

### Problem Set 1

1. Consider a firm whose production function  $f(z)$  exhibits constant returns to scale. Show that its cost function can be expressed as  $c(w, q) = q \cdot c(w, 1)$ , i.e., the cost per unit times the number of units produced.

2. Suppose a firm's production function has the Cobb-Douglas form

$$q = z_1^{a_1} z_2^{a_2}$$

where  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  are inputs,  $q$  is output and  $a_1, a_2$  are positive parameters.

- Draw the isoquants. Do they touch the axes?
- What is the elasticity of substitution in this case?
- Using the Lagrangean method find the cost-minimising values of the inputs and the cost function.
- Under what circumstances will the production function exhibit (a) decreasing (b) constant (c) increasing returns to scale? Explain this using first the production function and then the cost function.
- Find the conditional demand curve for input 1.

3. Consider the following profit function that has been obtained from a technology that uses a single input,  $z$ :

$$\pi(p, w) = p^2 w^a$$

where  $p$  is the output price,  $w$  is the input price and  $a$  is a parameter value.

- Check if the profit function satisfies homogeneity of degree one jointly in both  $p$  and  $w$ . In particular, determine for which values of this property is satisfied.
- Assuming the value of  $a$  for which the profit function satisfies homogeneity of degree one, check if the profit function  $\pi(p, w)$  satisfies the following properties: (1) non-decreasing in output price  $p$ , (2) non-increasing in input prices  $w$ , and (3) convex in prices  $p$  and  $w$ .
- Calculate the supply function of the firm,  $q(p, w)$ , and its demand for inputs,  $z(p, w)$

4. For the production function

$$q = z_1^{1/4} z_2^{1/4}$$

- Find the conditional demand functions for  $z_1$  and  $z_2$ .
- Find the cost function.
- Find the supply function.
- Find the input demand (Marshallian) function for  $z_1$ . Briefly explain other ways of deriving the demand function.
- Find the short run supply function when  $\bar{z}_2 = 16$  ( $z_2^{1/4} = 2$ ). Will this firm always supply at a positive price? Explain.