind of legislation is in existence to protect the customer from worthless warranties. answer: (b) protect A9 You sometimes have to consider very seriously whether to buy a second hand car which has no guarantee. answer: (a) consider
- A10 Sometimes you get a one year warranty, a two year one or even a six month one they all <u>vary</u>. answer: (d) vary

- A1 Concern was expressed by the office manager that the company would buy an <u>affordable</u> financial package. answer: (b) affordable
- A2 The main <u>provider</u> of stationery for the office suddenly announced there would be an overall increase in their prices.

answer: (d) provider

A3 The chief administrative officer disliked lack of attention to detail and insisted that such mistakes should never *recur.* 

answer: (a) recur

A4 Once again the company has had to make a <u>reduction</u> in the number of office staff to try and recoup their losses.

answer: (b) reduction

- A5 The <u>stock</u> of zip discs in the office is running dangerously low. answer: (c) stock
- A6 If the managers want to stay employed, they will have to learn how to stay on <u>top</u> of their jobs. answer: (b) top
- A7 It's not worth paying for an annual service when you can simply call the supplier on an as-<u>needed</u> basis.
   answer: (a) needed
- A8 The new office manager will be in <u>charge</u> of all the IT requirements that the company uses. answer: (d) charge
- A9 Currently there is a shortage of clerical staff but it is hoped that by the end of the year they will be up to full capacity.

answer: (b) capacity

A10 Staff are always encouraged to work by themselves and whenever they meet a problem, they should use their own *initiative*.

answer: (a) initiative

A1	On her retirement she was given a substantial cheque in <i>appreciation</i> of all the work she had done over the last 20 years. answer: (c) appreciation
A2	Having attended the office procedures course all employees were expected to <u>reinforce</u> what they had learned and introduce it into their daily routine. answer: (a) reinforce
A3	Visiting clients had commented on the casual dress <u>code</u> of most of the clerical staff. answer: (d) code
A4	The <i>practice</i> of staff doing physical exercises before the start of the day is well established in Japanese companies. answer: (c) practice
A5	There is a lengthy procedure used in this office for staff who have produced shoddy work and it begins with a <u>verbal</u> warning. answer: (b) verbal
A6	There was no fixed agenda for that particular day as it was to be regarded simply as a <i>casual</i> meeting. answer: (d) casual
A7	At the interview all the candidates were shown round the building but could only really catch a <u>glimpse</u> of the sort of work being carried out. answer: (c) glimpse
A8	They really need to keep a check on the stationery supplies as they've run <u>out of A4 paper once again.</u> answer: (c) out of
A9	Managers prefer to select people who have been <i>exposed</i> to many different types of office environments. answer: (b) exposed

A10 A troubleshooter was brought into the office from another firm to get rid of some very <u>outdated</u> procedures. answer: (a) outdated A1 If you drive faster than the stated speed limit, you are simply *breaking* the law. answer: (d) breaking A2 However angry you may get at what someone has done to you, the police always advise you not to take the law into your own hands. answer: (b) hands In London in any underground station it is against the law to smoke. A3 answer: (d) against A4 Even if you think you may have got away with a crime, in most cases the long arm of the law will catch you. answer: (a) arm A5 In that particular industry everyone has to look after themselves because the law of the jungle rules. answer: (c) jungle They have no respect for modern conventions and do exactly what they want — they are a law unto A6 themselves. answer: (a) unto A7 Her parents are very strict and frequently *lay* down the law about the way she behaves. answer: (c) lay Although technically his judgement was not according to the letter of the law, most people thought the judge A8 was right to let the man go free. answer: (d) letter A9 I get the impression sometimes that she thinks she can never do anything wrong almost as if she is above the law. answer: (a) above A10 All governments want people to live in peace and comfort and so they try to promote a sense of law and order. answer: (b) order

A1 There is an additional <u>charge</u> added to the price of the product if you want to have it delivered to your house. answer: (b) charge
 A2 You should have read the <u>terms</u> of payment as soon as you received the invoice for the goods. answer: (d) terms
 A3 In order to cut down the expenses of compiling and sending out the invoices, you need to employ an <u>efficient</u>

administrator.

answer: (c) efficient

A4 It's always a good idea to get an <u>estimate</u> of what the cost of the work will be before the invoice lands on your doormat.

answer: (b) estimate

A5 I do like to get a <u>prompt</u> reply to my letters especially when they are referring to the amount of money I'm supposed to be paying.

answer: (a) prompt

A6 Just as we were about to leave the restaurant, the waiter came running up to apologize there had been a <u>mistake</u> in the bill.

answer: (c) mistake

A7 The company were very quick to point out it was their fault we had been sent the wrong invoice and they <u>rectified</u> it immediately.

answer: (b) rectified

- A8 In view of our previous orders over the last year we were offered a 10% <u>discount</u> on any future dealings.
   answer: (d) discount
- A9 He appreciated the additional welcome and help he received from the department store staff as he had after all been a longstanding *customer*.

answer: (a) customer

A10 She got quite angry about the size of the invoice until it was pointed out that it was the government who *imposed* the value added tax.

answer: (b) imposed

- A1 If you are self-employed, it is your responsibility to *calculate* how much tax you should legally pay. answer: (d) calculate A2 I had a letter from the office of the Collector of Taxes telling me that I had to pay back all the money I owed over the last 3 years. answer: (c) owed A3 The arrangement they have is that all the money that has to be paid in tax out of their earnings comes from their joint account. answer: (d) joint A4 Under the current legislation if you are late in paying your taxes, then you have to face a financial penalty. answer: (a) penalty A5 He is in a terrible rush to complete his tax returns by Tuesday otherwise he won't be able to reach the deadline. answer: (b) deadline A6 It doesn't happen very often but I actually got some money from the tax office and with the refund I'm going to treat myself. answer: (c) refund A7 Before you can claim any money back on overpayment of tax, you have to *fill out* an application form. answer: (b) fill out A8 You can elect, if you want, to transfer your tax free allowance to your spouse. answer: (a) spouse A9 Until it's clearly established which tax group you are in, your employer will be asked to withhold a certain amount of your pay. answer: (c) withhold
  - A10 There have been so many queries about his tax situation that there is now a huge <u>file</u> containing the details in the office.

answer: (d) file

- A1 It's a gamble at the moment whether the company will make profit in its second year but that nevertheless is the desired aim. answer: (c) desired A2 Each year the Chancellor of the Exchequer stands up in the House of Commons and gives a forecast of what is seen as the economic outlook for the country. answer: (a) forecast A3 I think that your financial optimism is not really justified and you should adopt a more realistic attitude. answer: (d) realistic A4 If you want to increase sales of a particular product, you must be sure that you are targeting the right customers. answer: (c) targeting A5 The idea caught on very quickly and people were queuing up to buy the goods so that year the company's investment yielded substantial profits. answer: (b) yielded A6 Overall it has not been a bad year as our costs are well down on last year's. answer: (a) Overall A7 Managers complained bitterly at the Annual General Meeting that *levels* of production had dropped to an all time low. answer: (d) levels You have to accept that this kind of expenditure is quite typical in an enterprise of this kind. A8 answer: (b) typical The figures that have just been published by the company's accountants will give management some kind of A9 perspective on how sales are going.
  - answer: (d) perspective
- A10 Whenever a member of staff makes a claim for travel expenses, they have to provide a <u>detailed</u> account of their journeys.

answer: (a) detailed

- A1 One of the most important qualities which the panel is looking for in a candidate is the ability to work with others. answer: (d) ability A2 Once the applications have been looked at the usual procedure for the panel is to follow up the references of those candidates who have been shortlisted. answer: (c) up A3 They were so impressed with the way she reacted to their questions that they didn't hesitate to offer her the job. answer: (b) hesitate A4 As this job was of a very specialist nature an *expert* was invited to join the interview panel. answer: (a) expert A5 After the interview one of the candidates *constantly* phoned the office to see whether he had been successful. answer: (c) constantly A6 She was in such a state of extreme nervousness when she was called in for the interview that she burst into tears. answer: (b) called in A7 From the point of view of relevant background she was the ideal candidate at least on paper. answer: (d) background A8 It is absolutely essential in an interview to give the impression at least that you are full of confidence. answer: (c) confidence
- A9 One of the most popular questions asked of interviewees is to explain their strengths and <u>weaknesses</u>. answer: (a) weaknesses
- A10 Each candidate was asked to <u>present</u> a short account of how they saw the future of the company. answer: (b) present

- A1 The boss was appointed in the hope that she would be able to <u>achieve</u> results. answer: (c) achieve
- A2 In the very beginning she had a meeting with all the staff, which turned out to be extremely *productive*. answer: (a) productive
- A3 Although many people wanted to remain *loyal* to her predecessor, they soon started to respect her style of managment.

answer: (d) loyal

A4 At the first series of interviews the question was whether to appoint a newcomer or <u>promote</u> a current employee.

answer: (b) promote

- A5 The decision was finally taken that appointments should be based purely and simply on <u>merit.</u> answer: (c) merit
- A6 There was a new spirit in the company and for the first time in ages staff at last felt they were being <u>valued</u>. answer: (a) valued
- A7 Employees were beginning to receive <u>recognition</u> for the hard work that they had been doing. answer: (d) recognition
- A8 It soon became apparent that under the new management people were also starting to <u>contribute</u> some of their free time to the company.

answer: (c) contribute

- A9 Some of the longest serving staff actually looked <u>forward</u> to coming into work. answer: (d) forward
- A10 At the end of her first year it was <u>obvious</u> to everyone that as the new boss she had been totally accepted. answer: (a) obvious

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 32 (Answer Keys) Pay and Allowances

A1	On the <i>basis</i> of her ten years' service she immediately qualified for the extended annual leave of six weeks. answer: (b) basis
A2	Although he knew it was a sensitive subject, his boss had to ask him the <u>delicate</u> question about his drink problem.
	answer: (d) delicate
A3	At the interview each applicant was able to <u>negotiate</u> the level of remuneration they would be expecting to receive.
	answer: (a) negotiate
A4	Under the new <u>flexible</u> arrangements coming into force soon all employees can decide what time to start and when to finish.
	answer: (c) flexible
A5	According to the contract you are not <u>eligible</u> for the new allowance until you have been with the company one year.
	answer: (d) eligible
A6	The only way you can hope to <u>raise</u> the level of your pay is to take on greater responsibility.
	answer: (b) raise
A7	She is trying to get some form of <u>compensation</u> to make up for the poor working conditions she had to put up with for all those years.
	answer: (c) compensation
A8	Of course there is a little extra added to your salary because you will <u>benefit</u> from the inner city allowance.
	answer: (b) benefit
A9	The hourly <u>wage</u> for all part time clerical assistants has gone up by 40% since 2000.
	answer: (a) wage
A10	Remember when you stop work and <u>retire</u> , you will be able to receive the company pension.

answer: (d) retire

- A1 One of the great advantages of using the Internet is that people can <u>interact</u> more quickly. answer: (d) interact
- A2 It's no good spending a small fortune on new IT equipment as it's more cost <u>effective</u> to hire it. answer: (c) effective
- A3 One of the fashionable ways of saying you've been sacked is to say that your company is <u>down</u>sizing but you've still lost your job.

answer: (a) down

A4 The important thing to realise is that your service is not a little island on its own because all the services in this company are <u>inter</u>connected.

answer: (b) inter

A5 Whereas ten years ago we only dealt with customers in this country nowadays we are truly <u>global</u> with branches all over the world.

answer: (d) global

A6 One of the most successful tools in your organisation is that of good <u>communication</u> because everybody knows what's going on.

answer: (a) communication

- A7 Let me just <u>recap</u> what we have agreed in the agenda so far if nobody minds me going over it all again. answer: (c) recap
- A8 You have to realise that not all your clients can reach you online because they don't have <u>access</u> to a computer.

answer: (b) access

A9 There are times when you have to force yourself to improve your performance and that's simply called selfmotivation.

answer: (d) motivation

A10 You must think big in this business and not just think short <u>term</u> but what you hope to do in ten years' time. answer: (a) term

- A1 It's all very well having a dream or an idea but you must know where you're going and what your *goal* is. answer: (c) goal
- A2 Her job in the company was to sort out the relevant information thereby <u>*filtering*</u> it so that only appropriate material was sent to her directors.

answer: (b) filtering

A3 She told him to stop wasting time by coming up with tried and tested ideas and in this way simply re-inventing the *wheel*.

answer: (d) wheel

A4 The product had been on the market for some years and was selling well but somehow the image was in need of a face lift or *enhancement*.

answer: (a) enhancement

A5 In the hope of finding fresh ideas he used the internet to help him by using as many search *portals* as he could discover.

answer: (b) portals

A6 You must increase the sale of this commodity by trying to interest a different age range and by <u>tapping</u> into their society.

answer: (c) tapping

A7 You'll never make any more money or *generate* new income if you keep using that unimaginative marketing logo.

answer: (a) generate

A8 Now that you've explained the scope and <u>dimension</u> of the market, we are very keen to inject some money into your project.

answer: (d) dimension

- A9 There is always a risk in any business <u>venture</u> when your scheme is based on an entirely new concept. answer: (a) venture
- A10 Get in there first and don't hesitate to act as the boss and take the *lead*.

answer: (b) lead

- A1 Remember that this happened first and was *prior* to the episode that happened afterwards. answer: (c) prior A2 As the police saw the accident themselves, the driver avoided the necessity of having to give a detailed report. answer: (d) necessity A3 It's a complete waste of time arguing over who was to blame, the main thing we have to do is decide what to do next. answer: (a) arguing A4 It was easy to realise why the machine had stopped working since it was a direct consequence of his failure to maintain it. answer: (c) consequence A5 I am completely confused as to why she did it and so it's not difficult to imagine why other people are mystified, too. answer: (b) difficult If you want to try and influence that political party it's best to become a member yourself and then you can A6 argue from the inside. answer: (d) inside A7 I have great sympathy for them at this time because I have had a similar experience. answer: (b) sympathy A8 Feel free to visit anything of interest to you in the exhibition and also you can partake of any of the refreshments available. answer: (c) partake Many of the people in the crowd were visibly crying because they all sympathized with those who had lost A9 relatives in the disaster. answer: (d) sympathized
- A10 I assure you that you will have no problem with the task because it's as easy <u>as</u> can be.

answer: (a) as

A1	Since last year my workload has increased <i>considerably.</i> answer: (b) considerably
A2	The ability to present your thoughts in an organized <i>manner</i> is critical. answer: (c) manner
А3	The company has <i>implemented</i> several new policies recently. answer: (a) implemented
A4	She provided the judge with <u>concrete</u> evidence in support of the case. answer: (a) concrete
A5	He is paid a <u>salary</u> rather than by the hour. answer: (d) salary
A6	The job <u>market</u> seems to be improving. answer: (c) market
A7	Your resume needs <u>some</u> work. answer: (d) some
A8	The operation is currently <i>undergoing</i> some vast changes. answer: (a) undergoing

A9 Working as a team will better enable the company to reach its goals. answer: (c) reach

A10 Who is in charge of negotiations? answer: (b) of

- A1 She is <u>fed up</u> with having to do 2 people's jobs. answer: (d) fed up
- A2 Being a mother <u>of</u> 3 and working full-time was too much. answer: (c) of
- A3 He works 6 days <u>a</u> week.

answer: (a) a

- A4 It's the *opportunity* of a lifetime.
  - answer: (a) opportunity
- A5 The left-overs each night are donated to a <u>nonprofit</u> organization that feeds the homeless. answer: (d) nonprofit
- A6 It is very important that the review is turned <u>in</u> by the deadline.

answer: (c) in

- A7 Beginning in October we will <u>evaluate</u> each employee's past performance. answer: (a) evaluate
- A8 People tend to gravitate <u>toward</u> others who are the most like themselves. answer: (c) toward
- A9 The owners are discussing how they can cut costs without lowering salaries or <u>laying</u> off employees. answer: (b) laying
- A10 You are the <u>most</u> helpful person I have met. answer: (d) most

- A1 A suck-up is someone who is <u>overly nice to</u> their superior in an attempt to gain favor. answer: (b) overly nice to
- A2 Another name similar to a suck-up is a <u>brown</u>-noser. answer: (c) brown
- A3 Our <u>annual</u> income is at least six-digits. answer: (a) annual
- A4 You should solicit and utilize feedback on all of your <u>endeavors</u>. answer: (d) endeavors
- A5 He must master an <u>array</u> of technical skills. answer: (a) array
- A6 It is crucial that we do not <u>stifle</u> the momentum of the up-and-coming generation of workforce. answer: (b) stifle
- A7 Let your creative juices <u>flow.</u> answer: (d) flow
- A8 You may need to <u>alter</u> some of your phrasing because some of these sentences are redundant. answer: (b) alter
- A9 She implied her notable <u>distaste</u> for her opponent by wrinkling her nose upon his arrival. answer: (c) distaste
- A10 The new supervisor has <u>furnished</u> the company with some exceptionally enlightening new ways of thinking. answer: (a) furnished

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A1	Your reputation <i>precedes</i> you. answer: (b) precedes
A2	Their vast efforts were <u>thwarted</u> in the end.
	answer: (d) thwarted
A3	The corporate disorganization was really only a <i>by-product</i> of the director's indecisiveness. answer: (a) by-product
A4	She strode <u>hastily</u> through the crowd.
	answer: (b) hastily
A5	The condescending manner in which he addresses his employees is incredibly degrading.
	answer: (c) degrading
A6	If an employee's performance is not up to par and the same is either unable or unwilling to change, a <u>personnel</u> change may be necessary. answer: (a) personnel
A7	No one can <u>help</u> liking her because she is so warm and pleasant.
	answer: (d) help
A8	Engaging in gossip is a highly <u>distasteful</u> act.
	answer: (a) distasteful
A9	All loitering is strictly prohibited on the premises.
	answer: (d) premises
A10	We must start from 'ground $\underline{O}$ .

answer: (b) 0

A1	His <u>depiction</u> was entirely ambiguous.
	answer: (c) depiction
A2	Giving extravagantly to causes in which you believe is remarkably commendable.
	answer: (b) commendable
AЗ	Diversity is just as important as continuity.
	answer: (a) just
A4	Our office is a bustling <u>hub</u> of activity.
	answer: (d) hub
A5	He gave us little to no indication <u>as to</u> his whereabouts.
	answer: (c) as to
A6	The athletic abilities of the circus performers was nothing short of <i>phenomenal</i> .
	answer: (b) phenomenal
A7	Virtually every assignment will require an <u>element</u> of creativity.
	answer: (b) element
A8	He was contemplating <i>devising</i> a new technique.
<i>A8</i>	
A8 A9	He was contemplating <i>devising</i> a new technique.

A10 While certain tasks may be somewhat <u>contrived</u>, nevertheless the genuine exchange of information can occur. answer: (c) contrived

- A1 Mary: Did you know there are <u>loads</u> of slang words for money, like bread for example? answer: (c) loads
- A2 John: I suppose there are when you <u>come</u> to think about it like dough, which is similar to your word bread. answer: (d) come
- A3 Mary: One of my <u>favourites</u> is dosh. I like the sound of it. answer: (a) favourites
- A4 John: Well if you're <u>referring</u> to sound. What about spondulicks? answer: (b) referring
- A5 Mary: Yes, that's excellent. Another short sound that <u>appeals</u> to me is brass. answer: (c) appeals
- A6 John: Another one that <u>*rhymes*</u> with jolly is the word lolly. answer: (d) rhymes
- A7 Mary: An expression which sounds very <u>decadent</u> of course is filthy lucre.
   answer: (a) decadent
- A8 John: That's true and then there's that word that also has the same <u>meaning</u> as something that's been stolen loot.

answer: (c) meaning

A9 Mary: The one that sounds very grand because it in a way <u>hides</u> the fact that it means money and that's the wherewithal.

answer: (b) hides

A10 John: Actually, I'm a little <u>embarrassed</u> about this but I haven't any money to pay for the bus home. Do you think you could lend me some readies?

answer: (d) embarrassed

A1	The customary manner in which a business analyzes and records its <u>transactions</u> is by first entering them into a journal. answer: (a) transactions
A2	Journal entries are entered in <u>chronological</u> order, meaning by date, with the earliest date first. answer: (c) chronological
А3	Once the transactions have been entered into the journal they are <u>posted</u> or transferred into their individual General Ledger accounts. answer: (d) posted
A4	All <u>assets</u> increase with a debit entry and decrease with a credit entry. answer: (c) assets
A5	Liabilities either have a credit or no <u>balance</u> at all. answer: (b) balance
A6	Capital accounts represent the owner's <u>net</u> worth in the business. answer: (d) net
A7	<u>revenue</u> accounts are accounts for your sources of business-generated income. answer: (b) revenue
A8	The <i>markup</i> is the difference between what a business pays for an item wholesale and what the business sells it for retail. answer: (a) markup
A9	An accounts payable <u>ledger</u> shows how much you owe each of your vendors. answer: (c) ledger
A10	Accounts <u>receivable</u> shows how much money your customers owe you. answer: (b) receivable

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- A1 <u>Gross</u> pay is what an employee earns before deductions. answer: (c) Gross
- A2 <u>Net</u> pay is what an employee actually receives after deductions. answer: (a) Net
- A3 An employee who is paid on <u>salary</u> receives the same pay each pay period no matter how many hours they work.

answer: (b) salary

- A4 In the USA working over 40 hours per week is considered overtime. For each hour of overtime in the USA you receive your hourly <u>wage</u> multiplied time 1 1/2.
   answer: (c) wage
- A5 The rates for overtime in the USA are generally known as <u>time-and-a-half</u>. answer: (d) time-and-a-half
- A6 Federal taxes and Social Security are both examples of standard <u>deductions</u> from your paycheck.
   answer: (b) deductions
- A7 In order to cash a check you must <u>endorse</u> it, or in other words sign the back.
   answer: (a) endorse
- A8 You record how much each of your employees should be paid in the *payroll* account. answer: (d) payroll
- A9 An <u>outstanding</u> check is one that you have written and deducted from your checkbook balance but has not yet cleared the bank.

answer: (c) outstanding

A10 Books are all closed at the end of an accounting period. A more common term for an accounting period is a *fiscal* period.

answer: (b) fiscal

- A1 When you go to a job interview, it is really important to dress *appropriately*. answer: (b) appropriately
- A2 When filling out an application, make sure you write your answers *intelligibly*. answer: (c) intelligibly
- A3 Make sure you list your skills and experience that you believe will meet the <u>expectations</u> of the employer. answer: (a) expectations
- A4 In your job interview, don't complain about previous jobs or former <u>employers</u>. answer: (d) employers
- A5 When answering questions to the employer, be confident and <u>articulate</u> your words really well. answer: (b) articulate
- A6 Avoid <u>casual</u> clothing such as jeans, flip flops, sneakers, t-shirts, caps, etc. answer: (a) casual
- A7 Bring as much information about yourself as you might need. On your <u>resume</u> make sure you include hobbies, volunteer work or anything that you've done that may pertain to that job.
   answer: (c) resume
- A8 It is usually really handy to have letters of <u>recommendation</u> from previous employers. answer: (b) recommendation
- A9 Hint: Fill out the job application first with a pencil then with a pen, so you don't have to use *white out*. answer: (a) white out
- A10 If you don't remember some particular information about jobs you had in the past, feel free to ask the employer if you can take the application home so you can do some <u>research</u>.
   answer: (d) research

A1 Most dentists are solo practitioners, which means they own their own business and work alone or with a small staff. answer: (c) solo A2 Dentists sometimes perform corrective surgery on gums and supporting bones to treat gum diseases. answer: (b) surgery A3 Dentists wear masks, gloves, and safety glasses to protect themselves and their patients from infectious diseases. answer: (a) infectious diseases A4 Orthodontists use braces or retainers to apply pressure to teeth in order to straighten them. answer: (d) to straighten A5 After finishing dental school, some people work together with established dentists as associates for a couple of years to build up experience and save money to equip an office of their own. answer: (c) associates A6 As dental technology improves, dentists will be able to offer more *effective* treatment to their patients. answer: (b) effective A7 When dentists extract all of your teeth, they replace the missing teeth with dentures. answer: (d) dentures Dentists use an assortment of instruments like mouth mirrors, probes, forceps, brushes, and scalpels in their A8 work. answer: (a) instruments A9 When decay or injuries infect the blood or nerve supply of your tooth, you need a Root Canal.

answer: (b) infect

A10 Wisdom teeth are always the last to <u>develop</u>. They commonly appear around the ages 17 to 25. answer: (c) develop Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 46 (Answer Keys) Insurance Policy Vocabulary

- A1 I took out a life insurance *policy* with State Ranch Insurance Company last week. answer: (b) policy
- A2 My insurance <u>premiums</u> are only \$70 per month. answer: (c) premiums
- A3 In the event of my death, the <u>beneficiary</u> will be my widow.answer: (d) beneficiary
- A4 My insurance does not <u>cover</u> me if I commit suicide. answer: (b) cover
- A5 The amount of money that my wife will get has already been calculated by State Ranch's <u>actuary</u>. answer: (c) actuary
- A6 If I decide that I no longer need my insurance, I can cash it in for the amount of its <u>surrender</u> value. answer: (b) surrender
- A7 Before I got the insurance, I had to receive a complete physical <u>examination</u>. answer: (d) examination
- A8 I am feeling great, because the doctor told me that I have a life <u>expectancy</u> of 82 years! answer: (c) expectancy
- A9 Even if I am late in paying, the insurance remains in effect for a *grace* period of 30 days. answer: (a) grace
- A10 The insurance is pretty expensive though: I am a policeman, so there are a lot of occupational <u>hazards</u>. answer: (c) hazards

A1	A contract is a <i>binding</i> agreement that is reached between two individuals or parties. answer: (c) binding
A2	A contract between an individual and his or her employer is for the services s/he will provide in exchange for getting <i>paid.</i> answer: (a) paid
A3	<i>Signing</i> a rental agreement to live in an apartment for one year is a kind of contract. answer: (c) Signing
A4	The tenant promises to pay a <u>certain</u> amount of rent, and in return, the realty agent promises to supply the accommodation. answer: (b) certain
A5	A customer <u>enters</u> into a contract each time s/he makes a purchase. answer: (d) enters
A6	A contract is initiated when a person makes an offer to buy something and the seller <u>accepts</u> his or her offer. answer: (c) accepts
A7	In order for a contract to be completed, something of <i>value</i> needs to be exchanged. answer: (b) value
A8	A contract has been created when both the buyer and the seller have agreed that there will be some kind of <u>consideration</u> . answer: (a) consideration
A9	Any contract that is made to buy or sell something that is <i>illegal</i> is not enforceable under law. answer: (c) illegal

A10 A contract is required to be made by those who are legally capable, a condition called *capacity*. answer: (b) capacity

- A1 The initial responsibility of a business plan is to help to develop a <u>solid</u> business strategy. answer: (d) solid
- A2 First, you should describe your products and services and discuss the market that you are <u>targeting</u>. answer: (c) targeting
- A3 If you wish to interest investors, you need to emphasize the company's profit *potential.* answer: (a) potential
- A4 You should be particularly careful to adequately <u>disclose</u> the risks in the business. answer: (c) disclose
- A5 You should examine customer <u>needs</u> and the benefits of your products and services. answer: (c) needs
- A6 <u>Evaluate</u> the strong and weak points of any firms in competition with yours and look for marketplace opportunities.

answer: (b) Evaluate

- A7 If you can find a particular market <u>niche</u> to focus on, you should investigate this further.
   answer: (d) niche
- A8 It may also be possible for you to *position* your products differently in the marketplace to attract new customers.

answer: (a) position

A9 It is not a good idea to exaggerate sales projections, and it is just as poor an idea to <u>underestimate</u> operating costs.

answer: (d) underestimate

A10 If you forecast conservatively, you will be more likely to maintain an extra <u>cushion</u> of cash. answer: (d) cushion

- A1 Being a delegate at conferences and other gatherings is a valuable opportunity whether or not you present a paper.
   answer: (c) paper
- A2 At such events, you will get an accurate <u>sense</u> of the current direction of the industry. answer: (c) sense
- A3 And if you are scheduled to give a talk, you will gain increased <u>visibility</u>. answer: (d) visibility
- A4 Actually, it is not very important for you to attend any of the <u>vendor</u> exhibitions. answer: (c) vendor
- A5 In order for you to be <u>*plugged*</u> into your industry and its market, it is important for you to go to such events. answer: (a) plugged
- A6 The importance of conferences is not the seminars or workshops, but the refreshment breaks and chatting at the bar after the day is <u>done.</u>

answer: (d) done

- A7 The key feature of a conference is the chance to meet those whom you would not <u>otherwise</u> have met. answer: (c) otherwise
- A8 Be sure to carry your business cards, and do not hesitate to <u>exchange</u> cards with anyone you meet. answer: (d) exchange
- A9 And finally: do not forget to enjoy your host city: conference information packages often <u>spotlight</u> nearby attractions and sightseeing opportunities.

answer: (d) spotlight

A10 Well ahead of time, however, you should plan a balance of scheduled conference activities and events that <u>suit</u> your needs.

answer: (d) suit

- A1 Computer advisors recommend that you consider correct workstation <u>layout</u> and personal posture in order to minimize the chances of an injury.
   answer: (a) layout
- A2 The symptoms of such injuries may include <u>numbness</u> in the fingers, painful hands or wrists, or eye problems. answer: (d) numbness
- A3 A(n) *ideal* workstation permits you to work in a natural position while minimizing the strain on your arms, back and eyes.

answer: (b) ideal

A4 On the other hand, a poorly designed workstation will force you into uncomfortable postures like <u>hunching</u> over.

answer: (b) hunching

- A5 Experienced computer operators know that a good chair <u>adapts</u> to their bodies. answer: (a) adapts
- A6 Use a chair that has a backrest supporting the <u>curves</u> of your back. answer: (d) curves
- A7 Ensure that you have enough <u>room</u> below the table top to fit your knees comfortably. answer: (c) room
- A8 Select a mouse that fits your hand; be sure that it is as flat as possible in order to minimize wrist <u>strain</u>. answer: (b) strain
- A9 The computer monitor needs to be separate from the keyboard, and it should be <u>centered</u> directly in front of you.

answer: (a) centered

A10 A person's body is not intended to remain motionless, even in a comfortable position, for long <u>periods</u> of time; so get up and stretch!

answer: (c) periods

- A1 The first step most managers take to grow their business is to increase the number of customers. answer: (c) take A2 Losses are usually suffered if inexperienced sales staff are given the task of *implementing* a marketing scheme. answer: (c) implementing A3 Fundamental marketing strategy is to create prospective customers who are ready, willing and able to buy. answer: (d) willing A4 The primary goal of a such a strategy is to present sales staff with prospects to *convert* into paying customers. answer: (c) convert A5 One thing that managers can do to increase their business is to reward existing customers for referring new ones. answer: (a) referring A6 Established customers are seldom asked whether they are interested in more or new products or services; they are all too often taken for granted. answer: (d) granted A7 It can be the undoing of a business to expect regular customers to purchase standard quantities without being solicited to buy more. answer: (b) undoing A8 Sharing news, information and offers with customers increases their *frequency* of repurchase. answer: (b) frequency A9 Customers should be offered more value through complementary products and services at the *point* of sale.
  - answer: (d) point
  - *A10* <u>*Repeat*</u> business is gained by the company that gives the customer what s/he wants. answer: (c) Repeat

- A1 One definition of a warranty is that it is a promise of *quality* which is given by the seller or the manufacturer to the purchaser.
   answer: (b) quality
- A2 The purchaser must be given the *opportunity* to see the warranty before s/he makes the purchase. answer: (b) opportunity
- A3 Unfortunately, shoppers do not usually pay attention to the <u>coverage</u> until a problem with the purchase arises. answer: (a) coverage
- A4 Many retailers view warranties as a <u>promotional</u> technique.
   answer: (d) promotional
- A5 The use of warranties gradually developed as part of the <u>bargaining</u> process between sellers and customers. answer: (a) bargaining
- A6 An implied warranty is legally in effect even if it is not in *written* form. answer: (d) written
- A7 Any respectable manufacturer will <u>honor</u> an implied warranty. answer: (b) honor
- A8 Clear <u>title</u> is an affirmation that the product has not been stolen and is not otherwise illegal. answer: (d) title
- A9 A warranty of <u>fitness</u> for purpose assures the purchaser that the item will perform properly the function for which it was designed.

answer: (c) fitness

A10 Merchantability warrants that the item will <u>live</u> up to reasonable expectations of the purchaser. answer: (c) live

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 53 (Answer Keys) Office Technology Problems

- A1 The misuse of technology in the office increases the average work day in the US by over an hour and a half. answer: (b) misuse A2 One research project revealed that phone and email habits can actually reduce productivity rather than improve it. answer: (c) productivity A3 At work, male employees are the greater time wasters when it *comes* to surreptitious non-work activities. answer: (a) comes A4 Improperly dealing with phone calls and emails hinders workers from getting their jobs done, creates poor working habits, and lengthens the work day. answer: (c) lengthens A5 Too much reliance on voice mail when making or returning phone calls was also spotlighted in the study. answer: (c) returning A6 The delay that is caused by the necessity of waiting for critical responses to emails was another problem that caused time wastage every day. answer: (d) wastage A7 The average total time lost at work every day was over two hours, of which an hour and a half was because communication technology was not used to good effect. answer: (b) effect A8 On average, thirty minutes were wasted managing telephone communications, while ten more minutes were wasted attempting to locate colleagues. answer: (c) colleagues A9 The communications tools that once were an important contribution to efficiency have now begun to become a detriment to it. answer: (c) tools
  - A10 One basic cause of lost efficiency is that employees are often unaware of another worker's location, whether it be in a meeting, at a different desk, or away <u>offsite.</u>

answer: (a) offsite

- A1 Modern technology continues to proliferate in offices everywhere, and the secretary's role has greatly <u>evolved</u>. answer: (a) evolved
- A2 Operational restructuring and automated procedures have presented secretaries with a broad range of new responsibilities formerly <u>reserved</u> for managerial levels.

answer: (c) reserved

- A3 Nevertheless, amid these changes their <u>core</u> duties have remained almost unchanged. answer: (b) core
- A4 A secretary is responsible for a range of administrative and <u>clerical</u> duties that are essential to the efficient operation of a business.

answer: (a) clerical

A5 A secretary serves as an information <u>*clearinghouse*</u> for an office, organizes and maintains hard copy and electronic files, and generates correspondence.

answer: (a) clearinghouse

- A6 Many secretaries also <u>handle</u> travel arrangements and contact clients. answer: (c) handle
- A7 A large part of a secretary's day is involved with negotiating meeting times, which is a(n) <u>cumbersome</u> job, especially if many are to attend.

answer: (b) cumbersome

A8 Today, more and more secretarial staff use PCs to run database management, <u>desktop</u> publishing, and computer graphics software.

answer: (a) desktop

A9 Secretaries nowadays are often <u>relieved</u> from old-fashioned typing and dictation; therefore, they can now support more than one executive staff member.

answer: (c) relieved

A10 <u>Executive</u> secretaries are responsible for fewer clerical duties than lower-level secretarial staff. answer: (b) Executive

- A1 Electronics is the study and utilization of systems that function by guiding electron flow in devices such as semiconductors. answer: (b) devices A2 Designing and building electronic circuits to solve practical problems is the mandate of electronics engineering. answer: (b) practical A3 Research into innovative semiconductor technology and applications is considered a branch of physics. answer: (a) branch A4 Electronic circuits are mainly used to control, process and distribute information, and for the conversion and distribution of electric power. answer: (d) conversion A5 These two purposes rely on the creation and detection of electromagnetic *fields* and electrical currents. answer: (a) fields A6 The rapid modern advancement of electronics began in *earnest* with the introduction of the radio. answer: (a) earnest A7 There are three divisions to an electronics system, an example of which is a television set. answer: (d) set A8 First, the input is a broadcast signal either received by its antenna or fed in through a cable. answer: (b) fed Second, processing circuits inside the TV extract the brightness, colour and audio data from this signal. A9 answer: (c) extract
- A10 Third and last, its output apparatus, a cathode ray tube, changes the electronic signals into a <u>visible</u> image on its screen.

answer: (d) visible

- A1 The first goal in writing a business letter is to get the recipient's <u>attention</u>. answer: (b) attention
- A2 One fundamental <u>principle</u> of effective writing is to put the key information at the beginning. answer: (c) principle
- A3 Avoid <u>weighing</u> down the beginning of the letter with abundant information of which the reader is already aware, however.

answer: (c) weighing

- A4 Effective writing is <u>effortless</u> reading that makes the recipient want to read further. answer: (b) effortless
- A5 In writing commercial correspondence, it is important to employ a friendly yet efficient <u>tone</u>. answer: (d) tone
- A6 Try to aim for a <u>conversational</u> style, but without employing bad grammar, slang, or otherwise questionable English.

answer: (d) conversational

A7 Be merciless in eliminating the *padding* that most people put into letters: it wastes the recipient's time and tries his or her patience.

answer: (d) padding

- A8 A good business letter is simple and straightforward without being simplistic or *patronizing*. answer: (d) patronizing
- A9 The conclusion or ending paragraph should bring the communication to a polite and <u>businesslike</u> close. answer: (a) businesslike
- A10 Unfortunately, the ending paragraphs in much commercial correspondence employ wordy and overused phrases that detract from the letter's *impact*.

answer: (d) impact

A1	Our annual report was <u>submitted</u> to the shareholders on 31 March. answer: (b) submitted
A2	Turnover remained constant through the <u>fiscal</u> year. answer: (b) fiscal
A3	Profits declined sharply with the devaluation of the <i>currency</i> . answer: (c) currency
A4	Sales fell gradually in the first two quarters, but <u>recovered</u> in the second half of the year. answer: (c) recovered
A5	Costs reached <u>a peak</u> in April. answer: (d) a peak
A6	Demand rose sharply after our major competitor went into <i>bankruptcy.</i> answer: (a) bankruptcy
A7	Overhead levelled off when utility charges were <u>frozen</u> by the government. answer: (b) frozen
A8	Prices were raised with the introduction of our new <u>line</u> of widgets. answer: (b) line
A9	Output <u>kept</u> up with demand. answer: (b) kept

A10 Although the company's overall <u>performance</u> was weak, its bottom line was still in the black. answer: (c) performance

- A1 In the first step of the importation process, the purchaser makes his selection from the supplier's catalogue of hair dryers. answer: (b) catalogue A2 Next, he sends an email to check the availability of stock. answer: (c) stock A3 Thereupon, he orders the hair dryers. answer: (c) orders A4 Soon, he receives a *confirmation* of the order from the supplier. answer: (a) confirmation A5 Afterward, he receives a pro forma invoice. answer: (c) forma Subsequently, his bank issues a *letter* of credit for the amount of the invoice. A6 answer: (b) letter Then, he receives the supplier's invoice for the hair dryers FOB point of departure. Α7 answer: (c) point A8 After that, he receives the *bill* of lading from the transporter. answer: (a) bill A9 Thereafter, he pays the transporter for shipping costs. answer: (d) shipping
- A10 Finally, he receives the hair dryers with a <u>customs</u> declaration form. answer: (d) customs

- A1 All <u>around</u> the world, cellular telephones are being used more and more. answer: (b) around
- A2 Cell phones are hand- <u>held</u> devices; they are also called wireless or mobile phones. answer: (c) held
- A3 Cell phones are *popular* with users because they are small, light and easily transported. answer: (c) popular
- A4 Cellular telephones are actually little different than two- <u>way</u> radios.
   answer: (d) way
- A5 A caller speaks into a cell phone, and it picks <u>up</u> his or her voice, transforming the sound into radio waves. answer: (d) up
- A6 Then these radio waves are transmitted through the atmosphere until they meet a <u>nearby</u> base station.
   answer: (b) nearby
- A7 The station sends your phone call <u>through</u> the standard telephone network, where it eventually reaches the receiver.

answer: (d) through

- A8 Cell phones provide a vast array of <u>functions</u> these days, and new ones are being added all the time. answer: (d) functions
- A9 When someone calls you, your cell phone receiver <u>detects</u> radio waves sent out by the base station. answer: (b) detects
- A10 Inside your cell phone, these waves are converted <u>back</u> into the sound of the caller's voice. answer: (a) back

- A1 Industry-<u>specific</u>, or niche, employment websites are proliferating as places for companies to locate qualified personnel.
   answer: (d) specific
- A2 Niche sites present a large <u>pool</u> of qualified job-seekers. answer: (c) pool
- A3 The internet, in comparison to other advertising media, gives its users a broader <u>reach</u>. answer: (a) reach
- A4 The internet produces results faster and more cheaply than other <u>traditional</u> advertising media. answer: (d) traditional
- A5 Companies these days look at internet job advertising as an <u>integral</u> part of their staffing efforts. answer: (c) integral
- A6 Advertising positions on employment websites can generate a lot of <u>traffic</u> from potential candidates. answer: (d) traffic
- *A7* But general sites often produce an insufficient number of qualified applicants, making the process relatively time *consuming* for the results seen.

answer: (a) consuming

- A8 Niche site marketing targets executives and professionals of the industry <u>served</u>. answer: (d) served
- A9 Advertisements both on niche sites and using more conventional methods are a part of a well- <u>rounded</u> staffing campaign.

answer: (c) rounded

A10 Niche sites often include job postings, comparative salary scales, curriculum vitae databases, and <u>more.</u> answer: (d) more

- A1 The application form is used by companies as a means of <u>standardizing</u> basic information from all applicants. answer: (d) standardizing
- A2 The application is a key marketing tool for the applicant in the job-<u>seeking</u> process. answer: (c) seeking
- A3 Companies utilize the application as a <u>basis</u> for deciding whether to interview the applicant.
   answer: (b) basis
- A4 The application form should be considered the applicant's first test in <u>following</u> directions. answer: (b) following
- A5 The application form should be filled out as <u>neatly</u> as possible; it reflects the applicant's nature. answer: (c) neatly
- A6 On the form, answers should be <u>tailored</u> to the specific position for which the person is applying.
   answer: (d) tailored
- A7 No *blanks* should be left on the form; for questions that are irrelevant, write "not applicable" ("n/a"). answer: (b) blanks
- A8 The goal of the application is to obtain a personal interview, so do not provide any <u>negative</u> information. answer: (b) negative
- A9 Questions should be answered <u>truthfully</u>, but complete answers need not necessarily be given. answer: (d) truthfully
- A10 Specific salary limits should never be indicated on the application; just write "open" or " <u>negotiable</u> ". answer: (b) negotiable

- A1 The first interview for the candidate is the <u>screening</u> interview, which is used to ascertain whether s/he matches the position's minimum qualifications.
   answer: (c) screening
- A2 The interviewer(s) will have the applicant's resume in <u>hand</u> and attempt to confirm the information it contains. answer: (b) hand
- A3 The selection interview is worrisome for most candidates: although they may have the requisite skills, the company now determines whether they have the personality to <u>fit</u> into the group.

answer: (a) fit

A4 A candidate who does not interact positively with supervisors and co-workers may <u>disrupt</u> the operations of a whole section.

answer: (b) disrupt

- A5 A group interview is one in which the interviewer(s) attempt to distinguish the <u>leaders</u> from the followers. answer: (d) leaders
- A6 When a panel interview is <u>held</u>, the candidate is interviewed by several people at the same time. answer: (b) held
- A7 The candidate should make eye <u>contact</u> with each member of the panel as s/he answers the panelist's question.

answer: (c) contact

A8 One technique the applicant should be aware of is the stress interview, which is occasionally used to <u>weed</u> out those who are unable to deal with adverse situations.

answer: (c) weed

A9 Stress may be introduced into this kind of interview by asking strange questions or by reacting to the candidate's responses with *silence*.

answer: (c) silence

A10 In a stress interview, the candidate has only two choices: play <u>along</u> or refuse such bad treatment by terminating the interview.

answer: (a) along

- A1 In order to take on the right candidate, the employer must examine both abilities and personality, although not necessarily in that <u>order</u>.
   answer: (b) order
- A2 The first step to hiring <u>success</u> is being aware of the abilities that the ideal candidate should have. answer: (d) success
- A3 Before proceeding to advertisement and interviews, create a list of skills needed for the job and assign a <u>rating</u> to each skill.

answer: (b) rating

- A4 Placing a <u>premium</u> on education and experience is only common sense in the hiring process. answer: (b) premium
- A5 If the applicant seems to be over-qualified for the position, you have found either a diamond in the <u>rough</u> or someone very adept at interviews.

answer: (c) rough

A6 If this applicant does not have extensive practical experience in a similar position, you may rest <u>assured</u> that s/he is the latter.

answer: (a) assured

A7 Nevertheless, occasionally a talented candidate is found who is willing to accept a position and pay <u>scale</u> for which he or she is overqualified.

answer: (d) scale

A8 How successful the candidate will be is determined in the end by the team <u>chemistry</u> of the group s/he becomes a part of.

answer: (b) chemistry

A9 The manager's goal is to employ individuals who are technically <u>proficient</u> and also have personalities that suit their team.

answer: (c) proficient

A10 Should questions remain concerning the candidate following the traditional interview, it is then time to consult his or her <u>references.</u>

answer: (a) references

- A1 Well before beginning a training program, the trainer should sit down and prepare a lesson <u>plan</u> for each day.
   answer: (b) plan
- A2 The course needs to be well prepared in advance so that all important points will be <u>covered</u>. answer: (a) covered
- A3 Before or during the first class, it is important, if possible, to take time to <u>get</u> to know the individual students. answer: (a) get
- A4 An effective trainer knows his or her <u>audience</u>. answer: (a) audience
- A5 Put questions to the trainees and encourage them to <u>question</u> in return. answer: (c) question
- A6 Early on, the trainer should <u>determine</u> what his or her students already know, what previous experience they have, and what difficulties they have encountered.

answer: (d) determine

A7 In this way, the trainer discovers where to <u>place</u> emphasis and where to move more quickly through the information.

answer: (c) place

- A8 Training is a dynamic, two-way process; it should always be a <u>dialogue</u> rather than a speech or presentation.
   answer: (b) dialogue
- A9 The trainer should not forget to cover the minor tasks that are familiar to a longer-term employee; these could well be <u>foreign</u> to a recent hiree.

answer: (b) foreign

A10 One important training tool is the list; remember that this may be the only <u>thing</u> that remains with your trainee after the training session has finished.

answer: (d) thing

- A1 Company benefits are often a significant portion of the employee's compensation *package*. answer: (a) package
- A2 When considering an offer, the candidate should examine any benefits offered by the *prospective* employer. answer: (d) prospective
- A3 Generous benefits can contribute up to 35 or 40 percent to the <u>overall</u> compensation for a job. answer: (b) overall
- A4 Health insurance is an important benefit; it is less expensive through the employer at *group* rates than when taking it out on one's own.

answer: (c) group

- A5 Should the employee become ill or have an accident, his or her medical <u>treatment</u> is adequately covered. answer: (d) treatment
- A6 Many US employers now help cover the expense of <u>childcare</u> facilities in their communities. answer: (a) childcare
- A7 Another important benefit now often offered is flextime, which allows the employee to vary his or her working hours, within *limits*, each day.

answer: (b) limits

*A8* On the other hand, fewer companies are offering pension plans that guarantee a fixed monthly sum to *retirees.* 

answer: (c) retirees

A9 Another benefit, the stock ownership plan, permits the employee to buy <u>shares</u> of the company's stock at subsidized prices.

answer: (c) shares

A10 <u>Telecommuting</u> is a work plan that permits the employee to work from his or her home.

answer: (b) Telecommuting

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 66 (Answer Keys) Starting Salary Expectations

- A1 If a well-qualified person is assiduous in his or her job search, s/he may receive more than one job <u>offer.</u> answer: (c) offer
- A2 Location and cost of living play a big <u>part</u> in determining salary. answer: (a) part
- A3 Both salary and cost of living vary among urban, suburban, and <u>rural</u> areas.

answer: (c) rural

A4 Salaries in an urban area will likely be higher than in the suburbs, while the purchasing *power* of each salary may be similar.

answer: (b) power

A5 The costs of living in a <u>number</u> of geographical locations can be compared by using salary calculators available on the internet.

answer: (b) number

A6 <u>Supply</u> and demand are big factors in the starting salary a company may offer.

answer: (d) Supply

- A7 In a field with a large number of candidates, there will be lower salaries and <u>stiff</u> competition. answer: (c) stiff
- A8 Contrariwise, other fields need workers so badly that the candidate will have his or her choice of employers, many of whom will offer *top* dollar.

answer: (d) top

- A9 Even so, within fields a range of salaries is offered, and industry and specific employer usually <u>affect</u> salary. answer: (a) affect
- A10 Finally, each candidate is one-of-a-kind: his or her specific qualifications and abilities will play a major role in attracting employers and <u>negotiating</u> a salary.

answer: (c) negotiating

Employees with ambition are often eager to *move* into management. answer: (c) move A2 Maturity is the ability to make decisions that will affect the company's future in a non-emotional way. answer: (c) Maturity A3 Such employees will have formed friendships in the company, and co-workers will be expecting them to make decisions based on these relationships. answer: (b) based A4 An employee's ability to come up with sound ideas is a benefit to a company, and the employee will be noticed for it. answer: (a) sound A5 A manager knows what s/he needs to get done each day, and usually knows this at the end of the previous day, so s/he should get a game plan thought out ahead of time. answer: (c) game A6 Promotions go to the employees who are the most help to their bosses; when the boss is asked for a recommendation, those helpful employees will come to mind. answer: (a) come to mind A7 Management hopefuls should watch what their boss does and gain some *insight* into the responsibilities of the position. answer: (c) insight The proverb "familiarity breeds contempt" is guite applicable to working in a position of authority. A8 answer: (a) breeds A9 A manager cannot make close friends at the office; s/he should make allies instead. answer: (b) allies A10 Good managers know how to remain friendly but *impersonal*. answer: (a) impersonal

A1

- A1 A balance sheet shows the financial resources that a company has at a point in time and where they came from. answer: (b) resources A2 It is an instant photograph that displays the company's financial position at the end of a business month, quarter or year. answer: (b) position The organization of a balance sheet reflects this basic equation: assets equal debts plus equity. A3 answer: (c) equation A4 The chart of accounts is a listing of the accounts that are reflected in the financial statements. answer: (b) chart A5 Assets are often listed in the order of their liquidity - which means how easy it would be to convert each asset into cash. answer: (b) liquidity A6 Assets are divided into three categories: Current Assets, Fixed Assets, and Other Assets. answer: (d) Other A7 Current assets will likely be turned into cash or converted into a(n) expense within a year. answer: (b) expense A8 Fixed assets are saleable, but are not expected to be converted to cash in the normal course of business. answer: (d) normal A9 Liabilities are debts or obligations stemming from goods or services received by the company. answer: (a) obligations
- *A10* If the assets of a company are greater than its liabilities, then the equity of the business is the positive <u>difference</u> between the two numbers.

answer: (b) difference

- A1 The statement of income and expenses reports the company's income and expenses for the time period: it is also called a *profit*-and-loss statement.
   answer: (c) profit
- A2 The first item on the statement is the total amount of sales of products or services; this is often referred to as <u>gross</u> sales.

answer: (a) gross

A3 The main deduction from this revenue is called <u>cost</u> of sales, the amount of money the company spent to produce the same goods or services.

answer: (a) cost

A4 The next deduction is <u>operating</u> expenses — for example, administrative salaries and research costs, which do not vary directly with production.

answer: (b) operating

- A5 Depreciation expenses the wear and <u>tear</u> on assets like machinery, equipment and furnishings. answer: (d) tear
- A6 The depreciation charge for using these assets during the accounting period is a <u>function</u> of their original cost. answer: (d) function
- A7 <u>Interest</u> income is the money that the company earns by keeping its cash in savings accounts, term deposits, etc.

answer: (c) Interest

- A8 Finally, <u>income</u> tax is deducted. answer: (c) income
- A9 The final entry is the <u>bottom</u> line, which represents net earnings of the company during the accounting period. answer: (d) bottom
- A10 Additionally, <u>EPS</u> indicates how much shareholders would receive if the company distributed all of its net earnings as dividends.

answer: (a) EPS

- A1 <u>Management</u> or cost accounting systems are part of a company's information system and are used for tracking costs and allocations to judge operational efficiency. answer: (c) Management
- A2 This is an *internal* accounting system, rather than one for outside reporting. answer: (d) internal
- A3 There are no <u>fixed</u> rules governing how a company should keep track of cash flows for cost accounting purposes.

answer: (b) fixed

- A4 <u>Capital</u> budgeting is a form of forecasted cost accounting for long-term projects or expenditures. answer: (a) Capital
- A5 Cost accounting applications are major financial <u>drivers</u> in everyday corporate decision-making. answer: (b) drivers
- A6 Cost accounting is important for estimating the *profitability* of current and future activities.
   answer: (b) profitability
- *A7* When good cost accounting procedures are *implemented*, the company may find out that they have been producing a non-profitable product or service.

answer: (c) implemented

- A8 Cost accounting <u>motivates</u> managers toward company goals. answer: (d) motivates
- A9 It also measures the *performance* of managers and departments in the company. answer: (c) performance
- A10 <u>Variable</u> costs change in proportion to the level of production activity, while fixed costs remain unchanged. answer: (c) Variable

- A1 The purpose of an audit is to gather and evaluate evidence in order to form an opinion on the <u>reliability</u> of a company's financial statements.
   answer: (c) reliability
- A2 The audit <u>report</u> is usually no more than a page in length and is attached to the financial statements. answer: (a) report
- A3 Auditors are not responsible for the <u>preparation</u> of the financial statements of an company. answer: (d) preparation
- A4 In the financial statements, the company implicitly states that all items, account balances and transactions are <u>materially</u> valid, complete and accurate.

answer: (c) materially

- A5 An error in <u>validity</u> is committed when the financial statements include an item that should not be included. answer: (d) validity
- A6 An error in <u>completeness</u> is committed when the financial statements do not include an item which should be included.

answer: (c) completeness

A7 An error in <u>accuracy</u> is committed when the financial statements include incorrect information about an item that should be included.

answer: (a) accuracy

A8 One of the principal goals of the auditor is to add *credibility* to this assertion.

answer: (b) credibility

A9 Audit risk is the risk that the auditor expresses an inappropriate audit opinion when the financial statements are significantly *misstated*.

answer: (a) misstated

A10 In addition to the financial statements, the auditor also examines the company's internal <u>control</u> procedures for effectiveness.

answer: (c) control

- A1 Budgeting is a combination of mathematics and guesswork: some factors are precisely known, while others are less clear. answer: (b) factors A2 Every company should prepare a complete budget and constantly monitor its performance against that budget. answer: (d) monitor A3 Any variation from a budget should be investigated and explained, and prompt action should be taken to correct any problems. answer: (d) prompt A4 When you have set a budget, you should *stick* to it as much as possible, but revise it when necessary. answer: (c) stick A5 Budgeting itself can help a company reduce costs, because every item in it must be justified beforehand. answer: (b) justified A6 The wrong way to prepare a budget is to simply include everything at last year's level plus annual inflation. answer: (c) inflation A7 Focus first on the largest costs, since they should have the greatest potential for reduction. answer: (b) potential A8 Do not overestimate the *projected* sales for the budget period. answer: (d) projected A9 Creating a(n) cash flow forecast requires estimating the expected monthly expenditures and matching those against the likely monthly income. answer: (a) cash flow
- A10 Many companies maintain a <u>rolling</u> budget, so that they are continually budgeting for this time next year. answer: (c) rolling

A1 The idea of depreciation is quite straightforward; for instance, a forklift is an operational asset for a company's business, and each year it loses a certain amount of value until at last it is *irreparable* and has no value for the company.

answer: (a) irreparable

- A2 Calculating and <u>accounting</u> for this loss in value of such an asset is called depreciation. answer: (a) accounting
- A3 Almost all companies invest in vehicles, furniture, machinery or buildings, and those that will be used for more than one year are considered <u>capital</u> assets.
   answer: (a) capital

A4 However, the entire cost of such an asset cannot be <u>deducted</u> in the year it is acquired. answer: (b) deducted

A5 If a business reduced a single year's income by the total cost of such an asset, it would result in a profit understatement in that year and a profit overstatement during the <u>succeeding</u> years.

answer: (d) succeeding

- A6 For assets that have a useful life of more than one year, the cost must be <u>written</u> off over at least two years.
   answer: (d) written
- A7 The yearly depreciation for an asset is calculated using its *initial* cost and the number of years that it will presumably retain some value.

answer: (c) initial

A8 At the end of each year, the annual depreciation is subtracted from the asset's cost; this determines its <u>book</u> value, which presumably is the same as its market value.

answer: (c) book

A9 Straight <u>line</u> depreciation, the most common method of depreciating assets, simply divides the initial cost of an asset by the number of years that it will presumably be of use.

answer: (c) line

A10 The <u>declining</u> balance method presumes that the asset depreciates more when it is newer and less as it ages and wears.

answer: (a) declining

- A1 Inventory accounting starts with the inventory on <u>hand.</u> answer: (b) hand
- A2 Inventories cannot be <u>expensed</u> until sold, and meanwhile they are considered an asset. answer: (c) expensed
- A3 There are four generally accepted approaches to inventory valuation based on <u>historical</u> cost. answer: (b) historical
- A4 The <u>specific</u> identification method records actual cost flow: each individual item and its cost must be accounted for.

answer: (c) specific

A5 The <u>weighted</u> average method divides the total cost of inventory items by their total number at the end of any accounting period.

answer: (d) weighted

A6 The moving average method uses an average cost for inventory items that is calculated and <u>applied</u> at the time of each sale.

answer: (b) applied

A7 The <u>*FIFO*</u> method of inventory evaluation is based on the presumption that most companies normally sell the oldest items in their inventory before they sell the newer ones.

answer: (b) FIFO

A8 The <u>LIFO</u> method is based on the presumption that the most recent stock items purchased will be the initial items sold.

answer: (c) LIFO

- A9 The <u>FILO</u> method presumes that the company will continue to keep their oldest items in inventory. answer: (d) FILO
- A10 The <u>FEFO</u> method attempts to ensure that perishable products are sold while they are still in good condition. answer: (a) FEFO

- A1 Generally Accepted Accounting Principles are a set of accounting <u>standards</u> approved by the professional accounting industry.
   answer: (a) standards
- A2 GAAP are a combination of <u>authoritative</u> rules set by policy boards and the commonly accepted ways of recording and reporting financial information.

answer: (a) authoritative

- A3 They can become accepted either as a result of due <u>process</u> or as a result of long term practice. answer: (d) process
- A4 Accountants cannot express the opinion that financial statements are "in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles" if such information includes any <u>departures</u> from these principles.
   answer: (a) departures
- A5 After the Stock Market <u>Crash</u> of 1929, the American Institute of Accountants introduced five broad principles of accounting which have won fairly general acceptance.
   answer: (c) Crash
- A6 It is relatively unimportant to investors what reporting method is used by a company, so long as they are assured that it is followed <u>consistently</u> every year.
   answer: (b) consistently
- A7 In 1934, the U.S. Congress created the Securities and <u>Exchange</u> Commission (SEC), giving it the authority to prescribe the methods used in preparing financial statements.
   answer: (d) Exchange
- A8 In 1938, Congress permitted companies to use a new <u>inventory</u> method, lifo, for income tax purposes.
   answer: (c) inventory
- A9 In 1939, the AIA recommended the phrasing, "present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles" in the standard form of the <u>auditor's</u> report.
   answer: (a) auditor's
- A10 The P & L monograph of 1940 promulgated the "*matching* principle", which places primary emphasis on the correspondence of costs with the revenues that they produce.

answer: (d) matching

- A1 Most accounting positions require a bachelor's degree in accounting or a related field or <u>an equivalent</u> combination of education and experience.
   answer: (d) an equivalent
- A2 Many companies want graduates with a master's degree in accounting, or a master's degree in business administration with <u>a concentration</u> in accounting.

answer: (a) a concentration

A3 Some schools offer students a chance for hands-on experience with part-time *internship* programs in accounting or commercial firms.

answer: (a) internship

A4 Accountants help make sure that a firm is run efficiently, that its records are maintained accurately, and that its taxes are paid properly and in a *timely* manner.

answer: (d) timely

A5 Nowadays, accountants are <u>broadening</u> the services they offer with budget analysis, investment planning, and IT consulting.

answer: (a) broadening

A6 <u>Public</u> accountants, many of whom are CPAs, generally have their own companies or work for major accounting firms.

answer: (c) Public

A7 Some accountants specialize in <u>forensic</u> accounting — investigating white-collar crimes such as securities fraud and embezzlement.

answer: (b) forensic

A8 Many work closely with law enforcement officers and lawyers during investigations and often appear as <u>expert</u> witnesses during trials.

answer: (b) expert

A9 <u>Management</u> accountants record and analyze the financial information of the firms in which they are employed.

answer: (d) Management

*A10* Government accountants work in the public <u>sector</u>, maintaining and monitoring the recordkeeping of government departments and agencies.

answer: (d) sector

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 77 (Answer Keys) Retirement and Pensions

A1 The relationship between worker pensions and retirement is of considerable interest to management and economists. answer: (a) considerable A2 The reduction in retirement age since World War II is usually attributed to greater pension benefits, both governmental and private. answer: (d) attributed A3 The anticipated difficulties in financing current public pensions could be *mitigated* by changes that delayed worker retirement. answer: (c) mitigated A4 Private pensions comprise a large percentage of individual wealth in most of the developed nations. answer: (d) comprise A5 As a worker ages, both his productivity and the *disutility* of working another wage period will change. answer: (d) disutility A6 In a perfect labor market, employers, who always pay workers the value of their output at any one time, will be indifferent to the age of retirement. answer: (b) output A7 The most obvious reason for the existence of pensions is the tax advantage, since pension contributions are permitted to accumulate untaxed until retirement. answer: (c) contributions Both employers and employees benefit from a payment stream where workers receive less than the actual A8 value of their work when they are young and more than the actual value of their work when old.

answer: (d) stream

- A9 This system reduces worker incentives for <u>shirking</u> and cheating and thereby raises their lifetime wealth.
   answer: (d) shirking
- A10 General economic conditions also help determine actual retirement age: higher inflation and greater unemployment at the end of his career causes the worker to <u>delay</u> his retirement.
   answer: (b) delay

- A1 The goal of the state of California is to maintain a sound banking system without unduly limiting the entry of new banks. answer: (a) unduly A2 A competitive financial environment provides optimal choice to the public and stimulates economic development and efficiency. answer: (b) optimal A3 The state chartering agency makes sure that a new bank possesses the needed capital and management expertise to serve the public's needs. answer: (a) expertise A4 This agency is the bank's primary regulator, with the duty to protect the public from questionable banking practices. answer: (d) regulator A5 The term "dual banking system" means that both the California and the US governments issue bank charters. answer: (b) issue A6 The word "State" or "National" as part of a bank's name has nothing to do with where it operates; this refers to the type of charter it has. answer: (c) to do with A7 Joining the Federal Reserve System is required for national banks, but optional for state banks. answer: (d) optional The FRS lends money to banks at a discount rate to help meet their short-term cash requirements, and is A8 known as the lender of last resort for banks suffering liquidity crises. answer: (d) resort A9 The minimum amount of startup capital for a newly chartered bank should total at least \$2,500,000 in capital stock. answer: (d) startup
  - A10 California wishes to encourage a broad and <u>diversified</u> shareholder base for new banks, although the organizers may desire to limit this number due to tax or other considerations.

answer: (b) diversified

A1	The Internet <u>makes</u> an excellent tool for both investors and fraudsters. answer: (d) makes
A2	<u>Legitimate</u> online newsletters can certainly help investors gather valuable information. answer: (c) Legitimate
A3	However, some companies pay online newsletters to <u><i>tout</i></u> their stocks. answer: (c) tout
A4	These newsletters will profit <i>handsomely</i> if they convince investors to buy specific stocks. answer: (c) handsomely
A5	The most egregious scalp the stocks they hype, <i>driving up</i> the price with recommendations and then selling their own holdings at an inordinate profit. answer: (b) driving up
A6	Internet bulletin boards <u>feature</u> threads made up of numerous messages on investment opportunities. answer: (c) feature
A7	A single individual can mimic widespread interest in an unknown stock with a series of posts under various <u>aliases.</u> answer: (c) aliases
A8	Because spam is so easy and cheap to produce, fraudsters frequently use it to find investors for <u>bogus</u> investment deals. answer: (a) bogus
A9	Many investment programs are just an internet version of the classic <i>pyramid</i> scheme in which participants attempt to make money simply by recruiting new participants. answer: (d) pyramid
A10	Never make an investment based <i>solely</i> on what you read in emails or on the internet.

answer: (d) solely

- A1 Paul Arlman, Secretary General of the Federation of European Securities Exchanges, warned in the following excerpted speech that he would not be able to answer this question <u>put to</u> him: "What is an Exchange?" answer: (b) put to
- A2 The New York Stock Exchange was originally formed to <u>furnish</u> exchange rooms for the convenient transaction of their business by its members.

answer: (a) furnish

A3 The oldest Stock Exchange in the world, the Amsterdam Exchange, started in a Post Office in 1598 where incoming and <u>outgoing</u> letters from ships were registered.
 answer: (b) outgoing

answer. (b) outgoing

A4 But is was only in 1611, nine years after they started trading the first tradable share of the Vereenigde Oostindische Compagnie (VOC) that they really got their own Exchange in the <u>sense</u> of a building.

answer: (c) sense

A5 "Confusion de Confusiones", by Joseph de la Vega, published in 1688, shows us quite precisely what an Exchange is: a den of *thieves* unless moderated by regulation.

answer: (c) thieves

A6 Through most of its history an Exchange was a meeting place in a physical sense, and only in the last century did we introduce electricity and telephones, which on many floors of the Exchanges were restricted or *forbidden*.

answer: (a) forbidden

*A7* In order to define what a Stock Exchange is today, you have to understand the unstoppable progress, or *juggernaut*, of technology.

answer: (c) juggernaut

A8 When the computer did away with the physical limitation of the Exchange within one single city or region, the technology lost its uniqueness, and it gave rise to <u>competition</u>.

answer: (a) competition

A9 Another factor for change has been international equity investors, who have shown a ferocious appetite for both domestic and foreign equity investment, even <u>notwithstanding</u> the dot com bubble.

answer: (c) notwithstanding

A10 The fourth factor is the information availability explosion that gave all investors nearly <u>unlimited</u> access to nearly free data.

answer: (b) unlimited

- A1 Rob Norton, of eCompany Now and Fortune magazines, notes in the article quoted below that corporate taxes are among the least efficient and least <u>defensible</u> of taxes.
   answer: (c) defensible
- A2 The tax is popular with the man *in the street*, who believes, incorrectly, that it is paid by corporations. answer: (b) in the street
- A3 The federal corporate income tax applies only to some businesses those chartered as corporations and not to partnerships or <u>sole</u> proprietorships.
   answer: (a) sole

answer: (c) sole

- A4 The federal tax is levied at three different rates on different <u>brackets</u> of income: 15 percent on taxable income under \$50,000; 25 percent on income between \$50,000 and \$75,000; and 34 percent on income above that. answer: (a) brackets
- A5 A good reason that state and local corporate income taxes remain low is that corporations could easily <u>relocate</u> out of states that imposed unusually high taxes. answer: (c) relocate
- A6 Except for emergency taxes in wartime, corporate profits were first taxed in 1909, when Congress <u>enacted</u> a 1 percent tax on corporation income.

answer: (b) enacted

- A7 The Tax Reform Act of 1986 was designed to increase the share of federal revenues collected via the corporate income tax and to decrease the share from the <u>individual</u> income tax.
   answer: (a) individual
- *A8* While the top corporate tax rate was cut, deductions for capital expenditures were severely <u>curtailed</u>, and as a result the effective tax rate for many corporations rose.

answer: (b) curtailed

A9 The central problem with the corporate income tax from an economic point of view is that, ultimately, only *people* can pay taxes.

answer: (c) people

A10 As early as the 17th century, Sir William Petty, one of the <u>progenitors</u> of modern economics, argued that a tax on the production and sale of commodities would eventually be shifted by producers to consumers, who would pay it in the form of higher prices.

answer: (d) progenitors

- A1 According to NAREIT (Yungmann and Taube, 2001), property insurance coverage should be based on fair value, i.e., valuing assets at their current market values actual, if available, or <u>theoretical</u>, if not. answer: (d) theoretical
- A2 Much of the fair value debate has had a technical focus on how to place fair values on assets for which no market values <u>exist.</u>

answer: (c) exist

A3 While the technical issues are important, the real driver should be improving <u>transparency</u> for users of financial statements.

answer: (d) transparency

A4 A single global standard will increase the <u>consistency</u> of financial presentations, which currently vary considerably.

answer: (c) consistency

- A5 A comprehensive standard <u>facilitates</u> comparability across all types of financial institutions. answer: (b) facilitates
- A6 When accounting values for assets <u>diverge</u> from their underlying market values, some managements take uneconomic actions to protect accounting performance measures.

answer: (c) diverge

- A7 For example, during the U.S. savings and loan crisis in the 1980s, many institutions <u>sold off</u> assets with market values above book and continued to hold assets with book values above market.
   answer: (a) sold off
- A8 In hindsight, users of their financial statements were not well served by the accounting system *in place* at the time.

answer: (b) in place

A9 Fair value <u>proponents</u> argue that measuring financial assets as close as possible to their true underlying economic values removes these perverse incentives.

answer: (b) proponents

A10 Users would also benefit from a clearer picture of the economic <u>health</u> of the enterprise. answer: (b) health A1 Writing of Ford's quality control problems, Tom Murphy of Ward's Auto World magazine mentions internal data suggesting suppliers were more culpable than the auto maker as recalls and warranty claims seemed to be <u>spinning</u> out of control.

answer: (d) spinning

A2 The Firestone tire <u>debacle</u> got the most attention, but in many respects it was merely a symptom of a much broader ailment afflicting the No. 2 auto maker.

answer: (a) debacle

A3 A Ford executive contended that suppliers deserved a trip to the <u>woodshed</u> for a number of costly, boneheaded mistakes.

answer: (d) woodshed

- A4 By last fall, however, the tone had softened; instead of berating parts makers, Ford was openly <u>conciliatory</u>. answer: (a) conciliatory
- A5 Caught up in the industry-wide trend toward *outsourcing*, Ford may have relied too heavily on suppliers for engineering.

answer: (b) outsourcing

A6 This demonstrates that OEMs run the risk of becoming <u>subservient</u> to the technical capabilities — or liabilities — of their suppliers if they merely purchase, rather than engineer.

answer: (d) subservient

- A7 To <u>rectify</u> the problem, Ford reclaimed some engineering responsibility. answer: (c) rectify
- A8 The <u>ripple</u> effect of the new philosophy will be felt for years to come by many of the 2,000 production suppliers Ford taps for parts every day.

answer: (b) ripple

A9 Many suppliers are reserving judgment until the strategy is fully implemented over the next two years, but most are cautiously *optimistic*.

answer: (c) optimistic

A10 It is humbling for the company that pioneered mass production of the automobile to admit nearly 100 years later that it took its eye <u>off the ball</u>, that it sacrificed engineering prowess in what ironically was an attempt to make itself more efficient.

answer: (b) off the ball

A1 This white paper by the American Productivity & Quality Center explains that the most successful new product development teams are <u>multifunctional</u>, with representation from a core group of areas such as finance, marketing, manufacturing, design, engineering, and research.

answer: (d) multifunctional

A2 An open communication environment enables team members to <u>bounce</u> ideas around the group, receive feedback more quickly, and facilitate brainstorming sessions.

answer: (c) bounce

- A3 Team membership is vital to the success of the group; <u>empowering</u> program managers to select those individuals they determine to be of the greatest value is a critical step.
   answer: (b) empowering
- A4 In addition, teams are being given greater authority and held more <u>accountable</u> for the success or failure of the project.

answer: (b) accountable

A5 The use of various team reward and recognition structures is mixed, with a trend toward more recognition as opposed to monetary *incentives.* 

answer: (c) incentives

A6 Several best-practice companies have specific companywide awards for work "<u>above and beyond</u> the call of duty".

answer: (a) above and beyond

A7 In addition, the NPD process needs a "champion", who is <u>tasked</u> with monitoring and adjusting the process as new experiences, good or bad, present themselves.

answer: (d) tasked

A8 The NPD process can be <u>broken down</u> into four general categories: idea generation, concept development, product and process design, and production and delivery.

answer: (a) broken down

- A9 One organization stores all ideas in a database and revisits them until they are <u>deemed</u> useless. answer: (a) deemed
- A10 Once viable ideas are chosen, they must be further developed, examined, and <u>prioritized</u> before the select few concepts proceed to full design.

answer: (b) prioritized

A1 The American Productivity & Quality Center study identified specific sources that tend to be good idea <u>generators</u> for new product development, including market research, focus groups, third-party/inventor input, and brainstorming.

answer: (c) generators

A2 The concept development phase requires a more formal review and planning process that ensures the concepts are technically feasible, will make a <u>sustainable</u> product, and will allow the organization to make a profit.

answer: (d) sustainable

- A3 At this point, an executive review generally approves the product for design and additional resource <u>allocation</u>. answer: (c) allocation
- A4 The product and process design stage involves turning the concept into a tangible product design and transforming that design into *a working* prototype or pilot.

answer: (c) a working

A5 Prototypes or pilots allow the designers to test and <u>verify</u> the ability of the product or service to perform as originally expected.

answer: (d) verify

- A6 At this stage, to change the original product <u>specification</u>, some form of approval is required. answer: (d) specification
- A7 This approval can range from upper management review to individual functional area review to team *consensus.*

answer: (b) consensus

- A8 Once the final design is finalized and approved, the product is <u>launched</u> into production. answer: (c) launched
- A9 A <u>scale</u>-up period normally is required before full production can begin. answer: (c) scale
- A10 A quality assurance group within each business unit is responsible for verifying that the product and each manufacturing site meets the required *criteria*.

answer: (c) criteria

- A1 LeaseGuide.com author Al Hearn explains that automobile leasing is based entirely on the <u>concept</u> that you pay for the amount by which a vehicle's value depreciates during the time you're driving it.
   answer: (a) concept
- A2 Depreciation is the difference between a vehicle's original value and its value at lease-end (<u>residual</u> value), and is the primary factor that determines the cost of leasing.

answer: (c) residual

- A3 Generally, European and Japanese automobile <u>makes</u> have lower depreciation than American brands. answer: (c) makes
- A4 Manufacturer's <u>Suggested</u> Retail Price (MSRP) is the full price for a vehicle as displayed on its window sticker, including optional packages and destination charges.

answer: (d) Suggested

A5 When you and your dealer sit down and agree on a lease price for a car, this becomes the <u>capitalized</u> cost, or "cap cost".

answer: (a) capitalized

A6 Cap cost can be reduced by rebates, factory-to-dealer incentives, trade-in credit, or a cash <u>down</u> payment; these are known as cap cost reductions.

answer: (a) down

*A7* When you lease, you're <u>tying up</u> the leasing company's money while you're driving their car and they rightfully expect you to pay interest on that money, the same as with a loan.

answer: (d) tying up

A8 This interest is expressed as a money factor, sometimes called lease factor, and is specified as a small *decimal* number such as.00297.

answer: (a) decimal

A9 A good rule of <u>thumb</u>: Lease money factors, converted to an annual interest rate, should be comparable to, if not lower than local new-car loan interest rates.

answer: (d) thumb

A10 However, you may not qualify for great money factors unless if you have <u>a spotless</u> credit rating. answer: (c) a spotless

- A1 Stephen Whyte, CEO of Leo Burnett, observes that Marshall McLuhan may have had his <u>tongue in his cheek</u> when uttering his much-quoted statement, "Advertising is the greatest art form of the 20th Century".
   answer: (d) tongue in his cheek
- A2 You can dispute whether or not advertising is art, but there is no <u>denying</u> that advertising is big business. answer: (b) denying
- A3 Advertising's global landscape is changing constantly, as agencies and holding companies consolidate to achieve international clout and economies of <u>scale</u>.

answer: (a) scale

- A4 Media, telecommunications and electronics are converging to become one giant industry, illustrated by powerful <u>alliances</u>, such as the merger between AOL and Time Warner. answer: (a) alliances
- A5 Media expansion causes problems for advertisers, but it also presents new opportunities by increasing the possibilities for effectively targeting individuals, rather than taking a <u>scattergun</u> approach.

answer: (c) scattergun

A6 Of the three central roles — account manager, planner and creative — only the account handlers manage the relationship with the client on a <u>day-to-day</u> basis.
Another the day to day.

answer: (b) day-to-day

A7 The account manager is the <u>hub</u> of the wheel — someone who organises the agency team of account managers, planners and creatives.

answer: (b) hub

A8 The planner's role is to find the most <u>compelling</u> communication strategy and develop a real insight into the relationship between the brand and the consumer.

answer: (a) compelling

A9 The creatives are the brilliant executional thinkers, working in teams made up of a copywriter and an art director to develop the planners' ideas and think up ads which will give brands a strong competitive *advantage.* 

answer: (b) advantage

A10 We develop relationships with possible future clients, even though sometimes it is years down the line before something *comes of* it.

answer: (b) comes of

A1 Cathy Smart and the investment analysts at 401k Forum help you get down to the <u>basics</u> with this article about the different asset classes.

answer: (c) basics

A2 Asset classes are the categories that your different investments <u>fall</u> into — such as cash, bonds, large-cap stocks, small-cap stocks, and international stocks.

answer: (a) fall

A3 Studies have shown that the key to successful investing is to <u>spread</u> your wealth among different asset classes.

answer: (d) spread

- A4 Market capitalization (market cap) is a measure of the size and value of a company; to determine this, you simply multiply the number of the company's <u>outstanding</u> shares of stock by the market price of one share.
   answer: (d) outstanding
- A5 Market capitalization is important because history has shown us that the stocks of companies with different market caps <u>behave</u> differently in terms of return and risk.

answer: (a) behave

- A6 Cap-size shift: mid-cap stocks may have once been defined as large cap, but fell out of <u>favor</u> with investors.
   answer: (b) favor
- A7 Mid-cap stock performance usually falls somewhere in between the returns of their large- and small-cap <u>counterparts.</u>

answer: (b) counterparts

- A8 However, mid- and small-cap stock returns tend to be more <u>volatile</u> than the returns of large-cap stocks.
   answer: (b) volatile
- A9 If a smaller company loses a few key executives, or if the economy takes a <u>turn</u> for the worse, it only takes a few nervous investors to cause the stock to drop drastically.
   answer: (d) turn
- A10 <u>Diversification</u> can reduce your risk and help protect your investment: if one asset class in your portfolio is performing poorly, there's a chance that another asset class within your portfolio will be performing well. answer: (d) Diversification

- A1 The Commission on European Contract Law recognizes that throughout Europe there is great interest in developing a common European <u>civil</u> and commercial law.
   answer: (a) civil
- A2 The efforts and money which it will cost to unify the private law will be <u>amply</u> repaid when it is there. answer: (a) amply
- A3 In 1997, the Third Commission began to prepare rules on subjects which are common to contracts, torts and unjust enrichment, such as plurality of creditors and debtors, and <u>assignment</u> of debts and claims.
   answer: (d) assignment
- A4 With a few exceptions the members of the Commission of European Contract Law have been academics, but many of the academics are also <u>practicing</u> lawyers.

answer: (c) practicing

A5 The Members have not been representatives of specific political or governmental <u>interests</u>, and they have all pursued the same objective, to draft the most appropriate contract rules for Europe.

answer: (a) interests

A6 The Principles may be compared with the American Restatement of the Law of Contract, which consists of non-binding rules, or "*soft law*".

answer: (d) soft law

A7 Some of the Principles of European Contract Law reflect ideas which have not yet <u>materialised</u> in the law of any state.

answer: (c) materialised

A8 The Commission has made an effort to deal with those issues in contract which face business life of today and which may *advance* the trade.

answer: (b) advance

- A9 The Council and the Commission of the EU have been invited to prepare new procedural legislation in <u>cross</u> border cases, in particular on those elements which are instrumental to a smooth judicial co-operation. answer: (c) cross
- A10 It is envisaged that the general principles of the law of contracts provided in the PECL will be <u>integrated</u> in what may eventually become a European Civil Code.

answer: (c) integrated

- A1 Joan Lloyd, of Joan Lloyd & Associates, writes that email is a medium of communication <u>unparalleled</u> for sheer convenience.
   answer: (d) unparalleled
- A2 However, she warns that it also carries many *<u>pitfalls</u>* and even dangers in the office environment. answer: (c) pitfalls
- A3 Delivering a negative message is difficult, even when it is spoken face-to-face; <u>defensiveness</u> is almost guaranteed when it's received by email.

answer: (b) defensiveness

A4 What's worse, email can be printed and saved: both parties will often haul out their "documentation" to prove how the other party has <u>wronged</u> them.

answer: (d) wronged

A5 If you receive an email that <u>ticks</u> you off, and your first reaction is to counterattack, don't; close it and wait 24 hours before you respond.

answer: (d) ticks

A6 Because the tone and *inflection* are missing, it is more important to use friendly language, descriptive adjectives and carefully chosen words.

answer: (a) inflection

A7 If you don't consider how it will sound on the other end and take steps to shape the delivery so the meaning is understood, you could be doing <u>damage</u> control later.

answer: (c) damage

A8 When I get a sloppy email, with poor punctuation, misspelled words or in lower case letters, it tells me the person just doesn't realize that what and how they write <u>telegraphs</u> their credibility to others.

answer: (c) telegraphs

- A9 Email feels private, but it's anything <u>but.</u> answer: (c) but
- A10 Write every email for your boss's eyes: it's a great way to keep you honest and *politically* sensitive. answer: (a) politically

- A1 According to Ron Kurtus of School for Champions, some companies may be <u>mildly</u> successful, but they could be even more profitable if they paid attention to the basics of organization.
   answer: (b) mildly
- A2 Good organization results in reducing losses due to <u>duplicate</u> work or unclear objectives. answer: (a) duplicate
- A3 All personnel do better work, because they know what they should be doing and what their place is in the <u>scheme</u> of things.

answer: (d) scheme

- A4 In order to improve, you must have a vision or goal of where you want to end <u>up</u>. answer: (d) up
- A5 The primary purpose or reason to start a business <u>entity</u> is to earn profits for its owners or stockholders. answer: (b) entity
- A6 For the <u>sake</u> of public relations, such a stated purpose is kept private. answer: (d) sake
- A7 You should also be aware of your core <u>competencies</u>: what are you good at? answer: (b) competencies
- A8 Often companies become diluted and start to get into a field that they think is <u>lucrative</u>, but in which they cannot compete.

answer: (b) lucrative

A9 A good <u>mission</u> statement accurately explains why your company exists and what it hopes to achieve in the future.

answer: (c) mission

A very good way to organize your business is by following the <u>ISO</u> 9000 standards; you do not necessarily have to become certified, but you can still use them as a guide in how to effectively operate your business. answer: (b) ISO

- A1 Sales derive from a product's stock-keeping Units (SKU), the <u>unique</u> combination of the specific quality, price, container size, colour, model, etc, and the product name.
   answer: (d) unique
- A2 SKUs are what manufacturers produce, what retailers sell, and what consumers buy; <u>brands</u> are what are advertised.

answer: (a) brands

- A3 A large *proliferation* of SKUs for consumer products has led to myriad choices for customers. answer: (c) proliferation
- A4 This has led to complicated supply and demand logistics, <u>erosion</u> of brand loyalty and more pressure on profit margins.

answer: (c) erosion

A5 Buyers have become much more <u>demanding</u> in recent years, forcing retailers to respond more quickly and efficiently.

answer: (b) demanding

A6 Many stores use a psychological pricing strategy called odd pricing, <u>whereby</u> prices end in odd numbers, such as \$19.95.

answer: (b) whereby

- A7 Presumably, customers see odd prices as being <u>substantially</u> below even prices, and consequently a bargain.
   answer: (c) substantially
- A8 On the other hand, luxury boutiques, to project a *prestigious* image for their products, use even pricing such as \$10.00 or \$50.00.

answer: (c) prestigious

- A9 Multiple unit pricing is a strategy in which the customer perceives *quantity* buying as involving more savings. answer: (b) quantity
- A10 Multiple unit pricing is usually effective in increasing *immediate* sales of a product, but it may not increase the rate of consumption.

answer: (b) immediate

- A1 Dr. Said Atri, Professor of Economics at SUNY, explains that most managerial decisions involve making a choice from among <u>alternative</u> courses of action or options in order to achieve a certain objective.
   answer: (b) alternative
- A2 <u>Optimization</u> is the process by which a desired outcome is achieved through the most efficient course of action.

answer: (d) Optimization

A3 In consumption, a consumer with a *given* amount of income purchases the mix of goods that provides him or her with the greatest level of satisfaction or utility.

answer: (a) given

- A4 Often managerial decisions have to be made subject to some <u>constraints</u>. answer: (b) constraints
- A5 For instance, a manager that is trying to cut his labor costs may be under a union <u>contract</u> limiting his ability to lay off workers.

answer: (a) contract

A6 A farmer who wants to take advantage of good market conditions and increase the size of his <u>crop</u> is limited by the amount of land that he has available.

answer: (a) crop

- A7 Managerial decisions are not made in a <u>vacuum</u>: economic and market conditions constantly change and managers must decide in accordance with the dynamics of the business environment.
   answer: (d) vacuum
- As complex as managerial problems may appear, often their various elements can be fitted into microeconomic models; that is why managerial economics is also called "<u>applied microeconomics</u>".
   answer: (a) applied microeconomics
- A9 The manager's internal environment is made up of those factors over which he has at least some <u>degree</u> of control.

answer: (b) degree

A10 Macroeconomics is <u>relevant</u> to managers, as managers are often interested in knowing the state of the economy and the direction of macroeconomic measures such as interest rates and inflation.
 answer: (c) relevant

A1 Some claim that management should exist only to support employees' efforts to be fully productive members of the organization — therefore, any form of control is completely <u>counterproductive</u> to management and employees, says Carter McNamara of Authenticity Consulting, LLC.

answer: (d) counterproductive

A2 The phrase "management control" itself can have a negative connotation, e.g. it can sound dominating, coercive and <u>heavy</u>-handed.

answer: (b) heavy

- A3 Organizations often use <u>standardized</u> documents to ensure complete and consistent information is gathered. answer: (c) standardized
- A4 Documents include titles and dates to detect different <u>versions</u> of the document. answer: (d) versions
- A5 Organizations typically require a wide range of reports, e.g. financial reports, status reports, project reports, etc, to *monitor* what's being done, by when and how.

answer: (d) monitor

- A6 Computers have <u>revolutionized</u> administrative controls through use of integrated management information systems, project management software, human resource information systems, office automation software, etc. answer: (d) revolutionized
- A7 Delegation is an approach to getting things done in <u>conjunction</u> with other employees. answer: (b) conjunction
- A8 Delegation generally includes assigning responsibility to an employee to complete a task, granting the employee authority to gain the resources to do the task and letting the employee decide how that task will be carried *out*.

answer: (c) out

A9 Typically, the person assigning the task shares <u>accountability</u> with the employee for ensuring the task is completed.

answer: (a) accountability

A10 <u>Evaluation</u> is carefully collecting and analyzing information in order to make managerial decisions. answer: (b) Evaluation A1 Dr. John Sullivan, Head and Professor of Human Resource Management at San Francisco State University stresses the necessity of establishing a set of assessment tools that will let you know in advance where <u>head</u> count and overhead costs are excessive.

answer: (c) head

- A2 In this changing world, it is not uncommon for new markets to open (and close) rapidly, so companies need to have a strategy to move people and resources rapidly from areas of low to areas of a higher <u>return</u>. answer: (c) return
- A3 Developing HR systems and metrics known as "<u>smoke detectors</u>" that indicate potential problems gives us sufficient time to develop plans and strategies to either avoid the problem or minimize its impact.
   answer: (d) smoke detectors
- A4 A <u>bench</u> strength or back-fill plan differs from succession planning in that it only covers replacing key jobs within a single department; individual managers are held responsible for developing at least one individual to fill every key job.

answer: (a) bench

- A5 One of the primary reasons employees leave their jobs is due to a lack of challenge, but HR can dramatically increase <u>retention</u> rates if it gets managers to develop individual "Challenge Plans" for each worker. answer: (c) retention
- A6 Because most companies have eliminated many management positions, there are fewer opportunities for promotion to stimulate workers, so they need to develop <u>horizontal</u> transfer and job rotation plans to ensure the continued development of skills.

answer: (b) horizontal

- A7 New hires, as well as our current workers, are demanding an increasing array of benefits and work life <u>balance</u> options like job sharing and sabbaticals.
   answer: (a) balance
- A8 In order to rapidly <u>redeploy</u> resources and fill unexpected vacancies HR must develop computerized skill or competency inventories.

answer: (b) redeploy

A9 One of the primary reasons that employees quit their jobs are the bad management <u>practices</u> of their direct supervisor.

answer: (d) practices

A10 A strong economy <u>coupled</u> with large swings in the health of world economies makes predicting the supply of labor increasingly difficult.

answer: (d) coupled

- A1 Millions of new enterprises are begun each year in spite of a more than 50% failure rate. answer: (a) failure A2 There is increasing research on the subject, more and more courses in entrepreneurship, and heightened coverage by the media. answer: (a) coverage A3 Initiating a new business involves considerable risk, as well as an effort to overcome all the inertia against innovative ideas. answer: (b) inertia A4 The French word "entrepreneur", literally translated, means simply "undertaker". answer: (d) literally A5 The entrepreneur's connection with risk evolved in the 17th century, when an entrepreneur was someone who entered into a contract with the government to perform a service or to supply stipulated products. answer: (d) stipulated A6 Since the contract price was fixed, any resulting profits or losses reflected the efforts of the entrepreneur the better he performed, the more profit he made. answer: (d) reflected A7 In the 18th century, the person with capital was *differentiated* from the one who needed capital; in other words, the entrepreneur was distinguished from the capital provider. answer: (a) differentiated
- A8 In contrast to an entrepreneur, a venture capitalist is a professional money manager who makes risk investments from a <u>pool</u> of capital to obtain a high rate of return.

answer: (a) pool

- A9 In the mid-20th century, the <u>notion</u> of an entrepreneur as an innovator was established. answer: (b) notion
- A10 The concept of innovation and newness is now an *integral* part of entrepreneurship. answer: (b) integral

- A1 When the <u>framers</u> of the U.S. Constitution created a new government for their untried Republic, they realized the critical need for a respected monetary system.
   answer: (d) framers
- A2 Soon after the Constitution's <u>ratification</u>, Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton personally prepared plans for a national Mint.

answer: (a) ratification

A3 On April 2, 1792, Congress passed The <u>Coinage</u> Act, which created the Mint and authorized construction of a Mint building in the nation's capitol, Philadelphia.

answer: (a) Coinage

A4 President George Washington appointed Philadelphian David Rittenhouse, a *leading* American scientist, as the first Director of the Mint.

answer: (b) leading

A5 When the United States government began minting coins in 1792, the original facility in Philadelphia was <u>hard-</u> pressed to produce enough currency for the small country.

answer: (b) hard-pressed

A6 Under Rittenhouse, the Mint produced its first *circulating* coins: 11,178 copper cents, which were delivered in March 1793.

answer: (b) circulating

A7 The primary mission of the United States Mint is to produce an adequate volume of coins for the nation to *conduct* its trade and commerce.

answer: (a) conduct

A8 In addition to producing coins, the United States Mint has other responsibilities, including maintaining physical <u>custody</u> and protection of the Nation's \$100 billion of U.S. gold and silver assets.

answer: (a) custody

A9 It also produces proof and uncirculated coins, <u>commemorative</u> coins, and medals for sale to the general public.

answer: (a) commemorative

A10 In addition. the mint is responsible for receiving, redeeming, and processing <u>mutilated</u> coins.

answer: (c) mutilated

A1 Findlaw for Small Business has prepared the following introductory information on <u>extending</u> credit to a business's customers.

answer: (a) extending

A2 Consumer credit laws regulate how you advertise interest rates, how much time you have to respond to claims of billing mistakes, and how <u>aggressive</u> you can be when attempting to collect a debt.

answer: (a) aggressive

A3 Mechanics' and materialmen's <u>liens</u> exist in most states to provide special collection rights to those who provide services or building materials used to improve real property.

answer: (c) liens

A4 If the debt is not paid, the property can be <u>foreclosed</u> and sold to pay the obligation.

answer: (a) foreclosed

A5 The debtor has the benefit of an 'automatic <u>stay'</u> immediately upon filing a bankruptcy petition, which prevents the creditor from taking any further action to try to collect the debt unless or until the bankruptcy court decides to the contrary.

answer: (c) stay

A6 The Truth in Lending Act helps customers know what they're <u>getting into</u>, requiring the creditor to disclose the exact credit terms to applicants.

answer: (a) getting into

A7 Among the items you must <u>disclose</u> to a consumer who buys on credit are the monthly finance charge and the annual interest rate.

answer: (a) disclose

A8 The Credit Practices Rule prohibits creditors from using certain contract <u>provisions</u> that the Federal Trade Commission has found to be unfair to consumers.

answer: (c) provisions

- A9 This Rule applies to all creditors subject <u>to</u> the jurisdiction of the Federal Trade Commission. answer: (b) to
- A10 Interest charged on late payments may be limited by state <u>usury</u> laws controlling the amount of interest that can be charged.

answer: (c) usury

- A1 The Bank of America offers asset-based loans, which are <u>secured</u> by a company's accounts receivable, inventory, equipment, and/or real estate.
   answer: (d) secured
- A2 Asset-based loans are an alternative to traditional bank lending because they serve borrowers with risk characteristics typically outside a bank's <u>comfort</u> level.

answer: (b) comfort

A3 A bank will look first to the cash <u>flow</u> for the repayment of a loan, then to collateral, while an asset-based lender looks to collateral first.

answer: (b) flow

- A4 Banks typically require less collateral controls and monitoring but more financial <u>covenants</u>. answer: (d) covenants
- A5 <u>*Turnaround*</u> financing is often used by under-performing businesses that are not achieving their full potential; it is sometimes used for businesses that are either insolvent or on their way to becoming insolvent. answer: (d) Turnaround
- A6 Debtor-in-possession (DIP) refers to a company that has filed for <u>protection</u> under Chapter XI of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and has been permitted by the bankruptcy court to continue its operations to effect a formal reorganization. protection provisions penury prosecution

answer: (c) protection

A7 In a leveraged buyout (LBO), the target company's assets are used as collateral for debt, and its cash flow is used to <u>retire</u> debt accrued by the buyer to acquire the company.

answer: (d) retire

- A8 A Leveraged ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) allows a company to raise its capital-to-asset <u>ratio</u> by issuing new shares of stock to an employee trust, which finances the transaction with an asset-based loan. answer: (c) ratio
- A9 A typical loan agreement with an asset-based lender provides protections, rights, and <u>remedies</u> for both parties.

answer: (a) remedies

A10 The level of controls and monitoring by the asset-based lender is directly related to the credit <u>worthiness</u> of the borrower.

answer: (d) worthiness

A1 The US Federal Trade Commission has prepared the following information to help consumers understand the antitrust laws and protect consumer <u>sovereignty</u> — the freedom to choose goods and services in an open marketplace at a price and quality that fit the consumer's needs.

answer: (d) sovereignty

A2 A <u>naked</u> agreement on price among competitors — where the agreement is not reasonably related to the firms' business operations — is illegal.

answer: (b) naked

A3 Price similarities also can result from normal economic conditions: for example, <u>vigorous</u> competition can drive prices down to a common level.

answer: (d) vigorous

A4 As for the appearance of uniformly high prices, <u>collusion</u> may not be the only basis for the situation: prices may increase if consumer demand for a product is particularly high and the supply is limited.

answer: (b) collusion

A5 An agreement to restrict production or output is illegal because reducing the supply of a product or service *inevitably* drives up its price.

answer: (a) inevitably

A6 A group <u>boycott</u> — an agreement among competitors not to deal with another person or business — violates the law if it is used to force another party to pay higher prices.

answer: (d) boycott

A7 Market division — agreements among competitors to divide sales territories or <u>allocate</u> customers — are presumed to be illegal.

answer: (b) allocate

- A8 Restrictions on price advertising can be illegal if they <u>deprive</u> consumers of important information.
   answer: (c) deprive
- A9 A professional <u>code</u> of ethics may be unlawful if it unreasonably restricts the ways professionals may compete.

answer: (b) code

A10 Vertical price-fixing — an agreement between a supplier and a dealer that fixes the minimum resale price of a product — is a *clear-cut* antitrust violation.

answer: (b) clear-cut

A1 In the current article, Professors Steven L. Jones and Jeffry M. Netter offer their detailed <u>insights</u> on the nature of efficient capital markets.

answer: (a) insights

A2 Shortly after the US Constitution went into effect, Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton proposed that Congress <u>redeem</u> at face value securities that had been issued by the states and the federal government, even though these securities were then selling for much less.

answer: (c) redeem

A3 After Hamilton's proposal was made public, however, congressmen and others who knew of the plan made large profits by sending their agents into the countryside to buy the securities at <u>depressed</u> prices before most security holders heard of the plan.

answer: (b) depressed

A4 Contrast this <u>scenario</u> with security markets today, in which the prices of securities react very quickly to new information about their value.

answer: (a) scenario

A5 Efficient capital markets are commonly thought of as markets in which security prices fully reflect all relevant information that is available about the *fundamental* value of the securities.

answer: (b) fundamental

A6 Because a security is a claim on future cash flows, its current value is the <u>present</u> value of the future cash flows that the owner of the security expects to receive.

answer: (c) present

A7 Future cash flows are discounted by an interest rate that is a <u>function</u> of the riskiness of those cash flows; the riskier the cash flows, the higher is the rate used.

answer: (b) function

A8 The study of capital market efficiency examines how much, how fast, and how accurately available information is *incorporated* into security prices.

answer: (b) incorporated

A9 The capital markets <u>channel</u> funds from savers to firms, which use the funds to finance projects, so informational efficiency is necessary if funds, allocated through the capital market, are to flow to the highest-valued projects.

answer: (b) channel

A10 Management compensation packages tied to stock *performance* are one way in which stockholders align management's interests with their own.

answer: (c) performance

- A1 Common shareholders have the right to elect directors, to vote on certain corporate matters, and to share in any <u>residual</u> assets of the company if it is wound up.
   answer: (d) residual
- A2 Common shareholders are the last to claim assets in cases of *insolvency*. answer: (b) insolvency
- A3 Preferred shareholders may have no voting rights, but special features on redemption or <u>conversion</u> of preferred shares into common shares exist in many cases.

answer: (a) conversion

A4 U.S. Savings Bonds are backed by the general credit and taxation powers of the federal government, so there is virtually no risk of <u>default.</u>

answer: (b) default

A5 A bond is a loan by an investor to the government or a company, which generally promises to pay a specified rate of interest and to repay a certain amount, the <u>face</u> value of the bond, at maturity.

answer: (b) face

- A6 Certificates of Deposit (CDs) are short-term, interest-bearing savings certificates issued by banks or brokers, bearing a maturity date and a specified interest rate; they can be issued in any <u>denomination</u>.
   answer: (b) denomination
- A7 Money-market mutual funds (MMMF) pool money from large numbers of investors and use it to buy short-term investments, such as T-Bills and commercial <u>paper</u>.

answer: (c) paper

A8 The returns on mutual funds depend on the fund's investment objectives, described in its *prospectus*, and its success in achieving them.

answer: (c) prospectus

A9 <u>Closed-end</u> funds are much like mutual funds, but shares are not issued or redeemed on an ongoing basis; a set number of shares are issued and then listed on an exchange for trade among investors.

answer: (a) Closed-end

A10 Options give the holder the right to buy ('call' option) or sell ('<u>put</u>' option) a security at a specific price for a specific period of time.

answer: (c) put

A1 The Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN advises that an efficient and adequate marketing system is a precondition for agricultural diversification, providing better prices to producers and the availability of competitively priced produce to consumers.

answer: (a) precondition

A2 Physical improvement is usually addressed in two ways: by providing improved market infrastructure (both urban and rural) and by improving rural <u>access</u> roads.

answer: (a) access

- A3 Rural markets form part of a trade network; they are normally arranged on a <u>periodic</u> basis on specific weekdays and are commonly organised at a central place in a village or district centre.
   answer: (d) periodic
- A4 Larger rural markets ('assembly markets') are found where greater quantities of produce are traded, either by the producers themselves or by traders, and are normally situated on main highways, or near to ferries and other local transport *nodes*.

answer: (c) nodes

A5 <u>*Terminal*</u> wholesale and semi-wholesale markets are located within or near major cities (usually with populations exceeding 0.5 million).

