

IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook 2021, Digital 2021, Talent 2020: summaries

COUNTRY PROFILE

GREECE



WORLD COMPETITIVENESS RANKING **2021**

All data are available from the World Competitiveness Online.

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OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



CHALLENGES IN 2021

- Introduce special measures to constraint the social and economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Expand the national production base by promoting industrial
- Easing access to funding for private enterprises.
- Introduce special programmes for the transformation of local industrial sectors towards industry 4.0.
- Accelerate the digital transformation of the public sector.

Federation of Industries of Greece (SBE), Thessaloniki

Capital	Athens	
Land area (square km '000)	I32 ²⁰²⁰	
Exchange Rate (per \$)	0.876 2020	
Population - market size (millions)	10.71 2020	36
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (US\$ billions)	189.4 ²⁰²⁰	46
GDP (PPP) per capita (US\$)	28,747 2020	42
Real GDP growth (%)	-8.2 ²⁰²⁰	54
Consumer price inflation (%)	-I.26 ²⁰²⁰	3
Unemployment rate (%)	16.46 2020	60
Labor force (millions)	4.63 2020	41

Rank

62

53

30

-6.70 ²⁰²⁰

40.5 2019

2.43 2019

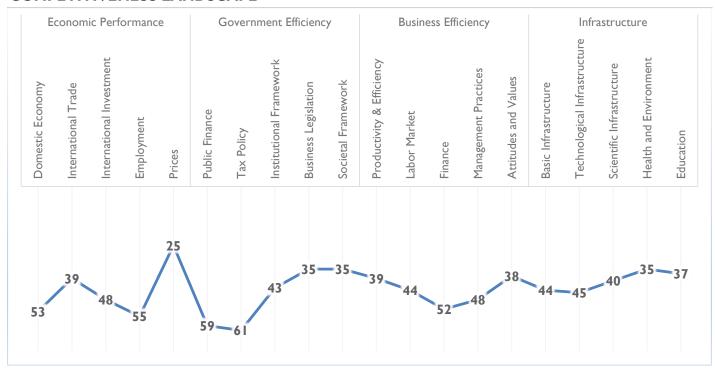
BASIC FACTS

Current account balance (% of GDP)

Direct investment stocks inward (\$bn)

Direct investment flows inward (% of GDP)

COMPETITIVENESS LANDSCAPE



PEER GROUPS RANKINGS

EUROPE - MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA (41 countries)



POPULATIONS < 20 MILLION (35 countries)



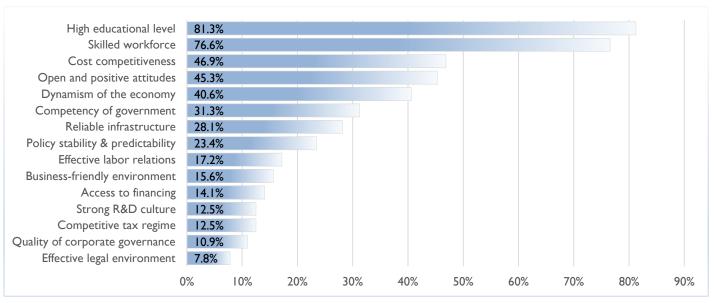
COMPETITIVENESS EVOLUTION

The criteria below highlight the 15 biggest Improvements and the 15 biggest Declines in the overall performance of the economy. They are determined by the largest percentage changes in the value of each criterion from one yearbook to the next.