answer: (d) Terminal

A6 Retail markets directly serve consumers in main urban areas; although primarily retail, they may have some semi-wholesale functions, particularly if they allow producers to trade — in which case, they are often called *farmers*' markets.

answer: (b) farmers'

- A7 Internal factors for change include increasing volumes of produce to be handled; alterations to commercial practices and trading patterns; and the <u>emergence</u> of professional specialised wholesalers.
   answer: (c) emergence
- A8 The main external causes for change are <u>demographic</u> factors, including increase in population of a city as a result of migration and natural growth, population shifts within cities and moves to the suburbs, and changes in the location and nature of workplaces.

answer: (b) demographic

A9 A common problem at both wholesale and retail levels is that the markets are viewed as tax <u>instruments</u> rather than as means of facilitating the marketing of local produce: the marketing system is 'kidnapped' by municipalities, with the sole purpose of collecting taxes.

answer: (b) instruments

A10 These factors all need to be taken into <u>account</u> in identifying the best approach to market development. answer: (b) account

- A1 The Direct Selling Association is the national trade association of the <u>leading</u> firms that manufacture and distribute goods and services sold directly to consumers.
   answer: (c) leading
- A2 Direct selling is the sale of a consumer product or service, person-to-person, away from a <u>fixed</u> retail location. answer: (a) fixed
- A3 Products are sold primarily through in-home product demonstrations, parties and <u>one-on-one</u> selling. answer: (b) one-on-one
- A4 Data from surveys indicate that direct selling remains a <u>vibrant</u> marketing method that engenders considerable loyalty among its representatives and customers.
   answer: (c) vibrant

A5 Early direct sellers — hawkers, peddlers, traders, <u>itinerant</u> merchants and caravans — were part of an ancient tradition that originated in man's basic need to exchange goods and to communicate.

answer: (d) itinerant

A6 The development and use of roads and water routes for commercial activity were *pivotal* points in the history of direct selling.

answer: (c) pivotal

A7 As early as 2000 B.C., the <u>Code</u> of Hammurabi, a monument of Babylonian law, protected the general welfare and integrity of the Babylonian direct seller, stating that 'the peddler shall swear the oath of God' if any enemy caused him trouble in the travels.

answer: (a) Code

- A8 The <u>notions</u> of the renowned Yankee Peddler in the early American territories of the 18th and 19th centuries consisted of items like pins, needles, hooks, scissors, combs, small hardware and perfume. answer: (b) notions
- A9 he advent of the home party in the 1950s added a new <u>dimension</u> to direct selling as customers gathered at the home of hostesses to see product demonstrations and socialize with friends.

answer: (b) dimension

A10 Today, at the beginning of the 21st century, the Internet has become an important element of direct selling — essentially giving each direct seller a worldwide customer <u>base</u>.

answer: (a) base

- A1 Melissa Campanelli, a marketing and technology writer in Brooklyn, comments on the reasons for dotcoms to open a physical store to extend their life <u>spans</u>.
   answer: (c) spans
- A2 In the traditional realm of business, you open a retail store first and then launch a website, but since the dotcom revolution, many surviving dotcoms that skipped that first step are realizing the benefits of opening a *brick-and-mortar* location.

answer: (a) brick-and-mortar

A3 Anyone that has a business plan with a goal of e-commerce needs to <u>augment</u> that business plan with a retail reality.

answer: (a) augment

A4 "We realized very early that we could not exist purely as a dotcom," says Sal Perisano, of iParty Corp, "We knew we needed some terrestrial link, some reality other than a virtual company, to <u>bolster</u> what we were doing."

answer: (c) bolster

A5 Physical stores give your customers a more convenient way to return goods and try out products — two options analysts say are *sorely* missing from Net stores.

answer: (c) sorely

A6 Owning a store offers a natural <u>traffic</u> flow into and out of the store, which allows an entrepreneur to gather names and begin direct-to-consumer marketing programs.

answer: (d) traffic

A7 However, opening a retail store is an expensive *proposition*.

answer: (d) proposition

A8 For those of you who lack the funding needed to open a retail store right now, try renting a <u>kiosk</u> in a local shopping mall.

answer: (c) kiosk

A9 If you do want to set up <u>shop</u>, you should do whatever you can to learn about launching and running a traditional retail business before you do so.

answer: (c) shop

A10 Your best <u>bet</u> is to determine ahead of time whether a multichannel strategy is a good move for your dotcom. answer: (a) bet

- A1 Dr. Lars Perner explains that as well as the study of how products are purchased, consumer behavior also involves their use and <u>disposal</u>, since many environmental problems result from the latter.
   answer: (a) disposal
- A2 Consumer behavior involves services and ideas as well as <u>tangible</u> products. answer: (d) tangible
- A3 Product use is often of great interest to the marketer, because this may influence how a product is best positioned or how we can encourage increased consumption.

answer: (c) positioned

A4 For example, by understanding that consumers are more <u>receptive</u> to food advertising when they are hungry, we learn to schedule snack advertisements late in the afternoon.

answer: (c) receptive

A5 The impact of consumer behavior on society is also of relevance; for example, aggressive marketing of high fat foods may have serious <u>repercussions</u> for the national health.

answer: (c) repercussions

A6 Since new products are usually initially adopted by a few consumers and only spread later and gradually to the rest of the population, companies that introduce new products must be well financed so that they can stay <u>afloat</u> until their products become a commercial success.

answer: (c) afloat

A7 It is important to please initial customers, since they will in turn influence many <u>subsequent</u> customers' brand choices.

answer: (c) subsequent

A8 Common sense suggests that if you buy a 64-ounce bottle of laundry detergent, you should pay less per ounce than if you bought two 32-ounce bottles; in practice, however, you often pay a size <u>premium</u> by buying the larger quantity.

answer: (d) premium

A9 Consumer surveys, as any kind of research, are vulnerable to <u>bias</u>: the wording of a question can influence the outcome a great deal.

answer: (b) bias

A10 <u>Physiological</u> measures are occasionally used to examine consumer response; for example, advertisers may want to measure a consumer's level of arousal during various parts of an advertisement. answer: (b) Physiological

- A1 The Discount Store News offers some tips for <u>forging</u> effective in-store partnerships. answer: (b) forging
- A2 Imagine a consumer shopping experience where there's no <u>wading</u> through the confusing tangle of options or having to guess which size to pull out for a closer look.

answer: (d) wading

A3 Now imagine the increased sales that could be generated when shoppers are directed by quality <u>signage</u> to fixtures whose design and planogram makes merchandise almost irresistible.

answer: (c) signage

A4 The above scenario is more than a *pipe dream*, as vendors are now working with retailers in creating displays that fuel movement of inventory from stores' back doors into patrons' hands.

answer: (c) pipe dream

A5 Retailers, who are always keeping an eye on the bottom line, continually search for ways to speed up the rate at which they put manufacturers' merchandise on the <u>floor.</u>

answer: (c) floor

A6 Cooperation from vendors in repositioning merchandise closer to the *point* of sale pushes the envelope toward faster turnover.

answer: (d) point

A7 Melanie McIntosh adds that in today's competitive retail environment a retailer cannot afford to consider merchandising as a *frill.* 

answer: (b) frill

A8 Merchandising and display are an important part of the marketing plan and should have a reasonable budget allocated, even for a retailer operating on a *shoestring*.

answer: (d) shoestring

A9 After investing money on the important priorities such as merchandise, location, staff, insurance, accountant, advertising, your carefully budgeted money can be lost if your store doesn't <u>measure</u> up to the customers' expectations.

answer: (b) measure

A10 If your store looks like a bargain <u>basement</u>, customers will expect those kinds of prices and may draw the conclusion that your product is poor quality.

answer: (b) basement

- A1 The common law of agency is the body of law applicable to <u>consensual</u> relationships in which one person (the agent) consents to act on behalf of another person (the principal) and subject to that person's control. answer: (d) consensual
- A2 Agency doctrine <u>governs</u> the consequences, for the agent and principal, of the agent's interactions with third parties, as well as the consequences of the relationship as between the agent and principal. answer: (c) governs
- A3 Agency is a common-law subject of wide <u>scope</u> that intersects with a number of other subjects.
   answer: (b) scope
- A4 <u>Prototypical</u> examples of agency relationships include those between officers and corporations, between employees and employers, and between real-estate and other specialized agents and their clients. answer: (c) Prototypical
- A5 Despite the fact that specific rules concerning certain of those agency relationships have evolved, there remains a <u>free-standing</u> law of agency with substantial application across diverse legal contexts. answer: (a) free-standing
- A6 The regular appearance of corporate scandals in newspapers—Enron in particular—has emphasized that agency law continues to be <u>relevant</u> in business and employment relationships.
   answer: (d) relevant
- A7 Those scandals are characterized by businesspeople who 'should have known', and who appear to have acted <u>adversely</u> to the organizations for which they worked.
   answer: (b) adversely
- A8 Courts responding to cases relating to the scandals have focused on the legal relationships among principals, agents, and *affected* third parties.

answer: (a) affected

A9 Agency law has retained a structural coherence, despite statutory developments, in part because many statutes make reference to common law or <u>presuppose</u> a background that includes basic common-law doctrines.

answer: (b) presuppose

A10 The law of agency is based on the Latin <u>maxim</u> 'Qui facit per alium, facit per se', which means 'he who acts through another is deemed in law to do it himself'.

answer: (c) maxim

A1 In the nineteenth century, also known as the classical age of English contract law and the <u>heyday</u> of laissezfaire economic theory, common law rejected the moral theory of Lord Mansfield, which held that promises are a moral obligation.

answer: (c) heyday

- A2 Contracts are promises that the law will <u>enforce</u>. answer: (b) enforce
- A3 The law provides remedies if a promise is <u>breached</u> and recognizes the performance of a promise as a duty. answer: (d) breached
- A4 Contracts <u>arise</u> when a duty does or may come into existence, because of a promise made by one of the parties.

answer: (d) arise

A5 The Law of Contracts deals with self-<u>imposed</u> duties, that is, agreements voluntarily concluded between parties.

answer: (d) imposed

- A6 To be legally <u>binding</u> as a contract, a promise must be exchanged for adequate consideration. answer: (c) binding
- A7 Adequate consideration is a benefit which a party receives which reasonably and fairly <u>induces</u> them to make the promise/contract.

answer: (c) induces

A8 Promises that are purely <u>gifts</u> are not considered enforceable because the personal satisfaction the grantor of the promise may receive from the act is normally not considered adequate consideration.

answer: (a) gifts

- A9 Certain promises that are not considered contracts may, in limited circumstances, be enforced if one party has relied to his <u>detriment</u> on the assurances of the other party.
   answer: (c) detriment
- A10 The Law of Contracts is usually broadly classified either as part of the Law of Obligations or as part of the system of private law (which <u>encompasses</u> contracts, property and torts).

answer: (c) encompasses

- A1 Real estate agents and brokers act as <u>intermediaries</u> in price negotiations between buyers and sellers. answer: (a) intermediaries
- A2 When selling real estate, brokers arrange for title searches and for meetings between buyers and sellers during which the details of the transactions are agreed upon and the new owners take <u>possession</u> of the property.

answer: (d) possession

A3 Brokers spend a significant amount of time obtaining *listings*-agreements by owners to place properties for sale with the firm.

answer: (b) listings

A4 A broker may help to arrange favorable financing from a lender for the prospective buyer; often, this makes the difference between success and failure in *closing* a sale.

answer: (a) closing

- A5 In the prequalifying phase, the agent determines how much the buyers can <u>afford</u> to spend. answer: (a) afford
- A6 In addition, the agent and the buyer usually sign <u>a loyalty</u> contract which states that the agent will be the only one to show houses to buyers.

answer: (c) a loyalty

A7 Agents identify and emphasize the most *pertinent* selling points.

answer: (d) pertinent

A8 To a young family looking for a house, they may emphasize the convenient floor plan, the area's low crime rate, and the *proximity* to schools and shopping centers.

answer: (c) proximity

A9 If bargaining over price becomes necessary, agents must follow their client's instructions carefully and may have to present <u>counteroffers</u> in order to get the best possible price.

answer: (c) counteroffers

A10 Once both parties have signed the contract, the real estate broker or agent must make sure that all special terms of the contract are *met* before the closing date.

answer: (c) met

A1 Founded over 30 years ago, Winoker Realty Company is a privately <u>held</u> second-generation commercial real estate firm serving the diverse real estate needs of a highly prestigious list of tenants, owners, large corporations and growing businesses.

answer: (c) held

- A2 We are committed to providing you with value-added, timely solutions and we <u>deliver</u>. answer: (b) deliver
- A3 Winoker Realty Company's vast experience allows us to provide expert property redevelopment services, with timely, cost-efficient results and quality solutions to every need that may <u>arise</u>.
   answer: (b) arise
- A4 Winoker Realty Company also provides superior leasing services; for building owners seeking to increase cash-flow, *time is money*, and speed to market is critical.

answer: (d) time is money

A5 We take <u>pride</u> in our ability to rapidly gain a comprehensive understanding of an owner's specific needs and objectives.

answer: (b) pride

A6 Winoker Realty Company has a <u>steadfast</u> commitment to senior level involvement in every aspect of customer relationship.

answer: (c) steadfast

*A7* We implement the marketing strategy approved by you — seeking out the right prospects, creating and placing ads, conducting *open* houses with full attention to detail, and more.

answer: (c) open

A8 Our decades of New York real estate experience from both the <u>landlord</u> and the tenant sides help us provide customized solutions for every real estate niche and geographic area.

answer: (b) landlord

A9 Winoker's hands-on approach and roll-up-your-<u>sleeves</u> attitude has benefited building owners for more than 30 years.

answer: (b) sleeves

*A10* Our true depth and breadth of expertise is simply <u>unsurpassed</u> in the greater New York real estate marketplace.

answer: (d) unsurpassed

A1 Ray Alcorn of Park Real Estate Inc remarks that real estate is a capital-intensive industry, and its health rises and falls with capital availability; currently the capital markets are so <u>flush</u> with cash, they can't find a place for it all.

answer: (c) flush

- A2 Boom times typically engender oversupply of product, but construction prices have skyrocketed due to natural disasters and rising commodity prices, which has <u>tempered</u> new building in all property types. answer: (c) tempered
- A3 Rising consumer interest rates will further slow consumer purchasing and the housing market, and may produce the desired soft *landing.*

answer: (c) landing

- A4 Historically, contractions in capital have a negative effect on valuations, and current <u>rumblings</u> from government regulators aiming to trim commercial banks' real estate loan exposure are worrisome.
   answer: (d) rumblings
- A5 Global markets are literally awash in capital, all of it seeking yield and stability; fortunately, commercial real estate offers both, and even if banks are constrained there is a <u>surfeit</u> of capital to fill the void.
   answer: (c) surfeit
- A6 Construction costs have gone through the <u>roof</u> in the past year due to natural disasters and increased commodity prices.

answer: (c) roof

A7 High construction costs and condo conversions have reduced new supply and a slowing housing market increases rental demand, so owners can now flex their muscles with rent increases, and those who bought at high valuations may yet get the <u>last laugh</u>.

answer: (d) last laugh

- A8 Areas with declining employment and population will experience an acceleration of those trends, and investors will not acquire properties in such markets without good reason to believe a comeback is in the <u>offing</u>.
   answer: (d) offing
- A9 Retail properties will suffer as owners rediscover risk as a component of value, but most of these assets are owned by well-capitalized private equity groups that can easily <u>ride out</u> the storm.

answer: (b) ride out

A10 Acquisition of stabilized properties at low cap rates with little potential for rent growth is a sure <u>recipe</u> for below market returns.

answer: (b) recipe

A1 The amount of purchasing undertaken in the business market easily <u>dwarfs</u> the total spending by consumers; because the business market is so large it draws the interest of millions of companies that market exclusively to business customers.

answer: (c) dwarfs

A2 In certain business markets purchase decisions <u>hinge</u> on the outcome of a bidding process between competitors offering similar products and services.

answer: (b) hinge

- A3 In these cases the decision to buy is often <u>whittled</u> down to one concern who has the lowest price. answer: (d) whittled
- A4 Consumer and business markets differ in that business markets are more likely to be price than brand-<u>driven</u>. answer: (c) driven
- A5 The demand by businesses for products and services is affected by consumer purchases; this is called <u>derived</u> demand.

answer: (b) derived

A6 Because so many organizations may have a part in creating consumer purchases, a small <u>swing</u> in consumer demand can create big changes in business purchasing.

answer: (d) swing

A7 The search for alternatives is a significant difference between consumer and business purchasing; while a consumer will probably not search hard to save two cents a gallon on gas, a company that has a large <u>fleet</u> of cars or trucks certainly will.

answer: (c) fleet

A8 In more advanced purchase situations, members of the Buying Center may evaluate each option using a checklist of features sought by the buyer, and each feature is assigned a <u>weight</u> that corresponds to its importance to the purchase decision.

answer: (d) weight

A9 If the product is <u>well</u> received, it may end up moving to a straight re-purchase status, thus eliminating much of the evaluation process on future purchases.

answer: (d) well

*A10* Business purchase decisions can <u>drag on</u> for an extensive period; unlike consumer markets where impulse purchasing is rampant, the number of people involved in business purchase decisions results in decisions taking weeks, months or years.

answer: (b) drag on

- A1 T. Fuller states that, historically, all business operated at a small scale and were centred on the individual <u>artisan.</u> answer: (c) artisan
- A2 Even now there are strong cultural <u>affinities</u> to individual enterprise. answer: (a) affinities
- A3 Over the centuries, business has emerged, legitimised by reflexive social <u>notions</u> of entrepreneurship and fuelled by regulated international free trade, competition, property rights and usury.

answer: (d) notions

- A4 In this <u>landscape</u>, small businesses are increasingly important but relatively powerless. answer: (b) landscape
- A5 The overall thesis is that small businesses, once <u>ubiquitous</u>, have been systematically othered, then homogenised.

answer: (c) ubiquitous

A6 The article traces a brief history of small business from post-medieval times, through the Industrial Revolution to the <u>present</u> day.

answer: (d) present

A7 In doing so, it <u>uncovers</u> a number of principles upon which small business in the UK is founded, and illustrates how corporatism has emerged as these principles evolved.

answer: (d) uncovers

A8 Small business is <u>conceived</u> as being in a weak position relative to corporate business but co-dependent upon it.

answer: (a) conceived

A9 The link between the entrepreneurial individuals and innovation is discussed, outlining a view that entrepreneurs may best be <u>served</u> by corporate ecologies.

answer: (c) served

A10 The future trajectory of small business in the UK and Europe is by <u>no means</u> certain.

answer: (c) no means

- A1 Multilateral trade agreements serve the interests of today's global production system in a way that the alternative a <u>fragmented</u> system of bilateral agreements does not.
   answer: (d) fragmented
- A2 Victor K. Fung gives his point of view as a businessman on what is at stake and why WTO negotiators have an interest in finding common *ground*.

answer: (a) ground

- A3 Global rules <u>ease</u> global production. answer: (b) ease
- A4 In the old days, manufacturing would be done "in-house", but manufacturing carries a completely different meaning today: products are no longer made <u>under one roof</u>.
   answer: (c) under one roof
- A5 Increasingly, production is <u>dispersed</u> across different factories in different countries it is becoming globalized.

answer: (d) dispersed

- A6 Information technology and logistics help dissect the value-added process into <u>component</u> parts, with factories, locations and countries assigned for each stage according to their competitive advantage. answer: (b) component
- A7 Over the past several years, we have seen <u>discord</u> in Seattle and Cancn, with what appears to be a widening divergence of views between developed and developing countries, and a rise in bilateral trade agreements.
   answer: (c) discord
- A8 Bilateralism distorts the flow of goods: it <u>throws up</u> barriers, creates friction, reduces flexibility, raises prices and hinders companies' ability to bring new countries into the global production system. throws up breaks down bowls over stands on

answer: (d) throws up

A9 Of particular concern are 'rules of origin', which define where a product is made and determine what kind of market *access* it will have.

answer: (a) access

A10 With each new bilateral agreement, considerations relating to rules of origin multiply and become more complex in the *phenomenon* trade experts call 'the spaghetti bowl effect'.

answer: (c) phenomenon

- A1 There are several ways to evaluate the export <u>potential</u> of your products and services in overseas markets; the most common approach is to examine the success of your products domestically.
   answer: (d) potential
- A2 Another means is by examining the unique or important features of your product: if those features are hard to <u>duplicate</u> abroad, then it is likely that you will be successful overseas.

answer: (b) duplicate

A3 <u>Sizeable</u> export markets may still exist, especially if the product once did well in the United States but is now losing market share to more technically advanced products.

answer: (b) Sizeable

A4 Other countries may not need state-of-the-art technology and/or may be unable to afford the most *sophisticated* and expensive products.

answer: (d) sophisticated

A5 Such markets may have a surprisingly <u>healthy</u> demand for U.S. products that are older or considered dated by U.S. market standards.

answer: (d) healthy

A6 All aspects of an export plan should be agreed upon by the personnel involved in the exporting process, as they will ultimately *execute* the export plan.

answer: (c) execute

- A7 From the start, the plan should be viewed and written as a management tool, not as a <u>static</u> document. answer: (c) static
- A8 Many companies begin export activities <u>haphazardly</u>, without carefully screening markets or options for market entry.

answer: (a) haphazardly

A9 While these companies may or may not have a <u>measure</u> of success, they may overlook better export opportunities.

answer: (b) measure

*A10* If early export efforts are unsuccessful because of poor planning, your company may be <u>misled</u> into abandoning exporting altogether.

answer: (c) misled

- When deciding on which form of business will best serve your purposes, you should take into account the time <u>commitment</u> necessary to handle regulations and formalities.
   answer: (a) commitment
- A2 The need for funding is one of the first concerns for any new business, and unless you have the personal assets or can <u>tap into</u> friends, family or your bank, you will be seeking investors.
   answer: (b) tap into
- A3 Determining not only the type of business you are starting, but the type of customers you will attract and the manner in which you will attract them should also be <u>factored</u> into your decision making process.
   answer: (b) factored
- A4 The potential for liability from customer relationships or interaction <u>impacts</u> heavily on your liability risk. answer: (a) impacts
- A5 For example, someone with a business that sells goods via the Internet or through mail order is less likely to <u>garner</u> lawsuits than someone who owns physical store locations, where customer foot traffic (and potential injuries) could result.

answer: (a) garner

A6 It will also be assumed that a professional business such as a law firm or accounting practice will have greater assets, making them greater targets in a *litigious* society.

answer: (d) litigious

A7 Someone who has already had previous business success and has significant assets from a previous business venture would also want to protect those assets *closely*.

answer: (a) closely

- A8 Apathy can come back to <u>haunt</u> a successful entrepreneur; plan ahead. answer: (a) haunt
- A9 It is wise to <u>sit down</u> with both an attorney and an accountant and discuss the details of the business that you are planning to start and where you see it going in five or ten years.

answer: (d) sit down

A10 <u>Cover</u> all the bases, including liabilities, taxes, employee benefits and the need for investors, before making your decision.

answer: (a) Cover

- A1 Tourism is one of the world's largest and fastest growing industries; it can contribute to <u>sound</u> economic development and substantial employment generation in Australia in the coming years.
   answer: (d) sound
- A2 Tourism has many links with other industries, such as agriculture, manufacturing and telecommunications, and can provide a powerful <u>stimulus</u> to economic growth, particularly in regional areas.

answer: (d) stimulus

A3 A strong and viable tourism industry will remain an important contributor to continued employment growth, and tourism's contribution to foreign exchange earnings will continue to be a significant item in Australia's <u>balance</u> of payments.

answer: (a) balance

A4 Ecologically sustainable development has as its basic aim to meet the needs of the present without *compromising* the ability of future generations to meet their needs.

answer: (b) compromising

A5 A recent report by the Industry Commission found that the Australian environment is a major tourist attraction and the provision of accommodation in appropriate locations is important for ensuring access to <u>sought-after</u> sites.

answer: (c) sought-after

A6 It also suggests that accommodation provision should have regard to <u>impacts</u> on the environment in which it is situated and that this applies to both the original siting decision and continuing operations.

answer: (c) impacts

A7 The construction of accommodation and service <u>amenities</u> and associated transport and service links can cause changes in vegetation, soil compaction and erosion, siltation of rivers and estuaries, and generation of waste.

answer: (a) amenities

A8 These changes can affect the balances and relationships in ecosystems and may contribute to the modification of habitats, a change in the competitive advantage of species, and in some cases loss of representative habitats and species or a reduction in genetic *diversity*.

answer: (d) diversity

A9 The report also says that tourism development should recognise and support the identity, culture and interests of *indigenous* people.

answer: (c) indigenous

A10 As the market for environmentally <u>sensitive</u> tourism facilities continues to expand, it is vital that local businesses have the information necessary to meet global expectations and standards.
 answer: (d) sensitive

- A1 Travel advertisers were confronted with a major decision after September 11, 2001: should they spend more on advertising to <u>spur</u> travel by people who were apprehensive but fence-sitting?
   answer: (d) spur
- A2 Meanwhile, corporations cut <u>back</u> their budgets, reducing the volume of business travel. answer: (b) back

A3 On an annual basis, trends varied <u>by</u> industry.answer: (a) by

- A4 Airlines <u>understandably</u> decreased their advertising spending, as they normally do after a crisis or an accident. answer: (d) understandably
- A5 Spending was down across the <u>board</u> on network and spot TV, cable TV and national spot radio although domestic carriers boosted their outlay for outdoor advertising in 2001.
   answer: (a) board
- A6 In contrast to the <u>troubled</u> airlines, hotel companies spent more on advertising in 2001. answer: (c) troubled
- A7 Holiday Inn remained on top of the domestic spending <u>heap</u>, laying out \$38.3 million in 2001, an increase of 25 percent.

answer: (a) heap

A8 The car rental industry has been plagued by financial problems, so it is no surprise that the <u>cash-strapped</u> companies cut back on their ad spending.

answer: (d) cash-strapped

A9 After a brief downturn in late 2001, the cruise industry's sales <u>revived</u> quickly, thanks to discounting and steady advertising.

answer: (d) revived

A10 The industry as a whole laid <u>out</u> \$237 million on advertising for the year, a slight gain of 2.7 percent over 2000. answer: (c) out

- A1 The Economist explains that the internet has <u>pitted</u> travel agents against travel providers in an intense battle to win customers.
   answer: (c) pitted
- A2 This year's travel season, now <u>drawing</u> to a close, has been busier than ever, despite strikes and terrorist threats.

answer: (a) drawing

A3 Freed from having to ring busy call centres or queue at high-street travel agents, consumers have gone online in <u>droves</u> to find flights, hotels, car rentals and other travel services, making travel one of the most successful forms of e-commerce.

answer: (b) droves

A4 By designing websites that ordinary people could use, online travel agents were able to put product availability and price transparency at their customers' *fingertips*.

answer: (b) fingertips

- A5 After the September 11th terrorist attacks on America, online agents helped airlines and hotels overcome a worldwide travel <u>slump</u> by making bargains more visible to a greater number of people.
   answer: (c) slump
- A6 These websites work like shopping comparison services: matching users' *itineraries* with offers and then directing bookings to the websites of agents and suppliers.

answer: (b) itineraries

A7 In America, suppliers and distributors currently each take about half of all online bookings; that adds up to a <u>sizeable</u> chunk of the travel industry.

answer: (c) sizeable

- A8 Most analysts <u>reckon</u> about one-third of America's \$200 billion travel market will be booked online this year.
   answer: (d) reckon
- A9 The travel market can be broken down into two parts: leisure combined with 'unmanaged' business travel (this is because individuals booking business trips can be <u>indistinguishable</u> from leisure travellers) and managed corporate travel.

answer: (b) indistinguishable

*A10* People booking online are now presented with a range of fares to choose from, with the busiest flights commanding the highest premiums, because customers are <u>shrewd</u> enough to understand the laws of supply and demand.

answer: (c) shrewd

- A1 Health experts from throughout the world are meeting in the U.S. to <u>address</u> the tobacco industry's marketing efforts in developing countries, Reuters reported August 5th. answer: (a) address
- A2 "We're bringing the world's tobacco-control community together in one place to see how can we <u>stem</u> this tide of export, promotion and production by the tobacco industry," said Dr. Thomas Houston of the American Medical Association.

answer: (d) stem

A3 The tobacco industry views developing countries as an <u>untapped</u> market, which causes concern among health officials.

answer: (c) untapped

A4 The World Health Organization estimates that 70 percent of deaths caused by smoking-related illnesses will take place in the developing world, mainly because people in those countries may be unaware of the dangers *posed* by smoking.

answer: (c) posed

A5 "It will be a huge tragedy for developing countries and will <u>overwhelm</u> their health-care systems," Houston said.

answer: (b) overwhelm

A6 WHO officials noted that the tobacco industry is dealing with legal <u>setbacks</u> in the U.S. by marketing their products worldwide.

answer: (c) setbacks

- A7 In addition, the tobacco industry is working towards <u>dissuading</u> developing countries from levying taxes on cigarettes or enacting western-style laws that ban smoking in office buildings and other public places.
   answer: (b) dissuading
- A8 "Most people in the developing world believe cancer is a communicable disease," Houston said, "The warnings are <u>nebulous</u> and not particularly clear."

answer: (b) nebulous

- A9 "The companies have found loopholes in the law, and we have not <u>plugged</u> them," said H.J. Sallehudin, an assistant director of Malaysia's Department of Public Health, which enforces Malaysia's tobacco ad bans. answer: (b) plugged
- A10 An international tobacco-control treaty sponsored by the United Nations is aimed at <u>curbing</u> the increase in tobacco-related deaths worldwide.

answer: (d) curbing

- A1 In financial accounting, financial assets are cash and other assets that convert directly into <u>estimated</u> amounts of cash.
   answer: (b) estimated
- A2 In the balance sheet, financial assets are listed at the current value: for cash, this means the <u>face</u> amount. answer: (b) face
- A3 Marketable securities are listed at current market value, while receivables are listed at net <u>realizable</u> value. answer: (c) realizable
- A4 The objectives of cash management are accurate accounting for cash transactions, the prevention of losses through <u>theft</u>, and maintaining adequate cash balances.
   answer: (d) theft
- A5 One major step in achieving *internal* control over cash transactions is separating cash handling from the accounting function.

answer: (c) internal

A6 The cash balance shown on the month-end bank statement will usually differ from the amount of cash shown in the depositor's ledger; this is a result of such items as <u>outstanding</u> checks and deposits in transit.

answer: (b) outstanding

A7 The bank <u>reconciliation</u> adjusts the cash balance per the books and the cash balance per the bank statement for any unrecorded items and thus produces the correct amount of cash to be included in the balance sheet at the end of the month.

answer: (c) reconciliation

- A8 Under the allowance method, the portion of each period's credit sales expected to prove uncollectible is written <u>off</u> by debiting Allowance for Doubtful Accounts and crediting Accounts Receivable.
   answer: (b) off
- A9 The most <u>liquid</u> financial asset is cash, followed by cash equivalents, marketable securities, and receivables. answer: (c) liquid
- A10 Interest is a contractual amount that accumulates day by day; the amount of interest <u>accruing</u> over a time period may be computed by the formula Principal x Rate x Time.

answer: (a) accruing

- A1 The cybernation revolution has been brought <u>about</u> by the combination of the computer and the automated self-regulating machine.
   answer: (a) about
- A2 This results in a system of almost unlimited productive capacity which requires *progressively* less human labor.

answer: (d) progressively

- A3 Cybernation is already reorganizing the economic and social system to <u>meet</u> its own needs.
   answer: (b) meet
- A4 In the past, when new technologies have replaced workers in a given sector, new sectors have always emerged to absorb the <u>displaced</u> laborers.

answer: (c) displaced

A5 Today, all three of the traditional sectors of the economy — agriculture, manufacturing, and service — are experiencing this, forcing millions onto the unemployment <u>rolls.</u>

answer: (d) rolls

A6 The only new sector <u>emerging</u> is the knowledge sector, made up of elite entrepreneurs, scientists, technicians, computer programmers, professionals, educators, and consultants.

answer: (c) emerging

A7 While this sector is growing, it is not expected to absorb more than a fraction of the hundreds of millions who will be eliminated in the next several decades in the <u>wake</u> of revolutionary advances in the information and communication sciences.

answer: (d) wake

A8 The technological changes now occurring will not make human labor <u>superfluous</u>; on the contrary, they will require tremendous numbers of highly skilled and highly trained managers and technicians.

answer: (c) superfluous

- A9 In the entire occupied population, a larger fraction of members than at present will be <u>engaged</u> in occupations where 'personal service' involving face-to-face human interaction is an important part of the job.
   answer: (b) engaged
- A10 I am confident of stating this conclusion, but far less confident in <u>conjecturing</u> what these occupations will be.
   answer: (a) conjecturing

- A1 Estienne de Beer, author of Boosting Your Career, warns that sooner or later you will report to a micromanager who <u>obsessively</u> controls and manipulates you to the point of desperation.
   answer: (b) obsessively
- A2 Harry Chambers explains that micromanagers always have their <u>antennae</u> up, trying to detect violations. answer: (a) antennae
- A3 If you get frustrated and tell the boss to back <u>off</u>, you get accused of having a bad attitude and not being a team player.

answer: (c) off

- A4 It feels as if you are controlled like a robot and <u>second-guessed</u> every step of the way. answer: (d) second-guessed
- A5 Everything needs to get approved beforehand and <u>double-checked</u> afterwards. answer: (c) double-checked
- A6 It is important to understand what motivates a micromanager to command and control, even if it is <u>unknowingly</u>.

answer: (b) unknowingly

A7 Most micromanagers tend to have a controlling tendency and simply don't believe that outstanding work will be done without their constant *intervention*.

answer: (d) intervention

- A8 <u>Coping</u> skills and effective communication are the keys to successfully managing your micromanager. answer: (a) Coping
- A9 One of the best lines of defence is your diligence in clarifying expectations and keeping a(n) <u>paper trail</u> of everything that you have done.

answer: (c) paper trail

A10 Micromanagers need to learn how to transform themselves into leaders; micromanagers just twist your arm, but leaders *sway* your opinion.

answer: (d) sway

A1 In an address to the Second International Banking Forum, Panayotis Thomopoulos states that the southeastern economies are turning the <u>corner</u> and can now start enjoying the benefits of stability and growth within the European Union.

answer: (a) corner

- A2 Greece will continue to make a positive contribution to the economies of the region, but he admits that he <u>draws</u> comfort from the fact that Greece is now surrounded by open, dynamic economies. answer: (a) draws
- A3 The recent <u>appreciation</u> of the euro is an indication of the markets' confidence in our economies. answer: (a) appreciation
- A4 There have been of course problems, especially in the European insurance sector, <u>exacerbated</u> by natural catastrophes, but all financial institutions have managed through.

answer: (c) exacerbated

A5 Nonetheless, such problems, whenever they surfaced, were <u>contained</u> and did not have systemic repercussions that could threaten the macroeconomic stability of our economies.

answer: (b) contained

A6 As a result of not very <u>prudent</u> policies, the significant losses of insurance and re-insurance companies in the last few years have been partly absorbed by the banking sector.

answer: (c) prudent

- A7 The banking sector in some countries has unwillingly assumed the responsibility for the well-being of the financial sector as a whole, because it understands the danger of systemic risks, which can <u>wreak</u> havoc. answer: (a) wreak
- A8 With the help of the central banks, the private sector has become more <u>adept</u> in dealing with risks and the supervisors have learned from the mistakes of the past and improved their vigilance.
  answer: (a) adept
- A9 The new practices to be introduced will further improve our ability to deal with financial risks and better <u>tailor</u> our requirements to each market's special needs.

answer: (d) tailor

A10 Looking at the developments in the Southeastern Balkans themselves, the present situation is a far <u>cry</u> from the bleak picture at the early stages of transition more than a decade ago.

answer: (b) cry

- A1 The World Wide Web consists of a vast network of Web 'sites'. i.e., graphical presentations of information that is controlled by the site-holder; sites can contain pictures, text and sound in <u>static</u> or moving form.
   answer: (c) static
- A2 The World Wide Web creates a(n) <u>dramatically</u> new environment for both investors and companies issuing securities.

answer: (b) dramatically

- Web sites, bulletin boards, e-mail and push technology can all be used in advertising, offering and selling securities, and for <u>disseminating</u> investment advice.
   answer: (b) disseminating
- A4 In the mid-1990's, the marketing of securities on the Internet began to <u>take off.</u> answer: (d) take off
- A5 A number of small discount brokers started online secondary trading in 1995 and the number gradually <u>swelled.</u>

answer: (d) swelled

A6 Developments in cyberfinance have virtually <u>exploded</u> since these early entries.

answer: (c) exploded

A7 Investment bankers can post their underwritings of stock issues on the World Wide Web to <u>expose</u> them to vast numbers of prospective investors at very low cost.

answer: (d) expose

A8 Issuers can <u>bypass</u> traditional underwriters and make direct public offerings ('DPOs') of securities using the Web bulletin boards and push technology.

answer: (a) bypass

- A9 Since 1995, the SEC has sought by rule and interpretive release to <u>mesh</u> the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934 and the regulatory framework built up around them with the new Internet world.
   answer: (c) mesh
- A10 Electronic disclosure of information must provide adequate and timely notice to investors, <u>afford</u> effective access to the information, and give reasonable assurance that the information in fact has been delivered. answer: (b) afford

- A1 A mortgage involves the transfer of an interest in land as security for a loan or other *obligation*. answer: (b) obligation
- A2 Normally, a mortgage is paid in *installments* that include both interest and a payment on the principle amount that was borrowed.

answer: (b) installments

- A3 Failure to make payments results in the <u>foreclosure</u> of the mortgage. answer: (a) foreclosure
- A4 This allows the mortgagee to declare that the entire mortgage debt is due and payable immediately, accomplished through an acceleration <u>clause</u> in the mortgage.

answer: (a) clause

A5 In the case of failure to pay the debt, the most common processes to effect seizure and sale are court proceedings or grants of power to the mortgagee to sell the property.

answer: (d) proceedings

- A6 Under the title theory, title to the security interest <u>rests</u> with the mortgagee. answer: (c) rests
- A7 Most states, however, follow the lien theory, under which the legal title <u>remains</u> with the mortgagor. answer: (b) remains
- *A8* Finally, the intermediate theory applies the lien theory until there is a <u>default</u> on the mortgage, whereupon the title theory applies.

answer: (b) default

A9 If the mortgage is not the only lien on the property, then state law determines the *priority* of the property interests.

answer: (c) priority

A10 The Uniform Commercial Code governs conflicts between mortgages on real property and liens on <u>fixtures</u> (personal property attached to a piece of real estate).

answer: (c) fixtures

A1	A <u>crucial</u> concept in understanding microeconomics is that of utility: utility is how much a product pleases people. answer: (d) crucial
A2	Marginal utility is how much every <u>incremental</u> quantity of a product pleases; it tends to drop as the numbers of a product consumed increases. answer: (d) incremental
A3	Consumers choose what products they want to buy by comparing something's <i>price</i> and its utility. answer: (b) price
A4	They will pick the product that gives them the biggest <u>bang</u> for the buck, the product that gives them the greatest satisfaction for every unit of money spent. answer: (a) bang
A5	Based on the law of demand, quantity demanded is inversely <u>related</u> to price. answer: (c) related
A6	'Perfect competition' is defined as economic forces <u><i>at work</i></u> , uninterrupted by any other force. answer: (b) at work
A7	In reality, no <u>such</u> thing as a true perfectly competitive market exists; there are other types of market structures, however — monopoly, oligopoly, and monopolistic competition. answer: (c) such
A8	In monopolistic competition, there are many firms <i>vying</i> for control of one market. answer: (d) vying
A9	Oligopoly is a small number of competing firms, so the key property of oligopolies is that all firms <u>execute</u> strategic planning. answer: (d) execute
A10	Some oligopolies act as cartels, in which many firms act as one.

answer: (a) as one

- A1 Recent World Bank research suggests that countries should complement trade openness with greater flexibility of their investment <u>climate</u> and labor markets.
   answer: (a) climate
- A2 "Trade <u>boosts</u> growth in flexible economies, but its positive impact is much reduced and in some cases, even reversed-in excessively regulated economies," says Caroline Freund, Senior Economist in the World Bank's Trade Research Team.

answer: (a) boosts

A3 Trade stimulates growth by directing resources into their most productive uses both within and <u>across</u> industries.

answer: (a) across

A4 An excessive regulatory <u>burden</u> will prevent this reallocation of resources from occurring, reducing the prospects for trade-generated growth.

answer: (a) burden

- A5 However, complications can arise because of interest groups that <u>stand</u> to lose in a more flexible environment. answer: (c) stand
- A6 Some of the steps that <u>heavily</u> regulated economies need to take are easy and inexpensive; for example, it does not cost much to reduce excess procedures for registering a new business.

answer: (b) heavily

- A7 New technologies can also <u>facilitate</u> deregulation, such as implementing online registration systems.
   answer: (b) facilitate
- A8 The success of openness depends on whether firms can adjust quickly to the new conditions <u>imposed</u> by international competition.

answer: (a) imposed

A9 Doing well in the areas of public infrastructure, governance and ease of firm entry clearly correlates with stronger trade-related growth, suggesting that countries may need to simultaneously <u>undertake</u> reform in several areas in order to benefit from trade openness.

answer: (c) undertake

A10 An analysis to help identify the areas requiring reform helps design a policy package tailored for a particular country, as opposed to a(n) 'one-size-fits-all approach.

answer: (d) one-size-fits-all

- A1 Encarta's History of Advertising notes that <u>archaeologists</u> have found evidence of advertising dating back to the 3000s BC, among the Babylonians.
   answer: (b) archaeologists
- A2 One of the first known methods of advertising was the outdoor display, usually an <u>eye-catching</u> sign painted on the wall of a building.

answer: (b) eye-catching

A3 An outdoor advertisement <u>excavated</u> in Rome offers property for rent, and one found painted on a wall in Pompeii calls the attention of travelers to a tavern.

answer: (a) excavated

A4 In medieval times word-of-mouth praise of products gave rise to a simple but effective form of advertising, the use of so-called town *criers*.

answer: (b) criers

A5 These were citizens who read public notices aloud and were also employed by merchants to shout the <u>praises</u> of their wares.

answer: (c) praises

- A6 Although graphic forms of advertising appeared early in history, printed advertising made little <u>headway</u> until the invention of the movable-type printing press by German printer Johannes Gutenberg about 1450.
   answer: (b) headway
- A7 In the United States, the advertising profession began in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1841, when Volney B.
   Palmer <u>set</u> up shop as an advertising agent, the forerunner of the advertising agency.

answer: (b) set

- A8 The introduction of radio created a new opportunity and by the end of the 1920s, advertising had established itself in radio to such a(n) <u>extent</u> that advertisers were producing many of their own programs.
   answer: (b) extent
- A9 The early 1930s <u>ushered</u> in dozens of radio dramatic series that were known as soap operas because they were sponsored by soap companies.

answer: (c) ushered

A10 Television had been introduced in 1940, but because of the high cost of TV sets and the lack of programming, it was not immediately *embraced*.

answer: (a) embraced

- A hedge fund is a fund that sells some stocks short, and buys other stocks long; with this technique, the overall value of buying and selling balances out, thereby eliminating heavy losses due to large market <u>swings</u>.
   answer: (d) swings
- A2 The term hedge fund refers to the practice of balancing out transactions to ensure that a profit can still be made in any market turning, which distinguishes them from the <u>spate</u> of other fund strategies that sprang up at the beginning of the 21st century.

answer: (b) spate

A3 Profit gains in a hedge fund rely on the choosing of appropriate stocks and acting on them at the most opportune moment.

answer: (c) opportune

- A4 Stock pioneer Alfred Winslow Jones used borrowed money to <u>inject</u> his funds with additional capital (leverage), and charged an incentive fee to his customers to place their money in his fund.
   answer: (c) inject
- A5 For the most part, the term hedge fund now refers to any mostly unregulated fund using <u>unconventional</u> methods of investing.

answer: (d) unconventional

A6 Some common hedge fund strategies include trading stock options and bonds, the purchase or sale of highly undervalued securities, and *arbitrage*.

answer: (d) arbitrage

- A7 Unlike mutual funds, hedge funds are very <u>lightly</u> regulated, and so can keep their actions relatively secret.
   answer: (c) lightly
- A8 This secrecy makes it difficult to predict actual numbers for hedge funds, but estimates for 2003 were over US
   \$650 billion *under* hedge fund management.

answer: (c) under

A9 Hedge funds are subject to the same prohibitions against fraud as are other market participants, and their managers have the same *fiduciary* duties as other investment advisers.

answer: (b) fiduciary

A10 Only accredited investors and qualified purchasers may invest in them — those who have incomes of over \$200,000 per year or a net <u>worth</u> of over \$1 million, or those who already have at least \$5 million in investments.

answer: (d) worth

A1 From 'The Dictionary of Daily Wants', 1858-1859: 'Apprentice' signifies a person who is bound by <u>indenture</u> to serve a master for a certain term, and receives in return for his services instruction in his master's profession, art, or occupation.

answer: (b) indenture

A2 Apprentices and masters are equally bound to perform their portion of the contract towards each other; and if the master neglect to teach the apprentice his business, is liable to be <u>summoned</u> before a magistrate to answer the complaint against them.

answer: (d) summoned

- A3 A master cannot legally <u>compel</u> his apprentice to work an unreasonable length of time. answer: (a) compel
- A4 There is no specific duration marked out by law, but doubtless the habitual employment of an apprentice for more than twelve hours daily (exclusive of meal times) would be <u>deemed</u> unreasonable.

answer: (c) deemed

- When an assignment is made of a trader's <u>effects</u>, the apprentice may form part of the assignment and he is bound to serve him to whom he is transferred in all respects the same as his original master.
   answer: (a) effects
- A6 In cases of <u>dissolution</u> of partnership, the apprentice is bound to serve the remaining members of the firm, just as though the partnership remained intact.

answer: (d) dissolution

A7 When the master dies the apprenticeship is <u>at an</u> end, for the contract is held to be a personal one between master and servant.

answer: (a) at an

A8 If there be any <u>covenant</u> for maintenance in the contract, the executor of the deceased master is bound to make provision for the same so far as the assets will allow.

answer: (c) covenant

- A9 A master may <u>administer</u> reasonable corporal chastisement to his apprentice, but he cannot discharge him. answer: (a) administer
- A10 If an apprentice <u>enters</u> another person's service, his master is entitled to his earnings, and he may bring an action against the persons who enticed him away.

answer: (b) enters

A1 From 'The Dictionary of Daily Wants', 1858-1859: As apprenticing has the most important influence upon success in life, it ought to be exercised by parents and guardians with the most scrupulous care and discretion.

answer: (d) scrupulous

A2 In apprenticing a youth, it is not alone sufficient that he should learn a trade from which good earnings may afterwards be derived, but that the trade selected should be in accordance with his taste, and also conformable to his mental and physical capacity.

answer: (b) conformable

A3 It may be said that a boy does not know his own mind, and that it is consequently idle to consult him upon a subject when his seniors are better qualified to judge.

answer: (b) know

- A4 But in the majority of cases, a boy will be found to give unmistakeable indications of the branch of mechanical employment upon which his mind is most bent and for which his hands will be consequently most fit. answer: (a) bent
- A5 If the boy is apprenticed to a trade of a totally opposite nature to that for which he has a predilection, the incessant struggle between natural desire and constrained duty will frequently entail failure and disappointment.

answer: (d) predilection

- Equally necessary is it that the mental and bodily *faculties* should be considered before apprenticeship. A6 answer: (b) faculties
- A7 And it is also a species of cruelty to select for a youth of a weak and delicate constitution such a trade as is only adapted for the *robust* and hardy.

answer: (c) robust

A8 The premiums for apprenticeship are governed by no stated tariff, but as a general rule they are proportioned to the wages which the trade affords.

answer: (b) affords

A9 The amount of the premium, therefore, is a secondary consideration to the advantages which its outlay secures.

answer: (d) secures

A10 The usual term of apprenticeship is seven years, namely, from fourteen to twenty-one years of age, but that period of probation is not always necessary, and, generally speaking, it is optional to determine upon a shorter term.

answer: (c) probation

- A1 In the normal <u>course</u> of trading with external vendors on credit terms, the University incurs current liabilities (i.e. accounts payable within 12 months).
   answer: (a) course
- A2 These accounts payable are subsequently <u>extinguished</u> by regular creditors payment runs. answer: (d) extinguished
- A3 Amounts owed to creditors which have not been paid or recorded at 31 December are <u>accrued</u>, and a liability is recorded in the general ledger; these are reversed in the following year.

answer: (a) accrued

- A4 Procedures established in <u>respect</u> of incurring a liability through the procurement of goods and services are specified in Section 5, 'Expenditure', of the manual.
   answer: (d) respect
- A5 The University is bound by legislation and industrial awards to provide its employees with various entitlements accumulated as a result of the <u>rendering</u> of their services to the University.

answer: (c) rendering

- A6 Liabilities <u>arising</u> from the accumulation of employee entitlements are recognised in the financial statements. answer: (b) arising
- A7 Staff who commenced employment with the University prior to 1 April 1961 are entitled to receive a gratuity on retirement at <u>age 55 years</u> or later, or on death.

answer: (c) age 55 years

A8 In accordance with The University Act of 1998, the Senate, in the <u>name</u> of and on behalf of the University, may borrow funds by way of loan or overdraft from any bank or other financial institution.

answer: (b) name

A9 Borrowings will only be undertaken in exceptional circumstances where operating or research funds are not sufficient to <u>satisfy</u> existing funding requirements.
 answer: (b) satisfy

answer: (b) satisfy

A10 A current liability arises where students pay a refundable <u>deposit</u> on locker keys, laboratory equipment, slide boxes, accommodation, etc. to a School.

answer: (a) deposit

- A1 Rainer Rauleder and Therese Hockey, two Deutsche Bank Treasury managers, here outline practical approaches in dealing with issues relating to allocation and investment of the bank's capital, *performance* measurement of regional businesses, and regulatory compliance across multiple regimes. answer: (a) performance
- A2 Sunrise in Auckland and another business day begins at Deutsche Bank, where members of the Treasury team located in the Asia-Pacific region take the <u>baton</u> from their colleagues in the Americas managing the bank's capital and balance sheet.

answer: (a) baton

A3 These regional managers, specialists in their local market conventions and regulatory requirements, work with the business divisions to optimize the <u>return</u> on the bank's capital.

answer: (d) return

A4 Later in the working day, the European members of the team based in the corporate center join with their colleagues to ensure that the practical <u>matters</u> of the localities are aligned with the bank's strategic global issues.

answer: (c) matters

- A5 Like Deutsche Bank, banks the world <u>over</u> are pursuing the ultimate capital framework, which will optimize the mix of capital, adequately assess capital at risk, and maximize capital growth.
   answer: (c) over
- A6 These global banks are faced with an array of regulatory requirements, business practices, and infrastructural complexity, demanding a dynamic approach to ensure a sufficiently robust yet flexible <u>framework</u>. answer: (a) framework
- What is meant by the term capital? though a seemingly basic question, the notion of capital varies, depending on the <u>perspective</u> being considered.
   answer: (b) perspective
- A8 From an accounting standpoint, capital is just the <u>shareholder</u> equity as it is reported on the balance sheet. answer: (d) shareholder
- A9 The regulatory view of capital expands on this by <u>allowing</u> for the inclusion of hybrid capital instruments, usually accounted as liabilities, and then deducting purchased goodwill.

answer: (d) allowing

A10 While regulatory requirements will <u>pose</u> a constraint on the bank's businesses, they will not determine the internal allocation of capital.

answer: (a) pose

- A1 The target cost is a financial goal for the full cost of a product, <u>derived</u> from estimates of selling price and desired profit (which top management sets on the basis of firm strategy and financial goals).
   answer: (c) derived
- A2 Product selling price is <u>constrained</u> by the marketplace and is determined by analysis along the entire industry value chain and across all functions in a firm.

answer: (a) constrained

A3 <u>Common</u> to most target-cost applications is a belief that large-scale cost planning and reduction must occur early in the product life cycle.

answer: (b) Common

A4 However, Shank and Fisher believe there is no <u>conceptual</u> reason the methodology cannot be a value-added exercise applied to existing products during manufacturing.

answer: (a) conceptual

A5 They <u>posit</u> that if managers were to believe that, during manufacturing, only incremental (i.e., slight) change is possible, firms would likely miss significant strategic opportunities.

answer: (b) posit

- A6 Shank and Fisher present a case study that demonstrates the relevance of target-costing techniques for a process-industry plant built in the 1890s that had been making <u>largely</u> the same products for fifty years.
   answer: (d) largely
- A7 The firm's managers, who had used a standard-cost system for many years, might have concluded that <u>kaizen</u> costing was most appropriate for this plant.

answer: (a) kaizen

A8 However, competitive realities necessitated a major strategic change that employed target costing as an important <u>ingredient</u> in cost-reduction efforts leading to strategic revitalization.

answer: (c) ingredient

- A9 The standard cost concept essentially dropped out of the *picture*. answer: (b) picture
- A10 Because standard costing accepts the existing game rules and the existing value chain, the authors believe that fundamental cost <u>breakthroughs</u> are much more probable when using target costing.

answer: (c) breakthroughs

- When one part of a multinational organisation in one country transfers (that is, <u>sells</u>) goods, services or know-how to another part in another country, the price charged for these goods or services is called 'transfer price'. answer: (c) sells
- A2 According to Manfred Davidmann, this may be a purely <u>arbitrary</u> figure, meaning by this that it may be unrelated to costs incurred, to operations carried out, or to added value.

answer: (d) arbitrary

A3 In other words, it is possible for a multinational company to minimise its *liability* for corporation tax by transfer pricing.

answer: (c) liability

A4 This is done without any change to procedures, operations or added value; it is done by merely changing book <u>entries.</u>

answer: (c) entries

- A5 This tax <u>avoidance</u> is legal until governments legislate to prevent this practice. answer: (b) avoidance
- A6 If a multinational has increased its profits by this method, then the government, whose expenses have not changed, must make up this <u>shortfall</u> elsewhere.

answer: (c) shortfall

A7 Its citizens pay more tax, the government can spend the same amount as before, and the multinational's profits have increased: in other words, the multinational's increased profits arise from money which is in <u>effect</u> collected by the government from its taxpayers.

answer: (b) effect

A8 This is a matter far <u>removed</u> from earning reasonable profits on needed quality goods and services at reasonable prices in open competition with other corporations.

answer: (d) removed

- A9 It seems that at times some top US companies pay no federal income tax at all or obtain an overall <u>rebate</u>. answer: (c) rebate
- A10 Multinationals need to be made accountable to elected representatives of the people, for their policies and for acting for or against the national *interest*.

answer: (c) interest

- A1 Senior executives have long <u>sought</u> ways to better control the enterprises they run. answer: (b) sought
- A2 Internal controls are put in <u>place</u> to keep the company on course toward profitability goals and achievement of its mission, and to minimize surprises along the way.

answer: (d) place

A3 They <u>enable</u> management to deal with rapidly changing economic and competitive environments, shifting customer demands and priorities, and restructuring for future growth.

answer: (a) enable

- A4 Internal control is looked <u>upon</u> more and more as a solution to a variety of potential problems. answer: (d) upon
- A5 This report defines and describes internal control to provide a standard <u>against</u> which business and other entities can assess their control systems and determine how to improve them.

answer: (a) against

A6 Internal control is broadly defined as a process, <u>effected</u> by an entity's board of directors, management and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in several categories.

answer: (c) effected

- A7 The first category, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, <u>addresses</u> an entity's basic business objectives, including performance and profitability goals and safeguarding of resources.
   answer: (a) addresses
- A8 The second, reliability of financial reporting, relates to the preparation of reliable published financial statements, including interim and condensed financial statements and selected financial data <u>derived</u> from such statements, such as earnings releases, reported publicly.

answer: (d) derived

A9 The third, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, deals with complying with those laws and regulations to which the entity is *subject*.

answer: (a) subject

A10 While internal control is a process, its effectiveness is a state or condition of the process at one or more points in time.

answer: (a) in

- A1 Control activities are the policies and procedures that help ensure management <u>directives</u> are carried out.
   answer: (a) directives
- A2 Control activities occur throughout the organization, at all levels and in all functions, and include a range of activities as <u>diverse</u> as approvals, authorizations, verifications, reconciliations, reviews of operating performance, security of assets and segregation of duties.

answer: (d) diverse

A3 <u>Pertinent</u> information must be identified, captured and communicated in a form and time frame that enable people to carry out their responsibilities.

answer: (c) Pertinent

A4 Information systems produce reports containing operational, financial and compliance-<u>related</u> information that make it possible to run and control the business.

answer: (d) related

A5 They deal not only with internally generated data, but also information about external events, activities and conditions necessary to *informed* business decision-making and external reporting.

answer: (d) informed

A6 Internal control systems need to be monitored — a process that assesses the quality of the system's performance *over* time.

answer: (c) over

A7 Internal control deficiencies should be reported <u>upstream</u>, with serious matters reported to top management and the board.

answer: (d) upstream

- A8 There is synergy and linkage among these components, forming an integrated system that reacts dynamically to changing conditions; the internal control system is <u>intertwined</u> with the entity's operating activities. answer: (d) intertwined
- A9 Internal control is most effective when controls are built into the entity's infrastructure and are a part of the essence of the enterprise.

answer: (c) essence

A10 In sum, internal control can help an entity get to where it wants to go, and avoid *<u>pitfalls</u>* and surprises along the way.

answer: (b) pitfalls

- A1 Brian Moran writes in SQL Server Magazine (March 2005) that an interesting battle is taking <u>shape</u> between Microsoft and Oracle, two titans of the database world, and the prize is business-application software.
   answer: (c) shape
- A2 Pricing for databases and prices for high-end business-application software can be <u>inexorably</u> entwined when a vendor controls both the business layer software and the database.

answer: (b) inexorably

A3 Vendors who sell both have a lot more margin to <u>play</u> with and can be a lot more creative about how they price a total package for customers.

answer: (c) play

A4 Microsoft and Oracle are <u>fierce</u> competitors in the database space; competition in other areas inevitably has an effect on their database competitions.

answer: (c) fierce

- A5 Earlier this year, Oracle (the second largest provider of business application software) merged with PeopleSoft (the third largest provider), which had already <u>swallowed</u> J. D. Edwards (another major provider) back in 2003. answer: (d) swallowed
- A6 SAP is still the dominant provider, but Oracle's PeopleSoft acquisition is intended to grow the company's *flagging* application division.

answer: (a) flagging

A7 So a series of acquisitions has led to a(n) *oligopoly* in which SAP and Oracle share market leadership in the world of business application software.

answer: (d) oligopoly

A8 At the same time, Microsoft has been <u>making</u> slow but steady strides in building its own competitive offerings in this space.

answer: (b) making

A9 Microsoft has been on a buying <u>spree</u> since its purchase of Great Plains several years ago, acquiring Solomon and several other niche companies to stitch together the Microsoft Business Solutions Business Group.

answer: (d) spree

*A10* The competition between Microsoft and Oracle isn't only about business software; both companies are <u>striving</u> to be platform companies.

answer: (d) striving

- A1 Tax authorities throughout the world want organizations to maintain records, regardless of form or media, that are true and accurate, legible, accessible, and <u>retained</u> for as long as they are needed for tax purposes. answer: (c) retained
- A2 However, electronic records <u>pose</u> certain risks not generally encountered with manual, paper-based recordkeeping.

answer: (b) pose

A3 In Draft Taxation Ruling 97/D4, the Australian Tax Office notes that electronic tax records (i.e., those required to compute a corporation's tax liability and to <u>justify</u> that liability to the government during tax audits) are subject to destruction, tampering and obsolescence.

answer: (c) justify

A4 Unauthorized tampering may <u>compromise</u> their integrity as true and accurate records.

answer: (a) compromise

A5 DTR 97/D4 sets forth *provisions* prescribing the characteristics of electronic recordkeeping systems required to make computerized accounting systems sufficient for tax purposes.

answer: (d) provisions

A6 Records processed and kept electronically must be in a form which ATO staff can access and understand in order to <u>ascertain</u> a company's tax liability.

answer: (a) ascertain

A7 Businesses operating computerized accounting systems must have <u>in place</u> adequate controls to safeguard the security and integrity of the records processed and retained in such systems.

answer: (b) in place

A8 The level of controls must be sufficient to <u>demonstrate</u> that the records retained in the computer system are secure and accurate.

answer: (a) demonstrate

A9 The ruling provides that any tax records using this technology must be stored for the <u>statutory</u> period of five years.

answer: (d) statutory

A10 In the new tax ruling, the ATO's <u>position</u> is that the general principles governing records processed and kept in an EDI (electronic data interchange) environment are the same as those for a normal computerized accounting system.

answer: (c) position

- A1 Accounting information systems are a vital part of an organization's day-to-day operations. answer: (d) vital A2 Prices can vary from customized multimillion dollar systems to prepackaged software that costs less than \$100. answer: (c) prepackaged A3 Customization allows for a good fit to the business's needs, smooth *interfacing* with other internal systems, and the ability to implement special security measures. answer: (c) interfacing A4 Advantages of non-custom software include low cost, immediate availability, quality, documentation on data flow, good compatibility with external systems, and support from the vendor. answer: (c) support A5 Disadvantages include lack of features, paying for unwanted features, and risk of vendor availability. answer: (d) unwanted A6 Good accounting systems allow users to run informal reports such as aged accounts receivable or to keep track of inventory. answer: (a) aged A7 Accounting systems have to track transactions in three business processes: order entry/sales, billing/accounts receivable/cash receipts, and purchasing/accounts payable/cash. answer: (c) transactions The order entry/sales process *captures* sales data and records the information. A8 answer: (a) captures A9 This process starts with a customer order, which initiates a credit check. answer: (b) check
- A10 After the customer is approved, the sales order department must let the warehouse know what goods to pick, and the shipping department needs to know that an order has been <u>placed</u>. answer: (c) placed

- A1 Global Protocol's seminars and training will give you the techniques for *projecting* confidence through the way you present yourself and for controlling a variety of difficult business situations with ease.
   answer: (d) projecting
- A2 Our techniques have a proven <u>track</u> record and will teach you how to inspire, lead, and succeed. answer: (d) track
- A3 The Global Protocol team delivers personal <u>enhancement</u> techniques that leverage years of experience. answer: (d) enhancement
- A4 This expertise ensures that each of our clients <u>embarks</u> from our program with a powerful set of skills to navigate today's diverse workplace and thrive in our global economy.

answer: (b) embarks

A5 Through our individual and group training, hundreds of companies and thousands of individuals have <u>reaped</u> the benefits gained from knowing appropriate business behavior and protocol and having a confident, powerful presence.

answer: (c) reaped

A6 Knowing and utilizing the proper code of conduct with the right professional <u>demeanor</u> will prepare anyone for any situation.

answer: (b) demeanor

A7 Our mission at Global Protocol, Inc. is to provide both the foundation and the framework for success by building each participant's confidence and self-<u>esteem</u>, thereby improving morale and productivity and encouraging teamwork and integrity.

answer: (c) esteem

A8 By teaching behavior modification, personal presentation, and business protocol, Global Protocol has established itself as the <u>premier</u> resource for personal performance improvement and leadership development.

answer: (b) premier

A9 Our Topic Specialists, because they are experts in their field, add another <u>dimension</u> that helps our programs meet the needs of the marketplace, keeping them up to date and timely with the latest information on each given topic.

answer: (a) dimension

*A10* Tip: when faced with uncertainty, make the decision that is in the best <u>interest</u> of the other individual and demonstrates good form.

answer: (d) interest

- A1 Timothy F. Geithner, CEO of the New York Reserve Bank, remarks (March 2006) that we are in the midst of another <u>wave</u> of global economic and financial integration.
   answer: (d) wave
- A2 Stronger real and financial <u>linkages</u> across nations have the potential to significantly raise the prospects for long-run world growth.

answer: (d) linkages

A3 The <u>ensuing</u> development of the market sector in emerging market and developing economies offers probably the most powerful means available for raising income growth and living standards in a very large share of the world's population.

answer: (a) ensuing

A4 These changes, and the <u>complementary</u> advances in technology, offer the prospect of more productive and stable real economies.

answer: (a) complementary

- A5 The increase in the ties between national financial systems and the increase in capital flows across borders, allow risks to be shared more broadly and capital to flow to where the returns are <u>highest</u>.
  answer: (a) highest
- A6 This process of integration has, of course, a range of *implications* for policymakers. answer: (a) implications
- A7 The benefits of integration over time are powerful and <u>compelling</u> for all economies.
   answer: (c) compelling
- A8 Economic integration may make the principal job of central banks easier, by contributing to productivity growth and reducing inflation pressure, at least during the transition when a large share of the working age population of the world is being <u>brought</u> into the market.

answer: (a) brought

- A9 Our understanding of how these changes affect our capacity to forecast economic activity and inflation and our ability to assess how monetary policy affects the economy almost certainly <u>lags</u> the changes underway.
   answer: (d) lags
- A10 As the world progresses toward increasingly integrated financial and goods markets, other things being <u>equal</u>, one might expect to see an increase in the number of countries with surpluses or deficits, as flows of both financial assets and goods work to equalize desired saving and investment around the world. answer: (a) equal

A1 Timothy F. Geithner, CEO of the New York Reserve Bank (March 2006) focuses on two features of what is happening in the world economy and financial markets today, which are among the most interesting and consequential questions we <u>face</u> today.

answer: (b) face

A2 These are, first, the <u>behavior</u> of forward interest rates in financial markets, and, second, the pattern of external imbalances.

answer: (b) behavior

A3 These features are interesting, in part, because they seem somewhat <u>anomalous</u>, or inconsistent with what the past has led us to expect.

answer: (b) anomalous

- A4 Understanding the forces behind these phenomena is important to thinking <u>through</u> what they mean for policy. answer: (d) through
- A5 The source of the relatively low level of nominal rates is still a matter of <u>considerable</u> debate. answer: (c) considerable
- A6 The other surprising feature of the current economic environment is the pattern of global imbalances, and the size and *persistence* of the U.S. current account deficit.

answer: (c) persistence

A7 As Alan Greenspan has explained, the greater dispersion in external imbalances can be seen as the <u>inevitable</u> result of fundamentally healthy changes in the world economy.

answer: (a) inevitable

A8 If one were confident that observed imbalances reflected an efficient allocation of the world's saving to its most productive uses, then we might also expect these imbalances to <u>resolve</u> themselves through smooth and gradual adjustments in relative prices and flows of goods and services.

answer: (d) resolve

A9 We do not yet live in a world of perfect capital <u>mobility</u>, one in which savings move across borders to their most productive use without constraint in the form of capital controls or without distortions affecting the behavior of private actors.

answer: (a) mobility

A10 <u>Recognizing</u> this is important to understanding both why the U.S. imbalance has grown as large as it has and, perhaps more importantly, why it has been financed with such apparent ease despite obvious concerns about its sustainability.

answer: (a) Recognizing

- A1 Dr. Sharon Garrison explains that the term 'dividend' usually refers to a cash <u>distribution</u> of earnings; if it comes from other sources, it is called 'liquidating dividend'.
   answer: (d) distribution
- A2 The dividend may be a signal to the public of the management's anticipations for future policy of the firm and *prospects.*

answer: (d) prospects

A3 Companies that have a <u>long-standing</u> history of stable dividend payouts would be negatively affected by lowering or omitting dividend distributions.

answer: (d) long-standing

A4 According to the <u>proponents</u> of the no-dividend policy, a company's alternatives to paying out excess cash as dividends are the following: undertaking more projects, repurchasing the company's own shares, acquiring profitable assets, and reinvesting in financial assets.

answer: (c) proponents

A5 Once the company decides on whether to pay dividends, they may establish a(n) <u>somewhat</u> permanent dividend policy, which may in turn impact on investors and perceptions of the company in the financial markets.

answer: (d) somewhat

A6 Dividends are payments made to stockholders from a firm's earnings, whether those earnings were <u>generated</u> in the current period or in previous periods.

answer: (b) generated

A7 Dividends may affect capital <u>structure</u>, because financing with earnings is cheaper than issuing new common equity.

answer: (d) structure

A8 The Dividend Irrelevance Theory purports that a firm's dividend policy has no effect on either its worth or its cost of capital: investors <u>value</u> dividends and capital gains equally.

answer: (d) value

A9 The hypothesis for dividend policy irrelevance is based on the assumptions of 1) perfect capital markets; 2) <u>rational</u> behavior on the part of participants in the market; 3) certainty about the investment policy of the firm; and 4) managers that act as perfect agents.

answer: (a) rational

A10 For dividend policy to <u>matter</u>, one or more of these assumptions cannot hold. answer: (c) matter

- A1 Torts are civil wrongs recognized by law as <u>grounds</u> for a lawsuit. answer: (d) grounds
- A2 These wrongs result in harm constituting the basis for a claim by the <u>injured</u> party. answer: (d) injured
- A3 While some torts are also crimes punishable with imprisonment, the primary aim of tort law is to provide <u>relief</u> for the damages incurred and deter others from committing the same harms.

answer: (a) relief

A4 The plaintiff may sue for <u>an injunction</u> to prevent the continuation of the tortious conduct or for monetary damages.

answer: (a) an injunction

A5 There are numerous specific torts, including trespass, assault, battery, products liability, and intentional *infliction* of emotional distress.

answer: (b) infliction

A6 Torts fall into three general categories: intentional torts (e.g., intentionally hitting a person); <u>negligent</u> torts (e.g. causing an accident by failing to obey traffic rules); and strict liability torts (e.g. liability for making and selling defective products).

answer: (b) negligent

A7 Damages, in a legal sense, is the sum of money the law imposes for a <u>breach</u> of some duty or violation of some right.

answer: (a) breach

A8 <u>Compensatory</u> damages, as the name suggests, are intended to redress the loss or injury.

answer: (a) Compensatory

A9 <u>Punitive</u> damages are awarded to punish a wrongdoer.

answer: (d) Punitive

A10 There are other modifying terms placed in front of the word 'damages', like 'liquidated damages' (contractually established damages) and '<u>nominal</u> damages' (where the court awards an amount such as one dollar). answer: (c) nominal

A1 Products liability refers to the liability of any or all parties along the <u>chain</u> of manufacture of any product for damage caused by that product.

answer: (a) chain

A2 This includes the manufacturer of <u>component</u> parts, the assembling manufacturer, the wholesaler, and the retail store owner.

answer: (c) component

- A3 Products containing <u>inherent</u> defects that cause harm to a consumer of the product, or someone to whom the product was loaned, given, etc., are the subjects of products liability suits.
   answer: (b) inherent
- A4 While products are generally thought of as tangible personal property, products liability has <u>stretched</u> that definition to include intangibles (gas), naturals (pets), real estate (house), and writings (navigational charts). answer: (c) stretched
- A5 Many states have <u>enacted</u> comprehensive products liability statutes. answer: (b) enacted
- A6 While the product might <u>serve</u> its purpose well, it can be unreasonably dangerous to use due to a design defect.

answer: (a) serve

A7 On the other hand, manufacturing defects occur during the construction or production of the item; only a few out of many products of the same type are <u>flawed</u> in this case.
 A7 On the other hand, manufacturing defects occur during the construction or production of the item; only a few out of many products of the same type are <u>flawed</u> in this case.

answer: (c) flawed

A8 Defects in marketing deal with improper instructions and failures to warn consumers of <u>latent</u> dangers in the product.

answer: (a) latent

- A9 Translated to products liability terms, a defendant is <u>liable</u> when it is shown that the product is defective. answer: (d) liable
- A10 When a person fails to exercise the care that a reasonable, <u>prudent</u> person would exercise under the same circumstances, that person is open to prosecution.

answer: (c) prudent

- A1 Mark Hennricks in Entrepreneur magazine (December 1999) warns that you should not count on friendly competition; if you do, your rivals might just steal your customers from under your <u>nose</u>. answer: (c) nose
- A2 Potential competitors for Sparks.com, an online retailer of real greeting cards, run the *gamut*, from the corner gift shop to Amazon.com.

answer: (b) gamut

A3 That awareness was <u>brought</u> home during a recent meeting with executives of another company, supposedly to explore setting up a strategic alliance with Lindau's 70-person firm.

answer: (a) brought

A4 "One of them laid down a briefcase and out popped one of our business plans from a year ago, which they had clearly obtained through <u>channels</u> we had not intended," recalls Lindau.

answer: (b) channels

- A5 "Someone to whom we had given a <u>confidential</u> copy of our business plan had shared it with our competition."
   answer: (b) confidential
- A6 Query vendors, customers, consultants and others who <u>do</u> business with companies in and around your field to find out if and when new competitors are likely to emerge.

answer: (a) do

- A7 Lindau says venture capitalists represent a fruitful source for competitive information for her because due <u>diligence</u> requires investors to research related businesses before backing a company.
   answer: (c) diligence
- A8 Companies that occupy spots on your value chain often understand your business and customers well enough to become *potent* rivals.

answer: (d) potent

A9 Carefully <u>scrutinize</u> firms that have mastered technology similar to yours, even if they appear to operate in distant sectors.

answer: (d) scrutinize

A10 No one wins every sale, but if you start to lose sales to companies you've never heard of, you may be <u>witnessing</u> the birth of new and unexpected competitors, and your early warning system may be faulty. answer: (d) witnessing

- A1 Globalization is illustrated in aviation by commercial, marketing and technical alliances amongst airlines, in some cases involving ownership and control issues beyond national boundaries, while transnationalization means airlines going '<u>offshore</u>', that is locating parts of their operations outside their national base. answer: (a) offshore
- A2 One factor affecting civil aviation is the emergence of regional and sub-regional blocs, which provide <u>vehicles</u> for sharing of some of the safety responsibility in a common localized geographic approach. answer: (c) vehicles
- A3 Another factor is the <u>blurring</u> of sectoral boundaries: developments in economic activity have led to a lessened distinction between the boundaries of responsibilities of regulatory authorities at national, regional and global levels alike.

answer: (b) blurring

A4 This can lead to <u>evasion</u> of labour, competition and, most importantly, safety regulation, in the absence of adequate safeguards, particularly when the international dimension is added.

answer: (a) evasion

A5 One very significant trend in recent years is the commercialization of service providers, including the handing over of airport and other air navigation facilities and services by governments to <u>autonomous</u> authorities or even to the private sector.

answer: (d) autonomous

A6 The commercialization of such provision therefore necessitates both <u>prescribed</u> delegation of operational functions of governments and changed regulatory functions of governments.

answer: (a) prescribed

A7 Civil aviation is unique in that it remains regulated at the international level largely by <u>bilateral</u> agreements between governments, but several regional and subregional air services agreements are already in place and others are under consideration.

answer: (a) bilateral

A8 Economic liberalization is being <u>fostered</u> transnationally by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development as well as globally by the World Trade Organization which is responsible for the General Agreement on Trade in Services.

answer: (b) fostered

A9 A factor which is having an increasing impact on civil aviation, and one which is likely to grow in importance in the future is environmental *consciousness*.

answer: (c) consciousness

A10 There is increasing recognition of and response to environmental concerns, and a perception that the aviation sector may be contributing <u>unduly</u> to both existing and emerging problems.
 answer: (c) unduly

- A1 A leader has the ability to influence others through qualities such as personal <u>charisma</u>, expertise, command of language, and the creation of mutual respect all of which require strong interpersonal skills.
   answer: (b) charisma
- A2 Interpersonal skills include the ability to <u>read</u> and manage the emotions, motivations, and behaviors of oneself and others during social interactions or in a social-interactive context.

answer: (b) read

A3 Those who have interpersonal skills are able to manage their behavior during social interactions and align their goals to the goals of others during <u>collaborative</u> activities.

answer: (b) collaborative

A4 They are able to empathize and are sensitive to the needs of others and to the forces that <u>shape</u> the way that others feel and behave.

answer: (d) shape

A5 They manage conflict effectively by devising win-win solutions, constructively influencing the behavior of others, and using effective communication and <u>persuasive</u> strategies.

answer: (d) persuasive

A6 Many have wondered how it happens that persons with high IQs don't always <u>land</u> the top jobs: the answer often lies in interpersonal skills.

answer: (a) land

A7 Modern teamwork often brings together individuals from diverse groups who may not share common norms, values, or <u>vocabularies</u> but who do offer unique expertise, insights, and perspectives.

answer: (d) vocabularies

A8 E-mail, voice mail, audioconferencing and videoconferencing, and the myriad other technologies that enable individuals to communicate with each other not only increase the ways in which individuals can interact but also require a heightened sensitivity to the <u>nuances</u> of interpersonal interactions.

answer: (c) nuances

A9 This idea is particularly true in the worlds of virtual learning and virtual communication, where one cannot yet use hand gestures, facial expressions, or body <u>language</u> to fully express ideas.

answer: (a) language

A10 The challenge is to <u>perfect</u> interpersonal skills not only in face-to-face interactions but in virtual interactions as well.

answer: (a) perfect

A1 This paper by Derek Miers received critical acclaim when it was published in 1996, and the issues highlighted are just as relevant today. answer: (a) acclaim A2 Over recent years information technology has experienced an unprecedented degree of change, enabling the transformation of the basic mechanisms of business. answer: (d) mechanisms A3 Within the next years we will see the emergence of secure, cost-effective electronic payment systems to augment these technologies. answer: (c) augment A4 Those waiting for clear signs of this new age before acting will forever be destined to observe from the sidelines. answer: (d) sidelines A5 The fundamental opportunity offered by the Internet is for suppliers to gain direct access to consumers without the attendant costs associated with the maintenance of physical distribution channels-- people, bricks and mortar. answer: (c) mortar A6 Markets and marketing concepts will change radically, driven by those companies who successfully rise to the challenge. answer: (b) rise to A7 11th-century Europe saw the emergence of credit-based banking systems and financial instruments such as bills of exchange, and these concepts remain with us, in their modified form, to this day. answer: (c) to this day A8 These basic concepts underpin all modern forms of commerce. answer: (c) underpin A9 The rise of the Internet since the advent of the World Wide Web has provided an easy-to-use communication channel for businesses to contact current and potential customers.

answer: (a) advent

*A10* The emergence of the Internet as a general communication channel has also given <u>rise</u> to the possibility of widespread electronic commerce.

answer: (b) rise

- A1 Fast technological developments, growing globalisation of markets and higher customer requirements have resulted in <u>cutthroat</u> competition in many consumer and industrial markets.
   answer: (b) cutthroat
- A2 Emergent global markets are populated by <u>stateless</u> companies that try to position themselves as local firms by emphasizing local content.

answer: (d) stateless

A3 In this continuously changing world, the importance of price is being reduced and quality becomes a significant means of <u>realizing</u> sustainable competitive advantage.

answer: (d) realizing

A4 Leenders and Blenkhorn (1988) introduced the term 'reverse marketing' for an aggressive kind of purchasing that they had *encountered* in the U.S. and Japan.

answer: (d) encountered

A5 Reverse marketing describes how Purchasing actively identifies potential suppliers and offers <u>suitable</u> partners a proposal for long term collaboration.

answer: (d) suitable

A6 Successful reverse marketing requires a *concerted* effort.

answer: (b) concerted

A7 The upgraded demands and reduced supplier roster lead to the substition of traditional <u>arm's-length</u> relationships by close and long term partnerships, characterized by mutual trust and interdependence and mutual benefits.

answer: (a) arm's-length

A8 The current development of the purchasing function shows <u>remarkable</u> similarities to the development of the marketing concept.

answer: (d) remarkable

- A9 This conceptual *parallel* between purchasing and marketing can also be found within individual firms. answer: (c) parallel
- A10 Purchasing and marketing are basically comparable activities directed at facilitating exchange transactions and relationships with external parties; accordingly, the purchaser's and marketer's tools and methods are more similar than might be expected at first *glance*.

answer: (c) glance

A1 Alan Greenspan (June 2003) states that in recent months, in response to very <u>tight</u> supplies, prices of natural gas have increased sharply.

answer: (d) tight

A2 Working gas in storage is currently at very low levels relative to its seasonal norm because of a colder than average winter and <u>a seeming</u> inability of increased gas well drilling to significantly augment net marketed production.

answer: (d) a seeming

A3 Canada, our major source of imported natural gas, has had <u>little room</u> to expand shipments to the United States, and our limited capacity to import liquefied natural gas (LNG) effectively restricts our access to the world's abundant supplies of gas.

answer: (b) little room

A4 Our inability to increase imports to <u>close</u> a modest gap between North American demand and production is largely responsible for the marked rise in natural gas prices over the past year.

answer: (a) close

- A5 Competitive crude oil prices, after wide <u>gyrations</u> related to the war in Iraq, are now only slightly elevated from a year ago, and where spot markets for natural gas exist, prices exhibit little change from a year ago. answer: (a) gyrations
- A6 Today's natural gas markets have been a long time in coming, and futures prices suggest that we are not <u>apt</u> to return to earlier periods of relative abundance and low prices any time soon.

answer: (b) apt

A7 It was little more than a half-century ago that drillers seeking valuable crude oil <u>bemoaned</u> the discovery of natural gas.

answer: (a) bemoaned

- A8 Given the lack of adequate transportation, wells had to be <u>*capped*</u> or the gas flared. answer: (a) capped
- A9 Natural gas consumption by 1970 had risen to three-fourths of that of oil, but its consumption lagged in the following decade because of competitive <u>incursions</u> from coal and nuclear power.
   answer: (c) incursions
- A10 Increased marginal supplies from abroad, while likely to notably <u>damp</u> the levels and volatility of American natural gas prices, would expose us to possibly insecure sources of foreign supply, as it has for oil.
   answer: (a) damp

- A1 Monetary policy is concerned with how much money <u>circulates</u> in the economy, and what that money is worth. answer: (a) circulates
- A2 The <u>cornerstone</u> of the Bank of Canada's monetary policy framework is its inflation-control system, the goal of which is to keep inflation near 2 per cent.

answer: (b) cornerstone

- A3 Inflation is a *persistent* rise over time in the average price of goods and services. answer: (b) persistent
- A4 This system provides a clear <u>measure</u> of the effectiveness of monetary policy, and increases the predictability of inflation.

answer: (c) measure

A5 When the level of demand for Canadian goods and services is <u>strong</u>, it can push the economy against the limits of its capacity to produce.

answer: (d) strong

- A6 This tends to raise inflation above the midpoint, so the Bank will raise interest rates to <u>cool</u> off the economy. answer: (b) cool
- A7 When demand is weak, inflationary pressures are likely to <u>ease</u>.
   answer: (a) ease
- A8 The Bank will then lower interest rates to stimulate the economy and absorb economic <u>slack</u>. answer: (a) slack
- A9 The Bank carries out monetary policy by influencing short-term interest rates, and it does this by raising and lowering the target for the overnight rate, the interest rate at which major financial institutions borrow and lend one-day funds among *themselves*.

answer: (d) themselves

A10 The goal of Canadian monetary policy is to contribute to rising living <u>standards</u> for all Canadians through low and stable inflation.

answer: (d) standards

A1 John Taylor's publication, 'Social Indicators for Aboriginal Governance', <u>addresses</u> the issue of how and whether current social and economic conditions in remote regions can be quantified to establish a baseline against which the impacts of policies might be measured.

answer: (a) addresses

A2 Two recent policy <u>initiatives</u> (one from the Council of Australian Governments, and one from the Northern Territory Government) raise the need for such a question.

answer: (d) initiatives

A3 Writing in 1971 on the <u>cusp</u> of change from the assimilationist years of welfare administration to the era of Indigenous self-management, Charles Rowley described the myriad mission and government settlements across remote Australia as instrumental in frustrating urbanisation.

answer: (d) cusp

A4 With the benefit of more than 30 years' hindsight, during which time Indigenous people have been free from the institutional and legislative <u>shackles</u> that governed their place of residence, Rowley's proposition is only partially upheld.

answer: (d) shackles

A5 The more striking and profound observation concerning Indigenous population distribution concerns the growth in size of remote Aboriginal towns <u>alongside</u> the increased dispersion of Aboriginal population to outstations on Aboriginal lands.

answer: (b) alongside

A6 Some contemporary opinion would <u>lament</u> this continuity of Indigenous rural settlement, seeking the means to socially engineer migration to urban areas.

answer: (a) lament

A7 It is interesting to compare such views with the current activities of Federal, State, and Territory governments, which appear increasingly prepared to respond to the reality of a growing Indigenous population in remote areas by seeking ways to enhance life chances and life quality in <u>situ</u>.

answer: (a) situ

A8 Such efforts are in line <u>with</u> a growing search for more efficient regionalism in Indigenous community governance.

answer: (d) with

A9 This study takes its *cue* from these policy directions.

answer: (b) cue

A10 Taylor closes with a note on cultural <u>relevance</u>, questioning whether the information obtained from an instrument such as census data, principally designed to establish the characteristics of mainstream Australian life, is in fact valid in this region.

answer: (b) relevance

- A1 In August of 1993, the authorities arrested Donald Marshall on three <u>charges</u> under the Fisheries Act: the selling of eels without a license, fishing without a license and fishing during the closed season with illegal nets. answer: (b) charges
- A2 The issue at trial, his defense, was the affirmation of a treaty right to catch and sell fish as found in the treaties of 1760-61 that he believed exempted him from <u>compliance</u> with the fishery regulations.

answer: (a) compliance

- A3 The trial judge <u>found</u> him guilty. answer: (b) found
- A4 However, in September, 1999, the Supreme Court of Canada allowed his <u>appeal</u> and acquitted him on all charges.

answer: (a) appeal

A5 The court decided that Donald Marshall had a treaty right to <u>secure</u> a 'moderate livelihood' by hunting, fishing and gathering natural resources.

answer: (c) secure

A6 By affirming the treaty right of First Nation peoples to make a moderate livelihood from fishing, hunting and gathering, the people of Burnt Church attempted to <u>exercise</u> their legally-affirmed treaty right by fishing for lobster in September and October, 1999.

answer: (b) exercise

A7 This initiative was <u>met</u> with an unprovoked attack by non-native fishermen who cut lobster trap lines and destroyed \$210,000 (Canadian) worth of traps belonging to the people of Burnt Church.

answer: (b) met

A8 The Canadian government authorities, the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP), were <u>dormant</u>, no action was taken to prevent or stop the destruction of property or escalating levels of violence.

answer: (b) dormant

A9 An atmosphere of fear and anger emerged as violent threats, *gun-toting*, and assaults increased between native and nonnative people.

answer: (b) gun-toting

A10 One Mi'kmaq man was seriously injured during an altercation.

answer: (b) altercation

- A1 In November, after the destruction of the lobster traps, a clarification of the Marshall decision (see First Nations Rights Part 1) was drafted by the judges who <u>dissented</u> in the original decision.
   answer: (b) dissented
- A2 The Marshall judgment referred to the Court's principal <u>pronouncements</u> on the various grounds on which the exercise of treaty rights may be regulated.

answer: (c) pronouncements

A3 The paramount regulatory objective is conservation, and responsibility for it is placed <u>squarely</u> on the minister responsible and not on the aboriginal or non-aboriginal users of the resource.

answer: (d) squarely

A4 However, it also was stated that the Minister has an obligation to consult aboriginal people about limitations on treaty and aboriginal rights, and that any regulation should not <u>infringe</u> upon the right to earn a moderate livelihood.

answer: (b) infringe

A5 Following this clarification, the Department of Fisheries and Oceans limited the number of Burnt Church lobster traps to 600 and began to *confiscate* traps.

answer: (a) confiscate

- A6 Sound justification for these limits was not provided to any of the <u>concerned</u> parties; the issue of conservation was simply stated as a justification but never demonstrated by the DFO. answer: (a) concerned
- A7 The Atlantic Policy Congress of First Nations Chiefs found the <u>template</u> of an offered agreement unsatisfactory in that it would have negative impacts on future treaty right rulings.

answer: (d) template

A8 The congress advised bands not to sign the agreement; nevertheless, the DFO managed to have 29 of 34 bands sign full or <u>interim</u> agreements.

answer: (c) interim

- A9 To encourage signing, the DFO offered access to commercial and food fisheries, substantial <u>monies</u>, boats, gear, training, and fishery-related economic development initiatives.
   answer: (b) monies
- A10 Because the agreements are for communal licenses, it is believed by some that economic benefits will <u>accrue</u> to only a few people in the First Nations community.
   answer: (b) accrue

- A1 According to the Government Communication Network (GCN), a plan for internal communications should be <u>integrated</u> into every communication strategy.
   answer: (b) integrated
- A2 Winning the support of internal <u>stakeholders</u> can be as important as reaching key external audiences, and will be vital to the success of your communication programme.

answer: (c) stakeholders

A3 Internal communications need exactly the same kind of analysis and strategy as external communications: there will be distinct audience groups who should be <u>segmented</u>, and the same processes of information collection and insight generation apply to internal as to external groups.

answer: (b) segmented

A4 Far from being the poor <u>relative</u> of external communication, internal communication performs a crucial role within government.

answer: (c) relative

A5 By <u>engaging</u> staff with the departmental vision and values so that they can apply them in their day-to-day work, it creates a culture that does two things: it improves policy delivery and it increases the chance of meeting departmental objectives.

answer: (b) engaging

A6 Organisations that have a strong communications function frequently <u>outperform</u> those that don't; private sector companies that communicate effectively have a 19.4 per cent higher market premium than companies that do not.

answer: (a) outperform

A7 As with external communications, it is not enough to have a tactical approach; every department should have an internal communications strategy that is developed, implemented and monitored according to industry <u>best</u> practice and the needs of staff.

answer: (a) best

*A8* Printed or online surveys might be your first port of <u>*call*</u> when it comes to understanding communication needs within your department.

answer: (b) call

A9 Before selecting a research method, produce a <u>brief</u> that sets out clear objectives and explains what you are trying to achieve.

answer: (a) brief

A10 You might also need to set up a different dialogue with each team within your department to take on <u>board</u> cultural differences.

answer: (a) board

- A1 The first discussion by the Executive Board of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), in July 1998, called for preserving and enhancing the IMF's credibility, including by providing more information to the public, extending the <u>reach</u> of IMF communications, and engaging critics more effectively. answer: (d) reach
- A2 A second Board discussion, in February 2000, considered plans to strengthen IMF external communications, including recommendations that they develop a strategy comprising a clearer message, <u>sharper</u> focus and improved coordination of the IMF's public output, and more proactive external communications. answer: (d) sharper
- A3 The IMF's external communications strategy has also been shaped by Board decisions to expand <u>transparency</u> by publishing staff country reports (when the country concerned agrees) and many other Board documents, and Public Information Notices, shortly after Board discussions.
  answer: (d) transparency
- A4 The Executive Directors took <u>stock</u> of the progress achieved in recent years in increasing the IMF's openness and enhancing its responsiveness to outside views, including concerns and criticism.
   answer: (d) stock
- A5 Directors felt that the current relatively high media <u>visibility</u> of the IMF offers a valuable opportunity to enhance the implementation of its external communications strategy.
   answer: (c) visibility
- A6 They observed that, although the work of the IMF based on its <u>mandate</u> to safeguard the macroeconomic and monetary foundations of economic growth is vital to economic welfare and rising living standards worldwide, much of its work tends to attract controversy.

answer: (d) mandate

- A7 This is not <u>least</u> because a prominent part of the IMF's job is to advise countries on how best to face economic reality in difficult circumstances, including when they need the IMF's financial support.
   answer: (b) least
- A8 In this context, Directors considered that improving understanding of the IMF's work and respect for its competence, and enhancing the credibility of its policies, are key objectives of its communications and <u>more so</u> than increasing its popularity.

answer: (c) more so

- A continuing, concentrated effort to improve understanding of the institution will, over time, be valuable in increasing support for its work in member countries even if progress may seem <u>incremental</u> and modest.
   answer: (d) incremental
- A10 In a similar <u>vein</u>, Directors called for continued efforts to enhance the communication skills of all IMF staff, which will be important not only for improved interactions with the public, but also for enhancing the learning culture of the institution more broadly.

answer: (d) vein

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 161 (Answer Keys) The US International Trade Administration

- A1 The <u>defining</u> purpose of the International Trade Administration (ITA) is helping to create economic opportunity for American workers and businesses.
   answer: (a) defining
- A2 By promoting trade and investment we are promoting prosperity and a better world; to increase trade and investment, the ITA helps U.S. companies <u>navigate</u> foreign markets.

answer: (d) navigate

- We help educate companies about how to tailor their activities to the specific market with respect to their product <u>slate</u>, financing, marketing, assembly and logistics.
   answer: (b) slate
- A4 While the United States exports more than any other country, making that first export can still be a <u>daunting</u> challenge for a small- or medium-sized business.

answer: (c) daunting

A5 The U.S. Commercial Service is the trade promotion arm of the U.S. Department of Commerce's ITA; its Webbased services are provided through the U.S. government's export <u>portal</u>, www.export.gov.

answer: (a) portal

A6 The ITA <u>advances</u> policies and strategies that stimulate innovation and investment, enhance economic growth, and support U.S. manufacturing and services industries.

answer: (a) advances

A7 Unfair foreign pricing and government subsidies distort the free flow of goods and <u>adversely</u> affect American business in the global marketplace.

answer: (a) adversely

- A8 According to a University of Michigan study, the average U.S. family of four still <u>stands</u> to gain an estimated \$7,800 per year if there were total elimination of global barriers to trade in goods and services.
   answer: (d) stands
- A9 The World Bank has reported that the elimination of global trade barriers could <u>lift</u> 300-500 million of the world's poor out of poverty over the next 15 years.

answer: (d) lift

A10 Market Access and Compliance (MAC) country desk officers are experts on the commercial, economic, and political <u>climates</u> in their assigned countries.

answer: (a) climates

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 162 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords from Mumbai to Virginia

- A1 In Mumbai, the bullish phase in the stock markets has attracted a whole new breed of investors, including students and housewives; the latest to join the party on <u>Dalal</u> Street are BPO employees.
   answer: (a) Dalal
- A2 An entrepreneur for over 35 years mentioned to me that it's a common misconception that it takes <u>a ton</u> of money to create a business; in his experience, many of the successful businesses out there have been started by people with little or no money at all.

answer: (c) a ton

- A3 <u>Fair</u> Funds for Investors was put into place to benefit those investors who have lost money because of the illegal or unethical activities of individuals or companies that violate securities regulations.
   answer: (a) Fair
- A4 The cost of executive pension plans is rarely laid out for shareholders, but is usually so deep in a company's regulatory filings that it is difficult to find, let alone calculate; Critics call it 'stealth wealth' or '<u>camouflage</u> compensation'. answer: (a) camouflage
- A5 Say an entrepreneur selling a business is asking \$2,000,000 based on projected revenue, but the buyer is willing to pay only \$1,000,000 based on historical performance: <u>an earnout</u> provision structures the deal so that the entrepreneur receives more than the buyer's offer only if the business achieves a certain level of gross sales. answer: (b) an earnout
- A6 In the stock market, <u>capitulation</u> is associated with giving up any previous gains in stock price as investors sell equities in an effort to get out of the market and into less risky investments.
  answer: (a) capitulation
- A7 "I tell folks to invest to <u>eat</u> well but not beyond the point that they no longer sleep well," said Richard F. DeMong, Virginia Bankers Professor of Bank Management at the University of Virginia, "That trade-off is different for each individual."
   answer: (a) eat
- *A8* "My wife knows me as a perfidious stock picker; over the years my technique has been to buy a fallen <u>angel</u> at 4, then ride it to 2, panic and bail." Rich Karlgaard, "Do As I Say," Forbes, December 20, 1999.
   answer: (a) angel
- A9 When somebody likes a stock enough to back up the <u>truck</u>, the buyer is very bullish on it.
   answer: (d) truck
- A10 Accounting <u>noise</u> can be seen either as a consequence of necessary rules regarding generally accepted accounting principles or as a result of management's attempts to massage the numbers to present a rosier financial picture of the firm. answer: (b) noise

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 163 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords through the Seasons

- A1 If a nervous <u>nellie</u> ever does decide to invest, he or she is likely to liquidate the investment at any time.
   answer: (a) nellie
- A2 Exchange Traded Funds or <u>iShares</u> aim to duplicate the growth of a stock exchange index, usually an index of ordinary shares, working like Index Tracker Funds except that they are closed ended to a private investor.
   answer: (c) iShares
- A3 Some economists divide the Kondratiev <u>wave</u> into two 'seasons', namely, the Kondratiev Fall and the later part, the Kondratiev Winter.

answer: (c) wave

A4 Otherwise known as Yasuo Hamanaka, Mr <u>Copper</u> was a trader who lost over \$2.5 billion for his employer, Sumitomo Corporation in Japan; Hamanaka's scandalous activities rank first for the greatest unauthorized trading loss in history.

answer: (a) Copper

- A5 A foreign currency trading at 75.25 and a money market security trading at 75.75 both have <u>handles</u> of 75. answer: (b) handles
- A6 <u>Garbatrage</u> is an increase in price and trading volume in a particular sector of the economy that results from a recent takeover creating a change in sentiment towards the sector; proponents of behavioral finance theory would view this psychological impact as evidence supporting their theory.

answer: (b) Garbatrage

A7 <u>Lady Godiva</u> Accounting Principles (LGAP) will supersede generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as companies 'come clean' in post-Enron Wall Street.

answer: (a) Lady Godiva

A8 A <u>daisy chain</u> is a group of unscrupulous investors who, practicing a kind of fictitious trading or wash selling, artificially inflate the price of a security so that they sell it at a profit.

answer: (b) daisy chain

A9 The January <u>Barometer</u> does have a fairly successful track record: from 1950 to 2003, the S&P 500 was up in January 34 times, and in 30 of those 34 instances, the S&P 500 traded higher 11 months later, for a success rate of 88%.

answer: (a) Barometer

A10 To be considered a <u>gazelle</u> company, its revenue must be larger than \$1 million in each of the four prior years, the sum of the last four years' net income must be positive, and its growth in revenue and gross profit should exceed 100% from the first to the last balance sheet in the four-year period.

answer: (a) gazelle

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 164 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords for Better or Worse

- A1 <u>Hammering</u> the market is achieved through large sale orders or many small sell orders; in some cases, investors may even collaborate on orders to attempt to push the share's price even lower.
   answer: (b) Hammering
- A2 A general <u>obligation</u> bond (GOB) is one that is issued on the county's ability to tax; no assets are used as collateral, and the county will provide payment to the bond from taxes collected specifically for this purpose. answer: (a) obligation
- A3 Baby <u>Bills</u> are the hypothetical companies that would have been formed if the Justice Department had broken up Microsoft Corporation.

answer: (b) Bills

- A4 A college has until recently been thought of as an institution that exists to provide instruction; subtly but profoundly, however, we are shifting to a new *paradigm*: a college is an institution that exists to produce learning.
   answer: (a) paradigm
- A5 The telecommunications giant, <u>WorldCom</u>, is perhaps best known for a massive accounting scandal; its executives effectively fudged the company's accounting numbers, inflating the company's assets by around 12 billion dollars, and the swift bankruptcy that followed led to massive losses for investors. answer: (d) WorldCom
- A6 The real estate assets subject to a <u>synthetic</u> lease do not appear on the lessee's balance sheet and no depreciation is charged against earnings for SEC reporting purposes, but its structure allows improvements to be depreciated for tax purposes, thus preserving the tax shelter aspect of owning improved real estate. answer: (b) synthetic
- A7 A former McKinsey & Company consultant named Michael Lanning coined the term in a 1984 white paper, where he said that a business was a "value delivery system" and that system could be articulated in a 'value <u>proposition</u>'. answer: (b) proposition
- A8 <u>*Tailgating*</u> is the purchase of a security by a broker after the broker places an order for the same security for a customer; the broker hopes to profit either because of information which the customer has or because the customer's purchase is of sufficient size to affect security prices.

answer: (d) Tailgating

- A9 If a person wanted to buy one billion U.S. dollars, he or she might say, "I would like to buy a <u>yard</u> of U.S. dollars"; by using this word in place of 'billion', the person ensures that the counter-party will not misunderstand 'billion' for 'million' or 'trillion'. answer: (d) yard
- A10 Machinery in <u>a mothballed</u> facility is kept in working order so that production may be restored quickly if needed. answer: (b) a mothballed

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 165 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords through Thick and Thin

A1 The Hong Kong government might have won this particular battle against the speculators, just as the Malaysians reckon they have done; but with both administrations' credibility hugely damaged as a result, these are <u>Pyrrhic</u> victories that they may come to rue.

answer: (d) Pyrrhic

A2 The cost of mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance and maintenance on <u>an alligator</u> property is greater than the income it brings in, and if this situation is not corrected, it will eat up all of the owner's profit, leaving him or her with negative cash flow.

answer: (b) an alligator

- A3 The <u>Lady Macbeth</u> strategy is one in which a third party poses as a white knight in a takeover bid, and then joins forces with an unfriendly bidder.
   answer: (b) Lady Macbeth
- A4 The seven categories of variables used in the <u>quadrix</u> stock valuation system are momentum, quality, value, financial strength, forecasted earnings, performance, and volume.
   answer: (a) quadrix
- A5 A <u>gunslinger</u> is a high-strung portfolio manager who, looking for high returns, invests in very high-risk stock. answer: (a) gunslinger
- A6 <u>Cyber</u> Monday is often associated with the unfounded belief that it is the busiest (highest sales volume) shopping day of the year for online retailers, because people would continue shopping from the company's computer while at work. answer: (b) Cyber
- A7 A securities firm is practicing the fraudulent act of <u>kiting</u> if it fails to purchase the securities on the open market and maintains a short position, delays delivery or takes part in transactions contrary to SEC regulations regarding the proper settlement of trades.

answer: (d) kiting

A8 The level of net debt per <u>capita</u> is an important factor to consider when analyzing a government's ability to continue to pay its debt service costs through its current levels of tax revenue; this measure helps indicate the default risk of government bonds.

answer: (b) capita

- A9 The <u>upstream</u> oil and natural gas industry's exploration and production activities may have impacts on air, land and water, and to offset these impacts, it invests in programs and technologies that help to reduce its environmental footprint. answer: (d) upstream
- A10 A dawn <u>raid</u> is a sudden and unexpected buying of a significant proportion of a company's shares, usually as a prelude to a takeover bid; the aim is to prevent the target company from having time to organize opposition to the takeover. answer: (c) raid

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 166 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords from New England to Michigan

- A1 The tendency of stocks newly added to the S&P composite index to rise in price due to a large number of buy orders as funds add the stock to their portfolios is called the S&P <u>Phenomenon</u>.
   answer: (c) Phenomenon
- A2 As demand for metals lurched lower and layoffs swelled, the once pulsing industrial belt that stretches from Illinois across to western New England took on the grim, ground-down demeanor of a half-century earlier, acquiring the glumly descriptive epithet of <u>Rust</u> Bowl.

answer: (d) Rust

A3 Once a firm's stock becomes substantially <u>overvalued</u>, managers who wish to eliminate this are faced with disappointing the capital markets.

answer: (d) overvalued

A4 An angel investor's <u>love</u> money is sometimes the only way a business can get off the ground; this type of financing can create growth that would be impossible through traditional financing channels.

answer: (d) love

A5 IT managers often must promise a higher rate of return to justify technology investments than other corporate departments; in some organizations, the <u>hurdle</u> rate for a project to pass the funding threshold may exceed 30% to 50%.

answer: (d) hurdle

- A6 Fannie Mae's 15-year mortgage-backed securities and Bilbo Baggins's friends are called <u>dwarves</u>. answer: (a) dwarves
- A7 The settlement price for a weather futures contract is calculated by summing <u>Heating</u> Degree Day values for a month and multiplying that sum by \$20.

answer: (c) Heating

A8 An <u>air pocket</u> stock is one whose price suddenly plunges; the fall is usually caused by panicked shareholders rushing to sell after hearing unexpected bad news.

answer: (b) air pocket

A9 The <u>Pac Man</u> defense is used in a hostile takeover situation: the target firm turns around and tries to take over the company that has made the hostile bid.

answer: (b) Pac Man

A10 I can imagine why that Ford manager in Michigan recently announced that they would eat their own <u>dog</u> food (only Ford- or subsidiary-built vehicles are allowed to park on the plant premises); it must be discouraging to see the place swarmed every day by Daihatsus, Suzukis and Toyotas.
answer: (b) dog

answer: (b) dog

A1 That formidable fighting force, the English village, flexed its muscles yesterday to <u>gazump</u> a Scientology plan to open a drug rehabilitation centre next to a primary school; residents raised over 175,000 in three days to outbid the proposed centre at a former inn.

answer: (d) gazump

A2 The bigger the <u>melon</u>, the sweeter it tastes to investors! answer: (c) melon

A3 On April 12th, 2002, the Toronto Stock Exchange will introduce the *iceberg* order feature to the trading system: market participants will be able to place orders larger than typically displayed in the TSE market, without paying an informational price for revealing the entire order size.

answer: (b) iceberg

- A4 Similar to other restrictive provisions contained in bond indentures, a net revenue <u>pledge</u> serves to make the bond issue less risky for bondholders: since it forces the government to use revenue from its debt-financed projects to pay debt service costs first, bondholders enjoy a reduced risk of default. answer: (c) pledge
- A5 Four years ago, the Dow Jones Industrial Average hovered in the range of 10,500 points, nearly the same place it is now; its path has traced what stock traders call a '<u>sideways</u> market' always on the move, but not going anywhere.
   answer: (b) sideways
- A6 Usually, <u>most-active</u> stocks experience higher-than-normal trading volume due to significant new information reaching the market and creating a strong impetus amongst investors to buy or sell the stock, resulting in heavier trading volume and often strong momentum in the stock.

answer: (a) most-active

- A7 Most pyramid <u>schemes</u> take advantage of confusion between genuine businesses and complicated but convincing moneymaking scams; the idea behind them is that the individual makes only one payment, but is promised to receive exponential benefits from other people as a reward. answer: (c) schemes
- A8 Using the <u>Macaroni</u> Defense, a company issues a large number of bonds with the condition that they must be redeemed at a high price if the company is taken over.
   answer: (a) Macaroni
- A9 Quadruple <u>witching</u> days occur four times a year, on the third Friday of the quarter-ending month (March, June, September, December), when three different types of derivatives related to stocks expire: options on individual stocks, options on Stock Index Futures, and Stock Index Futures. answer: (d) witching
- A10 <u>Raiders</u> look for companies with undervalued assets and then attempt the hostile takeover by purchasing enough shares to have a controlling interest.

answer: (c) Raiders

- A1 When you're setting up your business, it's essential to think about how you'll ultimately end your involvement with it; a well thought-out <u>exit</u> strategy can help you maximise the value you get from your business, successfully market it to potential buyers, and ensure you end your involvement with little disruption. answer: (b) exit
- A2 Even a dead <u>cat</u> will bounce if dropped from high enough! answer: (a) cat
- A3 During the LTCM crisis there was extensive <u>front-running</u> by dealers who traded on their own accounts in the same direction as LTCM did, but just one or two minutes beforehand.
   answer: (b) front-running
- A4 When the market has a strong and quick upward movement, you'll hear 'the market has a <u>woody</u>'. answer: (d) woody
- A5 Bendigo Mining Ltd is a fully fledged 'falling <u>knife</u>' at this stage; IMHO I would not attempt to punt the situation, as it is conceivable that the valuation could fall back even further towards cash value.

answer: (b) knife

A6 When traders attempt to time the market by identifying the end of a price trend and the beginning of a new one, but, due to greed and fear, tend to <u>overstay</u> their positions, this usually results in reduced gains or worse, further losses.

answer: (c) overstay

A7 In the wild market of the Roaring '20s, one of Wall Street's games was called '<u>painting</u> the tape': savvy investors secretly pooled to buy and sell shares in unison, and by creating an illusion of hectic activity on the ticker tape, they lured in unwitting small investors and pocketed big profits by dumping when prices were artificially high.

answer: (c) painting

A8 Any instrument described by the word '<u>synthetic</u>' is, as the root of the word implies, made from something else or from components; it may consist of a single contract, security, etc., or it may be a collection of instruments whose combined features are comparable to the instrument it replicates.

answer: (d) synthetic

A9 A yellow <u>knight</u> makes a takeover attempt but ends up discussing a merger with the target company; the implication is that the company attempting the takeover has chickened out, deciding to discuss things instead of making an aggressive move.

answer: (c) knight

A10 If a trader goes bankrupt, it is not the result of one bad trade but a long string of them — such a trader is called a lame <u>duck</u> because s/he is ineffective as a trader.
 answer: (c) duck

- A1 Your gut is screaming, "There is no way this company can hit those targets!", but your hope and the Mad <u>Hatter</u> CEO's enthusiasm get the better of you this scenario is repeated many times at under-performing companies; there can be too much over-optimism and not enough effort made at analyzing the facts and confronting reality.
  answer: (b) Hatter
- A2 On the one hand, the idea of <u>carbon</u> trade seems like a win-win situation greenhouse gas emissions are reduced while some countries reap economic benefit on the other hand, critics suspect that some countries will exploit the trading system and the consequences will be negative.
  answer: (b) carbon
- A3 Following the technology boom of the late 1990s and early 2000s, many investors, because of their huge losses, were said to have taken a *bath*.

answer: (a) bath

- A4 Because <u>cutoff</u> points are largely subjective, they will vary widely among investors; if an investor has a lower required rate of return, he or she will likely pay more for the same security than a person with a higher required rate of return. answer: (b) cutoff
- A5 During the extreme price volatility in <u>fast</u> markets, currency pair prices will gap and spreads widen; a price gap occurs when the price of a currency pair either jumps or plummets from its last bid/offer quote to a new quote, without trading at prices between those quotes.

answer: (b) fast

A6 Testing small before you spend lots of money on ads or mailings will keep you from losing your <u>shirt</u> on ineffective marketing efforts.

answer: (a) shirt

- A7 Companies, usually with the help of <u>killer bees</u>, use a number of strategies to repel a hostile takeover bid.
   answer: (b) killer bees
- A8 This club will be funded through dock permits of our residents, which will create an <u>evergreen</u> funding source of some amount in the future that will be perpetual, and we look forward to working with staff to see that this revenue stream is used for the enforcement of the manatee zone.

answer: (c) evergreen

- A9 Temporary <u>buydowns</u> are the most effective way to reduce expense ratios because the payment reduction is concentrated in the early years of the loan: to cover the shortfall between the reduced payments made by the borrower and the regular payment received by the lender, cash is withdrawn from an escrow account. answer: (a) buydowns
- A10 The so-called <u>Baby Bell</u> local phone companies are among the most potent forces in the US telecommunications business today, shielded from the worst effects of the downturn by their control of local phone markets.
  answer: (b) Baby Bell

- A1 Using ocean data collected by diving floats, U.S. climate scientists released a study Thursday that they said provides the ' <u>smoking gun</u>' that ties manmade greenhouse gas emissions to global warming. answer: (c) smoking gun
- A2 There's a name for people who are able to identify the customer-grabbing, revenue-generating power in their particular job and maximize it at every possible opportunity they're called <u>rainmakers</u>. answer: (c) rainmakers
- A3 For all the debate over President Bush's \$87 billion request for military operations and economic reconstruction in Afghanistan and Iraq, no one seems to have noticed that the sum includes a <u>slush</u> fund of \$9.3 billion which Secretary of Defense Rumsfeld can spend pretty much as he pleases.
   answer: (d) slush
- A4 Recent versions of shareholder rights plans have contained what has been called <u>a 'dead hand'</u> provision, which provides that only incumbent directors or their designated successors, so-called 'Continuing Directors', can redeem the rights. answer: (a) a 'dead hand'
- As a general guideline, an order may be cancelled if it is more than 30% <u>away from</u> the market, depending upon where it has been routed to for execution, and you may receive a warning message when attempting to place a trade that fails a price reasonability check.

answer: (a) away from

- A6 When I bought my seat on the exchange, if someone gave me an order, I took it to an order clerk, who called it down to the floor; the clerk wrote out the order ticket, gave it to a <u>two</u> dollar broker who had to be a member of the NYSE, who took it to the specialist's post, bought or sold the stock, and repeated the whole process back.
  answer: (b) two
- A7 If you are <u>unsubscribed</u> to a given public securities issue, you will not be buying any shares through the public offering. answer: (d) unsubscribed
- A8 <u>Sheep</u> follow trends, tips and gurus; they sometimes put on bull horns or a bearskin and try to swagger; you recognize them by their pitiful bleating when the market becomes volatile.
   answer: (d) Sheep
- A9 The failures of well known <u>pure-play</u> retailers like Garden.com, Pets.com and discount retailer Value America have experts talking about the value of multi-channel retailing.
   answer: (d) pure-play
- A10 Recently, the SEC's Enforcement Division has signaled a change in philosophy from a reactive approach (i.e. investigations of individuals or companies were initiated after evidence of a possible violation) to '*wildcatting*' pursuing investigations where it is not clear that a securities violation has occurred.
   answer: (d) wildcatting

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 171 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Israeli scientists

A1 <u>Imclone</u>, the company best known for the insider-trading scandal that sent founder Samuel Waksal and domestic diva Martha Stewart to prison, received more bad news this week when a U.S. judge ruled that the patent for its only product was actually owned by three Israeli scientists.

answer: (b) Imclone

- A2 Today's stock market scandals are different because the main victims today are <u>Main Street</u> investors everyone from parents saving for their children's college education to the firefighter saving for retirement to the elderly who don't have time to rebuild their nest egg. answer: (c) Main Street
- A3 In another move towards making itself a financial center, north China's port city of Tianjin has applied to the State Council to establish an <u>over-the-counter</u> market rather than a third stock exchange for the Chinese mainland.
   answer: (d) over-the-counter
- A4 From 1989, more share-buying opportunities were made available to the British public as a number of financial institutions demutualised; these <u>windfall</u> shares' for members of the societies offered instant cash or the opportunity to continue as a part owner of the newly public entity.
  answer: (d) windfall
- A5 Builders slammed on the brakes in August as housing <u>starts</u> sank to their lowest level in more than three years, and a drop in permits signaled more weakness ahead for the real estate market. answer: (d) starts
- A6 Broker-dealers impliedly represent that they will deal fairly with their customers, and therefore unfair dealing is a breach of this implied representation and a violation of the antifraud provisions; this representation arises from the mere act of hanging up a sign and going into business, and therefore it is known as the '<u>shingle</u> theory'. answer: (b) shingle

answer. (b) sningle

A7 Nasdaq data indicate that 94% of the share volume from 4:00 p.m. to 4:15 p.m. resulted from after-hours transactions rather than <u>runoff</u> from the regular trading session.

answer: (b) runoff

A8 WPP CEO Sir Martin Sorrell has accused Rupert Murdoch of *panic-buying* internet companies because of falling ad revenues; he said it was intriguing to speculate why Mr Murdoch launched a multimillion-dollar internet shopping spree, and accused him of buying web operations willy-nilly.

answer: (b) panic-buying

- A9 A third of first-time home buyers may cut their offer at the last minute, forcing the seller to take less or find a new buyer; "In total, 31% would consider '*gazundering*', reflecting first-time buyers' new-found confidence in a slowing market," says a Yorkshire Bank.
   answer: (d) gazundering
- A10 When Seagate Technology went public, the giant drivemaker took an important stand: unlike most initial public offerings, it declined to offer any <u>friends-and-family</u> shares, the coveted shares issuers and their bankers can quietly offer to whomever they choose. answer: (a) friends-and-family

- *Wall Street* was named after the wooden structure Dutch colonists built in this area in 1653 to defend themselves from the British and Native Americans.
   answer: (d) Wall Street
- A2 In early 2000, <u>Enron</u>, the natural gas pipeline company turned online phenomenon, held a conference for Wall Street analysts and investors, who were particularly receptive when Jeffrey Skilling, its president, suggested that their money-losing broadband network business alone was worth \$29 billion, or an extra \$37 a share. answer: (b) Enron
- A long <u>jelly</u> roll is a time value trade (involving the sale and purchase of options with different expiry months) and as such cannot be adequately plotted in terms of its risk/reward profile.
   answer: (c) jelly
- A4 Boating Industry Magazine reports that demand for the new 4-stroke outboard has by far outpaced supply, and Mercury officials have implemented a <u>ramp-up</u> in production: they expect to reach maximum output within a month, and catch up with demands sometime later this year.

answer: (b) ramp-up

- A5 Alan Greenspan, in a speech entitled 'The Challenge of Central Banking in a Democratic Society', posed a now-famous rhetorical question: "How do we know when irrational <u>exuberance</u> has unduly escalated asset values, which then become subject to unexpected and prolonged contractions as they have in Japan over the past decade?" answer: (d) exuberance
- A6 The break-up of Equitable Life has moved closer following the launch yesterday of a <u>vulture</u> fund, Synesis, backed by some of the City's most powerful institutions, to buy out distressed annuity and pension liabilities. answer: (d) vulture
- A7 <u>Punters</u> aren't concerned with the fundamentals of an investment; instead, they attempt to make a quick profit by selling to somebody else at a higher price.
   answer: (b) Punters
- A8 In the U.K., the exchange may determine that ashare movement is so sharp that quotes cannot practically be kept current; under its Fast <u>Market</u> Rule, it may permit trading outside quoted ranges where updating quotes is deemed impractical. answer: (c) Market
- A9 Statements made that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements and made pursuant to the safe <u>harbor</u> provisions of the Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995; in some cases, these forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as 'may', 'should', 'expect', 'plan', or 'project', or their negatives, or other comparable words.

answer: (a) harbor

A10 This new publication incorporates all facets of trading technology for <u>buy-side</u> organisations: each month, it will deliver upto-date news and analysis on the business and technology trends, drivers and processes shaping the hedge fund and investment management industries.

answer: (a) buy-side

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 173 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Online exchange

- A1 <u>HedgeStreet</u>, Inc., the nation's first government-regulated online exchange for binary options and futures, today announced that it has secured \$12.5 million from Norwest Venture Partners (NVP), a leading Silicon Valley venture capital firm. answer: (b) HedgeStreet
- A2 Confident that there was a healthy base of stockholders who would not sell out, the Walbro board created more shares and looked for a large capital base that could keep these new shares in friendly <u>hands.</u>
   answer: (b) hands
- A3 The <u>dragon</u> bond, essentially a Eurobond sold and listed in Asia, primarily in Hong Kong, Singapore and Taiwan, was pioneered by the Asian Development Bank, which saw in its own needs to raise money an opportunity to spur the development of capital markets for Asian borrowers in their own time zones. answer: (a) dragon
- A4 Bloomberg News uses the <u>Cardboard</u> Box Index, which follows leading packaging and boxing stocks to predict manufacturing output; the reasoning is, if you manufacture something, you need something to put it in. answer: (a) Cardboard
- A5 The reason for the January <u>Effect</u> is debated among academics; the most common explanation is for tax reasons individual investors sell their small stocks that have declined in December to offset capital gains taxes, and selling knocks down the prices. answer: (a) Effect
- A6 Before Google priced its \$1.9 billion IPO, Playboy magazine published an interview that the company's founders had given months earlier; because the interview occurred before Google filed its IPO registration statement, the interview could have been viewed as a *gun-jumping* violation of the securities laws.

answer: (a) gun-jumping

A7 On December 4, 2001, intending to execute a large amount of short sale of a stock, traders of Morgan Stanley Securities realized that such execution was difficult, insomuch as buy orders were only placed at lower prices than the latest market price and short sale on a minus *tick* is prohibited by a Cabinet Order.

answer: (d) tick

- A8 In an article published in the Journal of Petroleum Technology titled 'Competitive bidding in high risk situations', by Capen, Clapp and Campbell of the Atlantic Richfield Company (ARCO) in 1971, the authors coined the term 'winner's <u>curse</u>'. answer: (b) curse
- A9 Christopher Cox, the SEC Chairman, recently testified that "hedge funds were too risky for <u>Mom and Pop</u> investors"; he even wants to increase the net worth threshold to be considered wealthy enough to invest in hedge funds. answer: (b) Mom and Pop
- A10 In the <u>downstream</u> sector, OPEC Member Countries are planning nearly a 50% increase in distillation and condensate splitter capacity, which would bring the combined capacity to 17.7 mb/d by the end of 2011, a relatively short time span considering the usual lead times required for refinery projects.

answer: (b) downstream

A1 While the big money trade over the past two years has been to buy both sheer optimism and extreme pessimism, now the hedge funds are back in the green for the year, they'll try to lay low and preserve capital — only the nimble <u>grinders</u> are likely to coin money in this tape.

answer: (c) grinders

- A2 This company may be a disaster that has already happened, a walking corpse that doesn't yet know that it's dead because it has created an insulated culture systematically excluding any information that contradicts its rosy picture of reality; companies that cultivate these positive qualities to excess become '<u>zombie</u> businesses'. answer: (d) zombie
- A3 New WTO Director General Pascal Lamy faces a <u>baptism</u> of fire at the WTO's conference on December 13, four months after he took the helm of the global trade body; Lamy will face a fierce test of his mettle that is likely to shape the Frenchman's reputation for the rest of his term. answer: (a) baptism
- A4 Smaller swings in the Dow Jones industrial average in the current quarter, compared to the swings of last quarter, will trigger stock market trading <u>curbs</u> under the NYSE's quarterly revision of the levels; the Big Board's new circuit-breaker and trading-collar trigger levels go into effect Monday, Oct. 1. answer: (b) curbs
- A5 <u>Managed</u> money products and process continue to evolve as extensive progress is made in institutionalizing investment administration for individuals and households. answer: (c) Managed
- A6 The rule of thumb for the <u>General Motors</u> indicator is that whenever its stock price fails to make a new high within any given four month period, it harbingers economic recession for the U.S. answer: (b) General Motors
- A7 In a normal market the bid is less than the ask, and the difference (the bid-ask spread) would be the market maker's profit, so we would not expect to see <u>a locked</u> market with a single market maker; however, in a market with more than one market maker, one market maker may show the best bid and another the best offer, and these may be the same. answer: (d) a locked
- A8 Massive <u>panic</u> selling sparked by a criminal investigation of a high-profile Internet company and weaker-than-expected U.S. tech earnings forced the Tokyo Stock Exchange to suspend trading in the world's second-largest market.
   answer: (c) panic
- A9 Despite the many changes in the tax system, there has been relatively little change in its role as an <u>automatic</u> stabilizer: we estimate that individual federal taxes offset perhaps as much as 8 percent of initial shocks to GDP. answer: (b) automatic
- A10 <u>Death Spiral</u> financing, the latest big thing in Japan's investment banking world, can raise money for cash-hungry companies but is also susceptible to abuse; the financing involves the issuance of 'moving strike convertible bonds' by Japanese firms to investment banks, who are allowed to convert the MSCBs into stock at a discount of about 10 percent. answer: (b) Death Spiral

- A1 The rule currently being considered by the SEC to prevent illegal <u>late-day</u> trading activities is by no means foolproof: imposing a deadline that a trade must be received by 4 p.m. EST by the mutual fund company would not prevent it from conspiring with traders to manipulate the deadline. answer: (b) late-day
- A2 Predictions have prompted investors to take a <u>flier</u> on all manner of podcasting businesses;more than \$40 million has gone into the sector in the last two years, yet many podcast businesses are trying to make a buck with a mostly untested business selling airtime to advertisers in a medium that hasn't yet established a set of common measurement metrics. answer: (b) flier
- A3 In the investing world, the <u>herd</u> instinct is often blamed for unsubstantiated rallies or sell-offs; but we are, after all, social animals, and many aspects of that mentality are beneficial. answer: (c) herd
- A4 Defense stocks should continue to <u>outperform</u> in 2007: Lockheed Martin Corp., Boeing Co., Raytheon Co., and General Dynamics Corp. shares are all up around 33% over the year, and according to LMT spokesman Thomas Jurkowsky, they "certainly don't foresee any change". answer: (a) outperform

A5 Today, we are living in a transition period to a new <u>economy</u> defined by global competition, rampant change, faster flow of information, increasing business complexity, and pervasive globalization; the pace of change is so rapid that it has taken a different type of firm to be dominant and marks an entirely new era of business. answer: (a) economy

- A6 In periods of depressed stock valuation and sluggish economic times, unscrupulous venture capitalists often referred to as <u>vulture</u> capitalists often take advantage of entrepreneurs.
   answer: (d) vulture
- A7 Proponents of the <u>October</u> effect argue that that is when some of the greatest crashes in stock market history, including 1929's Black Tuesday and the 1987 stock market crash, occurred; while statistical evidence doesn't support the phenomenon that stocks trade lower then, the psychological expectations of the effect still exist. answer: (b) October
- A8 Wall Street financial analysts are bullish on the proposed merger between auto maintenance giant Jiffy Lube and fast food bluechip McDonalds; this deal has <u>synergy</u> written all over it — just in economics of scale the merger is bound to increase the value of the combined stock by a factor of five.

answer: (d) synergy

- A9 Product line <u>rationalization</u> is a powerful technique to improve profits, free valuable resources, and simplify operations by examining product lines to eliminate or outsource products that are problem prone, have low sales, have excessive overhead demands, have limited future potential, or may really be losing money. answer: (a) rationalization
- A10 Six company and three gold <u>wallflower</u> stocks, including Boeing, General Motors, and Pegasus Gold, have the potential of providing rewarding returns despite their lackluster performance in recent months; the market has danced on without them, but someday they could be the life of the party.

answer: (d) wallflower

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 176 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: A 'Non-institution'

- A1 The <u>Paris</u> Club has remained strictly informal; it is the voluntary gathering of creditor countries willing to treat in a coordinated way the debt due to them by the developing countries, and can be described as a 'non-institution'. answer: (d) Paris
- A2 Arthur Levitt, the chairman of the SEC, says that Lebed seems to have mastered an age-old Wall Street swindle called the <u>pump-and-dump</u>: buy, lie and sell high.
   answer: (c) pump-and-dump
- A3 There are tens of thousands of desktop Java applications for all kinds of specialized tasks and specialized people; what we're not seeing from Java is just one gigantically successful, widely used, everyone has just got to have it, <u>killer</u> application.

answer: (b) killer

- A4 The drop in the stock market might have investors feeling sick, but they have yet to reach the '<u>puke</u> point', according to A.
   Gary Shilling, attributing the queasy phrase to Dennis Gartman, a Suffolk, Va., investment analyst.
   answer: (b) puke
- A5 The franc gained nearly 100 points against the greenback and 60 points against the euro in tonight's Asian and European sessions, and news that European drug maker Merck was buying Zug-based Serono for 13 Billion also helped the <u>swissie</u>. answer: (d) swissie
- A6 The <u>squawk</u> box is used by many by wirehouses as a way to share information about potential orders to people on the sales desk, but all of that information is supposed to be proprietary and, for the most part, not to be shared with anyone outside the firm.

answer: (b) squawk

A7 It doesn't matter if demand is falsely created by a hedge fund taking the <u>street</u> (buying large amounts of a single stock to drain a market maker of its inventory, forcing them to buy it back at a higher price): demand is demand and that is what drives markets higher.

answer: (d) street

- A8 The Finance Ministry's monetary policy as a whole meets the market expectations: it is more of a guidance note laced with moral <u>suasion</u> rather than a regulator's prescription full of quantitative measures. answer: (b) suasion
- A9 Valencia-based MannKind has estimated an <u>offering</u> price of between \$13.00 and \$15.00 per share in an IPO filing with the SEC; for 5.5M shares of stock, it is expected to raise up to \$94.8M for the company.
   answer: (c) offering
- A10 Cardiac Science argues that the real revenue generator in its line isn't the monitoring system, but the disposable electrodes which make the monitoring possible the classic <u>razor-razorblade</u> model applied to medical devices;
   "Ultimately, we're a disposable defibrillator electrode company," says Cohen, and Powerheart becomes simply a vehicle to sell electrodes.

answer: (c) razor-razorblade

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 177 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Illegal profits

- A1 It is generally agreed that speculators can make profits from insider trading or from the release of false information, and both forms of stock-price <u>manipulation</u> have now been made illegal.
   answer: (d) manipulation
- A2 Bush, on the other hand, has a very steep and consistent decline in his approval rating the longer he goes without a major event; it is notable that this trend has never been upward, not even following 9/11 when his approval rating took a tremendous positive <u>spike</u> as the country rallied around their leader.

answer: (d) spike

- A3 Millennium Bank, which purchased the building in a bankruptcy sale 'free and <u>clear</u> of all liens and encumbrances' and subsequently resold the building to the sole lessee, did not thereby assume an obligation to pay a commission to a third-party broker under a lease provision providing for such commission upon a sale to the lessee. answer: (a) clear
- A4 The unlucky folks who bought shares at the peak almost certainly lost money as does every other investor who buys into a collapsing market hoping the worst is over; but to the extent that most holders didn't sell, the <u>paper</u> loss simply wiped out the apparent profit that was created by the inflating bubble.
  answer: (c) paper
- A5 Windows, Office, and the Internet Explorer Web browser all have greater than 90 percent share of their respective markets, and to protect these <u>cash cows</u>, Microsoft must do things that no other software company would be doing right now; it's a victim of its own success.

answer: (a) cash cows

A6 Under '<u>Reaganomics</u>', small government was both a fiscal imperative and a political belief; adopting supply-side economics, the White House believed that reducing taxes would free individuals and businesses to invest elsewhere, thereby maximizing economic gain.

answer: (d) Reaganomics

- A7 Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. (NYSE: PNK) announced that the underwritten public <u>offering</u> of 10.0 million of its newly issued shares of common stock has been priced at \$32.00 per share, which will result in gross proceeds to Pinnacle of \$320 million. answer: (b) offering
- A8 In late October and early November of last year, because Enron was changing the outside administrator of its 401(k) plan, employees' shares were <u>locked</u> down in their 401(k) accounts for at least two weeks during a volatile period in the company's stock price, making them powerless to sell their Enron stock as it was dropping.
  answer: (a) locked
- A9 Data security is an increasing priority for many CIOs, and for good reason: corporate databases contain the <u>crown jewels</u> proprietary and sensitive information such as non-public financial data, trade secrets, and personal information about customers and employees.

answer: (c) crown jewels

A10 Disillusioned investors who bought the convertible bond specifically for the conversion feature will typically sell the bond at a lower price; therefore we can we buy a <u>busted</u> convertible security at a discounted price. answer: (d) busted

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 178 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Animal markets

- A1 Neither a bull or bear market, a <u>deer</u> market is characterized by low activity, with timid investors waiting for a sign of which way the market is going to end up moving.
   answer: (a) deer
- A2 Aggressive price cutting by Wal-Mart Stores, the world's biggest retailer, is likely to put <u>margin</u> pressure on food manufacturers this year: with commodity prices rising, one would expect that manufacturers would pass their cost increases along but not if Wal-Mart won't allow it.

answer: (b) margin

- A3 The NHS in England will be 750m in the <u>red</u> by the end of the financial year on 31 March, a BBC survey suggests: twenty predicted deficits total 799m, while a handful of surpluses brought the net deficit to 750m. answer: (b) red
- A4 In May 2000, Luminous had raised a \$60-million round of private financing that it expected to be its last, but market conditions forced the company to put off IPO plans indefinitely; should the company go public, they hoped <u>crossover</u> investors would buy the offering and continue to buy the company's shares. answer: (a) crossover
- A5 Request a copy of the decedent's credit report and request that the report be flagged with a deceased <u>alert</u>: this should ensure that no fraudulent accounts are opened.
   answer: (a) alert
- A6 'Derivatives' is rich in details about factual trading matters, something rarely found in textbooks; it includes a list of the major old tricks, such as cherry picking, chumming, and <u>ghosting</u> (in which market makers collude to push a price in a given direction), something I have not seen in options books before.
  answer: (c) ghosting
- A7 SupplierMarket.com was poised to go public, but in the meantime, it received a <u>godfather</u> offer it couldn't refuse from Ariba, a software maker; the all stock deal was worth \$581 million not bad for a company that was around for 17 months. answer: (a) godfather
- A8 A <u>lobster</u> trap is a defense mechanism used by a company that has convertible securities outstanding to prevent an unfriendly takeover; it prohibits conversion into common stock of any convertible preferred stock or bonds if the owner of those securities would control 10% or more of the firm's common stock following conversion.
  answer: (b) lobster
- A9 George Akerlof, Michael Spence and Joseph Stiglitz, who received the Bank of Sweden Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel, 2001, extended economic theory when they augmented it with the realistic assumption of <u>asymmetric</u> information: agents on one side of the market have much better information than those on the other side. answer: (a) asymmetric
- A10 Jeffrey Saut, chief market strategist with Raymond James, described the current environment as a '<u>fox-trot</u> economy, meaning he expects several periods of strong economic and earnings growth to be followed by times where profits and the economy slow down a bit.

answer: (b) fox-trot

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 179 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Corporate sleuths

- A1 American Express's sleuths could not protect them against one of the biggest business frauds of all time the Great <u>Salad</u> Oil Scandal, in which a subsidiary was conned into issuing warehouse receipts for the nonexistent oil of the Allied Crude Vegetable Oil Company and commodities speculator Anthony De Angelis, who is now appealing his 20-year jail sentence. answer: (d) Salad
- A2 Our model predicts that people will exhibit what we call the <u>ostrich</u> effect: given bad or ambiguous news, they optimally choose to avoid collecting additional information, while given favorable news, individuals will seek out definitive information about the value of their portfolio.

answer: (c) ostrich

A3 Several top credit card issuers now slap penalty rates just shy of 30% on customers, including some who have made a single slip or even pay their bills on time; these modern-day versions of loan <u>sharking</u> won't endanger your kneecaps, but they may push you into bankruptcy court.

answer: (d) sharking

A4 The U.S. Department of Labor enforces several major laws that directly protect <u>whistle</u> blowers or have provisions to shield employees from retaliation, for reporting violations of the laws, refusing to engage in any action made unlawful by the laws, or participating in any proceedings under the laws.

answer: (d) whistle

- A5 In the case of the WorldCom-Sprint combination, the FTC charged that the merger would have increased concentration in longdistance telecommunications and created <u>barriers</u> to entry that would have excluded competitors, such as the Baby Bells that lobbied hard against the merger. answer: (a) barriers
- A6 The Canadian dollar, also known as the 'loonie' for the beautiful bird on its one-dollar coins, has long been the weak <u>sister</u> to the U.S. dollar; oh, how nice it is for Yanks to go shopping in Canada but maybe not for much longer, because the loonie is in a stealth rally. answer: (c) sister
- A7 <u>Swing</u> trading is a trading strategy where you hold stock positions for a short duration of time, but longer than a day trade; positions can last anywhere from 2 to 30 days, and generally try to take advantage of short and mid-term movements in stock prices. answer: (d) Swing
- A8 The Joint Bookrunners will endeavor to procure purchasers for the Offer Shares not subscribed for through the exercise of PARs during the exercise period by way of private placements in the Netherlands and elsewhere, at a price per <u>Rump</u> Share which is at least equal to the total of the Issue Price and any expenses relating to procuring such purchasers.
  answer: (d) Rump
- A9 This paper develops a theoretical model to analyze a firm's incentives to preannounce its new products: we consider a two-period model where a single firm controls the market with one product in the first period and it introduces a new and better product in the second period, where a preannouncement <u>cannibalizes</u> the sales of the old product in the first period. answer: (a) cannibalizes
- A10 After an aggressive run, the markets gave up some of their gains Thursday to profit <u>taking</u>, which was not unexpected. answer: (d) taking

- A1 The auditor will normally reach substantial doubt that an entity can continue as a *going* concern if the entity is unable to meet its obligations as they become due without (1) substantial disposition of assets outside the ordinary course of business, (2) restructuring of debt, or (3) externally forced revisions of its operations or similar actions. answer: (b) going
- A2 Bankers in emerging markets often view treasury activities common in the developed world as <u>casino</u> finance, so they have lagged behind developed-market competitors in managing risk and creating profitable treasury units; but high-performing treasuries seek out and profit from market risk, and emerging-market banks must commit themselves to a more aggressive posture. answer: (a) casino
- A3 Each country established working groups to plan migration at national level, under the aegis of the banking and/or payment associations, to ensure that a <u>critical</u> mass of national credit transfers and card payments migrate to SEPA payment instruments by the end of 2010, as demanded by the regulators and committed to by the European Payments Council. answer: (a) critical
- A4 After the first day Google's stock was publicly traded on the NASDAQ, approximately 1,000 (or almost 50 percent) of its employees were estimated to be <u>paper</u> millionaires. answer: (c) paper
- A5 On Black Tuesday, Reuben Thorson, 77, retired senior partner of Paine Webber, recalls, "The volume was so heavy that the <u>tape</u> was late by hours; we had no idea what the prices were."
   answer: (d) tape
- A6 The Nikko Cordial Corporation announced a stock consolidation to its common shareholders in Japan at the rate of one (1) new share to be issued for every two (2) existing ordinary shares held; the <u>assimilation</u> of the ordinary shares in the local market will be effective September 1, 2005.
  answer: (d) assimilation
- A7 Bill Nguyen is the subject of a story in The WSJ about how entrepreneurs are cautiously spending venture capital, especially compared to the last crop of Internet entrepreneurs in the 90s; the story includes some of the monthly <u>burn</u> rates at Silicon Valley companies about \$160,000 a month at Meebo, \$200,000 at LaLa and \$500,000 at Sharpcast. answer: (b) burn
- A8 Last week, the County announced that they no longer needed to consider Mandatory Time Off as a budget balancing device; some of the '*found money*' was a reallocation of about \$35k previously earmarked for the expensive (and unnecessary) study of raising Coyote Dam.

answer: (a) found money

- A9 When a law firm that handled tons of sensitive legal matters for Valley startups and VC firms then goes belly up, what happens to all that information? currently <u>defunct</u> Brobeck, Phleger & Harrison LLP notified clients that their digital files would be placed in a 'closed archive' managed by the Library of Congress. answer: (c) defunct
- A10 Filtronic, the telecoms equipment manufacturer, has got its house in order and is looking forward to the future with confidence: the banks have agreed new five-year facilities and the company's problem <u>child</u>, a mobile phone antennae business, is to be sold off. answer: (a) child

- A1 Tight curbs on money supply, enforced by Indonesian monetary authorities for more than a year to prevent the economy from overheating, have driven domestic interest rates up to about 28 percent; analysts said this prolonged credit <u>squeeze</u> is straining the repayment capacity of many Indonesian businesses. answer: (c) squeeze
- A2 In 1983, the major success of <u>Japan, Inc</u> was serving to focus international attention on their ways of doing business: the Japanese corporate and political sectors were employing cooperative organizing strategies that produced the highest productivity and quality of work-life in the industrial world.

answer: (a) Japan, Inc

- A3 Companies which are incorporated and listed in Hong Kong but controlled by Chinese entities or have Chinese state-owned enterprises as their parent companies have been viewed as a major experimental tool in China's economic reform; in this paper we analyze the market performance of red <u>chip</u> stocks in the first year following Hong Kong's reversion to China. answer: (b) chip
- A4 A sell of an overnight position and subsequent buy of the same security on the same day (which does not constitute a day trade) is treated as a same-day <u>substitution</u> and the customer can use the proceeds of the sale towards a new purchase. answer: (d) substitution
- A5 If we look at selling 500- to 550-lb. calves for 82-85 cents, and that's at your breakeven level, then it might make some sense to consider retained ownership; if all that can be had is <u>trading</u> dollars and giving away your time for the year, profit demands looking for other opportunities before selling them.
  answer: (d) trading
- A6 The <u>Trilateral</u> Commission was formed in 1973 by private citizens of Japan, Europe (European Union countries), and North America (United States and Canada) to foster closer cooperation among these core democratic industrialized areas of the world with shared leadership responsibilities in the wider international system. answer: (d) Trilateral
- A7 A <u>foul weather</u> fund is a mutual fund that tends to perform well in bear markets. answer: (a) foul weather
- A8 John A. Thain, who took the New York Stock Exchange (NYX) public earlier this year, is racing to keep the Big <u>Board</u> competitive. answer: (b) Board
- A9 Infoseek (NASDAQ:SEEK) may be close to selling a piece of the Web search engine to a large media firm, with Disney cited as the most likely buyer and Time Warner a close second; this <u>rumortrage</u> has sent SEEK up 8.3% to \$32.625. answer: (c) rumortrage
- A10 Currently, there are 10 <u>spiders</u> that cover the S&P 500, nine of which cover individual sectors of the index; this selection allows investors to place their money in an ETF that covers either the whole market or a specific segment of the market. answer: (c) spiders

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 182 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Confidence in Christmas

- A1 CEO Craig Barratt was very cautious in his interview with CNBC, where he went out of his way to say that this networking technology company with a big retail component could not feel confident going into Christmas; I think that he is <u>sandbagging</u>, setting the bar low so the stock can advance, take the medicine now for a rally later. answer: (c) sandbagging
- A2 The Direct Approach to estimating going <u>concern</u> value is based on the direct costs of creating a business, excluding the costs of the tangible assets; it also includes the owner's investment in working capital to finance early year losses. answer: (c) concern
- A3 Protus and Voice Shot have modified their voice broadcasting software to work seamlessly with Gold Calling's Automatic Response Management software to make Gold Calling the leading prospecting and lead generation contact management system currently available; the era of <u>dialing</u> and smiling is on its way out. answer: (b) dialing
- A4 P&G Chief Executive A.G. Lafley discussed why his company is no longer dependant on mergers to continue sales and profit growth:
   "Our growth has been quality growth because of <u>organic</u> growth," he said, adding that non-merger related growth has averaged 8 percent in recent years.
   answer: (c) organic
- A5 How long it will take for your money to double is easy to calculate using <u>the Rule of 72</u>: simply divide 72 by the percentage of interest you earn on your savings. If you're not pleased with the answer, start investigating other options that pay a higher rate of return. answer: (d) the Rule of 72
- A6 When you run out of credit and can't Top Up, you can get a 2 Call Credit <u>IOU</u> from Vodafone; so when you get that punctured tyre or absolutely have to respond to that special someone, you can! answer: (d) IOU
- A7 Basically, *going* public (or participating in an IPO) is the process in which a business owned by one or several individuals is converted into a business owned by many.
   answer: (a) going
- As for the Robertson and Armco transactions, Bilzerian engaged in '<u>stock parking</u>' shares of the two companies: Bilzerian 'sold' his stock in Robertson and Armco to a broker who held it for 30 days with the understanding that Bilzerian would buy the stock back for the purchase price plus interest and commissions. answer: (c) stock parking
- A9 Unlike the credit <u>crunch</u> of the early 1990s, when homeowners had the fiscal life squeezed out of them by high interest rates and unemployment, this time it seems the young are in the firing line. answer: (a) crunch
- A10 The <u>Leading</u> Lipstick Indicator is based on the theory that when a consumer feels less than confident about the future, she (or he) turns to less expensive indulgences such as lipsticks, and therefore, lipstick sales tend to increase during times of economic uncertainty or a recession. answer: (b) Leading

A1 Investment banker Gary Lutin told the E-Commerce Times that in the old days when paper stock certificates were issued, some people used worthless stocks as *wallpaper*, but that since the securities market had gone digital and stock certificates are no longer issued, that is no longer an option.

answer: (c) wallpaper

A2 An employee embezzles millions of dollars from his company, but he doesn't know his firm is on to him; to combat his schemes, the company brings in <u>a forensic</u> accountant, a professional with a combination of financial expertise and investigative prowess, to determine exactly what's going on.

answer: (c) a forensic

A3 The acquisition of Corus will propel Tata Steel into the *Fortune 500* list, making it one of the eight steel companies globally that figure in this elite list.

answer: (b) Fortune 500

A4 Managers are looking to cut costs, and one way to do it that's currently gaining favor is to go <u>offshore</u> for all or parts of the project; for example, one of the Intranet Design Annual 2001 winners was headquartered in the United States, but hired a firm in Mexico to design its intranet.

answer: (b) offshore

A5 Almost 1 million British adults are still living with their parents even though they are approaching 40, a study says; while this may not be a problem in itself, the real worry is how much these <u>kippers</u> cost — and the extent to which they eat into parents' retirement savings.

answer: (b) kippers

- A6 Second only to the Saudi Arabia reserves, Alberta's oil <u>sands</u> deposits were described by Time Magazine as 'Canada's greatest buried energy treasure' and 'could satisfy the world's demand for petroleum for the next century'. answer: (c) sands
- A7 Ronald Reagan made supply-side economics a household phrase, and promised an across-the-board reduction in income tax rates and capital gains tax rates; when vying for the Republican party presidential nomination for the 1980 election, George H.W. Bush derided Reagan's supply-side policies as '<u>voodoo</u> economics'. answer: (d) voodoo
- A8 A 2-minute preview of the investment <u>teaser</u> for a new feature film by Borderstop Filmed Entertainment called 'Urban Renewal' is now available on the official film site urbanrenewal.com and borderstop-studios.com; the production is scheduled for 2009. answer: (c) teaser
- A9 Reacting with horror to a huge proposed pay package for GlaxoSmith-Kline's chief executive JP Garnier, shareholders blocked the <u>sweetheart</u> deal; by doubling his share option grant and trebling his allocation of free performance-related shares, the plan would have almost doubled his remuneration to an estimated \$18 million. answer: (c) sweetheart
- A10 As costs of energy and other commodities soar, investors should be on the hunt for companies with <u>pricing</u> power; the ability to pass along higher product costs to consumers gives such outfits an edge and, in the long run, boosts returns.
   answer: (c) pricing

- A1 Purchasing power parity theory states that the exchange rate between two countries should ultimately move toward the rate that equalizes the prices of an identical basket of goods and services in each country; the Economist has suggested that the 'basket' is a <u>Big Mac</u>, which is produced in about 120 countries. answer: (a) Big Mac
- A2 The Bond Market Association has long promoted greater <u>transparency</u> and has worked hard to provide actual price data to investors, supplying all MSRB price data free of charge on its website www.investinginbonds.com. answer: (d) transparency
- A3 <u>Redlining</u> Rules may be Weakened: Federal banking regulators in the Bush administration are poised to weaken the nation's primary law requiring small banks to serve low-income residents in their own back yards through housing investments and development projects.

answer: (b) Redlining

- A4 The next time somebody taunts you for being a gold <u>bug</u>, tell them that the International Monetary Fund believes in gold: fromits website, we read that one ofits principles is, "As an undervalued asset held by the IMF, gold provides fundamental strength to its balance sheet; any mobilization of IMF gold should avoid weakening its overall financial position." answer: (a) bug
- A5 If you want to maximize the amount of money that you are investing (which in turn leads to higher returns), then a <u>no-load</u> mutual fund is for you: more of your money will go directly toward working for you, rather than finding its way into someone else's pocket. answer: (b) no-load
- A6 A '*goldbrick* share' is a stock or security that appears to be of high quality and worth, although the company that issued it is actually worth very little. answer: (b) goldbrick

answer. (b) golubrick

- A7 The Dow Jones Industrial Average is the oldest and most widely recognized stock market index, and the Dow <u>Diamonds</u> (\$104.37) is an exchange-traded fund that holds the 30 stocks that comprise the venerable index. answer: (d) Diamonds
- A8 Although inventory data indicates that U.S. crude and product stocks are at above-average levels, market <u>jitters</u> remain over the possibility that international oil supplies could be disrupted further as a result of political problems in both Iran and Nigeria. answer: (a) jitters
- A9 The <u>Footsie</u> stalwarts have money to burn: cash generation in the UK's major listed companies is at record levels, and over the next three years, the FTSE350 will generate close to 200bn in surplus cash, according to new research by KPMG. answer: (d) Footsie
- A10 I'm just on my way out to work when a sudden headache gripped me could've been one of those migraines that one gets when stock markets fall, which has been coined the '<u>Aspirin</u> Count Theory'.
   answer: (a) Aspirin

- A1 In the case of Oanda they offer you leverage of 50 times your good <u>faith</u> money: if you put \$1000 into your account, you may buy or sell currencies up to an amount that would require \$50,000 cash to actually buy at the time.
   answer: (b) faith
- A2 The upcoming Google IPO contains a two-tier voting structure that gives Class B shareholders (primarily company founders Larry Page and Sergey Brin) 10 votes for each share while each Class A share being offered only carries one vote; this provision is shark repellent, intended to make it difficult for outsiders to take over Google or influence the company's operations. answer: (d) repellent
- A3 Altria has long been considered a classic widow-and-<u>orphan</u> stock: great for its stability and big annual dividend, currently about 4.1 percent.

answer: (b) orphan

- A4 Central Canada Foods Corporation has agreed to lease terms for its Timberlea plant from 1469818 Ontario Inc., a company controlled by George Michaels, Central's president and majority shareholder in <u>a related</u> party transaction. answer: (d) a related
- A5 Around Wall Street, the talk is that the U.S. economy is not too hot, not too cool, but just right the fabled '<u>Goldilocks</u>' economy that means corporate profits can continue to grow, while inflation stays tame answer: (a) Goldilocks
- A6 The opening up of new markets and the development from the craft shop to such concerns as U.S. Steel illustrate the same process of industrial mutation that incessantly revolutionizes the economic structure from within, incessantly destroying the old one, incessantly creating a new one; this process of Creative <u>Destruction</u> is the essential fact about capitalism. answer: (a) Destruction
- A7 In financial markets here in London we call it 'The <u>Rio</u> Trade' a trader who has lost big and has so far managed to cover up the fact puts on a huge trade, enough to cover all his losses, and buys a first class ticket to Brazil, where there is no extradition to the UK, just in case the trade goes wrong.

answer: (c) Rio

- A8 Today's online video market is stuffed full of entrants with names like Broadsnatch, Eyeka, and Gkko, but video company CEOs like Tom McInerney of Guba agree that a <u>shakeout</u> is coming: "There'll be a lot of casualties in the next year," McInerney predicts. answer: (c) shakeout
- A9 A huge number of investors think they are buy-and-holders, but in fact they use a peculiar form of market <u>timing</u>, the ICSIA or 'I can't stand it anymore' system; this is probably the most widely used system in the world, and it relies on emotional reactions to market fluctuations.

answer: (d) timing

A successful price war was the one Philip Morris began on <u>Marlboro</u> Friday, 2nd April 1993: the company cut the price of the world's best-selling cigarette by almost 20% — and in the process knocked almost \$10 billion off the market value of the company.
 answer: (b) Marlboro

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 186 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Takeover remedy

A1 A <u>chastity</u> bond is designed to prevent unwanted takeovers by having a maturity that is activated once a takeover is complete; the idea this is that companies will be less inclined to take over a company if they know that afterward they will immediately be forced to pay bondholders.

answer: (d) chastity

A2 The flow of <u>risk</u> capital in India has increased substantially since 2000, but over 90 percent of the money is invested in late-stage initiatives by mature firms; even the remainder mostly finances new firms replicating proven business ideas, and as a result, very few innovative startups are funded.

answer: (b) risk

- A3 A syndicate desk employee, sales representatives or sales traders entered customers' indications of interest in the IPO into the IPO institutional <u>pot</u> book, the computer database where all of the institutional indications of interest in the IPO and allocations were recorded. answer: (c) pot
- A4 The <u>wild</u> card option is, for example for bond futures, the option to initiate delivery between 2 p.m. and 8 p.m. in the afternoon during the delivery month of the contract; the point here is that the futures price is settled at 2 p.m. but the trade in the underlying bonds goes on until 8 p.m.

answer: (d) wild

- A5 The nucleus accumbens kicked into action two seconds before subjects made a risk-seeking choice that was a mistake (investing in a stock with a bad history); in contrast, the anterior insula was activated just before the volunteers made a less than optimal <u>risk-averse</u> choice prompting them to invest in a safe but low-return bond instead of the good stock. answer: (c) risk-averse
- A6 If a business division falls into the '<u>dog'</u> quadrant stagnant or shrinking industry growth and poor business unit performance management usually sells it off or slashes it to a bare minimum.
   answer: (b) dog
- A7 <u>Diworsification</u> affects many individual investors, who simply have too many stocks (often, too many or the wrong type of mutual funds) in their portfolio; a company's share value could shoot to the moon, but it would have very little impact on the fund's overall performance because of its very small exposure. answer: (a) Diworsification
- A8 The <u>bottom-up</u> approach is the staple of professional investors worldwide: it involves picking stocks for reasons specific to particular companies, regardless of the prospects of their sector or market no matter how markets are performing, some stocks have more value than others.
  answer: (b) bottom-up
- A9 The 'ring <u>fence</u>' around the profits of North Sea companies is designed to prevent losses from non-North Sea activities from being set against profits of North Sea activities; one of the rules is that interest can only be deducted from North Sea profits if the capital has been borrowed for a North Sea oil purpose. answer: (b) fence
- A10 One remedy, Walden says, would be to index the state tax rates to inflation: "That would tend to reduce bracket <u>creep</u>, and in fact this is what the federal government does with the federal income tax." answer: (a) creep

- A1 Mary Crane at Forbes.com says, "Which way is the economy going? if executive salaries at smaller companies are any *indication*, the answer is sideways at best."
   answer: (b) indication
- A2 According to a new small-business compensation survey released today by Salary.com, <u>median</u> base salaries for most executives at small firms increased this year over last.

answer: (a) median

- A3 The average paycheck for marketing managers rose 4.7% to \$136,100; head <u>bean</u> counters got a 3% bump, up to \$155,000; and plant managers took home \$80,000, or 1.8% more.
   answer: (a) bean
- A4 The annual survey <u>spanned</u> 11 job functions (not including 'owner') at more than 1,800 organizations, both privately and publicly held, employing one to 500 employees.

answer: (b) spanned

- A5 Ken Kerr, chief executive and financial officer of Kettley Publishing, a small consumer-education company <u>based</u> in Newport Beach, Calif., has filled out the www.Salary.com survey for the past two years. answer: (a) based
- A6 He says the survey results <u>mesh</u> with what he's seen in the California small-business community and in his own 30-person firm.

answer: (d) mesh

A7 "In this region, we're seeing the economy coming back strong; the tide raises all <u>boats</u> — small businesses have really felt the impact of that," he says.

answer: (a) boats

A8 Bill Dunkelberg, chief economist for the National Federation of Independent Business is optimistic, too; he says the labor market is the <u>tightest</u> it's been in thirty years, sans the dot-com years.

answer: (d) tightest

- A9 The bad news: while salaries have been on the rise, <u>so</u> too has inflation. answer: (c) so
- *A10* For the trailing 12 months ended in August, the Consumer Price Index ticked up nearly 4% *eviscerating* salary gains in real-dollar terms.

answer: (c) eviscerating

- A1 Commercial, financial and taxation accounting rules <u>serve</u> their own purposes and, as a consequence, differences in the results should be expected and accepted.
   answer: (d) serve
- A2 Commercial accounting rules are used to determine the commercial results of a single entity, and establish, in particular, whether a profit or a loss has resulted for <u>a given</u> period.

answer: (a) a given

- A3 The rules are intended to protect the rights of shareholders and creditors and, as a consequence, the prudence principle occupies an important place.
   answer: (c) prudence
- A4 Financial accounting and reporting rules are part of a country's capital <u>market</u> regulations. answer: (d) market
- A5 Their objective is to give investors and other stakeholders a reliable and as accurate as possible picture of the financial situation of the economic entity (group); the guiding principle is '*fair presentation*'.

answer: (c) fair presentation

A6 Other important rules in this respect are 'substance over form', 'market value measurement', and the factual prohibition of hidden *reserves*.

answer: (a) reserves

A7 Taxation rules are used to determine taxable profits, and their objective is to define the tax liability of enterprises to the <u>State.</u>

answer: (d) State

- A8 The rules must be susceptible to <u>compliance</u> by taxpayers and control and enforcement by tax authorities.
   answer: (d) compliance
- A9 Taxation rules for companies are usually designed to preserve economic neutrality, so that business decisions are not <u>unduly</u> influenced by fiscal measures.

answer: (a) unduly

A10 Tax laws reflect general principles of taxation, such as non-discrimination or taxation according to economic capacity, but also <u>practicalities</u> such as availability of funds for payment of the liability and long-term profitability.

answer: (b) practicalities

- A1 Paul Chin, in his 'The Evolution of Corporate Communications', realizes that communicating to hundreds, sometimes thousands, of employees within an organization is no <u>mean</u> feat.
   answer: (a) mean
- A2 This challenge is further complicated in organizations with a global <u>presence</u>, where corporate headquarters is responsible for delivering the same message to satellite offices in geographically dispersed locations. answer: (d) presence
- A3 And don't fool yourself in thinking that there's some long process of <u>deliberation</u> when they receive one of these messages; most corporate communications will grab the attention of an employee for no more than a few seconds if at all.

answer: (b) deliberation

A4 It's within that very narrow <u>window</u> of opportunity that they will decide whether to read something or toss it aside.

answer: (d) window

A5 Communication is a two-way <u>street</u>, it requires a sender and a receiver: if no one is listening, you're just a crazy person talking to yourself.

answer: (c) street

A6 Anyone involved with corporate communications needs to be aware of their receivers' habits and *idiosyncrasies* before deciding on message and medium.

answer: (c) idiosyncrasies

A7 It wouldn't make sense to use technology-based communications with an audience who's not <u>tech-savvy</u> without first providing them with adequate training.

answer: (c) tech-savvy

A8 In the '90s, the IT industry was <u>abuzz</u> with the concept of push technology, a method of delivering content to users' desktop without requiring them to actively seek it out.

answer: (a) abuzz

A9 The technology, however, never lived up to its hype and communications fell back to old <u>stalwarts</u>: the intranet and e-mail.

answer: (b) stalwarts

A10 Momentum is also growing in the corporate environment for RSS, where organizations are beginning to see that RSS can be used to pick up where e-mail <u>left</u> off as an internal corporate communicator.
 answer: (d) left

- A1 Market <u>mavens</u> are nursing a bad case of whiplash: most of the 42 strategists surveyed by 'Business Week' a year ago saw their yearend forecasts surpassed in the first few months of 1996 the consensus view then was for the Dow Jones to rise 5% and end the year at 5430, but the Dow passed 5430 in early February. answer: (c) mavens
- A2 Long-struggling Randall Park Mall now is in the hands of a Raleigh, N.C., real estate investor who specializes in buying ailing malls and who, until earlier this year, owned Euclid Square Mall; investor Haywood Whichard bought Randall Park for the type of price that gives spice to the life of real estate <u>bottom-fishers</u>. answer: (d) bottom-fishers
- A3 One reason traders are moving to the Forex is the momentum and longevity of trends: currencies tend to trend 1,000 pips or more in a direction, and thenmove back 1,000 pips or more within a 4- to 6-week period, and this type of movement gives the position trader a great opportunity for <u>chasing</u> the market.

answer: (a) chasing

- A4 If the total asset value of your portfolio averaged \$1 million and the total value of assets sold during the year equals \$200,000, then the portfolio <u>turnover</u> is 20% or one fifth.
   answer: (d) turnover
- A5 The purchase of YouTube by Google for \$1.65bn (883m) is just the latest in a series of high-profile, high-value deals among internet firms, but does it mean that we are entering another <u>dotcom</u> boom era, like the one in the late 1990s that ended in a stock-market collapse?

answer: (a) dotcom

- A6 The 1980s was a decade of corporate <u>cannibalism</u> as companies sought to buy out or build strategic alliances with competitors; nearly \$1.3 trillion was spent on corporate mergers in the 1980s, more than the annual economic output of the UK. answer: (a) cannibalism
- A7 The Act also restores the power of local governments to issue <u>double-barreled</u> bonds, which are general obligation bonds payable from enterprise funds or from a special revenue source or both, with the general obligation of the local government acting as a backup security.

answer: (a) double-barreled

- A8 Dennis N. Abbott, a former trader at BP, admitted that he carried out a strategy to buy large quantities of February 2004 TET propane to become the dominant long-holder of TET propane; he intended that the purchasing strategy would <u>corner</u> the market by reducing the supply, permitting him to sell propane at an artificially inflated price. answer: (c) corner
- A9 Almost 10 years after Telfonos de Mxico (TMX), Mexico's 800-pound *gorilla*, was privatized, Mexicans still find reasons to hate the phone company; although the Mexican market has been open to competition for four years, the company is still a quasi-monopoly. answer: (c) gorilla
- A10 Since it is nearly Christmas, I thought I would write something about the Boston Snow <u>Indicator</u>: the theory is that if there is snow in Boston on Christmas day then the price of stocks will go up for the coming new year.
   answer: (d) Indicator

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 191 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Unregistered securities

A1 An unregistered security may be sold by a broker, but specific documentation must be completed by the owner and presented to a broker before a sell order can be placed; moreover, this <u>letter</u> security may not be sold for at least two years from the date of purchase.

answer: (a) letter

A2 <u>Parking</u> violations involve a brokerage house or bank keeping a client's stock in its own name in disregard of its reporting requirements; such an act may allow the client to temporarily bypass his margin requirements, keep secret his position in a company, or stay within limits imposed by other rules.

answer: (c) Parking

- A3 Now that investors are loath to believe anything good about a public company, con artists are finding that a new tactic, the '<u>short and</u> <u>distort</u>' scam, is working better; with this strategy, scammers profit by selling while gambling that a stock will decline and subsequently forcing shares down by spreading nasty rumors about the company. answer: (d) short and distort
- A4 Plug Power (NASDAQ: PLUG) Long Recommendation: Seems to be reaching stops weak <u>hands</u> shaken out may hold \$4 add \$3.50.

answer: (c) hands

- A5 In the 1960s and 1970s, a group of bond dealers known as the Memphis Bond Daddies were notorious for their unscrupulous methods of selling tax-exempt bonds to the elderly; eventually closed down by regulators, their role was to dispose of the <u>toxic waste</u> generated as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations were sliced into more and increasingly complex tranches. answer: (d) toxic waste
- A6 Government <u>golden</u> shares have their risks and their costs: the full benefits of privatization will not be realized, for example, if management is completely protected from every sort of takeover, and the device could be abused by less scrupulous governments in order to maintain political control over an enterprise while nominally privatising it. answer: (a) golden
- A7 I personally favour, as long as it is open, what is called the '<u>sunshine trade</u>', all the cards on the table, everybody in the whole world knows what you are auctioning; the market will adjust immediately at that point and people will pay the price of it. answer: (c) sunshine trade
- A8 My first experience as an investor looking at companies trading below <u>cash</u> value was to buy the stock: how could I lose? one could liquidate the company and make money at the very least.
  answer: (b) cash
- A9 The NYSE and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange agreed to impose restrictions when prices begin falling out of control; one safeguard is a shock <u>absorber</u>, a half-an-hour price floor that goes into effect on the S&P's 500 index whenever it drops on the Merc by the equivalent of about 96 points on the Dow Jones average.
  answer: (a) absorber
- A10 The human genome may go down in history as the biggest <u>white elephant</u> for humanity: it cost a lot and is useless, it does not work, and is so expensive to maintain and grows so big so fast that it will bankrupt the industry as well as entire nations. answer: (d) white elephant

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 192 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Spin tour

- A1 Shell Oil and a bunch of its friendly top executives are bringing a genuine old-fashioned dog and <u>pony</u> show to 50 towns this summer, and their goal is to convince angry consumers that Big Oil is not ripping them off; it's sure to be complete with photo ops and baby kissing, and it ought to be called the Web Minus Zero spin tour. answer: (d) pony
- A2 The <u>Super Bowl</u> indicator gets attention at this time every year due partly to the fact that there are so many fans on Wall Street trading desks; even Bob Stovall, who helped popularize it in the 1970s when he served as investment policy director at Dean Witter Reynolds, admits there's not a lot of logic or validity behind it.

answer: (b) Super Bowl

- A3 A newer trading strategy is the <u>spark</u> spread, which is intended to simulate the profits from a power plant; it was possible from 1996 to 2002 to hedge or sell such a spread on Nymex by shorting electric power and buying the fuel used for generation fuel oil, natural gas, or coal. answer: (c) spark
- A4 Dunlop Standard Aerospace Holdings plc announced today that it will make an optional *partial* redemption of US\$ 23.6 million aggregate principal amount of its 11-7/8% Senior Notes due 2009; the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes remaining after this redemption will be US\$ 321.4 million. answer: (c) partial
- A5 The critical piece of this puzzle, the element that made it all work, was a transaction called a 'price <u>swap</u> derivative' between Enron and Raptor, in which Enron committed to give stock to Raptor if Raptor's assets declined in value; but the more Raptor's assets declined, the more of its own stock Enron was required to post. answer: (c) swap
- A6 In a number of <u>cowboy</u> marketing cases, a company has approved an email campaign because the marketer promised that it would send only to people who opted in to receive stock announcements; then the company is surprised to learn that the so-called 'opt-in list' is just a standard bulkmailer's list of addresses scraped from Usenet and the Web. answer: (c) cowboy
- A7 Six-year futures for light sweet oil and natural gas are among the most important indicators of value for oil and gas producers; such a farsighted view, imperfect as it may be, is not widely available for the refining <u>crack</u>, the margin between crude oil and refined products. answer: (a) crack
- A8 In a <u>blitzkreig</u> takeover, iBank was suddenly history, and its blue, white and yellow marquee will soon be replaced by the blue and white of Unionbank, following the former's multibillion buy-out of the latter's majority shareholders concluded Friday; "The speed in which it was consummated really caught us off guard," quipped an iBank executive. answer: (a) blitzkreig
- A9 Technology is better than ever and more people than ever before are using it, but still, technology stock prices keep falling, and Wall Street is overcompensating by giving these stocks the cold shoulder: this is where we've gone astray. and it has more to do with the happenings on Wall Street than with problems on <u>Tech</u> Street. answer: (c) Tech
- A10 Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan said yesterday that the U.S. economy is 'going through a <u>soft</u> patch,' but that it won't hold back a 'broadening' economic expansion that has gained momentum this year. answer: (b) soft

- A1 Food stocks aren't as exciting as some of the tech names, but they don't go up nearly as much when the market is going crazy and they also don't go down as much because they're not as dependent on the economy; they're steady stocks, which is why Kraft could be a good <u>core</u> holding to diversify your portfolio. answer: (c) core
- A2 "Much of what happens in history," Nassim Taleb notes, "comes from Black <u>Swan</u> dynamics, very large, sudden, and totally unpredictable outliers, while much of what we usually talk about is just noise; our track record in predicting those events is dismal, yet by hindsight bias we think that we understand them."

answer: (d) Swan

- A3 The Small Order Execution System allows small investors near-instant execution of trades of 1,000 or fewer shares on the Nasdaq, and these SOES <u>bandits</u> are a growing force in the market, accounting for about 15% of the trades on the Nasdaq Stock Market. answer: (a) bandits
- A4 When the CEO or minister announces the agency is going to <u>restructure</u> in the name of operational efficiencies or an expanded range of services, public sector managers suspect they are really hearing "The last approach didn't work, so let's try another".
  answer: (d) restructure
- A5 'Why Bill Gates?' this is the question for a small clique of <u>siliconaires</u> Scott McNealy of Sun Microsystems, Larry Ellison of Oracle, Steve Jobs of Pixar; a decade ago, the four geek tycoons were all stumbling around an industry as small as their pocket protectors, but Gates graduated into the history books, while the other three seem headed for footnote status. answer: (c) siliconaires
- A6 The director of a funds management company says that smaller companies focusing on a single service like sustainable living, alternative energy, etc. are less likely to be involved in big <u>uglies</u> like the defense industry and oil. answer: (d) uglies
- A7 The OS/400 high availability market was a <u>dog-eat-dog</u> market before the merger of one-time foes iTera and Vision, and that intense competitiveness continues following the merger.
   answer: (c) dog-eat-dog
- A8 Typically Wal-Mart and other retailers debut the eagerly awaited day-after-Thanksgiving specials a few days in advance; Wal-Mart hasn't officially debuted its Black *Friday* ads, but the information appears to have been leaked to a few Web sites. answer: (b) Friday
- A9 A dividend <u>clawback</u> is an arrangement under which sponsors of a project agree to contribute as equity any prior dividends received from the project to the extent necessary to cover any cash deficiencies. answer: (b) clawback
- A10 Since 1975, the number of money management firms that provide research and other products and services in exchange for commissions has grown; the total value of third-party research purchased annually with <u>soft</u> dollars is estimated to exceed \$1 billion. answer: (c) soft

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 194 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: China's mass media

- A1 Driven by increasing investments and consumption, China's mass media industry will grow into <u>a sunrise</u> industry with high profits and investment potential in future years; within the industry, newspaper, audio and video products and online games are the fields seeing the fastest growth potential, the blue paper said. answer: (d) a sunrise
- A2 At some point, investors will recognize that Wal-Mart stock is poised for a rebound, but what's needed to speed up that process is <u>a</u> <u>catalyst</u>, and sales of generic drugs may give Wal-Mart just the boost it needs. answer: (b) a catalyst
- A3 In his book, 'The Logical Trader', author Mark Fisher discusses techniques for identifying potential market tops and bottoms; one, the ' <u>sushi roll</u>, has nothing to do with food, except that it was conceived over lunch where a number of traders were discussing market set-ups. answer: (d) sushi roll
- A4 Microsoft has an interesting, if dubious, <u>cookie jar</u> accounting scheme where profits from successful quarters aren't reported so that less successful quarters can be padded; this creates a false growth curve that is smooth and steady, not the typical up and down earnings you'd expect from a company that relies on periodic product rollouts. answer: (a) cookie jar
- A5 Perhaps the most famous example of a speculative <u>bubble</u> is the 'tulipmania' that struck 17th century Holland: Dutch collectors devised a hierarchy of values for the various flowers, the tulip became an object of speculation, and people mortgaged their homes and industries in order to buy the bulbs for resale at higher prices. answer: (b) bubble
- A6 Matlock allegedly made or retained no record of having received individual orders from customers, how many shares each had ordered, or when the orders were placed; <u>bunching</u> the orders allowed Matlock to grant preferential treatment to certain customers, and to himself. answer: (c) bunching
- A7 Golden <u>handcuffs</u> are to be offered across the ranks in a desperate bid by defence chiefs to stop the haemorrhaging of British troop numbers; the Ministry of Defence is drawing up plans for a massive expansion of a multi-million-pound programme offering bonuses of up to 5,500 if personnel promise to stay in the forces for at least two years longer. answer: (c) handcuffs
- A8 ETFs (Exchange-Traded Funds) do not sell individual shares directly to investors and only issue their shares in large blocks (blocks of 50,000 shares, for example) that are known as <u>creation</u> units.
   answer: (b) creation
- A9 Several Democratic groups have already begun spending large donations on advertising and get-out-the-vote activities, but Republicans had asked the Federal Election Commission to stop the activities under the campaign law that broadly banned big checks known as '<u>soft</u> <u>money'</u> from federal elections. answer: (d) soft money
- A10 Investments that glittered, but turned into <u>fool's</u> gold: the metal industry has been tarnished by several high-profile scandals in recent years that have left City banks owed millions of pounds and politicians red-faced. answer: (a) fool's

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 195 (Answer Keys) An economic profile of the Pacific Rim

A1 James V. Koch, in Business Horizons (March 1989), explains that it is now <u>commonplace</u> to talk of the Asian economic miracle, a phenomenon that has provided certain countries with the highest real rates of economic growth and the most rapidly rising per capita incomes in the world.

answer: (b) commonplace

- A2 The beneficiaries of this miracle are only part of a larger, economically <u>fertile</u> area known as the Pacific Rim, and the World Bank predicts that the Pacific Rim will be the fastest growing region in the world over the next five years, averaging a real growth rate of 4.3 percent annually compared to an average of only 3.5 percent for all industrialized nations. answer: (c) fertile
- A3 The Pacific Rim <u>comprises</u> a group of extremely diverse countries that are united by their common access to the Pacific Ocean and their export-oriented economies.
   answer: (c) comprises
- A4 The United States and Japan dominate the Pacific Rim from an economic standpoint, while the economically immature People's Republic of China, by <u>virtue</u> of its more than one billion citizens, is a force of growing importance. answer: (d) virtue
- A5 Together, these three countries constitute the economic giants of the region; by comparison, the remainder of the countries of the Pacific Rim are economic <u>dwarfs.</u> answer: (a) dwarfs
- A6 Others in the region, the ASEAN group (Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Thailand, and Singapore), generally exhibit lower levels of per capita GDP than the NICs (Hong Kong, South Korea, and Taiwan) but are more fully *integrated* economically and have had high rates of economic growth in recent years.

answer: (c) integrated

- A7 The British Commonwealth nations of Australia, Canada, and New Zealand are prosperous in terms of their per capita incomes, although they have exhibited only <u>modest</u> rates of economic growth in recent years. answer: (d) modest
- A8 The so-called 'Island Countries', such as Fiji, French Polynesia, Papua New Guinea, and Vanuatu, exhibit traditional native <u>agrarian</u> economies that are small in size and seldom based upon organized markets.
   answer: (a) agrarian
- A9 Finally, the considerable physical presence of the Soviet Union, Southeast Asian states such as Vietnam, and Spanish-speaking Central and South American countries such as Mexico and Peru <u>belies</u> their relatively insignificant economic role in the area to date. answer: (c) belies
- A10 There are surprisingly few common <u>threads</u> among the countries on the Pacific Rim; they are exceedingly diverse ethnically, politically, socially, religiously, and geographically. answer: (d) threads

- A1 Bribery has been the leading ethical issue in business activities, and international bribery is more complicated and has greater <u>repercussions</u> than bribery within one country.
   answer: (a) repercussions
- A2 Cross-border corruption has become a serious issue in international business especially in Asia's commercial activities, and is threatening the *integrity* of all cross-border business transactions.

answer: (d) integrity

A3 Cross-border bribery is bribery aimed at manipulating business decisions made by a public official or a corporate employee across the national border in such a way that they are no longer motivated by the <u>interest</u> of the employer.

answer: (a) interest

A4 The issue of cross-border bribery by American companies was first brought to public attention by the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act in 1977; it was recognized that many American companies were involved in questionable foreign payments in order to gain *an edge* over their competitors.

answer: (c) an edge

A5 It remains unclear, however, whether the Act has had any <u>detrimental</u> effect on the competitiveness of American companies in international business.

answer: (a) detrimental

- A6 Cross-border corruption exists also in business activities between mainland China and Hong Kong: according to the Independent Commission Against Corruption, in <u>some</u> 50 Hong Kong companies with a production base on the mainland, payments intended to bribe accounted for three to five per cent of their operating costs. answer: (c) some
- While the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance in Hong Kong gave the ICAC the power to <u>combat</u> corruption in Hong Kong, there has been no legislation similar to the FCPA that deals with cross-border corruption.
   answer: (a) combat
- A8 Mainland Chinese authorities too show much concern about the issue; the Premier's Office has issued Corruption Prevention Directives to <u>tackle</u> the problem.

answer: (c) tackle

A9 The influence of ethical norms on cross-border business transactions can be examined from three different <u>perspectives</u>: cultural relativism, ethical imperialism (universalism), and the development of contextualized hypernorms.

answer: (c) perspectives

A10 Education can be used to shape people's attitudes towards corruption, but this is a time-consuming process; an <u>expedient</u> alternative would be to pass legislation to deter business executives from giving or receiving bribes.

answer: (a) expedient

- A1 In 'The Management of Transboundary Fishery Resources and Property Rights', Gordon R. Munro tackles one of the <u>knottiest</u> questions in the field of rights-based fishing.
   answer: (a) knottiest
- A2 His paper concerns itself with the difficult issue of managing transboundary fishery resources, in which state, <u>let</u> alone individual, property rights may be poorly defined.

answer: (c) let

- A3 The paper aims to <u>break</u> new ground, in that the consequence for the management of transboundary fishing resources of establishing fishermen/company based property rights has never been properly dealt with. answer: (a) break
- A4 The paper begins with a brief history of the legal position of national ownership over <u>offshore</u> fishery resources.

answer: (c) offshore

A5 Munro reminds us that it is now established by the 1982 UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (CLS) that coastal states have property rights to the fishery resources contained within their Exclusive Economic Zones extending 200 <u>nautical</u> miles offshore.

answer: (d) nautical

- A6 This principle established, coastal states such as Canada quickly discovered that the stocks <u>stubbornly</u> refused to stay within their EEZ, and hence international management issues arise. answer: (c) stubbornly
- A7 Two issues concern us here: one is the issue of 'shared stocks', which are fish stocks shared by two or more coastal states whose EEZs are <u>contiguous</u>.

answer: (a) contiguous

A8 The CLS <u>admonishes</u> coastal states to cooperate in the management of shared fishery resources, but provides little or no guidance as to how the cooperation is to be effected.

answer: (a) admonishes

A9 The second issue is that of 'straddling stocks', or those that move back and forth between a country's EEZ and the *high* seas.

answer: (c) high

A10 The new element which is introduced into resource management when the resource is transboundary is the fact that the resource is subject to <u>exploitation</u> by one, two, or more states which can be expected to interact with one another.

answer: (b) exploitation

A1 Technology licensing is a contractual arrangement in which the licensor's patents, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, trade secrets, or other *intellectual* property may be sold or made available to a licensee for compensation that is negotiated in advance between the parties.

answer: (c) intellectual

A2 This compensation, or royalties, may be a <u>lump</u> sum royalty, a running royalty (royalty that is based on volume of production), or a combination of both.

answer: (c) lump

A3 A technology licensing agreement usually enables a firm to enter a foreign market quickly, and <u>poses</u> fewer financial and legal risks than owning and operating a foreign manufacturing facility or participating in an overseas joint venture.

answer: (c) poses

A4 Licensing also permits U.S. firms to overcome many of the tariff and nontariff barriers that frequently <u>hamper</u> the export of U.S. manufactured products.

answer: (c) hamper

A5 Technology licensing can also be used to acquire foreign technology, such as <u>cross-licensing</u> agreements awarding rights to improved technology developed by a licensee.

answer: (b) cross-licensing

A6 Franchising is also an important form of technology licensing used by many service industries, where the franchisor (licensor) permits the franchisee (licensee) to employ its trademark or service mark in a contractually <u>specified</u> manner for the marketing of goods or services.

answer: (c) specified

- As a form of 'exporting', technology licensing has certain potential <u>drawbacks</u>: one negative aspect of licensing is that control over the technology is weakened because it has been transferred to an unaffiliated firm.
   answer: (c) drawbacks
- A8 In considering the licensing of technology, it is important to remember that foreign licensees may attempt to use the licensed technology to manufacture products in direct <u>competition</u> with the licensor or its other licensees.

answer: (b) competition

- A9 In many instances, U.S. licensors may wish to <u>impose</u> territorial restrictions on their foreign licensees, depending on U.S. and foreign antitrust laws as well as the licensing laws of the host country. answer: (c) impose
- A10 Also, U.S. and foreign patent, trademark, and copyright laws can often be used to bar unauthorized sales by foreign licensees, provided that the U.S. licensor has valid patent, trademark, or copyright protection in the United States or the other <u>pertinent</u> countries.

answer: (c) pertinent

A1 With the activities and interests of investors, lenders and companies becoming increasingly global, the Securities and Exchange Commission is increasing its involvement in a number of forums to develop a globally accepted, high quality financial reporting <u>framework</u>.

answer: (b) framework

A2 Our efforts, at both a domestic and international level, consistently have been based on the view that the only way to achieve fair, liquid and efficient capital markets worldwide is by providing investors with information that is <u>comparable</u>, transparent and reliable.

answer: (c) comparable

- A3 That is why we have pursued a dual objective of upholding the quality of financial reporting domestically, while encouraging <u>convergence</u> towards a high quality global financial reporting structure internationally.
   answer: (b) convergence
- A4 Over the last two decades, the global financial <u>landscape</u> has undergone a significant transformation. answer: (a) landscape
- A5 These developments have been <u>attributable</u>, in part, to dramatic changes in the business and political climates, increasing global competition, the development of more market-based economies, and rapid technological improvements.

answer: (d) attributable

A6 Our efforts to develop a global financial reporting structure have been guided by the <u>cornerstone</u> principle underlying our system of regulation — pursuing our mandate of investor protection by promoting informed investment decisions through full and fair disclosure.

answer: (b) cornerstone

- A7 In 1988, we issued a policy statement that noted that all securities regulators should work together <u>diligently</u>, to create sound international regulatory systems that will enhance the vitality of capital markets.
   answer: (c) diligently
- *A8* Currently, issuers wishing to access capital markets in different jurisdictions must comply with the requirements of each jurisdiction, which differ in many <u>respects</u>.

answer: (b) respects

A9 Throughout this effort, we have been <u>steadfast</u> in advocating that capital markets operate most efficiently when investors have access to high quality financial information.

answer: (d) steadfast

A10 While the accounting standards used must be high quality, they also must be supported by an infrastructure that ensures that the standards are <u>rigorously</u> interpreted and applied, and that issues and problematic practices are identified and resolved in a timely fashion.

answer: (d) rigorously

- A1 High quality accounting standards are critical <u>to</u> the development of a high quality global financial reporting structure. answer: (c) to
- A2 Different accounting traditions have developed around the world in response to varying needs of users for whom the financial information is prepared; in some countries, accounting standards have been <u>shaped</u> primarily by the needs of private creditors, while in other countries the needs of tax authorities or central planners have been the predominant influence. answer: (b) shaped
- A3 Establishing and maintaining high quality accounting standards are critical to the U.S. approach to regulation of capital markets, which depends on providing high quality information to facilitate <u>informed</u> investment decisions.
   answer: (d) informed
- A4 High quality accounting standards are essential to the efficient functioning of a market economy because decisions about the allocation of capital rely heavily on <u>credible</u> and understandable financial information.
   answer: (c) credible
- A5 When issuers prepare financial statements using more than one set of accounting standards, they may find it difficult to explain to investors the accuracy of both sets of financial statements if significantly different operating results, financial *positions* or cash flow classifications are reported under different standards for the same period. answer: (c) positions
- A6 Questions about the believability of an entity's financial reporting are likely where the differences highlight how one approach <u>masks</u> poor financial performance, lack of profitability, or deteriorating asset quality. answer: (b) masks
- A7 Also, the audit is an important element of the financial reporting structure because it subjects information in the financial statements to independent and objective <u>scrutiny</u>, increasing the reliability of those financial statements.
   answer: (d) scrutiny
- A8 Recent events in the United States have highlighted the importance of high quality auditing standards and, at the same time, have <u>raised</u> questions about the effectiveness of today's audits and the audit process. answer: (d) raised
- A9 Audit firms should have a responsibility to <u>adhere</u> to the highest quality auditing practices, on a world-wide basis, to ensure that they are performing effective audits of global companies participating in the international capital markets. answer: (b) adhere
- A10 Historically, audit firms have developed internal quality control systems based on their domestic operations; however, as clients of audit firms have shifted their focus to global operations, audit firms have followed <u>suit</u> and now operate on a world-wide basis. answer: (d) suit

A1 The article, 'Optimal Hedging and Foreign Exchange Risk', by Nancy Beneda, illustrates the technique of computerized optimization and <u>simulation</u> modeling to manage foreign exchange risk, and the results indicate that a lower level of risk can be achieved, given a specified level of expected hedging cost, from using optimization modeling.

answer: (b) simulation

A2 The focal point of the technique is its ability to identify optimal combinations of hedging <u>vehicles</u> (i.e. futures, options, forward contracts, leaving the position open).

answer: (d) vehicles

A3 An optimal combination is one which minimizes the <u>variance</u> of the expected cost of the commodity (i.e. foreign currency), given a desired level of hedging cost.

answer: (a) variance

A4 This paper examines optimal hedging strategies for a *long* position in the Japanese yen/US\$ foreign exchange market.

answer: (a) long

A5 In the <u>context</u> of this paper, the expected hedging cost is the expected cost of the commodity (i.e. foreign currency) using a specified hedging strategy minus the expected cost of the foreign currency when the position is left open.

answer: (c) context

- A6 The technique is similar to achieving optimal portfolios: portfolio theory suggests that optimal allocations of <u>a</u> <u>pool</u> of money exist which minimize the standard deviation of the portfolio for any targeted expected return. answer: (c) a pool
- A7 The optimization methodology increases the hedger's range of choices, and in this way risk managers will have the information needed to choose the desired level of foreign exchange risk which fits <u>in with</u> the firm's overall risk strategy.

answer: (a) in with

A8 Being able to more accurately measure the total risk which a firm faces will result in a better understanding of the extent to which the firm will be able to handle new *speculative* projects.

answer: (d) speculative

A9 Risk-return analysis suggests that the amount of gain expected from investing is *positively* related to the level of risk incurred.

answer: (d) positively

A10 If this concept is applied to hedging, the more risk a hedger is willing to <u>incur</u>, the more gain potential from favorable market conditions there will be for the hedger, and the lower the expected hedging cost.
 answer: (c) incur

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 202 (Answer Keys) Top 10 online marketing predictions for 2007

A1 Social networking (like YouTube and MySpace) will get more and more <u>niche</u>; people use specific tools to connect, recommend, rate and communicate within their groups, and for this reason, there are many types of social media now and there will be five times this many by the end of next year.

answer: (c) niche

- A2 <u>Viral</u> campaign websites (initiated by Spent2000.com) will have a purpose; next year will feature more substantial sites, like Philips's ShaveEverywhere, PassportToFlavor from Kettle Foods, and Snakes on a Plane. answer: (d) Viral
- A3 <u>User-generated</u> content (which enables customers to co-create with their brands) will be a component on most new websites; ultimately, allowing users to post their stories through text, images and video helps to build community and long-term brand loyalty. answer: (c) User-generated

A4 Email marketers will demand to know more advanced strategies for their email programs by asking questions like these: How does this email <u>render</u> in the default settings of the different email environments (AOL, Yahoo, Gmail, Hotmail, etc.)? What content shows up above and below the fold on the email preview? answer: (d) render

- A5 Quality content is more important now than ever before; there is a <u>glut</u> of content, and it's only going to get more crowded. answer: (c) glut
- A6 Most successful companies will become media companies: more and more companies are starting their own blogs, stepping into their customers' shoes and providing them with more industry knowledge and news rather than simply ramming products down their <u>throats</u>. answer: (c) throats
- A7 The Democrat majority in Congress swings the tide of online marketing: marketers will push the <u>envelope</u> far more aggressively in 2007 now that the fear of death by Republican firing squad has been reduced. answer: (d) envelope
- A8 Greater integration of video into all websites; the ShaveEverywhere site proves that the use of video is hugely <u>engaging</u> and effective in converting sales.
   answer: (b) engaging
- A9 eROI published an email study in early 2006 showing a direct correlation between smaller, more relevant lists and higher open and <u>click</u> through rates; updating email content and starting a conversation will be more important as people move toward seeing their inboxes as sacred places that they don't want violated by one-way advertising messages. answer: (a) click
- A10 Thoughtful, <u>cause-related</u> marketing is the biggest winner in 2007: ask your company what one nonprofit they want to support, and throw a lot of energy behind it, and you'll see that your employees, customers, and prospects will help you take this cause, and indirectly your company, to the next level. answer: (a) cause-related

A1 It was on September 30, 1997 that Steve Jobs revealed Apple's new marketing strategy, which would entail focusing on Apple's brand; Steve cited Nike commercials that left people with a feeling of physical excellence without ever showing the <u>shoe</u>.

answer: (b) shoe

A2 The problem with Steve's <u>analogy</u> is, of course, that Nike doesn't just advertise with television ads, Nike also sponsors athletes, tons of them.

answer: (c) analogy

- A3 Undoubtedly Apple would have pursued the sponsorship idea, but since people won't willingly watch other people use computers, they were unable to <u>avail</u> themselves of that option.
   answer: (b) avail
- A4 Apple's strategy may have been mistaken, incomplete or a <u>stroke</u> of genius depending on your perspective.
   answer: (d) stroke
- A5 In any event, Apple held the <u>course</u> for years: if you were to take any particular television ad produced between the date of Steve's speech and the most recent July you'll note that they share a common theme. answer: (a) course
- A6 What could a TV spot featuring Einstein, Gandhi, Picasso and a Richard Dreyfuss voiceover have in common with G4 towers surrounded by tanks? rest assured the common theme is there, but it takes a moment to <u>ferret</u> the thing out.

answer: (b) ferret

A7 Once it *hits* though, it becomes impossible not to notice it in every subsequent ad.

answer: (a) hits

A8 The theme isn't one of some hidden message or even a <u>shared</u> background but rather something that is omitted: specifically, you never see the Apple products actually working.
answer: (d) shared

answer: (d) shared

- A9 You'll be treated to spinning Macs, slovenly snails, or silhouettes dancing, but never an actual product doing what it was designed to do: the most <u>unfathomable</u> example of this is the spot introducing Airport.
   answer: (d) unfathomable
- A10 While the technology has become commonplace today it was Apple who first <u>glommed</u> onto the wireless future, yet they never showed Airport operating wirelessly.

answer: (b) glommed

- A1 Between now and 2010 the <u>outlook</u> for growth in international tourism in French Canada appears excellent. answer: (b) outlook
- A2 Around the world, international tourist arrivals will <u>escalate</u> from 702 million in 2000 to 1.18 billion in 2010, an increase of 45%.

answer: (c) escalate

A3 Tourist clienteles travelling to foreign destinations will become increasingly diversified as a result of the emergence of new <u>originator</u> markets.

answer: (c) originator

A4 The outlook for domestic tourism is interesting: retirees during this period (especially between 2005 and 2010) will be wealthier than their <u>predecessors.</u>

answer: (d) predecessors

A5 Contrary to the past decade, the active population should benefit from more <u>disposable</u> income with a lowering of income tax rates; therefore, people will have more money to travel.

answer: (d) disposable

A6 The increasing number of Canadian retirees will have an impact on travel behaviour, with the emphasis likely to be placed on short trips during the <u>off-season</u>.

answer: (b) off-season

A7 Finally, the population of <u>allophones</u>, who tend to travel little in Qubec, is growing.

answer: (a) allophones

A8 However, competition will continue to be <u>fierce</u> on all markets.

answer: (c) fierce

A9 Under the pressure of demographic, social and technological changes, clienteles are becoming diversified and demanding, which is having a major impact on tourism behaviour: interests are multiplying, leading to a rising number of <u>theme</u> trips and an upsurge in products and activities.

answer: (d) theme

A10 More and more often, tourists are seeking <u>memorable</u>, personalized trips that feature better integrated products and services; currently, the most successful businesses are those that organize their products in the form of experiences (for example, cruises).

answer: (b) memorable

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 205 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Worst investments

- A1 Investment <u>turkeys</u> of 2002: the three worst-performing funds of the year Aberdeen Fund of Investment Trusts, Exeter High Income and Aberdeen Progressive Growth are all invested in split capital trusts.
   answer: (d) turkeys
- A2 Buying and selling stock rather than looking for dividend income was seen as a new form of entertainment for women in 1720: "Stock-*jobbing* is now become so laudable, that many great ladies forsake their tea to go to Change Alley", reported one paper, while another announced that "several great ladies repair into the city, and pawn their jewels to buy South Sea". answer: (b) jobbing
- A3 In its effort to thwart the takeover attempts of Campeau Corp., FDS unveiled a restructuring plan to sell off its discount chain and other nondepartment store assets; the retailer said it may also seek a 'white <u>squire</u>' by issuing new preferred stock with a value of 15 percent of total outstanding shares in the company. answer: (c) squire
- A4 On one side, double-<u>dippers</u> offer fund-of-fund vehicles for hedge fund investors and on the flip side they offer contract marketing agreements on the hedge fund side, so it is possible for them to not only make money from their own investors but also clip a marketing fee for putting their fund-of-funds investment with a manager in any given strategy. answer: (b) dippers
- A5 Most specialty drug companies obtain product rights only for one or two national markets and so cannot fund clinical development and sales expansion by sub-licensing or partnering; they must sell equity to finance 100% of development & marketing costs, resulting in highly <u>diluted</u> founders and lower returns for all their investors. answer: (b) diluted
- A6 Instead of benefitting the company, the defendants have saddled it with a risky and costly share repurchase program, in order to dispose of its cash and make it less attractive to potential buyers; the plan was designed as a defensive barrier akin to a 'suicide pill', decreasing the likelihood of any potential acquirer making an offer for the company. answer: (d) suicide pill
- A7 The ICF is a new private-public partnership, focused on improving the continent's investment <u>climate</u>; our mission is to make Africa an even better place to do business, by removing obstacles to domestic and foreign investment and by promoting Africa as an attractive investment destination. answer: (b) climate
- A8 Since 2000, Market Harmonics has been dedicated to giving traders and investors an edge through an understanding of what truly drives markets investor psychology; in the research area, we have specialized in tracking market <u>sentiment</u> as the key to successful and profitable trading.

answer: (d) sentiment

- A9 IRC has agreed to pay \$37.4 million to acquire a sliding-scale NSR royalty on the Pascua Lama gold project, expected to become Barrick's third largest gold operation; the acquisition is expected to provide significant growth in cash flow, and by having the world's largest gold producer as its operator, long life and low cash costs, this is truly a <u>marquee</u> asset. answer: (a) marquee
- A10 Back in the far off days of the early 1980's the general view was that, when battered by a financial market <u>crash</u>, investor risk-aversion increased and that it tended to take about a decade for the pain experienced from severe financial loss to ebb. answer: (b) crash

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 206 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Penny stock

- A small group of speculators will accumulate a large number of shares in a penny stock, and once their positions are in place, they will release positive financial <u>pom</u> news so unexpected and titillating it can drastically affect people's perception of the stock; the intent is to get small time investors to start trading irrationally.
   answer: (d) porn
- A2 We are downgrading Brady Corp. to <u>market</u> perform from outperform, as we believe the issues the company is facing in its OEM business may take several quarters to resolve, which will likely limit stock appreciation until visibility improves. answer: (b) market
- A3 When she hears stirrings of a corporate takeover by the family's archrival, North Grayhawk, Jocelyn heads to North's ranch to offer a valuable commodity herself if he will call off his plans: "He's the man my shark <u>watcher</u> says is our anonymous corporate raider," she explained. answer: (d) watcher
- A4 To many, perhaps most, observers of today's legal scene, a 'white <u>shoe'</u> law firm is nothing more than a large, prominent firm serving a primarily corporate clientele; but those who entered the profession before the 1980s can remember a time when there were those firms and there were the Jewish firms, and the former worked to keep it that way. answer: (c) shoe
- A5 When you 'pay <u>yourself</u> first', you send 10% of your paycheck (your take-home pay) to a separate account before you have a chance to spend it; combined with your tax-deferred savings, this monthly contribution to your long-term savings will make you wealthy over time. answer: (c) yourself
- A6 Stop <u>hunting</u> is a practice by traders and/or market makers whereby they move prices intentionally to hit a specific level in order to trigger the stop orders they know are piled up there; the reason for doing so is to be able to take the other side of those trades and profit by the short-term move the flurry of activity creates. answer: (b) hunting
- A7 This is a good place to start if your company isn't one of the elite investment banks that pay their top traders to attend; this information is critical to trading success, and if you want to make a *buck* a year (\$US1million in trading terms) you better start here. answer: (a) buck
- A8 Any 'stock <u>idea</u>' is subject to detailed fundamental analysis using a framework based on four key factors of quality, value, growth and change; if detailed analysis demonstrates the opportunity for a stock to achieve a significant return, it becomes a conviction recommendation and is swiftly communicated to product managers for consideration in portfolios. answer: (a) idea
- A9 At a time when your career is reaching a peak and you are looking ahead to your own retirement, you may find yourself in the position of having to help your children with college expenses while at the same time looking after the needs of your aging parents: squeezed in the middle, you've joined the ranks of the '<u>sandwich</u> generation'. answer: (b) sandwich
- A10 The Rule of <u>18</u> is a rule whereby the sum of the inflation rate and the P/E ratio of the Dow Jones Industrial Average is an indicator of the direction of the stock market. answer: (a) 18

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 207 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Stale inventory

- A1 Some companies allow inventory to become stale through product obsolescence or inattention; it sits on balance sheets, consumes capital to maintain, and is unattractive to potential buyers, and analysts get a good picture of <u>FISH</u> accounting when inventory turns are slowing over time and consistently below industry averages. answer: (c) FISH
- A2 For widely held, publicly traded firms, dividends are taken as a signal that the firm is financially healthy; but this 'signaling <u>approach</u>' is not applicable to closely held firms, where communication between management and shareholders is more direct and signals are not required. answer: (a) approach
- A3 New brokers got the desks nearest the noise of the quote board, but as a broker gained experience and stature he got to move further away from the board; most brokers moved out of the *bullpen* to a private office when they had enough experience and customers to justify the move to management. answer: (c) bullpen
- A4 Should the U.S. stock market rally falter, some analysts may try to blame it on the <u>TED</u> spread, which measures the gap between the prices of U.S. Treasury bills and Eurodollar deposits; this has lately been at its lowest level ever, and that, to some, is an ill omen for interest rates and share prices.
  - answer: (b) TED
- A5 Apple is in the <u>pink</u>: Apple Computer is riding a wave that shows no sign of breaking; on March 6, the Cupertino, CA-based computer pioneer celebrated its highest stock price in over three years, buoyed by the popularity of Apple's iPod portable music player and the company's iTunes downloadable music service.

answer: (c) pink

- A6 Missouri's commitment to openness in government is clearly stated in Section 610.011 of the <u>Sunshine</u> Law: "It is the public policy of this state that meetings, records, votes, actions, and deliberations of public governmental bodies be open to the public unless otherwise provided by law." answer: (c) Sunshine
- A7 Ours is an era when huge increases in home values and stock prices make people feel richer and cause them to buy more; they spend more of their regular incomes, borrow more or sell something, most likely stocks, so you can imagine this 'wealth <u>effect</u>' as a powerful afterburner that's boosted the economy for roughly 20 years. answer: (b) effect
- A8 Inventory <u>shrinkage</u>, a combination of employee theft, shoplifting, vendor fraud and administrative error, cost United States retailers over \$31 billion last year according to the latest National Retail Security Survey report on retail theft, which analyzed theft incidents from 118 of the largest U.S. retail chains. answer: (c) shrinkage
- A9 In the London equities markets, both the FTSE 100 and the FTSE 250 finished both the day and the week on a positive note; volume was a very high 4.1 billion shares traded, explained by a double <u>witching</u> hour in which both stock options and index futures on the main index expired. answer: (c) witching
- A10 With the SMTP forwarding feature, Fetchmail pulled far enough in front of the competition to potentially become a <u>category</u> killer, one of those classic programs that fills its niche so competently that the alternatives are not just discarded but almost forgotten. answer: (a) category

- A1 The market decline on Tuesday, February 27th, 2007, was triggered by the 'Shanghai <u>Sneeze</u>', a steep fall in stock prices on China's Shanghai market, which triggered big declines in other stock markets around the world.
   answer: (b) Sneeze
- A2 Style <u>drift</u> is a serious problem for clients because it distorts asset allocation and undermines performance when styles rotate; value managers who have slowly changed over the past three years toward more favored growth stocks are regretting those moves, but not as much as their clients.

answer: (a) drift

- A3 On a recent Friday, the foreign currencies and exchange floor looked like a large frat party without beer: runners in yellow jackets gave each other backrubs, frisked each others' pockets for bid cards, and flung waste paper aside while traders flung themselves around the <u>pit</u>, conducting their business by the time-honored means of 'open outcry.'
  answer: (c) pit
- A4 Traders often times will adopt a simple buy low, sell high' range bound approach, but when we strive to pick the next major top or bottom, we may encounter a fairly frustrating event: our trade is stopped <u>out</u> as the market continues to slightly new highs or lows. answer: (b) out
- A5 China has just announced that it is going to come off the dollar peg currency arrangement, but in fact this is a very <u>dirty</u> float, since the trading price of the US dollar against the renminbi will now float within a trading band of plus or minus 0.3 per cent, while the band of other currencies against the renminbi will be set by the central bank. answer: (a) dirty
- A6 The appropriate procedure in evaluating returns adjusted for risk is to subtract from a fund's return the risk-<u>free</u> return (here taken as the return on United States government money market funds), and to divide the surplus return by the fund's beta, the measure of risk. answer: (b) free
- A7 Many start-up companies issue stock warrants or options under one of two scenarios: (1) as a <u>sweetener</u> to induce potential investors to purchase stock in an offering or (2) as compensation for executives, directors or other service providers; when these situations are distinct, the tax treatment is very straightforward. answer: (d) sweetener
- A8 When he was a U.S. attorney, Rudolph Giuliani is credited with patenting the <u>perp</u> walk for white-collar defendants: when three prominent Wall Street traders and bankers were accused of insider trading, Giuliani had the defendants arrested at their offices, handcuffed and escorted from the building to a mob of press that had been previously alerted. answer: (c) perp
- A9 The markets that consistently show the largest amounts of inefficiency are the dollar-pound-yen, dollar-mark-yen, and dollar-yen-franc markets; inefficiencies in *triangular* arbitrage imply that risk-free profitable opportunities exist, and attentive traders can take advantage of these.

answer: (d) triangular

A10 Energy exchanges offer <u>crack</u> spreads as futures, where both legs of the combination (crude oil and an oil product) can be traded in one single transaction; these derivatives help refineries to offset or manage their risks, but investors can also use these instruments. answer: (a) crack

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 209 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Lost horizons

A1 An investor with a short horizon should buy stocks in <u>bull</u> markets, thus chasing general trends; an investor with a long horizon should reduce her commitment to stocks in the same markets.
 answer: (b) bull