	WCY	WCY		WCY	WCY
IMPROVEMENTS	2020	202 I	DECLINES	2020	202 I
1.5.01 Consumer price inflation	0.52	-1.26	3.2.14 Labor force long-term growth	-0.30	-2.92
1.1.13 Economic complexity index	0.13	0.42	2.1.02 Government budget surplus/deficit (%)	1.46	-9.73
2.3.07 Foreign currency reserves per capita	793	1,115	I.I.14 Real GDP growth	1.9	-8.2
3.5.02 Image abroad or branding	4.35	6.06	1.1.15 Real GDP growth per capita	2.03	-8.13
2.1.08 Tax evasion	2.54	3.47	1.2.02 Current account balance	-1.37	-6.70
2.3.12 Bureaucracy	2.20	2.89	2.4.07 Government subsidies	1.09	3.57
1.1.19 Resilience of the economy	3.58	4.56	2.3.08 Exchange rate stability	0.005	0.017
2.3.10 Adaptability of government policy	4.68	5.94	1.1.18 Gross fixed capital formation - real growth	4.68	-0.65
3.3.17 Venture capital	3.36	4.19	2.2.08 Consumption tax rate	13.00	24.00
3.2.22 Foreign highly-skilled personnel	2.95	3.63	1.2.12 Exports of commercial services (\$bn)	44.71	25.80
3.3.01 Banking sector assets	112.36	135.09	1.2.13 Exports of commercial services (%)	21.31	13.62
3.2.23 International experience	5.06	6.03	1.4.04 Employment - long-term growth	11.70	7.93
2.3.02 Cost of capital	3.33	3.97	2.5.02 Homicide	0.73	0.94
2.2.11 Real personal taxes	2.43	2.86	2.1.04 Total general government debt (%)	179.05	213.10
4.1.07 Population - growth	-0.16	-0.13	1.5.04 Office rent	354	406

KEY ATTRACTIVENESS INDICATORS

From a list of 15 indicators, respondents of the Executive Opinion Survey were asked to select 5 that they perceived as the key attractiveness factors of their economy. The chart shows the percentage of responses per indicator from the highest number of responses to the lowest.

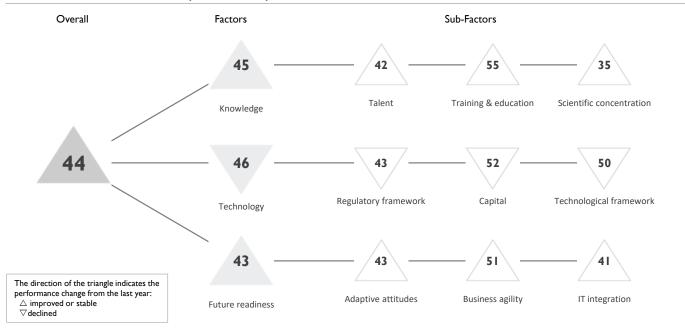


WORLD COMPETITIVENESS DIGITAL RANKING **2021**

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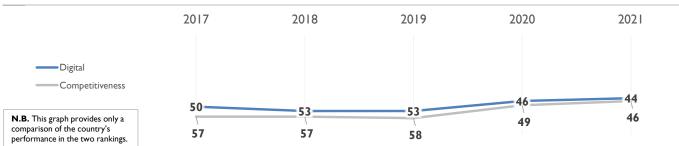
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OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

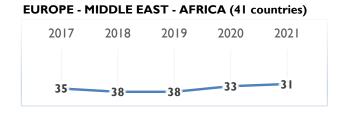


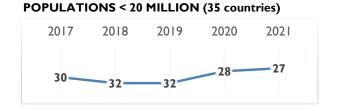
OVERALL & FACTORS - 5 years	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
OVERALL	50	53	53	46	44	
Knowledge	51	51	53	48	45	
Technology	52	51	54	43	46	
Future readiness	47	46	53	46	43	

COMPETITIVENESS & DIGITAL RANKINGS



PEER GROUPS RANKINGS





► Overall top strengths

○ Overall top weaknesses

KNOWLEDGE

Subfactors	2017	2018	2019	2020	202 I
Talent	47	50	53	50	42
Training & education	55	58	60	56	55
Scientific concentration	33	37	34	36	35

	Talent	Rank
	Educational assessment PISA - Math	41
\blacktriangleright	International experience	19
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	52
	Management of cities	48
	Digital/Technological skills	36
\triangleright	Net flow of international students	54

	Training & education	Rank
	Employee training	44
	Total public expenditure on education	44
	Higher education achievement	34
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (tertiary education)	59
>	Graduates in Sciences	15
	Women with degrees	35