A2 Markets are full of <u>cats and</u> dogs — stocks of unprofitable companies that at some point fly through the roof, defying gravity: each dog has its day in the sun before reality sets in. answer: (a) cats and

- A3 Marty Lipton and Joseph Flom's first big tender fight was the \$84 million Colt (Flom) takeover of Garlock (Lipton), where the term 'Saturday Night <u>Special</u> was coined to describe Colt's lightning raid.
   answer: (d) Special
- A4 With regard to the share transfer document, if the handwriting expert opinion is accepted, it would show that Kokabi was a <u>dummy</u> shareholder, who was used to secure the allocation of a school plot to a company controlled by Parastaran which would otherwise not have qualified to be allocated. answer: (d) dummy
- A5 In a troublesome stock market, many investors seek out something that gives them confidence that a stock will pay off big over the next five or 10 years, allowing them to ignore the bumps and bruises that might come over the short run; typically, these kinds of <u>story</u> stocks have glowing potential, but some things that glow could be radioactive. answer: (c) story
- A6 Despite all the hand-wringing about the dangers of hedge funds, regulators have been reluctant to clamp down; the President's Working Group said that concerns about hedge funds' impact on average investors "can be best addressed through sound practices on the part of the fiduciaries that manage such vehicles." in other words, <u>caveat emptor.</u> answer: (a) caveat emptor
- A7 Rather than quoting a specific price, a fast <u>tape</u> will give a range of prices for an investment marked by the word 'fast' to indicate that the market is moving rapidly.

answer: (d) tape

- A8 The leading <u>bulge</u> bracket banks are US firms Goldman Sachs, Morgan Stanley Dean Witter and Merrill Lynch; these three are regarded as being in a super league of their own, because of the scale and quality of their work across the full range of investment banking business sectors and geographical regions. answer: (b) bulge
- A9 Much controversy surrounds the question of whether the victim of a breach of contract may seek, as an alternative to the claim for damages, the remedy of <u>disgorgement</u> of the profits secured through breach by its perpetrator. answer: (c) disgorgement
- A10 Wall Street heads toward Christmas sitting on healthy gains for 2006 after another solid week, and some analysts say the so-called Santa Claus <u>rally</u> may not be over yet: the blue-chip Dow Jones Industrial Average vaulted to a new all-time closing high Friday of 12,445.52 with a weekly gain of 1.12 percent. answer: (a) rally

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 210 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Platinum blonde

- A1 By the 1930s, platinum blonde hair was in vogue, and actresses Marian Davies and Jean Harlow personified the look of the early 1930s; oddly, hemlines went down again after the Stock Market Crash of 1929, helping to create the <u>skirt length</u> theory of economics. answer: (d) skirt length
- A2 A <u>phishing</u> attack succeeds when a user is tricked into forming an inaccurate mental model of an online interaction and thus takes actions that have effects contrary to the user's intentions. answer: (b) phishing
- A3 'The Mail on Sunday' called Andy Gilchrist, the fire union leader, a 'fat <u>cat</u>' for his 82,000 salary, but its editor-in-chief, Paul Dacre, receives a basic yearly salary of 690,000 so who's fat?
   answer: (b) cat
- A4 The Companies Act defines '<u>sweat</u> equity shares' as equity shares issued by the company to employees or directors at a discount or for consideration other than cash for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value additions.

answer: (c) sweat

- A5 A European-type payer <u>swaption</u> gives the owner the right to enter a swap at a predetermined fixed rate, where s/he pays the fixed leg of the contract and receives the floating leg, i.e. the Libor rate, at the expiration (maturity) of the option. answer: (d) swaption
- A6 Dell bucked the upward trend in hardware manufacturers by closing lower; like Apple and Gateway, the company saw <u>coverage</u> initiated by Needham & Co. though the Austin, Tx. based company was rated a 'Hold', which is a somewhat negative rating. answer: (c) coverage
- A7 Stock prices used to have a fractional component, which was generally quoted in sixteenths of a dollar (called a <u>teenie</u> by stock market insiders), but there are no major stock markets that trade in sixteenths nowadays The NYSE converted to the decimal system on January 29, 2001.
  answer: (d) teenie
- A8 The report filed with the SEC added details of the 'corporate <u>kleptocracy'</u> Black and Radler created at Hollinger: it said they treated the company as a 'piggybank' and fashion accessory, with Black using the prestige of the newspapers to gain access to the wealthy, powerful and royal.

answer: (c) kleptocracy

- A9 <u>Scalping</u> is based on an assumption that most stocks will complete the first stage of a movement; some of the stocks will cease to advance and others will continue, and the dealer intends to take as many small profits as possible, not allowing them to evaporate. answer: (a) Scalping
- A10 It was agreed that in response to the clamor of the outside public, Daniel Drew was to be officially ousted, and a <u>dummy</u> director put in his place, while he remained in actual charge of their mutual affairs; this was done at the stockholders' meeting of October 18, 1867. answer: (b) dummy

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 211 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Odd auction

- A1 <u>A Dutch</u> auction is characterized by its decreasing price mechanism: the auction starts at a relatively high price and repeatedly decreases the price until a bid is announced by one of the auction participants; the auction is then terminated and the bidder wins the auction. answer: (a) A Dutch
- A2 <u>Boomerang</u> workers were your company's onetime peak performers who left your employ for advancement opportunities elsewhere, for more salary or other reasons; with the scarcity of qualified workers, workplace demographics are putting pressure on companies to woo these former workers back.

answer: (a) Boomerang

A3 <u>Scripophily</u> is the hobby of collecting scrip such as securities, documents and ephemera issued by firms and governments in the past; usually these securities have no value as financial claims, though they may have considerable value for their artistic merit or historical interest.

answer: (c) Scripophily

A4 Futures traders frequently manipulated prices: from the end of the Civil War until 1879, <u>corners</u> (control of enough of the available supply of a commodity to manipulate its price) allegedly occurred with varying success in wheat (1878/9), corn (1868), oats (1874), rye (1868) and pork (1868).

answer: (b) corners

- A5 Each quarter, the NYSE publishes circuit <u>breaker</u> levels at 10 and 20-percent of the average value of the Dow from the prior month: if the market drops beyond these points, trading is stopped for a specified time based on the time of day when the drop occurred. answer: (b) breaker
- A6 A <u>sushi</u> bond is a bond that is not denominated in yen and is issued in any market by a Japanese financial institution; this type of bond is often bought by Japanese institutional investors.
   answer: (d) sushi
- A7 The investing method known as the <u>Dogs</u> of the Dow, is simply to buy equal dollar amounts of the ten Dow stocks with the highest yield and hold them for one year; for the last 25 years, this canine approach has compounded at an annual rate of 18%, beating the market (15%) soundly.

answer: (a) Dogs

- A8 The SEC has accused the former CFO of Lantronix Inc. of engaging in a scheme to overstate financial results for personal gain through artificially boosting sales by offering distributors special terms to induce them to purchase more product than they needed, which is called channel <u>stuffing.</u> answer: (d) stuffing
- A9 GM has terminated customer leases of the EV-1 high-tech vehicle and sent the cars to the crusher, and it has waged its <u>scorched</u> earth policy against a technological threat before: in the 1940s, it bought out the electric street car industry and burned all the cars so it could replace them with diesel buses. answer: (a) scorched
- A10 The survivorship <u>bias</u> problem has increased in recent years as mutual fund families try to bury poor performance; in 1998 alone, 387 stock and bond funds were merged out of existence, an increase of 43% over the previous year. answer: (b) bias

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 212 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Taking delivery

A1 When used of deliveries on futures contracts, the term '<u>strong</u> hands' usually means that the receiving party will probably take delivery and retain ownership of the commodity; when speaking of futures positions, the term usually means positions held by trade interests or well-financed speculators.

answer: (d) strong

A2 <u>A chameleon</u> option is an option that has the ability to change its structure, should certain pre-determined terms of the contract be met: an example would be a put option that automatically changes into an identical call option after the price of the underlying exceeds a certain price.

answer: (b) A chameleon

A3 Normally, a firm's earnings and dividends grow at some constant rate forever; one category of nonconstant growth stock is <u>a supernormal</u> growth stock, which has one or more years of growth above that of the economy as a whole, but at some point the growth rate will fall to the normal rate.

answer: (d) a supernormal

A4 <u>Control</u> securities are those held by an affiliate of the issuing company — a person, such as a director or large shareholder, who has the power to direct the management and policies of the company in question, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

answer: (a) Control

A5 In less than 40 years, the <u>BRICs</u> economies together could be larger than the G6; by 2025 they could account for over half the size of the G6, though their growth may slow significantly toward the end of the period, with only India seeing growth rates significantly above 3% by 2050.

answer: (b) BRICs

- A6 When Enron <u>cooked</u> the books, there were rightly no end of indignant columns and talk shows condemning these high-paid fraudsters who massaged the numbers to fit their agenda and bolster their bank accounts. answer: (b) cooked
- A7 A prestigious <u>seat</u> on the New York Stock Exchange is plummeting in value, and industry experts blame the decline on slower volume on the exchange, which shrinks fees, as well as thinner spreads between bid-and-ask prices for stocks traded.
   answer: (d) seat
- A8 <u>Securitization</u> involves pooling and structuring predictable cash flows, derived from the transfer and sale of assets, to an entity that is 'bankruptcy remote'; among other benefits, this is an efficient source of off-balance-sheet financing. answer: (c) Securitization
- A9 This \$1,000 compromise undermines the principle of campaign finance reform and is awkward to implement: it leads to a situation using dollars to chase <u>nickels</u>, because significant staff resources are used to try to verify that corporate subsidiaries, for example, are not being used to violate the \$1,000 rule. answer: (b) nickels
- A10 The SEC alleged that George Motz, the President of MFA, engaged in fraudulent trade allocation or '<u>cherry-picking</u>': Motz allegedly unfairly allocated trades that had appreciated in value to MFA's proprietary trading account and allocated purchases that had depreciated in value to the accounts of his advisory clients. answer: (b) cherry-picking

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 213 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Listed for destruction

A1 With the approval of the SEC, the DTCC will be taking the first steps of a multi-year initiative to eliminate non-transferable certificates and help lower expenses for holding such certificates in custody; once an issue is listed for destruction, DTC said it would <u>chill</u> all activity on that issue.

answer: (b) chill

- A2 <u>Equity</u> stripping is a type of predatory lending brought on by the housing boom: as housing prices and property taxes skyrocket, many homeowners are forced into default; the stripper, in one way or another, satisfies the loan and usually takes the title. answer: (a) Equity
- A3 The Minister of Finance pays the Royal Canadian Mint to produce and distribute all coins; it costs the Mint about 12 cents to produce and distribute a dollar coin, which generates for the government approximately 88 cents in <u>seigniorage</u> on each \$1 coin sold to financial institutions at face value.

answer: (d) seigniorage

A4 Reminiscent of the 'Asian <u>contagion</u>' triggered by Thailand in 1997, which became a full-blown financial crisis, other Asian stock indices reacted to the Thai news with sharp falls on Tuesday: the Bombay Stock Exchange's Sensitive Index dropped 2.5% and Indonesia's Jakarta Composite Index lost 2.9%.

answer: (a) contagion

A5 Yoshiaki Murakami flouted convention once again by launching a hostile takeover bid against Shoei Co., a little-known electronics and real estate company; this <u>Black</u> Knight, who heads his own M&A consulting firm, MAC Corp., lambasted Shoei's managers for the company's sluggish stock price.

answer: (a) Black

- A6 These organizations may award <u>seed</u> capital for especially promising projects that meet their guidelines: this money can be used for initial investment in a project or startup company, for proof-of-concept, market research or initial product development. answer: (d) seed
- A7 For a company, being '<u>streetable</u>' means that it is of high enough quality to have the respect of the financial district; although individuals are the ones who come to eventually own companies, a company must first impress the investment bankers and those on Wall Street to make it to the market.
  answer: (c) streetable
- A8 A <u>wash</u> is a situation in which two events or actions have the effect of nullifying each other; in terms of investment, this could be when the gains in a portfolio equal the losses.
  answer: (d) wash
- A9 <u>Com-dev</u> companies build and sell or lease commercial real-estate, software, or applications for wide-scale commercial use; they are also referred to as business-to-business (B2B) companies. answer: (b) Com-dev
- A10 Joe invests in XYZ Corp. because the stock is undervalued; it doubles in price in two months, but Joe holds on to the whole investment, hoping it will double again in the next two months, instead of selling a portion to realize a gain Joe is a <u>piggish</u> investor because he is greedy for huge gains and allows his greed to supersede his original investment strategy. answer: (b) piggish

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 214 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: The best valuator

- A1 We believe that owner/managers are the best valuators of their business, so when one is willing to trigger a <u>shotgun</u> clause, the best indication of value has been given an insider has declared his price, and we're ready to respond quickly: we can close transactions in less than 5 days of first making contact. answer: (c) shotgun
- A2 Moral <u>hazard</u> is the risk that the presence of a contract will affect on the behavior of one or more parties; the classic example is in the insurance industry, where coverage against a loss might increase the risk-taking behavior of the insured. answer: (b) hazard
- A3 <u>Straight Through</u> Processing (STP), a solution that automates the end-to-end processing of transactions for all financial instruments from initiation to resolution, is set to revolutionize the financial industry; it will streamline back office activities, leading to reduced failures, lower risks, and significantly lower costs per transaction. answer: (d) Straight Through
- A4 To complain about abusive <u>cold</u> callers, write down the name of the caller, the name of the firm, the date and time of the call or calls, what the caller said to you, and what you said to the caller; you can send your complaint to either the SEC or your state's securities regulator. answer: (a) cold
- A5 A market dominated by program trading offers lots of sharp, short-term volatility but not much in the way of long-term direction, and the short <u>squeeze</u> is well-suited to this kind of volatility, resting as it does on reading the bets that short sellers are making that specific stocks will fall and then buying the very stocks that the shorts are selling. answer: (b) squeeze
- A6 The two greatest traders that ever lived, Bertram J. Seligman and Jesse Livermore, taught that a successful manipulation must always be in the direction that the market wants to take; any other manipulation not only fails, but will also create a <u>coiled</u> market that goes further in the direction of its intention than it would have gone in the first place. answer: (a) coiled
- A7 When a market order arrives, the NYSE specialist can offer a price one tick better than the limit orders on the book and trade for his own account; alternatively, the specialist can '<u>stop</u>' the market order, which means he guarantees execution at the current quote but provides the possibility of price improvement. answer: (d) stop
- A8 Commodity markets are beginning to show early signs of inflationary trends: the Producer Price Index for October showed the largest gain in 22 months, and in addition to the <u>bulge</u> in producer prices, the Commodity Research Bureau Index (CRB) has surged 11% since July. answer: (d) bulge
- A9 Prudential's new chief executive Mark Tucker is to receive a <u>golden</u> hello of almost 500,000; Tucker, who was poached from his position as finance director at retail bank HBOS earlier this year, will be paid a special guaranteed bonus of 475,000, which the Prudential declared is a 'one-off'.

answer: (a) golden

A10 The three traders were accused of the long-forbidden practice of '<u>bucketing</u>', where a broker takes a customer's order to buy or sell soybeans or other commodities but, instead of making the transaction on the open market, the trader arranges a private rigged deal that can bring him an illegal profit.

answer: (d) bucketing

A1 Gitte Meyer of the Copenhagen Business School notes that during the past decades, swarms of scientists from a wide range of fields have migrated from their *ivory towers* and descended onto the marketplace, adapting themselves to marketing practices in the process.

answer: (a) ivory towers

A2 With surprising ease, science journalism seems to be adapting too; penduling comfortably between oldfashioned enlightenment, aimed at promoting science as a <u>common good</u>, and PR exercises, aimed at selling science on behalf of private interests.

answer: (a) common good

- A3 This development provides <u>food</u> for thought in more than one sense.
   answer: (a) food
- A4 In one respect, it prompts a critical question regarding conventional science journalism, marked by a lack of distinction <u>vis-vis</u> science popularization: does this kind of science writing in fact differ significantly from marketing practices?

answer: (d) vis-vis

A5 At first <u>glance</u> at least, there does not appear to be a big difference — if any at all — between promoting and selling.

answer: (a) glance

A6 Moreover, it prompts <u>reflection</u> on what kind of practices journalists, who are committed to enlightenment ideals about the rule of reason — ambiguous as those ideals are — should pursue in modern societies in order to keep the ideals alive.

answer: (c) reflection

- A7 Should they <u>stick</u> to conventions and simply continue to promote or to sell science?
   answer: (d) stick
- A8 Or should they acknowledge that to promote what is seen, navely perhaps, but nevertheless as a general benefit, is a far <u>cry</u> from selling the same thing, in much the same way, on behalf of vested interests? answer: (a) cry
- A9 The fundamental convention of science journalism is the convention of science transmission; that is, the prescription that journalists should relate to science by way of transporting scientific facts from scientists to a lay public for consumption.

answer: (d) prescription

A10 The convention also contains the *proscription* that journalists should not interfere in any way with the scientific facts.

answer: (d) proscription

- A1 Gitte Meyer of the Danish Centre for Bioethics explains that the fundamental convention of science journalism is that of science transmission; science journalists should not concern themselves with questions of knowledge; reflection on such questions should be strictly confined within the scientific <u>community</u>.
   answer: (a) community
- A2 From this description, it is fairly easy to spot what is similar between the convention and marketing: neither allows for sceptical and critical questions to be <u>posed</u>.
   answer: (a) posed
- A3 The convention may be seen as an <u>annex</u> to an old, unwritten contract between science and society. answer: (c) annex
- A4 That is, the at the same time <u>paradoxical</u> and pragmatic agreement that science was a valuable part of society by not being part of society: science was agreed to be, somehow, situated outside society.

answer: (d) paradoxical

A5 Residing in a remote spot, supposed to be above moral disagreement and conflicts of <u>interest</u>, science was expected to produce 'pure' knowledge, and this knowledge everybody could rely upon — exactly because it was understood to be disconnected from society.

answer: (a) interest

- A6 <u>Lines</u> of information had, however, to be established in order for the rest of society to share in the pure light of science; scientific results, thus, had to be transmitted, by scientists themselves, or by journalists. answer: (a) Lines
- A7 In the early 18th century, science was energetically promoted amongst the public: in London's <u>coffee</u> houses, lecturers offered demonstrations with globes, orreries and other instruments displaying the marvels of the clockwork universe, while performing chemical, magnetic, and electrical experiments.

answer: (a) coffee

- A8 In the spring of 1713, Newton's protg William Whiston was holding <u>forth</u> on mathematics and science at both Douglas's in St. Martin's Lane and at the Marine near the Royal Exchange.
   answer: (d) forth
- A9 In the journal 'The Spectator', Joseph Addison and Richard Steele in 1711 foresaw with delight those times "when Knowledge, instead of being <u>bound</u> up in Books, and kept in Libraries and retirement, is thus obtruded upon the Publick; when it is canvassed in every Assembly, and exposed upon every Table." answer: (a) bound
- *A10* So the convention and the practice of science transmission has quite a long history; it has been motivated by aims of 'pure' enlightenment and of spreading the *gospel* of the scientific worldview, but probably it has always been a mixed-purpose enterprise.

answer: (a) gospel

A1 To a varying degree the convention and the practice of science transmission has been motivated by aims of promoting and providing support for individual scientists, or by straightforward marketing aims — mirroring the fact that the attitude of science towards the marketplace always was one of <u>ambivalence</u>.

answer: (d) ambivalence

- A2 In the 1940s, Robert K. Merton, the American sociologist, described the values of science in this way: "Four sets of institutional imperatives universalism, communism, disinterestedness, organized scepticism comprise the <u>ethos</u> of modern science." answer: (d) ethos
- A3 By 'communism' he meant that scientific knowledge was regarded as common *property*. answer: (c) property
- A4 He remarked that "the institutional conception of science as part of the public domain is linked with the imperative for communication of findings; secrecy is the <u>antithesis</u> of this norm; full and open communication its enactment." answer: (d) antithesis
- A5 Thus, clashes between ideals about knowledge as a common good on the one hand and knowledge as an instrument and as the private property of <u>vested</u> interests on the other hand is not a new phenomenon. answer: (d) vested
- A6 The case can, indeed, be made that modern science was born with a <u>schism</u> of being connected to and alienated from the market-place at the same time.
  answer: (c) schism
- A7 H. Butterfield refers to the end of the 17th century when stating: "The passion to extend the scientific method to every branch of thought was at least equalled by the passion to make science serve the <u>cause</u> of industry and agriculture, and it was accompanied by a sort of technological fervour".
  - answer: (b) cause
- A8 Francis Bacon always laid stress on the immense utilitarian possibilities of science, and it is difficult to separate the interest shown in pure scientific truth from the curiosity in respect of useful inventions on the one part, or the inclination to <u>dabble</u> in fables and freakishness on the other.

answer: (a) dabble

- A9 A <u>tentative</u> conclusion from this brief discussion would be that ambiguity towards marketing is inherent to the convention of science transmission in the same way as ambiguity towards the marketplace is inherent to science. answer: (a) tentative
- A10 The convention is a product of ideals about knowledge as a common good, but it encompasses, at the same time, the complicated relationship between science and private interests in the marketplace; it was, so to speak, <u>born and bred</u> with frustrations regarding the issue of public and private interests in relation to knowledge. answer: (b) born and bred

- A1 Dr. Lars Perner of the Marshall School of Business reminds us that humans are <u>inherently</u> social animals, and individuals greatly influence each other.
   answer: (d) inherently
- A2 A useful framework of analysis of group influence on the individual is the so-called 'reference group' the term comes <u>about</u> because an individual uses a relevant group as a standard against which oneself is compared.

answer: (a) about

A3 Reference groups come in several different forms: the <u>aspirational</u> reference group refers to those others against whom one would like to compare oneself; for example, many firms use athletes as spokespeople, and these represent what many people would ideally like to be.

answer: (a) aspirational

A4 <u>Associative</u> reference groups include people who more realistically represent the individuals' current equals or near-equals — e.g., coworkers, neighbors, or members of churches, clubs, and organizations.

answer: (b) Associative

- A5 Finally, the <u>dissociative</u> reference group includes people that the individual would not like to be like. answer: (b) dissociative
- A6 For example, the store named 'The Gap' was created because many younger people wanted to actively be distinguished from parents and other older and '<u>uncool</u> people.
   answer: (c) uncool
- A7 The Quality Paperback Book specifically suggests in its advertising that its members are '<u>a breed apart</u> from conventional readers of popular books.

answer: (a) a breed apart

A8 Another <u>typology</u> divides reference groups into the informational kind (influence is based almost entirely on members' knowledge), normative kind (members influence what is perceived to be 'right', 'proper', or 'responsible'), or identification kind.

answer: (d) typology

A9 In case of the normative reference group, the individual tends to comply largely for <u>utilitarian</u> reasons-dressing according to company standards is likely to help your career, but there is no real motivation to dress that way outside the job.

answer: (d) utilitarian

A10 In contrast, people comply with identification groups' standards for the <u>sake</u> of belonging-for example, a member of a religious group may wear a symbol even outside the house of worship because the religion is a part of the person's identity.

answer: (c) sake

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 219 (Answer Keys) *Fixed annuities*

A1 In a fixed annuity, the insurance company guarantees the principal and a minimum rate of interest; in other words, as long as the insurance company is financially sound, the money you have in a fixed annuity will grow and will not drop in value. answer: (b) sound A2 The growth of the annuity's value and/or the benefits paid may be fixed at a dollar amount or by an interest rate, or they may grow by a specified formula. answer: (c) rate A3 And the growth of the annuity's value and/or the benefits paid does not depend directly or entirely on the performance of the investments the insurance company makes to support the annuity. answer: (b) performance Α4 Some fixed annuities credit a higher interest rate than the minimum, via a policy dividend that may be declared by the company's board of directors, if the company's actual investment, expense and mortality experience is more favorable than was expected. answer: (b) declared A5 Money in a variable annuity is invested in a fund-like a mutual fund but one open only to investors in the insurance company's variable life insurance and variable annuities. answer: (c) open A6 The fund has a particular investment objective, and the value of your money in a variable annuity and the amount of money to be paid out to you-is determined by the investment performance (net of expenses) of that fund. answer: (c) net A7 An equity-indexed annuity is a type of fixed annuity, but looks like a hybrid: it credits a minimum rate of interest, just as a fixed annuity does, but its value is also based on the performance of a specified stock index — usually computed as a fraction of that index's total return. answer: (b) hybrid A market-value-adjusted annuity is one that combines two desirable features-the ability to select and fix the time period over which your A8 annuity will grow, and the flexibility to withdraw money from the annuity before the end of the time period selected. answer: (b) over Α9 A fixed period annuity pays an income for a specified period of time; the payments depend on the amount paid into the annuity, the length of the payout period, and (if it's a fixed annuity) an interest rate that the insurance company believes it can support for the length of the pay-out period. answer: (b) support A10 A lifetime annuity provides income for the remaining life of a person (called the annuitant); no other type of financial product can promise to do this.

answer: (a) annuitant

A1 Coburn operates what they call a 'reverse <u>desk'</u> — his firm purchases a small amount of the stock, then starts selling it off through various Wall Street brokers, and when word gets out that SAC is selling, the Street goes nuts and also starts unloading big blocks; then Coburn swoops to buy.

answer: (a) desk

A2 The retired chairman of furniture maker Herman Miller, Max has long been noted for innovative management practices; for example, he instituted a silver <u>parachute</u> for employees at his company so that they would be protected if they lost their jobs as a result of a hostile takeover.

answer: (c) parachute

- A3 <u>RevPAR</u> may be more correctly defined as the total guestroom revenue per available room per day; it is typically calculated simply by multiplying a given hotel's average daily room rate (ADR) by its occupancy rate. answer: (d) RevPAR
- A4 I think you only need two kinds of people to create a <u>Silicon Valley</u>, rich people and nerds: they're the limiting reagents in the reaction that produces startups, because they're the only ones present when startups get started.

answer: (b) Silicon Valley

- A5 In the world of penny stocks, '<u>bashers</u>' are infamous for causing chaos in internet forums as they attempt to disseminate false or misleading information about companies to lower a stock's price. answer: (a) bashers
- A6 Search engines argue that nobody clicks on an ad unless they're interested; however, a lead that takes no action and leaves no contact information can't be considered more than just an advertising *impression*, and that's the basis for a meaningful comparison to publisher CPM rates.

answer: (d) impression

- A7 War <u>babies</u> is a slang term for the stocks and bonds of corporations in the defense industry. answer: (a) babies
- A8 There are losses because of the lost opportunities when a <u>sticky</u> deal just doesn't make it through; some of the common causes stem from the areas of under-funded pension plans or tax liabilities that may have originated from a prior restructuring of the target company or prior acquisition.

answer: (d) sticky

- A9 One Night <u>Stand</u> investment is buying a security with the intention of holding it for the long term, but subsequently panicking and selling it the following day.
   answer: (d) Stand
- A10 The private mezzanine debt securities used to fund middle-market companies include debt with an equity <u>kicker</u>, which is usually a contingent common equity interest, either by a way of warrants or a conversion option to which registration rights are typically attached.

answer: (a) kicker

- A1 Unlike socially responsible investors who hold strong convictions against <u>sinful</u> stocks, socially irresponsible investors, in their focus on making significant returns, are indifferent to the unethical actions of corporations.
   answer: (c) sinful
- A2 On February 25, 1862, Congress passed the first Legal Tender Act, which authorized the printing of \$150 million in Treasury notes; these bills were printed on only one side and soon became known as '*greenbacks*', and they proved to be universally popular and remarkably sound.

answer: (a) greenbacks

- A3 The best way to profit from the trend is to swap back and forth from silver to gold with the rise and fall in the gold/silver ratio; that strategy will convert a <u>sterile</u> investment into one that pays dividends, and possibly double the ounces you own over the life of the bull market. answer: (c) sterile
- A4 Smurfit Kappa, Europe's largest cardboard box manufacturer, defied stock market jitters to open at a 6 percent premium to its initial public offering price; the shares yesterday traded at 17.50 in the *grey* market ahead of its official listing next Tuesday. answer: (a) grey
- A5 Bache & Co. offers only a 25% reduction to <u>in-and-out</u> traders who are willing to make at least two transactions-one buy and one sell-in any 35-day period, and the cut applies only to the second trade, while most brokerage houses still charge about the same fees as before on small trades on a take-it-or-leave-it basis. answer: (b) in-and-out
- A6 Like so many others who tried to <u>stem</u> the tide of the oncoming Depression, Overton made some injudicious and even some unsavory investments; he lost a chunk of his business empire as he fought off bankruptcy, but managed to weather the storm and lived out his final years in financial comfort.

answer: (c) stem

A7 In an open <u>end</u> lease, you run the risk of owing extra money depending on the value of the property when you return it; this payment is often called a 'balloon payment'.

answer: (c) end

- A8 Using <u>netback</u> pricing, the producer-processor starts with the sales price of the processed gas or products, and then subtracts certain costs (such as capital, operating, processing, taxes and transportation) to determine value of the gas when production is complete. answer: (b) netback
- A9 Banks surged 3.21 percent, Leasing soared 8.0 percent, Industrials were 0.84 percent up, Construction ended 2.83 percent higher, Miscellaneous rose 1.05 percent, Holding jumped 3.66 percent, but Insurance and Investment <u>bucked</u> the trend to end 0.56 and 0.85 percent down respectively. answer: (b) bucked
- A10 The rumor of the weekend, of course, was that Cisco was hanging out in Finland kicking the <u>tires</u> on a huge potential merger with Nokia, but it seems unlikely that Nokia would ever agree to such a deal unless the asking price is too good to be true. answer: (d) tires

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 222 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Phone rules

A1 The NYSE will approve the maintenance of such telephone lines only at the booth location of a member or member organization; the Exchange will not approve the use of a portable telephone on the Floor. answer: (a) booth A2 In financial markets, they call it 'the Greenspan put — a belief that if stock or bond prices fall too much, the FRB will help prop them up with quick interest rate cuts to pump more cash into the system; but this confidence is a worrisome legacy after his nearly 18 years helping to steer the economy. answer: (d) put A3 Mark Mobius, who manages one of the biggest emerging markets stock mutual funds for FT Investments, said he has bought shares across the board because of opportunities created by a recent slump in global markets; Mobius said he bought shares in Taiwan, Turkey, Brazil, Mexico, Russia and India. answer: (a) board A4 The Peter Lynch strategy, based on John Reese's analysis of Lynch's writings, considers SC a true 'stalwart' company, as its earnings growth of 14.71 percent lies within the moderate 10 percent to 19 percent range and its annual sales of \$129.3 billion are in the multi-billion dollar level. answer: (c) stalwart A5 The yen and the Swiss franc were the big winners, with both currencies surging as global equities took a pounding; David Woo at Barclays Capital said the 'flight to quality' had had a limited impact on risky assets, but that a sell-off in Asian equities suggested that risk reduction was becoming more widespread. answer: (a) flight A6 The doomsday call price is calculated by assigning pre-determined Government of Canada yield plus a specified number of basis points to the bond; these issues are at a higher risk of being retired during a falling interest rate and when improvements in the issuing company's fiscal situation lead to a re-evaluation of liabilities. answer: (d) doomsday A7 Frederick Mates, whose \$32 million Mates Investment Fund has risen 153% in per-share asset value since the beginning of 1968, the highest growth rate of any fund, is the personification of self-confidence: on one wall of his office, he keeps a framed parody of an old Wall Street slogan: 'Invest, Then Investigate'. answer: (b) Investigate The term 'mortgage dollar roll' covers a variety of transactions that involve an agreement to transfer a mortgage pass-through security in A8 exchange for cash, generally at some future date. answer: (a) dollar A9 I do not think it premature to conclude that the entire financial industry of this country is riddled with fraud; as Newsweek observed, this is not a case of a few bad apples, it's the Cockroach Theory - you see one, you know there's a whole nest of the disgusting Dictyoptera. answer: (b) Cockroach A10 Permanent Insiders are prohibited from purchasing or selling Company securities except as specifically permitted by this Policy; permanent insiders consist of the Company's (a) directors, (b) executive officers and (c) those employees who will be deemed to have ongoing exposure to material insider information because of the nature of their jobs. answer: (b) material

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 223 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Compensation

- A1 A golden <u>life jacket</u> is an exceptional compensation package offered by an acquiring company to the top executives of the company being bought, meant to keep them interested in retaining their positions; but it may not be in the best interests of shareholders. answer: (b) life jacket
- A2 The <u>Chinese Wall</u> policy combines commercial discretion with legally enforceable mandatory controls; it is required in the operation of many financial services organizations and is, therefore, perhaps as significant to the financial world as Bell-LaPadula's policies are to the military. answer: (a) Chinese Wall
- A3 In the first quarter of fiscal 2007, Adobe achieved revenue of \$649.4 million and earnings per share were \$0.30; the consensus estimates were for \$655 million in revenue and \$0.29 in eps, which means that for the quarter Adobe missed on the <u>top</u> line but more than made it up by controlling expenses.
   answer: (d) top

answer. (u) top

A4 Securities held by a brokerage firm that meet specific qualifications are used as collateral for securing brokers' loans or customers' margin positions; they are held in safekeeping for clients of a broker/dealer or for the broker/dealer itself in a physical location known as the 'active <u>box</u>'.

answer: (a) box

- A5 The Commission's Order finds that various NYSE specialists repeatedly engaged in unlawful proprietary trading, which took various forms, including *interpositioning* the firms' dealer accounts between customer orders and trading ahead for their dealer accounts in front of executable agency orders on the same side of the market. answer: (d) interpositioning
- A6 A <u>sluggish</u> economy has left many private golf clubs desperate for new members; stagnant growth of golf participation during the past five years, a surplus of private courses and the recession are prime reasons this is one of the best buyer's markets for private golf in recent memory.

answer: (c) sluggish

- A7 The inter-relation of economic empire <u>building</u>, both in terms of control over overseas markets and enterprises, is closely linked to domestic policies: tax cuts for the corporation and rich increase capital for export, and privatized social security adds billions in profits for Wall Street investment banks.
  answer: (a) building
- A8 Given that we approach the holiday season and that ANZ has potential further upside, a trading strategy referred to as <u>a Christmas Tree</u> may be an appropriate strategy for this stock; this option strategy involves buying a call option and selling two call options all with different strike prices.

answer: (a) a Christmas Tree

- A9 This book highlights advanced technologies that might help you make decisions on when to buy or sell stocks, track their ups and downs, and analyze your portfolio, while you're at it; but don't forget, though they might give a bit of techie buzz to investing, there are limits to what <u>rocket</u> science can do to help investors. answer: (c) rocket
- A10 <u>Winding</u> up is a process where the company's assets will be gathered and will be used to pay all debts, and the balance for the cost of this process will be distributed among the shareholders according to their interests in the company. answer: (c) Winding

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 224 (Answer Keys) Business buzzwords: Last increment bidding

A1 The data clearly illustrate that some of the participants in the PJM market are bidding their capacity at well above production costs; the bids include prices approaching 1,000 \$/MW, and they also show the so-called '<u>hockey</u> stick' bidding of the last increment of capacity at a very high price.

answer: (b) hockey

- A2 I tell my broker, "Buy Soybeans at 662.50," but then I find out I was filled at 663.00, two ticks off my price: the two ticks is called *slippage*. answer: (d) slippage
- A3 When the pot is <u>clean</u>, the underwriter has no more of the issue to sell to interested investors; if there is still interest in the issue and nothing left for an underwriter to offer, it is probable that the issue was underpriced and oversubscribed. answer: (b) clean
- A4 A leader in sales & contact management since 1995 with over 1 million users worldwide, <u>Maximizer</u> Sales Contact Manager makes it easy to succeed by effectively managing your time, customers, and sales.
   answer: (a) Maximizer
- A5 The All Industry index may spark some interest, but the most meaningful event will not come from the calendar but rather from the completion of the G-20 meeting: if the *FinMins* make any aggressive comments about yen weakness, USD/JPY may be in for more selling as the week progresses.

answer: (a) FinMins

- A6 Here, we emphasize the reaction of holders of preferred stock to the call announcement, and examine their decision to sell the convertible rather than convert it; this <u>clientele</u> effect explains the increase in trading volume and also has important spillover effects into the market-making activity in the underlying common stock. answer: (a) clientele
- A7 Firms are throwing millions of dollars at university IP portfolios without regard to what is actually in the portfolio are we seeing another <u>lemming</u> investment strategy that will take us to another nanotech bubble bursting because they are ill-informed and believe nanotech is still so far off for ROI that only IP is available? answer: (d) lemming
- A Pork <u>Chop</u> is an arrangement on the floor of the NYSE whereby clerks cover the booth of a floor broker and accept orders, phone calls, and associated tasks; this arrangement is beneficial to the floor brokers as it allows them to handle business outside the floor while still taking orders and maintaining trading requirements. answer: (b) Chop
- A9 Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 stipulates that once someone obtains five percent of a firm's stock, that person has 10 days to file a disclosure form; but during this period, the potential bidder can continue to make open market purchases, so <u>toehold</u> purchases may be larger than 5% of a target firm. answer: (c) toehold
- A10 RBC Dominion Securities is accused of <u>wash</u> trading in shares of the firm's parent, Royal Bank of Canada; four of its traders are accused of buying and selling \$33 million worth of shares at the same time improperly taking both sides of the trades to cut risks they faced because of a series of trading errors and misunderstandings. answer: (d) wash

A1 Dr. Hossein Arsham of the University of Baltimore explains that in this diverse world of ours, no two things are exactly the same, and a statistician is interested in both the differences and the similarities; i.e., both <u>departures</u> and patterns.

answer: (a) departures

A2 The <u>actuarial</u> tables published by insurance companies reflect their statistical analysis of the average life expectancy of men and women at any given age.

answer: (a) actuarial

- A3 From these numbers, the insurance companies then calculate the appropriate <u>premiums</u> for a particular individual to purchase a given amount of insurance.
   answer: (d) premiums
- A4 The more widely used descriptive statistical techniques are: Frequency Distribution, <u>*Histograms*</u>, Boxplot, Scattergrams and Error Bar plots, and diagnostic plots.

answer: (a) Histograms

A5 In examining distribution of data, you should be able to detect important characteristics, such as shape, location, variability, and unusual values, and from careful observations of patterns in data, you can generate <u>conjectures</u> about relationships among variables.

answer: (a) conjectures

A6 The notion of how one variable may be associated with another <u>permeates</u> almost all of statistics, from simple comparisons of proportions through linear regression.

answer: (c) permeates

- A7 From the data collection plan, a statistical model can be formulated from which inferences can be <u>drawn</u>. answer: (a) drawn
- As an example of statistical modeling with managerial implications, such as 'what-if' analysis, <u>consider</u> regression analysis.

answer: (b) consider

A9 Frequently, for example, the marketing managers are faced with the question, 'What sample size do I need?' — this is an important and common statistical decision, which should be given <u>due</u> attention, since an inadequate sample size invariably leads to wasted resources.

answer: (c) due

A10 Your organization database contains a wealth of information, yet the decision technology group members can usually *tap* only a fraction of it.

answer: (a) tap

A1 Carter McNamara explains that views on management have changed <u>substantially</u> over the past century — particularly in the past few decades.

answer: (d) substantially

A2 The Scientific Management Theory (1890-1940): At the <u>turn</u> of the century, the most notable organizations were large and industrialized, and often they included ongoing, routine tasks that manufactured a variety of products.

answer: (d) turn

- A3 The United States highly <u>prized</u> scientific and technical matters, including careful measurement and specification of activities and results, so management tended to be the same.
   answer: (c) prized
- A4 Frederick Taylor developed the 'scientific management theory', which <u>espoused</u> this careful specification and measurement of all organizational tasks.

answer: (c) espoused

- A5 Tasks were standardized as much as possible, and workers were rewarded and punished; this approach appeared to work well for organizations with <u>assembly</u> lines and other mechanistic, routinized activities. answer: (a) assembly
- A6 The Bureaucratic Management Theory (1930-1950): Max Weber <u>embellished</u> the scientific management theory, focussing on dividing organizations into hierarchies to establish strong lines of authority and control; he suggested organizations develop comprehensive and detailed standard operating procedures for all routinized tasks.

answer: (b) embellished

A7 The Human Relations Movement (1930-today): Eventually, unions and government regulations reacted to the rather <u>dehumanizing</u> effects of these theories, and more attention was given to individuals and their unique capabilities in the organization.

answer: (c) dehumanizing

A major belief included that the organization would prosper if its workers prospered as <u>well</u>, and Human Resource departments were added to organizations. well much before possible answer: (d) well

A9 The behavioral sciences played a strong role in helping to understand the needs of workers and how the needs of the organization and its workers could be better <u>aligned.</u>

answer: (a) aligned

A10 Various new theories were <u>spawned</u>, many based on the behavioral sciences (some had names like theory 'X', 'Y' and 'Z').

answer: (d) spawned

A1 Carter McNamara explains that contemporary theories of management tend to account for and help interpret the rapidly changing nature of today's organizational environments; as before in management history, these theories are <u>prevalent</u> in other sciences as well.

answer: (d) prevalent

A2 Contingency theory asserts that when managers make a decision, they must take into <u>account</u> all aspects of the current situation and act on those aspects that are key to the situation at hand: basically, it's the approach of 'it depends'.

answer: (a) account

- A3 For example, if one is leading troops in the Persian Gulf, an <u>autocratic</u> style is probably best, but if one is leading a hospital or university, a more participative and facilitative leadership style is probably preferred. answer: (b) autocratic
- A4 In systems theory, a system is a collection of parts <u>unified</u> to accomplish an overall goal; if one part of the system is removed, the nature of the system is changed as well.

answer: (a) unified

A5 For example, a pile of sand is not a system, because if one removes a sand particle, you've still got a pile of sand; on the other hand, a functioning car is a system because if you remove the <u>carburetor</u>, you've no longer got a working car.

answer: (a) carburetor

A6 Systems theory has brought about a significant change, or <u>paradigm</u> shift, in the way management studies and approaches organizations.

answer: (a) paradigm

A7 Chaos theory recognizes that events indeed are rarely controlled; theorists suggest that systems naturally go to more complexity, and as they do so, these systems become more <u>volatile</u> (or susceptible to cataclysmic events) and must expend more energy to maintain that complexity.

answer: (c) volatile

As they expend more energy, they seek more structure to maintain stability, and this trend continues until the system splits, combines with another complex system or falls <u>apart</u> entirely.

answer: (a) apart

A9 The main <u>precept</u> behind this theory is the underlying notion of small occurrences significantly affecting the outcomes of seemingly unrelated events.

answer: (a) precept

*A10* Related to financial markets, proponents of chaos theory believe that price is the very last thing to change for a stock, bond, or some other security, and that price changes can be determined through <u>stringent</u> mathematical equations.

answer: (c) stringent

- A1 Robert W. Price writes that the entrepreneurial life cycle repeats itself in businesses of all sizes, from start-ups in a <u>garage</u> to corporate entrepreneurship activities in global Fortune 500 companies.
   answer: (a) garage
- A2 It starts with an entrepreneur who perceives an opportunity, creates an organization to pursue it, assembles the required resources, implements a practical plan, and <u>assumes</u> the risks and the rewards, all in a timely manner for all involved.

answer: (a) assumes

- A3 This is the significant difference that <u>sets</u> entrepreneurial management apart from other business management practices: in almost all cases, the person making the decisions has personal risk at stake. answer: (d) sets
- A4 The worst-case <u>scenario</u> for folks 'at work' is getting fired; the worst case for entrepreneurs is losing their home, personal credit, and lifestyle, as well as the destruction of family relationships.

answer: (d) scenario

A5 We define entrepreneurial management as the practice of taking entrepreneurial knowledge and utilizing it for increasing the effectiveness of new business <u>venturing</u> as well as operating small- and medium-sized businesses.

answer: (c) venturing

A6 The heart of entrepreneurial management is continually *juggling* these vital management issues: the mission and values statement, the goals and objectives, growth strategy, people and resources, organizational capabilities, financing strategy, and its vision of success.

answer: (d) juggling

- A7 These vital management issues and activities play <u>out</u> in what we call the entrepreneurial life cycle. answer: (c) out
- A8 It was once said that entrepreneurship is a lot like driving fast on an icy road, but we prefer to think of entrepreneurship as less <u>reckless</u> and more methodical.

answer: (d) reckless

A9 Entrepreneurship is a continual problem-solving process; it is like putting together a huge *jigsaw* puzzle; at first pieces will seem to be missing, obscure, or not clearly recognizable.

answer: (c) jigsaw

A10 Size, profitability, commitment, complexity, scale of organizational structure, decrease in risk, increase in value, and decrease in <u>founders'</u> involvement characterize each stage of the entrepreneurial life cycle.
 answer: (c) founders'

- A1 Opportunity Recognition: This <u>gestation</u> period is quite literally the 'pre-start' analysis; it often occurs over a considerable period of time ranging from one month to ten years.
   answer: (d) gestation
- A2 Opportunity Focusing: This is a 'sanity check', a go/no-go stage gate for part-time entrepreneurs because it <u>fleshes</u> out shaky ideas and exposes gaping holes.

answer: (c) fleshes

A3 It is important to include objective, <u>outside</u> viewpoints because different people can investigate the same opportunity and come to opposite conclusions.

answer: (d) outside

A4 Commitment of Resources: Most entrepreneurs see commitment as incorporating their business or quitting their <u>day</u> job.

answer: (a) day

A5 But this stage actually starts with developing the business plan; the process will take between 200 to 300 hours, so squeezing that amount of time *into* evenings and weekends can make this stage stretch over three to twelve months.

answer: (a) into

A6 Market Entry: The entrepreneur is committed with a very simple organization, the resources were correctly <u>allocated</u> according to the business plan, and the first sales were made.

answer: (a) allocated

A7 If the business model was profitable, reasonable objectives were met, and the venture is on track for attaining true economic health, then the entrepreneur can chose between a capital <u>infusion</u> for growth or remaining small with self-financing.

answer: (a) infusion

A8 Full Launch and Growth: Or the venture could remain small, for the simple fact that not all small ventures can or will become big companies; they are not fast growth potential because there is not enough room in the market for growth or their production and management systems are not *scalable*.

answer: (d) scalable

A9 Maturity and Expansion: Now the venture is a market leader at cruising altitude; this professional management team is implementing the venture's growth strategy through global expansion, acquisitions, and mergers as cash is plentiful and inefficiencies are completely <u>flushed</u> out.

answer: (a) flushed

A10 Liquidity Event: This <u>harvesting</u> stage is focused on capturing the value created in the previous stages through a business exit; typical exits are an initial public offering or being acquired by a larger publicly traded corporation.

answer: (b) harvesting

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 230 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: The 'Book'

A1 On the NYSE and ASE, the specialist determines the <u>opening</u> price by looking at his 'book'; he is supposed to select the one price that clears out the maximum number of orders; i.e. by looking at the buy and sell offers and choosing a single price that will execute the most orders (shares).

answer: (c) opening

A2 UBS Warburg strategist George Vasic said conversations with soccer moms are good places to gather anecdotal research; "typically, it's a lagging *indicator*," he says, "if they're asking me about resource or tech stocks, you know the phenomenon has run its course and has already peaked."

answer: (b) indicator

- A3 Traditionally, there is a premium in which the leading television station gains a bigger share of the advertising market than its audience share hence the name of this effect among media buyers, 'the power <u>ratio</u>'.
   answer: (c) ratio
- A4 The stock market has done a remarkable swoon, reducing some sectors to '<u>drill</u> bit' stocks (you know... 3/8, 1/2, 3/4) and it would appear (if you read, watch or listen to much of the media reports) that we are in for even more troubling times. answer: (a) drill
- A5 Michael Lee Davis of Plano was convicted Wednesday of felony charges that identified him as the ringleader of a 'clean <u>sheeting</u>' scam that led insurance companies to issue more than \$5 million worth of life insurance policies to people with life-threatening illnesses. answer: (b) sheeting
- A6 Nuclear investigators from the US and other nations now believe that the <u>black</u> market network run by the Pakistani scientist A. Q. Khan was selling not only technology for enriching nuclear fuel, but also some of the darkest of the bomb makers' arts: the engineering secrets needed to fabricate nuclear warheads. answer: (a) black
- A7 I do have a big problem with the fact that Yahoo! has failed to articulate a clear strategy about how the company will be dominant for years to come independently; doing lots of <u>ankle-biter</u> acquisitions is not a strategy (although I like and use MyBlogLog, Flickr, del.icio.us). answer: (a) ankle-biter
- A8 To announce that a forex trader wants to buy he/she may say or type '<u>Mine</u>'; this would also be known as taking the offer. answer: (d) Mine
- A9 I've been trying to understand why General Motors is so oppressed by <u>legacy</u> costs, and I think I finally have got it: GM, a company with 300,000 employees, is supporting the number of retirees appropriate for a company with a workforce of 800,000, almost triple the size.
   answer: (a) legacy
- A10 The <u>tombstone</u> for the Google IPO appeared in 'The Wall Street Journal' on September 15, 2004; it showed an IPO date of August 18, 2004, the day the issue was priced, and a total sale of 22,534,678 Class A shares, somewhat less than the full overallotment would have produced.

answer: (d) tombstone

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 231 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: A Rounding Bottom

- A1 Traders like the rounding bottom in <u>a J. Lo</u> stock pattern because it can be an indication of a positive market reversal, meaning expectations are gradually shifting from bearish to bullish.
   answer: (a) a J. Lo
- A2 Given the very limited number of buyers for such a large block, Gates would be in a weak bargaining position; he might have to sell the stock diffusely in the market or accept a *fire-sale* price for the block, but in either scenario, he would not achieve full value for his block of shares.

answer: (b) fire-sale

- A3 Less than a year ago, Gary B. Pruitt, the head of the McClatchy Company, was hailed as the <u>white</u> knight of newspapers; while others saw the industry headed for the dinosaur graveyard, Mr. Pruitt rode in to buy the Knight Ridder papers, or some of them anyway. answer: (d) white
- A4 The American democracy has been stolen by a new class of <u>robber</u> barons, the CEOs of our big corporations: a political system dependent on charity from rich men in hand-tailored suits with \$100 million retirement packages is no democracy; it is a kleptocracy and is not what our founding fathers envisioned. answer: (d) robber
- A5 When starting for the first time, should you invest all your money at once, or <u>filter</u> feed it into your portfolio? one study shows that anyone investing a lump sum in one go would have done better up till now than someone making regular staged payments because the capital would have had longer to grow. answer: (c) filter
- A6 As suggested by Michaely and Womack (1999), analysts may commit to provide a *booster* shot by increasing the strength of their recommendation in the face of an unfavorable market response to the IPO.
   answer: (a) booster
- A7 Government regulations prevent tips from <u>dips</u>, like corporate executives and board members, for the purpose of profiting off virtually guaranteed changes in a stock's price once the news hits the street; anyone with decent insider information is prevented from profiting from it on the open market.

answer: (a) dips

- A8 In the early 1990s, Anglamark was the first organic alternative in all food categories, covering 80% of products, and this gave Coop a <u>first-</u> <u>mover</u> advantage, but not for very long — because some competitors complied with the minimum environmental requirements only, they were soon able to offer products at lower prices. answer: (d) first-mover
- A9 <u>An alligator</u> spread is a position consisting of a combination of put options and call options that collectively create commissions so high that it is almost impossible to turn a profit regardless of which direction the underlier moves; the term originates from the idea of the spread 'eating the investor alive'. answer: (b) An alligator
- A10 Nick Kochan, investigative reporter, describes techniques used by the launderers, such as '<u>smurfing</u>', where large sums of money are broken up into small amounts that can be deposited into banking systems without arousing suspicion. answer: (b) smurfing

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 232 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Largest Vendor

- A1 SAP tech honcho Agassi resigns: The world's largest enterprise software application vendor announced on Wednesday that Shai Agassi is departing at the end of the week as president of SAP's product and technology group. answer: (a) honcho
- A2 True investors will look beneath the surface before they risk their hard earned capital - I mean, really do you expect that I'd dump years' worth of research & DD so I could get into the latest momo play? answer: (c) momo
- A3 D-day finally arrived last week for the Washington Public Power Supply System: with its coffers almost empty, Whoops, as everyone now calls the agency, formally declared that it could not repay \$2.25 billion in bonds used to finance partial construction of two now abandoned nuclear power plants in Washington State.

answer: (c) Whoops

Robert Rubin, the US treasury secretary, is making contingency plans for a possible government funding crisis later this month; the word A4 is that he's planning to issue a new tranche of paper — the Gingrich bond, which has no maturity, the Dole bond, with no interest, and the Clinton bond, with no principal. answer: (c) Clinton

- A5 Although the transition from a regulated, inflation-ridden environment to a low-inflation free market provided a boon to investors that may be difficult to extend into the future, it does show us the economic conditions that are conducive to high investor returns. answer: (d) boon
- A6 There is still a compelling case for mid-caps, as they offer more room for growth than larger companies and greater safety and stability than smaller companies.

answer: (b) mid-caps

A7 Because this is not an exact science, most investment managers work with several risk categories; these categories are summaries of how the investor feels about investment risk, how much downside market fluctuations can be tolerated, and how much they expect to profit when the markets are going up.

answer: (a) downside

- A8 EXFO Electro-Optical Engineering Inc. announced today it has filed a registration statement with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and a preliminary prospectus with the securities commissions in each Canadian province relating to a proposed initial public offering of 6,000,000 shares of its subordinate voting shares. answer: (c) prospectus
- A9 A financial blog is an online journal that provides news and information on the finance industry, commenting on news and information, also providing stock analysis based on both fundamental and technical principles; the style is more casual than an article and often reflects the personal opinion of the its writer. answer: (a) blog

A10 Energy is Regent's largest industry bet, at 27 percent of assets, including hydroelectric power companies in Kyrgyzstan. answer: (b) bet

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 233 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Currency Trading

- A1 Banks and trading platforms are competing to get a bigger slice of the rapidly expanding business of <u>anonymous</u> currency trading, where investors buy and sell without revealing their identity to the market. answer: (a) anonymous
- A2 The dot-com <u>bubble</u> ended when the NASDAQ Composite index peaked at 5,048, more than double its value a year earlier, and what followed was a bloodbath of layoffs and consolidation caused by 'dot bombs' companies launched with great exuberance to grab as much Internet real estate as they could without mounting a successful revenue model. answer: (a) bubble
- A3 The 1929 stock market crash itself, though large in its own right, was nothing compared to the ensuing *graveyard* market and devastating depression.

answer: (d) graveyard

- A4 General Motors Corp. Chief Executive G. Richard Wagoner would love to snare stylish Italian sports car maker Alfa Romeo from its floundering parent, Fiat Auto, in which GM has a 20% stake: "The Alfa brand is like a sleeping <u>beauty</u>," says one Fiat senior executive, "We can reactivate it with new models."
   answer: (b) beauty
- A5 A Euroland corporate raised financing for a power station project, but the gas-fired plant was exposed to the risk of a rise in gas prices, and the power tariff was linked to the European inflation index; so ABN AMRO structured and traded a <u>roller-coaster</u> swap with the corporate, matching the profile of the corporate's loan. answer: (d) roller-coaster
- A6 Georgia Pacific was especially frustrating to bondholders, as the \$2.6 billion of post-junk rated issues were tendered, while the legacy investment-grade fallen <u>angel</u> bonds dropped by 12 points after double-A plus rated (buyer) Koch Industries said it would not guarantee the Georgia Pacific bonds.

answer: (a) angel

- A7 More than a hundred companies in America are seeking to redefine the <u>bottom</u> line moving away from conventional corporate accounting, where the only consideration is profit, to one that also includes the social and environmental impact the company is having. answer: (a) bottom
- A8 Financial News USA news distribution services will get your Virtual <u>Road</u> Show in front of potential investors, both retail and institutional: our press release enhancement services give you expanded coverage on the wires as well as the ability to target specific groups via our EmailWire and FaxWire services. answer: (c) Road
- A9 No image better represents the United States stock markets than the <u>ticker tape</u>: the little one-inch-wide strip of paper is as synonymous with following the performance of stocks and their markets as it is with heroes' welcomes and parades. answer: (d) ticker tape
- A10 If you're about to launch into the world of <u>ecommerce</u>, or want to boost an existing site's revenue in the coming months, this article is for you.

answer: (b) ecommerce

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 234 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Price Fixing

- A1 The US Congress passed the Sherman <u>Antitrust</u> Act in 1890, and most if not all states have comparable statutes prohibiting monopolistic conduct, price fixing agreements, and other acts in restraint of trade having strictly local impact. answer: (a) Antitrust
- A2 Both parents in a <u>dewk</u> household want to work fewer hours, but that kind of cutback can mean jeopardizing advancement, so usually one partner works to maintain a career (usually the man) while the other parent scales back the career to provide child care (usually the woman).

answer: (b) dewk

- A3 The broker has to know when to accept a counterparty's price quotation and get the trade done: there are times when a broker just has to lift the offer or <u>hit</u> the bid, particularly if the futures market is rocking and rolling if a glance at the board shows the numbers continually changing, it's not the time to try to finesse the prices.
  answer: (a) hit
- A4 Known as 'the Oracle of Omaha', <u>Warren Buffett</u> is Chairman of Berkshire Hathaway and arguably the greatest investor of all time; his wealth fluctuates with the performance of the market, but for the last few years he has been reported to be worth over \$30 billion, making him the second richest man in the world. answer: (d) Warren Buffett
- A5 We can feast away on stocks that the big boys might like but don't bother with since a few grams of profit won't help them at all; our goal is to find the most promising small companies that one day will grow large enough to attract the <u>elephant</u> investors. answer: (b) elephant
- A6 Most 'sell-side' active management investment firms produce long term excess returns of zero, blurred by a short term noise band which is sometimes positive, and sometimes negative; in George A. Ackerlof's terms, these firms are <u>lemons</u>. answer: (c) lemons
- A7 Under normal operation environment, the <u>closing</u> price of a stock on the HKE is determined by taking the median of 5 nominal prices in the last minute of the trading hours: the system will take up 5 snapshots on the nominal prices at 15-second interval starting from 3:59:00 p.m. answer: (b) closing
- A8 The <u>Monday</u> effect is related to the weekend market analysis performed by millions of investors and traders: many people think 'linearly', and they believe in trends. answer: (d) Monday
- A9 The more drastic poison pill methods involve taking on large debts that the acquiring company would have to pay off; in rare cases, a company decides that it would rather go out of business than be acquired, so they intentionally rack up enough debt to force bankruptcy this is known as the <u>Jonestown</u> Defense. answer: (b) Jonestown
- A10 Kellogg Company has a rich history of corporate <u>social</u> responsibility, a history that has grown and evolved to meet the complexities of today's business world and the challenges of a global society; our founder, W.K. Kellogg, sought to "invest my money in people", and that legacy continues to guide our company and our people. answer: (c) social

Donald R. Clark explains that the organization's base rests on management's philosophy, values, vision and A1 goals. answer: (b) rests A2 This in turn drives the organizational culture, which is composed of the formal organization, informal organization, and the social environment. answer: (a) drives A3 The culture determines the type of leadership, communication, and group dynamics within the organization. answer: (a) dynamics A4 The workers perceive this as the quality of work life which directs their degree of motivation, and the final outcomes are performance, individual satisfaction, and personal growth and development. answer: (c) satisfaction A5 In the autocratic organizational model, the basis is power with a managerial orientation of authority, while the employees are oriented towards obedience and dependence on the boss. answer: (b) obedience A6 The employee need that is met is subsistence, and the performance result is *minimal*. answer: (c) minimal A7 In the custodial organizational model, the basis is economic resources with a managerial orientation of money , while the employees are oriented towards security and benefits and dependence on the organization. answer: (c) money The employee need that is met is security, and the performance result is *passive* cooperation. A8 answer: (a) passive A9 In the supportive organizational model, the basis is leadership with a managerial orientation of support, while the employees are oriented towards job performance and participation. answer: (c) support A10 In the collegial organizational model, the basis is partnership with a managerial orientation of teamwork, while the employees are oriented towards responsible behavior and self-discipline.

answer: (d) self-discipline

A1 Clark's 'Big Dog's Leadership Page' remarks that although there are four separate organizational models, almost no organization operates exclusively in one; there will usually be a <u>predominant</u> one, with one or more areas overlapping in the other models.

answer: (c) predominant

A2 The first model, autocratic, had its roots in the industrial revolution, and the managers of this type of organization <u>operate</u> out of McGregor's Theory X.

answer: (c) operate

A3 The next three models begin to build on McGregor's Theory Y; they have each evolved over a period of time and there is no *one* 'best' model.

answer: (a) one

- A4 A social system is a complex set of human relationships interacting in many ways; within an organization, the social system includes all the people in it and their relationships to each other and to the <u>outside</u> world.
   answer: (b) outside
- A5 Also, the social system does not have <u>boundaries</u>; it exchanges goods, ideas, culture, etc. with the environment around it.

answer: (a) boundaries

A6 Culture is the conventional behavior of a society that <u>encompasses</u> beliefs, customs, knowledge, and practices.

answer: (d) encompasses

A7 It influences human behavior, even though it seldom enters *into* their conscious thought.

answer: (c) into

A8 People depend on culture, as it gives them stability, security, understanding, and the ability to <u>respond</u> to a given situation.

answer: (d) respond

A9 Individualization is when employees successfully <u>exert</u> influence on the social system by challenging the culture.

answer: (c) exert

*A10* The match that organizations want to create is high socialization and high individualization for a creative environment, but this can become quite a balancing *act*.

answer: (a) act

- A1 Ope Agbaje, an ABS analyst at CSAM, comments that traditional approaches to asset allocation have tended to focus on packaging together risk and return into one portfolio in the pursuit of <u>outperformance</u>.
   answer: (c) outperformance
- A2 However, there has more recently been a gradual shift towards separating out these two key components into <u>distinct</u> strategies, whereby the portfolio is composed of highly risk-controlled 'core' products, combined with more flexible satellite' products that are focused on alpha generation.

answer: (a) distinct

A3 This asset allocation strategy is typically composed of a core portfolio that incorporates strategies invested against liquid benchmarks and managed within very <u>tight</u> risk parameters.

answer: (d) tight

A4 Such core strategies include traditional equity and fixed income products that are either passively or actively managed against benchmarks such as the S&P 500 and the JP Morgan Government Bond Index, *respectively.* 

answer: (d) respectively

A5 The satellite portion allows the investor to select more aggressive and often less liquid strategies that have <u>lower</u> correlations with the core component and provide the portfolio manager with the flexibility to generate attractive returns.

answer: (d) lower

- A6 Within this space, investors have the opportunity to add more specialist asset classes, including absolute return products, hedge funds, commodities and property depending on individual risk <u>budgets</u>.
   answer: (b) budgets
- Within the fixed income world, a broad range of innovative alpha generating strategies can be employed as the satellite component of a <u>diversified</u> portfolio.
   answer: (d) diversified
- A8 However, while investors are becoming more familiar with asset classes such as convertibles, high yield and emerging <u>market</u> debt, a number of new credit products also make attractive satellite components. answer: (c) market
- A9 One asset class that is beginning to receive more <u>attention</u> is asset backed securities (ABS). answer: (a) attention
- A10 These products have been developed from a financing technique called <u>securitization</u>, whereby a company will pool its assets together to guarantee the issuance of bonds, which are then sold to investors.
   answer: (b) securitization

- A1 Ope Agbaje, the ABS analyst at CSAM, goes on to explain that there are a number of important advantages for investors <u>holding</u> asset backed securities.
   answer: (b) holding
- A2 Firstly, they gain exposure to a liquid, fixed income investment in a diversified pool of assets, such as auto loans, which make <u>an attractive</u> alternative to a corporate bond or other fixed income investment.
   answer: (b) an attractive
- A3 In some cases *illiquid* assets, or assets which investors would not ordinarily have access to, such as loans to small and medium enterprises, make up the pool of assets.

answer: (c) illiquid

A4 However, unlike unsecured bonds, which are fully dependent on the operating, payment ability and ultimately bankruptcy risk of a company, asset backed securities to various degrees tend to be <u>removed</u> (fully or partly) from those risks.

answer: (d) removed

A5 Typically, they are legally separated from the originator and rely entirely on the performance of the ring-fenced assets, transferred and *pledged* as bond collateral.

answer: (b) pledged

A6 Simply put, the investor buying the securities is not <u>exposed</u> to the credit risk associated with originator of the assets and, thus, ABS bonds represent one of the more secure forms of fixed income securities from a credit quality standpoint.

answer: (c) exposed

A7 A number of ABS issues also benefit from external protection in the form of insurance, such as a credit enhancement provider that ensures the quality of the issue, as well as a liquidity provider that covers certain cashflow <u>shortfalls.</u>

answer: (c) shortfalls

A8 A further benefit for the investor is that the risk associated with consumer credits, such as credit cards and home loans, can be more easily calculated using advanced quantitative techniques, without the same level of *subjectivity* often associated with other fixed income debt such as corporate bonds.

answer: (c) subjectivity

A9 This is because a statistical approach can be more relevant for some asset back bonds that have a <u>homogenous</u> underlying collateral consisting of thousands of loans.

answer: (b) homogenous

A10 While ABS bonds have long been a key component of many fixed income strategies, the search for new sources of <u>yield</u> have led many investors to the ABS market.
 answer: (d) yield

A1 Swedish unions do not rely much on formal organizing campaigns; employees join either of their own <u>volition</u> or as a result of group pressure.

answer: (c) volition

A2 Being outside a union is a risky business, as unions control much of labour regulation; though any form of <u>discrimination</u> against non-unionized employees is against the law, it can be hidden by employers acting together with unions.

answer: (b) discrimination

- A3 Unionization rates in the service sector are significantly lower than in industry, at least among blue-collar workers; still, they <u>hover</u> around 70 per cent, a figure that is high enough not to cause serious union worry. answer: (a) hover
- A4 Atypical work has <u>mushroomed</u> and now accounts for some 30 to 35 per cent of total employment; however, atypical employees are unionized to the same extent as others, perhaps slightly more so.

answer: (d) mushroomed

A5 The reason seems to be that they are more <u>vulnerable</u> to exploitation and so have more to gain from union membership.

answer: (d) vulnerable

- A6 Effective collective <u>bargaining</u> arrangements exist in all sectors of the economy. answer: (a) bargaining
- A7 Even the temporary work business is unionized and covered by a <u>comprehensive</u> collective agreement.
   answer: (b) comprehensive
- A8 The greatest difficulty is to make salaries respond to changes in market demand: the pay structure is highly <u>rigid</u> in the sense that it is extremely difficult to change the relative level of different categories of employees. answer: (b) rigid
- A9 If one union manages to negotiate extra high pay increases for its members, perhaps due to market forces, all other unions will immediately demand and fight hard for the same increase, threatening to <u>undo</u> the initial effect.

answer: (c) undo

A10 Unions have a <u>de facto</u> monopoly on collective pay regulation since there is no free labour market in the sense of a market not governed by collective agreements.

answer: (a) de facto

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 240 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: At the Bombay Stock Exchange

A1 The Bombay Stock Exchange has shifted certain stocks to the trade-for-trade segment, where you pay Rs 25,000 to take delivery of the shares you bought and the quantity you have sold will be presented for delivery: the reason for the shift is that the exchange wants to curb <u>circular</u> trading.

answer: (a) circular

- A2 The <u>Tequila</u> Effect hypothesis states that the economic crisis that affected several South American countries in 1995 was caused by an exogenous capital flight triggered by the loss of confidence of foreign investors after the collapse of the Mexican peso in December 1994. answer: (b) Tequila
- A3 The Presidential Election <u>Cycle</u> Theory (PECT) of stock prices suggests that stocks decline soon after a president is elected when harsh and unpopular measures are necessary to bring inflation, government spending and deficits under control for the long-term health of the economy.

answer: (d) Cycle

- A4 Make certain you have, or if you are an entrepreneur, make certain your existing syndicate has, dry <u>powder</u> to see you through hard times; this means putting no more than 25-30% of your total allocation up front, and make certain you have reserves to meet pro rata needs. answer: (b) powder
- A5 Deep-Format, who by smell could only be a Microsoft insider, is leaking about Microsoft's botch job on the Ecma spec; this kind of <u>poop</u> could only be from a disgruntled employee on the Office or XML dev team. answer: (d) poop
- A6 The multitude of mergers and acquisitions has raised issues that need to be considered before the prospect of an acquisition arises; one is the application of the golden <u>parachute</u> rules of Sec. 280G, regarding severance payments to be made to a corporation's top employees and directors on a change in control.
  answer: (d) parachute
- A7 William McCormick, chairman and chief executive of CMS Energy Corp, said the company's use of '<u>round-tripping</u>' trades where the same amount of electricity is exchanged at the same price between two players was apparently aimed at making CMS look more powerful in wholesale power markets than it actually was. answer: (c) round-tripping
- Asset size explains in part why funds become index <u>huggers</u>: DeGroot thinks most funds need no more than 50 stocks to be well diversified, after which they begin behaving increasingly like an index fund.
   answer: (a) huggers
- A9 Examples of <u>leprechaun</u> leaders are the executives of Enron, who stowed away millions of dollars until they were finally caught. answer: (b) leprechaun
- A10 Ten or more years ago <u>Boomernomics</u> was all the rage, spurred by the theories of David Foote; among the many things we were told by its various advocates was that aging baby boomers would invest lots of disposable income in the markets, driving them to dizzy heights. answer: (d) Boomernomics

- A1 Shares of Las Vegas Sands Corp. fell after the <u>bell</u> on Wednesday, after the casino operator said its firstquarter profit fell: LVS.N shares were down 4 percent at \$85 in extended-hours trading.
   answer: (b) bell
- A2 With the Dow Jones Industrials teetering on the brink of the 12,000 level, <u>Plunge</u> Team commander, Henry Paulson, issued a buy signal; "The president's economic advisers are keeping an eye on the markets," said a White House spokesman, revealing that Bush got a phone briefing from Paulson that day.

answer: (a) Plunge

- A3 When volume on an exchange is so heavy that the tape runs more than five minutes behind, the <u>flash</u> price interrupts the delayed prices every 5-10 minutes to show the current price of a heavily traded stock.
   answer: (a) flash
- A4 The <u>dumbbell</u> strategy places bonds only in very short and very long maturities, making it easy to shift the average maturity of the portfolio.

answer: (b) dumbbell

A5 <u>Kangaroos</u> refers mostly to the stocks on the All Ordinaries index, which is composed of 280 of the most active Australian companies.

answer: (a) Kangaroos

A6 Opinion <u>shopping</u> can adversely affect the independence of auditors; it is a different activity than obtaining a second opinion, which has the objective of obtaining the right answer, and is in fact illegal.

answer: (c) shopping

A7 The economy is coming in for a landing; optimists say it will be the much sought after '<u>soft</u> landing' when the economy slows but doesn't skid into recession, but some economists now are forecasting a bumpy landing, or even worse.

answer: (c) soft

A8 The pro forma combination of buy-recommended ConocoPhillips (COP) and buy-recommended Burlington Resources (BR) would create a new company with a stock market capitalization of \$100 billion thereby qualifying as the sixth mega *cap* energy company in our coverage.

answer: (c) cap

A9 Having a <u>war</u> chest of \$11.2 billion gives Google freedom to make strategic acquisitions, even overpaying if necessary, and to take a longer-term view with its products and acquisitions, enabling it to push new services out the door now and figure out how to make money off them later.

answer: (d) war

A10 <u>Greensheets</u> are not intended for public distribution: they are meant to be a rough introduction to the company about to issue the new security, thus they are incomplete and not necessarily accurate. answer: (c) Greensheets

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 242 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: South African Labour Laws

A1 The new law will do away with employers who have abused the independent contractor provision in South Africa's existing labour laws, but NMG-Levy labour consultant Brian Allen says 'legislative <u>overkill</u> could affect genuine supplier relationships while wiping out this form of evasion.

answer: (b) overkill

A2 The NYSE applies program trading <u>curbs</u> whenever the NYSE Composite Index moves 150 points higher or lower than the previous day's closing price; this restriction stays in place until the NYA returns to within 70 points of the previous day's closing price or until the end of the trading day.

answer: (d) curbs

- A3 The <u>Joseph</u> Effect, which harkens to the Hebrew slave who prophesied seven years of feast and famine, relates to the market's tendency to have a long-term memory-for example, a rise in stocks tends to be followed by additional increases. answer: (b) Joseph
- A4 I am therefore pleased to report that the second half did indeed show a solid improvement; we managed to more than reverse the first half loss and remain on <u>stream</u> for the trading performance to continue along this trend. answer: (d) stream
- A5 August was the cruelest month for Dell Inc, when it recalled 4.1 million laptop batteries because of fears they might ignite, announced a shockingly bad quarter and disclosed that the SEC has launched an investigation of its accounting; 'Dell is in the *penalty* box' admits founder Michael Dell. answer: (c) penalty

A6 A <u>Bo Derek</u> stock is a perfect stock for investment — named after the gorgeous star of the movie '10'.

answer: (a) Bo Derek

- A7 Most economists think it's unlikely the <u>CNN</u> effect will be enough to tip the U.S. economy back into recession; after all, the average American already watches four hours of TV a day.
   answer: (c) CNN
- A8 There's a saying in the stock world, that goes, "Don't fight the <u>tape</u>" what this means is that when there's powerful selling going on against a stock, only the foolish step in and start buying, because the price is likely to continue to decline. answer: (c) tape
- A9 Hedge fund managers will often call analysts and present a very persuasive argument as to why a stock deserves an upgraded rating; this <u>hounding</u> does not always lead an analyst to change his or her rating, but it works enough of the time for the practice to persist. answer: (d) hounding
- A10 <u>Risk</u> Management is the process of identification, analysis and either acceptance or mitigation of uncertainty in investment decisionmaking.

answer: (d) Risk

- A1 Venture capitalists mitigate the risk of investing by developing a portfolio of young companies in a single fund. answer: (c) Venture A2 Sanyo Electric is cooperating with the investigation into its suspected window-dressing of earnings; Sanyo may have falsified its fiscal 2003 earnings report, writing off far fewer losses than its subsidiaries had and falsely reporting a profit when it was in the red. answer: (b) dressing A3 Price discrepancies, although at odds with mainstream finance, are persistent phenomena in financial markets; these apparent mispricings lead to the presence of arbitrageurs, who aim to exploit the resulting profit opportunities, but whose role remains controversial. answer: (a) arbitrageurs A4 While we anticipate that a supplemental for FY07 will ultimately be signed into law, we expect uncertainty surrounding the level of DoD funding will continue, and as a result, we have less visibility into our next fiscal year than we normally would have at this point in the year. answer: (d) visibility A5 "One of the reasons we have a healthcare crisis is because, as a consumer, I don't have that much skin in the game," said Arkansas GOP Gov. Mike Huckabee, "there needs to be a transformation from a third-party insurance system to more financial participation by the patient." answer: (d) skin A6 A lot of investors and fund managers sold the stock only to buy it a few days later at lower prices; but there is brokerage to be paid on both the transactions (while buying and selling), so unless the fund manager will make a lot of money on that stock, churning may not be all that prudent after all. answer: (a) churning A7 The five largest music companies and music retailers agreed to pay \$67.4 million to settle a lawsuit over alleged price-fixing in the late 1990s; prosecutors said that the industry kept consumer CD prices artificially high between 1995 and 2000 with a practice known as 'minimum-advertised pricing'. answer: (a) fixing A8 Insiders are an obvious target for policies designed to provide information security, because they have legitimate uses for communication
  - channels that can also be used to breach security; by restricting the use of these channels, the organisation can create barriers to information <u>leakage.</u> answer: (c) leakage
- A9 <u>An elevator</u> pitch is a quick and concise way to communicate who you are, what you do, and why you do it better; it's more than a mission statement it's understanding your business in a way that gets people excited, involved, and thinking. answer: (c) An elevator
- A10 If a trader is in a long position on a currency pair and the exchange rate moves upward in her favor a bit but fails to move past a key resistance level she was expecting as a catalyst for further movement, the trader would probably deem the trade <u>flat</u> on a failure and close it out for whatever profit had been earned.
  answer: (c) flat

- A1 The '<u>keiretsu</u>' structuring of assembler-supplier relations historically enabled Japanese auto assemblers to remain lean and flexible while enjoying a level of control over supply akin to that of vertical integration.
   answer: (b) keiretsu
- A2 <u>Riding</u> the yield curve, the fixed-income strategy of purchasing a longer-dated security and selling before maturity, is a popular means to achieve excess returns compared to buying-and-holding, despite its implicit violations of market efficiency and the pure expectations hypothesis of the term structure.

answer: (c) Riding

A3 Resident Market Makers would be able to vote to reduce the commission charge for the <u>Order Book Official</u> (OBO) who keeps the public limit orders in the relevant class of options.

answer: (d) Order Book Official

A4 '<u>Bucket</u> shops' are firms that entice people through various tactics to open trading accounts with them (including misleading job advertisements that promise quick, unrealistic returns), but on contractual terms that are favourable towards these firms.

answer: (a) Bucket

A5 <u>Infant</u>-industry theory posits that small or less productive firms in developing countries require protection to catch up to foreign competitors, and this theory is often cited as a validation for government-sponsored protection from trade and foreign direct investment.

answer: (a) Infant

- A6 Small capitalization public companies need access to savvy investors in micro and small cap stocks who are actively seeking the next <u>tenbagger</u>, but the typical investor thinks that he should avoid the small cap market, that he would never have the insight, inside knowledge, skill or luck to find a blockbuster performer. answer: (d) tenbagger
- A7 Bankruptcy courts are receptive to granting certain protections for the <u>stalking</u> horse bid because of the risk and expense incurred in making the first bid and the interest it generates for the assets.
   answer: (d) stalking
- A8 A persistent growl from the bear camp two years ago was that the U.S. economy was headed for a 'double-<u>dip</u> recession', meaning the economy was in danger of sliding back into a period of negative growth after having climbed out of it.

answer: (b) dip

A9 Ultimately, Louis Rukeyser's TV show, 'Wall Street Week', made investing look too easy: you can't rely on <u>elves</u> to tell you when to be in or out of the market.

answer: (a) elves

A10 Nicknamed "The Junk Bond King", Michael <u>Milken</u> is credited with founding the high-yield debt market but was banned for life from the securities industry.
 answer: (c) Milken

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A1 The global and national economies, as well as individual industries and firms, have undergone a tremendous amount of restructuring in the past several decades.

answer: (c) undergone

A2 Until the 1970s, the global economy was primarily composed of national companies operating mainly within their borders, and the system was characterized by shallow integration versus the deeper integration of today, in which global production systems distribute production across the globe.

answer: (a) borders

A3 Linkages across firms and countries have strengthened as trade has greatly expanded and production has moved southward.

answer: (d) Linkages

A4 No longer does a single firm control all of a company's activities, but rather the system operates from a network-centric perspective and a firm is disconnected from the customers it serves for instance, Nike now has 900 suppliers and 650,000 workers spread over 50 countries.

answer: (c) perspective

A5 But while there has been a diffusion of production, the control has solidified on the retail side as a result of consolidation among top-tier firms and a proliferation among potential suppliers.

answer: (d) tier

A6 The increase in world agricultural trade is partly a result of the greater market access that produce receives as compared to other agricultural products, especially under preferential trade agreements such as NAFTA and the Lome Convention.

answer: (c) preferential

- A7 Accompanying this increased trade has been a restructuring of the market from a fragmented industry with low barriers of entry to a market dominated by retail oligopolies that control over half of the fresh produce sold. answer: (a) barriers
- A8 This has caused a change towards greater quality, supply *chain* efficiencies, and product differentiation. answer: (a) chain
- A9 The result of this concentration and higher standards has been a decline in smallholders who are unable to meet all the new requirements and a downward pressure on prices and wages, a widening gender gap in terms of wages, and increased insecurity among workers in the industry.

answer: (d) smallholders

A10 Technological advancements happen at such a rapid rate that it is hard for a country to keep up and remain competitive.

answer: (b) keep

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 246 (Answer Keys) Global Production and the Labour Market

A1 The share of trade in world GDP has been increasing with a shift from commodities to manufactured goods and a growing importance of intermediary goods as a result of outsourcing. answer: (b) commodities A2 This increase in outsourcing has been accompanied by rising income inequality (25% of which is attributable to outsourcing) and historic high rates of profits and profit share. answer: (c) attributable A3 To capture greater gains from trade, countries are seeking to increase their value-added position as they expand their industrialization, but have often found difficulty in upgrading. answer: (a) capture Α4 The newly industrializing Asian countries have had success in upgrading, whereas Latin America and Sub-Saharan Africa have had difficulty (e.g., Mexico has been able to expand exports but only with a small amount of value-added). answer: (c) Sub A5 China's rapid rise poses an additional threat for most developing countries outside of Asia that have had trouble upgrading. answer: (b) poses A6 The 1990s saw only a meager growth in per capita income outside of Asia and a rise in income inequality within countries as a result of the Washington Consensus of export-led manufacturing growth, deregulation, and liberalization. answer: (b) meager A7 And as China participates even more fully in the global economy, developing countries will not be able to compete with China's abundant supply of cheap labor and developed infrastructure and will therefore be adversely affected. answer: (a) adversely A8 The increased market linkages that now characterize the global economy have caused considerable product and labor market asymmetries: many industries are now characterized by oligopolies on top and increased supplier competition at the bottom. answer: (d) asymmetries A9 It is an endogenous process that is sustainable because of barriers to entry on the top, an abundant supply of labor on the bottom, and the entry of more firms on the ground level even though many industries already have excess global capacity. answer: (d) ground A10 This has led to a value-added squeeze for developing countries that face obstacles to industrial upgrading, pressure downstream to keep prices low because of low margins, and pressures on labor markets to keep wages low.

answer: (a) squeeze

- A1 As tales of labor abuse in developing countries by multinational companies have <u>made</u> the headlines in developed countries, some of these companies have adopted voluntary corporate social responsibility codes. answer: (c) made
- A2 These codes are <u>initiatives</u> taken by companies over and above their legal obligations to treat the stakeholders of the firm ethically and in a responsible manner.

answer: (d) initiatives

A3 This is a move beyond the narrow view of pursuing only short-term profit-maximizing objectives to a broader view of greater social responsibility, but while these codes promote <u>decent</u> work standards, they do not necessarily mean more jobs.

answer: (a) decent

A4 Companies are not implementing these new corporate social responsibility standards solely for <u>altruistic</u> reasons, but rather there is a burgeoning market for standards in which companies will provide standards if consumer will pay more for this benefit.

answer: (b) altruistic

- A5 But the demand curve for standards is kinked, with consumers not willing to pay <u>that</u> much more for standards but would cause a huge adverse impact if a company allowed for major labor violations.
   answer: (b) that
- A6 The persistence of violations and consumers' desire for adequate labor conditions has led to the *proliferation* of vigilantes and verifiers (organizations that check that companies are actually following their reforms, such as the Fair Labor Association and Social Accountability International).

answer: (d) proliferation

- A7 For any effort by either the vigilantes or the verifiers to be successful, it needs to involve the workers in <u>question</u> since they are the ones who confront the conditions on a daily basis.
   answer: (c) question
- A8 The standards market has an inherent limitation, since it relies on consumers in developed countries to take action; it therefore limits the number of affected products, and since the worst <u>abuses</u> occur in the informal sector, there is much that corporate codes of conduct will be unable to change.

answer: (a) abuses

- A9 While voluntary corporate codes of conduct are a start, they are not enough to fully <u>address</u> the problem. answer: (a) address
- A10 National action (and perhaps legislation) can improve the <u>outcomes</u> of corporate codes and monitoring, in areas such as transparency, consultations by auditors and monitors with local authority, and consistent enforcement of labor standards.

answer: (b) outcomes

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 248 (Answer Keys) The LS9203 Omni-Directional Presentation Scanner

A1 With stiff competition and commodity price constraints, service is your greatest <u>differentiator</u>: that means fast checkout and stocking what your customers want.
 answer: (c) differentiator

A2 Your instincts are good, but it's still a guessing <u>game</u> to match your inventory with customers' preferences, because you have no way to precisely track what they're buying.

answer: (a) game

A3 Retailers with stores of all sizes are overcoming these challenges by transforming their business processes, abandoning paper-based sales and inventory tracking for electronic data <u>capture</u> systems.

answer: (b) capture

A4 While mobile technologies offer new ways to effectively manage inventory and <u>streamline</u> retail operations, complex and expensive systems may not fit the needs of your organization.

answer: (d) streamline

A5 Instead, you need a tool that's affordable, reliable, integrates into your <u>point</u>-of-sale (POS) environment easily and can be used without extensive training.

answer: (b) point

A6 Symbol's easy-to-use LS9203 omni-directional scanner speeds checkout and improves sales and inventory management in retail operations where <u>counter</u> space is limited.

answer: (c) counter

A7 Designed to work as both a presentation and handheld scanner, the LS9203 enables your employees to scan bar codes hands-<u>free</u>, as well as bring the scanner to the merchandise to quickly scan several items at once and avoid lifting heavy products.

answer: (a) free

A8 With automated scanning, you eliminate pricing errors caused by manual input mistakes, reduce profit-eroding shrinkage and discourage '<u>sweethearting</u>' by requiring a manager's approval before offering special deals for friends and relatives.

answer: (d) sweethearting

A9 With increased <u>visibility</u> into what your customers are buying, you encourage repeat business by providing the products your customers want, when they want them.

answer: (d) visibility

And the LS9203's small <u>footprint</u> leaves you enough space to set up product displays at the checkout counter, so your customers are able to easily pick up last-minute items.
 answer: (c) footprint

- A1 CNTs (carbon nanotubes) have probably been around for a lot longer than was first realized, but <u>electron</u> microscopy at that time was not advanced enough to distinguish them from other types of tubes.
   answer: (c) electron
- A2 The first method for producing CNTs and fullerenes in <u>reasonable</u> quantities was by applying an electric current across two carbonaceous electrodes in an inert gas atmosphere.

answer: (a) reasonable

A3 This method is called plasma arcing: it involves the evaporation of one electrode as cations followed by <u>deposition</u> at the other electrode.

answer: (b) deposition

A4 The carbon arc discharge method is the most common and easiest way to produce CNTs, but it produces a complex mixture of components and requires further purification to separate the CNTs from the soot and the *residual* catalytic metals present in the crude product.

answer: (d) residual

A5 This method creates CNTs through arc-vaporization of two carbon rods placed end to end, separated by approximately 1mm, in an enclosure that is usually filled with <u>inert</u> gas at low pressure.

answer: (b) inert

A6 Another method of nanotube synthesis involves plasma arcing in the <u>presence</u> of cobalt with a 3% or greater concentration.

answer: (c) presence

A7 The nanotube product is a compact cathode deposit of rod-like *morphology*.

answer: (c) morphology

A8 However, when cobalt is added, the nature of the product changes to a web, with strands of 1mm or so thickness that stretch from the cathode to the walls of the reaction <u>vessel</u>.

answer: (b) vessel

A9 The <u>mechanism</u> by which cobalt changes this process is unclear, however one possibility is that such metals affect the local electric fields and hence the formation of the five-membered rings.

answer: (d) mechanism

A10 Arc-discharge and laser vaporization are currently the principal methods for obtaining small quantities of high quality CNTs, but both methods suffer from <u>drawbacks</u>: the CNTs are difficult to purify, manipulate, and assemble for building nanotube-device architectures for practical applications. answer: (d) drawbacks

- A1 The question is often asked why one huge company should want to take over another massive organisation just for the sake of *toppling* or overthrowing a business rival.
   answer: (d) toppling
- A2 The winner may well have plenty of resources and <u>platforms</u> at its disposal to carry out the take over but there has to be another reason.

answer: (b) platforms

- A3 It may well have the <u>leading</u> market share in that area with no opposition from any other competitor. answer: (a) leading
- A4 In that case why should it want to carry out its plan and do the <u>deal</u> thereby inheriting all the problems that the other company has experienced?

answer: (c) deal

A5 It is possible that it has had a good year and at the end of the financial year it has produced an excellent <u>set</u> of results that has pleased its shareholders.

answer: (d) set

A6 Another reason of course is that it just wanted to do what the shareholders wanted by <u>pandering</u> to their wishes.

answer: (a) pandering

- A7 In that case it won't necessarily increase its profits or <u>bolster</u> its reputation in the business world.
   answer: (b) bolster
- A8 It may indeed suffer an initial <u>downturn</u> in business and profits may be substantially reduced. answer: (d) downturn
- A9 Any company on reflection should think seriously before splashing <u>out</u> and spending huge sums of money. answer: (a) out
- A10 The reality is that any company bent on a takeover should be wary of losing business and clients because there may well be a mass <u>exodus</u> of customers.

answer: (c) exodus

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 251 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Con Men

A1 Connie tried selling her family's camper on an Internet auction site, only to have a con man make off with it while sticking her with a <u>rubber</u> check — the buyer sent a check for \$10,500 and sent a driver to pick up the camper, so Lang turned it over, but two weeks later found out the check had bounced.

answer: (c) rubber

- A2 In the charges brought against RT Capital, members of that firm admitted their actions were against the public interest: those actions apparently consisted of 53 cases of causing the price of a security to end the day on an up tick a high <u>close</u>. answer: (b) close
- A3 Parties to an Exchange for Physical trade, which is another form of <u>an upstairs</u> trade permitted by most exchanges, have considerable leeway in reporting; EFP transactions can occur at any time, during and after market hours, and there is no time restriction to report an EFP to the exchange. answer: (d) an upstairs
- A4 The methods used by Katz created a false and misleading appearance of trading activity or an artificial price for the securities of Caprice, and included the execution and clearing of orders through other member firms (a '<u>Jitney</u> Trade') to disguise the players in the market place.

answer: (b) Jitney

- A5 Bridge Mobile Alliance provides a regional <u>one-stop</u> shop that supports enterprises with regional mobile needs; this means that instead of having to liaise with multiple parties, you can approach any alliance member to consolidate all your needs and requirements. answer: (c) one-stop
- A6 Trend followers know the trick of letting their profits <u>run</u> is key to trading: once you learn that to maximize your profits you must be willing to give up some part of your accumulated profits, you are on your way to sustained success, and refusing to give up a part of that accumulated income due to fear is a big mistake. answer: (b) run
- A7 A political split suggests legislative <u>gridlock</u> in Washington, which is not a bad situation for the financial markets; equity investors tend to favor a divided government since it usually suggests less government intervention in the economy and stock market. answer: (c) gridlock
- A8 For purposes of this rule, "agency <u>cross</u> transaction for an advisory client" means a transaction in which a person acts as an investment adviser in relation to a transaction in which the investment adviser acts as a broker-dealer for both the advisory client and another person on the other side of the transaction. answer: (b) cross
- A9 <u>Coattail</u> investing, where small investors mimic the top pros, may be growing more popular than ever; as markets have gone nowhere over the past five years they went down and then recovered the solution is to find people who you think are making money and attach yourself to them.

answer: (b) Coattail

A10 One of U.S. management's big complaints is against union <u>featherbedding</u>; last week the American Institute of Management warned that unions are not alone in insisting on unnecessary jobs — management itself is widely guilty of the practice. answer: (a) featherbedding

- A1 That scenario would include the make-your-best-offer propositions like Verizon and MCI, the '*gray* knight' attempts to upset existing agreements like Blockbuster's, and straightforward hostile deals, which have been rather rare recently. answer: (b) gray
- A2 Leaders on both sides of the Pacific agree on the need to encourage long-term investments in factories and businesses and to minimize the boom and bust effects of so-called '<u>hot</u> money', the term for funds from investment companies, banks, and currency traders seeking a high rate of return on a short-term commitment.

answer: (c) hot

A3 Zinc just recently achieved a nominal all-time high and along with its fellow base metals counterparts has bucked the commodities trend in recent months, having an amazing run in its own <u>bull</u> market.
 answer: (c) bull

A4 Does Your Boss Play <u>Jekyll and Hyde</u>? — An account manager thought he was starting off well during his first week at a large advertising agency in Los Angeles, but just a few weeks later, his boss abruptly called him into his office and addressed him using a demeanor and tone he'd never experienced in his 17-year business career. answer: (c) Jekyll and Hyde

- A5 The eagerness for quick riches is hard to squelch; indeed, after an investing bubble, <u>an echo</u> bubble where investors rush in to buy all over again isn't uncommon. answer: (c) an echo
- A6 The IMF estimates money *laundering*, the process drug traffickers use to introduce proceeds of the sale or distribution of controlled substances into the legitimate financial market, to amount to between 2 and 5 percent of the world's GDP, about \$600 billion annually. answer: (b) laundering
- A7 "For now, let me just say that a strategic <u>inflection</u> point is a time in the life of a business when its fundamentals are about to change; that change can mean an opportunity to rise to new heights, but it may just as likely signal the beginning of the end." (Andrew S. Grove) answer: (b) inflection
- A8 The <u>Ponzi</u> scheme continues to work on the 'rob-Peter-to-pay-Paul' principle, as money from new investors is used to pay off earlier investors until the whole scheme collapses.
   answer: (d) Ponzi
- A9 <u>Doves</u> prefer low interest rates as a means of encouraging growth within the economy because this tends to lead to increased demand for consumer borrowing and spurs an increase in consumer spending; they believe the negative effects of low interest rates are negligible in the larger scheme of things.

answer: (c) Doves

A10 The <u>topple</u> rate in 1974 was about 7-8 percent, but today that rate is about 33 percent; even well established leadership companies can be swept away very, very fast now. answer: (c) topple

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 253 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Competitive Advantage

- A1 An important theme of research related to the industry <u>lifecycle</u> is that strategies for achieving competitive advantage differ depending on the stage: firms compete primarily on alternative product designs and positioning early in the history of an industry, whereas cost becomes a more important basis of competition in later stages. answer: (d) lifecycle
- A2 Yahoo! and MSN are both good examples of <u>glocalization</u> because both have sites in different languages specifically targeted at the people of several countries.
   answer: (b) glocalization
- A3 It appeared that Old Mutual had fallen prey to a bear <u>raid</u>, where short sellers had entered the market for Old Mutual shares and had closed out their positions early this week; Poole said, "The market reacted very badly to our announcement, and we take losing 10 % of our price seriously."

answer: (c) raid

A4 "An obsession with wealth has led to <u>an Affluenza</u> epidemic", says Oliver James, "the virus is a set of values which increase our vulnerability to psychological distress, placing a high value on acquiring money and possessions, looking good in the eyes of others and wanting to be famous."

answer: (c) an Affluenza

- A5 In 1982, Barry Minkow started his own rug-cleaning business called ZZZZ Best and eventually turned it into a public company with a paper value of more than \$200 million; he was given a hero's welcome on Wall Street, but in December 1988, he was convicted on 57 counts of fraud and sentenced to 25 years in jail. answer: (d) ZZZZ
- A6 The seller of T Bond futures does not have to notify the clearing house until 8 pm about his intention to deliver, so if bond prices decline after 2 pm, the seller can notify the clearing house of his intention to deliver the cheapest bond that day or he can wait for the next day: this option is called the <u>wild</u> card play.

answer: (d) wild

- A7 The <u>voodoo</u> accounting employed by iMergent could be the reason why the company has lost all coverage from major brokerage houses and now reports numbers to the public without independent scrutiny; in 2005, it confessed a huge restatement of prior earnings and rolled up a mass of prior years' unreported losses. answer: (d) voodoo
- A8 A <u>sinker</u> bond is one whose interest and principal payments are made from a fund into which a company sets aside money over time, in order to retire its preferred stock, bonds or debentures.
  answer: (b) sinker
- A9 A Brookfield real estate agent was charged Thursday in federal court with trying to get a \$75,000 <u>kickback</u> in the form of a percentage of the sale if the bidder's proposal was accepted, in exchange for giving out confidential bid information on the sale of a \$30 million state office building in Madison. answer: (c) kickback
- A10 Investors are starting to worry that Symantec, which makes the popular Norton brand of anti-virus software, is in danger of being <u>Netscaped</u>: Microsoft has made some rumblings lately about stepping up its presence in security software. answer: (d) Netscaped

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 254 (Answer Keys) Business Buzzwords: Credit-derivative Trades

A1 Fourteen high profile Wall Street investment banks, including a former Federal Reserve regional board member, have gathered in New York to tackle the growing monster of unmatched credit-derivative trades, so Wall Street might ultimately fix this derivatives <u>time-bomb</u> before it explodes.

answer: (d) time-bomb

- A2 The phrase '<u>white-collar</u> crime' was coined in 1939 during a speech given by Edwin Sutherland to the American Sociological Society. Sutherland defined the term as "crime committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of his occupation." answer: (d) white-collar
- Why would people want to own General Motors or Ford, just because those stocks are down a lot, when they could own best-of-<u>breed</u>
   Toyota, which is taking share and making big profits? I know they are drawn by the low dollar amount of the American carmakers, but
   Toyota is the cheapest and the best, a rare find.
   answer: (b) breed
- A4 <u>Club</u> Deal for Kuwait Parazylene: 18 banks have signed up to the \$1.4 billion financing for Kuwait Parazylene Production Company (KPPC).

answer: (b) Club

- A5 Considering the few extra percentage points of return that most <u>enhanced</u> index funds may give you, you're better off sticking with a conventional index fund; that's where you'll find lower risk and expenses, plus minimal tax liabilities. answer: (d) enhanced
- A6 The company recorded a provision for risk of (34.7) million euros, mainly generated by the discontinuation of production at the Bernin site and focus of the optical business on foundry services, the <u>badwill</u> resulting from acquisitions, a litigation with one customer and employee severance costs.

answer: (a) badwill

- A7 Partially as a result of the back-of-the-<u>napkin</u> business model approach, many eConsultants had not considered the situation thoroughly and lacked one of the most fundamental ideas behind any new company a better mousetrap. answer: (d) napkin
- A8 We have analyzed connected transactions between Chinese publicly listed firms and their state-owned enterprise (SOEs) shareholders and shown how resources are <u>tunneled</u> from minority shareholders of the firm to the state. answer: (d) tunneled
- A9 The bear call <u>spread</u> can be seen as writing a call with protection against an unexpected rise in the market; in this instance, the trader may write a call around the money, and take a call out-of-the-money, which effectively provides a ceiling to the potential loss if the market should rise. answer: (d) spread
- A10 In a Mortgage Dollar Roll transaction, the investor sells the securities that he was to receive from the dealer in the front month for one price and buys the same securities from the dealer at a lower price for settlement in the next month: the difference between the two prices is known as the <u>drop</u>. answer: (b) drop

- A1 High valuation means a bigger potential price fall for a <u>torpedo</u> stock. answer: (d) torpedo
- A2 The <u>loss</u> leader is a pricing strategy which involves selling products/services at a price that will generate little or no profit and in some cases not even cover all associated costs (marketing, overheads, direct costs, etc). answer: (c) loss
- A3 <u>Froth</u> Comes Off Starbucks: Shares in Starbucks fell to their lowest level since late 2005 as investor concerns about slower sales and profit growth continued to chip away at the once highflying stock.

answer: (d) Froth

A4 Not all these houses are ugly and shoddy: though most are badly proportioned pastiches of different styles, some are built with attention to detail and materials, but, as the epithet <u>McMansion</u> suggests, they're just too big-for their lots, for their neighborhoods and for the number of people who actually live in them.

answer: (d) McMansion

A5 American bankers for decades operated by the <u>3-6-3</u> rule; they could afford to be that precise because federal and state laws set the strict rules by which they operated and protected them from competitors, and the power and prestige of bankers remained as secure as their vaults, while profits were steady and certain.

answer: (b) 3-6-3

A6 Going public with a bear <u>hug</u> is a great strategy for acquiring a target whose management isn't inclined to sell; it forces a corporate board to consider any reasonable bid because directors have a responsibility to provide shareholders with the best financial returns.

answer: (b) hug

A7 The good and bad of <u>intaxification</u>: Tax refunds may be welcome to most taxpayers, but technically speaking, it's not wise to give the government interest-free loans.

answer: (b) intaxification

A8 On the negative side, the market is a stone's throw from refreshing the overvalued, overbought, overbullish, yields-rising condition we've dubbed '<u>ovoboby</u>'.

answer: (d) ovoboby

A9 Life expectancy for men aged 60 is more than five years' longer in 2005 than it was anticipated to be in mortality projections made in the 1980s, and this problem threatens the solvency of the life and pensions industries; the amounts exposed to *longevity* risk in the UK pensions industry alone are estimated to be 2,520 billion.

answer: (b) longevity

A10 We have taken a direct sentiment measure, i.e., market sentiment index constucted by 'Investors Intelligence': each week weekly newsletter opinions on the future market movements are grouped, and we use the <u>bull-bear</u> ratio as a proxy of sentiment.

answer: (a) bull-bear

- A1 Mertz, Joshua and Grumbach's study of the oral health workforce involved an extensive literature and legislative review, as well as interviews with 20 key <u>stakeholders</u>.
   answer: (d) stakeholders
- A2 The literature review exposed the main theoretical concepts behind workforce planning and was used to assess current DHPSA policy in the <u>context</u> of the policy's legislative history.

answer: (b) context

- A3 The study provides a synthesis of the alternative personnel planning methodologies (supply-based, demand-based and needs-based), and examines data availability to <u>support</u> these methods.
   answer: (d) support
- A4 The practical application of these methods is found primarily in the DHPSA and National Health Service Corps (NHSC) programs, the primary governmental efforts to <u>engage</u> in oral health personnel planning.

answer: (b) engage

- A5 The study details the legislative history and institutional development of the current DHPSA criteria and compares the performance of the policy against its expressed goal to identify areas of <u>unmet</u> need. answer: (c) unmet
- A6 The legislative directive for monitoring and addressing oral health workforce issues has evolved over the past 60 years from focusing on defining 'manpower shortages' to an emphasis on measuring <u>underservice</u>.
   answer: (d) underservice
- A7 However, the programs developed in <u>response</u> to legislation have not evolved to reflect this change. answer: (c) response
- A8 While a variety of <u>alternative</u> methodologies for measuring shortages exist, there are little data currently available upon which to base a new method.

answer: (d) alternative

A9 Dental health personnel planning is a process to determine appropriate numbers, types and distribution of providers needed to achieve certain health goals and is rooted with the social *imperative* to use limited resources appropriately.

answer: (a) imperative

A10 This study suggests the need for a revision of oral health care workforce monitoring and planning methods and a <u>realignment</u> of assessment efforts and programmatic responses.

answer: (a) realignment

A1 Van Deventer and Martha Johanna explain that knowledge economy management literature is *prolific*, but very little of the retrieved literature relates to the application of management philosophies within the library and information services industry.

answer: (d) prolific

- A2 The assumptions that <u>underlie</u> this research are in the first instance that, if it is not reported in the literature, it is questionable whether library and information services are implementing the new management practices. answer: (a) underlie
- A3 For the purpose of this study it was presumed that the advantages of these knowledge economy management philosophies are <u>such</u> that they should also be applicable within the back office environment.
   answer: (d) such
- A4 The most suitable methodology was identified as a <u>hybrid</u> version of Kaplan and Norton's balanced scorecard, based on the philosophy of the intangible asset monitor and including aspects of the value chain scoreboard. answer: (d) hybrid
- A5 An opinion was <u>expressed</u> that the monitoring of intellectual capital growth needs to take place at both the individual and the organizational level if monitoring is to be of real objective value.

answer: (d) expressed

A6 Implementation of the management practice (intellectual capital management) occurred in two phases and stretched over a period <u>close</u> on 18 months.

answer: (b) close

A7 A situation analysis was done at the start of the research period; Kaplan and Norton's adapted scorecard framework was then utilized to <u>set</u> objectives for each of the two implementation phases.

answer: (d) set

A8 An adapted version of Sveiby's Affrsvrlden model was utilized to identify specific implementation actions and initiatives to be <u>taken</u>.

answer: (d) taken

A9 From the weaknesses, a number of priority actions were identified while the strengths provided a good <u>lead</u> as to what could be considered the good practice that should be continued.

answer: (a) lead

A10 In brief, it is possible to say that intellectual capital management has been an appropriate management philosophy to use within the chosen service environment, and it is appropriate to recommend that its principles and practices be <u>rolled</u> out to the rest of the service unit.

answer: (d) rolled

- A1 David Trahair, C.A. explains that although most expenses are deductible in the year you paid them, there are types of purchases that are <u>treated</u> differently.
   answer: (d) treated
- A2 For example, purchases of property such as computers, office furniture, buildings, and manufacturing equipment are not usually written *off* in the year of acquisition.

answer: (c) off

A3 These types of properties will <u>wear out</u> or become obsolete over a number of years; in recognizing this, you can make a yearly deduction for their cost for income tax purposes called capital cost allowance.

answer: (d) wear out

A4 All property of a capital nature that you purchase must be grouped in a class <u>specific</u> to that item. and all property in that class is grouped together and the total cost is used to determine the amount of capital cost allowance.

answer: (c) specific

A5 Classes typically use a <u>declining</u> balance to depreciate property and each class is designated a maximum fixed percentage for the year; there are 44 classes of property with rates in the classes varying from as low as 4% to as high as 100%.

answer: (a) declining

A6 If your taxation year is less than twelve months, then the allowable deduction amount will be *prorated* to a portion of the maximum amount allowed.

answer: (d) prorated

*A7* Generally, for the year of acquisition the half-rate rule applies, so only 50% of the maximum deduction amount of a particular class can be <u>*claimed.*</u>

answer: (a) claimed

A8 <u>Recapture</u> can occur if, when you sell the property, the sale price is more than the total of the undepreciated capital cost (U.C.C.) for that class at the beginning of the period and there were no more items left in that class.

answer: (a) Recapture

A9 <u>A terminal</u> loss will occur if you have an undepreciated capital cost for a class but have no more physical property. (i.e. you could have sold an asset for less than its U.C.C.).

answer: (d) A terminal

A10 This amount is deductible from your business income for the year that you <u>disposed</u> of the property. answer: (d) disposed

- A1 Ecosystem restoration has existed as a nascent niche study for at least 70 years, but it didn't really pick up <u>steam</u> until the practice of environmental mitigation brought serious dollars into the picture.
   answer: (c) steam
- A2 As ecosystem restoration grew into an industry, the demand for quality standards and <u>rigorous</u> research grew. answer: (d) rigorous
- A3 During this period, there was a lot of debate over its <u>underpinning</u>: is it an art, a science, an industry, or all three or is restoring ecosystems playing God?
   answer: (d) underpinning
- A4 Should we try to restore a system back to a certain point in time that we deem to be <u>pristine</u>, or should we merely try to restore the health of its underlying systems, so it can pursue whatever trajectory is appropriate for current circumstances?

answer: (d) pristine

A5 In all of this, there's been much emotion, much soul-<u>searching</u>, much business, much science, much poetry, and much politics.

answer: (a) searching

A6 The English language has over three times as many synonyms for restoration as it does for new development, maintenance, and conservation combined: that should tell us something about how important the renewal portion of the natural lifecycle is to our <u>psyche</u>.

answer: (d) psyche

A7 An economy that's based primarily on <u>sprawl</u> — in a country with finite borders — is a strategy that can only lead to depauperization, degradation, and war.

answer: (a) sprawl

- A8 Nowadays, the growth of ecosystem, watershed, and fishery restoration industries, budgets, and sciences far <u>outstrips</u> the growth of their counterparts related to extraction of virgin resources.
   answer: (d) outstrips
- A9 So why are our trade schools and universities still <u>pumping</u> out skills and degrees that don't address the fastest-growing sector of the economy?

answer: (b) pumping

A10 For the first time in human history, we can put <u>hard</u> numbers to the value of the damage of environmental transgressions; NOAA has pioneered the application of this trend by applying a three-stage fine to those who destroy turtle grass beds in Florida.

answer: (a) hard

A1 "New York City's hospitality industry is <u>on</u> fire," the global chairman of brokerage services at CB Richard Ellis, Stephen Siegel, said, "People from around the world want to visit New York and of course, they all need places to stay."

answer: (c) on

A2 Supply cannot meet the demand which has been created by <u>the</u> more than 41 million visitors to the city in 2006.

answer: (c) the

A3 According to industry leaders, 44 million visitors — a record number — are expected this year, helping to <u>fuel</u> the hospitality fire.

answer: (b) fuel

A4 Owners and operators in the hospitality <u>sector</u> are saying they have not experienced such impressive cash flow, hotel property selling prices, and availability of financing for close to a decade.

answer: (d) sector

- A5 Even after several years of *positive* growth, real estate experts say the market is improving so far in 2007. answer: (c) positive
- A6 "Occupancy levels have been close to capacity for the second year in a row, and room rates had another year of double-<u>digit</u> growth," the president of Lodging Advisors, Sean Hennessey, said.
   answer: (b) digit
- A7 In <u>light</u> of this, more and more people assume the pace of improvement must moderate; and yet, for the first quarter of 2007, occupancy is up about 1 percentage point over last year, and room rates are up 12%.
   answer: (c) light
- A8 The Manhattan hotel market is <u>white</u> hot, with demand for hotel rooms far outstripping supply. answer: (d) white
- A9 During the past several years, several thousand hotel rooms have been lost from the city's inventory due to the <u>conversion</u> of existing hotels to residential use.
   answer: (b) conversion

A10 As the New York lodging market continues to experience increases in average rates, and as the robust residential market slows down a bit, we are now seeing that hotel economics begin to *pencil* out the feasibility

answer: (c) pencil

of new hotel development.

A1 According to Michael Stoler, an influx of capital into the New York real estate market is <u>driving</u> the hotel market.

answer: (b) driving

A2 "The availability of funds both on the debt and equity sides from the <u>plethora</u> of lending institutions and opportunity funds for hotel projects in the Big Apple is plentiful," the principal of Eastern Consolidated, Alan Miller, said.

answer: (d) plethora

A3 Numerous groups are seeking to be part of the tremendous wave of hospitality demand we are experiencing, from the construction of ground-<u>up</u> hotels or the conversion of existing buildings to the repositioning of certain hotel assets.

answer: (c) up

A4 The market is *awash* in capital chasing hotels.

answer: (c) awash

A5 With the strong need for more rooms in Manhattan, <u>coupled</u> with the fact that there are no longer any undesirable' neighborhoods, the entire island south of 125th Street from river to river represents a good hotel site.

answer: (d) coupled

- A6 Highgate Holdings is planning to convert the Chinatown Holiday Inn at 138 Lafayette St. into a *boutique* hotel. answer: (c) boutique
- A7 "The *pipeline* of hotels is probably at an all-time high, which might lead to increased competitiveness and price wars," Mr. Hennessey said.

answer: (c) pipeline

- A8 It will likely hurt those hotels that have benefited from the <u>compression</u> of Manhattan's demand. answer: (a) compression
- A9 The greater risk is that the city's economy <u>falters</u>, and what many of the newly minted hoteliers don't realize is that a small drop in revenue can cause a huge drop in profitability.
   answer: (a) falters
- A10 When the slowdown eventually comes, a reverse <u>ripple</u> effect is expected whereby the properties living off of the Manhattan-displaced demand, particularly those without adjacent commercial development, will feel the downturn first.

answer: (b) ripple

A1 South West Wales Tourism Partnership is the Regional Tourism Partnership serving South West Wales; the Welsh Assembly Government initiated the formation of 4 RTPs across Wales to receive <u>devolved</u> resources and responsibilities for tourism marketing and development.

answer: (a) devolved

A2 Four Regional Tourism Partnerships (RTPs) were established in Wales in 2001, <u>coterminous</u> with the four regional economic fora areas.

answer: (d) coterminous

A3 The partners in SWWTP are all the local authorities and a broad spread of tourism, hospitality and leisure industry representatives from across the Region; SWWTP acts as the lead <u>body</u> supporting tourism in South West Wales.

answer: (b) body

A4 Key elements within the Partnership's aims include the need to maximise potential and eliminate wasteful competition for the benefit of the consumer and the trade and to encourage integration of public and private sector resources by *nurturing* a distinct regional bias in decision-making.

answer: (d) nurturing

- A5 The SWWTP drives forward the SWW Regional Tourism Strategy, 'Open All Year', which is now in *place*. answer: (c) place
- A6 SWWTP is a not-for-profit company limited by guarantee; every 3 years elections <u>open</u> to all with an interest in tourism will be held across the region to choose one-third of the industry representatives.

answer: (c) open

- A7 The SWWTP works within strict <u>running</u> cost limits, and so its core staff is limited to 3.5 (Director, Project Manager, Office Manager, and part-time Administrative Officer).
   answer: (c) running
- A8 The SWWTP will act as an enabling and <u>commissioning</u> body, working through others to deliver its objectives. answer: (a) commissioning
- A9 Targets are set for individual projects from training to marketing, based on leverage for both investment and return on expenditure <u>incurred</u>; conversion and tracking studies are built into the activity. answer: (c) incurred
- A10 SWWTP took a decision to minimise expenditure on corporate public relations and instead works with its partners to <u>disseminate</u> news and opportunities. answer: (d) disseminate

A1 Ten years ago <u>a seminal</u> blueprint for cultural and heritage tourism was adopted by more than 1,500 dedicated political and industry leaders and practitioners as part of their national agenda for the travel industry.nt

answer: (c) a seminal

A2 In their Cultural Tourism in the United States white paper, the authors <u>encapsulated</u> a definition for cultural and heritage tourism — "travel directed toward experiencing the arts, heritage, and special character of a place".

answer: (c) encapsulated

A3 Its adoption at the 1995 conference initiated new relationships between <u>unlikely</u> partners-the cultural, heritage and tourism sectors-who sought to fulfill its key values and vision of a sustainable industry with appropriate growth.

answer: (c) unlikely

A4 Collaborations spread across the country following the paper's <u>roadmap</u> of action steps, and the results have surpassed expectations.

answer: (c) roadmap

A5 Six regional forums catalyzed state action on cultural and heritage tourism, cultural and heritage tourism staff positions were established at convention and visitors bureaus, and *groundbreaking* research on the impact of cultural and heritage tourism was spawned.

answer: (b) groundbreaking

- A6 Over the last decade, travel industry research confirms that cultural and heritage tourism is one of the fastest growing segments of the travel industry; for some travelers, cultural and heritage experiences are <u>value</u> added, enhancing their enjoyment of a place and increasing the likelihood that they will return. answer: (d) value
- A7 For a growing number of visitors, however, who are tired of the <u>homogenization</u> of places around the world, authentic experiences are an important factor and motivator for their travel decisions and expectations.
   answer: (a) homogenization
- A8 The industry today encompasses cultural and heritage specialists, who are an important resource for the travel and tourism industry in providing these customers with accurate, <u>insightful</u> interpretation of local assets. answer: (b) insightful
- A9 <u>An integral</u> but often invisible component of the cultural and heritage sector are the artists, performers, writers and other creative workers whose skills and vision bring to life our nation's genius and ideas. answer: (d) An integral
- A10 Cultural and heritage tourism also provides a means of preserving and perpetuating our nation's cultural heritage through education, increased revenues and audiences, and good <u>stewardship</u>.
   answer: (d) stewardship

- Wu and Haywood's paper presents the findings of a study of Canadians who have visited China and the tour operators who <u>facilitate</u> the trips in an attempt to understand the need for 'cultural brokerage'.
   answer: (b) facilitate
- A2 Research has revealed that cultural differences are important factors that appeal to and attract international tourists; many seem to <u>relish</u> the novelty of the experience.

answer: (d) relish

A3 However, the success of these foreign <u>sojourns</u> can be undermined if the travel experience and the encounters are not carefully managed.

answer: (d) sojourns

A4 The intent is to help Canadian tourists and Chinese hosts better understand each other; when Canadian tourists are better able to pre-educate themselves about Canadian and Chinese cultural differences, they will be able to visit China with a greater peace of <u>mind</u>.

answer: (b) mind

A5 The greater the differences in the cultural background of travelers, the more likely it is that their behaviour will be misunderstood and lead to *friction* (Reisinger & Turner, 1998).

answer: (b) friction

A6 Experiencing a second culture can be beneficial, since such <u>exposure</u> is said to broaden one's perspective, promote personality growth and provide insight into the culture of origin through a contrast with other world-views.

answer: (a) exposure

A7 Milman and Pizam (1988) argue that actual tourism and travel experience is not only composed of physical activities, but also a wide range of <u>cognitive</u> activities pertaining to the mind.

answer: (a) cognitive

- A8 Since national cultures have certain dominant values, it can be taken for <u>granted</u> that international tourists will differ from their hosts in numerous ways (Pizam & Sussmann, 1995; Reisinger & Turner, 1998).
   answer: (c) granted
- A9 To orientate tourists to exotic host cultures, it may be necessary to engage a 'culture broker', a <u>mediator</u> who functions as a link between diverse cultural systems.

answer: (a) mediator

A10 It has been noted that the temporariness of international tourists' cross-cultural encounter may cause tourists and hosts to take a more tolerant view of the strange or threatening fancies and <u>foibles</u> of the other.
 answer: (b) foibles

- A1 There are many critics of ecotourism, who see it as a form of environmental <u>opportunism</u> that allows continued exploitation of natural environments by mass tourism: mass tourism cloaked in a green name.
   answer: (c) opportunism
- A2 Ecotourism is certainly a buzzword, and is becoming as <u>ambiguous</u> as the word natural' on the supermarket shelf.

answer: (c) ambiguous

A3 Here is another definition of ecotourism: A form of tourism inspired primarily by the natural history of an area, including its *indigenous* cultures.

answer: (c) indigenous

A4 The ecotourist practices a non-consumptive use of wildlife and natural resources and contributes to the visited area through labour or financial means aimed at directly benefiting the conservation of the site and the economic *wellbeing* of the local residents.

answer: (d) wellbeing

A5 The visit should strengthen the ecotourist's appreciation and dedication to conservation issues in general, and to the specific needs of the *locale*.

answer: (a) locale

A6 Ecotourism also implies a managed approach by the host country or region which commits itself to establishing and maintaining the sites with the participation of local residents and using the <u>proceeds</u> of the enterprise to fund the area's land management and community development.

answer: (c) proceeds

A7 Further, it is important to emphasise that ecotourism does not equal nature tourism; rather it is a distinct <u>niche</u> of the more general nature tourism sector.

answer: (c) niche

A8 One of the reasons for continued debate on the merits of ecotourism to achieve sustainable development is that there is no blueprint for successful ecotourism development in all of its <u>facets</u>.

answer: (c) facets

A9 Sites and potential projects need to be considered on a case by case basis, as many local factors — environmental, human, political, economic, social, cultural etc — will work for the benefit of, or to the <u>detriment</u> of, an ecotourism project.

answer: (b) detriment

A10 A big difficulty for countries like Vietnam is the idea that in order to achieve a sustainable ecotourism, planners and policy makers must impose limits, and in a country with a huge domestic population, the concept of limiting numbers appears almost <u>ludicrous</u> and is certainly controversial.

answer: (c) ludicrous

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 266 (Answer Keys) *Portfolio Statistics*

A1 The <u>correlation</u> coefficient, which ranges in value between 1 and -1, is a very versatile pattern-matching technical indicator; it is a statistic that is used to measure goodness-to-fit, and we will be using it to compare actual price data against either specific chart patterns, or other price data.

answer: (d) correlation

A2 This rule kicks in when two substantially identical stocks or securities are acquired; remember that the window is 61 days — 30 days before and 30 days after the sale at a loss — so if you own a stock, buy the call and then within 30 days sell the stock at a loss, the loss will be disallowed under the 30-day <u>wash</u> sale rule.

answer: (c) wash

- A3 The <u>alternative</u> minimum tax (or AMT) is an extra tax some people have to pay on top of the regular income tax; the original idea behind this tax was to prevent people with very high incomes from using special tax benefits to pay little or no tax. answer: (b) alternative
- A4 The NYSE's Automated Pricing and <u>Reporting</u> System, which processes odd lot orders, does not forward orders to the floor, but automatically executes the orders based upon the prices of trades in round lots and forwards inventory information to the appropriate specialists on the floor, who use this information to manage their positions in the market. answer: (b) Reporting
- A5 Equity <u>turnover</u> is annual sales divided by equity, a measure of the ability to grow without additional capital investment; companies with a high profit margin generally have a low figure for this statistic. answer: (d) turnover
- A6 During the Great Depression, many US banks collapsed, with almost half of them failing through bank runs, as banks rarely have enough cash available to cover all of their deposits simultaneously; the Banking Act of <u>1933</u> following shortly afterward made such enduring structural changes as the establishment of the FDIC. answer: (d) 1933
- A7 The Central Registration <u>Depository</u> is a computerized system that includes the employment, qualification, and disciplinary histories of more than 400,000 securities professionals who deal with the public; consumers can get CRD information about a sales representative by visiting our Web site.
  answer: (c) Depository
- A8 The seven members of the Board of <u>Governors</u> of the Federal Reserve System are nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate, and a full term is fourteen years.
   answer: (c) Governors
- A9 The success of <u>cat</u> bonds is hard to deny: in the short span of 10 years, they have moved from a novel approach as a replacement for high-level excess property coverage to a growing trend in property protection from disaster. answer: (b) cat
- A10 The <u>index</u> bond, where the interest and principal payments are adjusted by inflation, is a popular investment tool; if held to maturity, it provides a certain real rate of return (i.e. the rate of nominal interest over inflation), but its market value, nevertheless, still fluctuates with the level of real interest rates in the intervening period. answer: (a) index

- A1 The CFTC is an agency created in 1974 to regulate US futures and options exchanges; in its authorizing statute, the <u>Commodity</u> Exchange Act, Congress recognized that these markets are important to our economy, and that fraud and manipulation impinged upon the market's ability to perform vital functions of price discovery and risk management. answer: (a) Commodity
- A2 The back of both the Powerball and Wildcard 2 tickets sold in Idaho say in part, 'SIGN THIS TICKET IMMEDIATELY. This ticket is <u>a</u> <u>bearer</u> instrument; anyone possessing a winning ticket may claim the prize. answer: (a) a bearer
- A3 <u>Days</u> Sales Outstanding (DSO) is a way of transforming the accounts receivable number into a handy metric that can be compared with other companies in the same industry to determine which player is managing its receivables collection better. answer: (a) Days
- A4 Rule 10b-4 prohibits <u>hedged</u> tendering of this type; it provides that a person tendering shares must be net long in all shares tendered both at the time of tender and as of the offer's cutoff date, and had Merrill Lynch executed the sell short order, Bobker would have been in violation of the rule. answer: (c) hedged
- A5 In <u>Dutch</u> auctions, a seller has multiple, identical items to sell, specifying the minimum price and the number of items available; bidders bid at or above that minimum for the quantity they are interested in purchasing, and at the close of the auction, the highest bidders purchase the items at the lowest successful bid. answer: (a) Dutch
- A6 Some credit cards let you borrow cash in addition to making purchases on credit, and most companies treat these cash <u>advances</u> and your purchases differently; for instance, the APR may be higher than the APR for purchases. answer: (a) advances
- A7 The Employee Retirement Income <u>Security</u> Act of 1974 (ERISA) is a federal law that sets minimum qualifications for pension plans in private industry; it does not require any employer to establish a pension plan it only requires that those who establish plans must meet certain minimum conditions.

answer: (a) Security

- A8 The objectives of <u>discounted</u> cash flow analysis are to determine the net present value of a stream of expected future cash revenues and expenditures, and the rate of return which the expected future cash flows will yield on a given level of initial cash investment. answer: (b) discounted
- A9 For yen-denominated bonds, the Samurai and the *Euroyen* bond markets have coexisted since the 1970s; the former aims at mobilising financial resources from domestic investors of the issuing market, whereas the latter aims at mobilising financial resources from the broader base of international investors. answer: (c) Euroyen
- A10 The income statements for the current interim period and cumulatively for the current fiscal year to date have been revised, and <u>comparative</u> statements for the comparable interim periods (current and year-to-date) of the immediately preceding fiscal year have been added.

answer: (a) comparative

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 268 (Answer Keys) Comptroller General

A1 The head of the <u>GAO</u> is David M. Walker, Comptroller General of the United States, who was appointed October 1998 and whose term of office expires in October 2013.

answer: (c) GAO

- A2 The Investment Company Act of <u>1940</u> regulates the organization of companies, including mutual funds, that engage primarily in investing, reinvesting, and trading in securities, and whose own securities are offered to the investing public. answer: (d) 1940
- A3 NASD <u>Regulation</u>, Inc. advised member firms to amend their historical performance communications to add either updated performance figures or clear disclosure that current performance is less than the figures shown when a security experiences an 'abrupt negative change in performance'. answer: (b) Regulation
- A4 It was, say federal regulators, a classic case of <u>affinity</u> fraud: Brazilian-Americans in the Boston area peddled dubious investments to other
   Brazilian-Americans in part by appealing to their common heritage and religion.
   answer: (a) affinity
- A5 Form <u>10-Q</u> is a quarterly report filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission that includes unaudited financial statements and provides a continuing view of the company's financial position during the year; it must be filed for each of the first three quarters of the company's fiscal year. answer: (c) 10-Q
- A6 This written policy outlines the proper procedures for requesting records from the Pennsylvania State Police (PSP) under Pennsylvania's Right-to-<u>Know</u> Law, 65 P.S. 66.1-66.9.
   answer: (b) Know
- A7 The Bureau of the Public Debt announced today that Series <u>HH</u> Savings Bonds would no longer be offered to the public after August 31, 2004; issued since 1980, they were available in exchange for Series E or EE bonds and paid interest to their owners semiannually.
   answer: (d) HH
- A Victim <u>Impact</u> Statement can be written or oral, and not only provides the court with essential data which leads to appropriate sentences and suitable restitution, but also allows the victim to articulate the pain, anguish, and financial devastation the crime has caused. answer: (a) Impact
- A9 We examine the impact of instalment receipts trading on the underlying stocks' volatility; IRs are a <u>derivative</u> security that evidences the purchase of an underlying security on an instalment basis, and they have been used to facilitate large secondary stock offerings in Canada.

answer: (b) derivative

A10 The rationale for imposing <u>assignee</u> liability on the trusts that hold securitized predatory loans is compelling when it comes to foreclosures: if a securitized trust, not the original lender, is the one seeking foreclosure, the holder-in-due-course rule prevents the borrower from asserting defenses based on wrongdoing at origination. answer: (a) assignee

- A1 The basis of a bond initially equals the total purchase price; for a discount bond, the basis increases at the rate of the accrued <u>market</u> discount until it reaches the principal value at maturity. answer: (d) market
- A2 Security consultants can offer their expertise to a broader market, but recommendations are not entirely unproblematic, as perverse incentives may tempt certain actors to <u>downgrade</u> the security ratings of their competitors. answer: (c) downgrade
- A3 The house selling the Catholic bonds published in its formal advertisement that 36% of the inhabitants of the German Reich were Roman Catholics, while the house offering the Protestant bonds asserted in its newspaper reproduction of the bond <u>circular</u> that more than two-thirds of the German population was Protestant.
  answer: (b) circular
- A4 The Cost-of-Living <u>Adjustment</u> (COLA) is determined by the U.S. Department of Labor, which calculates the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for urban wage earners and clerical workers from the third quarter average of the previous year to the third quarter average for the current year. answer: (c) Adjustment
- A5 In a <u>bulk</u> sales escrow for the sale of a business, a legal notice to creditors is advertised in an approved legal advertising newspaper in the judicial district where the business is located; this is to allow creditors 12 business days to file claims for payment with the escrow. answer: (a) bulk
- A6 When loan officers have little hard information to work with, they must estimate a client's earnings and judge intangible elements such as trustworthiness to determine if s/he is a candidate for a <u>character</u> loan; these evaluations may be derived from subjective qualities such as the strength of the client's handshake or how well s/he makes eye contact. answer: (c) character
- A7 A Yankee Certificate of Deposit necessarily involves a foreign bank with a branch in the United States, while <u>a Eurodollar</u> Certificate of Deposit involves an American bank with an off-shore branch.
   answer: (c) a Eurodollar
- A8 The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA) will apply in any transaction in which a buyer is obtaining a federally insured mortgage from a financial institution; this requires use of a *closing* statement developed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

answer: (a) closing

- A9 The public mission and the defining goal of the <u>Federal</u> National Mortgage Association (FNMA) is to help more families achieve the American Dream of homeownership by providing financial products and services that make it possible for low-, moderate-, and middle-income families to buy homes of their own. answer: (b) Federal
- A10 <u>Continuous</u> compounding is the limit of taking shorter and shorter compounding periods: compound every hour, every minute, every second, etc, and as you continue this sequence, the formulas get worse and worse, but you are approaching a formula simpler than any of the other compound interest formulas. answer: (a) Continuous

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 270 (Answer Keys) Money System

- A1 In a <u>fiat</u> money system, money is not backed by a physical commodity like gold; instead, the only thing that gives the money value is its relative scarcity and the faith placed in it by the people that use it. answer: (b) fiat
- A2 The U. S. federal securities laws require publicly traded companies to disclose information on an ongoing basis; the annual report on Form <u>10-K</u> provides a comprehensive overview of the company's business and financial condition and includes audited financial statements. answer: (c) 10-K
- A3 Germany's Heidelberg Cement has attempted to shut out any rivals for its 8 billion takeover of Hanson by mounting a <u>dawn</u> raid that increased its controlling stake to more than 29 per cent; traders at Deutsche Bank spent 1.4 billion buying 125.63 million Hanson shares in the open market at 1,100p. answer: (a) dawn

A4 We are selling the A model, which cost us under \$20,000 apiece, to the Saudis for B model prices, about \$46,000 apiece, in order to develop the C model; this type of back <u>door</u> financing avoids the Congressional authorization process and provides the Pentagon with an additional source of revenue.
answer: (a) door

- A5 Suppose the interest cost on ICICI's DDB is 15 per cent; a non-refunding provision would prevent ICICI from offering new bonds at an interest rate of less than 15 per cent and using the proceeds to redeem the DDBs, and thus helps investors lower their <u>call</u> risk. answer: (a) call
- A6 Out of the three major American stock exchanges, <u>AMEX</u> is known to have the most liberal policies concerning company listing, as most of its companies are generally smaller; it also specialises in the trading of ETFs and hybrid/structured securities. answer: (a) AMEX
- A7 A <u>full</u>-coupon bond is a bond whose coupon rate equals going market rates and consequently sells at or near par. answer: (b) full
- A8 <u>EBIT</u> is very closely related to operating profit and often the same; it may include some profits or losses that are excluded from operating profit.

answer: (a) EBIT

- A9 Technically speaking, <u>COGS</u> amounts to the characterization of an expense as having been necessary to the production of a product or delivery of a service; in other words, of all the expenses your business will incur in a given month, some of those expenses will go into this category and some will stay in the category of normal operating expenses. answer: (b) COGS
- A10 Typically, an investment banking <u>group</u> nowadays provides world-wide, either in divisions of the bank or in associated companies, corporate finance and advisory work, normally in connection with new issues of securities for raising finance, take-overs, mergers and acquisitions. answer: (b) group

- A1 Beginning on July 1, 1998, taxpayers may be eligible to claim a nonrefundable <u>Lifetime</u> Learning Credit against their federal income taxes, for the qualified tuition and related expenses of the students in the taxpayer's family who are enrolled in eligible educational institutions. answer: (a) Lifetime
- A2 Non-<u>financial</u> assets are divided into two categories: produced assets and non-produced assets. answer: (a) financial
- A3 The most comprehensive insurance policy is guaranteed <u>replacement</u> cost coverage, which will pay to rebuild your home even if the cost to rebuild is more than your policy limit.
   answer: (d) replacement
- A4 <u>An operationally</u> efficient market allows investors to make transactions that move the market further toward the overall goal of prudent capital allocation without being chiseled down by excessive frictional costs, which would reduce the risk/reward profile of the transaction. answer: (b) An operationally
- A5 Stock dividends and splits have basically three occurrences: <u>announcement</u> date, record date and payment date; to qualify for split the investor must be the owner on the record date, and therefore, the stock must be purchased at the appropriate time before the record date to qualify.

answer: (a) announcement

- A6 The increasing popularity of index funds has created a market <u>inefficiency</u> that has artificially raised S&P 500 prices above the levels dictated by economic fundamentals; it thus threatens to interfere with the key function of financial markets getting investors to put their cash into the most economically promising investments. answer: (d) inefficiency
- A7 Price <u>limits</u> set by the market establish boundaries where security prices are allowed to move within a trading day, and so provide a cooling off period; however, since they prevent immediate one-day large price changes, they may cause price adjustments to spread out over a longer period of time.

answer: (d) limits

- A8 Technical analysis would include any analysis associated with the determination of investor sentiment and psychology, such as graphs of price and volume, while <u>qualitative</u> analysis attempts to measure (although not quantify) less tangible aspects, such as management's ability, business models, etc. answer: (c) qualitative
- A9 FOR VALUE RECEIVED, We, the undersigned, the promisors and mortgagors, jointly and severally agree as follows: To pay to the order of State of Ohio, Promisee and Mortgagee, its successors and assigns, at such other place as may be designated by the holder of this mortgage <u>note</u>, interest at the rate of 12 percent per annum. answer: (c) note
- A10 <u>Savings</u> accounts are accounts with commercial banks and credit unions that pay interest but cannot be used directly as money (by, for example, writing a cheque); these accounts let customers set aside a portion of their liquid assets that could be used to make purchases while earning a monetary return. answer: (d) Savings

A1 The <u>sight</u> draft is most commonly used in international trade; payment is on demand or on presentation of negotiation documents to the paying bank or importer, although in practice, the bank may pay within three working days after receipt and review of the negotiation documents.

answer: (c) sight

A2 FAST serves as <u>a Transfer</u> Agent and Registrar, performing the functions of original issue, cancellation and reissuance of stock certificates; we utilize a state of the art computer system, which is specifically designed to handle high-volume transfers and provide up-to-date shareholder records.

answer: (d) a Transfer

A3 The balance on a <u>charge</u> card account is payable in full when the statement is received and cannot be rolled over from one billing to the next; because you cannot carry a balance, the card doesn't have a periodic or annual percentage rate, so there is no rate for a card issuer to disclose.

answer: (c) charge

- A4 The big manufacturers of telecom equipment don't want to see part of their potential market shrivel up and die, so they're leaping into the vacuum left by the capital markets and committing billions in <u>vendor</u> financing for equipment to shore up cash-strapped service providers. answer: (c) vendor
- A5 A 403(b) plan is a retirement plan similar to a 401(k) plan, but one which is offered by <u>non-profit</u> organizations. answer: (b) non-profit
- A6 Also known as liquidation (converting assets into money) or a straight bankruptcy, <u>Chapter</u> 7 Bankruptcy is the most common form of bankruptcy filing; under this part of the Code, all non-exempt property of the debtor is sold and the proceeds of the same are distributed to the creditors.

answer: (b) Chapter

- A7 If your total losses exceeded your gains, then the remaining amount can be applied in later years at a clip of \$3,000 per year, for as long as you live or until they expire; what you have with these old losses is a particularly gruesome kind of asset the tax loss <u>carryforward</u>. answer: (b) carryforward
- A8 The Federal <u>Open</u> Market Committee decided to keep its target for the federal funds rate at 5-1/4 percent; its predominant policy concern remains the risk that inflation will fail to moderate as expected, and future policy adjustments will depend on the evolution of the outlook for both inflation and economic growth.

answer: (c) Open

- A9 A widely used approach for calculating hedge ratios for Treasury futures contracts assumes that the contract will be settled with the currently cheapest-to-deliver note or bond; with that single-deliverable assumption, the futures' PVBP (price value of a <u>basis</u> point) is the converted, forward PVBP of \$100,000 par of the cheapest to deliver. answer: (d) basis
- A10 In deciding which risks to take on, you should weigh opportunities against the downside; one standard measure of return on risk is the <u>Sharpe</u> ratio, named after the Nobel Laureate professor and calculated using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk.

answer: (d) Sharpe

- A1 <u>Accumulated</u> Depreciation represents the expense related to the fixed assets still carried on the books of the company; sometimes the term 'reserve for depreciation' is used. answer: (a) Accumulated
- A2 A firm buying stock seldom had sufficient money balances to complete the required payments; instead it relied on its bank for <u>day</u> loans, but as NYSE volume grew, banks and their regulators became alarmed at the amount of credit being extended to support securities transactions.

answer: (a) day

- A3 Many futures contract months of the same commodity trade simultaneously on the market, sometimes even years into the future; the contracts other than the current one are called the <u>back</u> months, even though they are for future months. answer: (a) back
- A4 A <u>call</u> swaption gives the buyer the right to receive the swap's fixed rate of interest and pay the floating rate of interest; this is a bullish position in bonds, as you profit if rates fall in the future.
  answer: (a) call
- A5 Reconciling <u>payables</u> to the General Ledger boils down to making sure you know what you owe and what you don't it's crucial for maintaining business health; it is a fundamental task that can reduce working capital needs and minimize bank borrowings, but it can be a labor-intensive process.

answer: (d) payables

- A6 It is the consensus of the committee that all banking institutions are capable of providing the basic treasury management and banking services requested; some banks require a smaller <u>compensating</u> balance for no fee services, but their interest rates are adjusted to offset any significant difference in cost.
  answer: (b) compensating
- A7 An employee stock <u>option</u> plan gives you the right to buy a certain number of shares of your employer's stock at a stated price over a certain period of time; often, the shares 'vest' over a period of several years, meaning that some fraction of the shares can be exercised in the first year, another fraction in the second year, etc.

answer: (d) option

- A8 Section 1035 of the IRS Code allows the movement of non-qualified monies from certain financial products to others without an income tax consequence; this 1035 <u>Exchange</u> allows non-qualified monies from an annuity to move to another annuity, or from a life insurance policy to another life insurance policy.
  answer: (b) Exchange
- A9 In the case of market orders in the active bonds, whose prices are reported on the right side of the quotation board, the broker after noting the latest price on the board, goes directly to the bond <u>crowd</u> and effects a sale at the most favorable bid or asked price he can obtain. answer: (b) crowd
- A10 Descending <u>bottoms</u> are a bearish indication formed when a stock begins a downward trend and makes successively lower lows as it declines.

answer: (a) bottoms

- A1 The most popular variation of the reverse convertible has a contingent <u>downside</u> protection built in: this means that as long as the stock does not fall by more than a certain amount, the investment is fully protected. answer: (b) downside
- A2 <u>Payback</u> period is the length of time required to recover the cost of an investment, usually measured in years; other things being equal, the better investment is the one with the shorter period — it is considered less risky. answer: (c) Payback
- A3 The credit balance in a margin account is known as a <u>fictitious</u> credit because it cannot be withdrawn by the customer, since it is held as collateral to secure the broker's loan of funds and securities to the customer; it is comprised of the proceeds from short sales and the margin requirement. answer: (c) fictitious
- A4 This is the first rule in buying <u>equity</u>-linked notes: Peg it to a stock that you would like to own. answer: (b) equity
- A5 The Hulbert rating is a rating by Hulbert Financial Digest of how well the recommendations of various market *letters* have performed.

answer: (b) letters

A6 The SEC Full <u>Disclosure</u> Program ensures investors are provided material information to make informed decisions about a company — both when it initially offers stock to the public and on a regular basis as it continues to report information about its business operations.

answer: (c) Disclosure

- A7 The SEC's Division of Market Regulation stated that when market conditions are not 'normal', such that OTC Market Makers would not be required to display limit orders within 30 seconds of receipt, then "limit orders <u>held</u> at the opening must be displayed as soon as practicable under the circumstances."
  answer: (c) held
- A8 The Form <u>1040</u>, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, is the starting form for personal (individual) Federal income tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in the United States; the first one was published for use for the tax years 1913, 1914, and 1915.

answer: (a) 1040

A9 A <u>like-kind exchange requires that you close in escrow through a qualified intermediary such as a title company; the title company holds the proceeds from the first closing in its escrow account until you're ready to close on the replacement property.</u>

answer: (b) like

A10 Investors in mortgage <u>pools</u> of single-family loans may have only limited information about the individual loans.

answer: (c) pools

- A1 A non-<u>insured</u> plan is a defined benefit pension plan that is not guaranteed. answer: (b) insured
  A2 The policyholder is paying more than the cost of pure protection during the early years of the policy — the excess of the premiums, above the cost of pure protection, is what builds up the savings <u>element</u> of the policy. answer: (b) element
- A3 This <u>Opinion</u> of Title is being furnished to the City of Fort Lauderdale for use by said party in the recording of a deed (or easement) document to be executed by insert name relating to the properties described herein and for no other purpose. answer: (b) Opinion
- A4 Cash-settled index <u>options</u> do not relate to a particular number of shares; rather, the underlying instrument is usually the value of the underlying index of stocks times a multiplier, which is generally U.S. \$100. answer: (c) options
- A5 The purpose of the attached Stock <u>Power</u> form is to transfer or change the ownership of stock; separate forms are required for each stock certificate that has a different format of the owner's name(s), a different CUSIP number, or a different company name. answer: (c) Power
- A6 After six consecutive weeks in which the closing price has been greater than the opening price, the trend on the Nasdaq is up, and prices are at new 4 1/2-year highs; the importance of trend cannot be overstated, and price <u>persistence</u> is how trends get started and how they are maintained.

answer: (d) persistence

- A7 The general consensus is that <u>qualitative</u> research is a naturalistic, interpretative approach concerned with understanding the meanings which people attach to actions, decisions, beliefs, values etc., and understanding the mental mapping process that respondents use to make sense of and interpret the world around them. answer: (d) qualitative
- A8 <u>Replacement</u> value is what it would cost to buy a particular item from a retail vendor, considering its age and condition for instance, to buy a car from a used car dealer, furniture from a used furniture shop, or electronic equipment on eBay. answer: (d) Replacement
- A9 <u>A sight</u> letter of credit is one in which the draft drawn thereagainst is payable on presentation, while a time or acceptance credit is one in which the draft is payable only when the stipulated number of days after date of acceptance has elapsed. answer: (c) A sight
- A10 Tax <u>lot</u> accounting is a recordkeeping technique investors can use to track the cost of each security in a portfolio by factoring in purchase and sale dates, corporate action events and wash sales; it provides investors with accurate tax reporting and helps them improve the after-tax performance of their portfolios.

answer: (c) lot

of a few. answer: (c) concentrations A2 Such conglomerations of economic resources are thought to be injurious to the public and individuals because such trusts minimize, if not obliterate normal marketplace competition, and yield undesirable price controls. answer: (d) obliterate A3 These, in turn, cause markets to stagnate and sap individual initiative. answer: (b) sap A4 To prevent trusts from creating restraints on trade or commerce and reducing competition, Congress passed the Sherman Act in 1890. answer: (d) restraints A5 The Sherman Act is the main source of antitrust law. answer: (a) antitrust A6 The Sherman Act is a Federal statute and as such has a scope limited by Constitutional constraints on the Federal government.

According to Cornell University Law School, trusts and monopolies are concentrations of wealth in the hands

answer: (d) statute

A1

- A7 The commerce clause, however, allows <u>for</u> a very wide interpretation and application of this act. answer: (b) for
- A8 The Sherman Act applies to all transactions and business involved in <u>interstate</u> commerce. answer: (c) interstate
- A9 Most if not all states have comparable laws prohibiting monopolistic conduct, price fixing agreements, and other acts that constrain trade having strictly local <u>impact.</u>

answer: (c) impact

A10 The Massachusetts Act reads: it shall be unlawful for any person <u>engaged</u> in commerce, to make a sale of goods on the condition that the purchaser thereof shall not deal in the goods of a competitor of the seller, where the effect of such sale or such condition may be to lessen substantially competition or tend to create a monopoly in any line of trade.

answer: (c) engaged

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 277 (Answer Keys) Negotiating a Contract with Employees

- A1 Prior to selecting a bargaining strategy, an employer must identify its goals: is it important to obtain more favorable economic terms, less restrictive contract <u>language</u>, or both?
   answer: (a) language
- A2 An employer must also determine if it has the proper person sitting at the bargaining table on its <u>behalf</u>. answer: (a) behalf
- A3 Is it time to introduce a new face as the company spokesperson to show the union that <u>times</u> are changing? answer: (d) times
- A4 Alan I. Model asserts that there are several considerations that every employer must <u>assess</u> before it sits down to bargain.

answer: (c) assess

- A review of judicial and administrative rulings will help determine if contractual provisions may have been modified or even <u>nullified</u> by the courts or the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB).
   answer: (d) nullified
- A6 Obtain the input of operating managers and line supervisors as to how they administer the labor agreement; often the best insights on the company's bargaining position come from the <u>front</u> lines.
   answer: (d) front
  - answer: (d) front
- A7 If the company is <u>party</u> to an agreement that was negotiated by a multi-employer bargaining group, the company must determine before the beginning of negotiations whether to negotiate as part of the group or as an individual employer.

answer: (b) party

A8 Construct a financial model that computes the specific cost components; this action is vital in determining the *priority* of any bargaining goals and objectives.

answer: (d) priority

- A9 Know your <u>adversary</u>: use contacts in the labor arena to learn about the union and its officers. answer: (a) adversary
- A10 This information may help identify any intra-union pressures <u>weighing</u> on a union negotiator that may facilitate or hinder attempts to reach a deal.

answer: (d) weighing

- A1 Shamus McGillicuddy writes that it's OK to fail: Every year, Hollywood studios release movies that bomb at the box office. answer: (a) bomb A2 Record companies press albums no one wants to play. answer: (c) press A3 The auto industry introduces cars that *tank* — remember the Ford Edsel? answer: (d) tank A4 Businesses in every vertical industry take risks when they innovate; when they try something new, they know there's a chance for failure. answer: (b) innovate A5 But in information technology, CIOs rarely feel they have the breathing room to fail. answer: (a) breathing A6 CIOs need to push back when their companies expect a 100% success rate, said Tom Halbouty, vice president and CIO of Pioneer Natural Resources. answer: (d) push A7 When a project fails, put the failure within a context that a company understands; at Pioneer, IT project failures can be compared to the number of wells drilled that came up dry - plenty! answer: (b) dry A8 He said if he tries to create a system that creates animated visualizations of underwater drilling projects and puts them out on the Web for his worldwide users to use, he has to expect some risk. answer: (d) visualizations A9 "No one has done it before, and I'm not sure I'm going to pull it off," he said. answer: (a) off A10 John F. Cole, CIO of Kansas City, Mo.-based Midwest Consulting Group Inc., agreed with Halbouty's notion
- that CIOs must be prepared for the occasional failure; but on the <u>flip</u> side, Cole said CIOs should also be sure they are communicating the successes.

answer: (b) flip

- A1 Informal groups cannot rely on external enforcement to insure that members <u>abide</u> by their obligations.
   answer: (a) abide
- A2 It is generally assumed that these problems are solved by social sanctions' and <u>reputational</u> effects. answer: (c) reputational
- A3 Roscas are one of the most commonly found informal financial institutions in the developing world; in the absence of an external (social) sanctioning mechanism, roscas are never sustainable, even if the <u>defecting</u> member is excluded from all future roscas.

answer: (c) defecting

A4 It is <u>typically</u> assumed that informal groups, such as roscas, rely on social sanctions to solve their enforcement problems.

answer: (d) typically

A5 We examine this notion more carefully and distinguish between expulsion from future roscas cycles and <u>extraneous</u> social sanctions.

answer: (c) extraneous

- A6 We first demonstrate that theoretically expulsion in itself is never a sufficient <u>deterrent</u>. answer: (b) deterrent
- A7 We then ask whether institutional features of these groups are chosen in some part to prevent members from <u>defaulting</u> on their responsibilities.

answer: (b) defaulting

A8 We focus on the allocation of ranks, and we show that a random allocation of ranks, though preferred by a majority of members, tends to <u>exacerbate</u> the incentives to welch.

answer: (a) exacerbate

- A9 They are therefore sustainable only if the <u>costs</u> of social sanctions on their members are sufficiently high. answer: (a) costs
- A10 We provide some evidence in favour of our hypothesis, since individuals who are more <u>vulnerable</u> to those sanctions tend to participate in roscas where the order of ranks is randomly drawn at each cycle.
   answer: (d) vulnerable

A1 The term 'entrepreneur' was introduced to economics by Richard Cantillon in 1755; since then, entrepreneurship and its central *figure*, the entrepreneur, have been the focus of numerous studies, including the qualities of entrepreneurial behavior, and corporate entrepreneurship.

answer: (a) figure

A2 Recently, a new stream of literature has formed <u>around</u> strategic entrepreneurship (Hitt et al. 2002a; Meyer and Heppard).

answer: (b) around

A3 This new area of research is different from what has been traditionally *identified* as strategic management research.

answer: (a) identified

A4 Instead of focusing on the <u>mechanisms</u> that can be used to sustain competitive advantage (i.e., existing market position), strategic entrepreneurship is about recognizing and taking advantage of new profit opportunities.

answer: (b) mechanisms

A5 A firm that manages for strategic flexibility and constant renewal is able to <u>generate</u> above-average profits and thus is rewarded for its entrepreneurial behavior.

answer: (b) generate

A6 The return to entrepreneurial behavior is entrepreneurial rent, and unlike most factor costs, entrepreneurial rents are noncontractible; this is because the entrepreneur <u>exercises</u> judgments to allocate resources in an uncertain environment.

answer: (b) exercises

A7 Because the judgments are framed in an uncertain environment, the judgments themselves are uncertain and are thus ex *ante* noncontractible.

answer: (a) ante

A8 Because entrepreneurship is not as <u>homogenous</u> as other factors, the analysis of payments to entrepreneurial behavior is complex.

answer: (a) homogenous

A9 The aim of Ross and Westgren's paper is to include entrepreneurship in a model of the firm while reducing this dimensionality to two categories, arbitrage and innovation; they highlight what the entrepreneur receives for these activities and what governs their *imputation* from the stream of profits.

answer: (d) imputation

A10 Following this model, entrepreneurial rents are then <u>empirically</u> calculated for a three-site hog production farm. answer: (a) empirically

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 281 (Answer Keys) *Payment Programs*

- A1 Over the next three years, the Public Health Agency of Canada will manage <u>transfer</u> payment programs in excess of \$5 million for such programs as the Federal Initiative to Address HIV/AIDS and the Aboriginal Head Start programs for Aboriginal pre-school children. answer: (d) transfer
- A2 Desjardins venture capital <u>limited</u> partnership is a fund that invests in the industrial, life sciences, telecommunications and information technology sectors; its mission is to support businesses demonstrating high potential with venture capital, expert advice and access to our network.

answer: (d) limited

- A3 While each lending situation is unique, many banks utilize some variation of evaluating the five C's when making loan decisions:
   character, capacity, capital, <u>conditions</u> and collateral.
   answer: (c) conditions
- A4 If you hold securities in physical certificate form and want to transfer or sell them, you will need to sign the certificates or securities powers; before a transfer agent will accept the transaction, however, it will insist on signature <u>guarantees</u> in order to limit its liability if a signature turns out to be forged.
  answer: (b) guarantees
- A5 The <u>Chartered</u> Life Underwriter (CLU) is a professional financial advisor specializing in developing effective solutions for individuals, business owners and professionals in the areas of income replacement, risk management, estate planning, and wealth transfer. answer: (c) Chartered
- A6 Finite-<u>life</u> real estate investment trusts (FREITs) are a type of equity REIT which have a stated goal of liquidating the real estate portfolio by a specific date; their primary investment goal is to maximize potential capital gain. answer: (a) life
- A7 John Maynard Keynes is reputed to have had extraordinary skills as an investor in the stock market; the <u>Jensen</u> index indicates that Keynes was an outstanding portfolio manager, beating the market by a large margin.
   answer: (b) Jensen
- A8 The <u>Positive</u> Volume Index was introduced by Norman Fosback and is often used to identify bull and bear markets; it is based on the assumption that the uninformed crowd dominates trading on active days and highlights days when volume is up from the day before. answer: (a) Positive
- A9 If you are self-employed or own a small business with less than 10 employees, a <u>Simplified</u> Employee Pension IRA may offer an easy-tomaintain way to help build retirement savings for you and your employees; as with Traditional IRAs, SEP IRA earnings grow tax-deferred until withdrawal at retirement.

answer: (b) Simplified

A10 The software-as-a-service company began trading at \$7 (3.83) a share on the Nasdaq stock market, knocking a few dollars off the \$9 to
 \$11 price <u>range</u> set last month.
 answer: (c) range

A1	The University of Washington has agreed to shell out \$17.45 million in <i>back</i> pay to faculty members who did not receive a merit raise four years ago. answer: (a) back
A2	On January, 1, 2002, Matlock, Inc. issued its 10 percent bonds in the face amount of \$1,500,000, maturing on January 1, 2012.; the bonds were issued for \$1,329,000 to yield 12 percent, resulting in a bond <u>discount</u> of \$171,000. answer: (a) discount
A3	Essentially, <u>callable</u> bonds represent a normal bond, but with an embedded option that is implicitly sold to the issuer by the investor and entitles the issuer to retire the bonds after a certain point in time; this option introduces uncertainty to the lifespan of the bond. answer: (a) callable
A4	Deutsche Bank takes <u>charge-offs</u> based on Credit Risk Management's assessment when it determines that the loans are uncollectible, considering information such as the occurrence of significant changes in the borrower's financial position or the insufficiency of the proceeds from collateral to pay the loan. answer: (a) charge-offs
A5	The Royal Bank of Scotland has led the landmark 125 million sterling index- <u>linked</u> bond issue for Tescol; RBS Financial Markets was the sole bookrunner for the Tesco deal, which mirrors closely the maturity and interest rate payments of the Treasury 2.5% 2016 gilt. answer: (b) linked
A6	The TFCS provides on-line access to the FRCS, enabling payments to mortgagees to be made to financial institutions that have access to the FRCS; the payment can also be made to financial institutions that do not have access to the FRCS through <u>correspondent</u> financial institutions or Federal Banks. answer: (b) correspondent
A7	<u>Accumulated</u> earnings tax is an additional tax on earnings that a business holds in an attempt to avoid the higher income taxes the owners would be subject to if the earnings were paid out to them as dividends. answer: (a) Accumulated
A8	The Senate Finance Committee Chairman, Charles Grassley, who is a Republican Senator from Iowa, said that they are passing the huge increase in the national debt limit because "It is necessary to preserve the <u>full</u> faith and credit of the federal government". answer: (b) full
A9	A significant difference between silver and gold is that silver has underperformed relative to gold so far this year; the silver chart looks 'uglier' than the gold chart right now, and with a series of lower highs and a trendline break, the <u>downside</u> risk is as obvious as the Marquis de Sade's nose. answer: (b) downside
A10	If you are trying to decide whether to buy a corporate bond paying an annual coupon interest of 8% or a municipal bond paying an annual

coupon interest of 5%, how do you decide? - you must calculate an equivalent taxable yield. answer: (d) yield

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 283 (Answer Keys) Underwritten by Lloyds

- A1 The Apex <u>Fidelity</u> Bond is targeted specifically for employees with a criminal record and is underwritten by Lloyds; this policy can only be taken out by employers on behalf of a named employee within a specific post. answer: (a) Fidelity
- A2 'Descending <u>tops</u>' describes a chart pattern where each new high price for a security is lower than the former high price; in other words, from the stock's high price, it falls and then rises, but the price never reaches the stock's previous high price. answer: (d) tops
- A3 After unexpectedly strong demand, makers of everything from laptops to cell phones are paying more for key parts; this industry <u>hiccup</u> isn't likely to dampen the tech recovery overall, prices of computers continue to decline, albeit at a slower pace than usual. answer: (c) hiccup
- A4 Entities with securities exercisable or convertible into common shares have a <u>complex</u> capital structure and must present basic and diluted earnings per share amounts, according to the FASB.
  answer: (a) complex
- A5 Generally, <u>an investment</u> company is a company (corporation, business trust, partnership, or limited liability company) that issues securities and is primarily engaged in the business of investing in securities; its performance will be based on (but it won't be identical to) the performance of the securities and other assets that the company owns. answer: (c) an investment
- A6 CHICAGO (Dow Jones) Chicago Board of Trade corn futures settled <u>limit</u> down Tuesday in several nearby months, plunging near midday as forecasts predicting rain for the eastern U.S. Midwest this weekend pushed prices sharply lower, analysts said.
   answer: (c) limit
- A7 The need to understand and measure the determinants of market maker bid/ask <u>spreads</u> is crucial in evaluating the merits of competing market structures and the fairness of market maker rents.
   answer: (d) spreads
- A8 Mortgage <u>rates</u> are still near historical lows you can refinance into a 30-year mortgage for under 7% at the moment. answer: (d) rates
- A9 A non-interest-<u>bearing</u> note is issued at a discount to its face value and requires the maker to pay the face value of the note at maturity; to the payee (lender) the note is a note receivable and to the maker the note is a note payable. answer: (a) bearing
- A10 <u>An option</u> account is a type of brokerage account that allows you to trade puts and calls; to open this type of account, your broker will require you to sign a statement that you understand and acknowledge the risks associated with derivative instruments. answer: (c) An option

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 284 (Answer Keys) Debt Reduction

- A1 Finance Minister Paul Martin announced today that the federal government reduced its debt by \$17.1 billion in 2000-01, the largest debt <u>paydown</u> in history by a Canadian government. answer: (d) paydown
- A2 If dividends are not paid within the specified period, then before the company pays off its common shareholders, it shall have to distribute the <u>accumulated</u> dividend to the preference shareholders. answer: (b) accumulated
- A3 The <u>quality</u> spread between corporate bonds and U.S. treasury bonds increased from 1.09 percent (Aaa-rated bonds) and 1.69 (Baa-rated bonds) in July 1998 to 1.84 percent (Aaa) and 2.65 percent (Baa) in October 1998. answer: (b) quality
- A writ of <u>replevin</u> shall issue only upon court order on motion of a party claiming the right to possession of chattels; such order may be entered by the court only after it finds that the party in possession appears about to abscond or about to destroy, secrete or otherwise dispose of the chattels. answer: (d) replevin
- A5 The US Bureau of Economic Analysis dished out some discouraging news recently, saying that Americans had a negative savings <u>rate</u> of 0.5 percent for 2005, the first time that's happened since the Great Depression; our saving habits have been doing a gradual slide since May 1985 when we saved 11.1 percent of our disposable income. answer: (d) rate
- A6 Employee stock purchase <u>plans</u> can be a good deal for those who participate; like incentive stock options, they can make it possible for you to buy stock at a bargain price without reporting income until you sell the stock. answer: (b) plans
- A7 Are you taking advantage of all the tax benefits Uncle Sam has to offer? the goal of tax <u>planning</u> is to help you minimize your federal income tax liability as much as you are allowed by tax law.
   answer: (c) planning
- A8 In Ontario, land <u>transfer</u> tax is imposed on the acquisition of an interest in land by registered conveyance or unregistered disposition; the tax is calculated on the value of the consideration for the transfer, sometimes deemed to be the fair market value of the land. answer: (d) transfer
- A9 The <u>verbatim</u> report of the debate in Congregation on 10 March on the general resolution concerning the Report of the Commission of Inquiry is set out herein: "MR VICE-CHANCELLOR: Before we begin the debate, I should express on behalf of Congregation our gratitude to..."

answer: (d) verbatim

A10 It appears that the US federal annual \$10,000 gift-tax <u>exclusion</u> will finally increase to \$11,000 in 2002, and anyone who has an estate vulnerable to estate taxes or who is funding high-cost college expenses should consider use of this benefit.
 answer: (b) exclusion

- A1 If the silver market longs get back in and buy the heck out of the markets to teach the big sellers a lesson, restoring trading to above the 2year trend line, a failed 'bear <u>trap</u>' will have occurred; but if the cheap raid ends up paying off for the big sellers, it could send silver down a series of stale long sell stops and shake up the market's complacency. answer: (d) trap
- A2 1040 <u>EZ</u> is the simplest version of Form 1040, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, used by taxpayers with no deductions, no adjustments, income of only wages, interest, or unemployment compensation, and no dependents.
  answer: (b) EZ
- A3 The <u>Chicago</u> Board Options Exchange (CBOE) was founded in 1973 as the first U.S. options exchange and trading begins on standardized, listed options; April 26, the first day of trading, saw 911 contracts traded on 16 underlying stocks.
   answer: (b) Chicago
- A4 <u>Fixed</u> rate mortgages could be the perfect deal if you're unsure which way interest rates are going; they also help if you're planning ahead or working to a budget you know exactly what your monthly repayments will be, perfect for the control freak in you. answer: (b) Fixed
- A5 A <u>joint</u> stock company is a company (usually unincorporated) which has the capital of its members pooled in a common fund; transferable shares represent ownership interest and shareholders are legally liable for all debts of the company. answer: (b) joint
- A6 Amid other international efforts to help Sierra Leone recover from a decade-long civil war, the <u>Paris</u> Club of official bilateral creditor nations agreed in October to cancel about \$72 mn of the West African country's foreign debt, estimated in 1999 at around \$888 mn. answer: (b) Paris
- A7 A <u>Single</u> Premium Deferred Annuity (SPDA), a retirement planning product, is an interest-earning annuity contract between you and an insurance company; in return for an initial investment, the company promises to pay you the investment plus accrued interest on the maturity date of the annuity.

answer: (b) Single

A8 Unless you give your broker specific instructions to the contrary, orders to buy or sell a stock are '<u>day</u> orders' — those that have been placed but not executed during regular trading hours will not automatically carry over into after-hours trading or the next regular trading day.

answer: (a) day

A9 A company's first annual <u>meeting</u> must be within 18 months of incorporation, and the one after that must be within 15 months of the previous one.

answer: (b) meeting

A10 Nothing is more worrisome than dealing with <u>back</u> taxes; in such a situation, you need tax debt relief through IRS tax debt settlement help. answer: (a) back

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 286 (Answer Keys) Assessing Yourself and Your Business Idea

- A1 Four basic factors influence a successful business <u>start-up</u>: a qualified entrepreneur, a profitable business idea, a thorough business plan, and adequate capital.
   answer: (d) start-up
- A2 Before you proceed, you should assess both your own entrepreneurial skills and the <u>viability</u> of your business concept.

answer: (c) viability

A3 If it is not <u>feasible</u> for you and your business concept to succeed, you will not need to spend time writing a business plan and seeking financing.

answer: (a) feasible

A4 Many studies have been conducted and even more articles written on 'the right <u>stuff</u> for being an entrepreneur — the primary characteristics of successful business owners.

answer: (d) stuff

- A5 Self-confidence: the aspirant believes in own ideas and abilities, and <u>conveys</u> that belief to others. answer: (d) conveys
- A6 Risk-taking: the aspirant can <u>abandon</u> status quo, explore options and pursue opportunities. answer: (a) abandon
- A7 Decision-making: the aspirant has the ability to make <u>prudent</u> choices even in a stressful environment.
   answer: (c) prudent
- A8 Persistence: the aspirant can <u>tenaciously</u> pursue goals regardless of the energy and commitment required. answer: (a) tenaciously
- A9 Goal-<u>oriented</u>: the aspirant can envision a desired outcome, as well as plan and implement the activities required to achieve it.

answer: (d) oriented

A10 Begin improvement by reading business magazines and books, enrolling in educational programs, and seeking out a <u>mentor</u> who exhibits the traits you need most.

answer: (c) mentor

A1	Portfolio management has traditionally been <u>all</u> about getting new products to market and prioritizing budgets for R&D. answer: (a) all
A2	Improving efficiency and effectiveness in those areas is one of the key benefits of a systematic approach to portfolio management and explains why, in R&D-heavy industries, portfolio management is considered a critical management function in its own <u>right</u> . answer: (b) right
A3	Portfolio management can be the vital bridge between strategy and operations and the key method <u>by</u> which cross-functional and cross- departmental coordination and strategic alignment can be achieved. answer: (a) by
A4	In order to handle the complexity of the functions performed and through the pressures of growth and <u>economies</u> of scale, companies have become completely organized around specific functions like Finance, R&D, Supply chain, Manufacturing, etc. answer: (b) economies
A5	Budgets, target setting and the employees themselves have all become departmentalized by functional area, and this leaves top management with the task of ensuring that the sum of all those functions actually <u>creates</u> value for the shareholders. answer: (c) creates
A6	The basic principle is that the market value of a company is driven by the expected future net income from sales of products and services and the <u>assumption</u> that top management's primary goal is to optimize the value of a company. answer: (c) assumption
A7	It seems obvious that any strategic targets one might have set for maximization of the value of a company have to be translated to a product portfolio and through that into net future revenue <u>streams.</u> answer: (d) streams
<i>A8</i>	The simple fact that strategy turns into revenue only through having the right products in the marketplace at the right time and at the right price should put your current and future product portfolio <u>square</u> in the middle of your whole company's focus. answer: (c) square
A9	However, transparency into the complete portfolio, the currently commercially marketed one as well as the planned products, is often lacking due to geographic fragmentation and inconsistencies between information systems <u><i>capturing</i></u> the data about these products. answer: (b) capturing
A10	The different functions that are very product- <u>centric</u> (R&D, Sales/Marketing, Supply Chain), tend to use different definitions and tools when it comes to product-related planning.

answer: (b) centric

A1 The purpose of this primer is to clarify some of the key characteristics of the over-the-<u>counter</u> (OTC) derivatives markets.
 answer: (b) counter

answer: (b) counter

A2 A clearer picture of these markets will help legislators and regulators write better legislation and rules for the *prudential* regulation of OTC derivatives markets.

answer: (d) prudential

A3 Derivatives are financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of an underlying commodity, asset, rate, index or the occurrence or <u>magnitude</u> of an event.

answer: (b) magnitude

A4 The term 'derivative' is used to refer to the set of financial instruments that includes futures, forwards, options and swaps, and the combination of a derivative with a security or loan is called a hybrid instrument or alternatively a *structured* security.

answer: (d) structured

A5 Exchanges have traditionally been defined by 'pit' trading through open <u>outcry</u>, but exchanges have recently adopted electronic trading platforms that automatically match the bids and offers from market participants to execute trades in a multilateral environment.

answer: (b) outcry

A6 The trading of derivatives (traditionally futures and options) on exchanges is conducted through <u>brokers</u> and not dealers.

answer: (b) brokers

- A7 The OTC markets are organized <u>along</u> several different lines: the first is called a 'traditional' dealer market, the second is called an electronically brokered market and the third is called a proprietary trading platform market.
   answer: (a) along
- A8 The OTC markets have traditionally been organized around one or more dealers who '<u>make</u> a market' by maintaining bid and offer quotes to market participants.

answer: (b) make

- A9 The quotes and the negotiation of <u>execution</u> prices are generally conducted over the telephone, although the process may be enhanced through the use of electronic bulletin boards by the dealers for posting their quotes. answer: (a) execution
- A10 The trading process of negotiating by phone, whether end-user-to-dealer or dealer-to-dealer, is known as <u>bilateral</u> trading because only the two market participants directly observe the quotes or execution. answer: (a) bilateral

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 289 (Answer Keys) Currency Valuation and Strategic Hedging

- A1 The US dollar's current weakness is making hedging risk very <u>attractive</u> for corporates in North America, while their counterparts in Europe don't have the same advantage.
   answer: (b) attractive
- A2 However, an active and strategic approach to hedging means that Europeans should not be <u>deterred</u>, Didier Hirigoyen exhorts.

answer: (b) deterred

A3 The current weakness of the US Dollar <u>versus</u> major currencies has revived the debate around net investment hedging as well as earnings translation risk.

answer: (c) versus

A4 Although North American companies' hedging opportunities are now generally benefitting from favourable market conditions, European corporations may not have to <u>shy</u> away from managing these risks.

answer: (d) shy

A5 A solid currency valuation assessment combined with a structured hedging framework can lead to a successful programme; this approach however <u>demands</u> a slightly more dynamic methodology than is common in the corporate world.

answer: (b) demands

A6 Between internal policy constraints and accounting regulation, most companies have chosen to be mostly passive, implementing hedging strategies in a systematic manner or not at all, but rarely <u>taking</u> into consideration market conditions in the decision making process.

answer: (d) taking

*A7* While it is fair for companies to state that they are not involved in the currency market to 'punt' on the direction of exchange rates, it is also fair to say that hedging should not be done in <u>a vacuum</u> either.

answer: (d) a vacuum

*A8* While understanding the mechanisms and characteristics of the FX market is key to a sound hedging policy, remaining aware of currency valuation and including it in the risk management process can add value to a firm *in the long run.* 

answer: (c) in the long run

A9 The PPP currency valuation model, modified to reflect the assumption that a currency pair has, on average, traded at fair value over the 20 years preceding the measurement point, offers some *insight* into the long-term behaviour of exchange rates and their tendency to mean-revert on an inflation adjusted basis.

answer: (a) insight

A10 For example, the EUR/USD exchange rate has, over the past 14 years, <u>hovered</u> in a broad band around the PPP implied rate.

answer: (b) hovered

- A1 In many projects that use Cognitive Work Analysis methodologies, one of the first steps is bootstrapping, in which the analysts familiarize themselves with the <u>domain</u>.
   answer: (b) domain
- A2 Bootstrapping typically involves an analysis of documents (manuals, texts, technical reports,etc.), and documentation analysis can be a critically important method, one that should be utilized as a <u>matter</u> of necessity

answer: (b) matter

A3 Documentation Analysis can be a time-consuming process, but can sometimes be indispensable in knowledge *elicitation* (Kolodner, 1983).

answer: (b) elicitation

A4 In a study of aerial photo interpreters, interviews about the process of terrain analysis began only after an analysis of the <u>readily</u>-available basic knowledge of concepts and definitions; to take up the expert's time by asking questions such as 'What is limestone?' would have made no sense.

answer: (d) readily

A5 Although it is usually considered to be a part of bootstrapping, documentation analysis *invariably* occurs throughout the entire research programme.

answer: (b) invariably

A6 For example, in a weather forecasting case study (Hoffman, Coffey, & Ford, 2000), the bootstrapping process focused on an analysis of published literatures and technical reports that made reference to the <u>cognition</u> of forecasters.

answer: (a) cognition

A7 However, documentation analyses of other types occurred throughout the <u>remainder</u> of the project-analysis of records of weather forecasting case studies, analysis of Standard Operating Procedures documents, analysis of the Local forecasting Handbooks, etc.

answer: (a) remainder

A8 Documentation Analysis can be suggestive of the reasoning of practitioners, and hence contribute to the *forging* of reasoning models.

answer: (b) forging

- A9 Documentation Analysis can also be useful in the attempt to construct knowledge models, since the literature may include both useful categories for field knowledge and important specific '<u>tidbits</u>' of field knowledge. answer: (d) tidbits
- A10 And finally, Documentation Analysis can be useful in the identification of leverage points-aspects of the work where even a modest <u>infusion</u> of or improvement in technology might result in a proportionately greater improvement in the work.

answer: (c) infusion

- A1 Archer North notes that the history of performance appraisal is quite brief; its roots in the early 20th century can be traced to Taylor's pioneering Time and <u>Motion</u> studies.
   answer: (a) Motion
- A2 As a distinct and formal management procedure used in the evaluation of work performance, appraisal really <u>dates</u> from the time of the Second World War not more than 60 years ago. answer: (a) dates
- A3 Yet in a broader sense, the practice of appraisal is a very ancient art; in the scale of things historical, it might well <u>lay</u> claim to being the world's second oldest profession!
   answer: (b) lay
- A4 There is, says Dulewicz (1989), "a basic human tendency to make judgements about those one is working with, as well as about oneself" appraisal, it seems, is both <u>inevitable</u> and universal.

answer: (c) inevitable

A5 In the absence of a carefully structured system of appraisal, people will tend to judge the work performance of others, including subordinates, naturally, informally and *arbitrarily*.

answer: (b) arbitrarily

- A6 The human *inclination* to judge can create serious motivational, ethical and legal problems in the workplace. answer: (d) inclination
- A7 Performance appraisal systems began as simple methods of income *justification*. answer: (d) justification
- A8 The process was firmly linked to material outcomes: if an employee's performance was found to be less than ideal, a *cut* in pay would follow.

answer: (a) cut

- A9 On the other hand, if their performance was better than the supervisor expected, a pay rise was in <u>order</u>. answer: (c) order
- A10 Pay rates were important, but they were not the only element that had an impact on employee performance; it was found that other issues, such as <u>morale</u> and self-esteem, could also have a major influence. answer: (c) morale

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 292 (Answer Keys) Bond Issues

- A1 An issuer may choose to redeem a <u>callable</u> bond when current interest rates drop below the interest rate on the bond; that way the issuer can save money by paying off the bond and issuing another bond at a lower interest rate.
   answer: (a) callable
- A2 In the bond market, we refer to a bond-<u>equivalent</u> yield, which means that if a bond yields 6% on a semiannual basis, its BEY is 12%: the semiannual yield is simply doubled. answer: (b) equivalent
- A3 Morgan Stanley Dean Witter & Company said yesterday that it would use a new stock <u>rating</u> system beginning March 18th: the firm's analysts will characterize stocks as 'overweight', 'equal-weight' or 'underweight', replacing the old 'strong buy', 'outperform', 'neutral' and 'underperform'.

answer: (b) rating

A4 If you think your financial adviser or brokerage firm has mismanaged your account or otherwise breached your contractual relationship, you can contact the firm's <u>compliance</u> department, which is responsible for making sure the company's business activities are in line with the law.

answer: (b) compliance

- A5 You do not qualify for the head of household <u>filing</u> status because you and your spouse have not lived apart for the last 6 months of the taxable year and are not considered unmarried. answer: (a) filing
- A6 Tax <u>preference</u> items are tax deductions which must be computed in calculating the Alternative Minimum Tax liability under federal tax laws; they include, for corporations, deductions for accelerated depreciation, investment tax credits, and increases in loan loss reserves by banks and savings institutions. answer: (a) preference
- A7 Now, Moneypore makes it as easy as clicking a mouse button: with the Moneypore Desktop <u>Ticker</u>, you can keep an eye on your stocks and how they're doing even while you're checking mail, catching up on the news or any of the other things you do online. answer: (d) Ticker
- A8 The TradeTrack Simulation Engine reviews the price-action history of all US stocks, identifying past trading signals and testing various trading strategies; the purpose of <u>back</u>-testing is to illustrate what might happen if you were to trade on a specific trading signal according to well-defined trading strategies.

answer: (a) back

- A9 The undersigned has read and understands the above-mentioned document and agrees to abide by the agreement in the capacity of <u>a</u> <u>cosigner</u>, in affixing his or her signature below, s/he may also be held accountable for all terms and conditions of the rental agreement/lease described above. answer: (a) a cosigner
- A10 The Supreme Court has held that the allottees of flats built by the State housing boards or development authority are bound by the
- escalation clause if the final revision results in higher cost; a three-judge Bench held that the authorities were entitled to collect the increased cost from the allottees with interest. answer: (b) escalation

- A1 Where a person gives, either for his own account or for various accounts in which he has an actual monetary interest, buy or sell odd-lot orders which aggregate 100 shares or more, such orders shall, as far as possible, be consolidated into <u>full</u>-lot units. answer: (b) full
- A2 A <u>limit</u> move occurs when a commodity opens up or down its maximum allowed move and does not trade again until the next session; the resulting bar or candlestick would simply be a small dash. answer: (b) limit
- A3 The upsurge in investment <u>flows</u> was driven by a general improvement in the local business environment and transnational corporations' plan to invest on the mainland in anticipation of emerging business opportunities following China's accession to the WTO. answer: (a) flows
- A4 Simply put, market-<u>neutral</u> funds aim to deliver above-market returns with lower risk by hedging bullish stock picks with an equivalent, but diversified, number of bearish, or short, bets. answer: (c) neutral
- A5 In forecasting models, <u>detrend</u> is the process of removing the effects of accumulating data sets from a trend to show only the absolute changes in values and to allow potential cyclical patterns to be identified; this is done using regression and other statistical techniques. answer: (b) detrend
- A6 The SEC believes that if economics and sound regulation dictate the establishment of an exclusive central processor for the <u>composite</u> tape or any other element of the national market system, provision must be made to insure that this is not under the control or domination of any particular market center.

answer: (c) composite

- A7 A marketable non-<u>investment</u> property is a property without an earning expectancy, but is of a type that is commonly bought and sold, and has a value generated by its expected use(s) and/or consumption.
  answer: (c) investment
- A8 A typical option <u>chain</u> (the bid/ask quotes on all the current options for a stock) can easily have 100 or 150 options; leaving aside the fact that each option is quoted on three or four exchanges, for any two-option strategy you choose, there will be 10,000 to 20,000 possible combinations of choices.

answer: (a) chain

A9 We're looking for tangible assets that could be liquidated at a price that would justify the market value of the entire company: examples of these '*hidden* assets' would be oil and gas leases that are not yet generating cash, or real estate purchased in the 1950s and still listed at cost basis on the balance sheet.

answer: (b) hidden

A10 After you pay the remittance amount and handling charge at the post office, a postal money order is delivered to the <u>payee's</u> address; the latter can then cash this money order at a local post office. answer: (c) payee's

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 294 (Answer Keys) Options Strategy

- A1 A price <u>spread</u> is created when a person buys and sells call options on the same stock or buys and sells puts on the same stock; it gets its name from the vertical movement of prices, and in this options strategy, the strike prices are different but the months are the same. answer: (d) spread
- A2 <u>Vertical</u> acquisitions are usually of noncompeting companies where one's product is a necessary component or complement of the other's; such acquisitions can achieve procompetitive efficiency benefits, lowering transaction costs and leading to synergistic improvements in design, production and distribution.

answer: (d) Vertical

- A3 To *quantise* is to express an asset or liability in terms of a currency or denomination other than the one in which it usually trades. answer: (b) quantise
- A4 With a sell <u>scale</u> order, the limit orders will increase in price, allowing the trader to take advantage of increasing prices, thereby locking in higher returns. answer: (c) scale

answer. (c) scale

- A5 The 12b-1 <u>fee</u> was born in 1980 under the authorization of the Securities Exchange Commission; its name is derived from the section in the Investment Company Act of 1940 that allows a mutual fund to pay distribution and marketing expenses out of the fund's assets. answer: (b) fee
- A6 An unblemished credit history with a positive credit report will be the leading contender for <u>signature</u> loans; a good credit history will ensure you get the loan with no collateral.
   answer: (c) signature
- A7 Charitable <u>Lead</u> Trusts offer current income tax deductions and a reduction of capital gains taxes: charities become the income beneficiaries, receiving a steady stream of income during the owner's lifetime, but at the owner's death, named beneficiaries receive the bulk of the CLT's assets.

answer: (a) Lead

A8 When you finance or lease a vehicle, your creditor or lessor holds important rights on the vehicle until you've made the last loan payment or fully paid off your leasing obligation; if your payments are late or you default on your contract in any way, your creditor or lessor may have the right to <u>repossess</u> your car.

answer: (d) repossess

A9 <u>Day</u> traders rapidly buy and sell stocks throughout the day in the hope that their stocks will continue climbing or falling in value for the seconds to minutes they own the stock, allowing them to lock in quick profits, which is extremely risky and can result in substantial financial losses in a very short period of time.

answer: (a) Day

A10 <u>A transmittal</u> or cover letter accompanies a larger item, usually a document, provides the recipient with a specific context in which to place the larger document and simultaneously gives the sender a permanent record of having sent the material. answer: (d) A transmittal A1 CHICAGO, July 10, 2007 — Even before the Chicago Mercantile Exchange's \$11.9 billion purchase of the crosstown <u>Board of Trade</u> won final approval from shareholders, industry experts were speculating on possible acquisitions ahead for the new juggernaut of the financial exchange industry.

answer: (a) Board of Trade

A2 The <u>forex</u> market exists wherever one currency is traded for another; by far the largest financial market in the world, it includes trading between large banks, central banks, currency speculators, multinational corporations, governments, and other financial markets and institutions.

answer: (b) forex

- A3 Managers' power to influence bids can be strong if they act in concert, threatening a hostile bidder with a mass exodus (the '<u>Jonestown</u> defense'); faced with a mass exodus of management, acquirers may be unwilling to proceed with the bid, because they often need existing management to train new management. answer: (b) Jonestown
- A4 STONE HARBOR- A referendum election for a bond <u>ordinance</u> appropriating millions of dollars for various improvements in the borough overturned the proposal June 26: of the 819 registered voters, 497 turned out to vote. answer: (b) ordinance
- A5 The Pension Benefit Guaranty <u>Corporation</u> protects the retirement incomes of nearly 44 million American workers in 30,330 private-sector defined benefit pension plans; it was created by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. answer: (c) Corporation
- A6 A Section 457 <u>deferred</u> compensation plan for employees of state and federal governments and agencies is similar to a 401(k) plan, except there are never employer matching contributions and the IRS does not consider it a qualified retirement plan. answer: (a) deferred
- A7 The annual <u>mortgagor</u> statement is a yearly statement to borrowers that details the remaining principal and amounts paid for taxes and interest.

answer: (d) mortgagor

- A8 In October 1931, the New York Stock Exchange de facto prohibited short sales at a price lower than the previous sale; that is, short sales could not be executed on <u>downticks</u>.
   answer: (c) downticks
- A9 US <u>Social Security</u> tax is deducted from our payroll in order to cover a portion of our retirement income when we reach age 65, but also as a survivor benefit, should we become disabled or die as a result of work in which case the surviving spouse and children would receive a monthly income supplement.
  answer: (c) Social Security
- A10 <u>Callable</u> preferred stock contains a provision that allows the corporation to buy back and retire the preferred stock at a specified price, sometimes at a premium; the stockholders have no choice but to resell the stock to the corporation when it exercises this provision. answer: (a) Callable

A1 Gifts to a charitable <u>remainder</u> trust (CRT) can be made in cash, but more often consist of highly appreciated stock, real estate or a closely held business interest; it pays income to the beneficiary for a fixed period or for life, and at the end of the trust, the remaining assets pass to the charities you have chosen.

answer: (b) remainder

A2 The attached tables illustrate the cash flows for an interest <u>indexed</u> loan in its first 10 years under different inflation scenarios: Figure One illustrates the base case, Figure Two shows a potential 'low inflation' scenario and Figure Three a 'high inflation' scenario throughout the 10-year period.

answer: (d) indexed

- A3 The fill <u>or kill</u> order is used by customers wishing an immediate fill, but at a specified price; our floor broker will bid or offer the order three times and immediately return either a fill or an unable. answer: (c) or kill
- A4 <u>A daylight</u> trade account status exists when the purchase and sale or sale and purchase of the same security on the same day in a single account takes place; liquidation of overnight positions and repurchase (or sale) are not considered. answer: (a) A daylight
- A5 In order to successfully build models of mortgage <u>risk</u> that capture prepayment, delinquency and default behavior, we must decide upon common, generally accepted definitions for each of these behaviors.
   answer: (d) risk
- A6 Gold has retrenched below its 20-day moving average of \$659.31 to a six-month low of \$643.20 where it is now holding but vulnerable to further selling; the <u>downtrend</u> has also driven gold below its 50-day and 200-day moving averages of \$664 and \$646, respectively. answer: (b) downtrend
- A7 In a market where agents trade via <u>a limit</u> order book, there is no market maker or specialist who provides bid and ask quotes; instead, any sellers/buyers can place offers/bids in this book and wait until the orders get executed, or they can trade immediately by placing a market order against the existing bids/offers.
  - answer: (a) a limit
- A full <u>ratchet</u> enables early round investors to preserve the value of their initial investment in a down round they get additional 'free' shares so that their effective share price equals the new lower price, thus avoiding a markdown in the value of their investment. answer: (d) ratchet
- A9 The 12(b)-1 fee is not like a sales commission, where the investor's initial purchase is reduced by the charge; it is deducted from the assets of the fund; many call this fee a hidden *load* because it decreases a shareholder's earning power each year without showing up overtly as a sales commission. answer: (c) load
- A10 Your profit or loss depends on the difference between your cost <u>basis</u> and the price at which you sold your investment; in the normal scheme of things, the former is your original purchase price, but sometimes you can make adjustments to that figure to make it larger. answer: (a) basis

A1 Performance appraisal usually takes the form of a periodic interview in which the work performance of the subordinate is examined and discussed, with a view <u>to</u> identifying weaknesses and strengths as well as opportunities for improvement and skills development.

answer: (d) to

A2 In many organizations — but not all — appraisal results are used, either directly or indirectly, to help determine <u>reward</u> outcomes.

answer: (d) reward

- A3 That is, the appraisal results are used to identify the better performing employees who should get the majority of available <u>merit</u> pay increases, bonuses, and promotions.
   answer: (b) merit
- A4 By the same <u>token</u>, appraisal results are used to identify the poorer performers who may require some form of counseling, or in extreme cases, demotion, dismissal or decreases in pay.

answer: (d) token

A5 Organizations need to be aware of laws in their country that might restrict their capacity to <u>dismiss</u> employees or decrease pay.

answer: (c) dismiss

A6 Whether this is an appropriate use of performance appraisal — the assignment and justification of rewards and penalties — is a very uncertain and <u>contentious</u> matter; few issues in management stir up more controversy than performance appraisal.

answer: (a) contentious

- A7 There are many <u>reputable</u> sources researchers, management commentators, psychometricians who have expressed doubts about the validity and reliability of the performance appraisal process.
   answer: (c) reputable
- A8 Some have even suggested that the process is so inherently <u>flawed</u> that it may be impossible to perfect it (Derven, 1990).

answer: (b) flawed

A9 At the other <u>extreme</u>, there are many strong advocates of performance appraisal; some view it as potentially "the most crucial aspect of organizational life" (Lawrie, 1990).

answer: (b) extreme

A10 Between these two views lie various schools of belief; while all <u>endorse</u> the use of performance appraisal, there are many different opinions on how and when to apply it. answer: (a) endorse

- A1 Feared by learners, discounted by educational <u>pundits</u>, short-changed by instructional designers, tests are, nevertheless, an essential element of learning.
   answer: (d) pundits
- A2 We may call them quizzes, drills, examinations, assessments, competence monitors, or demonstrations of mastery; we may <u>cloak</u> them as games or puzzles; yet, they remain an essential ingredient for gauging a learner's progress.

answer: (a) cloak

A3 In a study of 400 vocational-technical learners in Pennsylvania, Internet-conducted tests showed no differences in scores, redesign needed, or any <u>bias</u> due to gender, economic disadvantage or educational disability, relative to the same test on paper.

answer: (a) bias

A4 William Horton Consulting advises that costs for <u>converting</u> a 100-question paper test to Internet delivery are about \$1500 to \$2500 USD.

answer: (a) converting

A5 Costs for *conducting* and scoring the test are \$2 USD per test-taker.

answer: (c) conducting

A6 One good reason for testing is to let learners <u>gauge</u> progress toward their goals.

answer: (a) gauge

- A7 One bad reason for testing is to fulfill <u>stereotypes</u> and expectations: it's a course; therefore, it must have tests.
   answer: (d) stereotypes
- A8 After a high-level analysis of why you are testing and what you hope to measure, you can make <u>tactical</u> decisions on what kind of test to use.

answer: (d) tactical

- A9 Some of these decisions will require balancing your <u>lofty</u> objectives against the stark limitations of your authoring tools and the reality of your budget and schedule.
   answer: (b) lofty
- A10 When teaching adults, my preference is to not record scores unless required to certify performance of learners; in general, treating adult learners as responsible, <u>conscientious</u> beings yields better results. answer: (a) conscientious

A1 Vincent Eavis explains that corporate payment card usage can be divided, but not limited, into two distinct categories: general business travel and entertainment activities (T&E cards) and business *procurement* activities (purchasing or p-cards).

answer: (d) procurement

- A2 T&E spending varies according to a business's needs, whereas the proportion of purchasing that is now done on p-cards rather than by traditional <u>invoice</u> payment methods is continuously increasing.
   answer: (c) invoice
- A3 T&E expenses comprise the second largest controllable expense item for companies after salaries, consuming approximately 50 to 80 basis *points* of a company's revenues.
   answer: (c) points
- A4 For T&E cards, the balance must be <u>cleared</u> in full upon presentation of the statement, or within certain defined payment terms, typically around 25 days beyond statement date.

answer: (d) cleared

- A5 This means no money is made on <u>revolving</u> interest as with the consumer credit card model. answer: (d) revolving
- A6 These cards tend to be for travel and entertainment expenses such as air travel, hotels, rail, car hire and restaurants; the company <u>settles</u> card payments on behalf of the individual cardholder, which is known as corporate liability.

answer: (d) settles

A7 There are also mid-way solutions such as joint and <u>several</u> liability, where both parties (company and individual) can be liable.

answer: (a) several

A8 Typically, since corporate T&E cards are for business expenses, the preferred option to enable control should be corporate liability: the further liability extends to the individual, the less the company is going to be able to exert control and thereby <u>reap</u> the potential benefits.

answer: (c) reap

- A9 P-cards are never paid <u>against</u> an individual's bank account. answer: (a) against
- A10 P-cards can eliminate several steps in the purchase-to-order process, and this eliminates the purchase order paper <u>trail</u>, which can save costs of anywhere from 60 to 100 per transaction.
   answer: (d) trail

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 300 (Answer Keys) Shared Service Centres

- A1 Shared service centres (SSCs) are not a new phenomenon within the financial services industry; indeed they have become an established part of the business process <u>landscape</u> for many large multinationals, says Hugh Davies of Citi. answer: (a) landscape
- A2 For corporates, the underlying principle is the pursuit of highly efficient operations and service through re-designing and centralising common processes; if a company has <u>disparate</u> activities across its organisation combined with multiple bank interfaces it will have less control and visibility over its operations. answer: (d) disparate
- A3 This is of particular concern at a time when companies face <u>compliance</u> obligations under regulations such as Sarbanes-Oxley, when they must demonstrate high levels of accountability and transparency throughout the organisation. answer: (a) compliance
- A4 There is also the desire among corporates for improved company-wide cost management, as they face increased pressure to obtain extensive cost savings from middle- and back-office operations, as well as better visibility over <u>working</u> capital. answer: (d) working
- While greater economies of <u>scale</u> and cost efficiencies are derived from centralised processing, corporate treasurers are taking on an increasingly strategic role within the company.
   answer: (d) scale
- A6 This is resulting in improved use of information and is ensuring that SSCs are becoming an essential tool that can provide visibility and transparency of <u>actionable</u> information across the company for the creation of value and competitive advantage. answer: (b) actionable
- A7 Harmonisation of financial infrastructures as a result of the single <u>euro</u> payments area (SEPA) is also an opportunity to rationalise accounts and legal structures, and therefore derive further efficiencies from SSCs.
   answer: (b) euro
- A8 The SSC platform and the related systems built around it are an excellent way to <u>embed</u> the fundamentals of SEPA and adapt quickly to realise the benefits.
  answer: (a) embed
- A9 Establishing an SSC and centralising functions does not necessarily mean the removal of traditional payment and collection *instruments* that are required by local operating companies where supplier and customer relationships are maintained. answer: (b) instruments
- A10 The rationalisation of banks and systems will lead to the concentration of risk, and in order to <u>mitigate</u> this risk, the standardisation of interfaces and formats is absolutely critical. answer: (d) mitigate

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 301 (Answer Keys) Financial Supply Chain Management

- A1 According to Ray Moore of HSBC, the efficient management of information across the financial supply chain (FSC) is a critical <u>enabler</u> in getting goods to market early and at the lowest cost.
   answer: (c) enabler
- A2 As international supply chains become longer and more complex, the risks and costs *inherent* with fulfilment continue to increase. answer: (c) inherent
- A3 The focus of many supply chain management initiatives to date has been the physical processes and logistics costs that are easier to track, but this focus is increasingly shifting towards FSCs and the less <u>visible</u> costs hidden in payments, risk management and working capital management processes that are equally important. answer: (d) visible
- A4 Banks are under increasing pressure to demonstrate how core competences can be better applied to improving the efficiency of the FSC:
   this can be defined as the 'purchase-to-pay' process from the buyer *perspective*.
   answer: (b) perspective
- A5 In order to meet the challenge, banks are re-*invigorating* traditional trade services and developing new solutions to meet a constantly evolving trade environment and rising customer expectations about what banks can do for them. answer: (d) invigorating
- A6 Most large buyer organisations either source from low cost countries or have established managed services or production facilities that take advantage of lower labour and operating costs, and the pressure to source from these countries and source direct to eliminate expensive trading intermediaries continues to <u>mount</u>. answer: (d) mount
- A7 The initial <u>euphoria</u> about vastly reduced unit costs has, however, been tempered in recent years, as corporates take a more sophisticated approach to the calculation of total fulfilment cost, which includes all logistics, working capital and finance related costs involved within its supply chain.

answer: (b) euphoria

- A8 The <u>adversarial</u> approach often the characteristic of an aggressive buyer is being replaced with the realisation that there are greater business benefits associated with working more collaboratively with suppliers to help them improve efficiencies and reduce their costs. answer: (a) adversarial
- A9 The focus for many organisations has been streamlining and automating the physical supply chain in order to reduce costs; for <u>best</u> practice organisations, the reduction of 1-2% of total costs of fulfilment is critical to keeping a competitive edge. answer: (b) best
- A10 However, as physical supply chains are optimised, savings become harder to realise; this is when the focus shifts to FSC opportunities; the quantum <u>leap</u> to streamlining the FSC, where organisations could save 2-3% plus potential savings by taking paper out of the system, is now being taken by many corporates.
   answer: (c) leap

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 302 (Answer Keys) Analysts and Pundits

- A1 Some analysts and pundits use a stock's price-to-<u>book</u> ratio to decide whether to recommend an equity: if the ratio is below 1.0, it's often considered attractive, and if the ratio is higher than 1.0, it may be deemed overpriced.
   answer: (a) book
- A2 Gold for the year was up about 23% and Silver was up 46%; the HUI failed to provide the leverage it usually offers to metals, increasing by only 13%, but these are still impressive <u>annual</u> returns, since a record-breaking year for the Dow Jones produced only a 16.7% return and the Nasdaq gained just 10%.

answer: (c) annual

A3 <u>Indexing</u> is an investment approach that seeks to match the investment returns of a specified stock or bond market benchmark by holding all or a representative sample of those securities; it is a 'passive' investment approach emphasizing broad diversification and low portfolio trading activity.

answer: (c) Indexing

A4 Despite reports that mining giant Rio Tinto is lining up bankers for a bid for Alcan Inc, an industry observer believes the Canadian aluminum giant may be preparing a '<u>scorched</u> earth policy' to make itself less attractive to potential suitors; Alcan's board has rejected Alcoa's US\$28.1-billion hostile takeover offer.

answer: (a) scorched

- A5 With a market <u>not held</u> order, the investor allows the floor broker to use his own discretion as to the exact timing of the execution; if the broker expects a decline in price, s/he may wait to buy, figuring that a better price will soon be available, but there is no guarantee that a such an order will be filled. answer: (b) not held
- A6 <u>Compound</u> arbitrage is basically buying and simultaneously selling in four or more markets, profiting from a temporary difference; this is a riskless profit for the investor/trader. answer: (b) Compound

answer. (b) compound

A7 A back-end <u>load</u> can be a flat fee (meaning everyone pays the same amount of money when taking money out of the mutual fund) or a sliding-scale fee (meaning that the longer you keep your money in the mutual fund, the smaller the fee you have to pay when you take it out).

answer: (c) load

- A8 <u>A non-qualified</u> retirement plan is not an IRS plan subject to the eligibility, participation, and non-discrimination provisions set forth in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder; as such, it is said to be devoid of governmental red tape. answer: (d) A non-qualified
- A9 Options are traded in units called <u>contracts</u>, each of which entitles the option buyer/owner to 100 shares of the underlying stocks upon expiration.

answer: (c) contracts

A10 The Director position is responsible for the <u>quantitative</u> analysis of our derivatives portfolio, which includes 1) statistical analysis to measure the effectiveness of hedges, 2) projection of Net Investment Income and Net Investment Gain/(Loss), and 3) attribution analysis of actual reported financial results versus market factors.
answer: (d) quantitative

A1 Rockwell Collins, Inc. today announced it bought back four million shares, or approximately 2.3 percent of its outstanding common stock, from UBS AG London Branch in conjunction with an accelerated share <u>repurchase</u> agreement at an initial cost of \$49.10 per share for a total cost of \$196 million.

answer: (c) repurchase

A2 The plaintiffs, shareholders of Tellabs, Inc, filed a lawsuit against the company, alleging that the chief executive had made false statements about the company's business and financial results sufficient to support a 'strong inference' of <u>scienter</u> — the mental state embracing an intent to deceive, manipulate, or defraud.

answer: (d) scienter

- A3 The Federal Reserve is performing tighter monetary policy by <u>draining</u> reserves from the banking system; their goal is to slow the growth of the money supply, which will immediately impact short-term interest rates, but not long-tem rates. answer: (b) draining
- A4 You can now get information about your tax <u>refund</u> online this site allows you to determine if your return has been received, if your final amount matches the amount you claimed, and if it has been mailed; simply log on using your social security number and the amount you claimed on your 2006 tax return.

answer: (b) refund

- A5 <u>Full</u> Stock has a par value of \$100 per share, either preferred or common; stocks are generally issued with a zero par value, as they are traded in the market; the par value is not zero only when the stock is purchased directly from the company. answer: (a) Full
- A6 Vertical <u>line</u> charting is a technical analysis tool which charts the high, low, and close of a given security each day, in an attempt to spot patterns that might help predict future price movements.
   answer: (a) line
- A7 This United States tax form is used for, among other purposes, reporting payments made to independent Contractors; the ubiquity of the form has also led to slang use of the phrase '<u>1099</u>' to refer to the contractors themselves. answer: (b) 1099
- A8 <u>Class B</u> shares do not impose a front-end sales charge, but they may charge higher expenses that investors are assessed over the lifetime of their investment in a fund; they also normally impose a contingent deferred sales charge, which you pay if you sell your shares within a certain number of years.

answer: (c) Class B

- A9 The term <u>Investment</u> Letter shall mean a letter from the purchaser of the Property to Secured Party stating that: (i) the purchaser is aware that the Property has not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, and (ii) the Property is being acquired for the purchaser's own account and not with a view to the sale or distribution thereof. answer: (c) Investment
- A10 A self employed person can establish a <u>Keogh</u> Plan, and make tax deductible contributions entered on Form 1040, Line 28, and the tax deductible contributions and any interest or gains thereon are not taxed until withdrawn; the two types of Plans are defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans. answer: (c) Keogh

answer: (c) Keogn

A1 The hypothesis is that consumer spending drives economic cycles and is therefore a leading indicator for the stock market; for example, Mr. Ellis presents a chart relating quarterly annualized change in <u>Personal</u> Consumption Expenditures (PCE) to quarterly change in the S&P 500 index.

answer: (a) Personal

- A2 CFD positions held past 5PM EST (New York time) will require a service charge set at 4% to 12% per annum of the notional value of the position, depending on the product; if a position is closed before 5PM EST, there will be no cost of <u>carry</u> charge. answer: (a) carry
- A3 Today, the Special <u>Drawing</u> Right (SDR) has only limited use as a reserve asset, and its main function is to serve as the unit of account of the IMF and some other international organizations; it is neither a currency, nor a claim on the IMF, but a potential claim on the freely usable currencies of IMF members.
  answer: (d) Drawing
- A4 With <u>an accumulation</u> bond, the interest on the bond is reinvested at the same rate as the principal and is returned to the customer only when the bond is redeemed; hence, it is analyzable as a fixed sum invested at a fixed rate of compound interest for a fixed time period. answer: (d) an accumulation
- A5 Managing the portfolios of your clients and working with brokers or money managers, you can use this software to maintain the investment <u>history</u> of all transactions; the statement from your broker (money manager) forms the basis for input into the system and maintains the record of each financial instrument from the time it enters the portfolio until its disposal. answer: (b) history
- A6 In accordance with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 373.45, Subd. 3, a county that issues bonds covered under the County Credit Enhancement Program must deposit with the paying <u>agent</u> three business days before the date on which each payment is due on the bonds an amount sufficient to make that payment.
  answer: (a) agent
- A7 Bond <u>quotes</u> follow a few quirky conventions; for instance, prices are given as percentages of face value, with fractions like 1/32 as the last digits, not decimals. answer: (c) quotes
- A8 Using a pre-defined <u>chart</u> of accounts that you find in a bookkeeping or accounting software package may work fine for your business, or you may find that you need to adapt or accommodate it to more closely fit the way you want to keep track of and report on your business. answer: (a) chart
- A9 If you get a notice from the company to whom you have been making monthly payments that your loan is being transferred, it is likely that the ownership of your loan has not changed; just that one big mortgage <u>servicing</u> company has bought a portfolio of rights from another. answer: (d) servicing
- A10 The falling <u>days</u> payable numbers indicate that suppliers are demanding faster payments from Gander Mountain; most likely, the suppliers are worried about not getting paid, one sign that there's a problem with the business. answer: (c) days

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 305 (Answer Keys) *Call and Put Options*

A1 There are various ways to use a <u>diagonal</u> spread, but for our purposes, we'll discuss its normal use: this is when we sell a front-month, lower-strike call option and buy a longer-term, higher-strike call option or when we sell a front-month higher-strike put option and buy the longer-term, lower-strike put.

answer: (a) diagonal

A2 The Exchange indicated that a '<u>significant</u> order imbalance' is one resulting in a price change from the last sale of the lesser of 10% or three points for stocks between \$10 and \$99.99, and five points for stocks \$100 or more, unless a Floor Governor deems circumstances warrant a lower parameter.