	Scientific concentration	Rank
	Total expenditure on R&D (%)	31
	Total R&D personnel per capita	27
	Female researchers	28
	R&D productivity by publication	33
•	Scientific and technical employment	20
	High-tech patent grants	47
	Robots in Education and R&D	39

TECHNOLOGY

Subfactors	2017	2018	2019	2020	202 I
Regulatory framework	49	47	52	41	43
Capital	58	54	52	49	52
Technological framework	49	48	49	46	50

	Regulatory framework	Rank
\blacktriangleright	Starting a business	6
\triangleright	Enforcing contracts	60
	Immigration laws	23
	Development & application of tech.	36
	Scientific research legislation	43
	Intellectual property rights	45

	Capital	Rank
\blacktriangleright	IT & media stock market capitalization	14
	Funding for technological development	41
\triangleright	Banking and financial services	58
\triangleright	Country credit rating	57
	Venture capital	49
	Investment in Telecommunications	22

Technological framework	Rank
Communications technology	51
Mobile Broadband subscribers	41
Wireless broadband	32
Internet users	52
Internet bandwidth speed	49
High-tech exports (%)	32

FUTURE READINESS

Subfactors	2017	2018	2019	2020	202 I
Adaptive attitudes	41	50	41	44	43
Business agility	53	49	60	55	51
IT integration	48	47	50	45	41

Adaptive attitudes	Rank
E-Participation	41
Internet retailing	33
Tablet possession	41
Smartphone possession	49
Attitudes toward globalization	45

Business agility	Rank
Opportunities and threats	42
World robots distribution	44
Agility of companies	51
Use of big data and analytics	45
Knowledge transfer	50
Entrepreneurial fear of failure	27

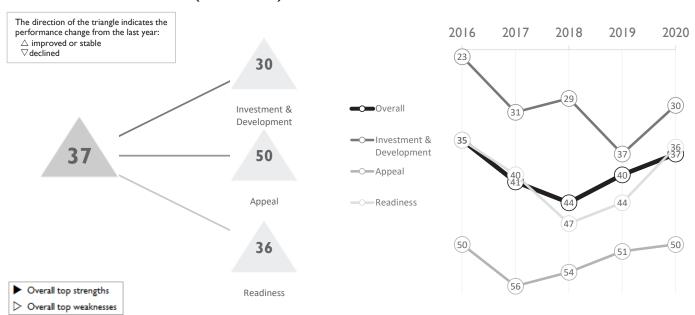
IT integration	Rank
E-Government	37
Public-private partnerships	30
Cyber security	42
Software piracy	52

WORLD TALENT RANKING **2020**

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OVERALL PERFORMANCE (63 countries)



	Investment & Development		Value		2020 Rank
	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.9	%	44
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	3,668	US\$	41
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	9.22	ratio	2
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	8.63	ratio	5
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.77	Survey [010]	41
\triangleright	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.99	Survey [010]	56
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	44.30	%	44
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	5.28	Survey [010]	40

	Appeal		Value		2020 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	72.80	index	22
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.88	Survey [010]	54
\triangleright	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.16	Survey [010]	50
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.73	Survey [010]	57
	Quality of life	is high	6.59	Survey [010]	35
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.95	Survey [010]	58
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	20,159	US\$	33
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	187,489	US\$	23
	Effective personal income tax rate	Percentage of an income equal to GDP per capita	22.15	%	44
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.67	Survey [010]	44
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	16.48	micrograms	34

Readiness		Value	2020 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.34 %	42
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.12 Survey [0	10] 26
Finance skills	are readily available	6.50 Survey [0	10] 29
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.06 Survey [0	10] 47
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.21 Survey [0	10] 43
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.68 Survey [0	10] 40
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	28.27 %	13
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.68 Survey [0	10] 43
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.95 Survey [0	10] 45
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.10 Survey [0	10] 14
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.45 number	31
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	453 Average	40

About the Institute for Management Development (IMD)

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