answer: (c) significant

A3 If a brokerage firm is unable to locate an account owner and the account has remained inactive for the period of time specified by state law, the firm must report it to the state, which then claims the account through a process called '<u>escheatment</u>, whereby the state becomes the owner of the account. answer: (b) escheatment

A4 The final <u>prospectus</u> goes to anyone who got a red herring within 25 days. answer: (c) prospectus

A5 One of the fundamental laws of a capitalist economy is that <u>a transparent</u> market-one where every player has access to all product and pricing information — is the ideal market; this market will, over time, converge towards the best pricing for the best products with the best level of services.

answer: (d) a transparent

A6 Unlike sales taxes that appear on a cash register receipt, <u>hidden</u> taxes are those charges that are not expressly clear to the taxpayer; for example, the average price of a gallon of gas is \$1.49 and 43 cents of that amount represents taxes — that 37% tax rate does not appear on your receipt.

answer: (c) hidden

A7 Philip Morris has a yield of 5% and a payout (dividend divided by estimated 2001 earnings) of only 52% (for <u>indicated</u> dividend, we multiply the latest quarterly dividend by four); it is not that Philip Morris is so generous, but the rich yield reflects the uncertain prospects of the tobacco industry.
answer: (d) indicated

A8 The Fair <u>Credit</u> Reporting Act (FCRA), enforced by the FTC, is designed to promote accuracy and ensure the privacy of the information used in consumer reports; businesses that supply information about you to CRAs and those that use consumer reports also have responsibilities under the law.
answer: (c) Credit

A9 The ITS participants also proposed to develop a '<u>limit</u> order information system', based on the existing ITS, that would require specialists to aggregate and enter orders for display, and brokers executing a block trade outside the best bid or offer would be required to satisfy the LOIS orders. answer: (b) limit

A market <u>on close</u> order is another very common order because a lot of spread betting clients like to finish up the day with a flat position in their account. answer: (c) on close

- A1 The most common type of pass-through is a mortgage-<u>backed</u> certificate, where homeowners' payments pass from the original bank through a government agency or investment bank to investors. answer: (a) backed
- A 'limited partner', who is prohibited from taking part in management and has no liability for debts beyond his/her investment, is a true <u>silent</u> partner; however, without a limited partnership agreement, s/he is responsible for the debts of the partnership as a general partner. answer: (d) silent
- A3 Multiple listing of equity options that were already being traded as of January 20, 1990, was phased in over a period of time ending in late 1994; thus, by the end of 1994, each option <u>exchange</u> could list any equity option class.
   answer: (b) exchange
- A4 The legal requirements will usually pose no problem, but the lack of a market minimizes the enthusiasm for and utility value of the non-<u>qualified</u> stock option plan; still, it offers the most flexibility for the owner-management of a private company to select key personnel and option pricing arrangements to suit management objectives. answer: (c) qualified
- A5 MIND C.T.I. Ltd, a leading provider of convergent end-to-end billing and customer care product based solutions for carriers worldwide, today announced the record date and *payment* date of the previously declared and announced cash dividend of \$0.20 per share. answer: (b) payment
- A6 When this provision is in a lease, a landlord has the power to collect the maximum rent allowed under regulations in effect at the time; the <u>escalator</u> clause provides that if the regulations are altered during the time of the lease, the tenant must pay the new fee computed pursuant to the revised regulations.

answer: (b) escalator

A7 With a *quanto* option, usually the underlying and strike price currency is the foreign one and the currency in which the derivative pays out is domestic, calculated as the option's intrinsic value; this type of investment is paid at a fixed exchange rate, protecting the investor from fluctuations.

answer: (c) quanto

A8 <u>Required</u> reserves must be held in the form of vault cash and if vault cash is insufficient, also in the form of a deposit with a Federal Reserve Bank; an institution that is not a member of the FRS can maintain that deposit directly with a Reserve Bank or with another institution in a pass-through relationship.

answer: (d) Required

A9 I look for a <u>price</u>-to-cash-flow ratio of less than 15 for a large company that can't grow rapidly; for smaller companies, I look at things in more detail because many small companies can go from a dramatic loss to excellent cash flow in one year if they are adding customers without raising costs too badly.

answer: (c) price

A10 Companies often <u>split</u> their stock when they believe the price of their stock exceeds the amount smaller individual investors would be willing to pay for the stock: by reducing the price of the stock, companies try to make their stock more affordable to these investors. answer: (d) split

A1 The implementation of a real-time gross settlement system will automate the current interbank settlement of large-value payments at the State Bank of Pakistan and will minimise credit and liquidity risks; dial-up proprietary systems are in <u>demise</u>, taken over by more robust, functionally enriched Web-based platforms.

answer: (a) demise

- A2 According to Shahid A Syed, Pakistan's economy delivered another year of robust growth in 2005-06, despite the <u>devastating</u> earthquake on 8 October 2005 and in the midst of an extraordinary surge in oil prices. answer: (d) devastating
- With growth at 6.6% in 2005-06, the economy has expanded at an average rate of 7% a year in the past four years and over 7.5% a year for the last three, thus *positioning* itself as one of the fastest growing economies in Asia.
   answer: (b) positioning
- A4 The vote of confidence of the international debt capital markets in Pakistan's economic policy, reform agenda and outlook is evident from the successful launch of new 10-year and 30-year <u>sovereign</u> bonds totalling US \$800m. answer: (d) sovereign
- A5 The SBP has been pursuing a broadening of access of financial services to all segments of society as an important strategic objective: initiatives have been taken to develop a legal framework for <u>microfinance</u> institutions to help the poor, and a focus on SMEs and Islamic finance issues.

answer: (b) microfinance

- A6 Despite considerable progress towards its goal of fostering a sound and dynamic financial system, a number of areas still demand further attention; SBP has kept its focus on consolidating reforms introduced in preceding years and lifting the regulatory and supervisory framework to meet international best <u>practices</u>. answer: (c) practices
- A7 The extensive focus on enhancing the supervisory capacity in recent years has helped SBP to achieve, either fully or largely, <u>compliant</u> status for 28 of the 30 Basel core principles for effective banking supervision. answer: (c) compliant
- A8 Federal taxes in Pakistan, like most taxation systems in the world, fall into two broad categories, direct and indirect; direct taxes primarily <u>comprise</u> income tax, along with a supplementary wealth tax. answer: (b) comprise
- A9 All public companies, other than banking companies, incorporated in Pakistan, are <u>assessed</u> for tax at a corporate rate of 39%; however, the effective rate is likely to differ on account of allowances and exemptions related to such factors as the industry, location and exports. answer: (b) assessed
- A10 The real-time gross settlement system known as the Pakistan Real-time Interbank Settlement Mechanism is at an advanced stage of installation, and its implementation will make the payments systems much more efficient and <u>resilient</u>, offering transactional features that are hard to achieve under the current settlement systems.
  answer: (d) resilient

- While globalization has sparked a buying <u>spree</u> in emerging markets generally, China has been the front-runner in raising new capital in the banking sector, explains Keith Pogson of Ernt & Young.
   answer: (c) spree
- A2 China's record-breaking performance in raising more than US\$46bn is all the more stunning given that, just two years ago, the challenge of cleaning up balance sheets and non-performing loan portfolios was <u>deemed</u> next to impossible by the international investment community.

answer: (b) deemed

- A3 China's financial institutions have historically suffered the disadvantage of having dual operating roles: the authorities viewed them not simply as banks, but also as a major <u>vehicle</u> for providing capital to state-run companies.
   answer: (d) vehicle
- A4 China's banks kicked <u>off</u> their structural reforms ahead of receiving capital injections from the central government. answer: (a) off
- A5 During the past five years, they have streamlined their organizations through closure of less efficient branches and scaling back their workforces through <u>attrition</u> and early retirement, among other factors. answer: (a) attrition
- A6 For example, China Construction Bank and ICBC closed more than 11,500 and 12,900 branches respectively, and each reduced its workforce by over 100,000 employees; the financial restructuring of these banks was <u>unprecedented</u> in China's banking history. answer: (b) unprecedented
- A7 The initial recapitalization from 2003-2005 amounted to at least RMB608bn, consisting of an injection of capital through State Administration of Foreign Exchange (SAFE) investment, new shares subscribed to by the National Social Security Fund, and accumulated losses <u>replenished</u> by the Ministry of Finance. answer: (d) replenished
- A8 In addition to capital injections by the Chinese government, restructuring was accomplished in a two-stage <u>carve</u>-out of non-performing loans; initially, approximately RMB420bn of Loss-Classified NPLs were written off from the four banks' accounts. answer: (a) carve
- A9 Alliances with foreign banks turned out to be a vital <u>ingredient</u> in the success of the IPOs, as they provided Chinese banks with technical assistance and, most importantly, equity stakes that offered additional credibility and reassurance to other investors when the banks came to market.

answer: (d) ingredient

A10 From a <u>negligible</u> combined outlay of estimated US\$500m at the end of 2003, foreign investors have now committed as much as US\$18bn to the Chinese banking sector in the past 12 months alone. answer: (c) negligible

- A1 Mahesh Kini of HSBC says that a stable government is committed to Singapore's multi-*pronged* growth by focusing on various sectors.
   answer: (c) pronged
   A2 Singapore's 2006 budget outlines many *incentives* for businesses operating in Singapore in the financial and related sectors.
   answer: (c) incentives
- A3 In the <u>pipeline</u> is the Integrated Resorts project, a large entertainment complex featuring casinos, amusement parks, hotels, and convention centres, which is due to open in 2010.

answer: (d) pipeline

- A4 Such large government-backed initiatives and the drive to create a new tourism hub in Singapore <u>bode</u> well for the large tourism industry, which saw nine million tourists arrive on Singapore's shores in the past year.
   answer: (b) bode
- A5 The MAS, in a step to liberalise commercial banking in Singapore, has provided qualifying full bank status to some foreign banks to provide a full <u>suite</u> of financial services to individuals and corporates and issued wholesale bank status to a number of foreign banks to serve commercial customers.

answer: (d) suite

A6 Singapore is also seeing a trend to establish global treasury centres; Singapore's infrastructure, political stability and favourable time zone, located centrally in the Asia-Pacific region, have greatly benefited multinational corporations in supporting a global cash *position*.

answer: (c) position

A7 Another growing trend is for companies to <u>harmonize</u> their supply chain and cash management to attain greater efficiencies.

answer: (a) harmonize

A8 Singapore's finance industry has fully <u>embraced</u> Internet technology and is capitalising on this phenomenon to the fullest extent as a relatively inexpensive distribution and delivery medium to grow market share and improve profitability.

answer: (b) embraced

A9 Besides online banking services, these banks as well as other companies that act as intermediaries and <u>aggregators</u>, have developed business-to-business, business-to-consumers, and even person-to-person transaction service initiatives.

answer: (a) aggregators

A10 Singapore has one of the highest Internet <u>penetration</u> rates worldwide and all major banks provide Internet banking platforms and many also provide host-to-host capabilities to link up to companies' back-office operations for file transfers.

answer: (c) penetration

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 310 (Answer Keys) Islamic Finance

- A1 With the modern Islamic financial services industry enhancing its sophistication, an increasingly affluent Muslim-investor population has started to express its desire for more investment products that <u>adhere</u> to Islamic principles. answer: (c) adhere
- A2 Coinciding with this surge in demand is the more significant role that Islamic finance plays in the global financial community; with respect to the breadth and range of products and services offered, the distinct line that once separated Islamic financial institutions from their conventional counterparts is <u>blurring</u>.

answer: (a) blurring

- A3 The basic principle of Islamic banking is the prohibition of riba (<u>usury</u> or interest); it also prohibits dealing in liquor, pork, gambling, pornography and anything else that Shari'a (Islamic law) deems haram (unlawful).
   answer: (c) usury
- A4 While permitting the individual the right to seek his economic well being, Islam makes a clear distinction between what is halal (lawful) and what is haram (forbidden) in pursuit of such economic activity; in <u>broad</u> terms, Islam forbids all forms of economic activity that are morally or socially injurious. answer: (b) broad
- While acknowledging the individual's right to ownership of legitimately acquired wealth, Islam makes it obligatory for the individual to spend his wealth judiciously and not to <u>hoard</u> it, keep it idle or to squander it.
   answer: (d) hoard
- A6 While allowing an individual to retain any surplus wealth, Islam seeks to reduce the margin of the surplus for the well being of the community as a whole, in particular the <u>destitute</u> and deprived sections of society by participation in the process of zakat. answer: (b) destitute
- A7 While making allowance for the ways of human nature and yet not yielding to the consequences of its worst propensities, Islam seeks to prevent the accumulation of wealth in a few hands to the <u>detriment</u> of society as a whole, by its laws of inheritance. answer: (c) detriment
- A8 Viewed as a whole, the economic system <u>envisaged</u> by Islam aims at social justice without inhibiting individual enterprise beyond the point where it becomes not only collectively injurious but also individually self-destructive.
  answer: (d) envisaged
- A9 It has been over two decades since Islamic banks first appeared as active players in the global financial market, and today Islamic banking and finance has become a force to be reckoned <u>with.</u>
   answer: (c) with
- A10 Although the Middle East is still home to most of the world's 275-plus Islamic banks, a growing number of banks operating in the marketplace are <u>domiciled</u> elsewhere.
   answer: (b) domiciled

- A1 In our sixty years combined experience, Clear Impact Consulting Group, Inc have assisted thousands of leaders and their organizations in enhancing overall effectiveness; during the assessment phase we gather a great deal of information and <u>distill</u> the essence of it in the context of your overall goals. answer: (b) distill
- A2 In addition to confidential interviews, we use diagnostic tools that not only give us initial information, but also set into <u>place</u> ways for teams to continuously gather essential information, including our Clear Impact High Performing Teams Checklist.

answer: (b) place

- A3 Teams are often bogged down with addressing energy-<u>sapping</u> symptoms rather than being able to focus on root causes of obstacles to optimal success and fulfillment.
   answer: (a) sapping
- A4 Most teams need to be more in tune with their customers, more aware of what they're projecting and through what <u>filters</u> they're seeing, as well as having tools to most effectively interact with their customers. answer: (c) filters
- A5 There's a tool we've developed over the last 7 years called 100% Responsibility that has a consistently powerful impact on teams and organizations; it puts 'blame' and 'victim' off <u>limits</u> while assisting people to take healthy individual and collective ownership for business results.

answer: (b) limits

A6 Our intention is to help <u>jump</u>-start an ongoing process that greatly reduces power struggles and needless conflict, while increasing the innovation and excitement that comes from the possibility of successfully making a difference.

answer: (a) jump

A7 The Enneagram, when used correctly, is a remarkably powerful, respectful, and dynamic system; it describes a path of healthy development for each type of person, and shows each type how they can build on their strengths and avoid their *pitfalls*.

answer: (b) pitfalls

- A8 It helps people identify their blind <u>spots</u> at the same time that they are building on their unique gifts.
   answer: (c) spots
- A9 Integration of the Enneagram allows teams and organizations to optimize individuals' strengths, take advantage of synergy, improve teamwork, enhance mutual understanding and respect, improve leadership, enhance communication, and increase morale, productivity, and employee <u>retention</u>.

answer: (d) retention

A10 Finally, we've learned that teams learn best in an Action Learning <u>format</u>: learning is only relevant if it enables managers and leaders to take more effective action.
 answer: (a) format

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- A1 All departments should develop and maintain procedures that will ensure an appropriate level of customer service in the <u>event</u> of unexpected business systems failure.
   answer: (b) event
- A2 Traditionally, disaster recovery planning focused on the physical aspects of computer-based systems, particularly the CPU and closely coupled <u>peripherals</u>, e.g. disc banks.

answer: (d) peripherals

A3 Although this approach remains valid, the <u>scope</u> of disaster recovery has considerably widened in recent years.

answer: (d) scope

A4 This change of emphasis has resulted in the need for a pragmatic service level delivery rather than plans, *albeit* documented and often untested.

answer: (a) albeit

A5 Departments are now so reliant upon computer-based systems for normal daily operations that small systems failures can cause <u>a disproportionate</u> level of disruption to customers and staff.

answer: (a) a disproportionate

- A6 A balance must be <u>struck</u> between a 'business as usual' approach, with its associated high cost, and recourse to a 'survival' mode of operation with the objective of 'business as usual' within a reasonable period.
   answer: (d) struck
- A7 Due to the wide variety of business applications across departments, it is not possible to provide <u>definitive</u> guidelines for the management of unexpected failure and disruption of computer-based business systems; there are, however, some general guidelines that are globally applicable.

answer: (d) definitive

- A8 All <u>contingency</u> plans must be tested; critical components of the plan should be tested once a year, and test plans must ensure that the testing itself does not cause a 'disaster'.
  answer: (a) contingency
- A9 Plan for key personnel not to be present at the test this aspect is often overlooked, with all key personnel *primed* days beforehand for the test.

answer: (b) primed

A10 <u>Deploy</u> the 'walk-through' method for testing the plan prior to putting it into operation; do not declare the testing completed until the whole production system has been re-instated.
 answer: (a) Deploy

A1 Recourse to someone or even something else: For example, in contrast to astrology, one must accept the fact that success is not due to a *fortuitous* concourse of stars at our birth, but due to a steady trail of sparks from the grindstones of hard work, determination, good planning, and perseverance.

answer: (b) fortuitous

A2 False hopes: False hope and fear are two sides of the same <u>coin</u> — we can promise according to our hopes that are under our control only (and have some degree of certainty on its outcome), but we avoid making decisions according to our fears of the outcomes.

answer: (b) coin

- A3 Do not think about it: The decision-makers who are waiting for something to <u>turn</u> up might start with their shirt sleeves; you can either take action, or you can hang back and hope for a miracle.
   answer: (d) turn
- A4 Do anchoring: Give <u>disproportional</u> weight to some information instead of waiting as long as possible in order to have all the information.

answer: (a) disproportional

- *Sunk*-cost conscious: Repeat the same decision because you have invested so much in this approach (or your current job) that you cannot abandon it or make another decision (or look for a better position).
   answer: (c) Sunk
- A6 Look for confirming evidence: Seek out the information to support an existing preselection and <u>discount</u> opposing ones.

answer: (c) discount

A7 Pray for a miracle: Emerson said, "As men's prayers are a disease of the will, so are their <u>creeds</u> a disease of the intellect."

answer: (a) creeds

A8 Be over-confident: This makes you optimistic and then you make high risk decisions; as Henri Poincare said,
 "Doubt everything or believe everything — these are two equally convenient strategies, and with either, we dispense *with* the need to think for ourselves."

answer: (c) with

A9 Be too prudent: Our doubts are traitors and make us lose opportunities by fearing to make our decision — and not only that, but it is <u>contagious</u>; it transmits itself to others who depend on you.

answer: (a) contagious

A10 Misrepresentation: Use argument that seems scientific — for example, compute and use the average salary as a typical representative of salary rather than the <u>median</u>.
 answer: (b) median

- A1 Pass the <u>buck</u>: Pass off the responsibility of making the decision to someone else; do not make decisions by yourself, but bring in someone to blame if things go wrong.
   answer: (b) buck
- A2 Have second thoughts: Second thoughts have <u>aborted</u> more useful decisions than all the difficult circumstances and overwhelming obstacles fate could ever throw at you; and undermining your authenticity by succumbing to someone else's second thoughts is a subtle and seductive form of self-abuse. answer: (b) aborted
- A3 Succumb to failure: Believe that the choices you will make are predestined and you are <u>bound</u> to fail (one gets used to failure) versus the result of hard work and thought.
   answer: (a) bound
- A4 Set up a committee: A committee is a <u>*cul-de-sac*</u> down which ideas are lured and then quietly strangled; the greatest things are often accomplished by individual people, not by committees.

answer: (d) cul-de-sac

A5 False decentralization: this could take place when an authoritative manager assigns accountability to a new 'director of' for every new decision-making problem, but does not <u>delegate</u> any authority.

answer: (a) delegate

A6 Commonsense-based decisions: If you start making decisions on the basis of <u>conventional</u> wisdom or chatter in the hall, generally speaking, you will make the wrong decision; what is called common sense is almost always uncommon.

answer: (a) conventional

- A7 Failure to understand the problem: This is caused by, among other things, subjectivity, irrational analysis, lateness or *procrastination*, lack of sensitivity, and lack of focus.
   answer: (c) procrastination
- A8 Rationalization to limit the course of actions: This strategy is very popular <u>stack</u> the cards to make one alternative clearly right and remove all risk.

answer: (d) stack

- A9 Information: Some information gathered is not valid decisions are often made first and information sought to support the solution, or much of the information gathered is <u>irrelevant</u> to the decision-making.
   answer: (c) irrelevant
- A10 False alternative: This attempts to <u>box</u> the decision-maker into a corner from which there is no escape except to accept the alternative.

answer: (a) box

- A1 As Russel Kay tells it, once <u>upon</u> a time, software development consisted of a programmer writing code to solve a problem or automate a procedure.
   answer: (d) upon
- A2 Nowadays, systems are so big and complex that teams of architects, analysts, programmers, testers and users must work together to create the millions of lines of *custom*-written code that drive our enterprises. answer: (a) custom
- A3 The system development life cycle models work well when automating the activities of clerks and accountants, but they don't work nearly as well when building systems for <u>knowledge</u> workers people at help desks, experts trying to solve problems, or executives trying to lead their company into the Fortune 100. answer: (a) knowledge
- A4 The waterfall model assumes that the only role for users is in specifying requirements, and that all requirements can be specified in advance; unfortunately, requirements grow and change throughout the process and beyond, calling for considerable feedback and <u>iterative</u> consultation.

answer: (c) iterative

A5 The fountain model recognizes that although some activities can't start before others — such as you need a design before you can start coding — there's a considerable <u>overlap</u> of activities throughout the development cycle.

answer: (b) overlap

A6 The spiral model emphasizes the need to go back and <u>reiterate</u> earlier stages a number of times as the project progresses; it's actually a series of short waterfall cycles, each producing an early prototype representing a part of the entire project.

answer: (d) reiterate

A7 In the rapid application development model, initial emphasis is on creating a *prototype* that looks and acts like the desired product in order to test its usefulness.

answer: (d) prototype

A8 The <u>incremental</u> model divides the product into builds, where sections of the project are created and tested separately.

answer: (d) incremental

A9 This approach will likely find errors in user requirements quickly, since user feedback is <u>solicited</u> for each stage and because code is tested sooner after it's written.

answer: (d) solicited

A10 The synchronize and stabilize method combines the advantages of the spiral model with technology for overseeing and managing source code; this method allows many teams to work efficiently in *parallel*; this approach was defined by David Yoffie of Harvard University and Michael Cusumano of MIT. answer: (c) parallel

## Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 316 (Answer Keys) Database Management Systems

- A1 An organisation uses a computer to store and process information because it hopes for speed, accuracy, efficiency, economy etc. beyond what could be achieved using clerical methods; the objectives of using a DBMS must in <u>essence</u> be the same although the justifications may be more indirect.
   answer: (a) essence
- A2 Early computer applications were based on existing clerical methods and stored information was <u>partitioned</u> in much the same way as manual files.ed

answer: (b) partitioned

A3 But the computer's processing speed gave a potential for relating data from different sources to produce valuable management information, provided that some standardisation could be imposed over departmental boundaries: the idea emerged of the *integrated* database as a central resource. answer: (b) integrated

A4 Data is captured as close as possible to its point of origin and transmitted to the database, then <u>extracted</u> by anyone within the organisation who requires it.
answer: (c) extracted

- A5 However many <u>provisos</u> have become attached to this idea in practice, it still provides possibly the strongest motivation for the introduction of a DBMS in large organisations. answer: (d) provisos
- A6 A DBMS gives some protection against change by taking care of basic storage and retrieval functions in a standard way, leaving the applications developer to concentrate on specific organisational requirements; changes in one of these areas need not have <u>repercussions</u> elsewhere. answer: (a) repercussions

answer. (a) repercussions

- A7 In general a DBMS is a substantial piece of software, the result of many man-years of effort, but because its development costs are spread over a number of purchasers it can probably provide more facilities than would be economic in <u>a one-off</u> product.
   answer: (d) a one-off
- A8 The points discussed above are probably most relevant to the larger organisation using a DBMS for its administrative functions, the environment in which the idea of databases first originated; in other <u>contexts</u> the convenience of a DBMS may be the primary consideration.

answer: (c) contexts

A9 The purchaser of a small business computer needs all the software to run it in package form, written so that the minimum of expertise is required to use it, and the same applies to departments (e.g. Research & Development) with special needs which cannot be <u>satisfied</u> by a large centralised system.

answer: (d) satisfied

When comparing database management systems it is obvious that some are designed in the expectation that professional DP staff will be available to run them, while others are aimed at the total <u>novice</u>.
 answer: (b) novice

- A1 The Tax Revenue <u>Anticipation</u> Note (TRAN) is a tax-free bond that is issued on a one-year basis specifically for the purpose of improving cash flow to public entities heavily reliant on sporadic property tax distributions.
   answer: (d) Anticipation
- A2 As a way to attract orders from brokers, some exchanges or market-makers will pay your broker's firm for routing your order to them, perhaps a penny or more per share: this is called 'payment for order <u>flow'</u>. answer: (b) flow
- A3 A <u>vertical</u> merger can harm competition by making it difficult for competitors to gain access to an important component product or to an important channel of distribution this is called a 'bottleneck' problem. answer: (d) vertical
- A4 A 19c3 stock is a stock that was listed on one of the national securities exchanges, such as the NYSE, after April 26, 1979, <u>absolving it</u> <u>from</u> SEC rule 19c3, which forbids exchange members from participating in off-board trading.
   answer: (a) absolving it from
- A5 <u>Simple</u> interest is calculated on the original principal only; accumulated interest from prior periods is not used in calculations for the following periods, and this type of interest calculation is normally used for a single period of less than a year, such as 30 or 60 days. answer: (c) Simple
- A6 The Fair Debt Collection <u>Practices</u> Act (1977) is a federal law that outlines what information debt collectors can gather on you, and contains specific rules on how debt collectors can communicate with you; these rules are designed to protect you from abuse, harassment, false and misleading tricks and other illegal actions. answer: (a) Practices
- A7 Rule 405 is the NYSE codification of '<u>know</u> your customer' rules, which require that a customer's situation be suitable for any investment being made.

answer: (c) know

A8 <u>Personal</u> Injury Protection covers the person named in the policy as the 'named insured', residents of the named insured's household related by blood, marriage or adoption, and passengers or pedestrians; these people will be eligible for medical insurance payments no matter who is at fault in the car accident.

answer: (b) Personal

A9 The Special <u>Drawing</u> Right is an international reserve asset, created by the IMF in 1969 to supplement the existing official reserves of member countries; SDRs are allocated to member countries in proportion to their IMF quotas and serve as the units of account of the IMF and other international organizations.

answer: (b) Drawing

A10 During the <u>accumulation</u> period of a fixed deferred annuity, your money, less any applicable charges, earns interest at rates set by the insurance company or in a way spelled out in the annuity contract; during the payout period, the amount of each income payment to you is generally set when the payments start and will not change. answer: (a) accumulation

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 318 (Answer Keys) *Fire Insurance*

- A1 If insurance data suggests that a serious fire is likely to occur once in 25 years, then the <u>annualized</u> rate of occurrence is 1/25 = 0.04. answer: (a) annualized
- A2 Here's something to consider for those of you who may be selling covered calls on stocks you already own: some folks are reluctant to sell covered calls on stocks because they are concerned about having the stock called <u>away</u> from them. answer: (a) away
- A3 <u>Indicated</u> yield is the dividend or coupon rate stated as a percentage of the security's present market price: for common stock, it is calculated by dividing its annual dividend by its market price, and for preferred stocks, the contractual dividend is divided by the market price.

answer: (c) Indicated

- A4 Loans from a foreign parent to a Canadian subsidiary cannot fit within the exemption, so corporations have attempted to structure intercorporate debt in other ways, including '<u>back-to-back'</u> loans, where cash is loaned from a foreign parent to an arm's length foreign company that then lends to the Canadian subsidiary. answer: (a) back-to-back
- A5 The interest earned during the first year is found with the formula for simple interest; if the deposit earns <u>compound</u> interest, the interest earned in the second year is calculated from the total amount on deposit at the end of the first year. answer: (b) compound
- A6 A company whose shares are traded on the so-called '<u>pink</u> sheets' is commonly one that does not meet the minimal criteria for capitalization and number of shareholders that are required by the NASDAQ and OTC and most exchanges to be listed there. answer: (b) pink
- A7 When a dealer sells or leases a car, he always receives cash, whether it's directly from the customer, or from a <u>finance</u> company or bank who has loaned a customer the money.
  - answer: (a) finance
- A8 The odd lot <u>differential</u> of one eighth or one quarter of a point was one of the ways that the odd lot broker made money, but these days there are no odd lot brokers; small stock trades, whether for 50 shares or 100 shares, are handled by computers rather than by people. answer: (b) differential
- A9 Like the 401(k), the 12 <u>b</u>-1 fund is named after a section of a federal law in this case, the Investment Company Act of 1940; the charge is for marketing and distributing the fund in other words current investors foot the bill to win new investors. answer: (b) b
- A10 The cost of debt <u>capital</u> which has already been issued is the rate of interest (the internal rate of return) which equates the current market price with the discounted future cash flow from the security. answer: (b) capital

A1 <u>An escrow</u> receipt is issued by an approved depository to a clearing corporation on behalf of an investor evidencing ownership of the underlying call, interest, stock or bond; upon assignment, the depository agrees to deliver the underlying property to the clearing corporation against the aggregate assignment value. answer: (b) An escrow

A2 Because accounts receivable is a use of your company's cash, close attention should be paid to the <u>days</u> receivables; when you find that they are greater than your sales terms, the first step in analyzing your problem is to age your accounts receivable by multiples of your terms.

answer: (c) days

- A3 An income payment' under a guaranteed income bond contract is treated as a full <u>surrender</u> if it is the final benefit under the contract. answer: (d) surrender
- A4 To maintain their exposure to JGBs, investors should arrange to enter a market <u>on</u> open order onto the Tokyo Stock Exchange for its morning session the following business day; as we close positions against the TSE's opening price, using such an order will ensure that there is no loss of price exposure from this procedure. answer: (b) on
- A5 <u>High</u> credit is defined as the maximum amount of all loans an individual can have outstanding at one time, beyond which a lender is unwilling to provide additional loans.
  answer: (b) High
- A6 The candlestick techniques we use today originated in the style of technical <u>charting</u> used by the Japanese over 100 years before the West developed the bar and point-and-figure analysis systems; in the 1700s, a Japanese trader in futures discovered that the markets were strongly influenced by the emotions of the traders. answer: (a) charting
- A7 The venture division reaches a consensus on whether to pursue the investment further; if the decision is to continue, an investment <u>memorandum</u> is written, summarizing the opportunity and the factors leading to the decision, and if a majority of the subcommittee approves the investment, a commitment is made to the partnership. answer: (a) memorandum
- A8 Even if your stock reaches or passes through the <u>limit</u> price, your order may not execute if there are orders ahead of yours at the same price: the orders in line ahead of you must be filled first and there may not be enough stock available to fill your order when its turn comes. answer: (c) limit
- A9 An investor who buys <u>mortgage</u>-backed securities provides loans to the homebuyer (or business) as a consequence. answer: (d) mortgage
- A10 Non-resident <u>aliens</u> are subject to U.S. tax on U.S. sourced income only and are able to claim benefits of tax treaties. answer: (a) aliens

A1 An option holder is an individual who pays a premium for the right to buy or sell the underlying instrument under the terms of an option contract. answer: (c) holder A2 Traveler's checks are advertised as being 'safer than cash', because the issuers promise to replace them if they're lost or stolen; however, the reality is often more harsh, because if the issuer decides that you've been negligent, it may refuse to pay up. answer: (d) Traveler's A3 The price to sales ratio takes the current market capitalisation of a company and divides it by the sales it made in the last 12 months (the market capitalisation is the current market value of a company). answer: (c) price Α4 I, Terry Semel, the CEO of Yahoo! Inc, certify that I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Yahoo! Inc. and based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other information included fairly present the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant for the period presented in this report. answer: (c) quarterly A5 If a defaulter wants to continue to repay the overdue loans, she can do so by converting the overdue amount into a Flexible Loan, which is actually a rescheduled loan, and a borrower can negotiate the repayment plan according to her capacity to pay. answer: (c) rescheduled A6 By seasonality, we mean cyclical fluctuations: for example, retail sales tend to peak for Christmas and then decline after the holidays, so time series of retail sales will typically show increasing sales from September through December and declining sales in January and February. answer: (d) seasonality A7 Collateralized Bond Obligations (CBOs) are investment-grade bonds backed by a collection of junk bonds with different levels of risk, called tiers, that are determined by the quality of junk bond involved; CBOs backed by highly risky junk bonds receive higher interest rates than other CBOs. answer: (a) Collateralized A8 Procter & Gamble Co. said it will buy the Gillette Co. in a stock swap worth \$57 billion, creating the world's largest consumer products company with 21 brands with \$1 billion to \$5 billion each in annual sales; P&G will pay 0.975 P&G shares for each share of Gillette, valuing the stock at a premium of 18 percent. answer: (c) swap A9 It's the end of the financial year, so you'll need to start getting your receipts and bank statements in order in preparation for filing your tax return. answer: (d) return Financial Analysis is the examination of a company's financial statements: internal trend analysis is performed to identify how the A10 company's performance has changed over a period of time, and external comparative analysis is conducted to measure the company's performance relative to its competitors. answer: (d) trend

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 321 (Answer Keys) Erosion and Decay

- A1 A strategy that might reduce the impact of time erosion is the vertical spread: the combined position of one long option and one short option is less susceptible to the effects of time decay. answer: (d) vertical
- A2 Apex is a collaterized loan obligation — a derivative security whose underlying instrument is a commercial loan — that LJM2 has with First Union, which since has been acquired by Wachovia Bank. answer: (a) a collaterized
- A3 Should the FRB help bail out billionaire hedge fund managers and millionaire traders — the very people who bought the risky mortgages that led to the current market panic? - that, in essence, is the question swirling around Ben S. Bernanke as he confronts the first crisis of his 18 months as Fed chairman. answer: (b) Fed

- There are many different ways to own gold, but one of the most popular gold bullion coins is South Africa's Krugerrand; introduced in A4 1970, it was the world's first gold bullion coin, and is denominated in ounces of pure gold rather than having a face value. answer: (c) Krugerrand
- A5 The maximum loss from a market peak to a market nadir, commonly called the maximum drawdown, measures how sustained one's losses can be.

answer: (a) drawdown

- A6 A Sponsored ADR is a depositary receipt program established at the discretion of the issuer, which selects the depositary; the depositary's role is formalized in accordance with a Deposit Agreement between the depositary bank and an issuer. answer: (c) A Sponsored
- A7 This daily updated chart is your resource for tracking the accumulation unit values of the Investment Division of the New York Life Variable Annuity; for more complete performance including average annual total return, please click on the New York Life Variable Annuity Performance Summary. answer: (a) accumulation
- A8 NASHVILLE — The state's strong financial situation had Gov. Phil Bredesen looking forward to his annual meetings with New York bond rating agencies on Wednesday; Bredesen said he hopes the agencies will continue to assign Tennessee a positive outlook. answer: (c) rating
- A9 HR carbon and HSLA plate imports totalled 530,789 tonnes valued at \$457.4 million; annualizing YTD import volumes would result in an estimated 579,000 tonnes of imports for all of 2004, which would represent an increase of 64 percent over 2003. answer: (a) annualizing
- A10 The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) has approved the Philippine Stock Exchange Inc.'s (PSE) backdoor listing rules for companies acquiring the listing status of a listed company; the new rules will provide the necessary guidelines for compliance and will take effect on September 28, 2006.

answer: (a) backdoor

A1 Bondholders have a legal priority to the RTA's local tax revenues, above and beyond any commitment the RTA may wish to make with its subareas that no subarea will pay another subareas' debt; if Sound Transit's bond <u>ratio</u> is prudent, that would present only a modest risk to the subareas not benefited by the bonds.

answer: (b) ratio

- A simple <u>moving</u> average is formed by computing the average (mean) price of a security over a specified number of periods; for example, a 5-day average is calculated by adding the closing prices for the last 5 days and dividing the total by 5.
   answer: (b) moving
- A3 <u>Comprehensive</u> coverage covers damage to your car if it is stolen, or damaged by flood, fire, or animals; it pays to fix your vehicle less the deductible you choose, and to keep your premiums low, select as high a deductible as you feel comfortable paying out of pocket. answer: (a) Comprehensive
- A4 Warning signs of a weakening trend that coincide with a weakening of fundamentals supports the perception that a price trend <u>reversal</u> may occur.
   answer: (d) reversal
- A5 ODOT uses a fuel <u>deescalation</u> clause on projects where fuel usage is in excess of 25,100 gallons, establishing a base fuel price and a monthly fuel price: if the monthly fuel price drops to more than 25 % of the base price, the clause creates a downward adjustment of the fuel pay item.

answer: (d) deescalation

A6 The Divisions of Corporation Finance and Investment Management of the SEC provide filers with opinions on filings where they believe the filing could be improved or enhanced; these <u>comment</u> letters set forth staff positions on a particular filing only and do not constitute an official expression of the Commission's views.

answer: (c) comment

A7 A <u>drawee</u> bank has no recourse if it pays a counterfeit check; it may never send the item back to the bank of first deposit after the 24-hour deadline.

answer: (a) drawee

- A8 Bonds are '<u>escrowed</u> to maturity' when the proceeds of the refunding issue are deposited in an account for investment in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the issue being refunded on the original interest payment and maturity dates. answer: (a) escrowed
- A9 Many bonds permit the borrower to pay off the bond before its stated maturity date; this <u>called</u> bond is generally bad for the bondholder, because the likely reason for the payoff is that interest rates have declined, so the bondholder will not be able to reinvest the proceeds at the same rate as the original bond. answer: (a) called
- A10 A financial <u>adviser</u> is a professional who helps clients maximize their net worth by proper asset allocation, using stocks, bonds, mutual funds and insurance products to meet their needs; many receive a commission, although fee-based planning is becoming increasingly popular in the industry. answer: (a) adviser

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 323 (Answer Keys) *Trading Authorization*

- A1 <u>Full</u> trading authorization gives a designated person the power to place orders in an account, request disbursements, and/or to make inquiries concerning the account, such as obtaining account balances.
  answer: (a) Full
- A2 A high <u>flyer</u> is high-priced and highly speculative stock that moves up sharply over a short period; a possible example is the stock of unproven high-technology companies.

answer: (b) flyer

A3 Issuance of the securities is usually approved in the authorizing resolution, and sale is usually authorized in a separate document, the 'sale' or 'award' resolution; all such resolutions, read together, constitute the <u>bond</u> resolution, which describes the nature of the obligation, the issuer's duties and the issuer's rights.

answer: (a) bond

- A4 Managed option <u>income</u> mutual funds buy stocks and sell or 'write' options on them, pocketing the payments, or 'premium'; some funds are already yielding 9%-11%, which is awfully attractive in today's low-yield market. answer: (b) income
- A5 Economists have for some time recognized that investment expenditures can result in increases in income much larger than the original investment expenditure: this effect has been named the investment <u>multiplier</u>. answer: (c) multiplier
- A6 The nature of that rally is going to be extremely important, because if it's just a dead cat <u>bounce</u>, then I would say we were in for real trouble.

answer: (a) bounce

A7 The borrower — the person concerned for taking the real estate by paying a part of the total money on a contract basis — is often called the <u>mortgager</u>, s/he then pledges real property to the lender, which is usually put forward in the shape of a security against the debt for the rest of the value of the property.

answer: (d) mortgager

- A8 Our <u>full-service</u> brokerage services are geared toward the long-term investor: whether it's for retirement, college planning, building wealth, preserving capital or a combination of requirements, we'll help you with a complete wealth management package, including trading, hedging, private equity, research ideas, and restricted stock. answer: (c) full-service
- A9 Many investors react to bad news and sell their TSP stock funds after reading a headline or noticing a big drop in the prices of their TSP funds for the previous day, but <u>chasing</u> the market will often result in lowering your overall return as you sell your stock funds at lower prices based on an immediate emotional reaction. answer: (a) chasing
- A10 The <u>price</u> to earnings ratio (P/E) is the most widely quoted number when investors attempt to put a value on a share; you will often see something like "Dodgy.com trades at a forward P/E of 10, making it look fully valued," or "Epic! has a trailing P/E of 30, which makes it look cheap in comparison with other companies in the sector." answer: (c) price

- A1 A final liquidity ratio, the defensive interval, determines how long a company would be able draw on <u>quick</u> assets to meet its day to day expenses; this can be especially useful when evaluating small technology companies or biotechnology companies that may have strong patents but no significant revenue as yet. answer: (a) quick
- A2 A contract cannot be <u>rescinded</u> by one party unless both parties can be placed in the same situation and can stand upon the same terms as existed when the contract was made; the most obvious instance of this rule is where one party (by taking possession, etc) has received a benefit from the contract.

answer: (b) rescinded

- A3 A property can have multiple loans or liens against it; the loan which is registered with county or city registry first is called the first position trust deed, and the lien registered second is called the second *mortgage*.
   answer: (b) mortgage
- A4 <u>Chartists</u> evolve rules that depend on technical market indicators only; in contrast, fundamentalists evolve rules that only take fundamental indicators into account. answer: (a) Chartists
- A5 A Section <u>408(k)</u> Plan, available only to companies with 25 or fewer employees, permits a maximum contribution of the lesser of 15% of compensation or \$30,000, and employees have the option of taking the employer contribution in cash, but must then pay income tax on it. answer: (d) 408(k)
- A6 <u>A digested</u> security is one held by an investor who is likely to hang onto it for a long time. answer: (c) A digested
- With the sale of Chrysler complete, DaimlerChrysler will change its stock <u>symbol</u> on Frankfurt and New York exchanges this week; starting Thursday, the automaker's stock ticker will be changed from DCX to DAI on the DAX-30 index of companies in Frankfurt and on the New York Stock Exchange.
   answer: (d) symbol
- A8 The first tax <u>roll</u> prepared for the territory bears the date of October 6, 1800, and the names of only twelve taxable dwellers within the Holland Purchase appear on it; the hamlet cannot have been of much consequence to the collector of taxes, for the total amount he could collect there under that assessment was \$4.55.

answer: (d) roll

- A9 The cost of equity <u>capital</u> decreases because of globalization for two important reasons: first, the expected return that investors require to invest in equity to compensate them for the risk they bear generally falls, and second, the agency costs that make it harder and more expensive for firms to raise funds become less important. answer: (a) capital
- A10 Option grants usually have <u>vesting</u> periods; companies usually set a three to five year period, which means that a grant of 3,000 options with a three year period will give you the right to purchase a thousand shares of the company's stock over each of the next three consecutive years. answer: (d) vesting

- A1 The consensus view at the start of the quarter was that the U.S. economy would slow and the FRB would ease interest rates, but this view shifted gradually toward a neutral Fed <u>bias</u>, and in fact the FRB made no move to increase or decrease rates in the period. answer: (a) bias
- A2 "It would be good to have a steady stream of income of three quarters of what I made when I was working," says William Gentry, associate professor of economics at Williams College, "but <u>annuitizing</u> is not the only way to have a financially secure retirement without a company pension or some other type of defined-benefit plan."
  answer: (a) annuitizing
- A3 The development and introduction of Long-term Equity <u>Anticipation</u> Securities by CBOE in 1990 added a whole new range of options possibilities, many suited for conservative stock investors; Index LEAPS let you trade, hedge or invest in the 'entire' stock market or select industry sectors for a time that can be measured in years. answer: (c) Anticipation
- A4 Note, however, that the <u>Positive</u> Volume Index is not a contrarian indicator: even though the PVI is supposed to show what the not-so-smart-money is doing, it still trends in the same direction as prices. answer: (a) Positive
- A5 Federal <u>Stafford</u> loans, first disbursed July 1, 2006, are fixed-rate, low interest loans available to undergraduate students attending accredited schools at least half time; they are the most common source of college loan funds. answer: (d) Stafford
- A6 The <u>Acid-test ratio</u> measures the ability of a company to use its near cash to immediately extinguish its current liabilities; this ratio indicates a firm's capacity to maintain operations as usual with current cash or near cash reserves in bad periods. answer: (a) Acid
- A7 Under the <u>backup</u> withholding rules, the business or bank must withhold on a payment if you have given the payer an incorrect or no taxpayer ID number, or if the IRS has notified the payer to start withholding on interest and dividends because you had not reported all of your interest or dividend income in prior years. answer: (b) backup
- ABX Air, Inc. acknowledged the receipt of an unsolicited <u>indication</u> of interest from ASTAR Air Cargo Holdings, LLC to acquire all of the outstanding shares of ABX Air for \$7.75 per share in cash; no formal offer has yet been made. answer: (c) indication
- A9 During this time, Mizuho Sec. placed a <u>cancel</u> order for the sell order, but because a system irregularity existed that became apparent during such extraordinary circumstances, the order was not processed, and executions continued to be sequentially completed without interruption.

answer: (a) cancel

A payment-<u>in</u>-kind security is a bond which pays interest in the form of additional bonds, or preferred stock which pays dividends in the form of additional preferred stock. answer: (b) in A1 <u>Comprehensive</u> insurance covers vehicle damage or loss from fire, theft (except by an employee or member of your household), vandalism, falling or flying objects, malicious mischief, lightning, windstorm, earthquake, hail, impact with animals or missiles, riot, civil commotion, and rising water.

answer: (b) Comprehensive

A2 <u>Financial</u> capital is things that have value but do not do anything by themselves; they are used to pay for things because there is always more of it and people always want it.

answer: (b) Financial

- A3 Back in 1993, the lumber market found itself trading limit <u>up</u> for several days; traders that were short lumber futures at that time were unable to buy back their contracts in order to exit the market. answer: (c) up
- A4 In the universe of cyberspace the demand for efficient consumer transactions has lead to the establishment of <u>digital</u> money, an electronic replacement for cash; it has been defined as a series of numbers that have an intrinsic value in some form of currency. answer: (a) digital
- A5 The bill of exchange is a written order by the <u>drawer</u> to pay money to the payee; bills of exchange are used primarily in international trade, and are written orders by one person to his bank to pay a specific sum on a specific date sometime in the future. answer: (d) drawer
- A6 Your average cost of <u>funds</u> is not an absolute indicator of your bank's profitability, but you can use it to spot unhealthy trends, and if you are able to lower costs compared to prime, you may have an advantage that you can exploit by offering loan prices lower than your competition.

answer: (a) funds

- A7 <u>Estate</u> planning is the process by which an individual or family arranges the transfer of assets in anticipation of death; it aims to preserve the maximum amount of wealth possible for the intended beneficiaries and flexibility for the individual prior to death. answer: (a) Estate
- With a non-<u>revolving</u> credit card, you can make charges just as you would any other credit card, but you have to pay your balance in full every month; the most popular such card is American Express.
   answer: (d) revolving
- A9 The capital markets have recognized the tangible benefits to the State's economy of meeting the infrastructure and educational goals of the program and the University's success in implementing them; a milestone occurred in 2002 with the achievement of the high-grade 'double A' credit-rating category from Moody's for its bonds. answer: (a) grade
- A10 An individual <u>policy</u> pension trust is a type of allocated pension plan funding arrangement under which plan trustees purchase individual level premium annuity contracts for each member of the plan.
   answer: (d) policy

- A1 The rapid growth in manufacturing and trade in Asia has lead to the rise of domestic companies with <u>sizeable</u>
   Asia Pacific operations in addition to sales in Europe and the US.
   answer: (d) sizeable
- A2 Many larger Asian companies, namely Chinese, Indian, Japanese, Korean and Taiwanese conglomerates, have become global *household* names.

answer: (c) household

A3 On the other hand, there has also been a surge in foreign direct investment in Asia from European and US multinational companies, as they *partner* in joint-venture arrangements with Asian firms to access local markets.

answer: (c) partner

A4 India's R&D industry continues to expand <u>exponentially</u>, confirming India's dominance in the software, technology and business process outsourcing (BPO) arena and expects to control 51% of the global outsourcing market for software and back-office services by 2008.

answer: (c) exponentially

- A5 Meanwhile, China <u>pales</u> in comparison with only 4.9% of the outsourcing market. answer: (c) pales
- A6 The <u>intricacies</u> of China's regulations drive many foreign businesses to base their regional treasuries in Singapore or Hong Kong, while Malaysia and China are looking to attract companies to set up onshore SSCs. answer: (b) intricacies
- A7 Interaction with local banks in Asia is unavoidable, but some local banks are not able to send Swift messages such as the MT940 or the MT942 and this can make it difficult to obtain good <u>visibility</u> of cash flows and account balances.

answer: (d) visibility

A8 However, this is becoming increasingly rare as local Asian banks are rapidly adopting foreign bank standards; especially, with foreign banks buying into local banks, the transfer of technology is <u>homogenizing</u> standards, albeit within each country.

answer: (b) homogenizing

A9 Meanwhile, global banks are aggressively <u>staking</u> their claim in the Asian financial markets; they are lobbying for central banks to introduce standardised regulations.

answer: (c) staking

A10 According to Clinton Lee, regional advisor and director at ABN AMRO's Transaction Banking, a common <u>denominator</u> among most Asian countries is their absorption rate of newer technologies to accelerate the pace of organisational change.

answer: (a) denominator

- A1 One of the most consistent observations about disasters is that communication is inadequate; an in-depth 1986 study suggests that this is a <u>continuing</u> problem.
   answer: (c) continuing
- A2 One crucial type of information that needs to be shared is that related to a determination of the priority of needed disaster countermeasures and, therefore, resource <u>allocation</u>.

answer: (b) allocation

A3 Research on disasters suggests that many communications problems are 'people' problems, rather than equipment problems; communication equipment may be in short <u>supply</u>, but more often than not a physical means of communication is available.

answer: (d) supply

A4 Examples of 'people' problems in communication include the '<u>Robinson Crusoe</u> syndrome', or 'we're the only ones on this island'.

answer: (d) Robinson Crusoe

A5 Organizations are accustomed to operating <u>autonomously</u> and fail to change this approach in disasters where multiple organizations are involved and are dependent on one another; each person gives priority to the information needs of his own organization rather than that of the overall response effort.

answer: (d) autonomously

A6 Terminology and procedures used to exchange information vary among different organizations; there is a hesitancy to depend on other organizations, often due to lack of trust or familiarity, or due to political, jurisdictional, and personal *disputes*.

answer: (a) disputes

A7 The importance of pre-disaster contact helps to explain a seemingly <u>paradoxical</u> observation made in a number of disasters, that smaller communities with fewer resources tended to coordinate their disaster responses better than larger, more urban areas.

answer: (a) paradoxical

A8 Unfortunately, the urgency of the disaster situation often <u>precludes</u> the time necessary to exchange preliminary information on-the-spot.

answer: (b) precludes

- A9 The result is that, unless preliminary contact has been addressed before the disaster, there is a <u>reluctance</u> to depend on the activities of other organizations and a failure to coordinate and communicate with them.
   answer: (b) reluctance
- A10 When one is dependent on other team members, particularly in life-<u>threatening</u> situations, he needs to feel confident in their competence and reliability, and developing this level of trust often requires pre-incident contact over a period of time.

answer: (d) threatening

A1 Electronic commerce is an emerging model of new selling and merchandising tools in which buyers are able to participate in all phases of a purchase decision, while <u>stepping</u> through those processes electronically rather than in a physical store or by phone (with a physical catalog).

answer: (a) stepping

A2 Electronic commerce is coming <u>of age</u>: electronic sales in a recent quarter are double those of the entire previous year.

answer: (a) of age

- A3 In some instances, companies create electronic-commerce capabilities out of a fear of falling behind competitors or as a result of the general <u>momentum</u> to expand the use of an existing Internet presence. answer: (a) momentum
- A4 But the primary value proposition is the *prospect* of increased revenue from new markets and creation of new, lower-cost, electronic-distribution channels.

answer: (d) prospect

A5 From a customer's perspective, the purpose of an electronic-commerce system is to enable that customer to locate and purchase a desired good or service over the Internet when the customer is interested in making the purchase; its function is no more or less than providing a <u>virtual</u> store.

answer: (d) virtual

A6 From a merchant's perspective, the key function of an electronic-commerce system is to generate higher revenues than the merchant would achieve *without* the system.

answer: (d) without

A7 The benefits to the service provider of hosting electronic-commerce services include <u>enablement</u> revenue for helping clients develop electronic-commerce offerings (Web sites, catalogs, storefronts) for the customer's hosted offering.

answer: (a) enablement

A8 In this scenario, the home shopper still needs Internet access and an access <u>device</u>, but the service provider could provide any or all of the remaining components on behalf of the merchant.

answer: (b) device

- A9 The electronic-commerce platform chosen by the service provider must support a variety of tasks: the creation of a standard environment for storefronts and advertising sites, the provision of a secure transaction environment, the authorization of credit and <u>clear</u> payments, and the provision of billing systems. answer: (b) clear
- A10 Many small- and medium-sized businesses are struggling with the high cost of <u>entry</u> to electronic commerce: creating a complete on-line selling environment can require considerable time, money, and technical expertise.

answer: (d) entry

- A1 According to M Bronte-Stewart, IT projects have a bad reputation for going over budget and schedule, not <u>realising</u> expectations and for providing poor return on investment (Clegg et al, 1997; Keil et al, 1998; Fielding, 2002; The Register, 2002; Jaques, 2004). answer: (d) realising
- A2 Planning and organising projects, selecting suitable software and hardware, and designing effective websites are important business decisions, yet firms often do not take adequate precautions or advice before making <u>leaps</u> of faith, spending large sums of money on inappropriate, unwanted or badly implemented IT systems. answer: (c) leaps
- A3 Many large IT systems contracts are in dispute or have been suspended: a project to replace the British Army, Navy and Air Force inventory systems with a single system was <u>brought</u> to a halt after 130m had been spent.
   answer: (a) brought

A4 The more IT projects are seen to go wrong, the more the public learns to expect problems and delays, the more developers may think that much of their work is likely to be a waste of effort, and the more those holding the <u>purse</u> strings may view any IT project as a worry and probably a poor return on investment. answer: (c) purse

A5 IT staff can become <u>cynical</u>, lose goodwill and fail to accept or follow the advice of managers: for all these reasons we should be looking for ways to reduce the incidence and effects of failure.
 answer: (a) cynical

A6 The OASIG (1996), a DTI-supported special interest group concerned with the organisational aspects of IT, interviewed a group of leading researchers and consultants who between them had over 900 years of professional work in the field, and were <u>drawing</u> on the experiences of over 14,000 organisations. answer: (c) drawing

- A7 The report to the UK's Economic and Social Research Council published the following <u>disturbing</u> findings on the eventual outcomes of IT projects: 80% to 90% do not meet their goals, 80% are delivered late and over budget, and 40% fail or are abandoned. answer: (d) disturbing
- A8 The report went on to suggest some of the main reasons why IT projects seem to fail; one is that the Management agenda is too limited in that most IT investments are technology <u>led</u> and the main investment motive is only to cut costs.
  answer: (d) led
- A9 It is alarming that significant numbers of IT projects still fail to deliver benefits on time, within budget and <u>to</u> expectations; a great deal of the 24 billion or so being spent on IT each year in the UK (BCS 2004) is being wasted.
  answer: (c) to
- A10 One way to improve this situation is to carry out a risk estimation exercise that gives a standardised <u>template</u>, so that the process can be discussed and focussed on important characteristics; results can be compared and users can build up an expertise of experience in evaluating projects' potential for success.
  answer: (d) template

A1 David Caruso, director of enterprise applications research for AMR Research Inc, explains that although pundits, vendors, and buyers alike frequently <u>invoke</u> the concept, ERP backbone is likely one of the most misunderstood terms in the software industry.

answer: (d) invoke

A2 In general, people view ERP backbone in one of two ways: in terms of the applications included in the suite, or as the system's underlying architecture or *plumbing*; both views have merit, but current development activity indicates a trend toward the latter model as the dominant theme over the long term.

answer: (c) plumbing

A3 During the past several years, many buyers have made system selections to reduce overall systems ownership costs: they standardize on a single technical platform to ease the maintenance <u>burden</u> and reduce required modifications.

answer: (a) burden

- A4 Typically, these systems will form a shared services model that a corporation will deploy consistently across the organization, but beyond the shared services, many site-specific requirements become evident as CIOs analyze the unique requirements of manufacturing plants and the *disparity* of their information system needs. answer: (b) disparity
- Most organizations would prefer to purchase all business applications from a single provider, but the <u>fact</u> of the matter is that many of them must look beyond the offerings of ERP vendors.
   answer: (b) fact
- A6 Frequently, global organizations must integrate successful plant-level ERP systems, localized applications such as payroll systems <u>tailored</u> to a country's specific legal requirements, and complex problem-solving systems such as advanced planning systems.

answer: (c) tailored

A7 Also, additional third-party applications for specialized needs such as transportation, distribution, and scheduling are common; integrating applications in this way, of course, is called building a 'best-of-<u>breed</u>' solution.

answer: (c) breed

As an alternative to the single vendor, some companies will consider their business application requirements on a *piece-by-piece* basis.

answer: (c) piece-by-piece

A9 In any case, the <u>overarching</u> theme is to select the strongest application or best functional fit for how a business manager might want to run a given business function or process.

answer: (a) overarching

*A10* For IT managers, the quest for the best solution is analogous to a search for the Holy <u>Sepulchre.</u> answer: (d) Sepulchre

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 332 (Answer Keys) No Free Lunch

A1 The most important principle upon which to premise an investment *philosophy* is to recognize that there is no free lunch — all investing involves trade-offs; for every perceived reward, there is some associated risk, whether perceived or not. answer: (d) philosophy

A2 The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-<u>weighted</u> index of 30 blue chip stocks. answer: (d) weighted

A3 A limit-<u>on</u>-close order is a type of limit order to buy or sell shares near the market close only if the closing price is trading better than the limit price.

answer: (c) on

A4 If you have defaulted on a debt in the past and you have either reached a compromise with a creditor to settle your debt, or the creditor has deemed the debt to be non-collectable and has stopped attempts to recover, you may receive <u>a Cancellation</u> of Debt (1099-C) form from the IRS.

answer: (a) a Cancellation

- A5 <u>Rescission</u> is an equitable remedy that wipes out the existing contract and restores the parties to their prior situation; it can occur as a result of innocent or fraudulent representation, mutual mistake, lack of legal capacity, an impossibility to perform a contract not contemplated by the parties, or duress and undue influence. answer: (c) Rescission
- A6 Starting from the spot month to the most <u>distant</u> month option series of the same underlying strike price and call/put type, if the fixing price is smaller than or equal to the fixing price of the preceding option series, it will be adjusted to a value not lower than the fixing price of that series.

answer: (a) distant

A7 This Plan provides for the issuance of non-<u>statutory</u> stock options which are not intended to qualify as 'incentive stock options' within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; it is an employment incentive for persons of experience and ability and whose services are considered valuable.

answer: (c) statutory

A8 April 1996 amendments to Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System delegated authority to option exchanges to set option <u>margin</u> requirements in their rules, provided such rules are approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

answer: (d) margin

- A9 The <u>market</u> portfolio concept is important in a variety of financial theories, including Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT); according to the MPT, investors should concentrate on choosing portfolios based on overall risk-reward concepts, rather than focusing on the attractiveness of individual securities. answer: (c) market
- A10 To calculate the <u>quick</u> ratio, take the current assets and subtract the inventory; what you are left with are the items that can be converted into cash immediately; then, divide the result by the current liabilities. answer: (c) quick

A1 <u>Second</u>-preferred stock is a preferred stock issue that has less priority in claiming dividends and assets in liquidation than another issue of preferred stock.

answer: (a) Second

A2 <u>Diluted</u> earnings per share were calculated according to IAS 33.24 by dividing net income by the average number of shares outstanding, less treasury stock and include the effect of outstanding options, taking into account the share price at the balance sheet date.

answer: (c) Diluted

A3 In order to become a <u>stockbroker</u>, a person must pass the General Securities Representative Exam (also known as the 'series 7 exam').

answer: (d) stockbroker

A4 The standard U.S. <u>individual</u> tax return is Form 1040, and U.S. citizens and residents who realize gross income in excess of a specified amount (adjusted annually for inflation) are required by law to file Federal income tax returns (and pay remaining income taxes if applicable).

answer: (c) individual

A5 The net book value of an asset will never fall below the salvage value (the estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life), meaning that once an asset is fully <u>depreciated</u>, no further expenses will be taken during its life.

answer: (b) depreciated

A6 A <u>trend line</u> is a straight line that connects two prominent peaks or troughs in the price action of an underlying tradable; no other price action must penetrate the line between the two start points, and in this way it marks a support or resistance area where price has turned and has not been violated.

answer: (d) trend line

- A7 So-called <u>vetoing</u> stock is between voting and nonvoting stock; its holders may vote only on specific questions or on some corporate matters, but not on the election of the board of directors.
   answer: (c) vetoing
- A8 <u>A Bear</u> CD pays the holder a fraction of any fall in a given market index. answer: (a) A Bear
- A9 <u>A CUSIP</u> number, whose system is owned by the American Bankers Association and operated by Standard & Poor's, consists of nine characters and identifies most securities, including stocks of all registered U.S. and Canadian companies, as well as U.S. government and municipal bonds.

answer: (a) A CUSIP

A10 MON SEP 10, 2007: The Fed may not touch the fed <u>funds</u> rate out of concern that a cut could feed inflationary pressures and weaken the dollar; instead, Fed policy-makers might offer up more of the same medicine they did on August 17, when they surprised markets by cutting the less-used discount rate. answer: (a) funds A1 The London <u>International</u> Financial Futures and Options Exchange (LIFFE, pronounced 'life' as in 'human life', and never 'liff-eee') was the name of a futures exchange based in London, prior to its takeover by Euronext in January 2002; Euronext subsequently merged with the NYSE in April 2007.

answer: (c) International

A2 <u>A power</u> of attorney is your legal permission for another adult to act on your behalf; the permission can be granted for a specific, limited purpose and period of time or for much broader purposes (such as handling all of your financial affairs) and an unquantified period of time (such as until your death).

answer: (c) A power

- A3 From the day the <u>S&P 100</u> index options started trading on the Chicago Board Options Exchange on March 11, 1983, the new market, now known in the trade by its ticker symbol OEX, became a phenomenon for several reasons: for one, no other options or futures have become so popular in so brief a time. answer: (a) S&P 100
- A4 <u>Acquisition</u> cost is the total cost of obtaining a property, equipment or client; when used in reference to a property or equipment it includes incentives, discounts, and closing costs but excludes sales tax, and in terms of obtaining a new client it refers to promotion costs such as list rental fees and direct-mailing.

answer: (a) Acquisition

- A5 Through backward <u>integration</u>, Midas Touch ensures that customers get their value for money; this practice has been introduced to exercise control over fabric procurement and manufacturing activities, and it also ensures that all Midas Touch products gain a consistent quality and are not delayed in delivery. answer: (b) integration
- A6 With aid flowing in from the West, Ukraine is in a position to pay <u>market</u> rates for the Russian natural gas it consumes, President Vladimir Putin said; the politically-driven decision is also good economics, with Ukraine competing with other export routes and consumers for the best deal rather than by courting favors from Moscow. answer: (b) market
- A7 The process for a bond <u>swap</u> is as follows: DOA prepares the new replacement bond/note for an amount that equals the current outstanding amount of the EIF loan; several minor changes are made in the original bond/note language to reflect the final loan amount and the replacement of the original bond/note. answer: (d) swap
- A8 The Profit & Loss from a long or short option position held to expiration is a function of underlier value at expiration; it can be depicted with a graph, which is called a <u>payoff</u> diagram.
   answer: (a) payoff
- A9 Although most firms have only one type of common stock, in some instances a multiple capital <u>structure</u> is used to meet the special needs of the company; small, new companies seeking funds from outside sources frequently use different types of common stock. answer: (d) structure
- A10 David M. Walker, <u>Comptroller</u> General of the United States, is the nation's chief accountability officer and head of the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO), whose mission is to help improve the performance and assure the accountability of the federal government for the benefit of the American people. answer: (c) Comptroller

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 335 (Answer Keys) *Producing the Goods*

A1 The Cost of <u>Sales</u> includes costs that can be attributed to producing the goods or providing the services of the entity; these costs may be fixed or variable costs, and disclosure of information about them in conjunction with revenue from the sale of goods provides information about the entity's gross margin.

answer: (d) Sales

A2 Our quality and diverse <u>deal</u> flow comes from our community of members — venture capitalists, sponsors, incubators and universities, who invest in investment opportunities that focus on any segment with high growth opportunity; at our meetings, the presenting entrepreneurs have exposure to 100 potential investors.

answer: (b) deal

- A3 The search for government revenue in fiscally tight times tempts legislators to raise revenue by imposing unusually high excise taxes on cigarettes, liquor, gambling, etc; this type of charge, often called a <u>sin</u> tax, appeals to voters who view it as a way of discouraging consumption of certain objectionable products. answer: (c) sin
- A4 The owner's <u>drawing</u> account is considered as more like an expense account, since when you take money out, you charge that account; it is a contra account, working against your owner's equity account you charge it when you take equity out of your business. answer: (b) drawing
- A5 The <u>Estate</u> Tax is a tax on your right to transfer property at your death; it consists of an accounting of everything you own or have certain interests in at the date of death the fair market value of these items is used, not necessarily what you paid for them or what their values were when you acquired them. answer: (d) Estate
- A6 When coupled with a stock's current price, a readily available piece of information, the <u>52-week</u> high, explains a large portion of the profits from momentum investing; nearness to this figure dominates and improves upon the forecasting power of past returns (both individual and industry returns) for future returns.

answer: (d) 52-week

- A7 This statement of financial <u>condition</u> was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the US, which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the statement for the period presented; actual results could differ from management's estimates. answer: (b) condition
- A8 To compensate for lost income from delinquent taxpayers, county governments offer tax <u>sales</u> at public auctions. answer: (d) sales
- A9 The high-low <u>index</u> is calculated by dividing the weekly number of stock highs and lows by the number of total issues traded; a 10-week moving average is applied to smooth out the swings. answer: (a) index
- A10 Whether you're searching for buy-to-let or an auctioned repossession, you could find your *investment* property here; we list houses, flats and apartments all over the UK that can offer potential from full redevelopment through to buy-to-let. answer: (b) investment

- A1 As a shareholder in a <u>limited</u> company, if it were to become insolvent (equivalent to bankruptcy in the US) you would only be liable to contribute the amount remaining unpaid on the shares (usually zero, as most shares are issued fully paid). answer: (a) limited
- A2 The idea of the price-earnings <u>ratio</u> is that it tells you how many years you would have to wait to get your money back on your investment; if, for example: Goodco's current share price is 1.08 and the EPS is 6p, its P/E is 18 — this means that if you buy a share, and its EPS stays at 6p, you will 'get your money back' over 18 years. answer: (d) ratio
- A3 The amount of the penalty-free withdrawals that you can take from your IRA varies considerably, depending on which of the three IRSapproved methods you use to calculate the withdrawals; these three methods are 1) the life expectancy method, 2) the amortization method, and 3) the <u>annuity</u> factor method. answer: (a) annuity
- A4 <u>A chattel</u> mortgage is a security over movable articles of property held by the lender giving the lender recourse against the property in the event of default by the borrower.
   answer: (b) A chattel
- A5 <u>A nonaccredited</u> investor is a wealthy, sophisticated investor who does not meet SEC net worth requirements but requires less protection because of large financial resources; only 35 such investors can be included per investment. answer: (b) A nonaccredited
- A6 The company will want to make sure it has sufficiently reserved shares of equity to compensate and motivate its workforce, but while a large option <u>pool</u> will make it less likely that it runs out of available options, size is taken into account, and can effectively lower the true pre-money valuation.

answer: (b) pool

A7 When you're searching for stocks with high dividend yields, one quick check you should always make is to look at the company's <u>payout</u> ratio, which tells you what percentage of earnings management is doling out to shareholders in the form of dividends: if the number is above 75%, consider it a red flag.

answer: (a) payout

- A8 In Nomura's Equity <u>Research</u> Department, some 60 analysts in Japan follow listed companies, analyzing their corporate value and making judgments regarding their current and future value as investments; other activities include meetings to provide timely information to domestic and foreign institutional investors. answer: (b) Research
- A9 We have had a fair number of couples requesting <u>second</u>-to-die insurance to make sure funds are available for a child with special needs for their care and financial security after the death of both parents. answer: (c) second
- A quick <u>turn</u> is the purchase and sale of an investment held for only a very brief period of time, such as in day trading, fix-and-flips, contract assigning, and contract flipping.
   answer: (d) turn

A1 Data mining, the extraction of hidden <u>predictive</u> information from large databases, is a powerful new technology with great potential to help companies focus on the most important information in their data warehouses.

answer: (a) predictive

A2 Data mining tools estimate future trends and behaviors, allowing businesses to make knowledge-<u>driven</u> decisions.

answer: (a) driven

A3 The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by <u>retrospective</u> tools typical of decision support systems.

answer: (d) retrospective

A4 Data mining tools can answer business questions that traditionally were too time-consuming to resolve; they <u>scour</u> databases for hidden patterns, finding information that experts may miss because it lies outside their expectations.

answer: (d) scour

A5 Data mining derives its name from the similarities between searching for valuable business information in a large database — for example, finding linked products in gigabytes of store scanner data — and mining a mountain for a <u>vein</u> of valuable ore.

answer: (d) vein

A6 Both processes require either <u>sifting</u> through an immense amount of material, or intelligently probing it to find exactly where the value resides.

answer: (b) sifting

A7 Data mining tools sweep through databases and identify previously hidden patterns like <u>anomalous</u> data that could represent data entry keying errors.

answer: (c) anomalous

A8 The technique that is used to perform these feats in data mining is called modeling, and this act of model building is something that people have been doing for a long time, certainly before the <u>advent</u> of computers or data mining technology.

answer: (b) advent

- A9 If someone told you that he had a good model to predict customer usage, the first thing you might try would be to ask him to apply his model to your customer <u>base</u>, where you already knew the answer.
   answer: (a) base
- A10 With data mining, the best way to accomplish this is by setting aside some of your data in a <u>vault</u> to isolate it from the mining process; once the mining is complete, the results can be tested against the isolated data to confirm the model's validity.

answer: (d) vault

#### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 338 (Answer Keys) Ukraine Banks

A1 Dmitry Shishkin of Standard Bank is positive that there will be a resolution to the political stalemate in Ukraine: the two opposing sides, the President and the Parliament, are looking to reach a compromise. answer: (c) stalemate A2 They are being pushed in that direction not only by the weariness of the people on the streets, but also by businesses that back the respective sides and which are growing increasingly impatient about the possible negative impact on the Ukrainian economy arising from political uncertainty. answer: (d) (none) A3 A walk to Independence Square in Kiev revealed that sporadic groups of young people on the square (very remotely resembling anything politically motivated) are greatly outnumbered by bustling crowds in the huge modern shopping centre occupying two floors underneath the square. answer: (d) bustling A4 Not surprisingly, international markets have so far showed remarkable resilience in the face of the political developments in Ukraine, very much to the irritation of many local players who were hoping to make a quick profit on an expected drop in asset prices. answer: (b) resilience A5 The most likely resolution of the political standoff would be a behind-the-scenes agreement between the President and the ruling coalition, leading to an election approved by the Constitutional Court. answer: (c) scenes A6 Given the tightness of the sovereign credit (the spread gap between 10-year Ukrainian and Russian CDS is just 5 bps wider than it was prior to the President's decree), there is little attraction in directional trades. answer: (d) sovereign A7 Ukraine has relatively few Eurobonds, and the bulk of them are issued by banks. answer: (a) bulk Alfa Bank (Ukraine) is part of the Russian financial and industrial concern Alfa-Group; this Ukrainian bank cannot only rely on the support A8 of its parent company in Russia, but is a rapidly growing and profitable entity in its own right. answer: (c) concern Α9 UkrSibBank is the third-largest bank in Ukraine, with a controlling 51% stake held by BNP Paribas; the remaining 49% belongs to two Ukrainian businessmen, who also hold substantial stakes in the country's metallurgical and chemical industries, the backbone of Ukrainian export. answer: (a) backbone A10 According to its financial plans for 2007, Ukraine will borrow about US\$1.2bn externally; this has not been done so far as the political turbulence has put these plans on hold.

answer: (d) turbulence

- A1 Information Systems researchers and technologists have built and investigated Decision Support Systems (DSS) for approximately 40 years; D.J. Power's paper <u>chronicles</u> and explores the developments in DSS from the model-driven DSS in the late 1960s to the implementation of Web-based DSS in the mid-1990s. answer: (b) chronicles
- A2 Different people perceive the field of Decision Support Systems from various <u>vantage</u> points and report different accounts of what happened and what was important (cf., Arnott & Pervan, 2005; Eom & Lee, 1990b; McCosh & Correa-Perez, 2006; Power, 2003; Power, 2004a; Silver, 1991).

answer: (d) vantage

- A3 In <u>retrospect</u>, a major historical turning point was Michael S. Scott Morton's (1967) dissertation field research at Harvard University; Morton's study involved building, implementing and then testing an interactive, model-driven management decision system. answer: (d) retrospect
- A4 Fellow Harvard Ph.D. student Andrew McCosh asserts that the concept of decision support systems was first <u>articulated</u> by Scott Morton in February 1964 in a basement office in Sherman Hall, Harvard Business School in a discussion they had about Morton's dissertation. answer: (c) articulated
- A5 The pioneering work of Dantzig, Engelbart and Forrester influenced the feasibility of building computerized decision support systems; in the 1960s, they developed the first hypermedia-groupware system called NLS, which provided for on-screen video teleconferencing and was a <u>forerunner</u> to group decision support systems. answer: (d) forerunner
- A6 In 1960, J.C.R. Licklider published his ideas about the future role of multiaccess interactive computing in a paper titled 'Man-Computer <u>Symbiosis</u>'; he saw close man-computer interaction as enhancing both the quality and efficiency of human problem-solving, and his paper provided a guide for computer research to follow. answer: (a) Symbiosis
- A7 In 1974, Gordon Davis published his <u>influential</u> text on Management Information Systems; he defined a Management Information System as 'an integrated, man/machine system for providing information to support the operations, management, and decision-making functions in an organization'.
   answer: (c) influential
- A8 In 1979, John Rockart of the Harvard Business School published a ground-<u>breaking</u> article that led to the development of executive information systems (EISs) or executive support systems (ESS); Rockart developed the concept of using information systems to display critical success metrics for managers.

answer: (a) breaking

- A9 Donovan and Madnick (1977) classified DSS as either institutional or <u>ad hoc</u>: the former supports decisions that are recurring, while the latter supports querying data for one time requests.
  answer: (a) ad hoc
- A10 Finally, Sprague and Carlson's (1982) book 'Building Effective Decision Support Systems' was an important <u>milestone</u>: it further explained the DSS framework of data base, model base and dialog generation and management software, and provided a practical overview of how organizations should build DSS. answer: (d) milestone

A1 James Le Brocq of Alliance & Leicester Commercial Bank says that prepaid cards (or <u>stored</u>-value cards) have been in existence for some years, with the US leading the way in finding applications in both the private and public sectors.

answer: (d) stored

A2 The European prepaid market is currently only in its *infancy*, but this is set to change with the number of cards in circulation estimated to grow at over 110% a year for the next four years.

answer: (c) infancy

A3 It is predicted that by the end of 2010 the use of prepaid cards across the eurozone will <u>generate</u> 2.3 billion transactions with a 75bn turnover.

answer: (c) generate

A4 Prepaid cards represent money on deposit and function in much the same way as conventional debit cards; however, the key difference is that funds are not stored in an account that is directly linked to the card holder, but are <u>loaded</u> onto the card and held at a remote database with a financial services provider.

answer: (c) loaded

A5 In this <u>respect</u> there is no actual value stored on the card itself; they do not act as a substitute for cash, so lost or stolen cards can be easily stopped and replaced.

answer: (c) respect

A6 Clearly such revolutionary payments technology will have a significant impact on UK corporates, with uses falling into several categories, including expenses, payroll and ad-hoc remittances, as well as customer-based payments such as gifts, refunds and *incentives*.

answer: (c) incentives

- A7 In all cases significant benefits <u>accrue.</u> answer: (a) accrue
- A8 The advantages of using prepaid cards for employee expense accounts are significant: as well as the general cost savings that are realised in all cases when switching from paper-based payments, employers using prepaid cards can *exert* significantly more control over expenses.

answer: (c) exert

- A9 Payments can be <u>ring-fenced</u> by corporate providers, allowing them to limit the scope of where goods and services can be purchased, while a record of all transactions is automatically generated and stored.
   answer: (d) ring-fenced
- A10 Also, employee travel abroad can be easily facilitated as the cards can be loaded with a currency of <u>choice</u> thus eliminating costs associated with using a debit or credit card outside of its issuing domicile.
   answer: (a) choice

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 341 (Answer Keys) Object-Oriented Programming Languages

- A1 Many modern programming languages depend largely or exclusively on the concept of objects: a close <u>syntactic</u> binding of data to the operations that can be performed upon that data. answer: (d) syntactic
- A2 In these Object-Oriented languages C, C#, Java, Eiffel, Smalltalk, Visual Basic.NET, Perl, and many others programmers create classes, each of which defines the behavior and structure of a number of similar objects; then they write code that creates and <u>manipulates</u> objects that are instances of those classes. answer: (d) manipulates
- A3 One reason why objects are a powerful programming technique the reason most often <u>touted</u> in the early literature on Object-Oriented Programming is that programmatic objects map naturally to real world objects. answer: (d) touted
- A4 This mapping between objects in the real world and more <u>abstract</u> code objects encourages programmers to think in the problem domain, rather than in computer science terms.

answer: (a) abstract

A5 This benefit has perhaps been overstated, however; unless you're building a simulator of a real-world process, such <u>surrogate</u> 'real-world' objects form just the surface of your system.

answer: (c) surrogate

A6 The complexity of your design lies underneath that surface, in code that reflects business rules, resource allocation, algorithms, and other computer science concerns; if you only use objects to reflect the real world, you *leave* yourself with a lot of work.

answer: (c) leave

- A7 Coupling refers to the ways in which and degrees to which one part of the system relies on the details of another part: the tighter the coupling, the more changes in one part of the system will <u>ripple</u> throughout the system, while with loose coupling, the interfaces between subsystems are well defined and restricted. answer: (b) ripple
- A8 <u>Cohesion</u> refers to the degree in which elements within a subsystem form a single, unified concept, with no excess elements: where it is strong, there is easier comprehension and thus more reliable code. answer: (d) Cohesion
- A9 Some Object-Oriented languages are less rigid than others in how much they require you to design around objects, but OO languages certainly support these quality <u>attributes</u> if you take the time to pursue them.
   answer: (a) attributes
- *A10* It seems that every new OO language author <u>*feels*</u> the need to distinguish their language by coming up with new terminology.

answer: (a) feels

- A1 The optimal hedge consists of a position in a single <u>option</u> whose strike price is independent of the level of expense the institution is willing to incur for its hedging program.
   answer: (c) option
- A2 If the journal entries are error-free and were posted properly to the general ledger, the total debit balances should equal the total credit balances, and if they don't, then an error has occurred somewhere in the process; the total of the accounts on the debit and credit side is referred to as the <u>trial</u> balance.

answer: (d) trial

- A3 A <u>viatical</u> settlement allows you to invest in another person's life insurance policy: you purchase the policy (or part of it) at a price that is less than the death benefit of the policy, and when the seller dies, you collect the death benefit.
   answer: (d) viatical
- A4 Shares of The McClatchy Co. dropped 3.2 percent in trading Monday, falling to a 52-week <u>low</u>; the stock fell 66 cents to \$20.21 in lighter-than-average trading volume, and then it dipped another 6 cents in after-hours trading. answer: (c) low
- A5 A Fed <u>pass</u> is a Federal Reserve Board action designed to make more credit available by adding reserves to the banking system.

answer: (d) pass

- A6 <u>Long</u> market value is the aggregate worth, in dollars, of a group of securities held in a cash or margin brokerage account, calculated using the prior trading day's closing prices of each security in the account; the figure includes most common investment vehicles, but excludes commercial paper, options, annuities and precious metals. answer: (c) Long
- A7 Preferred <u>Provider</u> Organization (PPO) plans are the number one choice for millions of Americans: there is freedom of choice among in-network providers, lower out-of-pocket costs (copay only for most in-network office visits) and a strong emphasis on preventive health.

answer: (d) Provider

- A8 Commodities prices rose across the <u>board</u> in the week that the US Federal Reserve cut interest rates to prop up the domestic economy: crude oil surged to an all-time high and gold hit its highest level in 28 years, while strong demand from China and other developing countries helped boost all commodities. answer: (b) board
- A9 <u>Single</u>-stock futures are a way to reap the benefits of a stock's performance without actually owning the stock; one of the advantages they enjoy is that they are cheaper to trade and easier to use for hedging strategies than options. answer: (c) Single
- A10 Agilent lived up to the high billing most industry watchers expected in its initial public offering: shares climbed as high as about 50 in morning trading, and yesterday the company raised the price range of the shares coming to the market to \$26 to \$28 per share; the stock priced <u>out</u> at \$30 last night, Merrill Lynch said today. answer: (b) out

- A1 "Modest demand growth combined with no significant supply increases has caused oil inventories to decline sharply, creating <u>backwardation</u> in the oil forward curve," said Jeffrey Currie of Goldman Sachs; in such a market, oil for delivery in the near term is more expensive than for later shipment.
   answer: (a) backwardation
- A2 Should securities held in a collective deposit be repaid on the basis of a lottery, the bank shall distribute the <u>drawn</u> securities pro-rata amongst the holders of the securities, whereby it shall ensure that all depositors enjoy an equal treatment. answer: (d) drawn
- A3 The Trust provides investors with the opportunity to purchase a security representing a proportionate undivided interest in a portfolio of securities consisting of substantially all of the common stocks, in substantially the same weighting, of the S&P 500 Index, each unit of which is referred to as a Standard & Poor's <u>Depositary</u> Receipt. answer: (a) Depositary
- A4 Many consumers are unaware of the importance of retaining <u>cancelled</u> bank checks, through which account holders have a record of who actually signed the back of the check to redeem its face value; this signature is universally required for resolving countless business transaction disputes.

answer: (a) cancelled

- A5 When a claimant delays in filing an application for benefits, the <u>antedate</u> provisions may allow the late application to be recognized as having been made earlier than it actually was; the purpose is to allow a claimant to be put in the position he or she would have been in had the delay in filing their claim for benefits not occurred. answer: (a) antedate
- A6 The Peer to Patent project allows people to alert the US Patent Office when material is found proving an invention is not new this pioneering project aimed at improving the quality of patents must be made <u>compulsory</u> if it is to work, according to the project's manager; currently the project is only voluntary. answer: (d) compulsory
- A7 The higher the loan amount, the bigger the thud if your loan goes belly up, and reducing the <u>loan-to-value</u> ratio is one way lenders cut their risk; to that end, they generally insist on more than the usual 20 percent down on jumbo loans over \$500,000, requiring you to make at least a 25-percent cash down payment. answer: (c) loan-to-value
- A8 If quick growth is necessary, raising money through the sale of stock may provide the best opportunity for fast action; however, wider equity participation implies <u>a dilution</u> of ownership, which may not be acceptable to some business owners.
   answer: (a) a dilution
- A9 The Roanoke Valley ranks consistently lower than the national average, according to the American Chamber of Commerce Researchers Association (ACCRA) Cost of Living <u>Index</u>, which compares groceries, housing, utilities, transportation, health care and miscellaneous goods and services for over 300 urban areas. answer: (a) Index
- A10 The US federal income tax system is a 'pay as you go' system: you're required to pay tax over the course of the year rather than waiting until April 15, and the general rule is that you have to pay <u>estimated</u> tax if your withholding doesn't cover 90% of your tax liability. answer: (b) estimated

- A1 CME created the world's first <u>financial</u> futures contracts by introducing futures on seven foreign currencies in May 1972; the original currency contracts included CME British pounds, CME Canadian dollars, CME Deutsche marks, CME French francs, CME Japanese yen, CME Mexican pesos and CME Swiss francs. answer: (c) financial
- A2 Capital Cost Allowance may be deducted annually in Canada, which is in no way reflective of the expected useful life of the asset, but is an arbitrary determined amount specified in the Income Tax Act; because it is a deduction from income for tax purposes, CCA acts as a tax <u>shield</u> in the year in which it is claimed. answer: (d) shield
- A3 Any purchase where the down payment is less than 20% is considered a high-<u>ratio</u> mortgage, and the mortgage must be insured by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) or Genworth Financial Canada (Genworth).
   answer: (b) ratio
- A4 To vote as a stockholder <u>of</u> record, please click on the vote link above; registered stockholders typically have their shares held in stock certificate form or in book-entry form by IBM's transfer agent, EquiServe Trust Company, N.A. answer: (c) of
- A5 A <u>noncompetitive</u> bid is, for a single-price auction, a bid to purchase a stated par amount of securities at the highest yield or discount rate awarded to competitive bidders; for a multiple-price auction, it is a bid to purchase securities at the weighted average yield or discount rate of awards to competitive bidders. answer: (b) noncompetitive
- A6 As to Type III securities which are currently defined as securities that "a bank may purchase and sell for its own account subject to a 10 percent limitation, but may neither deal in nor underwrite", the proposal merely redefines it as <u>an investment</u> security that does not qualify as a Type I, II, IV or V security. answer: (c) an investment
- A7 A limited <u>discretionary</u> account is an arrangement in which a client has given his/her broker the ability to make certain types of trades without prior consent; such an arrangement is only recommended if the investor has a high degree of trust in the broker's honesty and professional ability.

answer: (b) discretionary

- A8 In managing a large portfolio with options on different underlying contracts, the <u>volatility</u> risk is of great importance; one tool is a Value at Risk framework to measure and manage that risk, i.e. to estimate a measure in money with a given degree of confidence of how much one can lose from one's portfolio over a given time horizon. answer: (d) volatility
- A9 If enough banks and investors become sufficiently reluctant to lend, the '<u>multiplier</u> effect' will go into reverse: total credit will contract, so bank deposits will contract, so the supply of money will contract, all with the same degree of leverage with which they were intially expanded.
  answer: (d) multiplier

A10 Option <u>premiums</u> are determined by open outcry in the trading pits of commodity exchanges such as the Chicago Board of Trade, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, and the Kansas City Board of Trade. answer: (c) premiums

- A1 <u>Payroll</u> clerks screen timecards, compute pay by subtracting allotments from gross earnings, close out files when workers retire, resign, or transfer; and advise employees on income tax withholding and other mandatory deductions; finally, they prepare and mail earnings and tax-withholding statements for employees' use in preparing income tax returns. answer: (d) Payroll
- A2 The Index of <u>Industrial</u> Production is a fixed-weight measure of the physical output of the nation's factories, mines, and utilities; one of the bigger wildcards in this report is utilities, which can be quite volatile due to swings in the weather. answer: (b) Industrial
- A3 Annuity <u>units</u> are the shares you own in variable annuity subaccounts during the period you're receiving income from the annuity; the number is fixed at the time that you buy the income annuity contract, or when you annuitize your deferred variable annuity.

answer: (d) units

- A4 A tax <u>schedule</u> is a 'statement of supplementary details'; more specifically, it is a form on which you provide information and complete calculations, so that you can transcribe the results onto another form.
   answer: (c) schedule
- A5 The SEC scrapped the so-called <u>quiet</u> period rule, allowing companies poised to sell stock or bonds to promote the securities to investors; the Depression-era rule almost derailed Google Inc.'s \$3.47 billion initial public offering in August after Playboy published an interview with the company's founders. answer: (c) quiet
- A6 The NYSE set about clarifying the procedure by which members may acquire securities and pay their employees a commission for reselling them; last week an Exchange committee made ready to listen to the case of any member desiring to engage in the practice politely but correctly called '<u>secondary</u> distribution'. answer: (a) secondary
- A7 The rule is 'one-way': that is, fully <u>diluted</u> earnings per share should exclude those securities whose conversion, exercise, or other contingent issuance would have the effect of increasing the earnings per share amount.
   answer: (a) diluted
- A8 China's central bank Sunday raised the amount banks must set aside in reserves, reducing the money available for lending, in the latest move to rein in the investment boom; the deposit reserve <u>ratio</u> will be raised by 0.5 percentage point to 11 percent starting on May 15, the People's Bank of China said. answer: (d) ratio
- A9 The <u>triangle</u> pattern, also called the 'coil', appears in three varieties, ascending, descending, and symmetrical; converging trendlines of support and resistance give all three patterns their distinctive shape, and this occurs, Kahn explains, because "the trading action gets tighter and tighter until the market breaks out with great force." answer: (b) triangle
- A10 The CFTC's market <u>surveillance</u> program is intended to preserve the economic functions of futures and option markets by identifying situations that could pose a threat of manipulation and initiating preventive actions. answer: (d) surveillance

- A1 On Monday of last week, the Dow Jones Industrial Average hit a record high while declining stocks overwhelmed advancing stocks by a two to one margin; that ominous divergence has never occurred in the past 75 years of market history and as a consequence, we are moving to a full <u>bear</u> market defensive mode. answer: (a) bear
- A2 To ensure that seats on the NYSE are used properly, the preparation and approval of <u>an ABC</u> agreement between the brokerage firm that provides the financing for the seat and the employee of the company who purchases the right to use the seat is vital, and it must be meet the qualifications established by the NYSE. answer: (b) an ABC
- A3 Trading was halted for more than three hours yesterday at five New York futures and options exchanges because of an electrical short in some damaged cables; to combat the problem, officials at the <u>Commodities</u> Exchange Center improvised a temporary solution, and all five exchanges are expected to open as usual on Monday. answer: (b) Commodities
- A4 When a Federal <u>Call</u> occurs traders have a number of days to bring the account balance or margin back to a less leveraged position, or the brokerage will be forced to liquidate positions to an acceptable level. answer: (a) Call
- A5 In the next few days, if these news reports have any credibility, I would think that a counter bid would be coming through, but I do not think the Tatas should be in a hurry to raise their offer until we see any real competition at current valuations, it is fair because without the <u>deal</u> stock, it is worth much less. answer: (a) deal
- A6 Price <u>Value</u> of a Basis Point refers to the change in the price of a bond if the yield changes by 1 basis point (0.01%). answer: (d) Value
- A7 From time to time a small business, especially one performing contracting services, will be asked to <u>bond</u> his work in advance; simply put, this is a third party obligation promising to pay if a vendor does not fulfill its valid obligations under a contract, a financial guarantee that he will honor the business contract. answer: (a) bond
- A judgment in an action to <u>quiet</u> title is binding and conclusive on all persons known or unknown who were parties to the litigation and who have a claim to the property.
   answer: (c) quiet
- A9 At expiry of the contract, the sellers of the future can deliver any bond with this residual maturity at a predetermined price, so only one of the bonds contained in the basket, the <u>cheapest</u>-to-deliver, tends to be chosen. answer: (b) cheapest
- A10 Nonbusiness <u>bad debts</u> must be totally worthless to be deductible, becoming worthless when the surrounding facts and circumstances indicate there is no longer any chance the amount owed will be paid. answer: (b) bad debts

- A1 The UAE has gained much media <u>attention</u> lately as a leading marketing and trans-shipment hub for multinational companies serving the Middle East and North Africa.
   answer: (a) attention
- A2 Overall, nearly US\$72.3bn in goods were imported in 2006, most <u>*flowing*</u> from India, followed by China and Japan.

answer: (b) flowing

- A3 By year's end, the US expects to <u>claim</u> nearly a 20% share of the UAE's import market. answer: (b) claim
- A4 The UAE is a Federal Sovereign State, formed in 1971, consisting of seven <u>emirates</u> Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Ajman, Umm Al Quwain, Fujairah and Ras Al Khaimah and governed by the Supreme Council of the Federation, which is made up of their seven rulers.

answer: (b) emirates

- A5 A contracting *party* to GATT since 1964, the UAE joined the World Trade Organization (WTO) in 1996. answer: (c) party
- A6 The main federal legal instruments on investment in the UAE are the Commercial Companies Law and the Trade Agencies Law and these laws contain *provisions* limiting and regulating the participation of foreign investors in the UAE domestic economy.

answer: (b) provisions

A7 Specifically, the Trade Agencies Law designates that importing and distribution activities are reserved for *exclusive* UAE 'agents'.

answer: (a) exclusive

- A8 However, a significant portion of trade moves through the UAE's free zones (22 in late 2005) where foreign investors can <u>enjoy</u> 100% ownership, operate in a tax-free environment and be exempt from the licensing, agency, and national majority-ownership obligations that apply in the domestic economy. answer: (d) enjoy
- A9 Recently, changes have been made to the <u>scope</u> of the Trade Agency Law and reforms are being actively discussed such as adoption of competition legislation, structural reforms, and further liberalization of the services sector.

answer: (c) scope

A10 The financial sector is developing rapidly, in part through the creation of financial free zones such as the Dubai International Financial Center, a financial free zone regulated by Dubai and <u>home</u> now to more than 100 financial services and associated companies.

answer: (c) home

A1 A supply chain can be defined as a network of autonomous or semiautonomous business entities <u>collectively</u> responsible for procurement, manufacturing and distribution activities associated with one or more families of related products.

answer: (a) collectively

- A2 Different entities in a supply chain operate subject <u>to</u> different sets of constraints and objectives. answer: (c) to
- A3 However, these entities are highly interdependent when it comes to improving performance of the supply chain in terms of objectives such as on-time delivery, quality <u>assurance</u>, and cost minimization.
   answer: (a) assurance
- A4 As a result, performance of any entity in a supply chain depends on the performance of others, and their <u>willingness</u> and ability to coordinate activities within the supply chain.

answer: (c) willingness

A5 A global economy and increase in customer expectations regarding cost and service have influenced manufacturers to <u>strive</u> to improve processes within their supply chains, often referred to as supply chain reengineering (Swaminathan, 1996).

answer: (d) strive

- A6 Supply chain reengineering efforts have the potential to impact performance in a big <u>way</u>. answer: (d) way
- A7 Often they are undertaken with only a *probabilistic* view of the future, and it is essential to perform a detailed risk analysis before adopting a new process.

answer: (d) probabilistic

*A8* In addition, many times these reengineering efforts are made under politically and emotionally <u>*charged*</u> circumstances.

answer: (a) charged

A9 As a result, decision support tools that can analyze various alternatives can be very useful in *impartially* quantifying gains and helping the organization make the right decision (Feigin, An, Connors, & Crawford, 1996).

answer: (a) impartially

A10 Benchmarking solutions provide insights into current trends but are not prescriptive; this leaves simulation as the only <u>viable</u> platform for detailed analysis for alternative solutions.
 answer: (d) viable

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 349 (Answer Keys) Global Information Systems

- A1 An information system can be defined as a set of interrelated components working together to collect, store, <u>retrieve</u>, process, and disseminate information for the purpose of facilitating planning, control, coordination, and decision making in businesses and other organisations (Laudon & Laudon, 1993). answer: (d) retrieve
- A2 Therefore, a global information system is an expansion of an information system that operates across geographical and time <u>boundaries.</u> answer: (b) boundaries

A3 In addition, Palvia et al. have also defined the global information system as "a computerised system which <u>supports</u> the business strategy of a multinational organisation and deals with components of the international market as a single market and not as individual markets" (Palvia et al., 1992).

answer: (c) supports

- A4 In a traditional business information system, the set of interrelated components are usually referred to as hardware, software, data, processes, and people (Shelly, 2001); however, it is necessary to consider a few additional components that are significant to information systems in the global <u>context</u>.
  answer: (a) context
- A5 Functional architecture <u>specifies</u> all business functions covered in a global information system and defines important concepts and relationships among the components (Treese & Stewart, 1998); it is needed to allow flexibility for the development of the system in the future.

answer: (d) specifies

- A6 In a global environment, computer systems no longer consist of a single large computer servicing an organisation's needs; instead, multiple computers are used to manage and process information, and ideally, the various computers should function and be managed as a single system with the processing distributed <u>across</u> the computers. answer: (a) across
- A7 The essential components of network architecture are compatible hardware and software; by <u>analogy</u> with the telephone system for two households to communicate, they must use telephones that operate on the same electrical principles, with the same cabling system (hardware), and speaking the same language (software). answer: (b) analogy
- A8 The design of any network architecture is often based upon the OSI (Open Systems Interconnect) seven-layer network model (Day and Zimmermann, 1983) that was <u>codified</u> by the International Standards Organisation.
  answer: (b) codified
- A9 Groupware technology is technology designed to <u>facilitate</u> the work of groups; this technology can be applied to communicate, cooperate, coordinate, solve problems,compete, or negotiate. answer: (d) facilitate
- A10 Although management seems to be a political perspective, the organisation could be in trouble if there is no proper management scheme that oversees the operation of the GIS; global information system management can be seen as the <u>bridge</u> for closing the gaps between the global information system and the global business strategy. answer: (a) bridge

- A1 The US Nuclear Regulatory Commission must protect classified and sensitive unclassified non-safeguards information (SUNSI) related to U.S. government programs for the physical protection and safeguarding of nuclear materials or facilities to ensure that such information is protected against unauthorized <u>disclosure</u>. answer: (b) disclosure
- A2 The lowest level of classified information is Confidential; the <u>next</u> higher is Secret, and the highest is Top Secret. Confidential and Secret information will also be either NSI or RD and may be marked C-NSI or S-RD, for example. answer: (b) next
- A3 Classified information at the NRC is of two types: National Security Information classified by an Executive Order, whose compromise would cause some degree of <u>damage</u> to national security; and Restricted Data classified by the Atomic Energy Act, whose compromise would assist in the design, manufacture or utilization of nuclear weapons. answer: (c) damage
- A4 Some classified material at NRC and at the facilities it regulates is classified by other government agencies, and the NRC is not <u>empowered</u> to declassify such information without the permission of the originating agency. answer: (b) empowered
- A5 Access to classified information requires a personnel security clearance (NRC 'Q' or 'L') equal to or higher than the level of information and a <u>need</u>-to-know.
   answer: (b) need
- A6 Procedures for obtaining an NRC facility security clearance for <u>entities</u> regulated by the Commission are contained in 10 CFR Part 95; procedures in 10 CFR Part 25 apply to persons who may require access to classified information related to a license or to a certificate, or to an applicant for a license or certificate. answer: (d) entities
- A7 NRC contractors who require access to classified information are subject to security terms and conditions as specified in <u>contractual</u> commitments.
   answer: (b) contractual
- A8 Safeguards Information is a special category of sensitive unclassified information authorized by Section 147 of the Atomic Energy Act to be protected; while SGI is considered to be sensitive unclassified information, its handling and protection more closely <u>resemble</u> the handling of classified Confidential information. answer: (d) resemble
- A9 Sensitive unclassified non-safeguards information (SUNSI) is information that is generally not publicly available and <u>encompasses</u> a wide variety of categories (e.g., personnel privacy, attorney-client privilege, confidential source, etc.) answer: (b) encompasses
- A10 Information about a licensee's physical protection or material control and accounting program for special nuclear material not otherwise <u>designated</u> as Safeguards Information or classified as National Security Information or Restricted Data is required by 10 CFR 2.390 to be protected in the same manner as commercial or financial information. answer: (a) designated

- A1 Last year was a good year for the Turkish economy, which has proven to be resilient against monetary readjustments that in the past would have caused problems; the present government, tied up with the upcoming elections and the EU <u>accession</u> talks, still manages to master inflation rates and maintain economic growth objectives. answer: (b) accession
- A2 Due to ongoing legislative and budgetary efforts, a <u>reassuring</u> International Monetary Fund (IMF) report and a cautious but positive Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) report on corporate governance were obtained, according to Paul Wouters of Bener Law Office. answer: (a) reassuring
- A3 Foreign direct investment is improving and on the local financial markets, several new international <u>players</u> have established themselves (amongst others, Fortis and Dexia); these firms import the required energy, knowledge and expertise, new types of financial instruments and will enhance competition and innovation. answer: (d) players
- A4 Such <u>incentives</u> are much needed by the comparatively inexperienced local financial markets (both conventional and Islamic) that — sometimes also hindered by reluctant regulatory bodies — struggle to innovate. answer: (a) incentives
- A5 Dubai Islamic Bank encountered a <u>setback</u> in trying to acquire MNG Bank (transaction value estimated at US\$160m), but Kuwait-based The International Investor (TII) succeeded in taking over Adabank (formerly owned by the UZAN group) for a total of TL45.1m (US\$32m).

answer: (d) setback

- A6 Adabank had been seized by the Banking Supervision and Regulation Agency (BDDK) in July 2003 as part of the Imar Bank investigations and was put up for public <u>tender</u> by the Saving and Deposits Insurance Fund (TMSF).
   answer: (d) tender
- A7 Kuveyt Turk was in the newspapers several times last year with important Murabahah financings; it is rumoured that it will <u>redress</u> its balance sheet and depending on market conditions could be a candidate for an IPO in 2008-2009.
   answer: (c) redress
- A8 In May 2006 Bank Asya conducted probably the most successful IPO in Turkish history: US\$150m raised for 20% of the shares, valuing the bank at US\$800m, with US\$7.5bn offers, making it 50 times <u>oversubscribed</u>.
   answer: (d) oversubscribed
- A9 Aside from these Participation Banks, a growing number of Islamic finance houses now have a <u>presence</u> in Turkey; institutions such as Amlak Finance, Dubai Bank and the National Bank of Kuwait have established representative offices or formed partnerships in order to take an active role in the development of the sector in Turkey. answer: (c) presence
- A10 In December 2006, the Qatar-based Doha Bank joined the league by officially opening an office in Istanbul; this followed the strategic alliance between Dubai Bank and Turkey's Daruma Corporate Finance to co-operate in structuring, executing and distributing <u>Shariah</u> compliant corporate finance and merchant banking services. answer: (d) Shariah

- As of 2006, assets under management of the hedge fund industry totaled US\$1.2 trillion; with this rapid growth in the number and diversity of hedge fund managers, investors must understand the importance of conducting a thorough <u>due</u> diligence assessing the overall merits of a particular manager. answer: (b) due
- A2 Mike Rasmussen of Capricorn explains that previously the major focus has been on only understanding the investment strategy; however, increasing inflows of institutional capital and the growing numbers of well-publicised fraud cases has led to sophisticated investors <u>addressing</u> the operational risk behind their investment.

answer: (a) addressing

- A3 Regulators and investors alike are paying more attention to hedge funds, as this relatively new asset class is growing at a tremendous pace with <u>keen</u> interest from the retail investor to public pension plans.
   answer: (c) keen
- A4 Therefore it is equally important to understand the investment strategy that seeks risk-adjusted returns, as it is to identify the operational risk that negatively <u>exposes</u> your investment. answer: (c) exposes
- A5 With the tremendous scope of differing strategies that are currently available, investors need to understand where possible weaknesses such as weak controls, poor providers and lacking internal information may lie: each one of these factors if they are not monitored or resolved can result in a <u>drag</u> on performance. answer: (a) drag
- A6 When making an investment decision, you should be well informed on the quality of the hedge fund manager and take <u>comfort</u> that sufficient attention has been given to operational as well as investment issues. answer: (a) comfort
- A7 It is important that a hedge fund has a chief operations officer whose dedicated function is to address all operational issues of the hedge fund. the primary reason for this is that the trading manager should be responsible for producing <u>alpha</u>, not the day-to-day running of the business. answer: (a) alpha
- A8 It is essential to understand how a hedge fund has established the internal controls that regulate trading; hedge funds with prime brokers, for example, understand the efficiency of 'best <u>execution</u>' practice with straight through processing capabilities to limit manual interaction.

answer: (c) execution

A9 Additionally, there needs to be a clear <u>segregation</u> between those responsible for trading and trade reporting, to limit the possibility of trade discrepancies.

answer: (d) segregation

A10 With the expanding number of hedge funds and financial opportunities available to investors, understanding the operational risk of any investment must be examined; however, <u>bear</u> in mind that from a universe of 9,000 hedge funds, the top 100 account for nearly two thirds of the entire industry's US\$1.2 trillion in assets. answer: (a) bear

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 353 (Answer Keys) *Traffic Estimation and Prediction Systems*

- A1 Intelligent transportation could be seen as a high-tech search for the road less <u>traveled</u>. answer: (c) traveled
- A2 It <u>strives</u> for improved traffic flow to ensure safer, quicker, less expensive, and more energy-efficient travel. answer: (d) strives
- A3 Many intelligent transportation systems (ITS) are being designed to better manage traffic on frequently used roads to reduce <u>congestion</u> and achieve these goals.
   answer: (a) congestion
- A4 Inside cars, navigational systems with display panels are intended to guide drivers around <u>heavy</u> traffic and help them avoid accidents.

answer: (b) heavy

A5 Traffic management technologies are designed to communicate with drivers on busy interstate highways through navigational systems and <u>variable</u> message signs.

answer: (a) variable

A6 The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) <u>initiated</u> a Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) research project to develop advanced software tools that will be used to address complex traffic control and management issues in the information-based, dynamic ITS environment.

answer: (a) initiated

A7 Under the DTA project, ORNL's Energy Division, along with researchers at both the University of Texas at Austin and MIT, are developing real-time Traffic Estimation and Prediction System (TrEPS) software tools; the goal is to help traffic management centers (TMCs) anticipate and *avert* traffic problems.

answer: (a) avert

A8 TrEPS uses traffic surveillance data in <u>conjunction</u> with advanced traffic models to estimate and predict traffic network conditions and to generate guidance for travelers.

answer: (b) conjunction

A9 "The typical operations of traffic management centers tend to be relatively reactive in <u>nature</u>," says Bill Kn, ORNL program manager for intelligent transportation systems at the National Transportation Research Center (NTRC).

answer: (c) nature

A10 "Using real-time traffic data from road sensors monitoring the number of cars and their speed, TrEPS predicts traffic conditions in the near future; thus, it could help TMCs become more proactive by alerting them to control measures that *lead* to poor traffic flow."

answer: (c) lead

A1 Technology has given us constant, real-time access to vast amounts of data; it has <u>powered</u> the capital markets to extraordinary heights (and depths) and made ordinary products, such as phones, cameras, televisions and computers, do extraordinary things.

answer: (a) powered

A2 Yet, warns Bruce Lynn of The Financial Executives Consulting Group, there is a darker, riskier side to technology: did it contribute to the dotcom <u>debacle?</u>

answer: (a) debacle

A3 And what about its role in the ongoing <u>meltdown</u> of the mortgage-backed securities markets now (2007) affecting the US, Germany and France?

answer: (c) meltdown

A4 Treasury professionals spend many hours making cash, debt or investing decisions by setting various control limits and using the latest <u>tenets</u> of portfolio management.

answer: (d) tenets

A5 It is possible that treasury's ability to perform these tasks in the future is being *jeopardised* by the very tool being used to reach those decisions, namely technology.

answer: (b) jeopardised

A6 Does the use of more technology '<u>black</u> boxes' simply shift risk from one area (market or credit risk) to another (operations) because some systems do not play well with others or because IT resources to fix these issues become available only after a problem is discovered?

answer: (a) black

A7 Are the tools we use (i.e. technology) really to blame or does the fault lie with the tool's operator because what is being produced does not address the issue <u>at</u> hand?

answer: (a) at

- A8 The various systems vendors would have you believe that more technology is better; every treasurer is promised that s/he will be able to call up large amounts of data from the company's servers or data warehouses, analyse it, and then distribute reports via email around the world before anyone's <u>coffee</u> becomes cold. answer: (b) coffee
- A9 What appears to be forgotten in the pursuit of technology is the issue of the '<u>weakest</u> link': not all systems will be up to date all of the time, they speak different 'languages', and they may be missing data and/or contain errors. answer: (d) weakest
- A10 In this age of web-based, real-time information, the combination of new systems with old can create unacceptable levels of operating risk, especially for senior managers responsible for certifying that their company has well-established financial controls, that they have examined them and that they <u>work</u>. answer: (d) work

A1 The average volume in FX markets is around US\$2 trillion, which poses <u>a formidible</u> challenge to developing and maintaining robust cross border currency settlement process; a robust cross-currency settlement process is therefore a need of the day.

answer: (b) a formidible

A2 The Group of 10 (G-10) have identified issues in the riskless settlement of cross-border and multi-currency FX transactions, and thanks to their efforts, efficient settlement systems have since evolved that today try to address specific FX risks by incorporating risk <u>mitigation</u> processes.

answer: (d) mitigation

- A3 These provide a <u>comfort</u> level to the participants in global FX markets, according to K. Shivram and G. Ramaswamy of Cognizant Technology Solutions.
   answer: (b) comfort
- A4 FX trading and settlement poses many forms of risk, but it is the settlement risk that most needs to be addressed: the dollars involved in settlement risk are huge, a large bank having almost three times the <u>exposure</u> to settlement risk that it has to credit risk.

answer: (d) exposure

A5 FX settlement risk clearly has a credit risk <u>dimension</u>: whenever a party cannot make its payment of the currency it sold conditional upon its final receipt of the currency it bought, it faces the possibility of losing the full principal value involved in the transaction.

answer: (a) dimension

- A6 FX settlement risk also includes a liquidity risk: if a party does not receive the currency it purchased when it is due, it would need to cover and finance this shortfall until its counterparty <u>honored</u> its obligation.
   answer: (b) honored
- A7 The FX market is also unique in comparison to other financial markets in <u>that</u> it is a 24-hour market. answer: (d) that
- A8 The final settlement of a currency is <u>effected</u> in the financial centre of that currency's home country; for instance the final settlement of the US dollars happens in New York as the final settlement of pounds sterling happens in London.

answer: (c) effected

A9 Differing time zones, market open and close timings, and settlement deadlines in various geographies <u>emanate</u> another risk called the Herstatt risk.

answer: (b) emanate

A10 Due to time zone differences, several hours can <u>elapse</u> between a payment being made in one currency and the offsetting payment being made in another currency, and between these times, a counterparty may have paid in funds, before it receives funds the counterparty defaults.

answer: (a) elapse

- A1 According to Richard Keys of PwC, the second wave of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) has two <u>facets.</u>
   answer: (b) facets
- A2 The first is the new troop of countries that are adopting these international accounting standards, following in the <u>footsteps</u> of Europe and Australia in 2005.

answer: (c) footsteps

- A3 The second is the new and revised collection of standards that will be *implemented* in 2009. answer: (b) implemented
- A4 IFRS has already become the <u>de facto</u> international language of accounting. answer: (a) de facto
- A5 International Financial Reporting Standards are already the basis for accounting in over 100 countries worldwide and the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) <u>anticipates</u> this total will increase to 150 by 2011.

answer: (a) anticipates

- A6 Relatively recently, we have heard announcements that countries such as Canada, Korea, Japan and India will adopt full IFRS by 2011; China too is <u>riding</u> the IFRS wave and is committed to convergence with IFRS. answer: (c) riding
- A7 The Ministry of Finance has undertaken an extensive project along this road, <u>culminating</u> in the adoption of new Chinese accounting standards that bring about substantial convergence with IFRS, and further work on full convergence continues.

answer: (d) culminating

A8 These moves have *exerted* significant pressure for change on the US market.

answer: (b) exerted

A9 Within the last few months, the SEC has been consulting about removing the requirement for foreign entities listed in the US to <u>reconcile</u> their IFRS accounts to US GAAP; by 2009 and possibly earlier, most expect full IFRS to be acceptable in the US without the need for this costly process.

answer: (d) reconcile

A10 The SEC has also sought views on whether to give US companies the option of using IFRS instead of US GAAP, and it is probably only a <u>matter</u> of time until this idea becomes a reality.

answer: (c) matter

- A1 <u>Bonus</u> shares are issued to the existing shareholders by converting free reserves or share premium account to equity capital without taking any consideration from investors; as a result, liquidity in the stock increases, and Effective Earnings per share, Book Value and other per share values stand reduced. answer: (b) Bonus
- A2 The Times has learnt that NTL, the US-listed \$5.64 billion cable operator, has held talks with City financiers; it has been persuaded by UK bankers of the benefits of a <u>secondary</u> listing on the London exchange after its expected merger with Telewest.

answer: (a) secondary

- A3 First take the ending balance on your bank statement, then enter all of your outstanding checks and deposits; if your register matches the calculated amount, your <u>checkbook</u> is balanced.
   answer: (b) checkbook
- A4 In any period, cash used in financing activities related to common stock repurchased may differ from the comparable change in stockholders' <u>equity</u>, reflecting timing differences between the recognition of share repurchase transactions and their settlement for cash.

answer: (b) equity

- A5 We will automatically increase the face amount of insurance under this policy from time to time to reflect increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI); we will not require evidence of the insured person's insurability for these increases, but the increases will be subject to the terms of this cost-of-living <u>rider</u>. answer: (c) rider
- A6 Supposedly, top-bracket tax breaks will result in more jobs being created, higher wages for the average worker, and an overall upturn in our economy this is at the heart of the infamous <u>trickle</u>-down theory.
   answer: (d) trickle
- When <u>a dealer</u> bank purchases Treasury securities in a quarterly Treasury bond auction, it acts as underwriter and distributor;
   the securities are held in the bank's trading account assets portfolio, and often resold to other banks, and to private investors.
   answer: (b) a dealer
- A8 On the surface, <u>ethical</u> investing seems a no-brainer for anyone with a modicum of social conscience: "We won't invest in companies that sell tobacco products, or firms that use nuclear power," explains David Shuttleworth, vice president of marketing and sales for Canada's largest family of 'green' mutual funds. answer: (b) ethical
- A9 A business can realize a financial <u>leverage</u> gain by making more EBIT (earnings before interest and income tax) on the amount borrowed than the interest on the debt.
   answer: (c) leverage
- A10 Some managers of big portfolios, having sold their losers and taken profits in a few winners, are busy rotating into sectors that they think will star next year but are any of these stocks attractive to individual investors who care only about profits and not dressing <u>up</u> a portfolio to impress a client? answer: (c) up

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 358 (Answer Keys) Orderly Market Development

A1 There can be no assurance as to the prices at which our common stock will trade, if any trading market develops at all; until an orderly market develops in our stock, the price at which such trades may fluctuate significantly and may be lower or higher than the price that would be expected for a fully <u>distributed</u> issue. answer: (b) distributed

A2 Most states and many local governments offer industrial <u>revenue</u> bonds as a way to encourage relocations and expansions of companies that provide good jobs and expand economic opportunities for residents and the community; an IRB is a loan to a company to build or buy a facility or buy land and/or equipment. answer: (d) revenue

A3 When a local or state government has a need for financial support between today and the issuing of a long term bond, the <u>anticipation</u> note helps to fill in the gap; essentially, it is a short term bond that is designed to provide recognition of some sort of debt obligation currently coming due.

answer: (a) anticipation

- A4 The incremental performance gains now achieved by regularly doubling the number of transistors on a chip, such as a desktop microprocessor, aren't as significant as they used to be: this is the law of <u>diminishing</u> marginal returns, an economic law that states the marginal return on a unit of input decreases as more inputs are added. answer: (c) diminishing
- A5 Using market data from 1934 to 1972 and analyzing returns at various levels of predictive ability, results show that to perform better than simply remaining fully invested in stocks, one must be able to predict the market with at least 83% accuracy, an ability extremely difficult for even the best market <u>timer</u> to sustain. answer: (c) timer
- A6 The LSE launched techMARK, an attempt to lure <u>high-tech</u> startups to list their shares in the UK rather in the US's Nasdaq or Germany's Neuer Markt; participants aren't limited to online companies, but originate from such sectors as biotechnology and semiconductors as well as software, Internet and fibre-optics.

answer: (a) high-tech

- A7 The loan should be reclassified from an account receivable to a note receivable in PGE's books, and if payment of the loan does not appear probable within a year, the loan should be reclassified as <u>a noncurrent</u> asset in FERC Account 123, Investment in associated companies. answer: (d) a noncurrent
- A8 <u>Book</u> inventory is shown on the financial records and is computed from the initial inventory plus purchases less requisitions or withdrawals; it typically differs from the physical inventory on hand due to shrinkage (loss caused by such factors as evaporation and thefts). answer: (b) Book
- A9 The Accelerated Cost <u>Recovery</u> System as a method of asset depreciation was unique in three ways: property class lives were established, calculations were based on an estimated salvage value of zero, and shorter recovery periods were used, resulting in an accelerated write off of capital costs.
  answer: (b) Recovery
- A10 Do you balance your checkbook each month? banks CAN make mistakes, but even more likely is that you'll make a math error in your checkbook <u>register</u>.
   answer: (b) register

- A1 Initial public offerings (IPOs) are primary <u>distributions</u> by companies that were not publicly traded prior to the offering.
   answer: (d) distributions
- A2 The dollar amount of a depository institution's reserve <u>requirement</u> is determined by applying the reserve ratios specified in the Federal Reserve Board's Regulation D to an institution's reservable liabilities. answer: (d) requirement
- A3 In order to create a <u>candlestick</u> chart, you must have a data set that contains open, high, low and close values for each time period you want to display; the hollow or filled portion is called the 'body', while the long thin lines above and below the body represent the high/low range and are called 'shadows' (or 'wicks' and 'tails'). answer: (a) candlestick
- A4 Workers in <u>single</u>-employer plans who switch employers end up with smaller retirement checks because their pension from the first employer is frozen and they must start over earning retirement benefits.
   answer: (c) single
- A5 <u>Condemnation</u> is the process of taking private property for public use through the power of eminent domain; when private property is taken by the government, the owner is entitled to receive just compensation. answer: (b) Condemnation
- A6 A tax <u>swap</u> is an investment strategy designed to allow you to take a tax loss in your portfolio while at the same time adjusting factors such as credit quality, maturity, etc. to better meet your current needs and the outlook of the market. answer: (c) swap
- A7 A transaction is <u>dilutive</u> if it increases the number of shares outstanding for a corporation, and for this reason, a transaction is also said to be so if it reduces earnings per share, since the denominator of this ratio is the number of shares outstanding.

answer: (a) dilutive

- A8 Even though the mutual fund investor is not legally bound, <u>a voluntary</u> accumulation plan may have some requirements, such as a minimum number of purchases per year or a minimum annual investment amount; the investor should be aware of this, and decide whether an open account might be more suitable. answer: (d) a voluntary
- A9 Investors must ask, "What am I paying for and what should I expect in return as a Genentech shareholder?"; I believe that most prudent long-term investors will conclude that they're paying for a great company, but one that's so <u>fully</u> valued it won't deliver the kind of returns that will make its considerable risks worthwhile. answer: (b) fully
- A10 MidAmerica <u>Commodity</u> Exchange, founded in 1868, is the fourth-largest in the US, providing futures contracts, mostly in agricultural products such as pigs, oats and soya beans, and also in precious metals and some financial products.

answer: (a) Commodity

- A1 Most of the federal <u>debt</u> is owed to Americans, and virtually all of it is in dollars, which means that it can be paid off or bought back by the simple device of printing money or, in more sophisticated fashion, open-market operations of the Federal Reserve. answer: (b) debt
- A2 While discussing President Ford's WIN (Whip Inflation Now) proposal for tax increases, I supposedly grabbed my napkin and a pen and sketched a curve on the napkin illustrating the trade-off between tax rates and tax revenues, so Jude Wanniski named the trade-off 'The <u>Laffer</u> Curve'.

answer: (c) Laffer

- A3 CSC, Inc is the 23rd company currently authorized to act as a counterparty to the FRBNY in its open market operations; "Becoming <u>a primary</u> dealer for the Federal Reserve is a complementary extension of Countrywide's emergence as a provider of diverse financial services," said Ron Kripalani, President. answer: (c) a primary
- A4 The <u>Standard</u> Industrial Classification has been replaced by the new NAICS, but several data sets are still available with SIC-based data; both SIC and NAICS classify establishments by their primary type of activity. answer: (b) Standard
- A5 In securities markets, <u>an active</u> account with a broker shows frequent purchases and sales; such accounts generate commissions (which are charged on purchases as well as sales), and thus they are usually given preferential treatment in differentials on rate of interest charged, for example, on debit balances.
  answer: (a) an active
- A6 Since the *investment* value of a convertible bond (the value of the bond without the conversion feature) is embedded and is a component of the total market value of the convertible, changes in fixed income determinants may not directly affect its market price.

answer: (b) investment

- A7 If a business determines that, on the average, 3% of its accounts receivable becomes worthless during the taxable year, the business may deduct 3% and add this amount to its bad debt <u>reserve</u>; however, the Tax Reform Act of 1986 repealed this method for all businesses except certain financial and thrift institutions. answer: (d) reserve
- A8 If you're in today's 28% or 31% tax brackets, a <u>muni</u> fund will let you keep more income than a comparable taxable investment, and if you live in a high-tax locale like California, a single-state fund that holds only bonds issued in your state may be an even better choice, provided you understand the risks.
  answer: (d) muni
- A9 The <u>capacity</u> utilization rate represents the percentage of the economy's total plant and equipment that is currently in production; usually, a decrease in this percentage signals an economic slowdown, while an increase signals economic expansion. answer: (a) capacity
- A10 The <u>peace</u> dividend is a political slogan popularized by George H.W. Bush and Margaret Thatcher in the early 1990s, purporting to describe the economic benefit of a decrease in defense spending; the term was frequently used at the end of the Cold War, when many Western nations significantly cut military spending. answer: (d) peace

- A1 A <u>condominium</u> is an estate in real property consisting of an undivided interest in common in portions of a parcel of real property together with a separate interest in space in a residential, industrial or commercial building or industrial and commercial building on such real property, such as, but not restricted to, an apartment, office or store. answer: (a) condominium
- A2 The AEA is an international professional association of <u>estimators</u> devoted to assessing the strengths and weaknesses of programs, policies, personnel, products, and organizations to improve their effectiveness; it has approximately 5000 members representing all 50 states in the US as well as over 60 foreign countries. answer: (b) estimators
- A3 Nasdaq is a competing <u>dealer</u> market, different from an auction market in that many market makers use their own capital, research, retail, and/or systems resources to represent a stock and compete with each other to buy and sell that stock; auction markets have only one person, a specialist, in a centralized 'floor'. answer: (a) dealer
- A4 The NSW Partnership Act makes provision for <u>limited</u> partnership structures whereby the liability of a partner contributing capital can be restricted to the amount of financial contribution, provided that the person doesn't take part in the management of the business. answer: (d) limited
- A5 <u>A droplock</u> security is a floating rate note or bond that becomes a fixed income investment when the rate to which it is pegged drops to a specified level; the adjustments to the interest rate are usually made every six months and are tied to a certain money-market index.

answer: (a) A droplock

A6 In addition to protecting debts, insurance is now purchased to provide some income for the surviving family; while this financial <u>needs</u> approach often provides a short-term solution to losing a breadwinner, it seldom replaces all the contributions a breadwinner makes to his or her household.

answer: (b) needs

- A7 Instead of inputting a volatility parameter into an option model (e.g. Black-Scholes) to determine an option's fair value, the calculation can be turned round, where the actual current option <u>price</u> is input and the volatility is output.
   answer: (a) price
- A8 Inflation can result from a decrease in aggregate supply, whose two main sources are an increase in wage rates and an increase in the prices of raw materials; these sources operate by increasing costs, and the resulting inflation is called cost-<u>push</u> inflation. answer: (d) push
- A9 Only if all possible claims are fairly priced will their nature have no impact on firm value; if you know that your stock is being priced at half its fair value by an <u>inefficient</u> market, issuing more of it to new stockholders will not be in the interests of your existing stockholders. answer: (d) inefficient
- A10 The average contributions of highly <u>compensated</u> employees cannot exceed the average contributions of other employees by more than about 2 percent; if the HCEs exceed this threshold, the 401k plan could lose its tax-qualified status and all contributions and earnings would have to be distributed to all plan participants. answer: (b) compensated

A1 The credit crisis of 2007 has market participants worldwide paying more attention than ever to the <u>astute</u> management of their risk exposures.

answer: (b) astute

A2 No investment, trading counterparty or client is completely <u>pristine</u> and free of risk, says Frank Reiss of Euroclear.

answer: (b) pristine

A3 This sentiment has <u>permeated</u> to the short-term cash markets as well, with treasury desks acutely aware that the reluctance of certain banks to lend freely in the inter-bank market is creating caution and apprehension among the most seasoned professionals.

answer: (b) permeated

A4 Risk-taking brings profit, but good risk management allow firms to keep it; for example, the growing over-thecounter (OTC) derivatives market involves lots of risk and provides <u>handsome</u> rewards for those that navigate well.

answer: (c) handsome

A5 The three foremost derivatives classes — interest rate swaps, equity and credit derivatives — have soared to 327 trillion outstanding according to International Swaps and Derivatives Association figures; however, this <u>meteoric</u> growth has not been matched by adequate attention to operational risks.

answer: (b) meteoric

- A6 In fact, the rise in OTC derivatives trading and the lack of post-trade standardisation and automation is a cause for serious concern; today, firms <u>grapple</u> with piles of unprocessed transactions, leading to severe breaks in reconciliation, and problems with collateral and exposure management further downstream. answer: (c) grapple
- A7 Adding to this operational conundrum is the November 2007 Basel II deadline guidelines that set out to <u>segregate</u> operational risk from credit risk.

answer: (d) segregate

A8 As from 1 November, firms will be required by law to have rigorous risk and capital management measures in place, designed to ensure that banks hold capital reserves <u>commensurate</u> to the risk exposures arising from their lending and investment practices.

answer: (a) commensurate

A9 Today's changing market dynamics and the vast sums at <u>stake</u> have rocked the market into greater risk awareness.

answer: (d) stake

A10 And as the market knows only too well, dynamics that are not managed can <u>entail</u> untold financial risks. answer: (d) entail A1 The Information Assurance Advisory Council (IAAC) project team was assigned to enable the research to benefit from consultations with IAAC members and to use IAAC as a <u>dissemination</u> channel for the research results.

answer: (b) dissemination

A2 Amongst both governments and businesses, there is increasing concern that information security <u>breaches</u> and cybercrime will undermine trust in the new economy and threaten the development of the Information Society.

answer: (b) breaches

A3 However, the current information systems security <u>paradigm</u> is a reactive model that involves detection of, and reaction, to attacks once they are underway.

answer: (a) paradigm

A4 There is a <u>pressing</u> end-user need to increase warning time so that organisations can take preventive steps to minimise their losses from cyber-attacks.

answer: (b) pressing

A5 Due to the need to limit the project to observable open source indicators, the project focused upon one portion of the threat spectrum, namely crackers and <u>hacktivists.</u>

answer: (a) hacktivists

A6 The project involved the establishment of a comprehensive <u>regime</u> for monitoring numerous sources of communications about and between threat actors.

answer: (d) regime

A7 By fusing technical indicators with a range of indicators based on attacker motives and intentions, the project was able to categorise threat entities, <u>engage</u> in trend analysis and provide some threat course of action prediction.

answer: (a) engage

- A8 Substantive, positive discoveries were made about the viability of employing early warning methodologies against sub-state cyber-threats but the programme did not attempt to actually predict an *imminent* attack. answer: (a) imminent
- A9 Threat profiling, taking into account motives, intentions, capabilities and behavioural patterns, emerged as one of the most profitable <u>roads</u> in building predictive indicators of sub-state cyber threats.
   answer: (d) roads
- A10 The project proved the concept of building a systematic, repeatable and quality-assured Intelligence Process to collect, <u>collate</u> and analyse open source communications concerning sub-state threat actors. answer: (b) collate

- A1 Over the past two decades, China has embarked on a process of development that has taken it at breathtaking speed from a poor, largely rural economy to a global economic force. answer: (d) breathtaking
- A2 The sheer size of its workforce and the speed of its transformation have posed enormous challenges for many countries around the world, but nowhere more than in its own backyard.

answer: (a) backyard

A3 The challenge is particularly important in Asia because from the point of view of smaller and in some cases more-developed Asian economies, it would be hard not to see China's low-cost labor force and enormous scope for economies of scale as a fearsome competitive threat.

answer: (a) economies

- A4 At the same time, China offers enormous opportunities as both a partner in production and a huge potential market of more than a billion consumers; other Asian economies may try to seek out markets in China, perhaps in upscale consumer goods likely to be of interest to the burgeoning middle class. answer: (b) upscale
- A5 Or other Asian countries may try to 'piggy-back' on China's extraordinary success as a low-cost exporter by integrating production processes through trade fragmentation.

answer: (b) piggy

A6 They will certainly try to avoid direct competition with China, and this could involve looking for niches where China is less active and shifting export-oriented industries in those directions.

answer: (b) niches

It is also noteworthy that the increased reliance on domestic demand in the less-developed countries does not A7 appear to have been reflected in lower rates of GDP growth in these countries.

answer: (b) noteworthy

A8 To the extent that countries are able to use China as a market, China may be becoming an independent engine of growth for the region.

answer: (a) engine

A9 To the extent that China is taking market share from other countries, it is also acting somewhat like a steamroller, forcing countries out of some areas of production; however, in the long run the principle of comparative advantage should dominate, and all countries should benefit.

answer: (d) steamroller

A10 We examined both macroeconomic and microeconomic data to shed some light on this issue. answer: (c) shed

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 365 (Answer Keys) Latin America's Lack of Competitiveness

- A1 After 59 months of uninterrupted expansion, investors in Latin America keep <u>pinching</u> themselves and wondering out loud,
   "When will it end?"
   answer: (b) pinching
- A2 The recent financial market correction felt around the world on the heels of the US sub-prime mortgage crisis brought many a dooms-dayer to the <u>fore</u> with predictions of currency slippage and spiking interest rates, says John Price of InfoAmericas.

answer: (a) fore

A3 But Latin America is far less <u>vulnerable</u> than it used to be to contagion, politically-inspired capital flight, or drastic currency corrections; the region will not fall from one fatal blow, but it does risk death by a thousand cuts if it fails to reform itself into a more competitive economy.

answer: (d) vulnerable

- A4 The reforms of the 1990s have proven their worth in this time of plenty: by shrinking government, professionalizing monetary policy, floating currencies and freeing capital markets, the money entering the region is staying <u>put</u>. answer: (c) put
- A5 Even in today's populist social environment, political leaders have made fiscal discipline and conservative monetary policy <u>hallmarks</u> of their economic strategies.
   answer: (a) hallmarks
- A6 Bolivia's president, Evo Morales, hardly a *captain* of commerce, remarked soon after taking office that "inflation and corruption hurt the poor the most".

answer: (a) captain

- A7 If Latin America is doing so well, why can't it compete? even the region's economic darling, Chile, is dropping like a <u>stone</u> in global competitiveness rankings.
   answer: (d) stone
- A8 Return on investment in a country is driven by productivity, and in Latin America, productivity performance is the <u>pits</u>: from 2003 to 2005, Latin American economies, when measured in dollars, expanded by an astonishing 53% but their productivity over the same three years grew by less than 4%. answer: (d) pits
- A9 Today's winning industries in Latin America, such as mining (which attracted an impressive 23% of global exploration investment in 2006), metals, energy and agrifood, together provide little <u>impetus</u> to government to keep trade open. answer: (a) impetus
- A10 The nail in the <u>coffin</u> for free trade thinking in Latin America could come from a rejection by Washington politicians of proposed trade agreements with Peru, Colombia and Panama.
   answer: (b) coffin

A1 In the 1950s and 1960s, Norwegian spring-spawning herring (Clupea harengus) was a major commercial species, <u>harvested</u> by vessels from Norway, Iceland, Faroe Islands, the former Soviet Union and several European nations.

answer: (c) harvested

A2 However, during this period the stock was subjected to <u>heavy</u> exploitation by several European nations, especially Norway, Iceland and the former Soviet Union, employing new and substantially more effective fishing technology.

answer: (a) heavy

A3 The annual catch peaked at 2 million MT in 1966; by this time, however, the stock was in serious <u>decline</u> and a complete stock collapse occurred by the end of the decade.

answer: (a) decline

A4 Because of the overfishing and poor recruitment, the spawning biomass of the two major herring stocks fell *precipitiously* in 1968 and 1969.

answer: (b) precipitiously

- A5 Finally, with catch levels falling to practically nothing in 1970, a fishing *moratorium* was declared. answer: (c) moratorium
- A6 In its <u>depleted</u> state, the adult population ceased migration and both adults and juveniles remained in Norwegian waters year round; recruitment remained weak throughout the 1970's and it was not until the strong year class of 1983 joined the adult population in 1986 that the stock began to recover.

answer: (a) depleted

- A7 Until recently the situation was quite <u>chaotic</u>: there was no comprehensive regional agreement about the utilisation of the stock, so Norway, Russia, Iceland and Faroe Islands were able to fish at will within their own jurisdictions, and in international waters the stock could be caught legally by any interested fishing nation. answer: (a) chaotic
- A8 In 1995, the Advisory Committee on Fishery Management recommended a total allowable catch (TAC) for the Norwegian spring spawning herring of 513,000 MT, but Norway announced an individual TAC of 650,000 MT; then Iceland and Faroe Islands followed <u>suit</u> and announced their own combined TAC of 250,000 MT. answer: (b) suit
- A9 The European Union did not take part in a TAC commitment and continued fishing at near capacity, but in 1997, the EU became a <u>signatory</u> to an agreement limiting the maximum total catch to 1,498,000 MT. answer: (c) signatory
- A10 The stock of spring-spawning herring showed great <u>robustness</u> and continued to increase. answer: (d) robustness

A1 <u>Single Entry</u> bookkeeping can be used to account for cash and bank based systems and has the advantage of being simple and intuitive to use, but it will not account for non-cash or non-bank transactions, which have a significant effect on accounts but do not immediately cause a change in the cash or bank accounts. answer: (d) Single Entry

A2 The U.S. Virgin Islands has received its second *investment* grade bond rating from Standard & Poor's; the announcement by one of the world's leading rating agencies granting its BBB- rating follows the recent announcement by Moody's to grant the territory its BAA3 rating.

answer: (b) investment

- A market <u>timing</u> strategy increases your potential tax liabilities: if you sell your stocks after two good years in the market, based upon the empirical findings that a bad year is more likely to follow, then you'll have to pay capital gains taxes when you sell your stocks, and over your lifetime as an investor you will pay more in taxes. answer: (b) timing
- A4 The first few personnel added to a project will add a lot to productivity, after which the there is a diminishing <u>return</u> to a point where this is actually negative and growingly negative for each added person due to the communication and coordination overhead. answer: (d) return
- A5 An option pricing <u>curve</u> is a graphical representation of the estimated theoretical value of an option at one point in time, at various prices of the underlying stock.

answer: (a) curve

- A6 American Funds is a <u>family</u> of 30 mutual funds and the American Funds Target Date Retirement Series with a wide range of investment objectives and a unique approach to investment management. answer: (a) family
- A7 The triple <u>bottom</u> pattern is composed of three sharp lows, all at about the same price level: prices fall to a support level, rise, fall to that support level again, rise, and finally fall, returning to the support level for a third time before beginning an upward climb. answer: (b) bottom
- A8 <u>A quitclaim</u> deed is a legal document that helps to transfer your share of interest in the property (house, land, mobile home, etc) to another person; while the interest is transferred, no warranty is made that the grantor actually has ownership rights on the property or that the property is free of debt.

answer: (d) A quitclaim

A9 The major benefit of having <u>limited</u> risk is that it gives you the ability to stick with an option trade no matter how far the market goes against you, or how volatile the market becomes; there is no margin to pay like in futures and you cannot be stopped out of your position on a minor correction.

answer: (b) limited

WebSideStory Investor <u>Relations</u>: Our goal is to present existing and potential investors with an accurate portrayal of the company's performance and prospects; come here to find the latest financial news and information about us, including earnings announcements, webcasts and more.
 answer: (d) Relations

- A1 The national debt can be thought of as the accumulated debt the government owes from all those years of borrowing money to pay off the annual federal <u>deficits.</u>
   answer: (b) deficits
- A2 <u>Secondary</u> market refers to the purchase or sale of securities between the time of their initial issuance and before they mature; many money market instruments are sold and bought several times by different investors before they mature.

answer: (c) Secondary

- A3 There are roughly six main categories of <u>noncurrent</u> liabilities: Long-Term Debt, also known as Funded Debt, Bonds Payable, Obligations Under Capital Lease, Deferred Tax Liability, Pension Liability, and Mortgages Payable.
   answer: (b) noncurrent
- A4 For tax years 2004 and earlier, use the tax <u>tables</u> if your taxable income is less than \$100,000; if \$100,000 or more, use the tax rate schedules.

answer: (d) tables

A5 The literature focuses on Chinese and Japanese exchange rate strategies as the origin of the Asian crisis; McKinnon and Schnabl argue that, from 1995 to 1998, the depreciation of the Japanese yen eroded the international competitiveness of its smaller neighbouring countries, which kept <u>pegging</u> to the dollar.

answer: (c) pegging

- A6 A <u>voluntary</u> contribution is an extra contribution paid in addition to the mandatory contribution a member can pay to the pension fund in order to increase the future pension benefits.
   answer: (d) voluntary
- A7 The <u>AMEX</u> started as an alternative to the NYSE; it originated when brokers began meeting on the curb outside the NYSE in order to trade stocks that failed to meet the Big Board's stringent listing requirements.

answer: (a) AMEX

A8 Congress created the Commodity Futures Trading <u>Commission</u> (CFTC) in 1974 as an independent agency with the mandate to regulate commodity futures and option markets in the United States; the agency's mandate has been renewed and expanded several times since then, most recently by the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000.

answer: (b) Commission

- A9 Stop-and-<u>reverse</u> should be used sparingly, when conditions require it; if your stop loss gets hit, it usually means that the market will go against you for some time before moving back in your direction, so your outlook should be to reinstate your original trade in the original direction, not trade in the opposite direction. answer: (c) reverse
- A10 <u>LIFO</u> assumes that an entity sells, uses or disposes of its newest inventory first; using this method to evaluate and manage inventory can be tax advantageous, but it may also increase tax liability.
   answer: (b) LIFO

A1 <u>Capex</u> is commonly found on the Cash Flow Statement as 'Investment in Plant, Property and Equipment' or something similar in the Investing subsection.

answer: (a) Capex

- A2 While a Private Investment in Public <u>Equity</u> transaction is marketed to a limited number of investors over a short period of time, a traditional public transaction may require a broader marketing process and, in the case of an add-on offering, the filing of a registration statement with the SEC prior to pricing. answer: (d) Equity
- A3 There are two major types of limitations on debt: the first has to do with how long debt problems can show up on your credit reports, and the second is the <u>statute</u> of limitations, which gives creditors a certain time period in most states, three to six years in which to sue you over a debt.
  answer: (c) statute

A CGT asset is <u>an active</u> asset at a time if, at that time: (a) you own the asset and (i) you use it, or hold it ready for use, in the course of carrying on a business; or (ii) it is used, or held ready for use, in the course of carrying on a business by your affiliate, or by another entity that is connected with you.

answer: (a) an active

- A5 Interest dividends paid by a <u>municipal</u> bond fund may be taxable under the federal alternative tax (AMT) system if the bonds held by the fund are issued to cover the costs associated with certain private activity projects, such as housing projects, hospitals, airport expansion projects, or industrial parks. answer: (b) municipal
- A6 The distinction taken in courts of equity is between a title which the court considers to be so clear that it will enforce its acceptance by a purchaser, and one which the court will not go so far as to declare a <u>bad</u> title, but only that it is subject to so much doubt that a purchaser ought not to be compelled to accept it. answer: (a) bad
- A7 If you don't specify an exchange code after entering a stock or index symbol, our database will match the symbol with its <u>primary</u> exchange usually the TSE in Canada or the NYSE or Nasdaq in the United States.
   answer: (c) primary
- A8 The <u>condor</u> takes the body of the butterfly two options at the middle strike and splits it between two middle strikes rather than just one; in this sense, it is basically a butterfly stretched over four strike prices instead of three. answer: (b) condor
- A9 The insurer of a <u>single</u> life annuity calculates its obligation only until the last regular payment preceding the annuitant's death; because the payments expire when you do, selecting this form of annuity is, in a sense, a bet that you expect to live longer than the average person.

answer: (b) single

A10 The husband of televangelist Juanita Bynum denies treating her cruelly and says they have not been continuously separated since June, as her divorce petition alleges; in his <u>counterclaim</u>, Bishop Thomas Weeks also asks for a divorce, but says he and Bynum spent one night together in August that boosted his hopes for reconciliation. answer: (a) counterclaim

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 370 (Answer Keys) Canada Pension Plan

- A1 The Canada Pension Plan death benefit is a one-time, lump-sum payment made to the contributor's estate; if there is no estate, the person responsible for the funeral expenses, the surviving spouse or common-law partner or the next of kin may be eligible, in that order. answer: (a) death
- A2 Municipal bonds are debt securities that states, cities, counties and other governmental entities issue to raise money for such as building schools, highways, hospitals, sewer systems, and other special projects; a primary feature is that the interest is generally exempt from federal income tax.

answer: (b) Municipal

- A3 A line of credit is an arrangement you can make with your financial institution that allows you to borrow money up to a pre-determined limit; as you pay it down, you can draw on it again, back up to the limit you are allowed. answer: (d) line
- A4 Each warrant is exercisable for 1/2 share of common stock at \$0.15 per warrant share, they are only exercisable in even lots (i.e. 2 warrants exercisable at \$0.30 for 1 share of common stock), and are exercisable for a period of three years and expire October 10, 2005. answer: (b) even
- A5 This paper examines the empirical relationship between technology and financial structure: it tests whether real flexibility increases debt capacity by lowering default risk or decreases debt capacity by enabling shareholders to risk-shift through risky production strategies or asset substitution. answer: (d) structure

A6 Primary earnings per share (also called fully diluted EPS) takes into account all shares currently outstanding, plus the number of shares that would be outstanding if all convertible bonds and convertible preferred stock (preference shares) were exchanged for common stock (ordinary shares).

answer: (c) Primary

Α7 In today's Kinder Morgan deal, Goldman has signed something else, something called a 'highly confident letter', which means that Goldman thinks it can most probably find lenders and sell bonds, and will try really hard, but if this proves too difficult, Goldman isn't on the line for the money.

answer: (b) confident

- A8 Included in foreign denominated debt is a dual currency bond issued in yen, totalling 18,635 million yen (1998: 18,635 million yen), and repayable in US dollars totalling \$150 million US (1998: \$150 million US); the bond has been hedged to \$200 million (1998: \$200 million), and matures on February 29,2000. answer: (b) dual
- A9 Notice what happens by adding a little bit of asset B to the portfolio that consists entirely of A: moving up and to the left on the curve, the return increases and the risk decreases; in modern portfolio theory parlance, asset A must be an inefficient portfolio. answer: (d) inefficient
- A10 The important variables on an adjustable rate mortgage are the reset frequency (one year is the most common), the base index (typically Treasury yield that matches the ARM frequency) and spread (typically 250-300 bps) used to calculate the new interest rate, the caps, and the teaser rate (a below-market initial rate). answer: (c) reset

PHOTOCOPIABLE

A1 <u>A market</u> share weighted index is a stock index in which stocks affect the index in proportion to the number of shares outstanding of the constituent companies (i.e. the number of stocks listed) and thus the company with more shares outstanding influences the index more greatly.

answer: (b) A market

A2 '<u>Residential</u> mortgage' means an obligation to pay a sum of money evidenced by a note and secured by a lien upon real property containing two or fewer residential units or on which two or fewer residential units are to be constructed and includes such an obligation on a condominium or cooperative unit. answer: (d) Residential

A3 Any agreement that tends to insure an investor his relative price advantage or percentage ownership is <u>an antidilution</u> provision.

answer: (b) an antidilution

A4 In the late 70s, Wall Street came up with a scheme by which lenders could make one package of many mortgages and sell these packages to investors, who then traded the securities among themselves: thus was born a bubbling <u>secondary</u> mortgage market.

answer: (c) secondary

- A5 A company may not have taxable income, but may show <u>book</u> profit either by adopting the straight-line depreciation method or by not debiting capital expenditure on scientific research and development to its profit and loss (P&L) account. answer: (b) book
- A6 A nondeductible <u>contribution</u> to a traditional individual retirement account (IRA) typically occurs because an individual participates in an employer retirement plan and has modified adjusted gross income above certain levels. answer: (b) contribution
- A7 Flag and <u>Pennant</u>: these two short-term chart patterns are continuation patterns formed when there is a sharp price movement followed by a generally sideways price movement; the pattern is then completed upon another sharp price movement in the same direction as the move that started the trend. answer: (c) Pennant
- A8 Owners of a <u>checking</u> account are ultimately responsible for keeping track of their available funds, even though the bank will routinely issue its own accounting statements; some banks will protect account holders by making the proper payments and notifying the owner that an overdraft has taken place.
  answer: (b) checking
- A9 Nasdaq said today that it had scaled back its proposal to reduce the minimum number of shares that can be traded under the commission's new order-handling rules; its original proposal would have reduced the minimum <u>quote</u> size from 1,000 shares to 100 for all 5,540 stocks to be covered by the new rules. answer: (d) quote
- A10 Options contracts are sold in lots of 1,000 shares and each contract has a specific strike price; BHP has an option <u>series</u> that expires every month whereas a stock such as Rinker Limited (RIN) may only have options every 3 months.
   answer: (b) series

- A1 The Sweden-based Inter IKEA Systems BV (IKEA) is the world's largest furniture retailer that specializes in <u>stylish</u> but inexpensive Scandinavian designed furniture.
   answer: (d) stylish
- A2 In addition to furniture, IKEA also sells <u>utility</u> items such as utensils, hooks, clips, stands, etc.
   answer: (d) utility
- A3 IKEA's founder, Ingvar Kamprad, has built an international furniture chain of 226 stores in Europe, Africa, Asia and the US; it has been successful in almost all countries, because of public <u>awareness</u> of the IKEA brand. answer: (d) awareness
- A4 IKEA is far more than a furniture merchant; it sells a lifestyle that customers around the world embrace as a signal that they've <u>arrived</u>, that they have good taste and recognize value.
   answer: (b) arrived
- A5 The British design magazine Icon said, "If it wasn't for IKEA, most people would have no access to <u>affordable</u> contemporary design."

answer: (a) affordable

- A6 The magazine also voted Kamprad as the most influential <u>tastemaker</u> in the world. answer: (d) tastemaker
- A7 Kamprad established IKEA in 1943 at the age of seventeen; he came <u>up</u> with the name IKEA by combining the first letters of his name (Ingvar Kamprad), followed by the first letters of the farm and village he grew up in (Elmtaryd and Agunnaryd).

answer: (c) up

A8 Kamprad started his business by buying pens, Christmas cards, matches, cigarette lighters, nylon stockings and other items in *bulk*; he sold these items to the residents of Smaland at a reasonable price, but still made healthy profits.

answer: (a) bulk

- A9 To save more money, Kamprad would *piggyback* his packages on the trucks that delivered milk. answer: (b) piggyback
- A10 IKEA soon started making money, and in 1945, Kamprad started promoting business through mail <u>order</u> catalogues, as conducting individual sales calls became impossible. answer: (d) order

- A1 Going global has become the economic <u>aspiration</u> of many organizations, according to Jonathan Elimimian, Department of Business and Economics, Johnson C. Smith University.
   answer: (a) aspiration
- A2 It is important to be aware of the fact that the world is so technologically complex and fast changing that it is difficult to identify the current level of global marketing changes facing <u>transitional</u> economies.
   answer: (d) transitional
- A3 We already know that strategic alliances and <u>affinity</u> with different countries worldwide bring new capabilities, capacities, technologies and new strategic business ideas to these new markets.
   answer: (a) affinity
- A4 Economies that are <u>embracing</u> global societal strategies to enter the world market will need to recognize the importance of other countries' social and cultural complexities.

answer: (b) embracing

A5 The <u>intricacies</u> of globalization and constant competitive shifts have increased the volatility of corporate posture both in domestic and global markets.

answer: (d) intricacies

A6 For now, the playing <u>field</u> is not equal access to global market entry between industrialized nations and emerging economies of the world.

answer: (a) field

A7 Everything in the vast <u>arena</u> of globalization favors the industrialized nations, which are wealthy, technologically advanced, creative and determined to dominate the world market.

answer: (b) arena

- A8 These advanced nations are fully aware of the extra economic and technological power they possess with technologies, information, capabilities, access and knowledge of what the world market is <u>about</u>. answer: (a) about
- A9 Global societal strategy will be <u>imperative</u> to all businesses worldwide as the world market is becoming closer due to advanced technological infrastructures.

answer: (a) imperative

A10 Most evolving economies will definitely find it difficult to <u>penetrate</u> a global market already dominated by the industrialized nations.

answer: (c) penetrate

# Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 374 (Answer Keys) Cash as a Strategic Asset

- A1 According to Thomas Schickler of JPMorgan Chase Treasury Services, cash, having reached unprecedented levels on the balance sheets of companies around the world and still growing, has been cast in a new <u>light.</u>
   answer: (b) light
- A2 Once considered simply a consequence of business activities, cash has evolved into a strategic asset, valued as a hedge against market volatility and amassed to stay <u>nimble</u> in a world of business opportunities.
   answer: (c) nimble
- A3 This <u>sea</u> change in how cash assets are viewed and treated has implications for corporate treasurers, who are looking to minimise risks, optimise returns, get the most from their cash portfolios and make the most of their own valuable time. answer: (c) sea
- A4 The historical market perception was that holding cash would <u>erode</u> shareholder value and, therefore, cash should be quickly deployed, but that's not necessarily the case, especially not today.
   answer: (d) erode
- A5 Today, companies are holding more cash than ever before, and this build-up of cash levels can be attributed to a number of factors, ranging from increased sensitivity to overcapacity following the *implosion* of the 'Internet bubble' to geopolitical instability.

answer: (a) implosion

A6 Throughout the recent cycles in monetary policy and capital market conditions, companies have consistently expanded their cash holdings, but economic cycles alone do not explain the continuing cash build-up, which suggests a fundamental shift in how companies view cash: as an asset class in its own <u>right.</u>

answer: (c) right

A7 Recent events in the global capital markets have led to a <u>wholesale</u> reassessment of risk, and emphasised the importance of synchronising the credit and liquidity components embedded in investment alternatives with the needs and risk tolerance of the corporation.

answer: (c) wholesale

- A8 Corporate treasurers are increasingly considering the trade-off between resources <u>expended</u> and basis points gained, incorporating the cost of execution to determine total economic return.
  answer: (b) expended
- A9 To enhance the return on the overall cash portfolio, corporate treasurers see a greater need to break down the portfolio into different types of cash: <u>frictional</u> cash, the least predictable, to meet daily needs; reserve cash, providing a liquidity cushion; and strategic cash, the most predictable, for discretionary use. answer: (d) frictional
- A10 Greater insight into the cash components provides true pricing power, while failure to create sufficient delineation among the components can significantly <u>deteriorate</u> total returns.
   answer: (c) deteriorate

- *A1* "With the credit <u>crunch</u> likely to grow worse before it gets better, what are commercial banks doing in the face of this problem?" asks Kingsley Greenland of DebtX.
   answer: (b) crunch
- A2 Increasingly, the answer is to sell loans in the debt market; powered by electronic trading, the global secondary market is now sufficiently liquid on a day-to-day basis to efficiently dispose of non- or poorlyperforming debt, as well as high-quality loans, as part of normal portfolio rebalancings.

answer: (b) performing

- A3 Loan sales have become a <u>potent</u> weapon because electronic due diligence, trading and closing allow competitive bidding of everything from multi-billion credits to loans or pools of loans as small as US\$1million. answer: (d) potent
- A4 As a result, loan sales are now more attractive than the traditional solution of <u>protracted</u> loan workouts; rather than incur the expense and management distraction of sticking with problem assets, it now makes more sense to sell and put the problems behind.

answer: (d) protracted

A5 The market's liquidity has translated into strong price execution, which makes a loan sale strategy all the more *compelling.* 

answer: (b) compelling

A6 Today, debt can be traded at a fraction of the cost and time compared to the traditional, offline environment because electronic trading has eliminated much of the *friction* in the process.

answer: (a) friction

- A7 The high fixed transaction costs that previously <u>suppressed</u> liquidity have largely gone away. answer: (d) suppressed
- A8 In previous years, <u>due</u> diligence required investors to make onsite visits to search boxes of loan documents, collateral information, appraisals, operating statements, court proceedings or other underwriting documents. answer: (c) due
- A9 If investors decided against making an offer, or another bid was accepted, travel expenses and management time went *unrewarded*.

answer: (d) unrewarded

A10 At electronic trading platforms, investors can now view hundreds or even thousands of pages of loan documents online; <u>reams</u> of documents can be easily searched, and sophisticated financial modeling is built right into the platform.

answer: (a) reams

A1 The modern era of inventory management began in 1913 with the publication of a paper by a Westinghouse engineer, Ford W. Harris, on inventory optimization; over the succeeding decades, dozens of new and more <u>elaborate</u> inventory optimization techniques were invented.

answer: (a) elaborate

- But suddenly the music stopped," exclaims George Brown of Ewe Lamb Technologies: in the early 1980s, Japanese corporations began <u>hollowing</u> out industry after industry in the United States and Europe.
   answer: (b) hollowing
- A3 From analyses of their successes, one factor was obvious Japan <u>employed</u> far less inventory in proportion to sales than was considered 'optimal' and minimization subsequently superseded optimization as the guiding philosophy of inventory management.

answer: (a) employed

- A4 Minimization dogma says that inventory is the corporate equivalent of 'fat' and should therefore be eliminated; treasury, for its part, was more than happy to endorse this fashionably <u>anorexic</u> philosophy.
   answer: (b) anorexic
- A5 After all, through the magic of the liquid asset cycle, reductions in inventory wonderfully reappear as cash in treasury's <u>coffer</u>.

answer: (a) coffer

- A6 Minimization's <u>siren</u> song was that 'a corporation can never be too rich or too lean'. answer: (b) siren
- A7 A second explanation for the minority's inventory-contentment is almost certainly the misuse of 'nave' ratios (a ratio is said to be nave when it is completely <u>divorced</u> from true corporate objectives and performance).
   answer: (d) divorced
- A8 Most common naive ratios are 'inventory-to-sales' and its reciprocal, 'turns', which can provide a comforting but false sense of accomplishment as their numbers 'improve'; the inherent <u>canard</u> of both is the assumption that less inventory is always better than more.

answer: (a) canard

A9 This simply is not true: anyone who experienced the barren shelves of Moscow's Soviet-era department stores, or is told by a *barista* that there are no more coffee-lids, will attest to the obvious fact that inventory shortages are a major source of customer dissatisfaction, lost sales, and lost profit.

answer: (a) barista

A10 The two major failed philosophical opposites, minimization and optimization, happen to nail down the extreme ends of a broad 'feasibility range' for inventory, and by slicing the middle <u>ground</u> into a series of progressive investment options, we can calculate the expected returns, maturities, and risks for each increment. answer: (d) ground

- A1 Whether planning for retirement, making an effort to reduce income taxes or maximizing current income, there are many excellent tax-deferred or tax-deductible investment options to consider; in fact, there are many tax-<u>advantaged</u> accounts from which your investment representative can choose, based on your goals. answer: (a) advantaged
- A2 Making a payment with a check and then changing your mind can be an expensive proposition: putting a stop-payment <u>order</u> on that check will cost anywhere from \$18 to \$32 at the 10 largest banks surveyed by Bankrate.com. answer: (c) order
- A3 In the case of <u>a voluntary</u> liquidation by companies themselves, the companies are solvent and are terminated (and consequently liquidated prior to their dissolution) due to the companies wanting to discontinue operations, for whatever reason.
  answer: (d) a voluntary
- A4 Issues involving salvage value and useful life continued to arise, so Congress enacted IRC 168 in 1981; the <u>Accelerated</u> Cost Recovery System was intended to provide a less complicated method for computing depreciation by eliminating salvage value and specifying recovery periods for various asset classes. answer: (b) Accelerated
- A5 For sophisticated investors, our firm, also registered as a <u>Commodity</u> Trading Advisor (CTA), offers a wide variety of investment and trading solutions to suit various portfolios and investment strategies in asset management using commodities, futures and options.

answer: (c) Commodity

A6 NetBank, the online bank with \$2.5 billion in assets, has been shut down after investments in risky mortgages defaulted at an alarming rate; customers with \$100,000 or less with the bank will be made whole by <u>FDIC</u> insurance, and those with more will become creditors in the bank's receivership.

answer: (a) FDIC

- A7 The Power Authority has begun marketing its tax-free bonds for a \$7 billion takeover of LILCO; the investors who stand to gain the most are New York and Puerto Rico residents, for whom the bonds are exempt from local, state and Federal income taxes <u>a</u> <u>triple</u> exemption for New York City residents. answer: (d) a triple
- A8 Most investors are familiar with <u>Level</u> I quotes; these quotes are the ones we're all comfortable with Bid, Ask, Last trade, Volume, and so on.
   answer: (c) Level
- A9 <u>A Stochastic</u> Oscillator is a momentum indicator developed by George Lane that measures the price of a security relative to the high/low range over a set period of time; the indicator oscillates between 0 and 100, with readings below 20 considered oversold and readings above 80 considered overbought. answer: (d) A Stochastic
- A10 After 36 years in the investing business, Roger King has settled on several ways to root out stock bargains, but his favorite among them is to find stocks selling for less than what a buyer of the whole company might pay, the so-called *private* market value approach.

answer: (b) private

A1 A <u>debenture</u> is a long-term debt instrument used by governments and large companies and is usually unsecured, in that there are no liens or pledges on specific assets; the advantage to the issuer is that they leave specific assets burden free, and thereby leave them open for subsequent financing.

answer: (c) debenture

- A2 June 14 Regular Sale: We had a real big run of cows on an <u>active</u> market: overall, the market was steady but uneven on feeding cows; bulls were steady to higher; and heiferettes were strong to higher.
   answer: (a) active
- A3 In Latin America, fiscal policy has not played a relevant <u>countercyclical</u> role: in recession, fiscal policy is typically oriented towards keeping financial solvency under control, while during booms, expenditure tends to expand with the phase.

answer: (b) countercyclical

A4 <u>A primary</u> instrument is an instrument whose value is determined directly by markets: stocks, commodities, currencies and bonds.

answer: (d) A primary

A5 Financial commentators are beginning to see the Fed's emergency rate cut as 'Bernanke's first big mistake' — instead of holding the line against inflation, the Fed is now *bailing* out Wall Street; cutting rates suddenly, the Fed has come to the aid of speculators and the financial industry.

answer: (b) bailing

A6 A <u>single</u> payment loan involves two transactions: the first occurs when a bank makes a loan and the second when the loan is repaid; these loans are often used to meet seasonal financing needs, as when a toy wholesaler who needs to buy inventory will obtain a loan and repay it after the Christmas season.

answer: (d) single

- A7 Interest shall accrue at the rate of nine (9) percent per annum on the paid-in <u>capital</u> account of each Partner, as determined from time to time, and such interest shall be paid by the Partnership semi-annually.
   answer: (a) capital
- A triple <u>net</u> lease is an agreement that lets the tenant shoulder all the costs that are related to paying real estate taxes, maintenance, building insurance, and other kinds of fees such as rent; the tenant is also responsible for shouldering expenses for any repairs that need to done to the property. answer: (b) net
- A9 As its name suggests, <u>a conduit</u> IRA is essentially a medium through which a transfer may be made from one qualified plan to another, and if properly structured, money is rolled over tax-free between plans with a temporary layover here. answer: (a) a conduit
- A10 When your employer sends your pay to your checking or savings account rather than issuing you a paper check, you're participating in <u>direct deposit</u>; these arrive and are made available to you more quickly than paper checks, and can be automatically divided among different accounts based on your direction. answer: (b) direct deposit

A1 After his wife was killed in a traffic accident, David was left to bring up their two-year-old daughter alone; the grieving electrician knew he could never replace 29-year-old Sarah, but he hoped that claiming on their dual life insurance policy would help meet the costs of suddenly becoming a lone parent. answer: (b) dual A2 In 1920, the NYSE established the Stock Clearing Corporation to provide a centralized system to enable the verification of information between brokers in a securities transaction and the subsequent settlement (delivery of certificates in exchange for payment) among members, banks and companies. answer: (a) Clearing AЗ The marketing people claim a range of advantages for funds of funds: less risk than investing in just one or two funds, a diversified portfolio both geographically and among different asset classes without having to buy dozens of funds, and avoiding the headache of constantly monitoring a portfolio. answer: (b) funds A4 The big advantage of historical cost accounting is that it leads to absolute certainty and it fits in perfectly with the cash flow statement and so there is no doubt about balance sheet amounts; whereas the alternatives, where accountants attempt to take inflation into account, can lead to many problems. answer: (b) historical A5 An even spread is a position for which the long position and short position have equal premiums, and therefore the investor neither pays nor receives a premium. answer: (b) spread The fundamentals support \$100 oil because society is happily filling their gas tanks at that price, and the issue isn't geopolitics or speculation, it's A6 pure inelasticity of demand; we have calcified our demand for oil through our massive, and largely not unloadable (due to refinanced mortgages) commitment to suburbia. answer: (a) inelasticity Α7 In order to maintain the status quo, it is necessary to keep tight control on the amount of currency that is made available to the general public; increasing the amount of active money involves the addition of new cash to the economy, not replacing instruments that have been worn down by time and distribution. answer: (a) active The Nikkei 300 is a market value-weighted index of the 300 major issues selected to represent listed stocks on the first section of the Tokyo Stock A8 Exchange; it uses a weighted average based on capitalizations of component firms that contrasts with the widely followed Nikkei Stock Average, which is an average price. answer: (b) market A9 The vertical axis of the linear chart shows an equal distance along the axis for each absolute change in price; a stock that moves from \$20 to \$30 shows the same absolute change as an increase in price from \$50 to \$60, even though the move from \$20 to \$30 represents a 50% advance while the move from \$50 to \$60 represents only a 20% advance. answer: (c) linear The compound annual growth rate of an investment is computed by the formula: (Pv / P0) (1/n)-1, where Pv = Present value, P0 = Beginning A10 value and n = Number of periods; the result is multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. answer: (b) compound

A1 MagicTicker is a stock <u>quote</u> ticker that looks much like the tickers you see on CNBC; it is fully configurable so you can watch just the stocks you want, and you can also input the number of shares you own for all your stocks and watch your portfolio move in real time.

answer: (b) quote

A2 For instance, say that, as the trading day opens, this Internet stock is at \$400: As long as the lowest price does not fall \$2.00 from its highest price, your order remains active, and if GOOG is able to reach \$404 without falling \$2.00, the new stop price automatically advances to \$402 (\$404 — \$2.00).

answer: (d) stop

A3 Clearly, the terms of the trust made King Jr.'s interest contingent upon whether the trustee chose to make payments to him from the trust income; in other words, unlike <u>a nondiscretionary</u> trust, on the terms of the trust alone, King Jr. had no entitlement to any property of the trust.

answer: (c) a nondiscretionary

A4 It is not so long ago that companies would put their <u>pension</u> funds in government bonds or life insurance company annuities; as inflation rose in the 1960s and 1970s, companies found that rising salaries and low fixed-income returns made their retirement plans very expensive.

answer: (d) pension

- A5 If the exercise price of a warrant or option is higher than the average price of the common shares during the accounting period, the exercise of the warrant or option will be <u>antidilutive</u>. answer: (b) antidilutive
- A6 CKD Galbraith is one of the leading estate agencies in Scotland specialising in top quality Scottish <u>residential</u> property from castles to cottages and sporting estates to farm land.
  answer: (c) residential
- A7 Burger King Announces <u>Secondary</u> Offering: Burger King Holdings Inc. announced today that the private equity funds controlled by TPG Capital, Bain Capital Partners and the Goldman Sachs Funds intend to initially offer 23 million shares of Burger King common stock in an underwritten offering.

answer: (a) Secondary

A8 The <u>book</u> shares are recorded in the records that are maintained by the agent, so that there is always a permanent record of the value of the shares, and who holds the rights to the shares; however, the actual stock certificates are never printed or forwarded to the investor.

answer: (b) book

- A9 The BU Foundation is a federally-recognized 501(c)(3) non-profit organization, so gifts to the Foundation are therefore tax <u>deductible</u> to the fullest extent of the law.
  answer: (a) deductible
- A10 You cannot use 1040EZ if you claim the child and dependent care <u>credit</u>, it is a percentage, based on your adjusted gross income, of the amount of work-related child and dependent care expenses you paid to a care provider.
   answer: (b) credit

- A1 <u>Voting</u> stock is stock that allows for the right of suffrage with respect to the firm's affairs. answer: (d) Voting
- A2 One approach to accounting for depreciation is to use one of the <u>accelerated</u> methods (including the Sum of the Year's Digits and the Declining Balance), which are more conservative and, in most cases, accurate, assuming as they do that an asset loses a majority of its value in the first several years of use.

answer: (a) accelerated

- A3 Municipal bond <u>insurance</u> protects investors in two ways: occasionally, cities or states that issue debt securities get into financial difficulty and may not be able to pay interest and principal on their debt as scheduled, or rating agencies may lower the ratings on an issuer's securities, causing the market value of its securities to decline. answer: (c) insurance
- A4 Washington, D.C., Sept. 27, 2007 The Securities and Exchange Commission today charged the Federal Home Loan <u>Mortgage</u> Corporation (Freddie Mac) with securities fraud in connection with improper earnings management beginning as early as 1998 and lasting into 2002.

answer: (d) Mortgage

- A5 Using <u>Level</u> II quotes, an average investor can make a very informed decision as to whether to buy or sell based on this sometimes extensive information about who is willing to purchase or unload a particular stock and for how much. answer: (a) Level
- A6 <u>Private</u> Mortgage Insurance (PMI) is extra insurance that lenders require from most home buyers who obtain loans of more than 80% of their new home's value; it protects a lender against loss if a borrower defaults and enables borrowers with less cash to have greater access to home ownership. answer: (b) Private

- A7 <u>Financier</u> is a term for a person who handles large sums of money, usually involving money lending, financing projects, large-scale investing, or large-scale money management; the term has upscale and haughty connotations, and the stereotype portrayed by the term is typically of a wealthy and powerful person. answer: (b) Financier
- A8 The margin maintenance rules require that the investor's <u>equity</u> (the current value of his stock less the value of the margin loan) stay at a certain level; if the maintenance rules require that it remain at 50 percent, and then the stock value falls below 50 percent, the investor would receive a 'margin call' from the brokerage firm. answer: (a) equity
- A9 The balance of <u>payments</u> is an accounting of a country's international transactions over a certain time period; it shows the sum of the transactions (purely financial ones, as well as those involving goods or services) between individuals, businesses, and government agencies in that country and those in the rest of the world. answer: (c) payments
- A10 If you are receiving or making payments for a loan or installment sale, but little or no interest is stated on the contract, the Internal Revenue Service assumes a rate of interest based on the published <u>applicable</u> federal rate.
   answer: (b) applicable

- A1 According to Sanjima DeZoysa, Banking & Technology Editor for gtnews, the financial services industry currently faces an <u>unprecedented</u> amount of regulation that have two distinct objectives.
   answer: (b) unprecedented
- A2 The first is the increasingly <u>stringent</u> compliance environment in which firms must prove they have effective controls and processes in place to ensure accountability and an effective corporate governance model. answer: (d) stringent
- A3 The second objective is the <u>overarching</u> goal of the regulators, particularly in Europe, to encourage greater harmonisation, competition and customer protection within all financial markets. answer: (a) overarching
- A4 This commentary considers some of the most significant regulations affecting the industry and how organisations are currently <u>coping</u> with this.

answer: (b) coping

A5 Most EU regulatory work is based on the Financial Services Action Plan; the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID) is a fundamental <u>pillar</u> of the FSAP and aims at increasing the range of investment activities that can be passported by firms, making it easier to conduct cross-border business.

answer: (b) pillar

A6 One of the main objectives of MiFID is to ensure that all clients have the necessary knowledge and experience to understand the risks involved in a product before investing in it: banks are <u>obliged</u> to ensure that retail clients are informed of potential risks connected with trading financial instruments.

answer: (c) obliged

A7 While the <u>aspirations</u> behind MiFID are justified, there has been criticism about the regulators' expectations of the implementation process.

answer: (b) aspirations

A8 "More <u>account</u> should be taken of the project management disciplines that are needed if legislation is to be implemented properly without giving rise to undue risks that occur if consequential changes are rushed," insists Paul Richards at the International Capital Markets Association.

answer: (a) account

A9 "While MiFID has now come into force, there is still more work to be done in terms of whether firms have dotted the i's and <u>crossed</u> the t's on issues such as documenting procedures and finalising client agreements and consents," says Bernadine Reese, director, financial services group at Protiviti.

answer: (a) crossed

A10 In the UK, further policy documents are expected in 2008 from the country's regulatory body, the Financial Services Authority (FSA), and a key issue *going* forward will be the position of collective investment scheme (CIS) operators in the post-MiFID world.

answer: (b) going

### Business English / Incomplete Sentences / Advanced level # 383 (Answer Keys) Outsourcing in the Banking Sector

- A1 Santosh Patnaik of the United Bank of India reminds us that the idea of outsourcing has its roots in the 'competitive advantage theory' <u>propagated</u> by Adam Smith in his book 'The Wealth of Nations', published in 1776.
   answer: (c) propagated
- A2 A hundred years ago, the automotive industry was so vertically integrated that the largest car companies owned vast <u>tracts</u> of fields on which they grazed their own sheep to produce wool for use in car seats! answer: (d) tracts
- A3 In the 1970s, the industry realised that it simply couldn't be good at everything; it then began to consolidate, converge and sell off those parts of the business that could be better sourced externally, especially where external suppliers could <u>generate</u> greater economies of scale by supplying multiple manufactures.
   answer: (d) generate
- A4 Business process outsourcing involves a third party managing the entire business process, such as accounting, financing, customer support and human resources; BPO is a strategy offering a <u>compelling</u> business value proposition for companies to gain operational efficiency, focus on core expertise, save time and reduce costs.
  answer: (b) compelling
- A5 If one doesn't have the time, money or skill to do the job internally, or if there is a function that is a burden or is <u>detrimentally</u> affecting other parts of the business, outsourcing is worth considering. answer: (b) detrimentally
- A6 When companies first started thinking about outsourcing non-strategic functions, such as payroll, facilities management and logistics, their goal was to reduce costs; today, however, there is a far wider range of reasons why these organisations regularly <u>contemplate</u> outsourcing core operations to third-party specialists. answer: (c) contemplate
- A7 Since the 1990s, banks have been improving their efficiency ratios by acquiring or upgrading technology, cost cutting and consolidation; but now that further improvements are proving <u>elusive</u>, costs have been trimmed to the minimum and consolidation gains have waned, banks are under pressure to improve earnings.
   answer: (c) elusive
- A8 Outsourcing has thus becomes a way of moving banks' <u>scarce</u> resources away from trivial operations to value-added services, such as business strategy and execution, new opportunity identification and pricing, business results and interpretation, and M&A planning.

answer: (d) scarce

- A9 With investor expectations growing day by day, banks are forced to re-examine their core functions; in effect, the distinction between core and non-core is <u>slowly</u> but surely diminishing, thereby increasing the number of functions that could be outsourced. answer: (c) slowly
- A10 Outsourcing can be a huge success story but there are challenges; poorly-planned deals have <u>grave</u> shortcomings companies overestimate the economic benefits, fail to establish the right baseline for price negotiations and performance tracking, or are not prepared to manage the transition and post-deal situation. answer: (c) grave

A1 The Baltic states have enjoyed years of strong and sustained growth that has raised per capita income, hastening <u>convergence</u> with average EU levels; they have been among the four fastest-growing EU countries since 2001, remarks Edward Parker of Fitch Ratings.

answer: (c) convergence

- A2 However, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania are, to varying degrees, facing rising inflation, tightening labour markets, rapid credit growth and substantial current account deficits, indicating that their economies are <u>overheating</u>.
   answer: (b) overheating
- A3 The <u>deterioration</u> in price stability has pushed back the euro adoption timetables for all three countries and Fitch expects inflationary pressures, particularly the requirement to adopt EU excise duties and raise administrative prices, and higher gas import prices, to be sustained in the medium term. answer: (c) deterioration
- A4 Furthermore, the Baltic countries' currency pegs and the inflation differential with the rest of the EU contribute to 'perverse' pro-cyclical low real interest rates (as nominal interest rate par has largely been attained), <u>spurring</u> the economic and asset price boom in these countries.

answer: (d) spurring

A5 Fast-<u>paced</u> growth and labour emigration have driven unemployment rates to multi-year lows, adding to wage pressures: Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania had unemployment rates of 5.6%, 6.9% and 5.9% respectively at end-2006, all below the EU average of 7.9%.

answer: (c) paced

A6 Growth levels far above the EU average have been financed for the <u>most</u> part through the rapid rise of external liabilities, which has fuelled the increase in external imbalances.

answer: (d) most

A7 All three countries' gross external debt levels were above the A-range median in both 2005 and 2006; Latvia's gross external debt <u>burden</u> rose to over 100% in 2006, and the proportion of short-term external liabilities is also considerable, raising near-term financing risks.

answer: (b) burden

- A8 Nevertheless, Fitch believes there are important factors that <u>mitigate</u> the negative pressure that growing external imbalances place on the ratings.
   answer: (d) mitigate
- A9 Crucially, all three Baltic countries have had public external debt levels below 20% of GDP since at least 1993 and all are net public external creditors; low public debt levels, as well as small budget deficits (or a budget surplus in Estonia's case) also allow the Baltic countries scope to <u>cushion</u> any cyclical downturn. answer: (d) cushion
- A10 Comparing the Baltic countries' macroeconomic indicators with those of pre-crisis Asia leads to the consideration of whether they are vulnerable to the type of financial market <u>contagion</u> that contributed to the spread of the crisis in Asia. answer: (a) contagion

A1 With a booming economy and financial reformation underway, Ukraine is an increasingly attractive *proposition* for foreign investors.

answer: (d) proposition

- A2 After parliamentary elections, Yulia Tymoshenko and Yushchenko's political groups are expected to form a coalition in the next government; even after this outcome, it seems likely there will be regular <u>bouts</u> of political uncertainty, but Ukraine is still booming economically, with GDP rising year-on-year by 7.7%. answer: (b) bouts
- A3 Although Ukraine is not a European Union (EU) <u>candidate</u> country, under the leadership of Yushchenko it is looking more towards the EU rather than Russia for its political and macroeconomic model.
   answer: (a) candidate
- A4 The Orange Revolution at the end of 2004 came <u>about</u> as Yanukovych's victory in the presidential election sparked mass protests, resulting in the election re-run that was won by Yushchenko.
   answer: (a) about
- A5 This event <u>elevated</u> Ukraine's global profile and is also seen as the starting point of the real interest shown by foreign investors in the country's financial services sector.

answer: (a) elevated

- A6 The Ukrainian hryvnia is not yet fully <u>convertible</u>, but is expected to be completely deregulated by the end of 2008. answer: (c) convertible
- A7 Domestic and inter-bank payments in Ukraine are made through the real-time settlement system, called the System of Electronic Payments (SEP), which has been in <u>place</u> since the mid 1990s and is owned and operated by Ukraine's central bank, the National Bank of Ukraine.

answer: (b) place

A8 Liquidity management remains a great challenge for banks and corporates in Ukraine: cash concentration structures are not regulated by Ukrainian laws and can be treated as inter-company lending, which is the sole *prerogative* of financial institutions.

answer: (a) prerogative

A9 Presently, foreign banks may operate only representative offices or Ukrainian subsidiaries; this will open up more possibilities for the Ukrainian banks to develop new services and products, and to introduce a new advanced format of payments and cash management systems which are <u>in</u> particularly high demand from multinational clients.

answer: (b) in

A10 Ukraine is currently in the process of <u>acceding</u> to the World Trade Organisation (WTO) and this will also mean increasing standardisation of the financial environment and will result in a more attractive environment for foreign investors.

answer: (a) acceding

- A1 The Act of State Doctrine, a <u>rule</u> of law so old its roots may be traced back to the 17th Century, entered into American jurisprudence in the classic case Underhill v. Hernandez.
   answer: (c) rule
- A2 In an 1892 revolution, General Hernandez <u>expelled</u> the existing Venezuelan government and took control of Ciudad Bolivar, where plaintiff Underhill lived and ran a waterworks system for the city.
   answer: (a) expelled

A3 Underhill, an American citizen, repeatedly <u>applied</u> to Hernandez for an exit passport, but his requests were refused, and Underhill was forced to stay in Bolivar and run the waterworks.

answer: (a) applied

A4 Hernandez finally <u>relented</u> and allowed Underhill to return to the United States where he instituted an action to recover for his detention in Venezuela.

answer: (b) relented

A5 In finding for the defendant, a New York Court determined that Hernandez had acted as a military commander, and through this position he had *imputed* governmental authority.

answer: (d) imputed

A6 The Court reasoned that every sovereign state is bound to respect the independence of every other sovereign state, and the courts of one country will not <u>sit</u> in judgment on the acts of the government of another, done within its own territory.

answer: (c) sit

- A7 In later decisions, the courts <u>expounded</u> on the principals and policies underlying the Act of State Doctrine.
   answer: (c) expounded
- A8 Banco Nacional de Cuba v. Sabbatino stated that although the Doctrine is not implicit in the Constitution, it does have constitutional <u>underpinnings.</u>

answer: (d) underpinnings

A9 The court acknowledged an implied separation of powers in Act of State questions, reasoning that sensitive areas of foreign policy were better <u>left</u> to the executive branch.

answer: (b) left

A10 After Sabbatino, Congress moved swiftly to <u>curtail</u> the act of state doctrine, but the judiciary has undermined the effort by narrowly interpreting the amendment and continuing to apply the doctrine wherever it does not conflict with a constrained reading of the Hickenlooper Amendment. answer: (d) curtail

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- A1 A gain (or loss) in the market price of an investment is called capital <u>appreciation</u> and is one way for investors to profit from an investment in company; the other is through dividend income.
   answer: (d) appreciation
- A2 <u>Single</u> premium life insurance can also benefit the insured or the purchaser during his or her lifetime: the purchaser can surrender the policy for its cash value at any time, and a few policies guarantee the cash value to be no less than the one-time deposit.

answer: (b) Single

A3 Shares were higher in afternoon trade, led by Siemens and BMW, helped by a higher opening to trade across the Atlantic and by investors altering and building their positions on *triple* witching day — the day on which options, index options and future contracts all simultaneously expire.

answer: (c) triple

A4 Section 1.150-1(b) defines the term '<u>conduit</u> borrower' as the obligor on a purpose investment: for example, if an issuer invests proceeds in a purpose investment in the form of a loan, lease, or similar obligation to another entity and the obligor uses the proceeds to carry out the governmental purpose of the issue.

answer: (c) conduit

- A5 There are a number of ways or platforms (referred to as 'levels') that Nasdaq uses to provide share price quotes to the public; the main difference between these levels is the extent of information and access provided to the investing, and only NASD member firms which are market makers have the ability to utilize <u>Level III</u> quotes. answer: (c) Level III
- A6 The Student Loan <u>Marketing</u> Association is a publicly traded company that is the largest provider of educational loans in the U.S.; it was originally formed in 1972 as a government enterprise but as of 2004 is a completely independent publicly traded company.

answer: (c) Marketing

- A7 <u>Debenture</u> stock is a stock issued under an agreement that provides for fixed payments at scheduled intervals; in the case of a company's liquidation, it is treated as an equity; investors will not receive payment until all debt is paid.
   answer: (a) Debenture
- A8 From 1997 to 2004, the Program in <u>Applied</u> Economics aimed to promote research addressing salient real-world economic and social issues.

answer: (b) Applied

- A9 To even <u>up</u> is to close out, liquidate, or cover an open position; it is the elimination or reduction of a current long or short position by making an opposite transaction of the same security.
   answer: (c) up
- A10 If the property is a space rental mobile home park, <u>residential</u> rental property includes the space that is rented by the owner of that space but does not include the mobile home that serves as the actual dwelling if the dwelling is owned and occupied by the tenant and not by the owner of the rental space.
  answer: (d) residential

A1 Hargreaves Lansdown says that thanks to its commission rebating service, you can buy into the 711 most popular funds for nothing and a further 276 with costs of 0.25% or less; it also offers a loyalty discount on the annual management fee, which is available if you invest through its fund <u>supermarket.</u>

answer: (d) supermarket

A2 In an asset-based loan, the lender advances funds based on a percentage of the accounts receivable and inventory; <u>ineligible</u> accounts receivables (past due receivables, inter-company receivables, and other lower quality receivables) are not included in the borrowing base.

answer: (a) ineligible

A3 <u>A liquid</u> market is an efficient market, because the large number of buyers and sellers ensure prices are set at market levels; investors know they are paying or receiving a fair price when they buy or sell shares or any other investments, as prices aren't distorted by a lack of supply or demand.

answer: (a) A liquid

- A4 Global Financial data now offers daily close data for US stocks open a member account today to receive your free daily close data back to 2000, and access <u>historical</u> data back to inception for an additional fee.
   answer: (b) historical
- A5 The <u>counterparty</u> risks from securities trading are either simple credit risks (where the risk is of non-payment) or a combination of credit risk with the risk of a position in a derivative (where the risk is of non-delivery). answer: (d) counterparty
- A6 Municipal investment <u>trusts</u> are entities that hold a stake in numerous municipal bonds and then sell shares to the public that represent an interest in those bonds; when the municipal bonds then pay off interest or mature, they pass the income on to their shareholders.

answer: (d) trusts

- A7 A number of corporations offer commercial paper directly to investors through the Bloomberg Direct <u>Issuer</u> Commercial Paper Auto-Ex offering system; participating corporations allow both dealers and institutional investors to electronically purchase commercial paper with a variety of terms on a fully executable basis. answer: (c) Issuer
- A8 Although option <u>writers</u> are frequently referred to as sellers, because they initially sell the option that they create, thus taking a long position in the option, they are not the only sellers. answer: (d) writers
- A9 Warren Buffett filters the universe in which he manages capital down to the important and knowable; it is on the basis of the enlightenment which his circle of <u>competence</u> conveys upon his cognition that he seeks to make all of his capital management decisions.

answer: (c) competence

A10 Every individual necessarily labours to render the annual revenue of the society as great as he can; he intends only his own security and directs his industry in such a manner as its produce may be of the greatest value, but he is led by an invisible <u>hand</u> to promote an end which was no part of his intention. answer: (a) hand

- A1 The Anglo-American fund management company Invesco has proposed moving its <u>primary</u> listing from London to New York following the recent loss of its foreign private issuer status in the United States.
   answer: (c) primary
- A2 Stocks are tax <u>efficient</u> when you consider that the taxes do not have to be paid until they are sold and you take profits; then you pay short-term capital gains tax if you've held the stock less than a year or long-term capital gains tax if you've held the stock longer, and the difference in these taxes is significant.

answer: (a) efficient

- A3 Generally speaking, the <u>R</u>-Squared of a manager versus a benchmark is a measure of how closely related the variance of the manager returns and the variance of the benchmark returns are. answer: (c) R
- A4 The capital markets continued to be volatile during the quarter, as concerns about sub-prime mortgages, the economy and terrorism ebbed and flowed; by quarter end, bond yields had increased modestly in what can be described as a <u>Bear Steepener</u> (e.g. long rates increased more than shorter rates).

answer: (b) Bear Steepener

A5 Genelabs Technologies Inc said it would raise about \$23.7 million in <u>direct</u> financing; the biopharmaceutical company said several institutional investors agreed to purchase about 12.9 million common shares and warrants to purchase about 2.6 million common shares, for \$1.84 a unit.

answer: (b) direct

A6 <u>Secondary</u> stock is a stock of a company which is inferior to a blue chip in some way, such as by being lower quality, being higher risk or having smaller market capitalization.

answer: (d) Secondary

- A7 Instead of a bid and ask price where there is a definable spread, a <u>choice</u> market is one where all trades, whether buys or sells, go through at the same price.
   answer: (a) choice
- A8 To calculate <u>book value</u> per common share: (share capital of common stock contributed surplus retained earnings) / number of common shares outstanding.

answer: (b) book value

- A9 The controlling shareholder of the company that owns the Chicago Sun-Times offered to give up his control: Conrad Black said he would consider putting into <u>a voting</u> trust his shares of Hollinger Inc, which would put Hollinger in the hands of people independent of Black and not involved in the current litigation against him. answer: (d) a voting
- A10 The benefit of a <u>stop</u>-limit order is that the investor can control the price at which the trade will get executed, but the order may never get filled if the stock's price never reaches the specified limit price; this may happen especially in fast-moving markets where prices fluctuate wildly.

answer: (d) stop

- A1 A borrower is usually required to pay fees to change from a convertible <u>ARM</u> mortgage to a fixed-rate loan, and the conversion can only happen during a specific period of time; it is common to find that this fixed rate is slightly higher than standard fixed rates. answer: (a) ARM
- A2 A book-<u>entry</u> security is one that is not available to purchasers in physical form; such a security may be held either as a computer listing on the records of a central holder (as is the case with certain U.S. Government securities) or in the form of a single, global certificate.

answer: (a) entry

A3 The <u>Federal Housing Administration</u> has helped millions of Americans secure their dream of homeownership since 1934; it provides mortgage insurance on loans made by approved lenders throughout the United States and its territories and is the largest government-backed mortgage insurer.

answer: (c) Federal Housing Administration

- A4 Subject to subsection (2), the duty and authority of the drawee institution to pay a cheque are terminated by (a) <u>countermand</u> of payment, (b) notice of the drawer's mental incapacity to incur liability on a cheque, or (c) notice of the drawer's death. answer: (b) countermand
- A5 According to ERISA, regulatory and case law requires that retirement plan sponsors and their advisors act for the exclusive benefit of participants and with the skill, care and diligence of a prudent <u>expert</u>. answer: (b) expert
- A6 Latin American markets financing on international capital markets boomed in the first quarter of 2000, despite increasing volatility in industrial financial markets; net financing <u>flows</u> picked up in the first quarter of 2000, boosted by improved credit quality, a record of new debt issuance and low amortization payments due. answer: (a) flows
- A7 If you are considered to be <u>an active</u> participant in a company plan, and your income is above certain limits, then you cannot take a tax deduction for your traditional IRA contribution.
   answer: (b) an active
- A8 Your company's stock can list on The NASDAQ Stock Market in addition to being traded on your current exchange; NASDAQ launched the highly successful <u>dual</u> listing program in 2004 to offer companies an opportunity to experience its superior market performance firsthand without disruption.

answer: (b) dual

A9 In his May 2006 speech, David Walton of the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England commented that "the <u>balance</u> of risks has shifted a little too much to the upside on inflation for comfort, and that, I believe, justifies a small tightening in monetary policy".

answer: (a) balance

A10 <u>Accredited</u> Personal Financial Planning Specialists are provided credentials through the Certified Financial Planner Board of Standards; after the examination, the CPA may offer services in personal financial planning, assessing the financial condition of clients and making sure they are utilizing available resources to the best advantage. answer: (a) Accredited A1 <u>A fundamentalist</u> thinks that a corporation's security prices are determined by its future earnings and dividend abilities; besides studying a corporation's financial data, s/he will also examine its industry and how the economy will affect the company's core business.

answer: (b) A fundamentalist

- A2 If you're looking for adventure in the stock market world, a capital <u>appreciation</u> fund may be just the thing for you; these are high-risk and, you hope, high-payoff funds invested in companies that show high growth potential.
   answer: (d) appreciation
- A3 Employees are usually not pleased when their company carries out a pension <u>reversion</u> plan: by replacing the pension plan backed by the company with a fixed annuity backed by an insurance company, pensioners are no longer covered by the guarantee of the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation. answer: (c) reversion
- A4 As to their potential <u>marketability</u>, these two species of clams are perceived as being too different from clams currently available on the market; the low response rates and shellfish dealers' unwillingness to evaluate free samples lead us to conclude that it is unlikely that there will be a widespread, mainstream demand for them.

answer: (c) marketability

- A5 <u>Event</u> risk defies forecasting, though some ambitious minds never stop trying; recall how stunned everyone in the markets was by its ultimate manifestation in modern memory, the terrorist attacks of Sept. 11, 2001, on New York and Washington. answer: (c) Event
- A6 In margin trading, brokerage firms loan capital to traders so they may purchase more than they would otherwise be able to; but should the market turn against the trader, and they find themselves unable to liquidate their position, the trader can be left with a <u>debit</u> balance.

answer: (c) debit

A7 Contributions to a simple IRA are made up of salary reduction contributions and employer contributions; you, as the employer, must make either matching contributions or <u>nonelective</u> contributions, and may choose either method of making employer contributions on a yearly basis.

answer: (d) nonelective

A8 <u>Dual</u> trading is said to occur when an entity sometimes trades as a broker for customers, and at other times trades for its own account; it is quite pervasive throughout the United States securities and futures markets as well as in financial and commodity markets throughout the world.

answer: (b) Dual

- A9 Securities which are nearly risk-free are sometimes referred to as '<u>fine</u> paper'. answer: (b) fine
- A10 Some businesses avoid double taxation by qualifying for the <u>conduit</u> theory the incomes from mutual funds, REITs, and limited partnerships are only taxed once because interest, dividends, capital gains, etc are passed through to you; you pay tax on the income, but the business does not.
  answer: (b) conduit

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A1 There seems to be a <u>mystique</u> that surrounds international accounts, says David Greenberg, Divisional Vice President International Operations Collection Services, ABC-Amega Inc: they're perceived as being difficult to collect and more complicated to handle than domestic claims.

answer: (d) mystique

A2 The fact is that while laws may differ somewhat among countries, for the most part they are similar enough to allow for effective <u>disposition</u>, if you know how to proceed.

answer: (c) disposition

- A3 Since most companies do not have the resources in-house to pursue collection of past due claims outside of their home country, most international claims are <u>placed</u> with commercial collections firms for handling.
   answer: (c) placed
- A4 Because of the <u>unscrupulous</u> collection tactics used in many countries, collection agents are viewed as thugs or gangsters in some areas of the world; as a result, overseas debtors tend to be more wary of 'collectors' and feel obliged to protect themselves from international fraud.

answer: (c) unscrupulous

- A5 They require documentation that will assure them that the person attempting to collect the claim actually represents the creditor, so sending a copy of the placement form to the debtor can literally open <u>doors</u>. answer: (a) doors
- A6 Submit the complete contract to the collection agency together with the terms and conditions; this outlines the legal basis for pursuing the claim and defines the precise entity that contracted <u>with</u> you for the sale; it will also provide valuable information as to the choice of law, forum, or venue for resolving disputes.

answer: (c) with

- A7 A copy of the purchase <u>order</u> provides valuable, specific details of the sale. answer: (c) order
- A8 A clear statement of account, <u>broken</u> into principle and interest, will allow the collection agency to define precisely how you arrived at the figure you've placed for collection.

answer: (a) broken

A9 Invoice copies are a <u>wealth</u> of specific information concerning the sale, containing terms of the sale, to whom the goods were shipped, who was billed for the goods, a description of the goods sold, and the method of transport used.

answer: (d) wealth

A10 A well-<u>crafted</u> credit application will provide valuable information that can assist the collection agency in pursuing payment; in addition to important banking and reference information, it contains terms, conditions, and on occasion, a signed personal guarantee.

answer: (a) crafted

- A1 Treasury departments and banks are facing increasing regulatory requirements to minimise financial crime, but how can they balance compliance with the needs of the business and what tools are <u>at</u> their disposal? answer: (a) at
- A2 Methods of payment and banking are becoming more <u>sophisticated</u>, as seen in the latest automation, electronic peer-to-peer payment networks and methods of identity authentification, among others. answer: (b) sophisticated
- A3 This is a world that is trying to combine the speed of product delivery with security enhancements, so when the regulator imposes tougher standards in the area of financial crime, it is no wonder that some corporates and banks can feel somewhat <u>overwhelmed.</u>

answer: (d) overwhelmed

A4 One of the most basic <u>preventative</u> measures for all organisations is to acknowledge the fact that they are at risk from financial crime — that applies as much to a small local company as it does for a multi-billion dollar multinational, says Ben Poole of gtnews.

answer: (c) preventative

- A5 The risk can sometimes be greater for small and medium enterprises, as they are more likely to operate on very tight margins and will not have a reserve of funds to <u>fall</u> back on if they are affected by fraud. answer: (a) fall
- A6 Smaller companies don't often have a qualified IT administrator, which can leave their network open to attack from <u>malevolent</u> outside influences.
   answer: (d) malevolent
- A7 As Barry Schofield notes: "Companies produce newsletters, policy-meeting minutes and so on, filled with project data, details about people, company status updates and other information; although information on a computer can be extremely important, the same piece of information written on a <u>napkin</u> is just as valuable."
  answer: (b) napkin
- As well as taking control of financial crime issues, companies also face a whole <u>slew</u> of government compliance issues and regulations.

answer: (a) slew

A9 As new and revised regulations are implemented, it is important that organisations of all sizes keep up to date with what is required of them; if they do not, they can expect to be penalised by the regulator, as well as possibly <u>leave</u> themselves open to fraud.

answer: (b) leave

A10 <u>Stung</u> into action by global events such as 9/11, Enron, the dot-com crash and even the current credit crunch, regulators around the world have created a vast amount of legislation that banks and corporates must abide by or face the consequences.

answer: (c) Stung

- A1 Whether it comes from an internal or external source, corporate espionage can hit all corporates hard, especially SMEs where margins are <u>tightest.</u>
   answer: (d) tightest
- A2 Since the primary motivation behind cyber crime switched from <u>mayhem</u> to money, the corporate security stakes have never been higher.

answer: (c) mayhem

A3 The protection of data should never be underestimated, as a recent event involving Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs in the UK highlights, where a CD containing confidential details of millions of people <u>went</u> missing.

answer: (c) went

A4 Most small and medium enterprises don't believe their company will be targeted; if a company is not in the defence industry or the company is relatively small, the thinking is, they aren't at risk, but this <u>all too</u> common attitude can be any small business' weakness.

answer: (a) all too

- A5 The nature of a targeted attack means that it is probably going to be aimed at your weakest spot: for example, a laptop or a worker that secretly uses <u>peer-to-peer</u> file sharing programs to download videos.
   answer: (d) peer-to-peer
- A6 It's a struggle to keep track of the status of each computer, and many smaller companies are trying to use complicated and hugely technical enterprise security products that simply weren't designed with them in mind; consequently, corporate espionage is likely to give them even more of a <u>headache</u> going forward. answer: (a) headache
- A7 While the 'bad guys' might be getting more sophisticated in their attacks, small businesses have typically failed to keep <u>pace</u> with their defences.

answer: (b) pace

- A8 But not all espionage is hi-tech <u>wizardry</u> and gadgetry. answer: (d) wizardry
- A9 Small businesses urgently need to look at ways of closing up potential <u>holes</u> in their network, such as tools that give them the ability to successfully implement safe computing policies, software rollouts and updates, while offering the necessary ease of use and management.

answer: (b) holes

A10 Corporate spies are perfectly happy to get information from the easiest, most overlooked sources, and more often than not, the offender is a <u>disgruntled</u> employee or someone at director level trying to set up as a competitior or give a company's intellectual rights away to a competitor for reward or revenge. answer: (c) disgruntled

- A1 As a result of SEC investigations in the mid-1970's, over 400 U.S. companies admitted making <u>questionable</u> or illegal payments in excess of \$300 million to foreign government officials, politicians, and political parties.
   answer: (a) questionable
- A2 The abuses ran the <u>gamut</u> from bribery of high foreign officials to secure some type of favorable action by a foreign government to so-called facilitating payments that allegedly were made to ensure that government functionaries discharged certain ministerial or clerical duties.

answer: (d) gamut

A3 Congress enacted the FCPA to <u>bring</u> a halt to the bribery of foreign officials and to restore public confidence in the integrity of the American business systemm, and it was intended to have and has had an enormous impact on the way American firms do business.

answer: (a) bring

A4 Several firms that paid bribes to foreign officials have been the subject of criminal and civil enforcement actions, resulting in large fines and suspension and <u>debarment</u> from federal procurement contracting, and their employees and officers have gone to jail.

answer: (b) debarment

A5 Following the passage of the FCPA, the Congress became concerned that American companies were operating at a disadvantage compared to foreign companies who <u>routinely</u> paid bribes and, in some countries, were permitted to deduct the cost of such bribes as business expenses on their taxes.

answer: (b) routinely

A6 Accordingly, in 1997, the United States and thirty-three other countries signed the OECD Convention on <u>Combating</u> Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions.

answer: (a) Combating

A7 The antibribery provisions of the FCPA make it unlawful for a U.S. person, and certain foreign issuers of securities, to make a corrupt payment to a foreign official for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business <u>for or with</u>, or directing business to, any person.

answer: (c) for or with

A8 Since 1998, they also apply to foreign firms and persons who take any act in <u>furtherance</u> of such a corrupt payment while in the United States.

answer: (c) furtherance

- A9 The FCPA also requires companies whose securities are listed in the United States to <u>meet</u> its accounting provisions. answer: (b) meet
- A10 These provisions, designed to operate in <u>tandem</u> with the antibribery provisions of the FCPA, require corporations to make and keep books and records that accurately and fairly reflect the transactions of the corporation and to devise and maintain an adequate system of internal accounting controls.
  answer: (d) tandem

A1 Securities are issued in the <u>primary</u> market by one of the following methods: an offer to the public by an issuer through a prospectus; an offer to specific known persons selected by the sponsors; or an offer in which existing shareholders are offered new securities.

answer: (c) primary

A2 On the other hand, hostile takeovers often result in the management being fired anyway, so the effectiveness of a <u>people</u> pill defense really depends on the situation.

answer: (b) people

- A3 At any given time, a minimum of four different expiration months are available for every <u>optionable</u> stock. answer: (c) optionable
- A4 <u>Nonforfeitable</u> benefits cannot be lost by a participant even if the participant terminates service with the employer before qualifying for full retirement benefits; these benefits are determined by applying the years of credited service to the vesting schedule used by the retirement plan.

answer: (b) Nonforfeitable

- A5 A municipal <u>note</u> is a short-term debt instrument, generally with a maturity of less than one year, issued by state or local government, and repayable from the general fund of the issuer or a defined revenue source. answer: (d) note
- A6 A <u>marketable</u> security is a readily tradable equity or debt security with quoted prices, including commercial paper and treasury bills; it is a 'close to cash' asset which is classified as a current asset. answer: (b) marketable
- A7 To be accurate, the term <u>liquidation</u> preference should only pertain to money returned to a particular series of the company's stock ahead of other series of stock.

answer: (d) liquidation

- A8 Most SME businesses looking for venture money aren't going to find big firms interested in what they're doing, and that's where the *invisible* venture capital market becomes critical; this highly elusive source of financing is very unstructured and largely informal, comprising a diverse set of high net worth individuals. answer: (d) invisible
- A9 One objective of <u>inflation</u> accounting is to eliminate the 'money illusion' by reducing the accounts to 'real terms'; the purchasing power or constant dollar method does not meet this general objective.

answer: (c) inflation

A10 It is deemed as significant if a security breaks above the resistance level or below the support level: analysts usually interpret this to mean that the security will reach new highs or lows and thus, its <u>historical</u> trading range expands.

answer: (a) historical

A1 Paula Perttunen had also talked to her boss about the merits of doing <u>a convertible</u> Eurobond issue, which could cost 34 percent below a straight issue; the problem was that Finnish laws limited the amount of a local firm's equity that could be held by foreigners to 20 percent, and Nokia was already approaching that limit. answer: (b) a convertible

A2 All <u>adjustable</u>-rate mortgage programs come with a pre-set margin, and are tied to a major mortgage index such as the Libor, COFI, or MTA; some banks and lenders will allow you to choose an index, while many rely on just one of the major indices for the majority of their products.

answer: (a) adjustable

A3 The debt to the sum of USD 15,000 was caused by the debtor's failure to fulfil the obligations under the independent-work contract dated November, 15, 2005 and the <u>vouchers</u> dated October 21, October 23, November, 11 and November 26, 2005.

answer: (d) vouchers

- A4 "Beware of Triple <u>Witching</u> Hour": what sounds like a line from a cheap horror movie is actually a warning you are likely to hear four times a year when three speculative derivatives all expire on the same Friday. answer: (c) Witching
- A5 For investors looking to minimize their tax bite, there are tax-<u>free</u> bond funds, which invest in municipal bonds (debt offerings from state and local municipalities) whose distributions aren't subject to federal taxes nor taxes in the states and localities that issue the bonds.

answer: (c) free

A6 A stop <u>loss</u> is an order to buy (or sell) a security once the price of the security climbed above (or dropped below) a specified stop price; when the specified stop price is reached, the stop order is entered as a market order (no limit) or a limit order (fixed or pre-determined price).

answer: (c) loss

- A7 Chances are a super <u>sinker</u> bond will be redeemed in its entirety well before the stated maturity date; for instance, if municipal waste comes in slowly 150,000 tons per year the counties will have 30 years to pay off the bonds. answer: (c) sinker
- A8 <u>Sector</u> funds permit investors to concentrate on a specific investment segment and yet diversify their investments among various issuers; they entail more risk but offer greater potential returns than funds that diversify their portfolios. answer: (c) Sector
- A9 A convertible bond is a <u>residual</u> security because conversion of the bond by an investor will result in more shares of common stock outstanding and a reduction in earnings per share.
   answer: (c) residual
- A10 The central idea of the random <u>walk</u> theory is that the market, an aggregate of financial actions by many with their several different purposes and intents, is not inherently knowable; to outperform the market assumes that you understand the market, when actually you are making assumptions. answer: (d) walk

- A1 Almost everything you own and use for personal or investment purposes is a <u>capital</u> asset; examples are your home, household furnishings, and stocks or bonds held in your personal account.
   answer: (a) capital
- A2 The subprime <u>meltdown</u> has been in full swing ever since February 7th 2007, when HSBC (HBC) raised subprime loan loss reserves by 20% and New Century (NEW) announced a net loss for 4Q06 and an accounting probe to determine how big that loss was.

answer: (c) meltdown

- A3 Like many small business owners, you may find that it's too expensive to pay an accountant to do routine <u>bookkeeping</u> chores; someone in your organization must take on the responsibility of keeping an accurate set of financial records.
   answer: (c) bookkeeping
- A4 These are all cases of the movement of goods irrespective of international sales and purchases, though the movements themselves appear in the international records of imports and exports, and therefore it seems to be assumed, though without any warrant, in the international records of the <u>balance</u> of trade. answer: (b) balance
- A5 The value of landscape trees, used for many architectural, engineering, climatic and aesthetic purposes, is normally greater than the dollar value of the marketable wood they contain, and a realistic <u>appraisal</u> of landscape trees is often required to settle legal disputes, damage claims or casualty loss.

answer: (a) appraisal

- A6 While there are a number of markets that are used for trading stocks, the <u>actual</u> market is concerned with buying and selling tangible goods, and may involve such diverse types of products as crude oil and related products, computer supplies such as memory chips, or basic foods such as grains, sugars, or produce. answer: (a) actual
- A7 <u>Subchapter</u> M is that portion of the IRS regulations dealing with the conduit theory, in which investment companies and real estate investment trusts avoid double taxation by passing interest and dividend income and capital gains directly through, without taxation, to shareholders, who are taxed as individuals.

answer: (c) Subchapter

- A8 The <u>Public</u> Securities Association was the trade association for primary dealers in US government securities, including MBSs; in 1997, they became known as the Bond Market Association.
   answer: (c) Public
- A9 Until <u>Limited</u> Liability Companies came on the scene, businesspersons (other than sole proprietors) had a choice of business entity generally only of corporations or partnerships, involving a tradeoff between limitations on the liability of the owners for debts of the business and tax savings through a single tax on income.
  answer: (b) Limited
- A10 Normally, applying for and receiving a Federal <u>ID</u> Number through the mail takes six to eight weeks, but with online application, your information is e-filed instantly with IRS when you complete the online application form; they will save this information and immediately assign the number to your business.
   answer: (a) ID

A1 Money market performance is an annualized historical <u>yield</u> based on the seven-day period ended on said date, annualized in the case of its effective form by compounding the seven-day return, and does not represent actual oneyear return.

answer: (d) yield

A2 <u>Funded</u> debt is all outstanding bonds, debentures, notes and similar debt instruments of a company payable after one year.

answer: (d) Funded

A3 The Glass-Steagall Act created <u>a firewall</u> between commercial banking and investment banking until it was eliminated by the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999.

answer: (a) a firewall

A4 The Nebraska Microenterprise Partnership Fund makes interest-only (or <u>evergreen</u>) loans for lending capital for microlending by micro programs and small community revolving funds; this capital is then loaned to micro businesses.

answer: (b) evergreen

A5 Dual-*purpose* funds have a set expiration date, at which time all preferred shares in the fund are redeemed, giving the common shareholders sole ownership of the fund; the latter then decide whether to liquidate the fund and divide up the proceeds or to convert it to an open-end mutual fund.

answer: (d) purpose

- With <u>a direct</u> lease, you identify the asset (and negotiate the price) and arrange for the leasing company to buy it from the manufacturer (if new) or the previous owner (if used) to rent it to you.
   answer: (a) a direct
- A7 Asked why she doesn't just pay with cash, Yukako says that she prefers the convenience of <u>a debit</u> card: "It's safer than carrying cash, and you don't have a huge bill to pay at the end of the month."
  answer: (b) a debit
- A8 <u>Country</u> risk will be measured by an index of severity consisting of nine composite indicators, armed conflict, governance and political stability, militarization, population heterogeneity, demographic stress, economic performance, human development, environmental stress and international linkages. answer: (a) Country
- A9 The information contained in recorded broadcast of Adobe Systems Incorporated's conference <u>call</u> held on December 14, 2006 at 2 p.m. Pacific Time speaks as of that date; investors should not assume that these comments remain operative at a later time.

answer: (a) call

A10 The securities and futures markets have <u>circuit</u> breakers that provide for brief, coordinated, cross-market trading halts during a severe market decline as measured by a single day decrease in the Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA). answer: (a) circuit

- A1 Commodities like gold, natural gas and similar natural resources are one traditional <u>inflation</u> hedge: demand typically rises for such commodities, raising their prices to the advantage of their investors.
   answer: (c) inflation
- A2 If timberland is destroyed or purloined, or if trees are condemned for public use, the property owner might be entitled to a deduction from his income tax; this kind of loss is termed involuntary <u>conversion</u>.
   answer: (d) conversion
- A3 The <u>liquidation</u> value of a business is equal to the value of its individual assets, assessed as if the entity would cease carrying on business; there are in fact two types, dependent on the time available for the process. answer: (c) liquidation
- A4 NASD Rule 2220 states that members must charge their customers fair prices and commissions, while InterpretiveGuideline 1220 provides a guide to what constitutes a reasonable <u>mark-up</u> in light of this rule.
   answer: (b) mark-up
- A5 The key difference between municipal <u>revenue</u> bonds and general obligation bonds is that the latter are covered by the full faith and credit and taxing ability of the issuer, while the former are repaid from the income of the project they finance, such as a housing project or a hospital.

answer: (d) revenue

A6 Several states have enacted regulations covering power of sale foreclosure in the last few years; however, almost thirty states still have no practical method of <u>nonjudicial</u> foreclosure.

answer: (b) nonjudicial

- A7 Paying <u>an optional</u> dividend can solve this problem: by offering a stock dividend at a slight discount, investors can perhaps be persuaded to opt for payment in new shares, so that cash can then remain with the company. answer: (c) an optional
- A8 If Charles's will indicates that his heirs are to receive their inheritance "<u>per stirpes</u>", his daughter Anne will get half the property and his deceased son Albert's two children will share the other half in equal portions through Albert by right of representation.

answer: (d) per stirpes

A9 Alibris, the complete metrology solution provider and The Netherlands' Entrepreneur of the Year in 2007, announced its IPO on Eurolist by Euronext Amsterdam; 55 million euros of newly issued shares will be in the *primary* offering.

answer: (d) primary

A10 Because of the narrow coverage margins of the City's waterworks revenue bonds, any fluctuations in revenue due to inclement weather, etc, may affect the financial performance of the system and cause a reduction in coverage below the rate *covenant*.

answer: (d) covenant

A1 The <u>residual</u> value is the sum for which the lessee can purchase the vehicle at the end of its lease term, if s/he decides s/he would like to buy it.

answer: (c) residual

- A2 After deciding what percent of the portfolio to devote to a sector <u>rotation</u> strategy, the investor then identifies the business cycle to target, and once this is accomplished, he determines which companies will benefit from it. answer: (c) rotation
- A3 A bond agreement may also include a <u>sinking</u> fund provision requiring a company to repay a specific number of bonds in specific years or to retire a portion of a bond issue each year until it has been fully repaid.
   answer: (d) sinking
- A4 Stock traders will frequently choose the simple buy-low-and-sell-high, range-limited approach, but as we attempt to choose the next major bottom or top, we may experience the frustration of our trade being stopped <u>out</u>, while the market continues to slightly new lows or highs.

answer: (c) out

A5 The manager of <u>a tax-managed</u> fund may intentionally sell some stocks for losses specifically so that these losses can offset future gains or actively sell shares with the highest cost to create as slight a gain as possible — or even a loss.

answer: (d) a tax-managed

A6 In the administration of estates for private individuals, the <u>trust</u> company has mostly replaced personal attorneys, because it has the advantage of corporate responsibility and continuous life, proper offices, burglar-proof safes, and specialized employees in each department.

answer: (d) trust

A7 A wage <u>assignment</u> permits your creditor to require that your employer deduct funds from your pay check in order to pay your debt, and because it is a voluntary deduction to which you must agree, it can be enforced without a court ruling.

answer: (a) assignment

- A8 <u>Adjusted</u> Gross Income equals income from taxable sources less allowable adjustments; it is utilized to determine taxable income by deducting personal exemptions plus either itemized or a standard deduction. answer: (a) Adjusted
- A9 Its Corporate <u>Financing</u> Committee has reviewed all criteria for qualified independent underwriters and recommended certain amendments to the Board of Governors of the NASD, which has approved them. answer: (c) Financing
- A10 Payroll taxes are garnished under the authority of the Federal <u>Insurance</u> Contributions Act; in the first 1935 legislation, the benefit provisions were listed in Title 2 of this law, and that is why Social Security is sometimes called 'the Title 2 program'.

answer: (a) Insurance

- A1 In a limited <u>liability</u> partnership, several individuals or companies share the costs and profits of the business, but their responsibility is restricted to the sum of money they have invested and to any personal guarantees given.
   answer: (c) liability
- A2 The <u>QQQ</u>, also called the 'Cubes', is an exchange-traded fund; it tracks the NASDAQ 100 index, containing the key stocks of the NASDAQ Composite Index quoted each night on the TV news. answer: (c) QQQ
- A3 In a <u>Subchapter</u> S corporation, the net profit or loss is deemed distributed to its shareholders, who must include it in their individual tax returns irrespective of whether they actually receive the cash. answer: (c) Subchapter
- A4 <u>Actuals</u> form a part of trading in the market: such a commodity is traded for either cash or some other commodity, and this transaction includes an exchange between two or more parties as well as delivery of the goods transacted. answer: (a) Actuals
- A5 The firm thinks that the end of the recession is too distant to warrant buying cyclical stocks, so it is buying the <u>secular</u> stocks that are attempting to reduce expenses and manage their way toward recovery. answer: (b) secular
- A6 <u>A balanced</u> budget is reached when the government can equate revenues with expenditure over the business cycle; this makes allowance for a deficit during periods of low economic activity, which must nevertheless be matched by a surplus during periods of high activity.

answer: (a) A balanced

A7 Under the FRB's Regulation T, a <u>restricted</u> account is not permitted to initiate a debit balance for any reason; buy orders are only accepted if cleared funds are in the account, and this condition holds until 90 days from the date of the transaction.

answer: (d) restricted

A8 The committee scrutinizes the state's <u>capital</u> budget, which allocates money for construction and repair of public structures and other long-term investments like land acquisition and transfer, and also includes funds given or loaned to local governments and non-profit organizations.

answer: (a) capital

A9 The U.S. Department of Labor statistics that will be published tomorrow by The Springfield Gazette present the <u>civilian</u> unemployment rate as the best measure of the national labor market rather than the overall rate, whose base includes US-based military personnel.

answer: (a) civilian

A10 The European Leasing Barometer measures the expectations of leasing professionals in the next six months in consideration of the state of the general economy, the leasing sector and their own businesses, and as such functions as a good *confidence* indicator.

answer: (a) confidence

- A1 Investors would not buy bonds if the only incentive were getting their money back after a certain period of time; the income for fixed-income investments is the interest received at a fixed rate, called the '<u>coupon</u>'. answer: (a) coupon
- A2 <u>Slander</u> is difficult to prove, since unlike something in a newspaper or magazine, you cannot brandish a past utterance before a judge; also, settlements are usually smaller, because the spoken word is generally considered less potent than a broadcast or printed word.

answer: (d) Slander

A3 Injecting funds into one's account does not automatically settle any invoice or <u>debit</u> note pending against it; the account holder must pay for it manually.

answer: (d) debit

A4 <u>An eviction</u> is a legal procedure that a landlord utilizes to remove a tenant from an apartment or other accommodation after he serves the tenant with a Notice to Quit; this latter is normally a single sheet of paper, signed by the landlord or his lawyer, and delivered by a legal officer.

answer: (b) An eviction

A5 One of the changes to income tax legislation was the reduction of the marriage <u>penalty</u> on couples who file joint tax returns, by equalizing the deduction for couples and singles, and raising the endpoint of the 15-percent bracket for married couples filing joint returns.

answer: (d) penalty

A6 Firm <u>commitment</u> lending is a creditor's formal offer laying out all the terms under which he will lend money to a borrower over a stated time period.

answer: (b) commitment

- A7 <u>A due bill</u> is an obligation that results when an asset such as a security is sold by a brokerage or bank and payment is received, but the security or other asset has not yet been delivered.
   answer: (b) A due bill
- A8 The trade volume slowed during the decline in prices, indicating sellers were less aggressive; the market reached a position in which traders were unwilling to sell at a lower price while buyers began to lift offers no dealers were willing to *hit* the bid.

answer: (c) hit

A9 As utilized in this contract, the phrase '<u>prime</u> account' means an account that is acceptable to you, that has been validly assigned to you, that is less than ninety days overdue, and that complies with our representations and warranties to you.

answer: (a) prime

A10 The US Treasury first issued inflation <u>indexed</u> securities in 1996; these instruments protect the holder against inflation and deflation by altering the principal periodically to follow changes in the Consumer Price Index. answer: (c) indexed

- A1 In a recent press release, the bank said regarding the requirement for maintaining a statutory <u>liquidity</u> ratio (SLR) of Rs 120 crore, it currently holds approved securities to a total of Rs 210 crore.
   answer: (d) liquidity
- A2 <u>Appraisers</u> and assessors of real estate estimate the value of property for a variety of purposes, such as to assess property tax, to confirm adequate collateral for mortgages, to confirm or help set a good sales price, to settle an estate, or to aid in a divorce settlement.

answer: (c) Appraisers

A3 '<u>Furthest</u> month' is used in the context of commodities or options trading to refer to the month that is away from the contract's date of settlement.

answer: (b) Furthest

- A4 A <u>mutual</u> association is a kind of savings association designed so that its board of directors is elected by its members, both its depositors and sometimes its borrowers; it does not issue capital stock, so its members do not share in its profits. answer: (d) mutual
- A5 Midway Airlines may be forced into *involuntary* liquidation because of its lack of financial information filed with the bankruptcy court; the administrator has filed a motion seeking court approval to convert the airline's bankruptcy from Chapter 11 to Chapter 7.

answer: (b) involuntary

A6 You should consider a <u>rate lock</u> as insurance that you will receive the loan at the agreed-upon interest rate even if general rates rise; it also shields the lender, since you promise to borrow at the indicated rate even if general interest rates drop.

answer: (b) rate lock

A7 A corporation must keep its general ledger or other books of <u>final</u> entry, in electronic or paper form, containing summaries of its year-to-year transactions, along with any special agreements, contracts, etc, that might be needed to understand the entries.

answer: (a) final

- A8 <u>Direct</u> paper is a cost-effective way for cash-strapped companies to borrow money, because they avoid the fees imposed by brokerage firms; issuing straight to the public is more cost effective, but brokers still dominate the distribution market. answer: (c) Direct
- A9 Electron is <u>a story</u> stock in almost every sense in the six years it was carried from venture capital to the public market, it never made money, but its hydrogen creation system and energy storage developments perch the company atop hydrogen fuel cell technology, the cutting edge of energy management. answer: (d) a story
- A10 Bear <u>spreads</u> are useful when a moderate decline in underlying stock or indices is anticipated; when a sharp fall is expected, aggressive strategies like writing calls or buying puts can be utilzed to take advantage. answer: (c) spreads

A1 The problem of grey market goods has been <u>plaguing</u> the judicial system for many years, with judges trying to define trademark and copyright holders' rights.

answer: (c) plaguing

A2 In the case of trademarks, the courts have <u>coalesced</u> around the guideline that goods intended for outside the United States with the US trademark holder's approval, when imported, will be an infringement only if such 'foreign' products differ significantly from the ones sold in the US.

answer: (a) coalesced

- A3 What <u>constitutes</u> a'significant' difference, needless to say, varies among products. answer: (c) constitutes
- A4 For instance, Coke bottles sold in Panama were found significantly different: the Spanish labels did not list the contents, while the packaging and shipping caused the Panamanian bottles to be <u>susceptible</u> to product spoilage and leaking.

answer: (c) susceptible

A5 The Federal Court of Appeals has added a <u>caveat</u> to this guideline, considering that goods don't substantially vary if the trademark holder has allowed foreign-directed goods into the US in a way that all or materially all of the United States sales are not the American version of the product.

answer: (a) caveat

A6 In another case, Elk Corporation brought their case under 21 USC 1209 <u>before</u> the United States International Trade Commission.

answer: (a) before

A7 The Administrative Law Judge of the USITC <u>held</u> in favour of Elk, stating that numerous substantial differences clearly existed between the cultivators sold by Elk in the US and their European models, and included differences in the services offered along with the cultivators.

answer: (b) held

A8 While the respondents gave evidence showing that Elk had authorized sales of these machines in the United States, the judge placed the <u>burden</u> of proof upon them to establish that Elk had approved those sales and that the quantity of sales was material.

answer: (a) burden

A9 In spite of the fact that the respondents had raised the point as a defense, the judge stated that Elk was required to establish a prima <u>facie</u> case that materially all of its US sales conformed to the American version of the cultivator.

answer: (b) facie

A10 That is to say, first Elk needed to establish a United States standard against which the <u>alleged</u> substantial variations of the European model were to be mensurated.
answer: (a) alleged

- A1 Our world emerged from the <u>ravages</u> of World War II in 1945. answer: (c) ravages
- A2 The challenge then was to reconstruct economic stability in the face of <u>pervasive</u> disorder and enormous dislocation, to regain a feeling of global community and establish a base for future prosperousness and growth.

answer: (d) pervasive

A3 The engineers of a new system had to construct from the ground <u>up</u>, and they demonstrated vision and farsightedness; after fifty years of progress raised on the foundations that they laid then, we now often take for granted that which was new and imaginative at at that time.

answer: (c) up

A4 The late 1940s was not only about the finish of the most devastating war ever <u>waged</u>; it was also concerned with the control of dangerous economic nationalism and the quest for a new world order.

answer: (c) waged

A5 Defending a rules-based system on a daily basis has been greatly assisted by the fact that the system gave primacy to the markets rather than the governments in deciding economic outcomes.

answer: (b) primacy

A6 The governments <u>abrogated</u> their responsibility, but concentrated on creating basic conditions for prosperity and promoting liberalization; they considered direct intervention only under circumstances where markets were thought wanting.

answer: (b) abrogated

A7 The key idea of the rules-based system is non-discrimination, and this emerged from the <u>conviction</u> that exclusive dealings and in-groups helped stoke those rivalries and conflicts that drove the community of nations into the Second World War.

answer: (d) conviction

*A8* The patchwork <u>quilt</u> of agreements that had undermined the unity and continuity of interwar economic relations was replaced with unified rules.

answer: (d) quilt

A9 And more basically, the non-discrimination principle <u>enshrined</u> universality as a central goal of the trade system, guaranteeing that the GATT system would eventually become a force majeure in the integration of the world's economies.

answer: (a) enshrined

A10 Answers for the challenges that goverments face today and tomorrow will continue to call for <u>concerted</u> action on a range of fronts.

answer: (d) concerted

- A1 In the near future, the University of Alaska's Communications Office will play an increasingly <u>pivotal</u> role in the University's success.
   answer: (c) pivotal
- A2 Colleges and universities are currently in competition for students, funds and status with greater *ferocity* than in the past.

answer: (b) ferocity

- A3 At the U of A, the Communications Office supplies a wide <u>array</u> of services to the campus.
   answer: (b) array
- A4 Although the U of A's central marketing team is small in comparison to <u>peer</u> universities in the West, these efforts are being realized by a productive, engaged staff.
   answer: (d) peer
- A5 The amalgamation of <u>divergent</u> views, approaches and attitudes into a single comprehensive campus-wide image and message is of the essence.

answer: (c) divergent

- A6 Significant amounts of time and resources will be necessary to see that these images and messages to the institution's <u>myriad</u> audiences are appropriate, effective and complementary.
   answer: (b) myriad
- A7 Support for these efforts is multi-<u>faceted</u> and need to be appropriately coordinated, and the University of Alaska's comprehensive mission and goals must be kept always in perspective.
   answer: (b) faceted
- A8 The University's first mandate is to give its students an exemplary education.

answer: (a) an exemplary

- A9 The University also significantly enhances life in the state of Alaska, since it is a major employer, contributes *inestimably* to its cultural life, and provides stability and economic potential. answer: (a) inestimably
- A10 University administrators around the nation are being drawn more and more into public discussion of campus issues; energetic news media, politically-active students and politicized issues can create a public relations *debacle* for institutions.

answer: (a) debacle

A1 Services are primarily intangible and tend to be an experience which is consumed at the point of purchase; they cannot be owned since they quickly <u>perish</u>, and once they have occurred they cannot be repeated in exactly the same way.

answer: (b) perish

A2 Marketing personnel often speak of the nature of a service as <u>inseparable</u> from the point of consumption and from the service provider.

answer: (a) inseparable

A3 The right of <u>ownership</u> is not extended to services, since we merely experience them; we cannot sell them once they have been consumed.

answer: (a) ownership

A4 The Western economies have seen <u>deterioration</u> of the traditional manufacturing sectors and growth of the service economies.

answer: (c) deterioration

- A5 People are the key <u>element</u> in any service: services are usually produced and consumed simultaneously, and aspects of the customer experience are adjusted to serve the needs of the individual consuming them.
   answer: (c) element
- A6 Many of us can recall a situation in which the personal service offered has enhanced or <u>tainted</u> a vacation, an overnight stay or a restaurant meal.

answer: (a) tainted

A7 Every customer <u>facing</u> staff member needs training and development in order to maintain high quality personal service.

answer: (a) facing

- A8 This training ought to start during <u>induction</u> into the company, which will involve the new staff in the organization's culture for the first time and brief them on operating policies and procedures.
   answer: (c) induction
- A9 The organization must also pay attention to Continuing Professional Development, in which every staff member sees his or her professional career as <u>a lifelong</u> process of training and growth.
   answer: (a) a lifelong
- A10 The <u>disposition</u> and attitude of these service personnel is critically important: the way that complaints are dealt with can mean the difference between keeping and losing customers or between making and destroying the company's reputation.

answer: (a) disposition

- A1 The development of its marketing strategy is critical for a business, because without one, its efforts to draw customers are going to be <u>haphazard</u> and ineffectual.
   answer: (b) haphazard
- A2 The focus of its strategy needs to be on ensuring that its products or services <u>meet</u> customer needs better than do its competitors', as well as on the development of long-term, profitable customer associations. answer: (c) meet
- A3 The business should identify whole new markets to target: <u>central</u> to a successful marketing strategy is understanding one's customers and their needs.

answer: (b) central

A4 One key to successful marketing is the undertanding that both existing and potential customers will <u>fall</u> into specific segments or groups identified by their needs.

answer: (b) fall

A5 The focus of a company's strategy ought to be to identify such groups with their needs and then <u>address</u> them more successfully than its competition.

answer: (a) address

A6 In this way, the business is able to create a marketing strategy which <u>makes</u> the most of its strengths and then matches them with the needs of the customers it plans to target.

answer: (c) makes

*A7* If, for instance, a specific customer segment wants quality first and <u>foremost</u>, then marketing efforts aimed at them needs to direct their attention to the business's high quality service.

answer: (b) foremost

A8 For maximum efficiency, the business should limit its activities to the methods that it thinks will work best, and thus avoid <u>spreading</u> its marketing budget too thinly.

answer: (d) spreading

- A9 Often forgotten is the necessity to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the marketing strategy; this control helps the company check how it is performing in practice and also helps to *inform* its future strategy. answer: (a) inform
- A10 One simple <u>device</u> is to inquire of each new customer as to how they found out about the company. answer: (b) device

A1 According to current US tax law, if an individual acquires USD income from a transaction in a virtual economy, a problem may arise as to whether tax is owing on this real-world income; however, if the transaction occurs wholly within the virtual economy, there is no taxable <u>event</u>.

answer: (c) event

A2 A best effort offering would probably fail if negative valuation information appeared between filing and offering, because its filingdate price would be too high; on the other hand, a <u>firm</u> commitment offering might be successful if the issuer is willing to lower the price.

answer: (b) firm

A3 It is sometimes difficult to distinguish cost-push and demand-pull inflation, which is made worse by the fact that they can interact to cause a wage-price <u>spiral</u>: employees want compensation for higher prices, because they do not want their purchasing power to drop.

answer: (b) spiral

- A4 When we were young and poor, nothing made us angrier than the rich people who paid no income taxes; we were not alone, and that frustration led to the inception of the <u>alternative</u> minimum tax, designed to keep the wealthy from living tax-free. answer: (b) alternative
- A5 Some businesses make goods, others provide a service, and still others distribute goods; the second line of a Profit and Loss Statement is called <u>Cost of Goods Sold</u>, which tells us how much money was spent doing whatever it is that the company does. answer: (b) Cost of Goods Sold
- A6 The <u>Federal</u> National Mortgage Association was created under Franklin D. Roosevelt in 1938, when millions of American families were unable to become homeowners or risked losing their houses through the lack of a consistent source of mortgage funds.

answer: (b) Federal

- A7 A strategic <u>inflection</u> point is a critical juncture in the development of a business, when something fundamental is on the verge of change; this could mean the opportunity of climbing to new heights, or it could indicate the beginning of the end.
   answer: (b) inflection
- A8 <u>REMICs</u> appeal to a wider investor base than traditional mortgage-backed securities because of their flexibility in presenting investment opportunities with different risk vs reward levels and different maturity horizons to investors. answer: (d) REMICs
- A9 The NASD <u>suitability</u> rule states that when a financial representative recommends the purchase, sale or exchange of a security, s/he shall have reasonable grounds for believing that it is appropriate for the investor's needs, based on facts disclosed by the latter in respect to his or her other holdings and financial situation. answer: (d) suitability
- A10 <u>Actuarial</u> assumptions examine hiring age in order to extrapolate the number of years of service that the employee will likely work, but the City's formula ensures that late hires will not be able to draw a full benefit from the contributions that they have paid into their pension plan.

answer: (a) Actuarial

A1 Through investment in both fixed-return investments and shares, <u>a balanced</u> fund seeks to get the best of both worlds; it is the best bet for investors who wish to profit from the stock market but lack the stomach for volatility.

answer: (a) a balanced

A2 An important prerequisite of the perfect <u>hedge</u> is that the portfolio movements are precisely correlated with the movements of the index that underlies it.

answer: (b) hedge

- A3 CB&Q Railway Corporation announced a new \$3.1 billion capital <u>commitment</u> program; it anticipates investing some \$500 million in facilities and track to expand capacity for customers in agricultural products and coal. answer: (a) commitment
- A4 This chart displays the cross rates of ten major world currencies; scan down or across it to find the rate of *exchange* between any two of these currencies.

answer: (b) exchange

A5 We must note that the state owns stock in 52 corporations with a market value of \$150 million which are not on the <u>approved</u> list; these securities were added to its portfolio through spin-offs or mergers of previously owned corporations on the list.

answer: (d) approved

A6 A <u>coupon</u> bond pays its holder a specified amount at specified dates until maturity; then its face value is paid at the maturity date.

answer: (a) coupon

A7 In the case of a <u>sleeper</u> stock that has an unsuspected earnings potential and a low P/E multiple, its price will probably rise much faster than its profits when investors discover its new horizons, and their purchases will force up the P/E.

answer: (c) sleeper

- A8 A debit <u>spread</u> is created when the options investor buys a put or call and at the same time sells a further out-of-the-money put or call; this limits the dollar risk and the reward relative to the traditional option purchase.
   answer: (b) spread
- A9 The trust's activities are confined to issuance of the trust <u>preferred</u> securities to investors and to retain the debentures which are purchased from the holding company.

answer: (d) preferred

A10 Your Keogh plan must be opened by 1 February 2009 to make a contribution for 2008, and contributions must be submitted by 1 March 2009; however, you can extend the <u>due</u> date to 1 June 2009 if you file for an extension.

answer: (b) due

- A1 <u>An ex-all</u> security sale is a case in which the seller reserves to himself the rights to all of its pending benefits. answer: (b) An ex-all
- A2 In a <u>mutual</u> insurance company, policyholders who buy a 'participating' product, e.g. whole life insurance, gain entitlement to vote for the board of directors as well as share in declared annual dividends. answer: (b) mutual
- A3 The fundamental concept of a <u>trust fund</u> sets a separate legal entity to control financial assets for the benefit of the beneficiary; the individual establishing it is called the grantor.

answer: (d) trust fund

- A4 Across the street from the NYSE is the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange of New York, fondly known as the "*little* board", but disrespectfully referred to by residents as the "morgue". answer: (a) little
- A5 <u>Arbitrage</u> houses scout out inefficiencies in the market and mis-priced securities, and then they make trades which produce risk-free profits.

answer: (c) Arbitrage

A6 A contract <u>holdback</u> is a provision found in most common law contracts requiring the person hiring the general contractor to retain a certain percent of the payment for a specified period in order to ensure that the subcontractors are paid.

answer: (a) holdback

A7 After the preliminary prospectus is filed with the SEC, the company may begin to sell the securities, but during the <u>waiting</u> period, they may make offers only (a) with a summary prospectus adhering to the disclosure requirements, (b) orally, or (c) using a tombstone advertisement.

answer: (d) waiting

A8 A <u>listed</u> option is a standardized option contract with terms determined by an exchange and having its trade cleared through a clearing house.

answer: (b) listed

A9 A married couple can submit their income tax returns in only 2 ways: (1) as married filing *jointly*, in which case all their income and deductions are lumped, or (2) as married filing separately, in which case they each account for these items individually.

answer: (b) jointly

*A10* Fiduciaries may retain without liability for loss any investments authorized when received or made, even though they no longer qualify as such, if they exercise due care in the retention or disposition of these <u>nonlegal</u> investments.

answer: (c) nonlegal

- A1 To attract brokers' orders, some exchanges pay a broker for routing orders through them; this is called 'payment for order <u>flow</u>', and is one of the ways in which a broker can make money from executing a trade. answer: (b) flow
- A2 At the end of March, before Tanaka Inc closes its books, all transactions recorded in the Books of <u>Original</u> Entry (that is, the Sales Day book and the Cash book) are added up and then posted to the General Ledger via journal entries in the General Journals.

answer: (c) Original

A3 Hedge funds generally use <u>prime</u> brokers for borrowing money, executing trades and other services, while larger funds use multiple brokers.

answer: (c) prime

A4 Arizona resident Bernard Jones filed a <u>class</u>-action lawsuit against Apple, alleging that the iPhone maker violated Arizona's antitrust laws; the suit was filed by Shyster C. Deadlock, the lawyer who has been seeking plaintiffs for this case, on behalf of Jones.

answer: (a) class

A5 When <u>restricted</u> securities are acquired, the holder must find an exemption from the Securities and Exchange Commission's registration requirements in order to sell them in the marketplace; Rule 144 permits public resale only if certain conditions are met.

answer: (b) restricted

- A6 An important part of <u>a confidentiality</u> agreement is the description of the information; the disclosing party is often reluctant to describe this in detail in the contract, fearing that some may be revealed in the contract itself. answer: (b) a confidentiality
- A7 The size of the savings deposit required for a <u>secured</u> credit card can vary from a few hundred dollars to several thousand; the line of credit is a percentage of the deposit, and application and processing fees may also have to be paid.

answer: (c) secured

- A8 Purchasing an index <u>straddle</u> combines the benefits of an index put and an index call purchase, and leveraged potential profits can be considerable if there is a big up or down movement of the underlying index.
   answer: (b) straddle
- A9 The <u>taxable</u> wage base is the total for which the company must pay taxes on behalf of every employee; excess wages are also reported, but they are subtracted from the employee's total wages. answer: (d) taxable
- A10 A <u>Direct</u> Participation Program is an investment venture which is designed to pass income and tax losses of the underlying investments through to investors; however, its use as a tax shelter has been egregiously lessened by tax legislation.

answer: (b) Direct

- A1 <u>American</u> Depositary Receipts were first issued in 1928 to assist investors in the US who wanted to purchase shares in foreign corporations; they are negotiable certificates which evidence share ownership in non-US corporations. answer: (a) American
- A2 An activity-based <u>costing</u> system is a model which identifies activity centers in a company and then assigns costs to cost drivers based on the numbers of transactions in the process of providing each product or service. answer: (b) costing
- A3 The Federal <u>Open Market</u> Committee is the monetary policy-making body of the FRS: it formulates policy to promote full employment, stable prices, economic growth and a sustainable international payments and trade. answer: (d) Open Market
- A4 The State Bank of India will raise a one-year \$90 million foreign currency loan on February 2, 2008; the loan has been fixed at the rate of 27.5 basis points above LIBOR (*London* inter-bank offer rate) and will be used to finance exports and repay old loans.

answer: (c) London

A5 In general, we are required to take a Required Minimum <u>Distribution</u> each year from a Traditional IRA after we reach age 70; it is calculated by dividing the December 31st fair market value of our IRA by a life expectancy factor determined with IRS tables.

answer: (a) Distribution

A6 Securities, cash and similar investments may be placed and maintained with a futures commission <u>merchant</u> by a fund in any amounts required to effect the fund's transactions in exchange-traded commodity options and futures contracts.

answer: (c) merchant

A7 The sum of the years' <u>digits</u> is a method of accelerated asset depreciation that deducts for greater depreciation in the earlier part of an asset's useful life and less nearer the end of it.

answer: (a) digits

A8 The cash income now is the <u>actuarial</u> equivalent of a later and larger cash income that would result from the saving of the present cash.

answer: (a) actuarial

A9 The \$175,000 <u>irredeemable</u> bond issued by the commissioners of the sinking fund dated August 1, 1907, bearing interest at six percent payable semiannually, remains in force, constituting a perpetual obligation of the State and the interest thereon a perpetual charge upon its Treasury.

answer: (a) irredeemable

A10 Investment performance is of primary importance, but <u>a balanced</u> investment strategy provides a safety net; if my portfolio includes investments in many sectors — real estate, gold, treasury bonds and forex markets — I can weather storms in specific sectors.

answer: (a) a balanced

- A1 As the global increase in popularity of Islamic finance continues, this sector faces new challenges, and critical among these is that of hiring and retaining expertise from a finite talent <u>pool.</u>
   answer: (c) pool
- A2 The Islamic finance market worldwide at the end of 2007, measured by Shari'a <u>compliant</u> assets, has been estimated at US\$550 billion.

answer: (c) compliant

- A3 In the face of this continuing growth, conventional Western financial institutions and governments no longer see Islamic finance and insurance as a <u>novelty</u> but as a valid alternative model for capital growth.
   answer: (c) novelty
- A4 An immediate consequence of this expansion is the <u>paramount</u> need for Islamic financial organizations to strengthen their human capital by attracting skilled staff to help these businesses take advantage of new business opportunities.

answer: (b) paramount

A5 The United Kingdom is an excellent example of the <u>exponential</u> expansion of Islamic finance and its constituent parts.

answer: (b) exponential

- A6 Nevertheless, the US, the UK, and the EU are considered immature markets; not only are they just developing Islamic financial offerings, but they must also sell these products in a market which is still *finding* its feet.
   answer: (b) finding
- A7 From the recruitment viewpoint, the shifting of experienced workers from one country to another is very similar to the migration of birds to <u>balmier</u> climes during the winter.

answer: (a) balmier

- A8 Islamic finance is experiencing a <u>bottleneck</u> in which more companies are newly founded and more projects are undertaken than can be adequately staffed with experienced and knowledgeable individuals.
   answer: (a) bottleneck
- A9 All around the world, headhunting is going on in order to attract these coveted workers with salary and benefit *gazumping* becoming the norm.

answer: (a) gazumping

A10 Dutch auctions have often been employed in recruiting specialists, but this problem is becoming serious, with the demand for qualified, experienced candidates consistently <u>outstripping</u> supply.
 answer: (d) outstripping

A1 In <u>light</u> of the colossal loss at Society General caused by a rogue trader, banks are examining their control systems in an effort to prevent similar future disasters.
 answer: (a) light

A2 Banks will certainly start reviewing their internal controls to determine what they have set up to <u>catch</u> events like the SocGen loss.

answer: (a) catch

A3 Society General tells us that it has already put in place further controls in order to prevent a recurrence of this particular type of *breach*.

answer: (a) breach

A4 Banking institutions will likely be <u>layering</u> on more bandages and plasters in order to keep their processes functioning.

answer: (b) layering

A5 Such efforts will probably prevent a precise <u>replica</u> of the Society General disaster, but it will not likely hinder a similar activity from being executed in a different way.

answer: (c) replica

- A6 The Francona loss was also the result of an over-<u>zealous</u> trader's effort at cleverness. answer: (d) zealous
- A7 The solution put forward to prevent such a recurrence was separation of duties to prevent both back and front office controls from <u>manipulation</u> by the same individual.

answer: (d) manipulation

A8 Changes in approach and across cultures is required by financial institution control management; visibility across <u>disparate</u> information technology systems and across myriads of geographically diffuse employee activities is needed.

answer: (b) disparate

A9 Possibly, the staff were attempting to manage their assignents beyond their capacity, like a freighter loaded so heavily that it sinks below its <u>Plimsoll</u> line.
 answer: (d) Plimsoll

A10 Increased understanding by everyone who is involved of <u>end-to-end</u> operational processes is most important.

answer: (b) end-to-end

A1 Mistakes can have a huge impact on individuals and businesses, and in a world where data is exchanged, <u>bartered</u> and even stolen at a shocking rate, personal information security has become a top item of public concern.

answer: (a) bartered

A2 The Data Protection Act applies to a wide area from security to data processing; it's *far-reaching*, and it's applied and interpreted in various ways by European Union nations.

answer: (c) far-reaching

A3 Because of its broad scope and varied application, regulatory bodies face a difficult task in tracking how businesses handle data; to rectify this, a greater <u>onus</u> must be placed on these organizations to monitor and assess data management and data security.

answer: (d) onus

- A4 Most companies try to ensure compliance with regulations for safely handling sensitive information, but many don't consider the threat from their own employee practices, whether it is just human error or <u>malicious</u>.
   answer: (c) malicious
- A5 Organizations should at least utilize basic risk management and policies and techniques to protect data from external threat, but the <u>harsh</u> reality is that data can easily get into the wrong hands through employee intent or error.

answer: (d) harsh

A6 The effect of the loss of data through the errors of employees is obvious throughout the EU; it has caused loud public <u>outcry</u> and has serious implications of a social and political nature.

answer: (c) outcry

A7 The F1 industry was taken <u>aback</u> when the WMSC fined Mercedes \$100 million for using information from Ferrari to construct its own cars; Mercedes's head designer had received data about Ferrari's cars from a Ferrari team member.

answer: (a) aback

- A8 In Belgium in 2007, a Foreign Ministry official lost a USB <u>stick</u> with the code to the entrance of a Belgian diplomat's house and the names of the guards accompanying the King on his Czech trip.
   answer: (d) stick
- A9 In December 2006, Norton began research into EC business security and discovered that investment in corporate data protection from external hacking is often undermined by <u>lax</u> employee behavior and company failure to adequately communicate its security policy. answer: (a) lax
- A10 The complexity of the data protection laws and the paucity of resources dedicated to the government monitoring of compliance have created a <u>quagmire</u> of processes and software, few of which are regulated or checked.
   answer: (b) quagmire

- A1 History is <u>littered</u> with assertions that 'this time the situation is different'. answer: (b) littered
- A2 If the dot com revolution severed the relationship of earnings and price, then the take off in credit derivatives created a world in which risk was distributed so thinly that no one would be caught <u>out</u> if the cycle turned. answer: (b) out
- A3 Global Public Policy Committee communications leave us in no doubt that the <u>ramifications</u> from the recent market turmoil will be with us for a long time to come, if the billions in losses by some of the leading global financial institutions have not already done so.

answer: (a) ramifications

A4 Knowing that the implementation of Basel II (used by banks to align their capital base with economic risk) has consumed hundreds of millions of dollars, it is ironic that even well-capitalized institutions have struggled with a problem as fundamental as *liquidity*.

answer: (a) liquidity

A5 If a company needs profitability, retained as capital to offset any future losses, in order to maintain a viable business, then it also needs cash flow to ride the peaks and <u>troughs</u> of the business cycle.

answer: (d) troughs

A6 The reason that some of the most sophisticated financial institutions have been caught unprepared by something as basic to business management as cash lies in several dynamics that have been in <u>play</u> over several years.

answer: (b) play

A7 They took several years to materialize, but these dynamics <u>precipitated</u> a series of nearly unprecedented shocks during the early fall two years ago.

answer: (c) precipitated

A8 Cash used to fund increased assets and retire obligations as they <u>fall</u> due is at the forefront of this egregious disruption of the market.

answer: (a) fall

A9 As cash <u>hoarding</u> begins to prevail, the levels of market cash flow tighten and exacerbate the drop in value of financial instruments; this is a dual hit which only concerted central bank intervention can mitigate.

answer: (b) hoarding

A10 The financial models used have been criticized as ignoring the <u>siren</u> voices that predicted a turning of the credit cycle as long ago as May of 2007, so that the stress testing parameters were much too narrow. answer: (a) siren

A1 The Cayman Islands are often presented in an unwarranted negative light, but we would like to <u>dispel</u> this image by highlighting the nation's participation in the war against the financing of terrorism and money laundering.

answer: (a) dispel

A2 Although they are sometimes still called "the islands that time forgot", the Caymans have advanced considerably from the use of smudges to <u>ward</u> off the mosquitos.

answer: (c) ward

- A3 Less than twenty years after the opening of the country's first bank, the Misuse of Drugs Law was passed, and incorporated within it is the power to seize and <u>confiscate</u> laundered assets and money from drug trafficking.
   answer: (a) confiscate
- A4 As early as 1989, the Cayman Islands Bankers Association promulgated a Code of Practice, and its member banks were required to abide *by* it.

answer: (a) by

A5 In 2001, in spite of the fact that this Code of Practice and <u>robust</u> due diligence requirements were in place, the Cayman Islands was placed in its first list of Non-Cooperative Countries & Territories by the Financial Action Task Force.

answer: (c) robust

A6 A main reason for Cayman's inclusion on this list was the lack of legislative <u>teeth</u> in covering the practices of the industry and the consequent paucity of prosecutions.

answer: (d) teeth

- A7 The International Monetary Fund in 2006 released its evaluation of the Cayman Island's regulation and monitoring of its financial sector, a report which was based on information <u>gleaned</u> from the IMF's 2005 visit. answer: (a) gleaned
- A8 This assessment indicates that, although there is room for improvement, the Caymans appear to be holding their <u>own</u> in the war against illegal money, especially considering the relative newness of their financial institutions.

answer: (c) own

A9 It is less easy to purchase <u>an annuity</u> or real estate, establish a company or a trust, or open a bank account in the Cayman Islands than it is in many other jurisdictions.

answer: (c) an annuity

A10 The Cayman Islands are extremely pleasant to visit, but we welcome only those who intend to bring and operate legitimate businesses to and within its <u>shores</u>.
 answer: (c) shores

A1 Some Wall Street people have noticed a drop in non-<u>borrowed</u> reserves in the banking system and wondered if it's a sign of an unusually stringent monetary policy; however, the plunge is just a function of the Fed's money classification in its new term auction facility.

answer: (b) borrowed

A2 One time that a company might issue <u>restricted</u> stock instead of options is very early on for top executives or very early hires.

answer: (d) restricted

A3 <u>Classified</u> loans are loans that were issued according to the bank's terms but later became questionable in the eyes of the bank's examiners, which sometimes happens when new information is revealed or there is a change in the borrower's circumstances.

answer: (a) Classified

A4 The staff of the Tennessee Capital Access Forum assisted Greyhound Movers and Acme in financing their growing businesses with Small Corporate <u>Offering</u> Registrations; Tennessee has taken the \$1 million dollar cap off the SCOR and there is no limit.

answer: (b) Offering

A5 The 2009 bonds will be issued in the weekly rate mode, bearing interest at the weekly rate payable on January 1st and July 1st; bondholders can rightfully tender their bonds on any business day with a minimum seven-day notice to the *trustee*.

answer: (d) trustee

- A6 The market is expecting a coupon <u>pass</u> by the Federal Reserve Bank, and although this is probably no sign of change in monetary policy, it does present dealers with the opportunity to sell Treasury securities to a ready buyer.
   answer: (a) pass
- A7 Raising debt <u>capital</u> does not involve selling your equity, but rather works by borrowing against it; it is only available to businesses who have something with value which the lender could instantly liquidate.
   answer: (a) capital
- A8 Traders in level 2 generally use an order type called an 'intent', a strong indication of interest, and these are not advertised, but if they find a match they become a <u>firm</u> order: if two intents naturally match, then a trade happens. answer: (b) firm
- A9 The law recognizes the efforts of businesses to comply with its demands, but a company must demonstrate that it exercised all due <u>diligence</u> and took all reasonable steps to avoid committing the offense; if it can do so it is entitled to an acquittal.

answer: (b) diligence

A10 In order to create a level playing field for share trading on the stock exchange, <u>an ex</u>-date is set: if shares are traded before this date, the selling party must pass on any benefit or dividend to the buying party.
 answer: (b) an ex

A1 As per the Uniform Commercial Code, a person who holds a check endorsed by another is the presumed legal owner; a person who accepts a 3rd party check is a holder <u>in</u> due course and holds the legal title to this instrument irrespective of any prior claim.

answer: (c) in

A2 We focus on a previously unexplored but intuitive measure of trading activity: the aggregate daily order <u>imbalance</u> on the New York Stock Exchange; this in either direction, either excess buy or sell orders, reduces liquidity.

answer: (d) imbalance

A3 The <u>information</u> ratio is the ratio of the alpha component (that attributable to the manager's luck or skill) of the total investment returns to the standard deviation of these alpha returns.

answer: (b) information

A4 A <u>balloon</u> loan is one where the borrower plans to pay off his mortgage or automobile loan in a big chunk at the end after a set number of small regular interim payments.

answer: (b) balloon

A5 The initial <u>listing</u> requirements are that a company must exhibit specified minimum thresholds for shareholder and publicly-traded share numbers, stock price, and total market value, and after it begins trading, the company must continue to meet other standards required by the exchanges.

answer: (c) listing

- A6 At any specific time, there are simultaneous trades in many different calls and puts-- different in strike price and delivery month; <u>option</u> delivery months are typically identical to those of the underlying futures contract. answer: (d) option
- A7 If you are married but want to ensure that you are responsible for paying only your own tax, this does not mean that you can go back to using the 'single' rates which were applicable before you got married; instead, each spouse must use the '<u>married</u>, filing separately' rates.

answer: (c) married

A8 Investors must use their intelligence in formulating their financial policies and also in any associated details, including choosing a reputable broker to execute their orders: deal only with the NYSE unless you have compelling reasons to use a *nonmember* firm.

answer: (c) a nonmember

- A9 An <u>actuary</u> analyzes the financial consequences of risk, using financial theory, statistics and mathematics to consider possible future events, especially those of interest for pension and insurance programs.
   answer: (a) actuary
- A10 A Tax Deed is normally a *perfect* title, extinguishing all other encumbrances on the title, such as leases, utility bills, mechanics' liens, and so forth.

answer: (b) perfect

- A1 Bear Stearns is the second-largest US <u>prime</u> brokerage firm, and as a part of its business, hedge funds could use their stock holdings to borrow money from BS and then redeploy it in the market.
   answer: (c) prime
- A2 The Capital <u>Consumption</u> Allowance in the Economic Analysis Bureau's National Income and Product Accounts measures the capital depreciation in the economy in the course of a stated period, normally one year. answer: (b) Consumption
- A3 A cheap <u>secured</u> loan is basically a personal loan that runs at a lower rate of repayment; part of the borrower's assets are taken as collateral in order to ensure that s/he pays back the loaned sum, especially if s/he has a questionable credit history.

answer: (d) secured

A4 The investor called her broker and asked whether he had any negative information about Zenaida; after a few minutes' delay and a glance at Standard & Poor's <u>tear</u> sheet on Zenaida, her broker told her there was none, so she ordered 100 shares of Zenaida stock.

answer: (c) tear

A5 Today, Peak Properties Inc announced that it has agreed to <u>direct</u> placement of 2.1 million shares of its common stock with certain advisory clients of American Products, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, at \$24.63 a share.

answer: (a) direct

A6 A rate-<u>improvement</u> loan is a fixed-rate mortgage with a provision which permits the borrower to lower the interest rate if there is a decline in market rates; however, this provision can be invoked only once during the life of the mortgage.

answer: (c) improvement

- A7 The purpose of an informed consent or <u>waiver</u> form is to advise participants of the foreseen or unforeseen risks of the activity and to ensure that the s/he understands these risks and agrees to assume responsibility for them. answer: (d) waiver
- A8 Exchange rate fluctuations affect the USD equivalent of the pound sterling price of British Telecommunications ordinary shares on the London Stock Exchange and are therefore likely to affect the market price of its American <u>Depositary</u> Shares on the New York Stock Exchange.

answer: (a) Depositary

- A9 The value of a convertible bond results from three components: the value of a <u>straight</u> bond with the same principal and interest, the conversion value of a convertible bond, and time value.
  answer: (d) straight
- A10 A <u>conforming</u> mortgage is a mortgage loan packaged for resale to Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae on the secondary market; not only do such loans have very competitive interest rates, they also have very stringent qualifying criteria. answer: (a) conforming

A1 Established by the Employment Act of 1946, the <u>Council</u> of Economic Advisers provides the President of the United States with objective economic analysis and with advice on the development and implementation of national and international economic policy.

answer: (c) Council

A2 After four years in custody, Mr Patronia was convicted on three terrorism-related counts, the jury delivering its verdict in under 48 hours; what was unusual and blameworthy was the length of time he had to wait for the due <u>process</u> which most Americans take for granted.

answer: (d) process

A3 The <u>London</u> International Financial Futures & Options Exchange lost its single biggest source of income trading in the German Government Bund — in the late 1990s, but by 2001 it had reinvented itself as an electronic exchange, and at the end of 2001, it was acquired by Euronext NV.

answer: (c) London

- A4 A <u>congestion</u> area is a price level where neither the bears nor the bulls are in total control; the market cannot decide which way it wants to go, so traders often step aside to see what is going to happen next.
   answer: (b) congestion
- A5 Elevated readings in the <u>TED</u> spread indicate increased risk avoidance in the market investors flock to relatively risk-free short-term T-bills while Eurodollar futures are more representative of the credit quality of corporate borrowers.

answer: (b) TED

A6 The grantor must permanently give up all control and ownership of any property transferred to an *irrevocable* trust, so this device has small appeal for most taxpayers.

answer: (b) irrevocable

- A7 <u>Arbitration</u> is an out-of-court dispute resolution process where the disputing parties each present their case to a third party intermediary that examines the evidence and makes a (usually) binding decision for the disputants. answer: (b) Arbitration
- A8 The mutual <u>exclusion</u> doctrine rules that interest on municipal bonds is free of federal tax, and in return for this, localities and states cannot tax the interest on federal government securities.

answer: (c) exclusion

A9 The ultimate measure of capital <u>efficiency</u> is the amount of returns to investors as a multiple of the capital invested, adjusted by the length of the investment.

answer: (b) efficiency

A10 Based on information from Data Diggers, a company which collects and collates stock lending data from custodians and institutions, it is obvious that a rapid build-up in <u>borrowed</u> stock positions is strongly correlated with short selling.

answer: (a) borrowed

A1 The distinguishing features of <u>classified</u> stock normally confer an advantage on Class A shares regarding voting power, and it may also involve liquidation and dividend privileges; this system was used more in the 1920s, as a way of retaining minority control.

answer: (a) classified

- A2 Total Assets less Non-interest-bearing Current Liabilities (NIBCLs) equals Invested Capital; <u>Return on</u> Invested Capital (ROIC) equals Earnings before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) divided by Invested Capital. answer: (d) Return on
- A3 The Recording Industry Association of Canada has announced that another 32 individuals have settled copyright <u>infringement</u> suits initiated by the music industry; each of them was charged with illegally downloading over one thousand songs through peer-to-peer networks.

answer: (d) infringement

A4 With a rise in prevailing interest rates, new bonds generally offer higher yields to keep pace, so pre-existing bonds with lower <u>coupon</u> rates are now less competitive; on the other hand, when interest rates drop, a pre-existing bond's rate becomes more appealing, driving the price higher.

answer: (b) coupon

A5 I regularly get hard-sell emails from debt <u>consolidation</u> organizations offering me low-interest balance-transfer deals for credit card debt or promising they'll give me lower interest rates, reduce my monthly payments — and all I need to do is make 'a single easy payment'.

answer: (b) consolidation

- A6 The Federal <u>Reserve</u> Bank of New York is one of twelve regional banks; the 'Fed', as this system is often called, is an independent government entity created in 1913 by the US Congress for the purpose of serving as the central bank of the USA. answer: (d) Reserve
- A7 His aim is to become the most well-connected <u>gaijin</u> in Japan, an insider in a system in which insider status counts for everything, and Collinson, the CEO of Cripplecreek Holdings LLC, has gambled nearly US\$3.0 billion of his investors' money that his constant networking will pay off.

answer: (b) gaijin

- A8 After the company fixes the record date, the National Association of Securities Dealers or the stock exchanges set the <u>ex</u>dividend date, which is normally 2 business days before the record date.
   answer: (a) ex
- A9 At the request of the applicant, a <u>firm</u> quotation may be provided in writing for a specific private works job and must be accepted in writing prior to the job commencement; quotations shall be valid for 60 days, after which time an updated quotation will be provided on request.

answer: (a) firm

A10 An investor can own shares of common stock either directly in her name, including shares acquired through demutualization, in which case she is the holder <u>of record</u>, or indirectly through a bank, broker or other nominee. answer: (c) of record

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- A1 September events increased uncertainty and investor risk <u>aversion</u> when there were serious concerns about emerging market basics, a global slowdown, and the potential for credit events in specific emerging markets. answer: (a) aversion
- A2 In the September 11 <u>aftermath</u>, the average country returns in debt markets rose in a general sell-off to levels last appearing during the Brazilian devaluation, but it has since decreased.

answer: (c) aftermath

- A3 Against a <u>backdrop</u> of global slowdown, the quality of credit continued weakening, and the average credit quality in the emerging debt markets retreated to its post-Russian-crisis low.
   answer: (a) backdrop
- A4 Although we had spillovers from countries where credit concerns grew, this was contained within specific emerging markets, and generally financing <u>held</u> up reasonably well during this quarter.

answer: (c) held

A5 The measures of broad spillover or <u>contagion</u> across emerging markets during the turmoil in June kept considerably under the levels seen in other historical instances of stress.

answer: (d) contagion

A6 The near record <u>spike</u> in June bond issues helped raise the quarterly volume to its highest level since the boom after Y2K.

answer: (a) spike

A7 Increased expectation of a US economic slowdown, decreased potential for media and technology sectors, and deterioration of credit markets took their <u>toll</u> on emerging markets in the third quarter of the year.

answer: (b) toll

A8 In spite of the nearly total drying <u>up</u> of bond issuance, fund raising on international markets maintained itself rather well, aided by a strong loan market and a surge in placements from China.

answer: (c) up

A9 Shifting expectations of the relative probability of a 'hard' as against a 'soft' <u>landing</u> scenario for the US economy are liable to maintain volatile markets.

answer: (c) landing

A10 As the conditions in equity and bond markets are still choppy, those issuers will continue to exploit <u>windows</u> of opportunity, while the loan market is expected to remain supportive.

answer: (d) windows

- A1 Investment and trade that <u>transcend</u> national boundaries are frequently influenced by public international law issues dealing with the relations among independent states.
   answer: (a) transcend
- A2 When these issues involve conflict between a sovereign state and a private party, the latter could face substantial obstacles to *vindicating* its rights and defending its interests.

answer: (c) vindicating

A3 Since 1958, Sillitoe & Smith have been advisors to the Rule of Law Committee, a committee of legal representatives of American multinationals with an interest in monitoring, answering and <u>shaping</u> the important issues of public international law.

answer: (b) shaping

A4 Sillitoe has been working <u>strenuously</u> to cause national governments to be more responsive to the rule of law and to devise better legal protection for parties operating internationally.

answer: (c) strenuously

- A major concentration of Sillitoe's law practice and a central concern of the RLC has been international claims, specifically those that have arisen from the <u>expropriation</u> of private property by a sovereign state.
   answer: (b) expropriation
- A6 Sillitoe worked with the American State Department to ensure that claims arisen from the Gulf War were handled without <u>undue</u> procedural delay and that funds to pay these claims became available. answer: (b) undue
- A7 Such issues are some of the essential elements for maintaining the viability and *integrity* of the procedures for international claims.

answer: (b) integrity

- A8 For cases in which a tribunal has been set up to <u>adjudicate</u> an international claim, Sillitoe & Smith have often represented claimants in the processes of preparation, filing, and litigation of their claims. answer: (a) adjudicate
- A9 Sillitoe has also filed <u>amicus</u> briefs before the United States Supreme Court and advocated and explained the limitations of international law upon the international assertion of American employment law. answer: (a) amicus
- A10 Sillitoe & Smith also have extensive institutional knowledge concerning and experience with the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea, which governs situations involving the sea floor and the <u>high</u> seas.
   answer: (a) high

- A1 It has <u>long</u> been stated by the US Supreme Court that treaties adopted under the Constitution's Article II are not acts of legislation but instead contracts between nations.
   answer: (b) long
- A2 This analogy with a contract was recently <u>invoked</u> by both dissent and the majority in National Airways v. Aladdin.

answer: (b) invoked

A3 However, more and more the treaty jurisprudence of the Supreme Court has <u>borne</u> the mark of 'new textualism'.

answer: (a) borne

A4 Justice Powell has strongly argued that rule of law and separation of powers make it necessary that the Supreme Court limit its inquiry in cases of treaty interpretation to the four <u>corners</u> of the agreement.

answer: (a) corners

A5 The Supreme Court as a group has not agreed with all aspects of Powell's argument — such as her <u>aversion</u> to using materials from ratification debates in the Senate — but textualism is becoming a big influence in the interpretation of treaties.

answer: (d) aversion

A6 A contract has validity only *insofar* as there has been mutual agreement by the contracting parties to a shared proposition.

answer: (c) insofar

A7 An interpreter in a contractual disagreement mostly concentrates on how the two parties understand the contract's terms, but the interpreter of statutes who uses a textualist methodology concentrates on the meanings that neutral third parties *ascribe* to the terms.

answer: (a) ascribe

A8 Between this pair of contending principles in the interpretation of treaties, the contract analogy is the one that should prevail \_

answer: (d) (none)

- A9 The greatest justifications for textualism in interpretation of statutes more legislative accountability and <u>adherence</u> to Article II, Section 6 of the lawmaking process cannot be extended to the context of treaties. answer: (b) adherence
- A10 Foreign affairs disputes are composing an increasing share of the Supreme Court's <u>docket</u> and US treaty commitments are proliferating, yet it is shocking how unstudied the field of treaty interpretation remains. answer: (c) docket

A1 Technical regulations and technical standards acting as non-tariff trade barriers are increasing dangers that developing countries must take seriously, because they can <u>impact</u> on economic efficiency and considerably restrain trade growth.

answer: (a) impact

A2 There is an increasing awareness of the potential <u>deterrence</u> to trade presented by differences in national technical regulations and standards, and a lack of awareness of the effect that choice of standards might have.

answer: (d) deterrence

A3 As to most of the regulations and standards which are not yet in accord internationally, the optimal choice for developing countries is to adopt those already used by their major trading partners instead of elaborating their own *indigenous* standards.

answer: (a) indigenous

- A4 Developing countries should act more forcefully in this arena: a more active and <u>concerted</u> participation in the international standardizing bodies would ensure that new adoptions more closely reflect their needs. answer: (c) concerted
- A5 If private sector firms participated more actively in the standardization process in the case of voluntary or nonmandatory standards, it would probably ensure that this happens de <u>facto.</u>

answer: (a) facto

A6 Compliance with a requirement to create a national viewpoint would encourage officials of developing countries to put into *practice* a system of national standards information gathering which would benefit both local and foreign producers and exporters.

answer: (d) practice

- A7 Collecting and systematizing this information would also <u>oblige</u> countries to become more aware of the choices regarding standards development which they make and impose on their private sector.
   answer: (c) oblige
- A8 In terms of trade facilitation and liberalization, developing countries should <u>push</u> actively for more liberalization in the two major regional integration initiatives, the FTAA and APEC.

answer: (b) push

- A9 This is because two major experiments in regional integration, NAFTA and the EU, have shown results that go much further in requiring <u>convergence</u> or harmonization of national standards and technical regulations. answer: (c) convergence
- A10 In general, regional approaches to removing technical trade barriers have contributed to liberalization within the region and also <u>vis-a-vis</u> third countries.

answer: (d) vis-a-vis

A1 Many CFOs are not yet convinced that the returns forecasted from Financial Supply Chain Management are <u>commensurate</u> with the investment needed in terms of both the senior management effort and the capital required.

answer: (b) commensurate

- A2 The present <u>scepticism</u> is not so much about the absolute savings potential but about the time frames for payback and the need to depend on key stakeholders both inside and outside the organization. answer: (c) scepticism
- A3 Many multinational corporations respond that FSCM is certainly on their <u>radar</u>, but they just don't have any spare resources because of their other business priorities in 2008.
   answer: (c) radar
- A4 The timing is critical, especially for the procurement people, who want these schemes in place before the time comes to renegotiate contracts with their suppliers.

answer: (d) (none)

A5 And for financial institutions, it has been <u>an up-hill</u> battle to enlighten the stakeholders in the client company and convince them to commit money and manpower to its implementation.

answer: (d) an up-hill

*A6* Nevertheless, financial institutions continue to work hard to get FSCM onto next year's <u>short</u> list of key initiatives for improving business performance.

answer: (d) short

A7 The important concern now is how to convince the information <u>silos</u> in procurement, IT, finance and operations to function more effectively together.

answer: (c) silos

- A8 After this has been accomplished, the next <u>hurdle</u> is their supply-chain partners. answer: (b) hurdle
- A9 In times <u>gone by</u>, with relationships guided by letters of credit, a company's suppliers could rely on an established practice to help obtain additional bank funding.
   answer: (b) gone by
- A10 One modern approach is that the buyers work with their banking partners to decrease the cost of finance for their suppliers; they see these reductions as a <u>sweetener</u> to suppliers for extending the terms of payment.
   answer: (d) sweetener

- A1 A one-year distribution compliance period is imposed on Regulation S shares, restricting them from being traded with US citizens on US markets, following the <u>issue</u> date of the security.
   answer: (c) issue
- A2 In Germany, residents near nuclear installations have been given the right to <u>litigate</u> against them; this precedent requires courts to hear and rule on complaints about authorities not having carefully considered measures for protection.

answer: (c) litigate

A3 An investor who buys a put and an equivalent number of shares of the underlying stock at the same time is creating a '<u>married</u> put' position, which is a hedging strategy whose name derives from an old ruling by the Internal Revenue Service.

answer: (b) married

A4 To determine the arithmetic <u>mean</u>, the most common type of average, of a set of n numbers, add up all the numbers in the set and then divide their sum by n.

answer: (a) mean

A5 <u>A nonparticipating</u> life insurance policy is one that pays no dividends, so its policyholders don't share in the interest, dividends, or capital gains that are earned on premiums paid by the insurer.

answer: (b) A nonparticipating

A6 For tax purposes, capital gains income can be offset only with capital losses, while <u>ordinary</u> income can be offset only with standard tax deductions.

answer: (c) ordinary

A7 For consideration received, the Assignor herewith sells, assigns and transfers unto the Assignee the entire right, title and interest in, to and under each Letter Patent, and the Assignor agrees to execute all papers desired by the Assignee for *perfecting* title of the patents herewith assigned.

answer: (c) perfecting

A8 A <u>balloon</u> maturity is usually a later one within a serial issue of bonds and which contains a disproportionately greater percent of the original issue's principal amount.

answer: (b) balloon

A9 <u>Clear</u> title means that there is no artisan or tax lien, security agreement, unreleased chattel mortgage or other similar document on record against the aircraft; you may search the records yourself or have this done for you by a title search firm or lawyer.

answer: (b) Clear

A10 A sinking fund for the purpose of redeeming preferred shares should be created when they are issued; this should be done by transferring free surplus to a <u>restricted</u> surplus account, which shall be unavailable for dividends.

answer: (d) restricted

A1 <u>Securities</u> analysts assemble a mosaic of information in order to come up with investment theses; they provide a valuable service in reaching material conclusions by sifting through information and extracting the bits that may be insignificant to ordinary investors.

answer: (a) Securities

- A2 <u>Direct</u> purchase programs let investors buy shares without a broker intervening; companies have discovered that these investors are a stabler shareholder base, less likely to participate in day trading. answer: (a) Direct
- A3 <u>Straight-line</u> depreciation is just as it infers: the same amount is deducted each year, so if you are depreciating a \$10,000 piece of equipment over 5 years, you would deduct \$2000 a year.
   answer: (d) Straight-line
- A4 Unscrupulous mortgage lenders often lure home buyers with <u>teaser</u> rates without explaining their actual contract rate, which is buried in the paperwork, and the greater the spread between these rates, the bigger the chances of contract shock for unsuspecting homeowners.

answer: (a) teaser

- A5 <u>First</u> board is the delivery dates on futures contracts established by the Chicago Board of Trade. answer: (c) First
- A6 <u>Waiver</u> of premium is a way of insuring the monthly premiums on your life insurance; if you become unable to work because of ill health, payments are made for you until you can return to work, up to a specified age or until the end of the term of your policy.

answer: (d) Waiver

A7 In 1971, the American Municipal Bond <u>Assurance</u> Corporation was created to insure against default the principal and interest of municipal bonds; the first issue it insured was a general obligation bond for construction of a medical facility in Alaska.

answer: (a) Assurance

A8 A <u>Coverdell</u> Education Savings Account is a custodial account or trust organized or created in the US for the sole purpose of paying qualified education expenses for its designated beneficiary; monies deposited in this account grow tax free until distributed, but contributions to it are not deductible.

answer: (b) Coverdell

A9 The Federal <u>Reserve</u> Board took action on the 17th of August to permit banks to line up at the Fed window and turn in sub-prime mortgages at full face value in return for 100% Fed cash, and several hundred billion dollars in dodgy assets were turned over.

answer: (d) Reserve

A10 <u>Inheritance</u> Tax can be payable on an estate when a person dies or when assets are transferred to a company or into a discretionary trust, but for most estates no IHT will be payable because they are within the nil rate range. answer: (b) Inheritance

- A1 One of the most common Canadian investment structures is <u>an RRSP</u>, which isn't a normal investment, but an account allowing an individual to save money for retirement while lowering the income tax.
   answer: (d) an RRSP
- A2 According to the Tax <u>Reform</u> Act of 1993, organization dues that are spent to lobby State and Federal governments are nondeductible for income tax purposes, and the portion so used must be disclosed to members on their dues invoice.

answer: (b) Reform

- A3 The owner or individual shall pay an annual state ad <u>valorem</u> tax of twenty-nine and one-half cents (\$0.295) for each one hundred dollars (\$100) of value for all real property assessed for taxation. answer: (d) valorem
- A4 A bank acting as a mutual fund <u>custodian</u> is required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to keep mutual fund portfolio securities separate from its other bank assets.

answer: (d) custodian

A5 <u>Prime</u> paper, which has three Moody's Investor's Service ratings, P-1 through P-3, is the highest quality commercial paper.

answer: (c) Prime

A6 In 1909, the 16th amendment to the US Constitution was sent out to all the state legislatures after having been passed by the US Congress; it was necessary for three-quarters of them to approve it in order for it to be *ratified*.

answer: (c) ratified

A7 Bottom <u>fishers</u> Bill Dunmark and Jim Laxter, who invest in financially troubled companies through their \$500 million Silver Fund, have been refinancing or closing deals to invest almost \$300 million in various businesses wobbling under accumulated 1980s debt.

answer: (b) fishers

- A8 Capital <u>Employed</u> comes from long term liabilities and ordinary shareholders; it is the effective amount of money actually being used for business, irrespective of whether it comes from the owners, creditors or banks.
   answer: (b) Employed
- A9 The most reliable source of economic analysis available is the Asian Image <u>consensus</u> forecast; this publication gives you the essence of research by leading economists from financial institutions such as J.P. Morgan, Goldman Sachs, Citigroup and Deutsche Bank.

answer: (d) consensus

A10 The coupon rate does not change over time, but the coupon <u>yield</u> changes and reflects the return the coupon represents based on current market prices for the bond.
 answer: (d) yield

- A1 With equity financing, your investors may disagree with you on decisions, making it best to sell out and let them have the business; but if you believe in your business idea and don't want to sell out, you should look into <u>debt</u> financing and retain control over the direction of your venture. answer: (b) debt
- A2 <u>Performance</u> bonds are securities provided to developers by contractors; they consist of undertakings by insurance companies or banks to pay the employers if the contractors default under their contracts. answer: (a) Performance
- A3 Avoid becoming an investment sheep by tracking the movements of the <u>smart</u> money: it is the first to arrive at investment parties when the cover charge is low, and it always buys low and sells high mostly to the sheep, who trade on others' suggestions and on emotion.

answer: (c) smart

- A4 As a bankrupt, all of one's liabilities and assets are placed in one's bankruptcy estate, which is managed by the trustee <u>in</u> bankruptcy, who organizes the selling of the assets and paying of the creditors. answer: (b) in
- A5 A restrictive <u>covenant</u> is a contractual clause that proscribes an ex-employee's competition with his exemployer or prohibits the ex-employee from taking customers away with him by using information acquired during employment.

answer: (b) covenant

A6 To find out which stock and cash dividends you will get when you buy a stock, you should look at two important dates, the date of record and the *ex*-dividend date.

answer: (a) ex

- A7 The farther in-the-money or out-of-the-money an option goes, the smaller <u>gamma</u> is.
   answer: (b) gamma
- A8 Big companies often gobble up other companies, intending to blend these acquisitions into their own operations, but <u>holding</u> companies keep the companies that they buy more separate.
   answer: (a) holding
- A9 Classifying forest industry companies as <u>smokestack</u> industry egregiously understates the technological advances in the industry; paper manufacturing is now incredibly high tech, with production guided from monitors located in comfortable control rooms.

answer: (c) smokestack

A10 <u>Itemized</u> deductions let you convert otherwise taxable income into non-taxable income (usually up to 2% of your adjusted gross income) if you spend some of your money on tax-privileged items such as local and state taxes, health care, charitable donations, and mortgage interest.

answer: (b) Itemized

- A1 In <u>master</u> limited partnerships, investors buy units instead of shares and are consequently referred to as unitholders; there are two classes of owners limited partners and general partners. answer: (c) master
- A2 If they increase, bank <u>non-performing</u> assets can potentially trigger significant credit losses; they create a serious drag on margin and the bottom line, and they must be financed with equity, borrowings, or bank deposits. answer: (a) non-performing
- A3 Certain dispositions are not exchanges or sales, but the Internal Revenue Code includes provisions that deem them exchanges or sales so as to prevent the taxpayer from claiming an <u>ordinary</u> loss on a transaction that should more appropriately be considered a capital loss.

answer: (d) ordinary

A4 Mortgages have <u>due-on-sale</u> clauses because lenders need to know who they're lending money to and when the loan will be paid off; they don't want to lend one guy money for a house then find that another guy with lower income or equity or bad credit now has the house.

answer: (b) due

A5 The <u>prime</u> rate, which tracks rather closely with other short-term interest rates like the rate for overnight federal funds, is a base or reference rate which financial institutions utilize in setting interest rates for some consumer loans and most commercial loans.

answer: (c) prime

- A6 Dogpatch emphasizes yield and lack of risk in its investment policy and allows short term investment only in high quality commercial paper bearing the highest rating by at least one nationally recognized rating <u>service</u>. answer: (a) service
- A7 In the first quarter of 2006, the US Treasury held its first auction since 2001 for its 30-year or '<u>long'</u> bond; this bond is favored by investors because they can lock in a safe, enduring interest rate for their portfolio.
   answer: (a) long
- A8 The Bank of Japan provides the markets with securities <u>lending</u> of Japanese government securities held by the Bank as a temporary and secondary source, because liquidity may decline when participants have difficulty obtaining specific issues or face uncertainty over availability.

answer: (c) lending

A9 The mutual fund <u>symbol</u>, seen on the internet at any broker's website or at Bigcharts.com, for the Rydex Family of funds is RYURX and for the DAL Family of funds is FUNDX.

answer: (d) symbol

A10 Annuitants or employees covered under the Group Life Insurance program are eligible for <u>living</u> benefits if they have been diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of less than 9 months and have not assigned their insurance.

answer: (b) living

A1 During and after the Securities and Exchange Commission investigation in the1970s, more than 400 US companies admitted to illegal or <u>questionable</u> payments in excess of US\$200 million to foreign political parties, politicians and officials.

answer: (d) questionable

A2 These payments ran the gamut from 'facilitating' payments to ensure government officials <u>discharged</u> certain duties to bribery to secure some favorable action by foreign governments.

answer: (b) discharged

- A3 The US Congress enacted the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act in order to <u>bring</u> a halt to bribing foreign functionaries and restore public confidence in the honesty of the US system of business.
   answer: (a) bring
- A4 A number of companies that bribed foreign officials received large fines, along with suspension and <u>debarment</u> from US government procurement contracting, while some employees and executives went to prison.

answer: (a) debarment

A5 After passage of the Act, Congress was worried that US firms were now at a disadvantage to foreign firms, who <u>routinely</u> used bribery and were actually permitted in some countries to use the cost of such payments as business expense deductions on their tax returns.

answer: (c) routinely

A6 From 1999, the anti-bribery provisions of the Act have also applied to foreign individuals and companies who take any action in *furtherance* of such corrupt payments while in the USA.

answer: (b) furtherance

A7 The Act's accounting provisions, designed to operate in <u>tandem</u> with its anti-bribery provisions, require companies to keep records that accurately reflect their transactions and to maintain adequate internal controls.

answer: (c) tandem

A8 Regarding the basic prohibition against bribery, several elements must be met in order for the act to <u>constitute</u> a violation of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

answer: (c) constitute

A9 Persons and corporations can also be penalized if they authorize, order or assist anyone else to violate the anti-bribery provisions of the FCPA or if they <u>conspire</u> to violate them.

answer: (c) conspire

A10 It is illegal to pay a third party while knowing that some or all of that payment will go directly or indirectly to a foreign official: the Act forbids corrupt payment through *intermediaries.* answer: (d) intermediaries

- A1 The International Chamber of Commerce Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits *governs* all letters of credit for international transactions.
   answer: (a) governs
- A2 The general definitions and provisions of the ICCUCPDC are <u>binding</u> on all parties. answer: (a) binding
- A3 A commercial letter of credit is a contractual agreement between an issuing bank, on behalf of its customer, authorizing a confirming or advising bank to pay a beneficiary.
   answer: (a) authorizing
- A4 At the request of its customer, the issuing bank <u>opens</u> the letter of credit. answer: (b) opens
- A5 With this, the issuing bank is making a commitment to <u>honor</u> all drawings made under the letter. answer: (c) honor
- A6 In essence, the issuing bank is replacing its customer as the <u>payee</u>. answer: (d) payee
- A7 A letter of credit is a separate and <u>distinct</u> transaction from the contract that it is based on. answer: (c) distinct
- A8 All parties <u>deal</u> in documents and not in goods; the issuing bank is not liable for performance of the underlying contract between the customer and beneficiary.

answer: (a) deal

- A9 The beneficiary, when requesting payment, <u>warrants</u> that it has complied with all conditions of the agreement. answer: (d) warrants
- A10 The bank must pay the seller if the latter <u>conforms</u> to the letter of credit. answer: (d) conforms

- A1 Since the announcement of their strategic alliance, the two businesses are <u>articulating</u> plans to show how their partnership can create new ways for financial institutions to conduct business and engage their customers. answer: (a) articulating
- A2 Lenders and banks around the world are facing increasingly <u>penetrated</u> markets, so they are realizing that future gains may depend on their ability to expand the potential and value of their existing customer base. answer: (d) penetrated
- A3 "We can put financial institutions on the fast track to new levels of profitability and performance by <u>augmenting</u> our world-class business consultancy with our unique customer insight and predictive technologies," said their vice-president, Akio Shibata.

answer: (b) augmenting

A4 Their spokesman explained how this partnership can provide full <u>spectrum</u> partnering opportunities across many decision-making processes, from joint service offerings and integrated implementation to complete outsourcing.

answer: (d) spectrum

A5 He said, "This partnership is about NEC <u>embellishing</u> our solutions by spreading Yamashita decision technology to all facets of customer management, engagement and influence."

answer: (b) embellishing

A6 Financial institutions will be able to <u>leverage</u> Yamashita technology in new ways because of NEC's solid relationship with its customers' enterprises.

answer: (c) leverage

A7 As a result of this relationship, NEC customers will enjoy improvement in long running analytics performance via *grid* enablement of key applications.

answer: (b) grid

A8 "NEC can rapidly carry us into geographies that we have not traditionally served and demonstrate to those financial institutions the value that can be <u>realized</u> from Yamashita's having touched so many transactions in the markets."

answer: (c) realized

A9 "NEC offers the <u>caliber</u> of consulting that can help institutions take much greater advantage of Yamashita technology," Shibata said.

answer: (a) caliber

A10 Citing an example, Shibata said that the partners are currently working to <u>align</u> fraud detection systems with ATM networks.

answer: (a) align

- A1 The reduction of uncertainty in the physical supply chain requires cooperation between trading partners; this uncertainty is reduced *incrementally* but requires adequate investment from both of the partners.
   answer: (b) incrementally
- A2 During the initial development of integrated supply chains, the more powerful of the partners <u>dictated</u> their requirements.

answer: (c) dictated

- A3 With, for example, <u>a just-in-time</u> system, timely delivery of components lowered the working capital needed by a powerful customer, while the supplier had to investment heavily to adapt their system.
   answer: (a) a just-in-time
- A4 The system is uncertain for the supplier because the payment receipt date is unknown, yet powerful customers are <u>reluctant</u> to invest in providing a more certain system because it is the supplier that receives the benefit.

answer: (d) reluctant

A5 Instead of cooperating in the removal of costs from their supply chain, the customer's finance functions may take <u>an opportunistic</u> approach: payments may be delayed in order to match cash flows or operational processes.

answer: (b) an opportunistic

A6 A smaller supplier may also <u>incur</u> higher charges for foreign exchange transactions and cash management services.

answer: (d) incur

A7 With regard to the financial supply chain, it has been proving problematic to implement a sure system for invoice input and <u>generation</u> of payment orders.

answer: (c) generation

A8 However, in the long run, the process of *iterative* improvements in the supply chain demands close cooperation.

answer: (c) iterative

A9 Instead of apportioning savings to each partner for every investment, the focus is shifted to a more general form of <u>reciprocation</u>.

answer: (a) reciprocation

A10 The thrust of the trading relationship can then shift from competition between partners and focus instead upon cooperation within the supply chain and <u>adversarial</u> competition between chains.
 answer: (d) adversarial

- With regard to volatility in foreign currencies, corporate finance people are faced today with having to manage risk on a constantly changing playing field which is <u>fraught</u> with challenges.
   answer: (b) fraught
- A2 Within a regulatory environment recently upset by a <u>spate</u> of financial scandals, the rules of the FX game are now staggeringly complicated, with an increased burden of compliance on financial accounting and reporting departments.

answer: (d) spate

- A3 This has led to a host of issues regarding operations within most multinational companies, transforming FX risk from what was once considered a departmental concern into a <u>bona fide</u> risk to the whole enterprise. answer: (a) bona fide
- A4 This focus on reporting and compliance translates into a shift of resources away from treasury, the traditional <u>steward</u> for management of corporate risk, and into the controller's office.

answer: (d) steward

A5 Withdraw those resources and add in the demands on treasurers of a seemingly <u>insatiable</u> corporate appetite for growth through mergers and acquisitions, and we can see why employee turnover in treasury is reaching unprecedented rates.

answer: (a) insatiable

A6 <u>Taken</u> as a whole, the stress to which the staff, systems and processes that corporations rely on to protect corporate value from FX volatility are subjected amounts to a perfect storm.

answer: (d) Taken

A7 From one viewpoint, currency fluctuation risk is a relatively easy risk to handle: exchange-traded options and forward contracts can lock in exchange rates and protect cash flow and financial statements from the effects of currency <u>swings.</u>

answer: (d) swings

A8 There are fundamental problems with the underlying transaction data used by organizations to calculate and manage FX exposure, and one contributor to these data problems is manual accounting processes which lead to persistent, *systemic* errors.

answer: (d) systemic

- A9 Frequently, such problems show up in regional offices, where a foreign currency transaction is converted on the <u>fly</u> and entered into the general ledger in the local currency instead of the transaction currency.
   answer: (b) fly
- A10 Solving the problem will require more rigorous training to ensure adherence to proper accounting procedures and a clear understanding of the impact of <u>flawed</u> practices.
   answer: (b) flawed

- A1 Banker's acceptances, bills of exchange and unsecured notes are the major types of <u>straight</u> paper.
   answer: (d) straight
- A2 One key question when choosing and implementing any stock selection model is how long excess returns are produced; identifying a model's optimal <u>holding</u> period or longevity helps reduce portfolio turnover and maximize returns. answer: (c) holding
- A3 In order to take advantage of the pain being suffered on Wall Street, Castle Investments is adding 1.2 billion dollars to the <u>war chest</u> it has already amassed; the extra cash will be added to its 2.2 billion dollar 'credit opportunities' fund for investment in distressed assets.

answer: (d) war chest

- A4 Just as with forecasting the weather, <u>technical</u> analysis doesn't produce absolute predictions of future trends in the market, but it can help investors in anticipating what is likely to happen to prices, especially over the short term. answer: (d) technical
- A5 The <u>American</u> option exhibits the same cash flow potential as its international counterparts with the same underlying strike price and date of expiry, but one advantage is that the investor can choose when to exercise his option if he suddenly needs to unload the security.

answer: (b) American

- A6 <u>The Crash of 1987</u> stands out as one of the most remarkable 20th century financial events because of its suddenness, the unprecedented extent by which world markets fell — 23 percent — and its total lack of explanation. answer: (c) The Crash of 1987
- A7 The Federal Reserve <u>discount</u> rate is the interest rate received by commercial banks and other depository institutions on loans from the regional FRB's lending facility; the rates are the same across all Reserve Banks with the exception of days around a rate change.

answer: (b) discount

A8 Many couples now open a *joint* bank account while keeping their separate accounts: they each pay a specified amount into the former, using this to pay household expenses, while they retain their own financial independence and avoid the use of money as power in the relationship.

answer: (b) joint

A9 The firm invested funds in repurchase agreements (short-term obligations secured by government obligations) and <u>master</u> notes (unsecured obligations) issued by banks; both represent money on deposit or accounts receivable contracted in the course of business.

answer: (c) master

A10 <u>A real estate</u> investment trust specifically invests in properties producing income and then passes the profits on to its investors as dividends; indeed, it must distribute at least 90% of its profits in order to qualify for preferential tax treatment.

answer: (c) A real estate

- A1 Venture capitalists are often willing to provide non-monetary '<u>add-on</u>' services to young businesses which they wish to grow, helping gather the management team and prepare the company for its initial public offering, for example.
   answer: (b) add-on
- A2 <u>Ratio</u> analysis is a useful tool for making comparisons between other businesses in your industry and your own; for instance, it can indicate whether your business is collecting receivables too slowly or holding too much inventory. answer: (c) Ratio
- A3 Reliable Resources announced that it has closed <u>a bought</u> deal financing of 3.9 million of its common shares at \$11 per share; the underwriters have an option to buy up to 600,000 more shares at the same price to cover overallotments and for market stabilization purposes.

answer: (a) a bought

A4 Capital stock consists of buildings, equipment and intermediate goods not directly consumed and, combined with labor, it produces a flow that yields all the goods and services produced in the economy; 'capital <u>formation</u>' is simply the enlargement of this capital stock.

answer: (c) formation

A5 <u>Snowballing</u> is the momentum which sometimes results from rapid business activity increases, and with securities, it is the process by which the exercise of stop orders in an advancing or declining market causes increased upward or downward pressure on prices.

answer: (c) Snowballing

A6 In finance, <u>covariance</u>, a statistical measure of the correlation in variations in two different quantities, is used to evaluate the annual return rates for different investments and measure the correlation of the changes in their performance from year to year.

answer: (a) covariance

- A7 MacLennon Group Ltd accesses international debt markets via its USD 20 billion World Debt Program, a comprehensive borrowing program that involves issuing a variety of <u>instruments</u> in a range of markets. answer: (b) instruments
- A8 <u>A warranty</u> deed is a deed which promises the buyer that the seller holds clear, unencumbered title to the property. answer: (d) A warranty
- A9 Some dealers in US securities use made-up or dummy <u>CUSIP</u> numbers on the first trading day or until they can update their systems with the actual numbers, but this is a poor solution because many dealers cannot submit prices using them.

answer: (d) CUSIP

A10 This bond's issuer normally asks an independent attorney to give an opinion about the terms, call provisions, its taxing authority limitations, the propriety of the physical certificate, etc, but not all munis are issued with this opinion, and these are designated as <u>ex-legal</u>.

answer: (a) ex-legal

A1 <u>Gathering</u> in the stops is a manipulative practice in which a trader sells a large number of a stock in order to bring down its price to a level where stop orders exist; these are then activated, touching off other stop orders, and the process snowballs.

answer: (c) Gathering

A2 Legally, a settlor is one who settles property for the benefit of a beneficiary; in legal systems, a settlor can also be referred to as a grantor, a *trustor*, or a donor.

answer: (d) trustor

- With the issuance of capital stock, the Capital Stock account is credited with the issued shares' par value, while the excess (if any) of the market value received over par is credited to the Additional <u>Paid-in</u> Capital account. answer: (d) Paid-in
- A4 When a mutual fund sells any holdings, it is required by law to distribute to its shareholders essentially all the gains in capital gains <u>distributions</u>; these, which typically occur once or twice a year, are made primarily for tax purposes.

answer: (d) distributions

A5 The <u>annual percentage rate does not affect monthly mortgage payments</u>, which are a function of interest rate and loan term; its purpose is to indicate the true loan cost, preventing lenders from advertising low rates while hiding fees.

answer: (a) annual

A6 A *living* trust is created in order to hold ownership of a person's assets during the individual's lifetime and to distribute them after death; normally, the grantor may serve as a trustee and control those assets even though they are the property of the trust.

answer: (b) living

- A7 On 5 August 1997, Bill Clinton signed into law the Taxpayer <u>Relief</u> Act of 1997 and the Balanced Budget Act of 1997; the tax law made over 800 changes to the US's massive tax code, affecting nearly every taxpayer.
   answer: (a) Relief
- A8 Real Estate Mortgage Investment <u>Conduits</u> (REMICs) are very complex, but the basic concept is that the cash flow from an underlying pool of whole loans are tranched or sliced up into separate securities with different time-to-maturity horizons and cash flow characteristics.

answer: (c) Conduits

A9 <u>Ordinary</u> interest is interest based not on a 365-day year but on a 360-day year, and this can result in a significant difference.

answer: (c) Ordinary

A10 Abandoning <u>performance</u>-based compensation is difficult, because some employees always want to contribute more and logically expect more in return, demanding differentiation in salaries.

answer: (c) performance

A1 A good way to gain a lot of income with minimal volatility is with a <u>prime</u> rate fund invested in bank loans; banks make these loans to companies as part of leveraged buyout deals and then sell them to mutual funds and other institutional investors.

answer: (c) prime

A2 The internationally-accepted transfer pricing standard applied for tax purposes is the <u>arm's-length</u> price; this standard separates tax considerations from economic decisions and promotes international trade and investment growth.

answer: (a) arm's-length

A3 A <u>consensus</u> recommendation is a good way to gain a broad view, but it doesn't necessarily offer the best solution for the investor; the criteria used by each analyst may vary, so it should be considered only as an indicator.

answer: (c) consensus

A4 <u>Resyndication</u> limited partnerships are partnerships in which new limited partners buy the existing properties in order to receive tax advantages that the old partners can no longer claim.

answer: (d) Resyndication

A5 Typically, <u>securities</u> loans are collateralized, reducing the lender's credit exposure to the borrower; the collateral may be a letter of credit, cash, or other stocks, bonds or investments.

answer: (d) securities

A6 The direct <u>rollover</u> method of transfer from employer-sponsored plan to employee IRA allows the latter to avoid IRS withholding tax deducted with a distribution by the company plan to the employee, even if the employee intends to place it immediately into an IRA.

answer: (d) rollover

A7 The bond's <u>straight</u> value is its value disregarding its share conversion option and based solely on its future cash payments (its maturity value plus coupons).

answer: (d) straight

A8 You should invest in mutual funds with a low portfolio <u>turnover</u> ratio, which means that the fund manager does less buying-and-selling and more buying-and-holding, thus making the fund more tax-efficient and helping you in the long run.

answer: (d) turnover

A9 The foundation of <u>arbitrage</u> pricing theory is the concept that a security's price is driven by several factors, both company-specific factors and macro factors.

answer: (a) arbitrage

A10 Including such names as BMW and Bayer, the <u>DAX</u> 100 is the abbreviation for Deutscher Aktienindex 100, which is a price-weighted index for Germany's top one hundred stocks.
 answer: (d) DAX

- A1 Congress has mandated that each Federal Reserve Bank must hold collateral, chiefly US securities and gold certificates, which is equal in value to the Federal Reserve <u>notes</u> which the Bank receives. answer: (d) notes
- A2 LEAPS (Long-term Equity <u>Anticipation</u> Securities) are options that expire up to three years in the future; calls provide investors a chance to participate in upward movements without outright stock purchases, while puts provide a hedge against a decline in their stocks.

answer: (c) Anticipation

- A3 City governments issue tax-exempt <u>mutual</u> improvement certificates in order to finance specific public works projects; the cities then assess more taxes on the beneficiaries of these improvements.
   answer: (b) mutual
- A4 The <u>termination</u> statement documents the borrower's fulfillment of a collateralized loan repayment; after the borrower has paid off the loan, the lender no longer has rights of ownership to the assets used as collateral. answer: (d) termination
- A5 The minimum distributions from <u>an inherited</u> IRA are calculated on the beneficiary's expected longevity, not that of the original owner; standard single-life or life-expectancy tables are used in determining how much the beneficiary must receive each year.

answer: (c) an inherited

- A6 <u>An arm's length</u> transaction is one made by parties freely and independently of one another, and without any special relationship, such as one party having complete control of the other, having another deal on the side or being a relative. answer: (b) An arm's length
- A7 Even if a prospective homebuyer can prove a steady income source and is not in arrears on any financial obligations, a sufficient level of bank <u>credit</u> to allow approval of a mortgage still depends on the overall financial health of the loan applicant.

answer: (d) credit

A8 If an account holder overdraws her account, then the bank has the choice of either paying the amount or not; if it returns the check without paying it, she'll be charged <u>a bounced</u>-check or non-sufficient funds fee, and if it pays, she'll be charged an overdraft fee.

answer: (b) a bounced

- A9 If you have received <u>a nonperiodic</u> distribution from your qualified retirement plan before the annuity starting date, you can usually allocate only part of it to the cost of the contract; the remainder you must include in gross income. answer: (d) a nonperiodic
- A10 PayPal appears to have at last posted a realistic estimate of eCheque <u>clearance</u> time: eCheque emails always defaulted in the past to the US standard of 3 to 4 working days, but from today they have begun estimating a more realistic 7 to 9 working days.

answer: (a) clearance

- A1 For the past several years we have seen a big change in cyber-crime; although the <u>sheer</u> number of crimes has risen considerably substantially, that is not the complete story.
   answer: (b) sheer
- A2 Just increasing the quantities of manpower and money that a company throws <u>at</u> this problem is no longer sufficient to keep pace with all the changes.

answer: (b) at

A3 Cyber-criminals, along with the cyber-crimes that they <u>perpetrate</u>, are constantly evolving, and our approaches and methods must also change in order to guard our company from this new wave.

answer: (c) perpetrate

- A4 Only a few years ago, cyber-criminals were primarily young male nerds doing it as an experiment or just for fun; they were not <u>out to</u> profit from their efforts but just wanted to impress their girlfriends or peers.
   answer: (b) out to
- A5 They were not trying to cause major disruptions or steal money; changing the company website logo was acceptable, but crashing the entire system and then <u>extorting</u> money to restore it was unthinkable.

answer: (c) extorting

A6 In those days, hackers were just earning bragging rights and boosting their egos; the activity was only a <u>rung</u> or two up the intellectual ladder from train-spotting.

answer: (c) rung

- A7 Nowadays, the hackers' primary targets are e-commerce websites and their customer databases, and their operations are so <u>slick</u> that stolen data is misused within seconds of its being entered by the unwitting victims. answer: (b) slick
- A8 Today, e-commerce's main growth area is in replacing traditional telephone-based or over-the-counter transactions with web-based applications, and of course hackers have <u>latched</u> onto this. answer: (a) latched
- A9 Now at the disposal of cyber-criminals are all the resources of organised crime, which knows that police forces globally are <u>woefully</u> under-resourced for attacking internet fraud.
   answer: (c) woefully
- A10 Efforts need to be focused on the building of secure applications that cannot be <u>compromised</u>. answer: (c) compromised

- A1 Chesterfield suggests that the traditional hierarchical model of planning which places communications alongside the other marketing mix variables is due for a <u>rethink</u>.
   answer: (c) rethink
- A2 All marketing communication is not elevated to a strategic role, though; a distinction exists between tactical communications supporting individual marketing initiatives and strategic communications that inform all of a company's activities <u>emanating</u> from the highest levels.

answer: (b) emanating

A3 Communication is qualitatively different from the other ingredients of the marketing mix; increasingly, the traditional marketing functions of price, product and distribution are hygiene factors, while communications is becoming a higher <u>order</u> tool.

answer: (a) order

A4 This is especially true for companies with <u>pervasive</u> brand values, but it likely means a change in how every marketing department sees itself.

answer: (d) pervasive

A5 More and more, corporations need to pursue strategic vertical integration, speaking with a single voice from the shop shelf right up to the CEO's office, even though this realignment might <u>eclipse</u> the latter's former preeminent role.

answer: (a) eclipse

A6 Push' strategies give incentives to distributors and retailers to stock and push their products, but this metaphor <u>rankles</u> the received marketing wisdom of finding and satisfying a need, not imposing the product on the customer.

answer: (d) rankles

- A7 On the other hand, pull' strategies utilize consumer-directed techniques like sales <u>promotions</u> and advertising to stimulate demand in an effort to pull the product or the service through the channel to the consumer.
   answer: (d) promotions
- A8 Pull and push strategies are not mutually exclusive; for example, an advertising campaign pointed directly at the consumer will be viewed by intermediaries, which will presumably <u>bolster</u> their confidence in stocking the product advertised.

answer: (a) bolster

A9 The likelihood is that a vertically-integrated approach to communications will incorporate a <u>blurring</u> of the demarcation lines between the intermediary and the marketer.

answer: (a) blurring

A10 However, the staff responsible for each kind of strategy are likely to work independently in most companies, and this situation is probably the main barrier to effective vertical integration of the sort <u>envisaged</u> by Chesterfield.
 answer: (b) envisaged

- A1 It becomes increasingly important for leisure service agencies to be able to respond to all <u>constituents</u> in their communities as their ethnicities become more diverse.
   answer: (a) constituents
- A2 In order to incorporate changes, the professional leisure service provider needs to re-conceive his idea of the individual and broaden his <u>notions</u> of service delivery.

answer: (d) notions

- A3 Most observers are now familiar with the important changes in the ethnic <u>composition</u> of the United States. answer: (a) composition
- A4 According to 2000 <u>census</u> data, the increase in minority populations was at nearly twice the rate as appeared in the 1980s.

answer: (c) census

A5 A good deal of the increase was among people of Hispanic <u>ancestry</u> — a 60% increase from 1980, or 8 million people.

answer: (a) ancestry

- A6 By 2100, people of <u>color</u> collectively will be the majority in California.answer: (a) color
- A7 <u>Irrespective</u> of anyone's reaction to this, such significant changes indicate that a new reality has emerged, with implications for all recreation, park, and leisure service providers.

answer: (c) Irrespective

A8 Traditionally, recreation service agencies have functioned from a reductionist viewpoint where individuals were considered to be made up of discrete and identifiable parts instead of <u>holistic</u> entities.

answer: (b) holistic

A9 Smithson et al (1992) offer an alternative viewpoint: they <u>argue</u> that the individual must be thought of as a total organism with more than only leisure needs.

answer: (a) argue

*A10* In addition, after the individual has been re-conceived, the <u>repertoire</u> of roles that the professional can then utilize broadens to incorporate more than direct service.

answer: (d) repertoire

A1 Some entrepreneurs think that selling to the widest market is the surest path to success; they are hesitant to go after a market niche because they're afraid that they will lose business by <u>turning</u> away customers.
 answer: (d) turning

A2 But this 'take all <u>comers</u>' approach is not very effective. answer: (b) comers

A3 It is difficult to <u>stand</u> out if you market your business lacking a set of distinctive prospects in mind. answer: (a) stand

A4 Entering a niche means that you will not be competing with many similar companies on price alone, and if you are selling products or services customized to the needs or *predispositions* of a specific group of customers, you can frequently charge more.

answer: (d) predispositions

- A5 The procedure begins with your market research: you should analyze your competitors, your best potential customers, and your ability to serve these customers so well that they will make you their vendor of <u>choice</u>. answer: (a) choice
- A6 Market research can be compared to sticking your <u>toe</u> into the swimming pool before you plunge in. answer: (d) toe
- A7 After you have learned which customers you want to reach and what their needs are, you can adapt your service or product to match their needs more nearly and <u>craft</u> a message that reflects your customer as well as your business.

answer: (b) craft

A8 To decide whether a particular niche is right for your business, ask yourself if you can <u>tailor</u> its identity, services and products to address that market's particular needs.

answer: (b) tailor

- A9 You should also determine whether your target market is currently <u>underserved</u>. answer: (a) underserved
- A10 The more that your business specializes, the more its market will see the value of your products or services because you are *speaking* directly to their unique situation.

answer: (d) speaking

- A1 In many ways, wider Europe is <u>mirrored</u> in the Nordic region, which is characterized by similarities in language, law and history but has different cultures and currencies.
   answer: (b) mirrored
- A2 The Nordics wanted to create a single regional capital market, but some of its exchanges and post-trading infrastructure providers remained *fiercely* independent or joined forces with partners outside the region. answer: (b) fiercely
- A3 In today's globalized age, issuers and investors both want and need deep, liquid markets operating at the lowest possible cost in the most risk-<u>averse</u> and efficient fashion.
   answer: (b) averse
- A4 Sharing access, expertise, operability, and international mergers and alliances are all becoming realities, but in any kind of innovative cooperation, there are <u>bound</u> to be glitches in delivering tangible benefits.
   answer: (b) bound
- A5 For instance, in Sweden last year, there were <u>bruises</u> to the reputation of the Stockholm Exchange when it took a hammering for technical problems that closed it for most of the business day.

answer: (a) bruises

- A6 However, such cases are really only minor <u>*blips*</u> in what is proving already to be a fruitful combination. answer: (a) blips
- A7 The decision to sell NCSD, which <u>comprises</u> the central security depositories for Sweden and Finland, is a fine opportunity for participants in these two markets to reach more foreign trading parties and lower international transaction expenses.

answer: (d) comprises

A8 Without such <u>harmonization</u> of market practices and consolidation of infrastructure, financial professionals can expect only greater complexities and costs in the future as globalization continues.

answer: (c) harmonization

- A9 And during <u>turbulent</u> times, cost containment becomes ever more relevant, as we have all come to learn. answer: (d) turbulent
- A10 Euroclear has been contributing to process standardization in EU capital markets, and it is also working on <u>converging</u> the multiple-transaction processing platforms which it runs onto one single platform. answer: (c) converging